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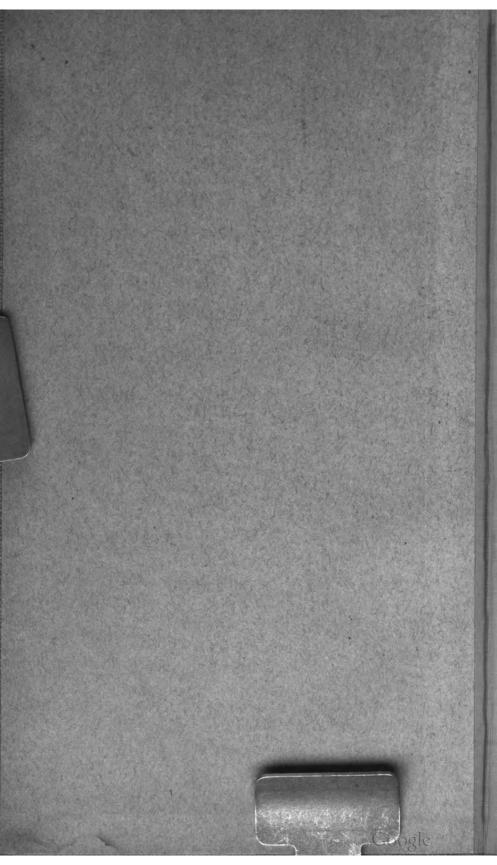
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LAWS

J. Combbelling

THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

FROM

THE 4th OF MARCH, 1789, TO THE 4th OF MARCH, 1815.

THE PURSUE

THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES, THE OLD ACT OF COMPEDERATION, TREATIES,

AND MANY OTHER VALUABLE ORDINANCES AND DOCUMENTS;

WYTH

COPIOUS NOTES AND REFERENCES.

ARRANGED AND PUBLISHED UNDER THE AUTHORITY OF AN ACT OF CONORSIG.

IN FIVE VOLUMES.

VOL. IV.

ROTOR LIBA

PUBLISHED BY

JOHN BIOREN AND W. JOHN DUANE, PHILADELPHIA, AND B. C. WEIGHTMAN, WASHINGTON CITY,

1816.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, TO WIT:

BE IT REMEMBERED, That on this twenty-third day of October, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and fifteen, and of the independence of the United States the fortieth, John Bioren and W. John Duane of Philadelphia, and R. C. Weightman of Washington City, have deposited in the clerk's office of the United States' district court for the District of Columbia, the title of a book, the right whereof they claim as proprietors and publishers, and more especially the right to the manner in which the work is arranged, the marginal notes, references, and illustrations, the indices to each volume, and the general digested index to the whole, to wit: "Laws of the United States of America, from the fourth of March, seventeen hundred and eighty-nine, to the fourth of March, eighteen hundred and fifteen, including the constitution of the United States, the old act of confederation, treaties, and many other valuable ordinances and documents; with copious notes and references. Arranged and published under the authority of an act of congress. In five volumes." In conformity to the act of the congress of the United States, entitled "An act for the encouragement of learning, by securing the copies of maps, charts, and books, to the authors and proprietors of such copies, during the times therein mentioned:" and also to an act, entitled "An act supplementary to an act, entitled 'An act for the encouragement of learning, by securing the copies of maps, charts, and books, to the authors and proprietors of such copies, during the times therein mentioned, and extending the benefits thereof to the arts of designing, engraving, and etching, historical and other prints."

> In testimony whereof, I, George Deneale, clerk of the said court, have here-[SEAL.] to set my hand and affixed the seal of my office, the date above mentioned

> > G. DENEALE, Clk. of the Dis. Court.

ACTS OF THE NINTH CONGRESS

OF

THE UNITED STATES:

PASSED AT THE FIRST SESSION, WHICH WAS BEGUN AND HELD AT THE CITY OF WASHINGTON, IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, ON MONDAY, THE 2D OF DECEMBER, 1805, AND ENDED ON THE 21st of APRIL, 1806.

Thomas Jefferson, President. George Clinton, Vice President, and President of the Senate. Samuel Smith, President of the Senate, pro tempore, on the 11th of December, and from the 28th of March. thaniel Macon, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

CHAP. 1. [I.] An act making an additional appropriation for the naval service, during the year one thousand eight hundred and five.*

1805. [* Obsolete.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, 250,000 dolls. ad-That, in addition to the sum heretofore appropriated for that ditional apportant towards object, the sum of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars be, expenses of the expenses of the average of the expenses and the same hereby is, appropriated towards defraying the exnext during penses of the navy of the United States, during the year one thousand eight hundred and five.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the aforesaid sum The sum approshall be paid, first, out of the moneys accruing, at the end of the printed to be year one thousand eight hundred and five, from the duties laid the stand out of the year one thousand on the twenty-fifth day of March, one thousand out of the set mindon-by the act, passed on the twenty-fifth day of March, one thousand out of unappropriated sand eight hundred and four, entitled "An act further to promoneys." tect the commerce and seamen of the United States against the Barbary powers;"† and, secondly, out of any moneys in the [† Chap. 2004. treasury not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, December 11, 1805.]

CHAP. 2 [II.] An act supplementary to the "Act making provision for the payment of claims of citizens of the United States on the government of France, the payment of which has been assumed by the United States, by virtue of the convention, of the thirtieth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and three, between the United States and the French Re- of 10th Nov. public."t

1803; chap. 356,

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- The balance of tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the appropriation of three millions seven hundred the name of the n and fifty thousand dollars, made by the act to which this is a claims of the

the surplus fund, &c.

1805-6. supplement, which may remain unexpended on the thirty-first of mannent of December, one thousand eight hundred and five, shall not be ing unexpended carried to the credit of the surplus fund, but shall remain appro-Determiner, 1805, priated to the same purpose for which it was originally appro-not to be carried to the eredit of priated, any act to the contrary notwithstanding.

[Approved, December 31, 1805.]

[Obsolete.]

CHAP. 3. [III.] An act making an additional appropriation to supply the deficiency in the appropriation for the naval service, during the year one thousand eight hundred and five.*

A further sum of 350,000 dolls. appropriation for the naval service during 1895,

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, appropriated for That, for supplying the deficiency in the appropriation for the supplying the defict ney in the val service, during the year one thousand eight hundred and five, the further sum of three hundred and fifty thousand dollars, to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, be, and the same hereby is, appropriated.

[Approved, January 22, 1806.]

CHAP. 4. [IV.] An act to provide for lighthouses in Long Island Sound; and to declare Roxbury, in the state of Massachusetts, to be a port of delivery.

The secretary house to be e-

ced the juris-diction, &c.

to cause the lighthouses to be constructed

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The secretary of the treasury the secretary of the treasury shall be, and he hereby is, authorizto cause a light- ed and required to cause two good and sufficient lighthouses to rected on Watch be erected in Long Island Sound, one to be placed on Watch thill Point, and one on Sanda' Hill Point, in the town of Westerly, and state of Rhode Island, appoint keepers, and the other on Sanda's or Watch Point, in the town of Northampsted, on Long Island, in the state of New York, and to appoint the keepers of the said lighthouses, (under the direction of the president of the United States,) and otherwise provide for Provisor if land such lighthouses, at the expense of the United States: Provided, at a reasonable That sufficient land, for the accommodation of such lighthouses, price, and the legislatures of can be obtained at a reasonable price, and the legislatures of Rhode Island. and New York Rhode Island and New York shall cede the jurisdiction over the same to the United States. † And a sum, not exceeding six [† Sec page 667, thousand dollars, is hereby appropriated for the purpose of de-Not exceeding 6,000 dolls, appropriated for defraying the expense of erecting the said lighthouses, to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

Sect. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the secretary of the treasury to cause the said lighthouses so

to be constructed, that their lights, on being discovered, may with certainty be distinguished from those of all other lighthouses tinguished, &c. heretofore erected in their neighborhood.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the town or land-Roxbury to be a port of delive. ing place of Roxbury, in the state of Massachusetts, shall be a ry, and annexed port of delivery, to be annexed to the district of Boston and Charlestown, and shall be subject to the same regulations and restrictions as other ports of delivery in the United States.* [Approved, January 22, 1806.] Charlestown,

1806. to the district

&c. [° See sec. 2, chap. 128, page 137, vol. 3.]

CHAP. 5. [V.] An act making provision for defraying any extraordinary expenses attending the intercourse between the United States and foreign nations.†

[† Obsolete.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representaappropriated toappropriated which may be incurred in the intercourse between the United tercourse between the United tween the United tween the United states and foreign nations, to be paid out of any money in the foreign nations, treasury, not otherwise appropriated, and to be applied under the direction of the president of the United States, who shall to easse an account thereof to be laid before congress as soon as count of the most o may be.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the president of The president authorized to the United States be, and hereby is, authorized, if necessary, to borrow the borrow the said sum, or any part thereof, in behalf of the United money, at an in-States, at a rate of interest not exceeding six per centum per an- coeding 6 per num, redeemable at the will of the congress of the United States. And it shall be lawful for the bank of the United States to lend

the whole, or any part, of the same. ‡

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That so much as may surplus of dube necessary of the surplus of the duties on imports and ton-ties &c. pledge be necessary of the surplus of the duties on imports and ton-ties &c. for the nage, beyond the permanent appropriation heretofore charged between and principal of the upon them, by law, shall be, and hereby is, pledged and appropriated for the payment of the interest, and reimbursement of od. &c. the principal, of all such moneys as may be borrowed in pursuance of this act, according to the terms and conditions on which the loan or loans may be effected.

[Approved, February 13, 1806.]

CHAP. 6. [VI.] An act making a further appropriation for the support of a library.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of represen-vol. 3: and act tatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, chap. 326, post.] in addition to the unexpended belongs of the formatted states. in addition to the unexpended balance of the former appropria- 1.000 dolla. tion made to purchase books for the use of congress, which is years, appropriately the purchase books. hereby revived and continued, there shall be appropriated the books for the sum of one thousand dollars yearly, for the term of five years; to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, and expended under the direction of a joint commit- The money to tee, to consist of three members of the senate and three members der the direction. bers of the house of representatives, to be appointed every ses-tion of a joint committee, &c. sion of congress, during the continuance of this appropriation.

[Approved, February 21, 1806.]

[§ See act of 26th Jan. 1802;

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[* See set of 38 March, 1795; ch. 290, vol. 2.]

Se much of the 4th sec. of the act mentioned, as imposes the condition of se-tual settlement, repealed. [† Chap. 200, vol 2.]

where patents have smed in conformity with the 4th with the 4th
section ref rred
to, th conditions, &c. to be
consider d null
and void, &c.

CHAP. 7. [VII.] An act to repeal, in part, the fourth section of an act, entitled "An act to authorize a grant of lands to the French inhabitants of Galliopolis; and for other purposes therein mentioned."*

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That so much of the fourth section of an act, entitled " An act to authorize a grant of lands to the French inhabitants of Galliopolis, and for other purposes therein mentioned,"† as imposes the condition of an actual settlement on the said inhabitants, or any of them, their heirs or assigns, be, and the same is hereby, repealed. And in every case where a patent has issued, in conformity with the said fourth section, to any of the inhabitants aforesaid, their heirs or assigns, the conditions aforesaid, inserted in any such patent, shall be considered null and void; and the fee simple be vested, to all intents and purposes, in the person to whom such patent has been issued, his or her heirs or assigns.

[Approved, February 21, 1806.]

[i Obeolete.]

CHAP. 8. [VIII.] An act for the relief of the governor, secretary, and judges, of the late territory of the United States northwest of the river Ohio.

The accounting officers of the pensation cata-blished, the accounts of the services, while acting in those capacities, &c.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatreasury direct tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That ed to settle, at the proper accounting officers of the treasury be, and they hereby are, authorized and directed to settle, at the rate of compensation heretofore established, the accounts of the governor, segovernor, secretary, and judges, of the late territory of the United States erritory northment of the orthogonal northwest of the river Ohio, for their services while acting in those capacities, respectively, at any time between the twentyninth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and two, and the first Tuesday of March, one thousand eight hundred and three. [Approved, February 21, 1806.]

commerce w.x. commerce w.x. tercourse, iai in-inth United be-States and perons

sens resident it

1807 of 24th Feb. CHAP. 9. [IX.] An act to suspend the commercial intercourse between post. In chap. 73, the United States and certain parts of the island of St. Domingo. the United States and certain parts of the island of St. Domingo.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That any part of the all commercial intercourse, between any person or persons resigned any person of persons resident states, and any person or persons resident france. See, pro- awithin any part of the island of St. Domingo, not in possession, abitied. wessels, owned, and under the acknowledged government, of France, shall be, blinds or can or d is hereby, prohibited; and any ship or vessel, owned, hired, ployed, wholly with the state of the state o ployed, wholly with imployed, wholly or in part, by any person or persons resident in the United States, and sailing from any port of the United States, and sailing from any intermediate port or place, to any port or place within the

islated of St. Domingo, and not in possession, and under the acknowledged government, of France, and also any cargo which possession of shall be found on board of such ship or vessel, when detected gether with any and interrupted in such unlawful purpose, or at her return from board, forfisited, such voyage to the United States, shall be wholly forfeited, and &c. may be seized and condemned in any court of the United States having competent jurisdiction.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That, after due notice of this act, the of this act at the several customhouses, no ship or vessel whatelve a clearever shall receive a clearance for any port or place within the actor and port of St. Domingo, and hot in the actual possession of mingo not in France: nor shall any clearance be granted for a foreign voyage session of to any ship or vessel, owned, hired, or employed, wholly or in No clearance to no clearance to any ship or vessel, owned, hired, or employed, Wholly or in No clearance to the state of the s part, by any person or persons resident within the United States, be granted for a until the owner, or the employer for the voyage, or his factor or to any vessel agent, with the master, shall give bond to the United States, in persons resident a sum equal to the value of the vessel and of her cargo, with States, until a sum equal to the value of the vessel and of her cargo, with states, until condition that the ship or vessel, for which a clearance shall be sond be given, required, is destined to some port or place without the limits of will not preced to any port or such part of the island of St. Domingo as shall not be in the place of st. Domingo not in the mingo not in the acknowledged government of possession of actual possession, and under the acknowledged government of possession of France, and during the intended voyage shall not be voluntarily France, and carried, or permitted to proceed, whether directly or from any intermediate port or place, to any port or place within such part of the island of St. Domingo, as shall not be in the actual possession, and under the acknowledged government, of France; and in case of being forced by any casualty into any port or place hereby interdicted, shall not, at any such port or place, voluntatily sell, deliver, or unlade, any part of such cargo, except so much as may be absolutely necessary to defray the expenses requisite to enable such vessel to proceed on her intended voyage; and, generally, that such ship or vessel, whilst on such voyage, shall not be employed in any traffic or commerce, with or for any person resident within any part of the island of St. Domingo not in the actual possession, and under the acknowledged government, of France.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That all penalties and forfeiture it-Forfeitures incurred by force of this act, and which may be re-of this act, &c. covered, shall be distributed and accounted for in the manner to be distributed and accounted for in the manner to be distributed. prescribed by the act, entitled "An act to regulate the collection manner proof duties on imports and tonnage," passed the second day of act mentioned.

March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine, and may (Colap. 128,
128, be mitigated or remitted in the manner prescribed by the act, Ponsitive and tentitled "An act to provide for mitigating or remitting the for-forfeitures under this act may feitures, penalties, and disabilities, accruing in certain cases be mitigated, therein mentioned;" passed the third of March, one thousand story the set seven hundred and ninety-seven, and made perpetual by an act [† Chan. 361, passed the eleventh of February, one thousand eight hundred.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That this act shall con- of to the 28th of tinue and be in force for one year, and no longer.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That, at any time after may, if he the passing of this act, it shall be lawful for the president of the deems it expe-

1806. the prohibitions

United States, if he shall deem it expedient, and consistent with and discontinue the interest of the United States, by his order, to remit and discontinue the restraints and prohibitions on the commerce aforesaid. [Approved, February 28, 1806.]

> CHAP. 10. [X.] An act authorizing the sale of a tract of land in the town of Cincinnati, and state of Ohio.

For the disposal of the lot of land in the town of Cincinnati, on which Fort Washington secretary of the treasury to cause it to be laid off into town lots, &c.

sale, &c.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, for the disposal of a certain tract or lot of land, belonging to the United States, in the town of Cincinnati, on the Ohio, being the same on which Fort Washington was erected, the secretary was erected, the of the treasury shall cause the said tract to be surveyed and laid off into town lots, streets, and avenues, in such manner, and of such dimensions, as he may judge proper, conforming, as near as may be, to the original plan of the town: when the survey is A plat to be recompleted, a plat thereof shall be returned to the surveyor geturned to the surveyor gene neral, on which the lots shall be denominated by progressive One copy of the to be transmitted to the secretary of the treasury, and the other nature to the register of the land offers. milited to the to the register of the land office at Cincinnati: on the receipt of treasury, and which plat the secretary of the treasury shall cause the said town another to the register at cin-lots to be offered to the highest bidder at public sale, to be held clinati; and the at Cincinnati, under the superintendence of the register and reservering of the at Cincinnati, under the superintendence of the register and reservering of the superintendence of the register at the superintendence of the register and reservering of the superintendence of the register at the superintendence of the superintendence of the superintendence of the superintendence of the superintendence o which plat the secretary of the treasury shall cause the said town treasury to ceiver of the land office in the district of Cincinnati, on the same be officed at terms and conditions as have been provided for the land office in the district of Cincinnati, on the same be off. red at terms and conditions as have been provided for the public sale of public sale, &c. public saire, occ.

Six w eks' no.

the public lands of the United States. Six weeks' notice shall tiet to be given be given of the day of sale, in at least two newspapers published of the day of in the state of Ohio. [Approved, February 28, 1806.]

> CHAP. 11. [XI.] An act extending the powers of the surveyor general to the territory of Louisiana; and for other purposes.

The powers vested in the surveyor gene extend over all the pub-lie lands in the erritory of Louisiana, &c. general to ap-point deputies, &c. The deputies to take an oath. The principal

sory, and exe-

veys, &c.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the powers vested by law in the surveyor general, shall extend over all the public lands of the United States in the territory of Louisiana, to which the Indian title has been, or hereafter shall be, extinguished. It shall be the duty of the said surveyor general to appoint a sufficient number of skilful surveyors, as his deputies, one of them to in the said territory, one of whom he shall, with the approbation be designated as of the secretary of the treasury, designate as his principal deputy for the same. Which said deputies shall, severally, take an oath, or affirmation, truly and faithfully to discharge the duties of their respective offices. The said principal deputy shall reside deputy to reside of the respective offices. In e said principal deputy shall reside and keep an office in the said territory, and shall, under the suffice in the territory and shall, under the suffice in the territory. perintendence of the surveyor general, execute, or cause to be executed by the other deputies, such surveys as may hereafter be authorized by law, or as he may be directed to execute by the commissioners appointed for the purpose of ascertaining the titles and claims to land within the territory aforesaid; and shall, generally, perform therein, in conformity with the regulations and instructions of the said surveyor general, the duties imposed

by law on the said surveyor general.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That all the plots of Plots, &c. persurveys, and all other papers and documents pertaining, or which office of survey did pertain, to the office of surveyor general, under the Spanish or general under the Spanish gogovernment, within the limits of the territory aforesaid, or to vernment, with any other office heretofore established or authorized for the purthet erritory, &c. m be delivered to the principal deputy aforesaid; and no plot of survey shall be admitted as evidence, in any court of vivadmitted as justice, unless certified by the said principal deputy to be a true copy of the record in his office.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That so much of the act, so much of the entitled "An act for ascertaining and adjusting the titles and as makes it the claims to land within the territory of Orleans, and the district of airs to lands. Louisiana,"* as makes it the duty of every claimant to lands, within the territory of Louisiana, to deliver to the recorder of at to deliver to the recorder a land titles a plot of the tract, or tracts, claimed by him, be, and plot, &c. repealed, so far as relates to claimants whose [* Chap. 440, tracts had not here conveyed by the proper officer, under the 'Ol. 3.] tracts had not been surveyed by the proper officer, under the vol.3.]

Spanish government, prior to the twentieth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and three. And the commissioners The commissioners for appointed for ascertaining the titles and claims to lands, within certaining titles, even the commissioner for a scertaining titles. either the territory of Louisiana, or that of Orleans, are hereby isians or Orleans, to direct the officer exercising the powers of surveyor the officer exercising the powers as they may think necessary for the purpose of deciding on claims presented execute such surveys. The officer exercising the powers of surveyor think necessary for the purpose of deciding on claims presented execute such surveys. The order of the purpose of deciding on claims presented execute such surveys. for their decision: Provided, That the expense of executing such surveys, exc. surveys shall be defrayed by the parties claiming the land, unpense of executing such surveys less the same be claimed by a legal French or Spanish grant, to be detrayed made and completed before the first day of October, one thouseless the same because of the surveys and completed before the first day of October, one thouseless the same because of the surveys and completed before the first day of October, one thouseless the same because of the surveys and completed before the surveys and complete the surveys and com sand eight hundred: And provided also, and it is hereby further less, ke. enacted, That every such survey, as well as every other survey, Every such survey, except, &c. by whatever authority heretofore executed, those of the above to considered by whatever authority heretofore executed, those of the above to be considered mentioned legal and complete titles only excepted, shall be held we kee, kee, and considered as private surveys only; and all the tracts of the titles to land, the titles to which may be ultimately confirmed by congress, in conformity with the provisions of the act above mentioned, shall, prior to the issuing of patents, be resurveyed, if formity with the provisions judged necessary, under the authority of the person exercising of the act referred to, prior, kee, to be resurveyed, if the provisions of the parties.

Sect. 4. And be it further enacted, That the surveyor general shall fix the compensation of the deputy surveyors, chain The surveyor.

neral shall fix the compensation of the deputy surveyors, chain The surveyor carriers, and axe men, in the territory of Louisiana: Provided, the compensation of the whole expense of surveying and marking the lines, to surveyors, whether paid by the United States or by individuals, shall not chain carriers, exceed three dollars per mile, for every mile that shall be actu-tory of Louisia ally run, or surveyed and marked. And the principal deputy the whole exaforesaid shall be entitled to receive, from individuals, the fol- pense of survey

1806. dolls. per mile,

lowing fees, that is to say; for examining and recording the not exceed three surveys executed by any of the deputies, at the rate of twentyfive cents for every mile of the boundary line of such survey. and, for a certified copy of any plot of a survey in his office, twenty-five cents. [Approved, February 28, 1806.]

> CHAP. 12. [XIL] An act declaring the consent of congress to an act of the state of Pennsylvania, entitled "An act to empower the board of wardens, for the port of Philadelphia, to collect a certain duty on tonnage, for the purposes therein mentioned."

[F See the const. art. 1, sec. 10, cl. 2, page 65, vol. 1.]

The consent of congress grant-ed and declared to an act of the legislature of to collect a duty of four cents per ton on vessels clearing from Philad-lphia for any foreign port, to be ex-pended in build-ing piers in the Delaware, &c.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the consent of congress be, and it is hereby, granted and declared to the operation of an act of the legislature of Pennsylvania, passed on the first day of April, in the year one thousand rennsylvania, eight hundred and five, entitled "An act to empower the board enable that state of wardens for the next of Division of Divis of wardens for the port of Philadelphia to collect a certain duty on tonnage, for the purposes therein mentioned," so far as to enable the state of Pennsylvania to collect a duty of four cents per ton on all vessels which shall clear out from the port of Philadelphia for any foreign port or place whatever, to be expended in building piers in, and otherwise improving the navigation of, the river Delaware, agreeably to the intentions of the said act. [Approved, February 28, 1806.]

> CHAP. 13. [XIII.] An act for altering the time for holding the circuit court in the district of North Carolina; and for abolishing the July term of the Kentucky district court.

The June term Carolina to be holden on the 20th of that month, &c.

[†Altered. ct of 4th Feb. 1807; chap. 60, Actions, suits, process, &c. returnable ac-cordingly, &c.

Proviso; when the 20th June juridical day.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representaof the circult court for North tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the June term of the circuit court now holden for the district of North Carolina on the fifteenth day of June, shall commence and be holden on the twentieth day of the same month, any thing contained in any former act or acts to the contrary notwithstanding.† And that all actions, suits, process, pleadings, and other proceedings of what nature or kind soever, civil or criminal, commenced or to commence, in the said court; and all recognisances returnable to the said court on the fifteenth day of June, shall be continued, returned to, and have day, in the session to be holden by this act, and the same proceedings shall be had thereon as heretofore, and shall have all the effect, power, and virtue, as if the alteration had never been made: Provided, neverhappens on a theless, That when the twentieth day or sume of Sunday, the next to be first Sunday, the next shall be the first juridical day. theless, That when the twentieth day of June shall happen on

[† See act of 3d acts, as directs that a district court, for the Kentucky district, March, 1803; shall be holden on the first Monday in July, in every year, shall and act of 84th and act of 84th be, and the same is hereby, repealed. ‡ Feb. 1807; s.c.4, chap. 71, post.] SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That, from and after

CHAP. 14. [XIV.] An act to extend jurisdiction in certain cases to state judges and state courts.*

1806. See ch. 155,

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the respective county courts within, or next adjoining, the reve- The respective nue districts hereinafter mentioned, shall be and are hereby au-within, or next thorized to take cognizance of all complaints and prosecutions adjoining to, the revenue disfor fines, penalties, and forfeitures, arising under the revenue their mention of the United States, in the districts of Champlain, Sacket to take expediture of the United States, in the districts of Champlain, Sacket to take expediture of the Plaints and prostate of New York, and in the district of Presque Isle, in the fines, penalties, state of Pennsylvania; and the district attorneys of New York and forfeitures, and Pennsylvania, respectively, are hereby authorized and district attorneys of New York and forfeitures, are the revenue laws, &c.

rected to appoint, by warrant, an attorney as their substitute or The district attorneys of New York and Pennsylvania directions of the said accounts and the country of New York and Pennsylvania directions of the said accounts. deputy, respectively, to prosecute for the United States in each York and Pennof the said county courts, who shall be sworn or affirmed to the ed to appoint, faithful execution of his duty, as prosecutor aforesaid: Provided, by warrant, attorneys to protect this authority shall not be construed to extend jurisdiction secute, &c. Proviso; the authority courts aforesaid, over any civil cause which may thority given arise in any of those revenue districts, for the collection of duties jurisdiction to payable to the United States; or of bonds or securities given, courts over any payable to the United States; or of bonds or securities given, courts over any civil cause, &c. for the security and payment of duties to the United States.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the county courts The county aforesaid, or the first judge of each of said courts, shall be, and first judge, &c. hereby are, further authorized to exercise all and every power exercise all and in the cases of a criminal nature, cognizable before them by virases of a criminal nature, cognizable before them by virases of a criminal nature, cognizable before them by virases of a criminal nature, cognizable before them by virases of a criminal nature, cognizable, sec.

mitigation or remission of any fine, penalty, or forfeiture, which may be exercised by the judges of the district courts, in cases the judges of the district courts by virtue of the passed on the third of March, one thousand seven hundred and law mentioned, sec. ninety-seven, entitled "An act to provide for mitigating or remitting the forfeitures, penalties, and disabilities, accruing in certain cases therein mentioned." And, in the exercise of the au- [+ Chap. 361, tain cases therein mentioned." And, in the exercise of the au- [† Chap. 361, vol. 2.] thority by this section given to said county courts, or to the first In the exercise judges thereof, they shall be governed, in every respect, by the given by this regulations, restrictions, and provisoes, of the law of the United section to the States, passed on the third of March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-seven, aforesaid; with this difference only, that instead of notifying the district attorneys, respectively, said countreferred to, with the difference over ising said authorities. Cause reasonable notice to be before exercising said authorities, cause reasonable notice to be given to the attorney who may have been appointed and sworn or affirmed to prosecute for the United States in such court, that he may have an opportunity of showing cause against the miti-

gation or remission of such fine, penalty, or forfeiture.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That this act shall remain This act to remain in force during the term of one year, from its passage, and from April 1869. thence to the end of the next session of congress thereafter, and (Continued, without limits

no longer. [Approved, March 8, 1806.]

tion of time, by

CHAP. 15. [XV.] An act declaring the town of Jersey, in the state of New 1806. Jersey, to be a port of delivery, and for erecting a lighthouse on Wood Island, or Fletcher's Neck, in the state of Massachusetts.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the town, or landing place, of Jersey, in the state of New Jer-Jersey, in New Jersey, to be a port of delivery, to be annexed to the district of Perth Amboy, sey, shall be a port of delivery, to be annexed to the district of Perth Amboy,* and shall be subject to the same regulations and restrictions as other ports of delivery in the United States. And there shall be appointed a surveyor, to reside at the said port of delivery, who shall be entitled to receive, in addition to the other A surveyor, to reside at Jersey, to be entitled to emoluments allowed by law, a salary of one hundred dollars, annually.

Sect. 2. And be it further enacted, That the secretary of the treasury shall be, and he is hereby, authorized and required, to cause a good and sufficient lighthouse to be erected on Wood Island, or on Fletcher's Neck, in the district of Maine, (selecting erected on Wood Fishandor Hitch either place, as the president of the United States may deem er's Neck, &c. appoint a keep most eligible) and to appoint a keeper, and otherwise provide for such lighthouse, at the expense of the United States: Provided, Proviso; if land can be obtained, &c. and the That sufficient land for the accommodation of such lighthouse can be obtained at a reasonable price, and the legislature of Massachusetts shall cede the jurisdiction over the same to the United States.† And the sum of five thousand dollars is hereby appro-[† See page 665, vol. 1.] s,000 dolls. ap-propriated for priated for the erection of said lighthouse, to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, March 8, 1806.]

CHAP. 16. [XVI.] This is an act relating entirely to the district of Columbia. See act of 18th April, 1814; sec. I, chap. 657, post.

CHAP. 17. [XVII.] An act declaring the consent of congress to an act of the state of South Carolina, passed on the twenty-first day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and four, so far as the same relates to authorizing the city council of Charleston to impose and collect a duty on the tonnage of vessels from foreign ports.‡

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the consent of congress be, and it is hereby, granted and declared to the operation of an act of the general assembly of the state of South Carolina, passed the twenty-first day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and four, entitled "An act to authorize the city council of Charleston, with the consent of congress, to impose and levy a duty on the tonnage of ships and vessels, for the purposes therein mentioned," so far as the same extends to authorizing the city council of Charleston to impose and levy a duty, not exceeding six

t This act is continued for five y ars, &c. by act of 15th June 1809; chap. 213, post. Now expired.] The consent of congress grant-ed and declared to the operation of an act of the general assem-bly of South Carolina authorizing the city council of Charleston to impose and levy a duty on the tonnage of ships and vessels, &c.

8cc. 7, chap 128, page 142, vol. 3.]

a salary of 100 dolls, annually,

in addition, &c. The secretary of the treasury

cause a light-

legislature of Massachusetts

cedes the juris-diction, &c.

the erection of the lighthouse,

required to

house to be

cents per ton, on all ships and vessels of the United States, which shall arrive and be entered in the port of Charleston from any

foreign port or place whatever.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the collector of The collector of Charleston to Charleston is hereby authorized to collect the duty imposed by collect the collect the collect the collect the this act, and to pay the same to such persons as shall be authorized pay it to persons authorized. ed to receive the same by the city council of Charleston.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That this act shall be in Limitation of force for three years, and from thence to the end of the next sessub June, 1809. sion of congress thereafter, and no longer.

[Approved, March 28, 1806.]

to receive it,

CHAP. 18. [XVIII.] An act for the relief of Peter Landais.*

[* Private and obsolete.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled,
That the secretary of the treasury be, and he hereby is, directed of the treasury to pay to Peter Landais, late a captain of one of the armed vestic to pay sels of the United States, out of any money in the treasury, not dais, &c. out of otherwise appropriated, the sum of four thousand dollars, on action of his claim to prize money, accruing from certain captures elalm to prize made and carried into Bergen, in the year one thousand seven ing from caphundred and seventy-nine; to be deducted from his proportion of fures carried into Bergen, in the money which may be obtained from the Danish government, 1779; to be defuncted from his proportion of the claim aforesaid. in satisfaction of the claim aforesaid.

[Approved, March 28, 1896.]

CHAP. 19. [XIX.] An act to regulate the laying out and making a road from Cumberland, in the state of Maryland, to the state of Ohio.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, The president authorized to appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the tree citizens, senate, three discreet and disinterested citizens of the United from Cumber. States, to lay out a road from Cumberland, or a point on the land, &c. to the state of Maryland. &c. northern bank of the river Potowmac, in the state of Maryland, &c. between Cumberland and the place where the main road leading from Gwinn's to Winchester, in Virginia, crosses the river, to the state of Ohio; whose duty it shall be, as soon as may be after their appointment, to repair to Cumberland aforesaid, and produced to review the ground, from the points on the river Potowmac, hereind, and view the ground. Exc. direction as they shall judge, under all circumstances, the most proper, a road from thence to the river Ohio, to strike the same at the most convenient place, between a point on its eastern bank. opposite to the northern boundary of Steubenville, in said state of Ohio, and the mouth of Grave creek, which empties into the said river a little below Wheeling, in Virginia.

four rods in width, and designated on each side by a mark on a tree, &c. in every quar-ter of a mile of the distance,

The commissioners to pre-sent to the pre-sident an accu-rate plan of the road &cc. with ings, &ce.

The president may accept or reject the reeause the road to be made through the whole distance, &cc. [* See sec. 2, ch. 322, post.]

All parts of the road, &c. to be eleared th whole width of four rods; the road to be raised in the mid-dle, &cc.

carriage way. not to be greater than an angle of 5 degrees, &c.

The commissioners, each, to receive 4 dolls. per day, in full, &c. The commissioners authorized to employ one surveyor, chainmen, &c.

Wages of the surveyor, &c.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the aforesaid road The road to be shall be laid out four rods in width, and designated on each side by a plain and distinguishable mark on a tree, or by the erection of a stake or monument, sufficiently conspicuous, in every quarter of a mile of the distance, at least, where the road pursues a straight course so far or farther, and on each side, at every point where an angle occurs in its course.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the commissioners shall, as soon as may be after they have laid out said road, as aforesaid, present to the president an accurate plan of the same, with its several courses and distances, accompanied by a written a written reby which the road is designated, and the face of the country over which it passes, and pointing out the particular parts which they shall judge require the most and immediate attention and amelioration; and the probable expense of making the same passable in the most difficult parts, and through the whole distance; designating the state or states through which said road has been laid out, and the length of the several parts which are laid out on new ground, as well as the length of those parts laid out on the road now travelled. Which report the president is hereby authorized to accept or reject, in the whole or in part. If he acof the accepts, he is hereby further authorized and requested to pursuo he is authorised to obtain the such measures as, in his opinion, shall be proper to obtain consecutor of the contract consent of the states through sent, for making the road, of the state or states through which the road the same has been laid out. Which consent being obtained, he out; and to take is further authorized to take prompt and effectual measures to cause said road to be made through the whole distance, or in any part or parts of the same as he shall judge most conducive to the public good, having reference to the sum appropriated for the purpose.*

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That all parts of the road which the president shall direct to be made, in case the trees are standing, shall be cleared the whole width of four rods; and the road shall be raised in the middle of the carriage way with stone, earth, or gravel and sand, or a combination of some or all of them, leaving or making, as the case may be, a ditch or A ditch, &c. on water course on each side, and contiguous to, said carriage way; and in no instance shall there be an elevation in said road, when finished, greater than an angle of five degrees with the horizon. But the manner of making said road, in every other particular,

is left to the direction of the president.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That said commissioners shall, each, receive four dollars per day, while employed as aforesaid, in full for their compensation, including all expenses. And they are hereby authorized to employ one surveyor, two chainmen, and one marker, for whose faithfulness and accuracy they, the said commissioners, shall be responsible, to attend them in laying out said road, who shall receive, in full satisfaction for their wages, including all expenses, the surveyor three dollars per day, and each chainman and the marker one dollar per day, while they shall be employed in said business; of which fact, a certificate signed by said commissioners shall be deemed suffi- 1806. cient evidence.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That the sum of thirty 30,000 dolls. apthousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, to dedefraying the fray the expense of laying out and making said road. And the ting the load; president is hereby authorized to draw, from time to time, on the president to the treasury for such posts of the frage of the first time. the treasury, for such parts, or, at any one time, for the whole, treasury, &c. of said sum, as he shall judge the service requires. Which sum The sum to be of thirty thousand dollars shall be paid, first, out of the fund of a per two per cent. reserved for laying out and making roads to the &c. and out of the contraction of Ohio hypersum that the contraction of the sum o state of Ohio, by virtue of the seventh section of an act passed the treasury, on the thirtieth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and reinburseable by the fund of a two, entitled "An act to enable the people of the eastern division per cent." of the territory northwest of the river Ohio to form a constitution and state government, and for the admission of such state into the Union, on an equal footing with the original states; and for other purposes:"* three per cent. of the appropriation (* chap. 300, contained in said seventh section, being directed, by a subsequent law, to the laying out, opening, and making roads within the said state of Ohio. And secondly, out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, chargeable upon, and reimburseable at, the treasury, by said fund of two per cent. as the same shall [† See ch. 233, accrue.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That the president be, requested to and he is hereby, requested to cause to be laid before congress, so soon as convenience will permit, after the commencement of the proceedings under this act, that large under this congress may be enabled to adopt such further measures as may. congress may be enabled to adopt such further measures as may, from time to time, be proper under existing circumstances.

[Approved, March 29, 1806.]

CHAP. 20. [XX.] An act for establishing rules and articles for the government of the armies of the United States.

[† See the note at the end of this chapter.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-Rules and artitives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, the armies of from and after the passing of this act, the following shall be the States are to be rules and articles by which the armies of the United States shall governed after the loth April, be governed:

Article 1. Every officer now in the army of the United States Every officer to shall, in six months from the passing of this act, and every offi-rules, &c. cer who shall hereafter be appointed shall, before he enters on the duties of his office, subscribe these rules and regulations.

Article 2. It is earnestly recommended to all officers and soldiers diligently to attend divine service, and all officers who shall to attend divine behave indecently or irreverently at any place of divine worship have detently shall, if commissioned officers, be brought before a general court under pain of the province of the service martial, there to be publickly and severely reprimanded by the Rec. president; if noncommissioned officers or soldiers, every person so offending shall, for his first offence, forfeit one-sixth of a dollar, to be deducted out of his next pay; for the second offence,

he shall not only forfeit a like sum, but be confined twenty-four hours; and for every like offence, shall suffer and pay in like manner; which money, so forfeited, shall be applied, by the captain or senior officer of the troop or company, to the use of the sick soldiers of the company or troop to which the offender be-

Reprimand, fine, &c. for using profane oaths, or execrations, &c.

Article 3. Any noncommissioned officer or soldier who shall use any profane oath or execration, shall incur the penalties expressed in the foregoing article; and a commissioned officer shall forfeit and pay, for each and every such offence, one dollar, to be applied as in the preceding article.

Chaplains, &c. absenting themselves, except, fine or dis-charge, &c.

Article 4. Every chaplain, commissioned in the army or armies of the United States, who shall absent himself from the duties assigned him, (excepting in cases of sickness or leave of absence) shall, on conviction thereof before a court martial, be fined not exceeding one month's pay, besides the loss of his pay during his absence; or be discharged, as the said court martial shall judge proper.

Officers using contemptuous words against the president, ment by sen-

Article 5. Any officer or soldier who shall use contemptuous or disrespectful words against the president of the United States, congress, &c. to against the vice president thereof, against the congress of the United States, or against the chief magistrate or legislature of missi sted officers any of the United States in which he may be quartered, if a commost punish missioned officer, shall be cashiered, or otherwise punished, as a court martial shall direct; if a noncommissioned officer or soldier, he shall suffer such punishment as shall be inflicted on him by the sentence of a court martial.

Officers or soldiers behaving with disrespect towards commanding offi-cers, to be pu-nished by judg-ment of court martial.

Article 6. Any officer or soldier who shall behave himself with contempt or disrespect towards his commanding officer, shall be punished, according to the nature of his offence, by the judgment of a court martial.

Death, &c. for beginning or exciting mutiny, &c.

Article 7. Any officer or soldier who shall begin, excite, cause, or join in, any mutiny or sedition in any troop or company in the service of the United States, or in any party, post, detachment, or guard, shall suffer death, or such other punishment as by a court martial shall be inflicted.

Officers or soldiers, present at a mutiny, and not endeavoring to suppress it, &c. to be pu-

Article 8. Any officer, noncommissioned officer, or soldier, who, being present at any mutiny or sedition, does not use his utmost endeavor to suppress the same, or coming to the knowledge of any intended mutiny, does not, withoutdelay, give indeath, or other formation thereof to his commanding officer, shall be punished, by the sentence of a court martial, with death, or otherwise, according to the nature of his offence.

Officers or soldiers striking a other punish-

Article 9. Any officer or soldier who shall strike his superior superior, &c. to officer, or draw or lift up any weapon or offer any violence against him, being in the execution of his office, on any pretence whatsoever, or shall disobey any lawful command of his superior officer, shall suffer death, or such other punishment as shall, according to the nature of his offence, be inflicted upon him by the sentence of a court martial.

Noncommissioned officers

Article 10. Every noncommissioned officer or soldier, who and soldiers to shall enlist himself in the service of the United States, shall, at

the time of his so enlisting, or within six days afterwards, have the articles for the government of the armies of the United States have the articles for the government to him, and shall, by the officer who enlisted him, or by the meat of the articles commanding officer of the troop or company into which he was them, and take enlisted, be taken before the next justice of the peace, or chief an oath, &c. magistrate of any city or town corporate, not being an officer of the army, or, where recourse cannot be had to the civil magistrate, before the judge advocate, and, in his presence, shall take the following oath or affirmation: " I, A B, do solemnly swear, or affirm, (as the case may be) that I will bear true allegiance to cath, the United States of America, and that I will serve them, honestly and faithfully, against all their enemies or opposers whatsoever, and observe and obey the orders of the president of the United States, and the orders of the officers appointed over me, according to the rules and articles for the government of the armies of the United States:" Which justice, magistrate, or judge to give a certiadvocate, is to give the officer a certificate, signifying that the factor that the oath was taken. man enlisted did take the said oath or affirmation.

Article 11. After a noncommissioned officer or soldier shall Noncommissioned officers have been duly enlisted and sworn, he shall not be dismissed the and soldiers not to be dismissed the problem is to be dismissed. service without a discharge in writing; and no discharge granted the service without a discharge in which is not signed by a field officer charge in writeof the regiment to which he belongs, or commanding officer ing discharge where no field officer of the regiment is present; and no discharge signed by a field shall be given to a noncommissioned officer, or soldier, before officer, or soldier, before officer, or soldier, before of the president shall be given to a noncommissioned officer, or soluter, Sc. before the the secretary of war, the commanding officer of a department, by order of the sentence of a general court martial; nor shall a commissioned officer be discharged the service but by order of the president, &c. Commissioned officer be discharged the service but by order of the president of the United States, or by sentence of a general court discharged the service but by order of the service but by order martial. Article 12. Every colonel, or other officer, commanding a colonels, &c. regiment, troop, or company, and actually quartered with it, may give furloughs to noncommissioned officers are relative to the regiments. give furloughs to noncommissioned officers or soldiers, in such furloughs to

numbers, and for so long a time, as he shall judge to be most noncommission ed officers or consistent with the good of the service; and a captain, or other officer, commanding a troop or company, or in any garrison, fort, or barrack, of the United States, (his field officer befurloughs to ing absent) may give furloughs to noncommissioned officers or dofficers or soldiers, for a time not exceeding twenty days in six months, days in six but not to more than two persons to be absent at the same time, months, but soc. excepting some extraordinary occasion should require it.

Article 13. At every muster, the commanding officer of each At every muster the comregiment, troop, or company, there present, shall give to the commandingofficer,
sec. to give to
missary of musters, or other officer who musters the said regithe commissary ment, troop, or company, certificates signed by himself, signifyof musters, certificates, &c.
ing how long such officers, as shall not appear at the said muslong officers not
ter, have been absent, and the reason of their absence.

To like ter, have been absent, and the reason of their absence. In like papearing have been absent, and the reason of their absence. In like been absent, and manner, the commanding officer of every troop, or company, the reason of the shall give certificates, signifying the reasons of the absence of the noncommissioned officers and private soldiers, which reasons, give certificates and time of absence, shall be inserted in the muster rolls, opposite of privates, & e.

partment of

Officers convict-

Officers making false musters, or signing false muster rolls, office, &c.

Commissaries of musters, &c.

Officers mustering persons as soldiers who ter, &c. Officers making false returns to the department of war, &c. to be cashiered.

Commanding officers of regi-ments, &c. to department of war, an exact return of the regiment, &c. spe-cifying the names of officers absent, &cc. Officers neglecting to send returns to be punished, &cc.

Officers and so diers convicted of desertion,

Noncommissioned officers or soldiers absenting them-

site the name of the respective absent officers and soldiers. The The certificates, certificates shall, together with the muster rolls, be remitted, by the desired to the desired to the commissary of musters. Or other officer mustering the commissary of musters. department of war, as speedily as the distance of the place will admit.

Article 14. Every officer who shall be convicted, before a geed of naving signed false cor neral court martial, of having signed a false certificate, relating tificates, &c. to to the absence of either officer or private soldier, or relative to his or their pay, shall be cashiered.

Article 15. Every officer who shall knowingly make a false muster of man or horse, and every officer or commissary of musters who shall willingly sign, direct, or allow, the signing of iered, and disa-bled to hold any muster rolls, wherein such false muster is contained, shall, upon proof made thereof by two witnesses, before a general court martial, be cashiered, and shall be thereby utterly disabled to have or hold any office or employment in the service of the United States.

Article 16. Any commissary of musters, or other officer, who shall be convicted of having taken money, or other thing, by way taking money, of gratification, on mustering any regiment, troop, or company, cation, on must or on signing muster rolls, shall be displaced from his office, tering or significant of the Horizon and shall be thereby utterly disabled to have or hold any office to be displaced. or employment in the service of the United States.

Article 17. Any officer who shall presume to muster a person sordiers who are not soldiers, as a soldier, who is not a soldier, shall be deemed guilty of hav-

deemed guilty ing made a false muster, and shall suffer accordingly.

Article 18. Every officer who shall knowingly make a false return to the department of war, or to any of his superior officers, authorized to call for such returns, of the state of the regiment, troop, or company, or garrison, under his command; or of the arms, ammunition, clothing, or other stores, thereunto belonging, shall, on conviction thereof before a court martial, be cashiered.

Article 19. The commanding officer of every regiment, troop, or independent company, or garrison, of the United States, shall, remit, in the beginning of every month, remit, through the proper
ginning of every month, remit, through the proper
ginning of the channels, to the department of war, an exact return of the regichannels, to the department of war, an exact return of the regiment, troop, independent company, or garrison, under his command, specifying the names of the officers then absent from their posts, with the reasons for, and the time of, their absence. And any officer who shall be convicted of having, through neglect or design, omitted sending such returns, shall be punished, according to the nature of his crime, by the judgment of a general court martial.

Article 20. All officers and soldiers, who have received pay, or have been duly enlisted, in the service of the United States, &c. to suffer and shall be convicted of having deserted the same, shall suffer punishment, &c. death, or such other punishment as, by sentence of a court mardeath, or such other punishment as, by sentence of a court martial, shall be inflicted.

Article 21. Any noncommissioned officer or soldier who shall, without leave from his commanding officer, absent himself from his troop, company, or detachment, shall, upon being convicted thereof, be punished, according to the nature of his offence, at the discretion of a court martial.

Article 22. No noncommissioned officer or soldier shall enlist isbed, &c. himself in any other regiment, troop, or company, without a stoned officers regular discharge from the regiment, troop, or company, in the chilst in any which he last served, on the penalty of being reputed a deserter, so without a stoned officer not to enlist in any other regiment, and suffering accordingly. And in case any officer shall knowingly receive and entertain such noncommissioned officer or solofficers knowingly receives. dier, or shall not, after his being discovered to be a deserter, deserters, &c. or immediately confine him, and give notice thereof to the corps in norgiving nowhich he last served, the said officer shall, by a court martial, be cashiered.

Article 23. Any officer or soldier who shall be convicted of officers or soldier who having advised or persuaded any other officer or soldier to design the service of the United States, shall suffer death, or such death, or other other punishment as shall be inflicted upon him by the sentence punishment, &c. of a court martial.

Article 24. No officer or soldier shall use any reproachful or officers or soldiers using reprovoking speeches or gestures to another, upon pain, if an offiproachful or cer, of being put in arrest; if a soldier, confined, and of asking appeaches, &c. to pardon of the party offended, in the presence of his command-or confined, &c. ing officer.

Article 25. No officer or soldier shall send a challenge to another officer or soldier, to fight a duel, or accept a challenge, if send or accept a noncommissioned officer or soldier, of being cashiered; if a noncommissioned officer or soldier, of suffering corporeal sahiered, or of suffering corporeal suffering suffering corporeal suffering corporeal suffering corporeal suffering suffering suffering corporeal suffering suffering corporeal suffering corporeal suffering suffering corporeal suffering corporeal suffering su mediately to arrest and bring to trial such offenders.

Article 27. All officers, of what condition soever, have power All officers have to part and quell all quarrels, frays, and disorders, though the power to quell quarrels, frays, persons concerned should belong to another regiment, troop, or &c. company; and either to order officers into arrest, or noncommissioned officers or soldiers into confinement, until their proper superior officers shall be acquainted therewith; and whosoever shall refuse to obey such officer, (though of an inferior rank,) or shall set to obey, &c draw his sword upon him, shall be punished at the discretion of to be punished,

a general court martial.

Article 28. Any officer or soldier who shall upbraid another officers or soldiers upbraid for refusing a challenge, shall himself be punished as a challenger; and all officers and soldiers are hereby discharged from any length, to be disgrace, or opinion of disadvantage, which might arise from challengers, &c. their having refused to accept of challenges, as they will only

selves without

have acted in obedience to the laws, and done their duty as good soldiers, who subject themselves to discipline.

Sattlers not per-mitted to sell liquors, &c. af-ter nine at night, nor be-fore heating of reveilles, nor on Sundays during divine service,

Article 29. No suttler shall be permitted to sell any kind of liquors or victuals, or to keep their houses or shops open for the entertainment of soldiers, after nine at night, or before the beating of the reveillez, or upon Sundays during divine service or sermon, on the penalty of being dismissed from all future suttling.

Commanding officers to see supply the sol-diers with wholesome propisions, &c.

Article 30. All officers commanding in the field, forts, barracks, or garrisons, of the United States, are hereby required to see that the persons permitted to suttle shall supply the soldiers with good and wholesome provisions, or other articles, at a reasonable price, as they shall be answerable for their neglect.

Officers comfor houses, &cc. let out to sut-

Article 31. No officer commanding in any of the garrisons, manding in gar-risons, forts, c. forts, or barracks, of the United States, shall exact exorbitant prices for houses or stalls let out to suttlers, or connive at the like exactions in others; nor, by his own authority, and for his private advantage, lay any duty or imposition upon, or be intesale of victuals, rested in, the sale of any victuals, liquors, or other necessaries of penalty of being life, brought into the garrison, fort, or barracks, for the use of discharged. the soldiers, on the penalty of being discharged from the service.

Commanding officers, &c. to keep good or der, redress abuses, and se reparation made to the parties injured, &c.

Article 32. Every officer commanding in quarters, garrisons, or on the march, shall keep good order, and, to the utmost of his power, redress all abuses or disorders, which may be committed by any officer or soldier under his command. If, upon complaint made to him, of officers or soldiers beating, or otherwise ill treating, any person, of disturbing fairs or markets, or of committing any kinds of riots, to the disquieting of the citizens of the United States, he, the said commander, who shall refuse or omit to see justice done to the offender or offenders, and reparation made to the party or parties injured, as far as part of the offender's pay shall enable him or them, shall, upon proof thereof, be cashiered, or otherwise punished, as a general court martial shall direct.

When any comof a capital crime, or of of citizens, &c. upon applica-tion, &c. to use

Article 33. When any commissioned officer or soldier shall be accused of a capital crime, or of having used violence, or committed any offence, against the persons or property of any citizen ted any offence of any of the United States, such as is punishable by the known ament the per-in or property laws of the land, the commanding officer, and officers of every regiment, troop, or company, to which the person or persons so ing officers, &c. accused shall belong, are hereby required, upon application duly made by, or in behalf of, the party or parties injured, to use their utmost endeavors to deliver over such accused person or deavors to de liver the accus- persons, to the civil magistrate, and likewise to be aiding and ed to the eivil magnetrate, &c. assisting to the officers of justice in apprehending and securing the person or persons so accused, in order to bring him or them If any commanding officer, to trial. If any commanding officer or officers shall wiltully account to the state of neglect, or shall refuse, upon the application aforesaid, to deliver refuse to deliver such accused person or persons to the civil magistrates, or er over the 20 over such accused person or persons to the civil magistrates, or to be aiding and assisting to the officers of justice in apprehending such person or persons, the officer or officers, so offending, shall be cashiered.

Article 34. If any officer shall think himself wronged by his colonel, or the commanding officer of the regiment, and shall, if any officer upon due application being made to him, be refused redress, he wronged by his may complain to the general, commanding in the state or territory where such regiment shall be stationed, in order to obtain too, is refused to the man application, is refused to the man application, is refused to the man application, is refused to the man application. justice; who is hereby required to examine into the said comcomplain to the plaint, and take proper measures for redressing the wrong comic examine into plained of, and transmit, as soon as possible, to the department the complaint, of war, a true state of such complaint, with the proceedings had thereon.

Article 35. If any inferior officer or soldier shall think himself If an inferior officer or soldier wronged by his captain, or other officer, he is to complain thereof thinks himself to the commanding officer of the regiment, who is hereby respectively be appeared by his expean, &c. he quired to summon a regimental court martial, for the doing juston the complainant; from which regimental court martial, of the regimental court martial, of the regimental court martial, of the regimental court martial of t tice to the complainant; from which regimental court martial, of the regiment of the regiment

provisions, forage, arms, clothing, ammunition, or other military and provisions, stores, belonging to the United States, to be spoiled or damaged, see or n glishall, at his own expense, make good the loss or damage, and shall, moreover, forfeit all his pay, and be dismissed from the be spoiled, &c. or n glishall, moreover, forfeit all his pay, and be dismissed from the be spoiled, &c. or no glishall, moreover, forfeit all his pay, and be dismissed from the bespoiled, &c. or no glishall, moreover, forfeit all his pay, and be dismissed from the bespoiled, &c. or no glishall, moreover, forfeit all his pay, and be dismissed from the boss, forfeit

service.

Article 37. Any noncommissioned officer or soldier who shall be convicted, at a regimental court martial, of having sold, or sioned officers of soldiers convicted, at a regimental court martial, of having sold, or soldiers convicted of the united States, soldiers convicted of having sold or waited out to him, to be employed in the service of the United States, so, to be punished. shall be punished, at the discretion of such court.

Article 38. Every noncommissioned officer or soldier who Noncommissioned officers or shall be convicted, before a court martial, of having sold, lost, or soldier convicted to the convicted of t spoiled, through neglect, his horse, arms, clothes, or accourte-sold, lost, or ments, shall undergo such weekly stoppages (not exceeding the spoiled, their horses, arms, half of his pay) as such court martial shall judge sufficient for clothes, &c. to undergo weekly repairing the loss or damage; and shall suffer confinement, or stoppeges of such other corporeal punishment as his crime shall deserve.

Article 39. Every officer who shall be convicted, before a officer convicted of embezzle court martial, of having embezzled or misapplied any money, ment or misapplied with which he may have been intrusted for the payment of the money, intrusted to them for the payment of the ed, and compelled to refund the money; if a noncommissioned and compelled to refund; if a officer, shall be reduced to the ranks, be put under stoppages unnoncommissioned til the money be made good, and suffer such corporeal punish-reduced, &c. ment as such court martial shall direct.

Article 40. Every captain of a troop, or company, is charged of a troop or with the arms, accourrements, ammunition, clothing, or other company accountable for

the arms, acthe company or troop, &c.

Noncemmissioned officers and soldiers found one mile

quarters, &c. without leave, &c. Noncommis-

sioned officers and soldiers to retire to their tents at the beating of the retreat, &c.

Any commis-

No soldier to hire another to do his daty for him, or be ex-cused, but in cases of sickness. &c.

Moncommis-sioned officers conniving at hiring of duty, to be reduced, and commissioned officers knowing and allowing it, to be martial.

Any officer who occasions false alaıms in camp, &c. to suffer death, or other punishment.

warlike stores, belonging to the troop or company under his command, which he is to be accountable for to his colonel, in contrements, & their being lost, spoiled, or damaged, not by unavoidable accidents, or on actual service.

Article 41. All noncommissioned officers and soldiers who shall be found one mile from the camp without leave, in writing, from earng with from their commanding officer, shall suffer such punishment as

out leave in writing, &c. to shall be inflicted upon them by the sentence of a court martial. suffer punishment, &c.

Article 42. No officer or soldier shall lie out of his quarte Article 42. No officer or soldier shall lie out of his quarters, No officer or sol garrison, or camp, without leave from his superior officer, upon dier to lie out of penalty of being punished, according to the nature of his offence, by the sentence of a court martial.

> Article 43. Every noncommissioned officer and soldier shall retire to his quarters or tent at the beating of the retreat; in default of which he shall be punished according to the nature of his offence.

No officer or soldier, soldier to fall in Article 44. No officer, noncommissioned officer, or soldier, repairing to the shall fail in repairing, at the time fixed, to the place of parade, place of parade, snau ran in repairing, at the time fixed, to the place of parade, from prevented of exercise, or other rendezvous, appointed by his commanding by alchness, &c. nor leave it be officer, if not prevented by sickness, or some other evident nefore being regar cessity; or shall go from the said place of rendezvous, without leave from his commanding officer, before he shall be regularly dismissed or relieved, on the penalty of being punished, according to the nature of his offence, by the sentence of a court martial.

Article 45. Any commissioned officer who shall be found guard, ec. to be cashiered. Any noncommissioned officer or soldier so offending, shall suffer soldiers, ec. in such corpored surich soldiers. soldiers, occ. in such corporeal punishment as shall be inflicted by the sentence punishment, kc. of a court martial.

Article 46. Any centinel who shall be found sleeping upon his ing on their posts, &c. to post, or shall leave it before he shall be regularly relieved, shall suffer death, &c. and far eleath or such other purishment as shall be indicated by the suffer death, or such other punishment as shall be inflicted by the sentence of a court martial.

Article 47. No soldier belonging to any regiment, troop, or company, shall hire another to do his duty for him, or be excused from duty, but in cases of sickness, disability, or leave of absence; and every such soldier found guilty of hiring his duty, as also the party so hired to do another's duty, shall be punished, at the discretion of a regimental court martial.

Article 48. And every noncommissioned officer conniving at such hiring of duty aforesaid, shall be reduced; and every commissioned officer, knowing and allowing such ill practices in the service, shall be punished by the judgment of a general court

Article 49. Any officer belonging to the service of the United States, who, by discharging of fire arms, drawing of swords, beating of drums, or by any other means whatsoever, shall occasion false alarms in camp, garrison, or quarters, shall suffer death, or such other punishment as shall be ordered by the sentence of a general court martial.

Article 50. Any officer or soldier who shall, without urgent Officers or soldiers, without diers, without necessity, or without the leave of his superior officer, quit his guard, platoon, or division, shall be punished, according to the nature of his offence, by the sentence of a court martial.

Article 51. No officer or soldier shall do violence to any per-to be punished, n who brings provisions or other necessaries to be punished. son who brings provisions or other necessaries to the camp, gar-officers and solvision, or quarters, of the forces of the United States, employed violence to perin any parts out of the said states, upon pain of death, or such sons bringing

other punishment as a court martial shall direct.

Article 52. Any officer or soldier, who shall misbehave him-stage, on pain of death, &c. officers or soldier, post, or guard, which he or they may be commanded to de-behave before behave before fend, or speak words inducing others to do the like; or shall away, see to cast away his arms and ammunition, or who shall quit his post other punishor colors to plunder and pillage, every such offender, being duly ment, sec. convicted thereof, shall suffer death, or such other punishment as shall be ordered by the sentence of a general court martial.

Article 53. Any person belonging to the armies of the United ing to the arms States, who shall make known the watch word to any person who known the is not entitled to receive it, according to the rules and discipline watch word, of war, or shall presume to give a parole or watch word, different from what he received, shall suffer death, or such other punishment. punishment as shall be ordered by the sentence of a general

court martial.

Article 54. All officers and soldiers are to behave themselves Officers and solorderly in quarters, and on their march; and whosoever shall dies to behave commit any waste or spoil, either in walks of trees, parks, war-ters, &c. and rens, fish ponds, houses, or gardens, cornfields, enclosures of such as commit rendows, or shall maliciously destroy any property whatsoever, the commander belonging to the inhabitants of the United States, unless by orbit in chief, &c. to be punished, &c. der of the then commander in chief of the armies of the said states, shall (besides such penalties as they are liable to by law) be punished, according to the nature and degree of the offence, by the jadgment of a regimental or general court martial.

Article 55. Whosoever, belonging to the armies of the United Whosoever, in foreign parts, States, employed in foreign parts, shall force a safe guard, shall guard, is to suffer death.

Article 56. Whosoever shall relieve the enemy with money, Whosoever revictuals, or ammunition, or shall knowingly harbor or protect an my withmoney, victuals, &c. in enemy, shall suffer death, or such other punishment as shall be to suffer death, or other punishment as shall be conferred by the sentence of a court martial. ordered by the sentence of a court martial.

Article 57. Whosoever shall be convicted of holding correspondence with, or giving intelligence to, the enemy, either directly or indirectly, shall suffer death, or such other punishment with or giving intelligence to, the enemy, either directly or indirectly, shall suffer death, or such other punishment intelligence to, the nemy, &c.

Article 58. All public stores taken in the enemy's camp, towns, public stores forts, or magazines, whether of artillery, ammunition, clothing, enemy's camp, &c. to be securforage, or provisions, shall be secured for the service of the Uni-ed for the service of the Uni-ed for the service of the United States; for the neglect of which the commanding officer is to ted states, &c. be answerable.

Article 59. If any commander of any garrison, fortress, or the officers and post, shall be compelled, by the officers and soldiers under his garrison, &c. for the officers and soldiers under his garrison, &c. command, to give up to the enemy, or to abandon it, the com-commander to missioned officers, noncommissioned officers or soldiers, who give up to the enemy, &c.

ment, &c. Death, or other

Suttlers, &cc. subject to orders, &c.

sentence of a court martial. Article 60. All suttlers and retainers to the camp, and all persons whatsoever, serving with the armies of the United States in the field, though not enlisted soldiers, are to be subject to orders, according to the rules and discipline of war.

shall be convicted of having so offended, shall suffer death, or

such other punishment as shall be inflicted upon them by the

Officers having brev ta, &c. of a prior data to

Article 61. Officers having brevets or commissions of a prior date to those of the regiment in which they serve, may take place those of the re-giment in which in courts martial and on detachments, when composed of differ-they serve, may ent corps, according to the ranks given them in their brevets, or according to the dates of their former commissions; but in the regiment, troop, ranks given them, see bet, or company, to which such officers belong, they shall do duty and take rank, both in courts martial and on detachments, which shall be composed only of their own corps, according to the commissions by which they are mustered in the said corps.

If, upon marches, &c. different command, unless. &c.

Article 62. If, upon marches, guards, or in quarters, different ears happen to corps of the army shall happen to join, or do duty together, the join, kee, the officer highest in rank of the line of the army, marine corps, or in rank, kee to milicip by commission there on duty, or in quarters shall commilitia, by commission there, on duty, or in quarters, shall command the whole, and give orders for what is needful to the service, unless otherwise specially directed by the president of the United States, according to the nature of the case.

Engineers not to assume, nor be subject to, sion, except, &ce.

. Article 63. The functions of the engineers being generally confined to the most elevated branch of military science, they are any duty be and to the most elevated by allies to be ordered on, any duty their immediate beyond the line of their immediate beyond the line of their immediate profession except by the special profe beyond the line of their immediate profession, except by the special order of the president of the United States; but they are to receive every mark of respect to which their rank in the army may entitle them, respectively, and are liable to be transferred, at the discretion of the president, from one corps to another, regard being paid to rank.

General courts martial may consist of any number of coma gen, ral court

sident, &c.

Article 64. General courts martial may consist of any number of commissioned officers, from five to thirteen, inclusively; but they shall not consist of less than thirteen, where that numcers, from 5 to ber can be convened, without manifest injury to the service.

Generalofficers, Article 65. Any general officer commanding an army, or commanding and army, or commanding a

esminanding, nel commanding a separate department, may appoint general courts courts martial, whenever necessary. But no sentence of a court Article 65. Any general officer commanding an army, or colomartial, &c.

Mosentence of a martial shall be carried into execution until after the whole procourt martial to be earlied into ceedings shall have been laid before the officer ordering the execution until the proceedings same, or the officer commanding the troops for the time being; have been laid neither shall any sentence of a general court martial, in time of cer ordering it, peace, extending to the loss of life, or the dismission of a com-To sentence of missioned officer, or which shall, either in time of peace or war, agencial court martial, in time respect a general officer, be carried into execution, until after the of pace, extend whole proceedings shall have been transmitted to the secretary ing to loss of life, &c. or of war, to be laid before the president of the United States, for which, in peace of war, to be laid before the president of the United States, for which in peace of the confirmation or disapproval, and orders, in the case. All ageneralofficer, to be carried into other sentences may be confirmed and executed by the officer the proce dings ordering the court to assemble, or the commanding officer, for hefore the pre. the time being, as the case may be-

Article 66. Every officer commanding a regiment or corps, may appoint, for his own regiment or corps, courts martial, to officers commanding regionsist of three commissioned officers, for the trial and punish-ments or corps ment of offences not capital, and decide upon their sentences.

For the same purpose, all officers commanding any of the garrisons, forts, barracks, or other places, where the troops consist of officers commanding garridifferent corps, may assemble courts martial, to consist of three sons, &c may
seemble courts

commissioned officers, and decide upon their sentences. commissioned officers, and decide upon their sentences.

Article 67. No garrison or regimental court martial shall have no garrison or regimental court the power to try capital cases, or commissioned officers; neither martial empowers. shall they inflict a fine exceeding one month's pay, nor imprison al cases, see nor put to hard labor, any noncommissioned officer or soldier,

for a longer time than one month.

Article 68. Whenever it may be found convenient and neces-whenever convenient, &c. the sary to the public service, the officers of the marines shall be associated with the officers of the land forces, for the purpose of sociated with holding courts martial and trying offenders belonging to either; land forces, for and in such cases the orders of the senior officer of either corps, martial, &c. who may be present and duly authorized, shall be received and

obeyed.

Article 69. The judge advocate, or some person deputed by Thejudge advocate, in the first person deputed by Thejudge advocate, in the first person, or by the general or officer commanding the army, detachamment, or garrison, shall prosecute in the name of the United States, but shall no few consider himself or counsel for the pair thall consider the person of the United States, but shall no few consider himself or counsel for the pair States, but shall so far consider himself as counsel for the prident destinated someoner, after the said prisoner shall have made his plea, as to obprisoner, so far ject to any leading question to any of the witnesses, or any question. tion to the prisoner, the answer to which might tend to criminate himself; and administer, to each member of the court, before The judge adthey proceed upon any trial, the following oath, which shall also works to administer an oath be taken by all members of the regimental and garrison courts to each member of the court, martial:

"You, AB, do swear that you will well and truly try and de- rorm of the termine, according to evidence, the matter now before you, be-outh tween the United States of America and the prisoner to be tried; and that you will duly administer justice, according to the provisions of 'An act establishing rules and articles for the government of the armies of the United States,' without partiality, favor, or affection: and if any doubt shall arise, not explained by said articles, according to your conscience, the best of your understanding, and the custom of war in like cases: and you do further swear, that you will not divulge the sentence of the court until it shall be published by the proper authority: neither will you disclose or discover the vote or opinion of any particular member of the court martial, unless required to give evidence thereof, as a witness, by a court of justice, in a due course of law. So help you God."

And as soon as the said oath shall have been administered to The president the respective members, the president of the court shall admi- administer an nister to the judge advocate, or person officiating as such, an oath oath to the judge advocate.

in the following words:

"You, AB, do swear, that you will not disclose or discover the Form of the judge advocate's vote or opinion of any particular member of the court martial,

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unless required to give evidence thereof as a witness, by a court of justice, in due course of law; nor divulge the sentence of the court to any but the proper authority, until it shall be duly disclosed by the same. So help you God."

When a prisonor, from obsticourt may pro-

When a member is challenged by a prisoner the cause, &c.

Members to be-have with decency; and the young at comfirst. Persons who give evidence, &c. to be ex-

amined on oath, form: Form of the eath of a wit-

mess.

In cases not capi-tal, &c. deposi-tions may be taken, and read, &c. provided the prosecutor and accused are present, &c. No officer to be tried but by a general court unless, &c.

No person to use

When an officer sword, &c.

Noncommissioned officers charged with erimes to be confined until not to continue in confinement more than eight

Article 70. When a prisoner arraigned before a general court nacy, &c. stands martial shall, from obstinacy and deliberate design, stand mute, mute, &c. the or answer foreign to the purpose, the court may proceed to trial and judgment as if the prisoner had regularly pleaded not guilty.

Article 71. When a member shall be challenged by a prisoner, he must state his cause of challenge, of which the court shall, after due deliberation, determine the relevancy or validity, and decide accordingly; and no challenge to more than one member at a time shall be received by the court.

Article 72. All the members of a court martial are to behave with decency and calmness; and, in giving their votes, are to begin with the youngest in commission.

Article 73. All persons who give evidence before a court martial, are to be examined on oath or affirmation, in the following

"You swear, or affirm, (as the case may be) the evidence you shall give in the cause now in hearing shall be the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth. So help you God."

Article 74. On the trials of cases not capital, before courts martial, the deposition of witnesses, not in the line or staff of the army, may be taken before some justice of the peace, and read in evidence: Provided, the prosecutor and the person accused are present at the taking the same, or are duly notified thereof.

Article 75. No officer shall be tried but by a general court martial, nor by officers of an inferior rank, if it can be avoided: martial, &c.

Mo proceedings nor shall any proceedings or trials be carried on excepting because between the hours of eight in the morning, and three in the afternoon, excepting in cases which, in the opinion of the officer appointing the court martial, require immediate example.

Article 76. No person whatsoever shall use any menacing words, menacing words or gestures, in presence of a court martial, or shall cause in presence of a coart martial, any disorder or riot, or disturb their proceedings, on the penalty of being punished, at the discretion of the said court martial.

Article 77. Whenever any officer shall be charged with a crime, a crime, he is to he shall be arrested and confined in his barracks, quarters, or tent, and deprived of his sword, by the commanding officer. And any officer who shall leave his confinement, before he shall be set at liberty by his commanding officer, or by a superior officer, shall be cashiered.

Article 78. Noncommissioned officers and soldiers, charged with crimes, shall be confined, until tried by a court martial, or released by proper authority.

Article 79. No officer or soldier who shall be put in arrest, officers and sol- shall continue in confinement more than eight days, or until such time as a court martial can be assembled.

Article 80. No officer commanding a guard, or provost mar-No officer com. shal, shall refuse to receive or keep any prisoner committed to manding a guard, &c. tore. his charge, by an officer belonging to the forces of the United States; provided the officer committing shall, at the same time, deliver an account in writing, signed by himself, of the crime with to receive a principle the said principle is charged.

which the said prisoner is charged.

Article 81. No officer commanding a guard, or provost mar- no officer com-shal, shall presume to release any person committed to his charge, guard, ec. to. without proper authority for so doing, nor shall he suffer any release any person to escape, on the penalty of being punished for it by the committeed person to escape, on the penalty of being punished for it by the committeed person to escape. sentence of a court martial.

Article 82. Every officer or provost marshal, to whose charge officers to whom prisoners shall be committed, shall, within twenty-four hours are committed to make report. after such commitment, or as soon as he shall be relieved from &c. within 24 his guard, make report in writing, to the commanding officer, of names, crimes, crimes, their names, their crimes, and the names of the officers who committed them, on the penalty of being punished for disobedience or neglect, at the discretion of a court martial.

Article 83. Any commissioned officer, convicted before a gene-officer convict-ral court martial of conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentle-officer unbecomed that unbecome a deliberation of the discrete of the convicted by the discrete of the convicted before a gene-officer convicted by the c

man, shall be dismissed the service.

Article 84. In cases where a court martial may think it proper insect, &c. to be customartial may think it proper insect, &c. to sentence a commissioned officer to be suspended from com- a court martial mand, they shall have power also to suspend his pay and emolu- suspends an offiments for the same time, according to the nature and heinousness mand, they are empowered to suspend his pay and emplu-

Article 85. In all cases where a commissioned officer is menta, &c. cashiered for cowardice or fraud, it shall be added, in the sen-missioned officer. tence, that the crime, name, and place of abode and punishment, for cowardice of the delinquent, be published in the newspapers in and about orime, name the camp, and of the particular state from which the offender scot the delinquent, to be came, or where he usually resides, after which it shall be deempublished in the newspapers, see ed scandalous for an officer to associate with him.

Article 86. The commanding officer of any post or detachment, in which there shall not be a number of officers adequate to form a general court martial, shall, in cases which require the commanding officer of fact of the detachment, who shall order a court to be assembled at the nearest post or detachment, and the party accused, with necessation of the detachment of the ty witnesses, to be transported to the place where the said court partment, &c. shall be assembled.

Article 87. No person shall be sentenced to suffer death, but No person to be by the concurrence of two-thirds of the members of a general death but by court martial, nor except in the cases herein expressly mentionof two thirds of
ed; nor shall more than fifty lashes be inflicted on any offender,
at the discretion of a court martial; and no officer, noncommissioned officer, soldier, or follower of the army, shall be tried a lishes, Sec. second time for the same offence.

Article 88. No person shall be liable to be tried and punished no person liable to be tried and by a general court martial for any offence which shall appear to punished by a have been committed more than two years before the issuing of martial for any the order for such trial, unless the person, by reason of having ted more than absented himself, or some other manifest impediment, shall not two years behave been amenable to justice within that period.

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ing an officer, &c. to be dis-

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martial, shall have power to pardon or mitigate any punishment

ordered by such court, except the sentence of death, or of cashiering an officer; which, in the cases where he has authority (by

article 65) to carry them into execution, he may suspend, until the pleasure of the president of the United States can be known;

which suspension, together with copies of the proceedings of the court martial, the said officer shall immediately transmit to the

ing officer of the regiment or garrison, where any regimental or

garrison court martial shall be held, may pardon or mitigate any

And the colonel or command-

president, for his determination.

Article 89. Every officer authorized to order a general court

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Every officer authorized to order a general empowered to pardon or mitigate any punish-ment, &c. except, &cc.

The colonel,&c. of a regiment or garrison, &c. may pardon or mitigate, &c.

Every judge advocate, &c. to of war, &cc.

punishment ordered by such court to be inflicted. Article 90. Every judge advocate, or person officiating as transmit, as ex- such, at any general court martial, shall transmit, with as much peditionally as possible, the ori- expedition as the opportunity of time and distance of place can ginal proceed admit, the original proceedings and sentence of such court martines of general tial to the secretary of war, which said original proceedings and proceedings and sentence of such courts martial tial to the secretary of war, which said original proceedings and to the secretary sentence shall be carefully kept and preserved in the office of said secretary, to the end that the persons entitled thereto may be enabled, upon application to the said office, to obtain copies thereof.

The party tried by a general court martial

The court of inquiry to have the same power tial to summon witnesses, &c.

Proceedings of signatures of the recorder and president. See, and may be admitted as evi-dence by courts martial in cases

Courts of inqui-ry prohibited, unless directed by the presi-dent, &c.

The party tried by any general court martial shall, upon demand thereof, made by himself or by any person or persons in entitled to a copy of the sen- his behalf, be entitled to a copy of the sentence and proceedings of such court martial.

Where the general, Sec. may Article 91. In cases where the general, or control may order a court of inquiry, to examine into the nature of any order a court of inquiry, to examine any officer or solution. Article 91. In cases where the general, or commanding officer, court or may order a court of inquiry, to examine into the nature of any inquiry, sec. the court of consist transaction, accusation, or imputation, against any officer or solofnot exceeding dier, the said court shall consist of one or more officers, not exjudge advocate, ceeding three, and a judge advocate, or other suitable person, sec. to be as a recorder, to reduce the proceedings and evidence to writceeding three, and a judge advocate, or other suitable person, as a recorder, to reduce the proceedings and evidence to writing, all of whom shall be sworn to the faithful performance of their duty. This court shall have the same power to summon witnesses as a court martial, and to examine them on oath. But they shall not give their opinion on the merits of the case, give an opinion excepting they shall be thereto specially required. The par-imless specially ties accused shall also be permitted to cross examine and in-required, acc. terrogate the witnesses, so as to investigate fully the circumstances in the question.

Article 92. The proceedings of a court of inquiry must be ry to be anthen- authenticated by the signature of the recorder and the president, tiested by the and delivered to the commanding officer: and the said proceedings may be admitted as evidence by a court martial, in cases not capital, or extending to the dismission of an officer: Provided, That the circumstances are such that oral testimony cannot capital, see not be obtained. But as courts of inquiry may be perverted to dishonorable purposes, and may be considered as engines of destruction to military merit, in the hands of weak and envious commandants, they are hereby prohibited, unless directed by the president of the United States, or demanded by the accused.

The judge advo-eate, &c. to ad.

Article 93. The judge advocate, minister an oath to the members the following oath: Article 93. The judge advocate, or recorder, shall administer

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"You shall well and truly examine and inquire, according to 1806. your evidence, into the matter now before you, without partiality, Forth of the favor, affection, prejudice, or hope of reward: So help you God."

After which the president shall administer to the judge advo-of the court to te, or recorder, the following oath:

cate, or recorder, the following oath:

"You, A B, do swear that you will, according to your best judg: advocate, abilities, accurately and impartially record the proceedings of the advocate's oath. court, and the evidence to be given in the case in hearing: So help you God."

The witnesses shall take the same oath as witnesses sworn be-take the cath,

Article 94. When any commissioned officer shall die, or be when a commissioned officer dies, &c. ment, or the officer doing the major's duty in his absence, or, in any post or garrison, the second officer in command, or the assistant military agent, shall immediately secure all his effects or feets, &c. the major of the regiment, &c. is immediately to immediately the major of the secure all his effects or feets, &c. then in camp, &c. equipage, then in camp or quarters, and shall make an inventory make an inventory, and transmit the same to the office of the demark of the major of the partment of war, to the end that his executors or administrators ment, &c. may receive the same.

Article 95. When any noncommissioned officer or soldier when a non-commissioned shall die, or be killed, in the service of the United States, the officer or soldier then commanding officer of the troop, or company, shall, in the commanding of ficer of the presence of two other commissioned officers, take an account of ficer of the what effects he died possessed of, above his arms and accourted to the died possessed of, and transmit the same to the office of the department of he died possessed of, and transmit the same to the office of the department of he died possessed of the department of he di war; which said effects are to be accounted for, and paid, to the transmit it to the department of war, see and dier. And in case any of the officers, so authorized to take care accounted for, of the effects of deceased officers and soldiers, should, before In case officers they have accounted to their representatives for the same, have authorised to the care of the occasion to leave the regiment, or post, by preferment, or otherefficus of deceased officers and soldiers, in the hands of the commanding officer, or of the assistleave the regiment, or open of the assistenergy the commanding officer, or of the assistenergy the effects of the commanding officers and soldiers, in order that the same may be securhands of the ed for, and paid to, their respective representatives.

Article 96. All officers, conductors, gunners, matrosses, dri- officers, see in vers, or other persons whatsoever, receiving pay, or hire, in the gineers, see to service of the artillery, or corps of engineers, of the United governed by the service of the artillery, or corps of engineers, of the United governed by the service of the artillery, or corps of engineers, of the United governed by the service of the artillery, or corps of engineers, of the United governed by the service of the artillery, or corps of engineers, or the United government of the service of the artillery, or corps of engineers, or the United government of the service of the article of the service of States, shall be governed by the aforesaid rules and articles, and &c. shall be subject to be tried by courts martial, in like manner with the officers and soldiers of the other troops in the service of the

United States.

Article 97. The officers and soldiers of any troops, whether or others, being mustered and in pay of the United when acting states, shall, at all times, and in all places, when joined, or actfores to be ing in conjunction, with the regular forces of the United States, specified by these rules and articles of war, and shall be subarticles unject to be tried by courts martial, in like manner with the officers courts martial, and soldiers in the regular forces, save only that such courts the courts are to ject to be tried by courts martial, in the manifest when courts the courts are to and soldiers in the regular forces, save only that such courts the composed of militia officers.

preceding arti-eles, to be taken cognizance of by court mar-The president empowered to prescribe the uniform of the army.
The foregoing

articles to be ead and published, once in the encamp-ments of the armies, to suffer death, &c,

The rules and regulations by which the armies have been henceforth void, Ece, except, &c.

Article 98. All officers serving by commission from the auofficers serving thority of any particular state, shall, on all detachments, courts from the author martial, or other duty, wherein they may be employed in conrity of any par- junction with the regular forces of the United States, take rank tieslar state, when employed next after all officers of the like grade in said regular forces, notwith the regular with standing the commissions of such militia or state officers forces, to take reak part after may be elder than the commissions of the officers of the regular all officers of like grade in the forces of the United States. regular forces.

Article 99. All crimes no

Article 99. All crimes not capital, and all disorders and neau crumes not capital, and all glects which officers and soldiers may be guilty of, to the prejudisorders and dice of good order and military discipline, though not mentionation to the foregoing articles of war, are to be taken cognizance of by a general or regimental court martial, according to the nature and degree of the offence, and be punished at their discretion.

Article 100. The president of the United States shall have

power to prescribe the uniform of the army.

Article 101. The foregoing articles are to be read and published once in every six months, to every garrison, regiment, troop, or company, mustered, or to be mustered, in the service of the United States, and are to be duly observed and obeyed by all ofevery six months, to ever ficers and soldiers who are, or shall be, in said service.

Sect. 2. And be it further enacted, That, in time of war, all further some of war, persons not citizens of, or owing allegiance to, the United States aliens found lurking about of America, who shall be found lurking, as spies, in or about fortifications or the fortifications of the fortifications of the United the fortifications or encampments of the armies of the United States, or any of them, shall suffer death, according to the law and usage of nations, by sentence of a general court martial.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the rules and regulations by which the armies of the United States have heretofore been governed, and the resolves of congress thereunto anheretofore go-verned, &c. t. be nexed, and respecting the same, shall henceforth be void and of no effect, except so far as may relate to any transactions under them prior to the promulgation of this act, at the several posts and garrisons, respectively, occupied by any part of the army of the United States. [Approved, April 10, 1806.]

> [Note. The rules and regulations which, by the 3d section of the preceding act, are repealed, were adopted by congress on the 20th of September, 1776, and were afterwards amended. As they are entirely superseded by the above act, and as their provisions are embraced therein, in an improved form, it is deemed unnecessary to insert them in this edition of the Laws. By the 7th section of the act of the 16th May, 1812, so much of the rules and articles for the government of the armies of the United States as authorizes the infliction of corporeal punishment, by stripes or lashes, is repealed. See chap. 409, post.]

Co See act of 24th Sept. 1789; chap. 20, s. c. 27, page 66, vol. 2.] CHAP. 21, [XXI.] An act relating to bonds given by marshals.*

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That Bonds given by the bond heretofore given, or which may hereafter be given, by the faithful per the marshal of any district, for the faithful performance of the

duties of his office, shall be filed and recorded in the office of the clerk of the district court, or circuit court sitting within the filed and rethe district, for which such marshal shall have been appointed, corded in the ofthe district, for which such marsnar snar may be and copies thereof, certified by the clerk, under the seal of the of medication and copies thereof, certified by the clerk, under the seal of the of medication district court, see and certified to the court of participation of the court of th

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted. That it shall be lawful, evidence, bec. in case of the breach of the condition of any such bond, for any in ease of the person, persons, or body politic, thereby injured, to institute a tion of any manual upon such bond, in the name and for the sole use of such soils, &c. injured. party, and thereupon to recover such damages as shall be legally ed may insti-tute suit there-assessed, with costs of suit; for which execution may issue for on for their sole such party in due form: and in case such party shall fail to recover er, to. in the suit, judgment shall be rendered and execution may issue for costs in favor of the defendant or defendants, against the party who shall have instituted the suit; and the United States shall The United States in moces in no case be liable for the same. in no case be liable for the same.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted. That the said bonds independ to remain as security, the said bonds independent of any persons, or body polibeness one injured until the said by breach of the condition of the same, until the said the whole whole pendity shall have been said bonds. whole penalty shall have been recovered; and the proceedings been recovered shall be always in the same manner, and as hereinbefore directed.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That all suits on mar-shale bonds, shale' bonds, if the right of action has already accrued, shall be where the right of action has already accrued, shall be of action has accommenced and prosecuted within three years after the passage aread to be of this act, and not afterwards. And all such suits, in case within three the right of action shall accrue hereafter, shall be commenced where the right and prosecuted within six years after the said right of action accrues bereafshall have accrued, and not afterwards; saving, nevertheless, the years, &c. Infants, feme rights of infants, feme coverts, and persons non compos mentis, everts, &c. to so that they sue within three years after their disabilities are re-years after their disabilities are removed. [Approved, April 10, 1806.]

ties are remov-

CHAP. 22: [XXII.], An act regulating the currency of foreign coins in the United States.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of represen- of April, 1806, tatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, forcing gold an silver count to That, from and after the passage of this act, foreign gold and pass current as silver coins shall pass current as money within the United States, legal tender, &c. and be a legal tender for the payment of all debts and demands, at the rate at the several and respective rates following, and not otherwise, viz:

The gold coins of Great Britain and Portugal, of their pre-nates offereign sent standard, at the rate of one hundred cents for every twen-gold coins. ty-seven grains of the actual weight thereof; the gold coins of France, Spain, and the dominions of Spain, of their present standard, at the rate of one hundred cents for every twenty-seven grains and two-fifths of a grain of the actual weight thereof. Spanish milled dollars, at the rate of one hundred cents for each, Rates of foreign the actual weight whereof shall not be less than seventeen pen-silver coins.

The secretary of the treasury to cause assays of foreign gold and silver coin to be had at the mint, at least gress, &c.

The secretary of the treasury of the treasury
to cause assays
of foreign gold
and silver coins,
&c. which may issue subsequent to the passage of this act, &c. once a year, and report to con-gress, &c.

The first see. of

nyweights and seven grains, and in proportion for the parts of a dollar. Crowns of France, at the rate of one hundred and ten cents for each crown, the actual weight whereof shall not be less than eighteen pennyweights and seventeen grains, and in proportion for the parts of a crown. And it shall be the duty of the secretary of the treasury to cause assays of the foreign gold and silver coins made current by this act, to be had at the mint of the United States, at least once in every year, and to make rereport to conthem to make such alterations in this act, as may become requisite, from the real standard value of such foreign coins. it shall be the duty of the secretary of the treasury to cause assays of the foreign gold and silver coins of the description made current by this act, which shall issue subsequently to the passage of this act, and shall circulate in the United States, at the mint aforesaid, at least once in every year, and to make report of the result thereof to congress, for the purpose of enabling congress to make such coins current, if they shall deem the same to be proper, at their real standard value.

Sect. 2. And be it further enacted, That the first section of the act mentioned, repeal the act, entitled "An act regulating foreign coins, and for other ration of the 2d purposes," passed the ninth day of February, one thousand seen supended until the 10th seven hundred and ninety-three, be, and the same is hereby, re-April, 1909. pealed. And the operation of the second section of the same [* See chap, 150, act shall be, and hereby is, suspended, for and during the space of three years from the passage of this act.

[Approved, April 10, 1806.]

CHAP. 23. [XXIII.] An act to regulate and fix the compensations of the officers of the senate and house of representatives.

The officers of the senate and ouse to receive the sums mentioned, in lieu,

Principal clerks, 1,300

The sergeants at arms and doorkeepers of the senate and the house to re-ceive 950 dolls. per ann. each. Assistant doorkeepers to re-ceive 900 dolls. per ann. cach.

[† Increased. See act of 3d March, 1815; chap. 767, post.]
Any appropriation out of the

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the officers of the senate and house of representatives hereinafter mentioned, shall be, and hereby are, entitled to receive, in lieu of their compensations fixed by law, the following sums, that The secretary and clerk, 2,000 is to say: The secretary of the senate, and clerk of the house of dolls, each. representatives, two thousand dollars, each; their principal clerks, one thousand three hundred dollars, each; and each of their en-Engrossing clerks, one thousand dollars per annum.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the sergeant at arms of the senate, who also performs the duty of a doorkeeper, the sergeant at arms, and the doorkeeper, of the house of representatives, shall be, and they are hereby, entitled to receive nine hundred and fifty dollars per annum, each; and that the assistant doorkeeper of the senate, and the assistant doorkeeper of the house of representatives, shall be, and they are hereby, entitled to receive nine hundred dollars per annum, each.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That any appropriation which shall be made by the senate, or house of representatives, contingent fund out of the contingent fund of either house, towards the compen-

sation of any of the officers of the senate, or house of representatives, shall be taken and considered as a part of the salary of cither house,

allowed by this act.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the compensations considered as ovided for in this act shall compensation. provided for in this act shall commence and take effect from and ry, &c. after the thirty-first day of March, one thousand eight hundred tions provided by this act to the compensations provided by this act to

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That the act, entitled the 31st March, "An act to regulate and fix the compensations of the officers of The set mentioned, repeal-the senate and house of representatives," passed on the twenty-ed. ninth of April, one thousand eight hundred and two, shall, from [Chap. 295, vol. 3.] and after the thirty-first of March, one thousand eight hundred and six, be, and the same is hereby, repealed.

[Approved, April 10, 1806.]

CHAP. 24. [XXIV.] An act directing the secretary of the treasury to cause the coast of North Carolina, between Cape Hatteras and Cape Fear, to be [† Obsolete.] surveyed.†

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the secretary of the treasury be, and he is hereby, directed to The secretary cause the coast of North Carolina to be correctly surveyed, bedirected to ause
tween cape Hatteras and cape Fear; together with the shoals the coast of
North Carolina
lying off and between these respective capes, or head lands, and to be correctly
to report at the next session of congress on the practicability of tween cape Hatteresting a lighted beacon or buoy, on or near the exFear, &c. and to treme point of these shoals, or either of them. And the sum of practicability of five thousand dollars is hereby appropriated for the purpose of chouse, i.e. defraying any expense which may be incurred in making such propriated to survey, to be paid out of any money in the treasury, not other-defray the exwise appropriated. [Approved, April 10, 1806.]

pense of survey,

CHAP. 25. [XXV.] An act to provide for persons who were disabled by known wounds received in the revolutionary war.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That any commissioned or noncommissioned officer, musician, soldier, officers, solmarine, or seaman, disabled in the actual service of the United diers, musicians, marine States, while in the line of his duty, by known wounds received or seamen, disabled in the actual service of the United cians, marines, or seamen, disabled in the actual service of the united during the revolutionary war, and who did not desert the sertial service of the United vice; or who, in consequence of disability as aforesaid, resigned states, while in the line of duty, his commission or took a discharge; or who, after incurring disability as aforesaid, was taken captive by the enemy, and remainating their administration of the placed on the pension list, lutionary war; or who, in consequence of known wounds received as aforesaid has at any possion since become and continued ed as aforesaid, has, at any period since, become and continued disabled in such manner as to render him unable to procure a

subsistence by manual labor; whether such officer, musician, soldier, marine, or seaman, served as a volunteer, in any proper service against the common enemy, or belonged to a detachment of the militia, which served against the common enemy, or to the regular forces of the United States, or of any particular state, he shall, upon substantiating his claim, in the manner hereinafter described, be placed on the pension list of the United States, during life, or the continuance of such disability, and be entitled, under the regulations hereinafter mentioned, to receive such sum as shall be found just and proper, by the testimony adduced.

Rules and regustantiating elaims.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That, in substantiating such claim, the following rules and regulations shall be complied All evidence to with, that is to say: All evidence shall be taken on oath or affirbe taken on mation, before the judge of the district, or one of the judges of judge of the district the territory in which such claimant resides, or before some person specially authorized by commission from said judge.

Decisive disability, &cc. must

Decisive disability, the effect of a known wound or wounds, be proved by the received while in the actual service, and line of duty against the ommanding of common enemy, during the revolutionary war, must be proved ficer, &c. or of two other eredi. by the affidavit of the commanding officer of the regiment, corps, company, ship, vessel, or craft, in which such claimant served; or of two other credible witnesses to the same effect, setting forth the time when, and place where, such known wound or wounds were received, and particularly describing the same.

The nature of the disability, ite. must be proved by the af-fidity it of a repatable physi-

The nature of such disability, and in what degree it prevents the claimant from obtaining his subsistence, must be proved by the affidavit of some reputable physician or surgeon, stating his opinion, either from his own knowledge and acquaintance with the claimant, or from an examination of such claimant on oath or affirmation; which, when necessary for that purpose, shall be administered to said claimant by said judge or commis-And the said physician or surgeon, in his affidavit, shall describe the particularly describe the wound or wounds from whence the disability appears to be derived.

The physician or surgeon to fidavit, &ce

Every claimant must prove, by at least one credible witness, must prove that he continued in service during the whole time for which he was detached, or for which he engaged, unless he was dischargthe whose time was detactive, or left the service in consequence of some derangement of the detached, &c. ed, or left the service in consequence of some derangement of the and his mode of army, or, in consequence of his disability, resigned his commistive and employ. sion; or was, after his disability, in captivity or on parole, until the close of the revolutionary war. And in the same manner must prove his mode of life and employment since he left the service, and the place or places where he has since resided, and his place of residence at the time of taking such testimony.

Every claimant the whole time left the service,

> Every claimant shall, by his affidavit, give satisfactory reasons why he did not make application for a pension before, and that he is not on the pension list of any state; and the judge or commissioner shall certify, in writing, his opinion of the credibility of the witnesses whose affidavits he shall take, in all those cases where, by this act, it is said the proof shall be made by a credible witness or witnesses; and also, that the examining physician or surgeon is reputable in his profession.

Every elaimant to give satisfactory reasons
why he did not
make application for a pension before, &c.

The judge, &c. to certify the eredibility of witness s who affidavits he

, SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the said judge of the district, or person by him commissioned as aforesaid, shall The district transmit a list of such claims, accompanied by the evidence, af- transmit a list fidavits, certificates, and proceedings had thereon in pursuance of the claims, with the evidence, &c. to of this act, noting particularly the day on which the testimony the secretary was closed before him, to the secretary for the department of war, &c. war, that the same may be compared with muster rolls, or other documents, in his office: and the said secretary shall make a The secretary of war to make statement of all such cases, which, together with all the testi- astatement.&c. mony, he shall, from time to time, transmit to congress, with such to congress, with such to congress, with remarks, remarks as he may think proper, that congress may be enabled &c. to place such claimants on the pension list as shall be found entitled to the privilege. And it shall be the duty of the judge, or to permit each commissioner aforesaid, to permit each claimant to take a trans- a transcript of cript of the evidence and proceedings had respecting his claim, the vidence and proceedings if he shall desire it, and to certify the same to be correct.

Sect. 4. And be it further enacted, That every pension, be a processed the real three pension, by virtue of this act, shall commence on the sec. in virtue of

or increase thereof, by virtue of this act, shall commence on the this act, so was day when the claimant shall have completed his testimony beday the claimant completed his testimony. or increase thereof, by virtue of this act, shall commence on the this act, to come

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That an increase of &c. pension may be allowed to persons already placed upon the pen-ion may be alsion list of the United States, for disabilities caused by known lowed to personal list of the United States, for disabilities caused by known lowed to personal list of the Would be list, for disabilities of the list, for disabilities seems already on the list, for disabilities seems already on the list, for disabilities seems all the list, for disabilities seems all listers, seems already on the list, for disabilities seems already on the list, for disabilities seems already on the list for d exceed a full pension.

Every invalid making application for this purpose, shall be application for examined by two reputable physicians or surgeons, to be authoriz- an increase of ed by commission from the judge of the district where such inexamined by
valid resides; who shall report, in writing, on oath or affirmawho are to retion, their opinion of the nature of the applicant's disability, on oath, &c. and in what degree it prevents him from obtaining a subsistence by manual labor; which report shall be transmitted, by said physicians or surgeons, to the secretary for the department of war, who shall compare the same with the documents in his office, and shall make a statement of all such cases, which, together with to be transmit the original report, he shall, from time to time, transmit to con- ted to congress, gress, with such remarks as he may think proper, that they may be enabled to do justice to such pensioners.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That a full pension given A full pension to a commissioned officer, shall be one-half of the stoned officer of the stone of the sto monthly pay, legally allowed, at the time of incurring said disa- monthly pay, bility, to his grade in the forces raised by the United States; and The proportions, less than a full pension, shall be the correspondent proportions of said half pay; and a full pension to a non- A full pension commissioned officer, musician, soldier, marine, or seaman, shall be five dollars a month, and the proportions, less than a full pensioned officer, so the five dollars a month, and the proportions of five dellars a month. sion, shall be the like proportions of five dollars a month; but month, &c. no pension of a commissioned officer shall be calculated at a commissioned higher rate than the half pay of a lieutenant colonel.

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officer to be higher than half pay of a lieut.

Sale, transfer,or

any transfer, Persons swear-ing falsely, to suffer as for wilful and cor

All laws here-tofore passed, authorising per-sons to be pla-erd on the pen-sion list in consognence of ed in the revo-lationary was, repealed; pro-vided, Sec.

This act, so far, &c. limited to

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That the pensions, or Pendon, See at increase thereof, which may be allowed by this act, shall be paid bowed by this act, some manner as pensions to invalids who have been herease parallels to be paid in the same manner as pensions to invalids who have been herease pensions to tofore placed on the pension list are now paid, and under such invalids hereas tofore placed on the pension list are now paid, and under such for placed on restrictions and regulations, in all respects, as are prescribed by

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passage of this act, no sale, transfer, or mortgage, of the whole, or any part, of the pension payable to any noncommissioned ofeers, soldiers, &c. before being ficer, musician, soldier, marine, or seaman, before the same bedat, not valid. Comes due, shall be valid. And every person claiming such pening pensions un sion, or any part thereof, under power of attorney or substituation, shall, before the same is paid, make oath or affirmation, the powershave before some magistrate, legally authorized to take the same, a not been given copy of which, attested by said magistrate, shall be lodged with the person who pays said pension, that such power or substitution is not given by reason of any transfer of such pension, or part thereof. And any person who shall swear or affirm falsely rupt perjury. in the premises, and be the sec. 18, page 99, ful and corrupt perjury.* in the premises, and be thereof convicted, shall suffer as for wil-

SECT. 9. And be it further enacted, That all laws of the United States heretofore passed, so far as they authorize persons to be placed on the pension list of the United States, for, and in consequence of, disabilities derived from known wounds received in the revolutionary war, shall be, and they are hereby, repealed: Provided, That nothing in this repealing clause shall injure, or in any way affect, those persons already upon the pension list of the United States; and that the secretary for the department of war shall proceed upon the testimony which has been transmitted to him by any claimant, before the passage of this act, in the same manner as though this act had never passed.

SECT. 10. And be it further enacted, That this act, so far as six years, see. (PRevived, and it authorizes the admission of persons upon the pension list of continued for the United States, shall remain in force for and during the space continued for the United States, shall remain in force for and during the space of six years, by act of six years from the passage thereof, and no longer: † Provided, 1911; chap. 392, That this limitation shall not affect or impair the right of any That this limitation shall not affect or impair the light invalid who may have completed his testimony, in the manner impair the light prescribed by this act, before this limitation commences its ope-who may have completed his testimony, &c. the department of war. [Approved, April 10, 1806.]

> CHAP. 26. [XXVI.] An act to authorize the secretary of war to issue land warrants; and for other purposes.‡

[† See act of 21st March, 1808; chap. 141, post.] &c. produce evid no., &c.

The secretary of war authorize tatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, litary land war. That the secretary of war be authorized to issue military land rants to persons warrants, to such persons as have or shall, before the first day to be the secretary of war be authorized to issue military land warrants, to such persons as have or shall, before the first day SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of represenof March, one thousand eight hundred and eight, produce to him satisfactory evidence of the validity of their claims; which The warrants, warrants, with those heretofore issued, and not yet satisfied,

shall and may be located in the names of the holders or proprietors thereof, at any time prior to the first day of October, one of the holders, thousand eight hundred and eight, on any unlocated parts of the see at any dime fifty quarter townships and the fractional quarter townships re-

served by law for original holders of military land warrants.

Sect. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty ships &c. reserved, &c. cof the surveyor general, under the direction of the secretary of the treasury, to cause to be surveyed so much of the fifty quarter townships and the fractional quarter townships aforesaid, as towaships, &c. to be surveyed, as may be located according to law, in conformity with the locations made on the plats of the said quarter townships. Provided the whole expense of surveying the same Provise; the townships: Provided, the whole expense of surveying the same whole expense shall not exceed three dollars for every mile actually surveyed.

[Approved, April 15, 1806.] dolls for every mile, &c.

CHAP. 27. [XXVII.] An act for the relief of Gilbert C. Russell.*

[* Private and obsolete.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and nouse of representa-tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That 617 dolls, 95 there be paid to Gilbert C. Russell, late a captain of a company control to Gilbert C. of mounted infantry, of the state of Tennessee, out of any mo-neys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated by law, the sum of six hundred and seventeen dollars and ninety-five cents, for his mexpended so much by him expended to the use of the United States, for and forage for provision and forage, supplied by him, for his men and horses, his men and horses, on a tour of duty from the state of Ten-and for ferriages paid, on a tour of duty from the state of Ten-merse to the Natchez, performed under the order of the presinessee to the Natchez; performed under the order of the president of the United States, by virtue of " An act to enable the president of the United States to take possession of the territories ceded by France to the United States, by the treaty concluded at Paris on the thirtieth of April last, and for the temporary government thereof." [Approved, April 15, 1806.]

† Chap. 344,

CHAP. 28. [XXVIII.] An act to suspend the sale of certain lands in the state of Ohio, and the Indiana territory.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That of the other the operation of the sixth condition of the fifth section of the sixth act, entitled "An act to amend the act, entitled "An act prometion for the lands of the United States northwest is of Oct. 1806, in favor of purchasers who exhibit proof the same is hereby, suspended until the first day of October next, the years actually exhibit satisfactory proof to the register and receiver of this east who exhibit proof that the same is hereby, suspended until the first day of October next, they were actual exhibit satisfactory proof to the register and receiver of this ac, &c. (they are setulated the same is hereby, suspended until the first day of October next, they were actual exhibits satisfactory proof to the register and receiver of this ac, &c. (they are actual settlers on the land so purchased at the time of the sthrong the set of the same actual settlers on the land so purchased at the time of they were actual settlers on the land so purchased at the time of passing this act. [Approved, April 15, 1806.]

Suspended.
y act of 19th by act of 19th Dec. 1806; chap. 1809, sec. 17, chap. 195, post.] No goods, &c. of the descrip-tion mentioned, 1806.

D scription of articles the importation whereof is pro-

CHAP. 29. [XXIX.] An act to prohibit the importation of certain goods, wares, and merchandise.*

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-86, post, and SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-repealed by set tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, from and after the fifteenth day of November next, it shall not be lawful to import into the United States, or the territories thereof, from any port or place situated in Great Britain or Irefrom Great Britain, or in any of the colonies or dependencies of Great Britain, tain. See. after any goods, wares, or merchandise, of the following description, that is to say:

All articles of which leather is the material of chief value:

All articles of which silk is the material of chief value:

All articles of which hemp or flax is the material of chief value: All articles of which tin or brass is the material of chief value, tin in sheets excepted:

Woollen cloths, whose invoice prices shall exceed five shillings

sterling per square yard:

Woollen hosiery of all kinds:

Window glass, and all other manufactures of glass:

Silver and plated wares:

Paper of every description:

Nails and spikes:

Hats:

Clothing ready made:

Millinery of all kinds:

Playing cards:

Beer, ale, and porter; and pictures and prints.

chap. 129, post.] The articles de-Nor shall it be lawful to import into the United States, or the territories thereof, from any foreign port or place whatever, any Britain, &c. not of the above mentioned goods, wares, or merchandise, being of to be imported from any foreign the growth, produce, or manufacture, of Great Britain or Ireland, from any foreign or any of the colonies or dependencies of Great Britain: Proor any of the colonies or dependencies of Great Britain: Pro-Proviso; no ar vided, however, That no articles which shall, within fifteen months after the passing of this act, be imported from any place montus, sec. from any place beyond the Cape of Good Hope, on board any vessel cleared out beyond the cape before the passing of this act, from any port within the United &c. subject to the prohibition. States or the territories thereof, for the said Cape of Good Hope, or any place beyond the same, shall be subject to the prohibition aforesaid.

within afteen

| See act of 87th Feb. 1808;

scribed, being of the produce, &c. of Great

When articles,

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That whenever any artithe importation of which is prohibited by this act, which is prohibited by this act, which is prohibited by this act, shall, after the said fifteenth day of November next, be imported brought into the United States, or the territories thereof, contrary to the United States, act or are put true intent and meaning of this act, or shall, after the said fifon board any with teenth day of November next, be put on board any ship or vessintention of importing the same porting the m. sel, boat, raft, or carriage, with intention of importing the same porting them, set, Doat, rait, or carriage, with the porting them, they are forfeit into the United States, or the territories thereof, all such articles, ed, and the owners liable to pay as well as all other articles on board the same ship or vessel, boat, raft, or carriage, belonging to the owner of such prohibited articles, shall be forfeited, and the owner thereof shall moreover forfeit and pay treble the value of such articles.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That if any article or If any of the prohibited artiprohibited articles, the importation of which is prohibited by this act, shall,

after the said fifteenth day of November next, be put on board any ship or vessel, boat, raft, or carriage, with intention to imon board any
vessel, &c. with
port the same into the United States, or the territories thereof,
them, &c. with
contrary to the true intent and meaning of this act, and with the the knowledge

contrary to the true intent and meaning of this act, and with the the knowledge knowledge of the owner or master of such ship or vessel, boat, raft, or carriage, shall be forfeited, and the owner and master thereof shall, moreover, seek, isolate each, forfeit and pay treble the value of such articles.

Sect. 4. And be it further enacted, That if any article or ar- If any of the ticles, the importation of which is prohibited by this act, and articles prohibited which shall, nevertheless, be on board any ship or vessel, boat, arriving after raft, or carriage, arriving, after the said fifteenth day of November next, in the United States, or the territories thereof, shall be omitted in the manifest, report, or entry, of the master, or the manifest, second or vessel, and are on the person having the charge or command of such ship or vessel, a permit, &c. boat, raft, or carriage, or shall be omitted in the entry of the same penalties are ineurogoods owned by the owner, or consigned to the consignee of such rase of similar articles, or shall be imported or landed, or attempted to be imported or landed, without a permit, the same penalties, fines, and articles liable to drive of similar articles, shall be incurred, and may be recovered, as in the forfeitures, shall be incurred, and may be recovered, as in the case of similar or articles are incurred and may be recovered, as in the case of similar articles, shall be incurred, and may be recovered, as in the case of similar or articles are incurred. forseitures, shall be incurred, and may be recovered, as in the case of similar omission or omissions, landing, importation, or attempt to land or import, in relation to articles liable to duties on their importation into the United States.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That every collector, naval Collectors, naval office rs. &c. officer, surveyor, or other officer of the customs, shall have the to have the like power and authority to seize goods, wares, and merchandise, &c. to seize imported contrary to the intent and meaning of this act, to goods, &c. imported contrary to the intent and meaning of this act, to ported contrary keep the same in custody until it shall have been ascertained as they have in whether the same have been forfeited or not, and to enter any goods, &c. subship or vessel, dwelling house, store, building, or other place, jet to duty. for the purpose of searching for and seizing any such goods, wares, and merchandise, which he or they now have, by law, in relation to goods, wares, and merchandise, subject to duty; and if any person or persons shall conceal or buy any goods, wares, Persons concealing or buyor merchandise, knowing them to be liable to seizure by this ing goods, cc.
act, such person or persons shall, on conviction thereof, forfeit by this act, to
or and pay a sum double the amount or value of the goods, wares, couble the and merchandise, so concealed or purchased.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That the following addi-inserted to the tion shall be inserted to the oath or affirmation taken by the oath taken by masters of ves masters, or persons having the charge or command, of any ship self-articing a territory or vessel arriving at any port of the United States, or the terri-Nov. 1800. tories thereof, after the said fifteenth day of November next, viz: "I further swear (or affirm) that there are not, to the best of my knowledge and belief, on board [insert the denomination and name of the vessel] any goods, wares, or merchandise, the importation of which into the United States, or the territories thereof, is prohibited by law: And I do further swear (or affirm) that if I shall hereafter discover or know of any such goods, wares, or merchandise, on board the said vessel, or which shall have been imported in the same, I will immediately, and without delay, make due report thereof to the collector of the port of this district."

1806. Addition to be inserted, after the 15th Nov. 1806, to the eath taken by im-

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That the following addition be inserted, after the said fifteenth day of November next, to the oath or affirmation taken by importers, consignees, or agents, at the time of entering goods imported into the United States, or the territories thereof, viz: " I also swear (or affirm) that there are not, to the best of my knowledge and belief, amongst the said goods, wares, and merchandise, imported or consigned as aforesaid, any goods, wares, or merchandise, the importation of which into the United States, or the territories thereof, is prohibit-And I do further swear (or affirm) that if I shall hereafter discover any such goods, wares, or merchandise, among st the said goods, wares, and merchandise, imported or consigned as aforesaid, I will immediately, and without delay, report the same to the collector of this district."

eti, etc. in the mainer pre-scribed by the act mentioned. [* Chap. 128, vol. 3.] The penalties. vol. 3.]
The penalties, &c. may be examined, mitigated, &c. as prescribed by the set mentioned.

[† Chap. 361,

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That all penalties and ing under this ed, and shall be distributed and accounted for, in the manner for and recover- prescribed by the act, entitled "An act to act t of duties on imports and tonnage:"* and such penalties and forfeitures may be examined, mitigated, or remitted, in like manner, and under the like conditions, regulations, and restrictions, as are prescribed, authorized, and directed, by the act, entitled "An act to provide for mitigating or remitting the forfeitures, penalties, and disabilities, accruing in certain cases therein mentioned." [Approved, April 18, 1806.]

> CHAP. 30. [XXX.] An act supplementary to the act making provision for the payment of claims of citizens of the United States on the government of France.

The secretary of the treasury paid, at the treasury of the United States, the amount of certain claims of citizens of Bordeaux embargo, in conformity with a certified list of liquidations, attested by the minister of the public treasury of France, &cc.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the secretary of the treasury shall cause to be paid, at the treasury of the United States, the amount of certain claims of citizens of the United States against the government of France, arising the government of liquidations, attested by the minister of the public treasury of of france, and transmitted by the minister of the public treasury of the minister of th United States, at Paris, to the said secretary; which payments shall be made for such sums, respectively, as are stated in the above mentioned list of liquidations, to such persons, respectively, as the accounting officers of the treasury shall determine to be rightfully entitled to the same, and out of the moneys heretofore appropriated for the purpose of discharging the claims of citizens of the United States against the government of France, the payment of which was assumed by the government of the United States, by virtue of the convention of the thirtieth of April, (t Seechap. 356, one thousand eight hundred and three.‡

convention, No. 8, page 142, vol.

[Approved, April 18, 1806.]

CHAP. 31. [XXXI.] An act to suthorize the state of Tennessee to issue grants and perfect titles to certain lands therein described, and to settle . the claims to the vacant and unappropriated lands within the same.

1806.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, for the purpose of defining the limits of the vacant and unappro-ed for defining priated lands in the state of Tennessee, hereafter to be subject vacant and unto the sole and entire disposition of the United States, the fol-appropriated lands in the lowing line be, and hereby is, established, to wit: Beginning at state of Tenne are, &c. the place where the eastern or main branch of Elk river shall in- Description of tersect the southern boundary line of the state of Tennessee; the line. from thence, running due north, until said line shall intersect the northern or main branch of Duck river; thence, down the waters of Duck river, to the military boundary line, as established by the seventh section of an act of the state of North Carolina, entitled "An act for the relief of the officers and soldiers of the continental line, and for other purposes," (passed in the year one thousand seven hundred and eighty-three;) thence, with the military boundary line, west, to the place where it intersects the Tennessee river; thence, down the waters of the river Tennessee, to the place where the same intersects the northern boundary line of the state of Tennessee.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That, upon the senators Epon the sen and representatives from the state of Tennessee, by an instru-tors and r ment signed and sealed by them, respectively, making known Tennessee, by that, in pursuance of the power in them vested, by an act of the signed and sealed to appoint agents to settle the dispute between this state and the claring that all right, &c. which within this state, and to procure the relinquishment of the lands by to the lands by within this state, and to procure the relinquishment of the claim ing west and of the United States to the same," and by a resolution of the enablished, senate and house of representatives of the said state of Tenness-ahall forever essee, and that see, passed in the year one thousand eight hundred and two, as the lands shall remain at the instructions therein; they do, for, and in behalf of the state of sole disposition of the United States, &c. the United States, agree and declare, that all right, title, and claim, which the united States act, agree and declare, that all right, title, and claim, which the united States are thereupon edge. state of Tennessee hath to the lands lying west and south of the and convey to Tennessee, shall thereafter for ever cease; and that the lands and north of the state of state of the lands lying east and south of the state of the lands lying east and north of the lands and north of the state of the lands and north of the state of the lands and north of the lands and north of the lands and north of the lands line, &c. aforesaid shall be and remain at the sole and entire disposition of the United States, and shall be exempted from every disposition or tax made by order, or under the authority of, the state of Tennessee, while the same shall remain the property of the United States, and for the term of five years after the same shall be sold; which said instrument shall be approved by the senate of the United States, and entered at large in their journal, and deposited in the office of the secretary of state; the United States do thereupon cede and convey to the state of Tennessee, all right, title, and claim, which the United States have to the territory of the lands lying east and north of the line hereinbefore established, within the limits of the state of Tennessee, subject to the same conditions as are contained in the act of the ge-

The state of Tennessee to have full power described, &c.
The asynt of stated. 1. Entries of lands, &cc.which might be re-moved, &c. to be located, and the titles per-fected, within the territory ceded to Ten-

neral assembly of the state of North Carolina, entitled "An act for the purpose of ceding to the United States of America certain western lands therein described." And the said state of Tennessee shall thereupon have as full power and authority to and perfect ti-ties of lands by the before described line, within the limits of the said state, as ing east and north of the line congress now have, or the state of Tennessee might have, by virtue of an act of the state of North Carolina, entitled "An eongress given act to authorize the state of Tennessee to perfect titles to lands to an act of the state of North reserved to this state by the cession act," to which said act the clarified the state of Tennics to lands as the clarified the state assent of congress is hereby given, so far as is necessary to carry of Tennessee to into effect the objects of this compact; subject, nevertheless, to lands reserved, the following express conditions; that is to say:

Trist. That all entries of lands, rights of location, and war-

First. That all entries of lands, rights of location, and warrants of surveys, and all interfering locations, which might be removed by the aforesaid act of cession of the state of North Carolina, and which are good and valid in law, and which were not actually located west and south of the hereinbefore described line, before the twenty-fifth day of February, one thousand seven hundred and ninety, and all interfering grants which are good and valid in law, and which have been located east and north of the said line, shall be located, and the titles thereto perfected, within the territory hereby ceded to the state of Tennessee.

Secondly. That the state of Tennessee shall appropriate one hundred thousand acres, which shall be located in one entire tract, within the limits of the lands reserved to the Cherokee In-See for the use dians, by an act of the state of North Carolina, entitled "An act for opening the land office for the redemption of specie and other certificates, and discharging the arrears due to the army," passed in the year one thousand seven hundred and eighty-three, and shall be for the use of two colleges, one in East and one in West Tennessee, to be established by the legislature thereof. And one hundred thousand acres, in one tract, within the limits last aforesaid, for the use of academies, one in each county in said state, to be established by the legislature thereof; which said several tracts shall be located on lands to which the Indian title has been extinguished, and subject to the disposition of the legislature of the state, but shall not be granted or sold for less than two dollars per acre. And the proceeds of the sales of the lands aforesaid shall be vested in funds for the respective uses aforesaid, for ever. And the state of Tennessee shall, moreover, in issuing grants and perfecting titles, locate six hundred issing grants, over, in issuing grants and position and forty acres to every six miles square in the territory hereby acres to every and forty acres to every six filles quare in the territory hereby six filles quare, ceded, where existing claims will allow the same, which shall be where, see. for schools, &c.
Provisionothing dren, for ever: Provided, That nothing contained in this act shall feet the Indian be construed to affect the Indian title. States to the expense of extinguishing the same. And provided, also, That the lowest price of all lands granted or sold within the ceded territory, shall be the same as shall be established by congress for the lands of the United States: And provided, nevertheless, That the people residing in said state, south of French

2. The state of Tennessee to appropriate 100,000 acres, in one entire tract, &c.

nessee.

And 100,000 acres, in one tract, ecc. for the use of academies one in each county in the state, &c.

The state of Tennessee, in Proviso; the lowest price of lands sold with-in the ceded territory to be tablished by congress, &c.

Broad and Holston, and West of Big Pigeon rivers, provided for by the constitution of the state of Tennessee, shall be secured in their respective rights of occupancy and pre-emption, and shall receive titles for such quantities as they may respectively secured in their respectively claim, including their improvements, not exceeding six hundred in their respective rights, and receive titles for the quantities they have here tofore claimed, respectively, according to their conditional lines, they claim, &c. where such have been established, at a price not less than one dollar per acre. And provided further, 'That nothing herein Proviso; nothing herein to enable contained shall be construed to enable any person or persons, unapperson, until authorized by the legislature of the state of Tennessee, to locate any warrant issued under the authority of the state of locate any warrant issued under the limits of the lands reserved to the der the authority of North Carolina, within the limits of the act of said state, and within the entitled "An act for opening the land office for the redemption limits of the lands reserved to lands reserved to the lands reserved to lands rese of specie and other certificates, and discharging the arrears due the Cherokees, to the army," passed in the year one thousand seven hundred and eighty-three.

and eighty-three.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That if the territory hereinbefore ceded to the state of Tennessee, shall not contain a sufecided to Tennessee
ficient quantity of land fit for cultivation, according to the true
contain a sufficient quantity of land fit for cultivation, according to the true
intent and meaning of the original act of cession, including the
land, &c. to perfect estimate
leads within the limits reserved by the state of North Carolina
and learne to perfect all existing legal claims ongress to proto the Cherokee Indians, to perfect all existing legal claims on the conditions contained in this act of ces-vide by law, &c. sion, congress will hereafter provide by law, for perfecting such as cannot be located in the territory aforesaid, out of the lands

lying west or south of the before described line.

[Approved, April 18, 1806.]

CHAP. 32 [XXXII.] An act authorizing a detachment from the militia of [*Expired. Supplied by act of Soth March, 1808; chap. 145, 1809.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That subject of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized, at such time as he shall deem necessary, to require of the executives of the several states to take effectual measures to or executives of the several states to ganize, arm, and equip, according to law, and hold in readiness to take effectual to march at a moment's warning, their respective proportions of measures to one hundred thousand militia, officers included; to be apportioned by the president of the United States, by the militia returns to be apportionated by the last warning of the last warning to take the last warning to law, and hold in readiness so take effectual measures to or executives of the several states to exercise the several states to take effectual measures to or save and the last warning to take effectual measures to or save and the last warning to take effectual measures to or save and the last warning to take effectual measures to or save and the last warning to take effectual measures to or save and the last warning to take effectual measures to or save and the last warning to take effectual measures to or save and the last warning to the la of the last year, in cases where such returns were made, and, in ed by the presidences where such returns were not made the last year, by such dent, &co. other data as he shall judge equitable.

other data as he shall judge equitable.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the president may, The president may authorize if he shall judge it expedient, authorize the executives of the may authorize the several states to accept, as part of the said detachment, any corps of volunteers who shall engage to continue in service six months the detachment, any corps of volunteers, the place of rendezvous.

after they arrive at the place of rendezvous.

&c. to be officerpresent militia neral officers.

The detachment serve longer the army.

The president authorized to call into actual service any part, or the whole, of the detachment, &c.

2.000,000 dolls. appropriated for the pay and sub-sistence of such part of the detachment as may be called into service.

[* Chap. 345, vol. 3.]

is hereby, repealed.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the detachment of The detachment, militia and volunteers aforesaid, shall be officered out of the present militia officers, or others, at the option and direction of the constitutional authority in each state, respectively, the president others, &c.,
The president to of the United States apportioning the general officers among the apportion the ge respective states as he may deem proper.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the said detachnot compelled to ment shall not be compelled to serve a longer time than six than six months, months after they arrive at the place of rendezvous; and that, ec. and entitled to the same pay, during the time of their service, they shall be entitled to the rations, &c. as same pay, rations, and allowance for clothing, that are established by law as the pay, rations, and allowance for clothing, of the army of the United States.

> SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to call into actual service any part, or the whole, of the said detachment, when he shall judge the exigencies of the United States require it; if a part of the said detachment only shall be called into actual service, they shall be taken from such part thereof as the president in his discretion shall deem most proper.

lars be, and are hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, for the pay and subsistence of such part of the said detachment as may be called into service. And be it further enacted, That an act, entitled The act mentioned, repealed. "An act directing a detachment from the militia of the United States, and for erecting certain arsenals,"* approved the third of March, one thousand eight hundred and three, be, and the same

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That two millions of dol-

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That this act shall con-This act to be in SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That this act shall con-tore until the sand be in force for the term of two years from the passing thereof, and no longer. [Approved, April 18, 1806.]

CHAP. 33. [XXXIII.] An act making appropriations for the support of go-[† Obsolete.] vernment, for the year one thousand eight hundred and six.†

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, sums appropi for the expenditure of the civil list, in the present year, includated for the objects mentioned, ing the contingent expenses of the several departments and officers; for the compensation of the several loan officers and their clerks. and for books and stationery for the same; for the payment of annuities and grants; for the support of the mint establishment; for the expenses of intercourse with foreign nations; for the support of lighthouses, beacons, buoys, and public piers; for the defraying the expenses of surveying the public lands in the territories of Indiana and Mississippi; and for satisfying certain miscellaneous claims, the following sums be, and the same hereby are, respectively, appropriated; that is to say:

For compensations granted by law to the members of the For members of senate and house of representatives, their officers, and attendants, congress, &c.

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ated for the ob-

'n

estimated for a session of four months and a half continuance, 1806. two hundred thousand five hundred and eighty-five dollars.

For the expense of firewood, stationery, printing, and all For contingent other contingent expenses of the two houses of congress, thir- expenses of congress. ty-two thousand dollars.

For all contingent expenses of the library, and librarian's al- For contingent expenses of the lowance for the year one thousand eight hundred and six, four library, &c. hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation to the president and vice president of the For the president and vice United States, thirty thousand dollars.

For compensation to the secretary of state, clerks, and per-For the secreta-sons employed in that department, including the sum of twelve clerks, &cc. hundred dollars for compensation to his clerks, in addition to the sum allowed by the act of the second of March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine,* twelve thousand five hundred [* See chap. 146, vol. 3.] and sixty dollars.

For the incidental and contingent expenses of the said departgent expenses
of the department of state. ment, four thousand two hundred dollars.

For printing and distributing copies of the laws of the first For printing session of the ninth congress, and printing the laws in newspa- the laws, &c. pers, eight thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

For special messengers charged with despatches, two thou- For special messengers with despatches. sand dollars.

For compensation to the secretary of the treasury, clerks, for the secreand persons employed in his office, including those engaged on sury, clerks, the business belonging to the late office of the commissioner of the revenue, twelve thousand three hundred dollars.

For the expense of translating of foreign languages, allowance For translating to the person employed in receiving and transmitting passports guages, &c. and sealetters, stationery, and printing, one thousand dollars.

For compensation to the comptroller of the treasury, clerks, for the compand and persons employed in his office, twelve thousand nine hunter treasury, clerks, troller of the treasury, clerks, trolle dred and seventy-seven dollars and eight cents.

For expense of stationery, printing, and incidental and con-wor contingent expenses of the comptroller's office, eight hundred dollars.

For compensation to the auditor of the treasury, clerks, and For the auditor, persons employed in his office, twelve thousand two hundred and clerks, &c. twenty dollars and ninety-three cents.

For expense of stationery, printing, and incidental and contin- For contingent expenses in the gent expenses in the office of the auditor of the treasury, five auditor's office, hundred dollars.

For compensation to the treasurer, clerks, and persons em- For the treasurployed in his office, six thousand two hundred and twenty-seven dollars and forty-five cents.

For the expense of stationery, printing, and incidental and conexpenses in the tingent expenses in the treasurer's office, three hundred dollars. treasurer's office.

For compensation to the register of the treasury, clerks, and For the registers of the treasury of the treasurer's office.

For compensation to the register of the treasury, clerks, and For the registers, exc. dollars.

For expense of stationery and printing in the register's office, For stationery and printing in (including books for the public stock, and for the arrangement the register's office. of the marine papers) two thousand eight hundred dollars.

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For compensation to the secretary of the commissioners of the

For the secreta- sinking fund, two hundred and fifty dollars. For compensation to the clerks employed for the purpose of usioners of the sinking fund.
For clerks em. making draughts of the several surveys of land in the territory ployed in making of the United States northwest of the river Ohio, and in keeping draughts of lands ing the books of the treasury in relation to the sales of lands at the several land offices, three thousand four hundred dollars.

For contingent exp. uses of the treasury deartment. For stating and

For fuel and other contingent expenses of the treasury department, four thousand dollars.

For defraying the expenses incident to the stating and printing printing the public accounts, for the year one thousand eight hundred and six, one thousand two hundred dollars.

For books, maps, &ce. for partment.

For purchasing books, maps, and charts, for the use of the treasury de- treasury department, four hundred dollars.

For a superin-tend nt of the treasury buildings, watchmen,

For compensation to a superintendent employed to secure the buildings and records of the treasury, during the year one thousand eight hundred and six, including the expense of two watchmen, and for the repair of two fire engines, buckets, lanterns, and other incidental expenses, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For the secretary of war, clerks, &c.

For compensation to the secretary of war, clerks, and persons employed in his office, eleven thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

For contingent expenses of the offic of the setreiary of war, Sec.

For the expense of fuel, stationery, printing, and other contingent expenses of the office of the secretary of war, one thousand dollars.

For the accountant of the war department, clerks, &cc.

For compensation to the accountant of the war department, clerks, and persons employed in his office, ten thousand nine hundred and ten dollars.

For contingent expenses in the accountant's office.

For contingent expenses in the office of the accountant of the war department, one thousand dollars.

For clerks in the paymaster's

For compensation to clerks employed in the paymaster's office, one thousand eight hundred dollars.

For fuel in the same. For the purve yFor fuel in the said office, ninety dollars.

or, clerks, &c.

For compensation to the purveyor of public supplies, clerks, and persons employed in his office, including a sum of twelve hundred dollars, for compensation to his clerks, in addition to the sum allowed by the act of the second day of March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine,* and for expense of stationery, store rent, and fuel, for the said office, four thousand six hundred dollars.

5° See chap. 146, vol. 3.]

For expenses incidental to the removal of the purveyor's office For expense of For expense or removing the to Germantown, during the prevalence of the formation of the first to German-Philadelphia, in the year one thousand eight hundred and five,

For the secreta-

For compensation to the secretary of the navy, clerks, and ry of the navy, persons employed in his office, including the sum of seven hundred dollars, in addition to the sum of four thousand two hundred dollars, allowed by the act of the second of March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine, in nine thousand eight hundred and ten dollars.

[† See chap. 146 vol. 3.]

For contingent expenses in the offic of the seermary of the navy.

For expense of fuel, stationery, printing, and other contingent expenses in the office of the secretary of the navy, two thousand dollars.

For compensation to the accountant of the navy, clerks, and persons employed in his office, including the sum of one thou- For the accountant of the sand one hundred dollars for compensation to his clerks, in addi-navy, clerks, &c. tion to the sum allowed by the act of the second of March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine,* ten thousand four hun[* See chap.
146, vol. 3.] dred and ten dollars.

For contingent expenses in the office of the accountant of the For contingent expenses in the vev, seven hundred and fifty dollars. navy, seven hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation to the postmaster general, assistant post- for the postmaster general, assistant postmatter general, master general, clerks, and persons employed in the postmas-assistant, clerks, ter general's office, including a sum of four thousand five &c. hundred and ninety-five dollars, for compensation to his clerks, in addition to the sum allowed by the act of the second of March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine,† thirteen [† See chap. 146, vol. 3.]

thousand nine hundred and fifty-five dollars. For expense of fuel, candles, house rent for the messenger, for fuel, candles, stationery, chests, &c. exclusive of expenses of prosecution, &c. for the generateaus, mail locks, and other expenses incident to the department, these being paid for by the postmaster general out of

the funds of the office, two thousand five hundred dollars. For compensation to the several loan officers, thirteen thou- for the loan officers.

sand two hundred and fifty dollars.

For expenses incurred by removal of the loan office from New For expense of York, during the prevalence of the epidemic fever, in the year loan office from New York during the epidemic fever, the new York during the prevalence of the epidemic fever, in the year loan office from New York during the prevalence of the epidemic fever, in the year loan office from New York during the prevalence of the epidemic fever, in the year loan office from New York during the epidemic fever, the new York during the epidemic fever fever

ladelphia, during the prevalence of the epidemic fever, in the loan office from year one thousand eight hundred and five, one hundred dollars. Philadelphia for compensation to the clerks of the several commissioners demic fever, keeping and an allowance that the several commissioners of loans and an allowance that the several commissioners for clerks of the several commissioners.

of loans, and an allowance to certain loan officers, in lieu of clerk the commissioners of loans, hire, and to defray the authorized expenses of the several loan &c. offices, thirteen thousand dollars.

For defraying the expense of clerk hire in the office of the For expense of clerk hire in the commissioner of loans of the state of Pennsylvania, in consequence of the removal of the offices of the treasury department, solvania, in consin the year one thousand eight hundred, to the permanent seat of sequence of the government, two thousand dollars.

For compensation to the surveyor general, and the clerks emout of the treatury departs oved by him, and for expense of ex ployed by him, and for expense of stationery and other contin- or general, gencies of the surveyor general's office, three thousand two hundred dollars.

For compensation to the surveyor of the lands south of the For the survey-state of Tennessee, clerks employed in his office, stationery, and of the save, other contingencies, three thousand two hundred dollars.

cierks, &c.

For compensation to the officers of the mint:

The director, two thousand dollars:

The treasurer, one thousand two hundred dollars:

The assayer, one thousand five hundred dollars: The chief coiner, one thousand five hundred dollars:

The melter and refiner, one thousand five hundred dollars:

The engraver, one thousand two hundred dollars;

One clerk, at seven hundred dollars;

For the officers of the mint. Director.

Treasurer.

Assaver. Chief coiner. Melter and re-

Engraver. Clerks.

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And two, at five hundred dollars each.

For the wages of persons employ-ed in the mint.

For the wages of persons employed in the different branches of melting, coining, carpenter's, millwright's, and smith's work, including the sum of eight hundred dollars per annum, allowed to an assistant coiner and die forger, who also oversees the execution of the iron work, six thousand two hundred dollars.

For repairs of furnaces, &c. and other contingen-cies of the mint.

For the repairs of furnaces, costs of rollers and screws, timber, bar iron, lead, steel, potash, and for all other contingencies of the mint, four thousand two hundred dollars.

For the governor, judges, and secretary, of the territory of Or-leans, &c.

For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of the territory of Orleans, including the sum of two thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars, for the salaries from the first of October to the thirty-first of December, one thousand eight hundred and four, fifteen thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.

For incidental and contingent expenses of the executive officers of the Orleans territory,

For incidental and contingent expenses of the executive officers of the said territory, including the sum of eight hundred and fifty dollars, a deficiency in the appropriation for one thousand eight hundred and five, and for express hire, and compensation of an Indian interpreter, three thousand seven hundred dollars.

For the govern-or, judges, &c. of the Mississippi

For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of the Mississippi territory, five thousand nine hundred and fifty dollars.

For contingent expenses in the Mississippi ter-ritory, &c.

For expense of stationery, office rent, and other contingent expenses in the said territory, and to make good a deficiency in the appropriations for the years one thousand eight hundred and four, and one thousand eight hundred and five, five hundred and eighty-two dollars and fifty cents.

For the govern or, judges, &cc. of the Indiana **terr**itory, &cc.

For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of the Indiana territory, five thousand one hundred and fifty dollars.

For contingent perritorial expenses, &cc.

For expenses of stationery, office rent, and other contingent expenses in the said territory, three hundred and fifty dollars.

For the govern-or, judges, &c. of the Michigan territory, &c.

For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of the Michigan territory, including a deficiency of two thousand five hundred and seventy-five dollars, in the appropriation for the year one thousand eight hundred and five, for the support of the said government, seven thousand seven hundred and twentyfive dollars.

For the contin

For expenses of stationery, office rent, and other contingent fent exposes in expenses in the said territory, including the sum of six hundred the Michigan and forty dollars, to defray similar expenses, and others attendand forty dollars, to defray similar expenses, and others attending the organization of the government, in the year one thousand eight hundred and five, nine hundred and ninety dollars.

For the governterritory, &c.

For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of or, judges, &c. the Louisiana territory, including a deficiency of two thousand five hundred and seventy-five dollars in the appropriation for the year one thousand eight hundred and five, for the support of the said government, seven thousand seven hundred and twenty-five dollars.

For contingent expenses in the Louisiana terri-

For expenses of stationery, office rent, and other contingent expenses in the said territory, for the years one thousand eight hundred and five, and one thousand eight hundred and six, five 1806.

hundred and twenty-five dollars.

For the discharge of such demands against the United States, Forthedischarge on account of the civil department, not otherwise provided for, otherwise groups aball have been admitted in a due course of settlement at the vided for, be as shall have been admitted in a due course of settlement at the admitted at the treasury, and which are of a nature, according to the usage there- treasury, &c. of, to require payment in specie, two thousand dollars.

For additional compensation to the clerks of the several de-For additional partments of state, treasury, war, and navy, and of the general the clerks of post office, not exceeding, for each department, respectively, fifthe several department, in addition to the sums allowed by the act, enal of the general post office, titled "An act to regulate and fix the compensation of clerks," not exceeding 15 per cent. &c.

eleven thousand eight hundred and eighty-five dollars.

For compensation granted by law to the chief justice, asso- For the judges, ciate judges, and district judges, of the United States, including general, &c. the chief justice, and two associate judges of the district of Columbia; to the attorney general, and to the judge of the district of Orleans, including a deficiency in the appropriation for his compensation in the year one thousand eight hundred and four, fifty-six thousand four hundred dollars.

For the like compensation granted to the several district at- For the district torneys of the United States, three thousand four hundred dol-

lars.

For compensation to the marshals of the districts of Maine, For the marshals New Hampshire, Vermont, Kentucky, Ohio, East and West mentioned. Tennessee, and Orleans, one thousand six hundred dollars.

For defraying the expenses of the supreme, circuit, and dis- for defraying the expenses of trict, courts of the United States, including the district of Colum-outrie, jurors, bia, and of jurors and witnesses, in aid of the funds arising from said of the funds fines, forfeitures, and penalties, and likewise for defraying the fines, ic. expenses of prosecution for offences against the United States, and for safe keeping of prisoners, forty thousand dollars.

For the payment of sundry pensions granted by the late go- For pension, &c.

vernment, nine hundred dollars.

For the payment of an annuity granted to the children of the For the annuity late colonel John Harding, and major Alexander Trueman, by children of col. an act of congress, passed the fourteenth of May, one thousand and major Alexander Trueman. eight hundred,† six hundred dollars.

For the payment of the annual allowance to the invalid pen- († See ch. 235, sioners of the United States, from the fifth of March, one thou- For the annual sand eight hundred and six, to the fourth of March, one thousand invalid pensions.

eight hundred and seven, ninety-eight thousand dollars.

For the maintenance and support of lighthouses, beacons, por the support buoys, and public piers, and stakeage of channels, bars, and beacons, &c. shoals, and certain contingent expenses, eighty-one thousand and

eighty-eight dollars and two cents.

For the payment of a commission of two and a half per cent. For the payment of two and a to the commissioners who superintended the erection of public half per cent. to the commissioners who superintended the element of the commission. piers in the river Delaware, four hundred and forty-eight dollars en who superintended the and seventy-one cents.

For fixing buoys in Long Island Sound, in addition to the lection of pers in the Delaware, ms heretofore appropriated for that object. sums heretofore appropriated for that object, one thousand three hundred and forty-two dollars and thirty-four cents.

Additional, for fixing buoys in Long Island Sound.

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with foreign na-tions. For intercourse

For contingent expenses of in-tercourse with foreign nations. For contingent expenses of in-tercourse with the Barbary powers.
Additional for carrying into effect the 6th article of the British treaty [* See page 209, vol. 1.] Towards completing surveys of public lands, For the discharge of miscellaneous wise provided for, &c. admitted at the treasury, &c.

Additional for to the investiga-[† See page 143, seamen. For the salaries don, &c. for pro-secuting claims, lars. For the amount admitted at the treasury as due, &cc. to the repre-sentatives of the te baron de

Beaumarchais,

N.C.

For expenses of intercourse with foreign nations, thirty-nine For intercourse thousand and fifty dollars.

For the expenses of the intercourse between the United States For intercourse with the Barbary powers, including the compensation of the conpowers, &c. suls at the several Rarbary powers. suls at the several Barbary powers, forty-nine thousand five hundred d ollars.

> For the contingent expenses of the intercourse with foreign nations, twenty-six thousand nine hundred and fifty dollars.

> For the contingent expenses of intercourse with the Barbary powers, fifty thousand dollars:

> For defraying the expense of carrying into effect the sixth article of the British treaty,* in addition to the sums heretofore appropriated for that purpose, seven thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.

> Towards completing the surveys of public lands in the state of Ohio, and in the Indiana, and Mississippi territories, one hundred and twenty thousand dollars.

For the discharge of such miscellaneous claims against the claims not other. United States, not otherwise provided for, as shall have been admitted in due course of settlement at the treasury, and which are of a nature, according to the usage thereof, to require payment in specie, four thousand dollars.

For defraying the expenses incident to the investigation of penses incident claims under the French convention of the thirtieth of April, to me investigation of claims unone thousand eight hundred and three, in addition to the sums der the French convention, &c. heretofore appropriated to that purpose, six thousand dollars.

For the relief and protection of distressed American seamen, For the relief, seven thousand five hundred dollars.

For the salaries of the agents at London, Paris, and Madrid, of agents at Lon- for prosecuting claims in relation to captures, six thousand dol-

> For the amount admitted at the treasury as due, on the first of January, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-one, to the legal representatives of the late baron de Beaumarchais, for military stores furnished the United States during the late war, including interest on the same, a sum not exceeding seventynine thousand dollars.

For exploring the waters of the country ceded by the conven-For exploring the water of the thirtieth of April, one thousand eight hundred and the French con- three, and establishing commerce with the Indian tribes invention, &c.

[t See page 134, habiting the same, five thousand dollars.

vol. 1.]

The preeding

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted,

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the several approappropriations to be paid out of priations hereinbefore made, shall be paid and discharged out of the fund reserve the fund of six hundred thousand dollars, reserved by an act [1] See thap, 61, making provision for the debt of the United States, § and out of moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, April 18, 1806.]

CHAP. 34. [XXXIV.] An act making provision for the compensation of witnesses who attended the trial of the impeachment of Samuel Chase."

1806. Obsolete.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, to every witness summoned to attend the trial of the impeach-3 dolls. per day ment of Samuel Chase, there shall be allowed and paid, for every ness who atday's attendance upon the said trial, the sum of three dollars; of Samuel Chase, and also, for mileage, at the rate of twelve and an half cents for severy mile distance coming to the city of Washington, and returning to the usual place of residence of the witnesses, respector every mile. tively.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty The secretary of the secretary of the senate to ascertain and certify the amount of the senate to ascertain and certify the amount of the senate to ascertain and due to each witness for attendance and mileage; which certificate certify the shall be a sufficient voucher to entitle the witness to receive from the treasury of the United States the amount certified to be due, the certificate to be sufficient voucher. See the contract of the serious contract of the senate to ascertain and certify the amount of the senate to ascertain and certify the amount of the senate to ascertain and certify the amount of the senate to ascertain and certify the senate to ascertain and certificate to ascertain and certifica unless otherwise ordered by the senate.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the sum of six thou- 6,000 dolls. apsand dollars be appropriated to defray the expenses to be incur- defray the exred under the provisions of this act, to be paid out of any money under this act, in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, April 21, 1806.]

CHAP. 35. [XXXV.] An act in addition to an act, entitled "An act supplementary to the act providing for a naval peace establishment, and for other purposes."

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, sections of the That the second and fourth sections of "An act providing for a repealed." naval peace establishment, and for other purposes," t be, and the [t Chap. 245, vol. 3.] same are hereby, repealed.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the president of the The president United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to keep in actual keep in actual service, in time of peace, so many of the frigates and other puboff peace, as malic armed vessels of the United States, as in his judgment the ay frigates. Reconstruction of the service may require, and to cause the residue thereof may require.

to be laid up in ordinary in convenient ports.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the public armed vessels of the United States, in actual service, in time of peace, shall be officered and manned as the president of the United States shall direct: Provided, That the officers shall not exceed the following numbers and grades, that is to say: thirteen captains, we say the president directs president directs and one hundred as the president directs and one hundred as the president directs. nine masters commandant, seventy-two lieutenants, and one hun- officers to re dred and fifty midshipmen: but the said officers shall receive no more than half pay more than half their monthly pay, during the time when they when not under orders, &c. shall not be under orders for actual service: And provided far- proviso; the ther, That the whole number of able seamen, ordinary seamen, whole number of seamen, &c. and boys, shall not exceed nine hundred and twenty-five; but the not to exceed 925, &c. president may appoint, for the vessels in actual service, so many

surgeons, surgeon's mates, sailing masters, chaplains, pursers, boatswains, gunners, sailmakers, and carpenters, as may in his opinion be necessary and proper. [Approved, April 21, 1806.]

CHAP. 36. [XXXVI.] This act relates entirely to the district of Columbia. See act of 18th April, 1814; sec. 1, chap. 657, post.

Private and bsolete.]

CHAP, 37. [XXXVII.] An act for the temporary relief of Hamet Cara-

,400 dolls, to be

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the sum of two thousand four hundred dollars be, and is hereby, appropriated, to be paid out of any industry applied, under the direction of sury, not otherwise appropriated, to be applied, under the direction of sury, not otherwise appropriated, to be applied, under the direction of the United States, to the immediate and the president, to the president of the United States, to the immediate and relief of Hames temporary relief of Hames Caramalli, &c. temporary relief of Hames Caramalli, &c. [Approved, April 21, 1806.]

[† Obsolett, See orig. act, of 25th March, 1804; chap. 399, vol. S. See, also, act the 3d March, 1807. [‡ Chep. 309. Vol. 3.]

CHAP. 38. [XXXVIII.] An act continuing in force for a further time, the first section of the act, entitled "An act further to protect the commerce and seamen of the United States against the Barbary powers."†

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That so much of the act passed on the twenty-fifth day of March, one The list sections thousand eight hundred and four, entitled "An act further to of the action pro-of the action proagainst in Bar- the Barbary powers," t as is contained in the first section of the bary powers, continued until said act, be, and the same hereby is, continued in force until the end of the next session of congress, and no longer.

[Approved, April 21, 1806.]

[§ See orig. act, of 3d March. 1805; chap. 440, voi 3. Persons claim. ed to, and who most ther on prior to the 1st of Oct 1800, and continued to inhabit and cultivate the

CHAP. 39. [XXXIX.] An act supplementary to an act, entitled "An act for ascertaining and adjusting the titles and claims to land within the territory of Orleans, and the district of Louisiana."

land by virtue of the United States of America in congress assembled, of the set of land by virtue of the United States of America in congress assembled, That every person or persons claiming a tract of land, by virtue had commenced an actual settle of the second section of the act to which this act is a supplement, and who had commenced an actual settlement on such tract, prior to the first day of October, one thousand eight hundred, and had continued actually to inhabit and cultivate the same, during the term of three years from the time when such actual years, so, 16 be settlement had commenced, and prior to the twentieth day of baring made the baring made the December, eighteen hundred and three, shall be considered as settlement had commenced, and prior to the twentieth day of having made such settlement with the permission of the proper Spanish officer, although it may not be in the power of such per-son or persons to produce sufficient evidence of such permission. Spanish officer,

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That every person or per- Fersons rights. sons rightfully claiming a tract of land, not exceeding six hunfully claiming a tract of land, not exceeding six huna tract not as
a creating supplement, shall be confirmed in his or their claims, if otherwise embraced by the provisions of the said act, although the confirmed, &c.
person or persons, under whom the claim or claims originated, https://doi.org/10.1009/j.cc.
although, &c.
press not at the time when the come activated although the confirmed at the confirmed activated although the confirmed at the confirmed activated although the confirmed activated although the confirmed activated although the confirmed activated activat were not, at the time when the same originated, above the age of years of age twenty-one years: Provided, That the tract of land thus elaimed, had been, for the space of ten consecutive years, prior to the twentieth day of December, eighteen hundred and three, in the quiet possession of, and actually inhabited and cultivated by, such person or persons, or for his or their use.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the time fixed by the Thedre fixed act to which this act is a supplement, for delivering to the regist restricted in writing, the regist restricted in writing, and the written to had in the territory of Orleans, be, and the territory of Orleans, be, and the same is hereby, extended till the first day of January next; the same is hereby, extended till the first day of January next; the same is hereby and the territory of Orleans, extended to the lat January delivering such notices and evidences, shall be enand persons delivering such notices and evidences, shall be en- 1807, &c. titled to the same benefits as if the same had been delivered prior to the first day of March last; but the rights of such persons as The rights of shall neglect so doing, within the time limited by this act, shall be log. See beared, and the action of their claims across often admitted on the state of their claims across of their claims. barred, and the evidences of their claims never after admitted as evidence, in the same manner as had been provided by the fourth section of the act to which this act is a supplement, in relation to claims, notices, and written evidences of which, should not be

delivered prior to the said first day of March last.* Sect. 4. And be it further enacted, That the registers of the The registers of land offices in the territory of Orleans, respectively, be, and they in the territory are hereby, authorized to appoint so many deputies, not exceed point deputies. ing one for each county, in their respective districts, as they may be think necessary; whose duty it shall be to receive, enter, and Deputies to receive, enter, and to receive and record written evidences of file notices, and claims to lands lying in the county, or counties, to them respectively assigned, in the same manner as the register might do; and also, to transmit to the register the said notices and evidences, or such transcripts of abstracts of the same, as the said register, or the commissioners, may direct; and, generally, to do and perform all such acts, in relation to such claims, as the said register may direct. Persons having claims to land may deliver Persons having claims to land the notices and evidences of the same, at their option, either to may diver the notices, see the register of the proper land office, or to his deputy, for the either to there county in which such land lies; and each of the said deputies deputy, see shall be entitled to receive the recording fees allowed to the register by the act to which this act is a supplement, and in addigister by the act to which this act is a supplement, and in addigister by the act to which this act is a supplement, and in addition thereto, (or a compensation of five hundred dollars in full for all his services,) at the rate of one dollar for every claim filed with him, to be paid out of the moneys appropriated for carrying into effect the act to which this act is a supplement.

The commistaining the to, &c. Transcripts of decisions and re-ports of claims filed, &c. to be ande and transmitted, &c. claims to a double or addigrants, &cc. or &c. and make special report to be laid before congress, &cc.

vices to be per-formed under this net, &c. Each commispensation to a not to exceed 2,000 dolb. Proviso; the president may reduce the number of commisnoners, &c. The r maining commissioners to have the same pow rs, &c. The clerk of erive at the rate rate of 600, and agents at the rate of 1,500 dolls. a year. Proviso, not than one ck rk, &c. Proviso; the se-cretary of the

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That the commissioners appointed for the purpose of ascertaining the rights of persons claiming lands in the territory of Orleans, shall, in their respective rights of persons districts, have the same powers, and perform the same duties, the territory of in relation to the claims thus filed before the first day of Janua-Orleans, to have, orients, to have, ry next, as if notice of the same had been given before the first tive districts, the day of March last, and as was provided by the act to which this act referred act is a supplement, in relation to the claims therein described. Transcripts of the decisions of the said commissioners, and reports of the claims filed in conformity with the provisions of this act, shall be made and transmitted, as was provided, by the act to which this act is a supplement, in relation to the claims The commis-stoners to inquire therein described. It shall likewise be the duty of the said cominto the nature missioners to inquire into the nature and extent of the claims which may arise from a right, or supposed right, to a double or tional concession additional concession on the back of grants or concessions heretofore made, or from grants or concessions heretofore made to minors, and not embraced by the provisions of this act, or from made to minors, grants or concessions made by the Spanish government, subsequent to the first day of April, one thousand eight hundred, for lands which were actually settled and inhabited on the twentieth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and three; and to make a special report thereon to the secretary of the treasury; which report shall be, by him, laid before congress at their next The lands embraced by such braced by the re- ensuing session. And the lands which may be embraced by such port not to be report shall not be otherwise disposed of, until a decision of congress decide. congress shall have been had thereupon.*

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That each of the regis-Bach register to ters aforesaid shall, in addition to his other emoluments, receive the ters aforesaid shall, in addition to his other emoluments, receive the ters aforesaid shall, in addition to his other emoluments, receive the ters aforesaid shall, in addition to his other emoluments, receive the ters aforesaid shall, in addition to his other emoluments, receive the ters aforesaid shall, in addition to his other emoluments, receive the ters aforesaid shall, in addition to his other emoluments, receive the ters aforesaid shall, in addition to his other emoluments, receive the ters aforesaid shall, in addition to his other emoluments, receive the ters aforesaid shall, in addition to his other emoluments, receive the ters aforesaid shall, in addition to his other emoluments, receive the ters aforesaid shall, in addition to his other emoluments, receive the ters aforesaid shall, in addition to his other emoluments, receive the ters aforesaid shall, in addition to his other emoluments, receive the ters aforesaid shall, in addition to his other emoluments, receive the term of the term tion to emone a compensation of nye number domined about of January next; dolls for the ser formed under this act, prior to the first day of January next; a compensation of five hundred dollars for the services to be perand each of the commissioners aforesaid shall receive at the rate of six dollars a day, for every day's actual attendance on at the rate of six the duties of his office subsequent to the first day of January salls, a day, &c. next. Provided, That the whole amount of compensation thus Provinc; the 2allowed, shall not, for any commissioner, exceed two thousand dollars: And provided, also, That the president of the United States may, if he shall think proper, reduce, after the first day of January next, the number of commissioners on either or both boards, to one or two persons; and, in case of such reduction, the commissioner or commissioners constituting the board, shall have the same powers which are vested by this act, or by the act to which this act is a supplement, in the board established by the tach board tore act to which this act is a supplement. The clerk of each of the enveature rate of fifteen hundred of 1,500 per ann. boards shall be entitled to receive at the rate of fifteen hundred translators at the dollars a year; the translators at the rate of six hundred dollars a year, and the agents employed by the secretary of the treasury at the rate of fifteen hundred dollars a year, from the first day of January next to the time when each board shall respectively mot than one of January next to the time when the part to the time when the than one year's compensation to be thus be dissolved. Provided, That no more than one year's compensation to be thus be dissolved. sation be thus allowed to each of the said clerks, translators, and agents: And provided, also, That the secretary of the treasury

may discontinue either one or both of said agents, whenever he

shall think it proper.

Secr. 7. And be it further enacted, That the commissioners again, &c. appointed for the purpose of ascertaining the rights of persons sioners for ascertaining lands in the territories of Orleans and Louisiana be, in the territories and they are hereby, authorized, if they shall think it necessary, in the territories for the purpose of obtaining oral evidence, either in support of, of Orleans and Louisiana, may, or in opposition to, claims, which evidence could not be given at for the purpose of obtaining with the usual place of their sittings, without oppression to the parties or witnesses, to remove their sittings, or to send, for that purpose one or more members of the board, to such other place or members of the parties of places, within their respective districts, as they may think neces- board, &c. places, within their respective districts, as they may think accessary: And each of he commissioners going, for that purpose, Each commissioners used to such other place or places, shall, in addition to his compensationer or receive, in addition, receive at the rate of six dollars for every twenty miles, faiton, dition, &c. at the going to and returning from such place or places: Provided, for every 20 miles, &c.

That no commissioner shall receive, in the whole, on that acmissioner to recount, more than for the distance from the usual place of the serve more than for the distance of the board to the extreme settlements within his to the extreme sittings of the board to the extreme settlements within his to the extreme settlements, & respective district.

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That each of the boards The boards to aforesaid shall prepare, and cause to be prepared, the reports and prepare the reserved shall prepare, and cause to be prepared, the reports and transcripts which by law they are directed to make to the secre-form which the tary of the treasury, in conformity with such forms as he may treasury may prescribe; and they shall also, in their several proceedings and conform, in their several proceedings. decisions, conform to such instructions as the said secretary may, proceedings, &co such instructions with the approbation of the president of the United States, trans-

mit to them in relation thereto.

SECT. 9. And be it further enacted, That the surveyor of the The survey the public lands south of Tennessee be, and he is hereby, directed south of Tennessee be, and he is hereby, directed south of Tennessee. to appoint a principal deputy for each of the two land districts of principal deput the territory of Orleans, whose duty it shall be to reside and two land districts of principal deput the territory of Orleans, whose duty it shall be to reside and two land districts are not offer in the said districts. keep an office in the said districts, respectively, to execute, or tries of the riscoy of the cause to be executed by the other deputies, such surveys as have been or may be authorized by law, or as the commissioners in their districts. In their districts the commissioners are the commissioners. aforesaid may direct; to file and record all such surveys, to form, office, expense as far as practicable, connected draughts of the lands granted in surveys, acc the district, so as to exhibit the lands remaining vacant; and, generally, to perform in such districts, respectively, in conformity with the regulations and instructions of the said surveyor of the public lands south of the state of Tennessee, the duties imposed by law on said surveyor. And each of the said principal deputation examining and recording the surveys executed by any of the deputies, at the rate of twenty-five cents for every mile of the boundary line of such survey; and for a certified copy of any plot of a survey in the office, twenty-five cents.

SECT. 10. And be it further enacted, That the president of authorized to a the United States be, and he hereby is, authorized, whenever he of public money shall think it proper, to appoint a receiver of public moneys for district of the the western district of the territory of Orleans, who shall re-territory of Orleans, &c.

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ceive the same annual compensation, give security in the same manner, and in the same sums, and whose duties and authorities shall, in every respect, be the same in relation to the lands which shall hereafter be disposed of at their offices, as are by law provided with respect to the receivers of public moneys in the several offices established for the disposal of the lands of the United States north of the river Ohio, and above the mouth of Ken-[* See chap. 2009, tucky river. * And the said receiver, and the register of the Thereseiver and land office, for the same district, shall, whenever the public lands agerosciver and land office, for the same district, shall, whenever the public lands whenever the public lands, see.

whenever the public lands, see within the same shall be offered for sale, be entitled to the same are offered for commissions and fees which are by law respectively. the same officers north of the river Ohio and above the mouth missions and feer as the same of Kentucky river. officers north of the Ohio, &c. SECT. 11. And be it further enacted, That the president of the Ohio, &c. The president authorized to dit. the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized, whenever he authorized to dit. SECT. 11. And be it further enacted, That the president of

sale, entitled to the same comrect public lands shall think it proper, to direct so much of the public lands lying in the western district of the territory of Orleans, as shall have leans, surveyed, been surveyed in conformity with the provisions of the act to

for sale. which this act is a supplement, to be offered for sale. All such the exception of land shall, with the exception of the section "number sixteen," No. 14, Ecc. to be which shall be reserved in each township for the support of offered in the

offered to the which shall be reserved in each township for the support of bighest bidder, schools within the same; with the exception also of an entire under the drive. tion of the region township, to be located by the secretary of the treasury, for the principal deputuse of a seminary of learning, and with the exception also of use of a seminary of learning, and with the exception also of the salt springs, and lands contiguous thereto, which, by direction of the president of the United States, may be reserved for the future disposal of the said states, shall be offered for sale to the highest bidder, under the direction of the register of the land office, of the receiver of public moneys, and of the principal deputy surveyor, and on such day or days as shall, by a public proclamation of the president of the United States, be designat-The sales to ed for that purpose. The sales shall be sold for a price not three weeks, the weeks, and no longer; the lands shall be sold for a price not three weeks, the weeks, ed for that purpose. The sales shall remain open for three hands to be sold less than that which has been, or may be, fixed by law for the public lands in the Mississippi territory; and shall, in every other respect, be sold in tracts of the same size, on the same terms and conditions, as have been, or may be, by law provided for The superinten- the lands sold in the Mississippi territory. The superintendents

s a price fixed by him, &ce.

dents of public by sattendance; day's attendance on the said sales. All lands, other than the All lands, other reserved sections, and those excepted as above mentioned, rean the reserve maining unsold at the closing of the public sales, may be dised sections, &c. remaining un posed of at private sale, by the register of the land office, in the same manner, under the same regulations, for the same price, of the public sales, may be disposed of at and on the same terms and conditions, as are, or may be, proprivate sale, &c. private sale of the lands of the United States in tained as provide the Mississippi territory. And patents shall be obtained for all the lands sold in lands granted or sold in the territory of Orleans, in the same manner, and on the same terms, as is, or may be, provided by

[† See chap. 340, law for lands sold in the Mississippi territory.†

SECT. 12. And be it further enacted, That the location or The location of SECT. 12. And be it further enacted, That the location or land in the ter-locations of land which may be made in the territory of Orleans,

of the said public sales shall receive six dollars, each, for each

by major general La Fayette, by virtue of the ninth section of ceived, though containing less than one thousand acres: Provid- Ec. to be it ed, That no such location or survey shall contain less than five containing hundred acres.

SECT. 13. And be it further enacted, That the secretary of the of the tree treasury be authorized to cause a survey to be made of the sea to cause coast of the territory of Orleans, from the mouth of the Missis- of the seas sippi to Vermilion bay, inclusively, and as much farther, west-of Orles wardly, as the president of the United States shall direct; and also of the bays, inlets, and navigable waters, connected therewith: Provided, That the expense of such survey shall not ex- province the expense not to exceed five thousand dollars.

ceed five thousand dollars.

SECT. 14. And be it further enacted, That a sum, not exceed.

Not exceeding 20,000 dolls. in ing twenty thousand dollars, in addition to the sum appropriated addition, &c. by the act to which this act is a supplement, and to be paid out earrying this of any unappropriated moneys in the treasury, be, and the same act into effect. is hereby, appropriated for the purpose of carrying this act into effect. [Approved, April 21, 1806.]

CHAP. 40. [XL.] An act respecting the claims to land in the Indiana territory and state of Ohio.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- The registers tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, and receivers of That the registers and receivers of public moneys of the districts Kaskastias conof Vincennes and Kaskaskias, respectively, be, and they are ayout one or hereby, authorized and empowered, under the direction of the land, in their secretary of the treasury, to lay out one or more tracts of land, districts, for locating therein tracts of land granted by virtue of any legal French or British French or British grants, or of any resolution or act of congress: Provided, That Province the tracts thus laid out shall be, whenever practicable, adjoining adjoint racts the tracts which, in conformity with former laws, had been laid out similar purposes by the governors of the northwest or Indiana by the governors of the northwest or Indiana for similar purposes by the governors of the northwest or Indiana by the governors of the northwest or Indiana by the governors of the northwest or Indiana by the purpose of the northwest or Indiana territories, and the tracts thus laid out shall not be otherwise west or Indiana territories, diana territories, disposed of, unless by order of congress.

Sect. 2. And be it further enacted, That any person or per- to grants of land some entitled to grants of land by virtue of any former resolution by virtue of any former resolution to grants. or act of congress, which are not specifically designated in the pation or act of congress, which are not specifically designated in the pation or act of congress, not tents issued by the governors aforesaid, or which have not yet specifically designated in the been located, shall have a right to locate the same in the tract or patents, &c. to tracts to be laid out in each district, respectively, by virtue of locate them in the preceding section: the priority of such location shall be the tracts to be laid out by virtue of the preceding section; with whom the location shall be entered; and the surveyor general section, with whom the location shall be entered; and the surveyor gene- &c. Proviso; all the ral shall cause the same to be surveyed at the expense of the land located, parties: *Provided*, That all the lands thus located shall, in each out in a body, tract laid out for that purpose, be laid out in a body, without veyed in the leaving any intervals of vacant land, and shall each be surveyed form of asqu

in the form of a square, or of a parallelogram, the length of which shall not exceed three times its breadth.

The registers and receivers to complete and rensmit their reports, &c. be-fore the 1st of c. 1806. The registers and receivers, each, allowed each, allowed 700 dolls, addi-tional; and cach dolle

C* see see. 6, chap. 103, post.]
The register and receiver in the district of Cineinnati author-ized to grant certificates of a sight of pre-emption to per-sons residing on reserved secthe tractson which they remide, &c. [† Chap. 388, vol. 3.] Provisoes; per-sons to exhibit evidence of their

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the registers and receivers aforesaid shall complete and transmit their reports to the secretary of the treasury before the first day of December next. Each of the said officers shall be allowed an additional compensation of five hundred dollars; and each of the clerks of the respective boards shall be allowed an additional compensation of two hundred and fifty dollars, in full for his services, as such, in relation to such claims.*

Sect. 4. And be it further enacted, That the register and receiver of public moneys in the district of Cincinnati be, and they are hereby, authorized to grant certificates of a right of preemption to any person residing on any reserved section (other than section No. 16) for the tract on which he resides, on the applicant's producing satisfactory evidence that his claim was within the provisions of the seventh section of an act, entitled than No. 16 for "An act making provision for the disposal of the public lands in the Indiana territory, and for other purposes:"† Provided, That the person shall exhibit the evidence of his claim, and shall have paid at least one-twentieth part of the purchase money, on or before the first day of August next: And provided also, That elaims, &c. and such certificates shall not be granted for any lands previously the certificates not to be granted granted or sold, or for a larger tract than a quarter of a section, for any lands nor for any other tract than that on which he resides, and such granted or sold, land shall be granted at the same price, and on the payments are being made, as for other public lands sold at private sale.

[Approved, April 21, 1806.]

CHAP. 41. [XLI.] An act to regulate and fix the compensation of clerks. and to authorize the laying out certain public roads; and for other pur-

The secretaries of state, trea-Proviso; the of ordinary compensations to clerks in the departments, re-spectively, not to exceed the For the treasury

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That sury, war, and sarry, muthorized the secretaries of state, treasury, war, and navy, departments, to apportion the components of shall be, and they are hereby, authorized to apportion the comrespective de-partments, as ner as the services to be performed shall, in their judgment, re-formed require, quire: *Provided*, That the whole amount of ordinary compensapensations for clerks in their respective departments, in such mantions for clerks in the said departments, respectively, shall not exceed the following sums, annually; that is to say:

For the department of state, seven thousand one hundred and fifty dollars:

For the treasury department, forty-four thousand two hundred and twenty-seven dollars and twenty-eight cents, that is to say: department, &c. in the office of the secretary of the treasury, ten thousand two hundred and eighty-nine dollars and eighty-one cents; in the office of comptroller of the treasury, nine thousand and sixty-seven dollars; in the office of the auditor, eight thousand eight hundred and eleven dollars; in the office of the treasurer of the United

States, two thousand eight hundred and seventeen dollars fortyfive cents; and in the office of the register of the treasury, thirteen thousand two hundred and forty-two dollars and two cents:

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For the department of war, sixteen thousand five hundred and For the departforty dollars, that is to say: in the office of the secretary, six thousand three hundred and forty dollars; in the office of the accountant of the war department, eight thousand five hundred dollars; and in the office of the purveyor of public supplies, one thousand seven hundred dollars:

For the department of the navy, twelve thousand nine hun- For the department of the nadred dollars, that is to say: in the office of the secretary, four vy, &c. thousand nine hundred dollars; and in the office of the account-

ant of the navy department, eight thousand dollars.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the postmaster general may appeared of the United States shall be, and hereby is, authorized to point such number of clerks in his office as he shall judge prober the thinks proper, and to apportion their compensations in such manner as the tion the compensations to be rendered by each shall, in his judgment, require:

| Provided | The postmaster general may appoint the property of the Provided, That the whole amount of ordinary compensations require. Proviso; the for clerks in the said office, shall not exceed the sum of nine amount of ordinary compensations for clerks in the said office, shall not exceed the sum of nine amount of ordinary compensations for clerks thousand three hundred and forty-five dollars, annually.

thousand three hundred and forty-five dollars, annually.

Sect. 3. And be it further enacted, That the director of the mint be, and he is hereby, authorized to allow to one of the clerks employed in his office, seven hundred dollars per annum; and the said director is hereby authorized to expend the further sum of one thousand dollars, annually, in clerk hire, in such mannay expend a further sum of oner as his discretion shall dictate. And the surveyor general is 1,000 dolls. in clerk hire.

Sect. 4. And he it further enacted. That there shall be also gerannic leek in the general sum of or clerk in the general sum of expend a further sum of one thousand dollars, annually, for the surveyor general is 1,000 dolls. in clerk hire.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That there shall be al- hire. lowed to the commissioners of loans, in the states of Massachu-Clerks, and clerk setts and New York, respectively, not exceeding five clerks, at the commission-the rate of five hundred dollars, each, per annum: to the commiss-mentioned. sioner of loans in Connecticut, not exceeding two clerks, at the rate of four hundred dollars, each, per annum: to the commissioner of loans in Pennsylvania, not exceeding six clerks, at the rate of five hundred dollars, each, annually: to the commissioners of loans in Virginia and South Carolina, respectively, not exceeding two clerks, at the rate of five hundred dollars, each, annually: the aggregate of compensations for clerks employed by of compensations for clerks employed by of compensations for clerks employed by of compensations of said commissioners, to be apportioned among them at tions to be apportioned by the his discretion. And there shall be annually allowed, in lieu of commissioners at the commissioners of Normal discretion. clerk hire, to the commissioner of loans in the state of New Hampshire, three hundred and fifty dollars: to the commissioner of loans in the state of Rhode Island, four hundred dollars: to the commissioner of loans in the state of New Jersey, three hundred dollars: and to the commissioner of loans in the state of Maryland, two hundred and fifty dollars.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That the compensations The compensations to clerks allowed by this act to clerks, shall commence with the year one allowed by this thousand eight hundred and seven; and it shall be the duty of act to commence the secretaries for the departments of state, treasury, war, and The secretaries,

postmaster go-neral, &c. to report to congress, of each year, the names of clerks employed and the sum given to each,

The secretary of hire. the treasury to report whether the business in require the additional sum of 2.000 dolls, allowed by this hire, &c.

ness prevailing in the city, &c. a particular ac-count of the cost congress, &c.

The president to cause a road to be opened from the frontier of Georgia, &c. but not to expend more than

The president to cause to be openthe Mississippi to the Olio, &c. but not to ex-

And a road from dollars. Nashville to to expend more

Not exceeding 28,000 dolls. ap propriated to defray the expense this act, &cc.

The act mentioned, repealed.

[* Chap, 146, vol. 3.]

navy, and of the postmaster general, and surveyor general, and of the commissioners of loans in the several states, to report to congress, at the beginning of each year, the names of the clerks at the beginning they have employed, respectively, in the preceding year, and the sum given to each; and whether the business for clerks increases or diminishes in their respective departments, that congress may be enabled to make further arrangements by law respecting clerk And it shall be the duty of the secretary of the treasury particularly to report, whether the business in the loan office of Pennsylvania shall, from year to year, continue to require the of Pennsylvania, additional sum of two thousand dollars allowed by this act for clerk hire, in consequence of the removal of the treasury office from Philadelphia, in eighteen hundred, to the permanent seat of government; and likewise he shall report the necessity, if such shall continue, of employing clerks on the business belonging to the office of the late commissioner of the revenue.

In case of the removal of any public office, by reason of sickness, which may reason of sick. SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That hereafter, in case of prevail in the town or city where such office is located, a particular account of the cost of such removal shall be laid before to be laid before congress, that they may be enabled to judge of the proper sum to be allowed for the same.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That the president of the United States be, and he hereby is, authorized to cause to be opened a road from the frontier of Georgia, on the route from Athens to New Orleans, till the same intersects the thirty-first degree of north latitude: Provided, he shall not expend more than six thousand four hundred dollars in opening the same. And to cause to be opened a road or roads, through the territory lately ceded by the Indians to the United States, from the river Mississippi to the Ohio, and to the former Indian boundary line pend more than which was established by the treaty of Greenville: Provided, he shall not expend, in opening the same, more than six thousand And to cause to be opened a road from Nashville, in Natchez; but not the state of Tennessee, to Natchez, in the Mississippi territory: than 6,000 dolls. Provided, he shall not expend more than six thousand dollars in opening the same.

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That, to defray the expense authorized by this act, beyond the appropriation for the support of government for the year one thousand eight hundred and six, there is hereby appropriated a sum not exceeding twenty-eight thousand dollars, payable out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated. And that the act, entitled "An act to regulate and fix the compensation of clerks,"* which passed on the second day of March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine, shall, from and after the first day of January next, be, and the same is hereby, repealed.

[Approved, April 21, 1806.]

CMAP. 42. [RLIL] As see making appropriations for the support of the many of the United States, during the year one thousand eight hundred and six.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, Same appropriate, for defraying the expenses of the navy of the United and for defray States, during the year one thousand eight hundred and six, the of the navy following sume be, and the same are hereby, respectively, appro- ing the year printed; that is to say:

For pay and subsistence of the officers, and pay of the seamen, sincence of officers bundred and ninety-one thousand one hundred and nineteen and pay of dollars.

For provisions, one hundred and fifty-seven thousand two Perpovisions. hundred and fifty-four dollars and thirty-four cents.

For medicine, instruments, and hospital stores, seven thousand for medicine, ave hundred dollars.

For repairs of vessels, store rent, pay of armorers, freight, For repairs of and other contingent expenses, four hundred and eleven thousand rent, Sec.

nine hundred and fifty dollars. For pay and subsistence of the marine corps, including prosistence of the
visions for those on shore, and forage for the staff, sixty-six thouname corps.

sand and twenty-eight dollars and ten cents. For clothing for the same, fourteen thousand three hundred for clothing.

and sixty dollars.

For military stores for the same, one thousand one hundred for military and thirty-five dollars. For medicine, medical services, hospital stores, and all other for medicine, medical services, hospital stores, and all other for medicine, medical services, one account of the sick belonging to the marine corps, one for marine corps.

one thousand one hundred and fifty dollars. For quartermaster's and barrackmaster's stores, officers' tra-requirements for quartermaster's and barrackmaster's hills final premium manustration welling expenses, armorer's and carpenter's bills, fuel, premium racks for enlisting, musical instruments, bounty to music, and other stores, &c. contingent expenses, eight thousand one hundred and forty-five

For the expense of navy yards, docks, and other improve- For many yards, ments, the pay of superintendents, storekeepers, clerks, and laborers, sixty thousand dollars.

dollars.

For ordnance, fifty thousand dollars.

For completing the marine barracks at the city of Washington, the marine barracks at the city of Washington, the marine barracks at Washington at the city of Washington, the marine barracks at the city of Washington at the city three thousand five hundred dollars.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the several sums The sums appropriated be herein specifically appropriated, shall be paid out of any moneys in the transport not at homeing appropriated me propriated me [Approved, April 21, 1806.] Weamery. in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

CHAP. 43. [XLIII.] An act to provide for the adjustment of titles of land in the town of Detroit and territory of Michigan, and for other purposes.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The governor and the judges of the territory of Michigan shall Michigan, ter.

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be, and they, or any three of them, are hereby, authorized to lay out a town, including the whole of the old town of Detroit, and lay out a town, including the did to the use of the thousand acres adjacent, excepting such parts as the president town of Detroit, and 10,000 of the United States shall direct to be reserved for the use of the acres adjacent, and single adjust, acres adjacent, and shall hear, examine, and finally adjust, acres adjacent, and shall hear, examine, and finally adjust, acres adjacent. all claims to lots therein, and give deeds for the same.

and complete on, &c. who,
not coming or
profitsing allegiance to a foevery person, or the legal representative or representatives of
every person, who, not owning or professing allegiance to any
the age of seventeen years, did, reun power, and above the foreign power, and being above the age of seventeen years, did, or inhabited a on the eleventh day of June, one thousand sinks the seventeen years, did, on the eleventh day of June, one thousand eight hundred and house in the old five, when the old town of Detroit was burnt, own or inhabit a when it was house in the same, there shall be granted, by the government, a lot to burne, a lot burn sand square feet.

The remai s. to the best

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the land remaining of the said ten thousand acres, after satisfying claims provided carries, after sa.

of the said ten thousand acres, after satisfying claims provided acres, after sa.

diffying claims, for by the preceding section, shall be disposed of by the governor act of, by the governor and judges aforesaid, at their discretion, to the best advantage, vernor and judges who are hereby authorized to make deeds to purchasers thereof: who are hereby authorized to make deeds to purchasers thereof; advantage, &c. and the proceeds of the lands so disposed of shall be applied, be applied to be applied to wards building a court-acousthouse and house and gaol in the town of Detroit; and the said governor and judges are required to make a report to congress, in writing, of their proceedings under this act. [Approved, April 21, 1806.]

[Ohsolete.]

CHAP. 44. [XLIV.] An act making a further appropriation towards completing the south wing of the capitol, at the city of Washington.*

Not excreding 40,000 dolls. ap propriated to-wards completing the south wing of the expitol, &c.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That a sum, not exceeding forty thousand dollars, shall be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, to be applied under the direction of the president of the United States, towards completing the south wing of the capitol, at the city of Washington; which said sum shall be paid out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated. [Approved, April 21, 1806.]

[† See the orig. 1799; chap. 128, vol. 3.]

[† Chap. 128, sec. 7, vol. 3.] The collector for the district

CHAP. 45. [XLV.] An act to amend, in the cases therein mentioned, the "Act to regulate the collection of duties on imports and tonnage"

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That so much of the " Act to regulate the collection of duties on imports and tonnage," as requires the collector for the district of Great Egg Harbor, in the state of New Jersey, to reside at Soof Great Egg Great Egg Harbor, in the state of New Jersey, to reside at So-Harbor allowed mer's Point, be, and the same hereby is, repealed; and the said place, &c. as the collector shall reside at such place, within said district, as may be directed by the secretary of the treasury.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the town or land? ing place of Darien, on the Alatamaha river, in the state of Darien in Galatobea B Georgia, shall be a port of delivery, to be annexed to the district of delivery, to of Brunswick,* and shall be subject to the same regulations and the district restrictions as other ports of delivery in the United States; and Brunswick, [See sec. 1 a surveyor shall be appointed, to reside at the said port of de-ch. 132, vol. livery, who shall be entitled to receive one hundred dollars, an-Darlan, with nual salary, together with the other emoluments of office, as fixed dolls, with the other emoluments of office, as fixed dolls, with the other emoluments. by existing laws.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That Ocracocke inlet, in The district of North Carolina, together with Shell Castle and Beacon islands, occasioned the tablished; the and all the shores, islands, shoals, bays, and waters, within two president to de miles of the shores of said inlet, on each side thereof, shall be a of entry; a cot-district, to be called the district of Ocracocke; the president of letro; his sais-the United Senter shall be authorized to the president of sy, &c. the United States shall be authorized to designate such place in the said district, as he shall think proper, to be the port of entry; and a collector for said district shall be appointed, to reside at such port of entry, who, in addition to his other emoluments, shall be entitled to receive the salary now allowed to the surveyor of Beacon island, and no other; and shall also perform the duties beretofore enjoined by law on the said surveyor: but no duties to be paid, or secured to be paid, in the said district of paid, &c. in the Ocracocke, on any articles intended for any other port connected district of Ocracocke, on articles intended for of Ocracocke, such only exception of the said district. The office of connected with the waters of the said inlet of Ocracocke, such only exceptions of the said district. The office of connected with the waters of the said district. surveyor of Beacon island shall be henceforth abolished, and the the interest the i masters or commanders of every ship or vessel coming in at The office of Ocracocke inlet, and intending to unlade her cargo, or any part con island also thereof, at any port, other than the district of Ocracocke, con- island and mast terrof vessels nected with the waters of the said inlet, as well as the masters of oracocke inlet, or commanders of all lighters or coasting vessels, who shall re- &c. to exhibit their reports ceive goods, wares, or merchandise, to be transported to any such and manifests to the commanders to the port, shall be bound to exhibit their reports and manifests to the &c. said collector, and to perform all the other duties, which, by the eighteenth section of the act, entitled & An act to regulate the collection of duties on imports and tonnage,"‡ they are now bound [1 Chap. 188, to perform, under similar circumstances, in the inlet aforesaid.

[Approved, April 21, 1806.]

CHAP. 46. [XLVI.] An act in addition to an act, entitled. An act regulating the grants of land, and providing for the disposal of the lands of the United States, south of the state of Tennessee."

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representations of the United Section of Asserting BECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, when persons That, whenever any person who shall have received a pre-emption every mocertificate from either of the boards of commissioners, appointed it certificate from the purpose of ascertaining the rights of persons to lands in the Mississippi territory, shall, by a final judgment or decree of rights of persons the highest court of law, or equity, in which a decision could be Mississippi, had, within the said territory, rendered in favor of another personal judgment, by

[§ See orig. act, of 3d March.

1906. The lands con-tained in British ments in British grants, duly re-corded, &c. not to be disposed of until other-wise disected, dis.

ance not to exfor each comsioner.

son claiming by virtue of a British patent, lose the whole or part of the tract of land to which he was entitled by virtue of such reduced in certificate, it shall be lawful for the receiver of public moneys for the district where the land lies, to repay to such person or for the district where the land lies, to repay to such person or the street where the land lies, to repay to such person or his assigns, so much of the purchase money as had been paid by the land him, for the land thus recevered by the holder of the British assistant patent.

The all cases where only a part of a tract of land, to which any

many, the commissioners aforesaid, is also claimed by the holder of a Brishaust lab tish patent, a patent may issue in favor of the owners of such altered a Brishaust and a Brish certificate, for so much of anch track of 12-1 virtue of such British patent: Provided, That he shall, in every other respect, have complied with the provisions of the acts of congress regulating the grants of land in the Mississippi territory. And the lands contained in British grants, which have been duly recorded in conformity with the provisions of former laws, and for which certificates have not been granted by the commissioners aforesaid, shall not be disposed of until otherwise directed by congress.

The state of the persons entitled to a right of pre-emption to lands in the Mississippi territory, by viriation in the effective of the boards of commission-emption to the pre-emption to lands in the Mississippi territory, by viriation of the boards of commission-emptions and the pre-emption of the boards of commission-emptions and the pre-emption of the boards of January, one of the pre-emption of the pre-emption of the boards of commission of the pre-emption of t ortificate, he thousand eight hundred and seven, to make the first payment of 1st of Jan. 1807, the purchase money of such lands: And if any such person shall to make the first neglect to make such first payment, on or before the first day of mathematics. January, one thousand sight hundred and seven his right of January, one thousand eight hundred and seven, his right of

Sanuary, one trousant ug...

Sanuary, one tro SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That each of the commissioners appointed to ascertain the claims to lands in the above mentioned territory, west of Pearl river, shall be allowed at the rate of six dollars for every day he shall attend, subsequent to rate of six donars for every day he shall attend, sussequent to river, allowed at the rate of the first day of April, one thousand eight hundred and six: Prodolls for every vided, That such additional allowance shall not exceed five hundred dollars for each commissioner: And the agent appointed distinuit allow in behalf of the United States for the said board, shall be allowed in behalf of the United States for the said board, shall be allowed an additional compensation, of three hundred and fifty dollars, for the whole of his services.† And the register and receiver of The agent, &c. public moneys in each of the districts of the abovementioned ditional compens territory, shall, and they are hereby authorized, in their districts, saion of 330 dolle. It Seechap, 359, respectively, and after the dissolution of the board of commisin section 350, sioners for their district, to regulate the location of any tract of the regulater and land lying within such district, for which a certificate shall have of the districted been granted by the commissioners, whenever it shall appear that the location specified in such certificates interfere with each of my reaction of the re-for which a cer-tificate may have such certificates were granted: *Provided*, That the said register been granted, whenever, see, and receiver shall not be authorized to allow any location on Freviso; the re-gister and register and re-gister and re-law any location former acts of congress regulating the grants of land in the above an land not im-proved and set-tled, as provid-tled, as provid-al by former acts, &c.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That whenever it shall appear to the satisfaction of the register and receiver of the distinct that the settlement and occupancy, by ment and occupancy, by ment and occupancy, by ment and occupancy. virtue of which a pre-emption certificate had been granted by of which a prethe commissioners, had been made and taken place prior to the empion catificate had been thirtieth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-granted &c. had eight, they shall be authorized to grant to the party a donation to the 30th March, 1798, the certificate, in lieu of such pre-emption; and the patent shall is register and results as in other cases of donations: Provided, That application ed to grant a doshall be made for such an exchange, and evidence produced of nation certificate, &c. prothe date of such settlement and occupancy, on or before the thirty-first day of December next.*

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That the right of the Uni- The right of the ted States, to all the land lying between the front street of the the land describ-city of Natchez and the Mississippi river, and bounded on the city of Natchez, north by north fourth street and the land granted to Stephen corporation of Minor, and on the south by the lands annexed to the old fort and that city, so as, those granted to William Barland, be, and the same hereby is, forever vested in the corporation of said city, so as not to affect the legal or equitable claims of any individuals, or of any body politic or corporate, if any such there be: Provided, That the Proviso; the land said land, as above described, be neither cultivated nor occupied with trees, and by buildings, but that it be planted with trees, and preserved as common, &c. a common, for the use, comfort, and health, of the inhabitants of the city aforesaid, and all other persons who may occasionally resort thither.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That whenever the section No. 16 falls tion number sixteen shall fall upon land already granted, by virue of any act of congress, or claimed by virtue of a British the secretary of the treasury shall locate another section, locate another section, for the in lieu thereof, for the use of schools, which location shall be use of schools, made in the same township, if there be any other vacant section &c.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That Richard Sparks be permitted to enter, with the register of the land office for the ter. See his claim to 320 district west of Pearl river, his claim to three hundred and twen-and Richard S. Bryan and Bryan Bryan, and George Brewer, senior, be permitted to enter with allowed to enter the register of the land office, for the district east of Pearl river, eate of a right of their certificate of a right of pre-emption for three hundred and pre-empt twenty acres of land, lying within the district last mentioned: And such entry of the claim of the said Richard Sparks shall have the same effect as if it had been made prior to the first day of December, one thousand eight hundred and four, and such entry of the certificate of the said Richard S. Bryan, and George

Brewer, senior, shall have the same effect as if it had been made within three months from the time it was issued.

[Approved, April 21, 1806.]

1806.

CHAP. 47. [XLVII] An act for fortifying the ports and harbors of the United States, and for building gun boats.

This act is obexception of the the United

Not ex ceeding 250,000 dolls. ap proprieted for building and completing not exceeding 50 gum boats, &c.

The president authorised to the gun boats.

The president may direct any of the armed vessels to be sold, when so much out of repair, &c.

The sums appropriated to be paid out of mo-

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-Not exceeding tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That ble the president dollars, in addition to the sums heretofore appropriated, shall be, and harbors of and the same is hereby appropriated. a sum of money, not exceeding one hundred and fifty thousand and the same is hereby, appropriated, to enable the president of the United States to be better fortified and protected. the United States to cause the ports and harbors of the United

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That a sum of money, not exceeding two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, in addition to the sums heretofore appropriated, shall be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, to enable the president of the United States to cause to be built and completed a number of gun boats, not exceeding fifty, for the protection of the harbors, coasts, and commerce, of the United States; and the president is hereby authorizofficer, man, &c. ed to officer, man, and equip, any part, or all, of said gun boats, Not exceeding said; and a sum, not exceeding twenty thousand domain, so propriated to de hereby appropriated to defray any expense which may be incurred of officering, see red by officering, manning, and equipping, gun boats, as aforesaid. when he shall judge the same expedient, for the purposes afore-

United States may direct any of the armed vessels of the United States to be sold, whenever he shall be of opinion that the said vessel is so much out of repair that it will not be for the interest of the United States to repair the same.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the several sums of money hereby appropriated, shall be paid out of any money in the treasury of the United States, not otherwise appropriated. [Approved, April 21, 1806.]

1811; chap. 307, post. See supplemental act, of 3d March, 1809; ch. **905**, post. :

The president stablish trading houses, sissippi for ear-Tying on rad with the Indian mations, &c.

The president may appoint a superintend my superintend me of India, trade, Duty of the su-

The superinten-

[†R pealed, and supplied by art CHAP. 48. [XLVIII.] An act for establishing trading houses with the Indian tribes.† dian tribes.†

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That it shall be lawful for the president of the United States to establish trading houses, at such posts and places on the frontiers, or ge. on both sides of the Mississippi river, as he shall judge most convenient for the purpose of carrying on a liberal trade with the several Indian nations within the United States or their territories.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the president of the United States shall be authorized to appoint a superintendent of Indian trade, whose duty it shall be to purchase and take charge of all goods intended for trade with the Indian nations aforesaid, and to transmit the same to such places as he shall be directed lent to take an by the president. And he shall take an oath or affirmation faithfully to execute the trust committed to him, and that he will not, directly or indirectly, be concerned or interested in any trade, commerce, or barter, but on the public account: and he shall also

give bond, in the penal sum of twenty thousand dollars, with sufficient security, to be approved of by the secretary of the trea- And give book. sury of the United States, truly and honestly to account for all the money, goods, and other property, whatever, which shall come into his hands, or for which in good faith he ought so to account, and to perform all the duties required of him by this act: and his accounts shall be made up quarter yearly, and trans- needs up quarter mitted to the secretary of the treasury.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the superintendent The superintendent to receive of Indian trade shall receive an annual salary of two thousand an annual salar dollars, payable quarter yearly, at the treasury of the United States.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the president of the president the United States shall be authorized to appoint an agent for appoint an agent agent each trading house established under the provisions of this act; house, Se. who and every such agent shall give bond, with sufficient security, is to give bond, in such sum as the president shall direct, truly and honestly to account for all the money, goods, and other property, whatever, which shall come into his hands, and for which he ought so to account, and to perform all the duties required of him by this act.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty Duty of each of each of the said agents to receive, from the superintendent of agent. Indian trade, and dispose of in trade with the Indian nations aforesaid, such goods as may be transmitted to him by the said superintendent, to be received and disposed of as aforesaid, according to the rules and orders which the president of the United States shall prescribe; and every such agent shall take an Every agent to take an onth. oath or affirmation, faithfully to execute the trust committed to him; and that he will not, directly or indirectly, be concerned or interested in any trade, commerce, or barter, but on the public account; and he shall render an account quarter yearly to the Agents to rensuperintendent of Indian trade, of all money, goods, and other quarter yearly property, whatsoever, which shall be transmitted to him, or been which shall come into his hands, or for which, in good faith, he ought to account; and he shall transmit duplicates of his accounts to the secretary of the treasury of the United States.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That the superintendent of The superin-Indian trade, the agents, their clerks, or other persons employ-and their clerks, ed by them, shall not be, directly or indirectly, concerned in an of to be concerned in exemporting to a foreign country, any peltries or furs belonging to porting peltries or furs, or in the United States, or interested in carrying on the business of the business of the business of trade or commerce, on their own, or any other than the public, merce, exceptions. account, or take or apply to his or their own use, any emolument ing. &c. or gain for negotiating or transacting any business or trade, during his or their appointment, agency, or employment, other than provided by this act, or excepting for or on account of the United States. And if any such person shall offend against any of Persons offend-the prohibitions aforesaid, he shall be deemed guilty of a misde-prohibitions, de. meanor, and shall, upon conviction thereof, forfeit to the United exceeding 1,000 States a sum not exceeding one thousand dollars, and shall be dollar to forfeit not exceeding 1,000 states a sum not exceeding one thousand dollars, and formula dollars and formula dollars. removed from such office, agency, or employment, and forever thereafter be incapable of holding any office under the United

goods supplied to the Indians. tal stock. &c.

The annual sum superintendent and his elerks,

The president anthorized to

260,000 dolls. in-cluding, &c. ap-propriated for carrying on grade and intercourse with the Indian nations,

100 dolls. furfeit by any agent, clerk, &c. for purchasing or re-ceiving in the way of bacter, from any Indian, any gun, instrument of husbandry, &cc.

tion may have arisen, &c.
The superintendent of in-dian trade, &ce. to collect evid nce to prose-cute offenders,

States: Provided, That if any person, other than a public pro-Flovino; a mole secutor, shall give information of any such offence, upon which ty to the informer, if other a prosecution and conviction shall be had, one-half of the aforethan a public said penalty, when received shall be for the use of the person than a public protectator, icc. said penalty, when received, shall be for the use of the person Provincy if the misdemeanor be giving such information: And provided, also, That if such miscommitted by demeanor be committed by the superintendent of Indian trade, on supermixed or by any agent, it shall be deemed a breach of the condition of the condition of the condition of his bond, and the penalty thereof may be recovered in any court their bonds, &c. having comparate inciding of the condition of the having competent jurisdiction of the same.

Sect. 7. And be it further enacted, That the prices of goods to be so regulate supplied to, and to be paid for by, the Indians, shall be regulated edas not to di- in such manner, that the capital stock, furnished by the United

States, shall not be diminished.

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That during the continuof 3,000 dolls. ance of this act, the annual sum of three thousand dollars be, appropriated for and the same is hereby, appropriated for the payment of the salates salary of the ry of the superintendent of Indian trade and his clerks, to be paid out of any money in the treasury of the United States, not otherwise appropriated.

SECT. 9. And be it further enacted, That, during the continuance of this act, the president of the United States be, and he is rymotexeceding hereby, authorized to draw, annually, from the treasury of the 10,000 dolls. for United States, a sum not exceeding ten thousand dollars, to be agents and elerks, &c. applied, under his direction. to the payment of clerks; which agents shall be allowed to draw out of the public supplies two rations each, and each clerk one ration, per day.

SECT. 10. And be it further enacted, That the sum of two hundred and sixty thousand dollars, including the sums heretofore appropriated, and applied to the like purpose, and exclusive of the salary of the superintendent of Indian trade, and of the allowances to agents and clerks, be, and the same is hereby, appropriated for the purpose of carrying on trade and intercourse with the Indian nations, in the manner aforesaid, to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury of the United States, not otherwise appropriated.

SECT. 11. And be it further enacted, That if any agent or agents, their clerks, or other persons employed by them, shall purchase or receive from any Indian, in the way of trade or barter, any gun, or other article commonly used in hunting; any instrument of husbandry or cooking utensil, of the kind usually obtained by Indians in their intercourse with white people, or any article of clothing, excepting skins or furs; he or they shall, respectively, forfeit the sum of one hundred dollars for each offence, to be recovered by action of debt, in the name and to the Proviso; no suit use of the United States, in any court having jurisdiction in like to be commenced except in the cases: Provided, That no suit shall be commenced except in the state or territor state or territory within which the cause of action shall have the cause of arisen, or in which the defendant arisen, or in which the defendant may reside. And it shall be the duty of the superintendent of Indian trade, or of the superintendents of Indian affairs, and their deputies, respectively, to whom information of every such offence shall be given, to collect the requisite evidence, if attainable, to prosecute the offender without delay.

SECT. 12. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the said superintendent of Indian trade, under the direction The superintendent of the United States, to cause the said furs and cause the furs peltry to be sold at public auction, public notice whereof shall sold at auction, be given, three weeks previous to such sale, in different parts weeks previous of the United States, making an equal distribution of the same, notice, &c. in proportion to the demand of the market, and as may be deemed most advantageous to the United States, and upon such terms and conditions as shall be prescribed by the secretary of war: Proviso; not less Provided, That there shall not be less than six annual public public sales, and not more than sales of the said furs and peltry, and that the superintendent of two in any sales. Sec. sales of the said turs and pettry, and that the superintendent of state, &c.

Indian trade shall not hold more than two such sales in any state [* Proviso repealed. See see during any one year.*

SECT. 13. And be it further enacted, That this act shall be in This act into the slat of force for and during the term of three years, and no longer.

[Approved, April 21, 1806.] See arc. 4, chap.

April, 1809. [† Continued

CHAP. 49. [XLIX.] An act for the punishment of counterfeiting the current coin of the United States; and for other purposes.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatipes of the United States of America in congress assembled, That Imprisonment if any person shall falsely make, forge, or counterfeit, or cause and hard shan, or procure to be falsely made, forged, or counterfeited, or wil-three nor more coins, which, by law, now are or hereafter shall be made current, mint, or foreign or be in actual use and circulation as money within the United coins made current, gold or silver or be in actual use and circulation as money within the United coins made current, &c. with states; or who shall utter, as true, any false, forged, or counintent to determine the determinant of gold or silver, as aforesaid, for the payment fraud, &c. of money, with intention to defraud any person or persons, knowing the same to be falsely made, forged, or counterfeited; any such person, so offending, shall be deemed and adjudged guilty of felony, and, being thereof convicted according to the due course of law, shall be sentenced to imprisonment, and kept at hard labor for a period not less than three years, nor more than ten years; or shall be imprisoned not exceeding five years, and fined not exceeding five thousand dollars.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That if any person shall and hard labor import, or bring from any foreign place into the United States, for nor has than any false, forged, or counterfeit, gold or silver coins, which are than eight, by law made current, or are in actual use and circulation as sommen not expected. money, within the United States, with the intent to utter, or years, and fine make payment with, the same, knowing the same to be falsely not exact ding made, forged, or counterfeited; or who shall utter, as true, any importing any false, forged, or counterfeited, coins of gold or silver, as gold or silver, as gold or silver, as gold or silver, as foresaid, for the payment of money, with intention to defraud tent to utter them, &c.

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any person or persons, knowing the same to be falsely made, forged, or counterfeited, the person so offending shall be deemed guilty of felony, and, being thereof convicted according to the due course of law, shall be sentenced to imprisonment, and kept at hard labor, for a period not less than two years, nor more than eight years; or shall be imprisoned not exceeding two years, and fined not exceeding four thousand dollars.

fine, not exceed-ing \$,000 dolls. for impaiding, scaling, sce. gold or silver coins of the mint, or fo-reign gold or silver coins of rent, &c.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That if any person shall, two years, and fraudulently and for gain's sake, by any art, way, or means, whatsoever, impair, diminish, falsify, scale, or lighten, the gold or silver coins which have been, or which shall hereafter be, coined at the mint of the United States, or any foreign gold or silver coins, which are by law made current, or are in actual use and thred to be car- circulation, as money, within the United States, every person so offending shall be deemed guilty of a high misdemeanor, and shall be imprisoned not exceeding two years, and fined not exceeding two thousand dollars.

states, &c.

Nothing in this sect to deprive the courts of the indiindividual states of jurisdiction, under the laws of the several states,

of inrisdiction of jurisdiction victual states of jurisdiction under the laws over offences made punishable by this act.

[Approved, April 21, 1806.]

CHAP. 50. [L.] An act to repeal so much of any act or acts as authorize the receipt of evidences of the public debt in payment for lands of the United States; and for other purposes, relative to the public debt.*

[* See, as repealed by this act, the act of 3d March, 1797; ch. the receipt of evidences of the public debt, in yment for nds, &c. resoub of April, on every pay-

The commis-

species of the public debt at a higher price than the rates

specified, &c.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-act. 5, chap. 160, tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That vol. 3.]

So much of any so much of any act or acts as authorize the receipt of evidences SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representaof the public debt, in payment for the lands of the United States, shall, from and after the thirtieth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and six, be repealed: Provided, That the right of ealed after the all persons who may have purchased public lands previous to the passage of this act, to pay for the same in stock, shall in no Province the passage of this act, to pay for the same in stock, shall in no right of persons wise be affected or impaired: And provided further, That there who have purchased provided shall be allowed on every payment made in money, at or before chainspersons shall be allowed on every payment in the same shall fall due, for lands purchased before the thirtieth Provise; additional allowance day of April, one thousand eight hundred and six, in addition to the difference of the same shall fall due, for lands purchased before the thirtieth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and six, in addition to the difference of the same shall fall due, for lands purchased before the thirtieth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and six, in addition to the discounts now allowed by law, a deduction equal to the difmoney, before ference, at the time of such payment, between the market price hands purchased of six per cent, stock and the nominal value of its unredeemed before the 30th April, 1886, &c. amount; which market price shall, from time to time, be stated by the secretary of the treasury to the officers of the several land offices.

Sect. 2. And be it further enacted, That the commissioners sioners of the sinking fund shall not be authorized to purchase any of to purchase any the several species of the public debt at a higher price than at the rates following, that is to say; they shall not pay more for three per cent. stock than sixty per cent. of its nominal value; nor for any other species of the public debt more than the nomi-

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nal value of its unredeemed amount, the eight per cent stock only excepted; for which they shall be authorized, in addition thereto, to give at the rate of one-half of one per cent. on the said nominal value, for each quarterly dividend which may be payable on such purchased stock, from the time of such purchase to the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and nine.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That so much of any act set as directs that purchases of the public debt, by the commissioners of the sinking fund, shall be made within the thirty days to be made within 30 d next ensuing after each day on which a quarterly payment of interest on the debt of the United States shall become due, and rects purchases also so much of any act as directs that the said purchases shall ly or by sealed be made by open purchase or by sealed proposals, be, and the proposals same hereby is, repealed. And the said commissioners are heresioners author
sioners author
sio by the preceding section, in such manner, and at such times and as they may places, as they shall deem most eligible; and for that purpose to giffe, be appoint a known agent or agents, to whom they may allow a goint agents, commission not exceeding one fourth of our property. commission not exceeding one-fourth of one per cent. on the * [Approved, April 18, 1806.] 7 and 3 chap.

[Approved, April 18, 1806.] 7 and 3 chap. respective purchases of such agents.*

CHAP. 51. [LI.] An act for erecting certain lighthouses in the state of Massachusetts; for building a beacon, or pier, at Bridgeport, in the state of Connecticut; and for fixing buoys in Pamptico Sound, in the state of North Carolina.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That of the treasury the secretary of the treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized directed to cause and directed to cause to be erected the following lighthouses in sechuseum the state of Massachusetts:

One on Franklin island, at the mouth of St. George's river, in on Franklin island. the district of Maine.

One at West Passamaquoddy head, at the entrance into the At West Passamaquoddy head. bay and harbor of Passamaquoddy, in the district of Maine.

And a double lighthouse at or near Chatham harbor, on the At Chatham

back of Cape Cod.

Provided, sufficient land for the accommodation of the said Proviso; if land lighthouses can be obtained at reasonable prices, and the legis- at a reasonable lature of Massachusetts shall cede the jurisdiction over the same legislature of to the United States.† And the secretary of the treasury is ceds the jurishereby authorized to agree for the salaries, or wages, of the persons who may be appointed by the president for the superin- 607, vol. 1.] tendence and care of said lighthouses, and otherwise to provide for the same, at the expense of the United States.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the secretary of the required to cause treasury be, and he is hereby, required to cause a beacon, or a beacon, see to pier, to be erected near the mouth of the harbor of Bridgeport, the mouth of the harbor of Bridgeport. in the state of Connecticut; and to cause buoys to be fixed on Bridgeport, &c. Bluff Shoal, Royal Shoal, northwest Straddle, and southwest Bluff Shoal, &c.

Straddle, in the waters of Pamptico Sound, in the state of North 1806. Carolina.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That there be approprior erecting the ated, for defraying the expense of erecting each of the aforesaid lighthouses, the sum of five thousand dollars: for the expense of erecting the said beacon, or pier, the sum of one thousand dollars; and for the expense of fixing the said buoys, one thousand dollars; to be paid, respectively, out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, April 21, 1806.]

CHAP. 52. [LII.] An act supplementary to the act, entitled "An act to extend jurisdiction in certain cases to the territorial courts."

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-

The provisions

tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That of the act provisions of the provisions of the act, entitled "An act for providing comsation for the
marshals, clerks, attorneys, jurors, and witnesssee extended to
the territories
es, in the courts of the United States, and to repeal certain parts
of the United

of the acts therein mentioned, and for other purposes," passed States, to far, of the acts therein mentiones, and to the hundred and accept be. February the twenty-eighth, one thousand seven hundred and [°Ch. 135,vol.3.] ninety-nine, be, and the same hereby are, extended to the territories of the United States, so far as the said act may relate to the provisions of the act, entitled "An act to extend jurisdiction [†Ch.418,vol.3.] in certain cases to the territorial courts,"† passed March the third, one thousand eight hundred and five; excepting that the

clerks of the said territorial courts shall not receive the additional five dollars per day, allowed to the clerks of the circuit and district courts by the third section of the act first above

> CHAP. 53. [LIII.] An act making appropriations for carrying into effect certain Indian treaties.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of represen-

mentioned. [Approved, April 18, 1806.]

tatives of the United States of America in congress assembled,

Appropriation of That, for the purpose of carrying into effect a treaty between the United States and the Delawares, Pattawatimas, Miamis, Eel

earrying into United States and the Delawares, Pattawatimas, Miamis, Eel effect the treaty River, and Weas, holden at Grouseland, near Vincennes, on the of Grouseland. twenty-first day of August, one thousand eight hundred and It see the tree five, the sum of one thousand six hundred dollars is hereby apty, page 411, propriated, to be paid to the said tribes, annually, as follows: to propriated, to be paid to the said tribes, annually, as follows: to the Miamis, six hundred dollars; to the Eel River tribe, two hundred and fifty dollars; to the Weas, two hundred and fifty dollars; which several annuities shall be permanent: and to the Pattawatimas, annually, for the term of ten years, and no longer, the sum of five hundred dollars, in addition to former annuities.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That, for the purpose of ess dolls. annually appropriate carrying into effect a treaty between the United States and the effor carrying Wyandot, Ottawa, Munsee, and Delaware, Shawanee, and Patta-

watima nations, holden at Fort Industry, on the fourth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and five,* the annual sum of treaty of Fort industry, &c. eight hundred and twenty-five dollars be, and the same is hereby, [see the treaty of Fort industry, &c. eight hundred and twenty-five dollars be, and the same is hereby, [see the treaty of Fort industry, &c.

appropriated.

त्रमञ्जूषा **युक्तरक्व** संश्रद्धमा ५

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That, for the purpose of Appropriation carrying into effect two treaties between the United States and effect two treaties. the Cherokee Indians, holden at Tellico, on the twenty-fifth and ties between the United States twenty-seventh days of October, one thousand eight hundred and and the Cherry five,† a sum of fifteen thousand six hundred dollars, and the [† See the treaties, pages 335, further annual sum of three thousand dollars, be, and the same is 337, vol. 1.] hereby, appropriated.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That, for the purpose of Appropriation carrying into effect a convention between the United States and effect the continuous the Creek nation of Indians, concluded at the city of Washing-into the creek nation of Indians, concluded at the city of Washing-into the creek nation of Indians, concluded at the city of Washing-into the creek nation of Indians, concluded at the city of Washing-into the creek nation of Indians, concluded at the city of Washing-into the creek nation of Indians, concluded at the city of Washing-into the creek nation of Indians, concluded at the city of Washing-into the creek nation of Indians, concluded at the city of Washing-into the creek nation of Indians, concluded at the city of Washing-into the creek nation of Indians, concluded at the city of Washing-into the creek nation of Indians, concluded at the city of Washing-into the creek nation of Indians, concluded at the city of Washing-into the creek nation of Indians, concluded at the city of Washing-into the creek nation of Indians, concluded at the city of Washing-into the creek nation of Indians, concluded at the city of Washing-into the creek nation of Indians, concluded at the city of Washing-into the creek nation of Indians, concluded at the city of Washing-into the creek nation of Indians, concluded at the city of Washing-into the creek nation of ton, on the fourteenth day of November, one thousand eight hun- Creeks, &c. dred and five,‡ a sum of twelve thousand dollars, annually, for [‡ 500 the cone eight years, and the sum of eleven thousand dollars, annually, \$73, vol. 1.] for the term of ten years, next thereafter succeeding, be, and the same are hereby, appropriated.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That the several sums appropriated by propriated by this act, shall be paid out of any money in the this act to be treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

paid out of the treasury, &c.

[Approved, April 21, 1806.]

CHAP. 54. [LIV.] An act making appropriations for the support of the military establishment of the United States, for the year one thousand eight [5 Obsolete.] bundred and six.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of represensatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, for defraying the expense of the military establishment of sums appropri-the United States, for the year one thousand eight hundred and atod for defray-ing the expense six, for the Indian department, and for the expense of fortifica-establishment, tions, arsenals, magazines, and armories, the following sums be, &c. and the same hereby are, respectively, appropriated; that is to say:

For the pay of the army of the United States, three hundred For the pay of and two thousand five hundred and fifty-six dollars.

For forage, four thousand six hundred and eight dollars.

For forage. For the subsistence of the army and corps of engineers, two For the subsisthundred and twenty-four thousand nine hundred and ninety-four my, &c. dollars five cents.

For clothing.

For clothing, eighty-five thousand dollars.

For the medical and hospital departments, twelve thousand and hospital departments.

dollars. For camp equipage, fuel, tools, and transportation, eighty-five For camp equipthousand dollars.

For fortifications, arsenals, magazines, and armories, two hun-forfortificadred and eighteen thousand five hundred and forty-two dollars &.

For purchasing maps, plans, books, and instruments, one For maps, plans, thousand five hundred dollars.

1306.

or the Indian; dollars.

artment.

For the contingent expenses of the war department, eighteen For contingent thousand dollars.

For the pay and subsistence of the commandants in Louisiana, six thousand and sixty-six dollars sixty-seven cents.

For the Indian department, ninety-six thousand six hundred

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the several appro-The processing printions hereinbefore made, shall be paid and discharged, first, appropriations to be paid out of any balance remaining unexpended of former appropriations appropriations. and use tions for the support of the military establishment; and, secondly, out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated. Approved, April 18, 1806.]

> CHAP. 55. [LV.] An act further to alter and establish certain post roads; and for other purposes.*

(* Checiete, or repealed; and supplied. See ace of 28th April, 1810; chap. 255, post.

The post roads mentioned discontinued

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the following post roads shall be discontinued: From Dixon's Spring, to Lebanon, in Tennessee; and from Raleigh, by Haywood, Chatham Courthouse, and Chapel Hill, to Hillsborough, in North Carolina.

The post roads mentioned esta blished.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the following post

roads be established:

In Massachts setts.

In Massachusetts. From Granville, through Sandisfield and New Marlborough, to Stockbridge; and from Rochester, by Middleborough, East Meetinghouse, to East Bridgwater; from Brookfield, through Brimfield, in Massachusetts, to Stafford Springs, and thence to Tolland, in Connecticut.

In Maine.

In the district of Maine. From Brewer's to Plantation number five. From Vassalborough, through Fairfax, Unity, Collegetown, to Hamden. From Buckfield, through Hartford, to Livermore; and from New Milford, through Ballstown, Palermo, and Davistown, to Belfast.

In Vermont.

In Vermont. From Royalton, through Tunbridge, Chelsea, and Vershire, to Corinth.

In Connecticut.

From Pomfret, through Gloucester, to Pro-In Connecticut. vidence, in Rhode Island.

In New York.

In New York. From the town of Cherry Valley, through Springfield, Richfield, Plainfield, and Bridgewater, to Sangersfield; and from Harrisburg, through Williamstown, Ogdensburg, Potsdam, Chateaugay, to Plattsburg. From Rome, through Redfield, Adams, by Smith's Mills, to Sacket Harbor, and from thence to Chemangh. From Bath, through Canistiotown, Danville, and Williamsburg, to Hartford; and from Onondago to the village of Oswego in Lysander; and a cross post from West Hampton to River Head. From New Lebanon, in the state of New York, by Hancock, Richmond, Lennox, Lee, Becket, Loudon, and Sandisfield, in Massachusetts, to New Hartford, in Connecticut.

In New Jersey.

In New Jersey. From Belvidere to Stroudsburg, in Pennsylvania.

In Pennsylvania. From Berlin, through Salisbury, to Cumberland. From Greensburgh to Kittanning; from Tunckhannok Information to Chenango Point, in New York; and from Greensburgh, through Mount Pleasant, Robbstown, and Williamsport, to Washington; and from Washington, through Alexandria, to Wheeling. From Gettysburg, through Millerstown, Nicholson's Gap, and Waynesburg, to Green Castle.

In Delaware. From the village of Christiana, through New- in Delaware.

ark, to Strasburgh, in Pennsylvania; and from Georgetown,

through Concord, to Laurel.

In Maryland. The post road from Vienna, in Dorchester in Maryland. county, to Snow Hill, in Worcester county, and thence, returning, to Vienna, may, in the discretion of the postmaster general, be so altered as to pass over Wicomico lower Ferry and Quantico Mills: Provided, No additional expense in transporting the mail shall be incurred thereby.

In Virginia. From Lynchburgh to Lexington. From Water- In Virginia. ford to Sniker's Gap, by the stores of Robert Braden and Jesse Janny, and from thence to Upperville, and to return by Israel Janny's mill. From Wythe Courthouse, by Tazewell Courthouse, Russel Courthouse, Lee Courthouse, to Robinson's Mills. And from Madison Courthouse to Stannardsville. The post road from Manchester to Colesville shall pass by Chesterfield Courthouse and Spring Hill.

In North Carolina. From Averysborough by Haywood, In North Cano Chatham Courthouse, to Cross Haw river, near Jones' Ferry, to line. Hillsborough. From Raleigh, by Chapel Hill, to Hillsborough. From Wilmington, through Conwayborough, to Georgetown, in South Carolina; and from Wilksborough to Ashe Courthouse.

In South Carolina. From Portsferry to Conwayborough; and In South Carofrom Portsferry, by Marion Courthouse, to Thomas Harley's.

From Washington to Petersburg, and from In Georgia, In Georgia.

Athens to Knoxville, in Tennessee.

In Ohio. From Cincinnati, by North Bend, to Lawrence- In Ohio. burgh, in the Indiana territory. From Austinburg to Erie, in Pennsylvania, and from Franklinton to Worthington.

In Kentucky. From Newcastle or Henry Courthouse, by Gal- in Restrictly. latin Courthouse and Boone Courthouse, to Laurenceburgh, in the Indiana territory; and the post road from Henderson to

Eddeville shall pass by Livingston Courthouse.

In Tennessee. From Mount Granger to Carthage, thence, in Tennessee. by Kavenaugh, to Lebanon. From Nashville to Charlotte. From Burville, by Walnut Cove, thence, along the turnpike road, by way of Chitwood's, to Pulaski, in Kentucky; and from Palmyra to Stuart Courthouse, and thence to Eddyville.

In Orleans Territory. From Rapid settlement to Opelousa.

Sect. 3.* And be it further enacted, That a sum, not exceedobsolve: ing two hundred and fifty dollars, be, and the same is hereby, Not exceeding appropriated, out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise p intent enable appropriated, to enable the postmaster general to defray the expenses which already are, or hereafter may be, incurred in providing for the accommodation of Josiah II. Webb, who, in Ausikular may be viding for the accommodation of Josiah II. Webb, who, in Ausikular may be viding for the

1806.

2006. gust last, was wounded by some person unknown, whilst he was the man defined and the united States, and who is a lough H. With who was now under the care of the commandant at Fort Stoddert. Sect. 4. And be it further enacted. That this act shall not

becr. 4. And be it further enacted, That this act shall not be so construed as to affect any existing contract for carrying the mail, [Approved, April 21, 1806.]

RESOLUTION.

The president [No. 1.] Resolved, by the senate and house of representatives requested to make known to of the United States of America in congress assembled. That the Birchians C. Nissen, president of the United States be requested to cause to be made some a tripolity of the United States be requested to cause to be made some a tripolity of the United States be requested to cause to be made statement by sul residing at Tripoli, the high sense entertained by congress of this disinterested and benevolent attentions, manifested to captain attentions to state Bain Bain bridge, his officers, and crew, during the time of their captains and server, tivity in Tripoli. [Approved, April 10, 1806.]

TS OF THE NINTH CONGRESS

THE UNITED STATES:

PASSED AT THE SECOND SESSION, WHICH WAS BEGUN AND HELD AT THE CITY OF WASHINGTON, IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, OR MONDAY, THE 1ST OF DECEMBER, 1806, AND ENDED ON THE 3D OF MARCH, 1807.

Thomas Jefferson, President. George Clinton, Vice President, and President of the Senate. Samuel Smith, President of the Senate, pro tempore, on the 3d of March. Nathaniel Macon, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

CHAP. 56. [XLVL] An act to suspend the operation of an act, entitled "An act to prohibit the importation of certain goods, wares, and merchandise," and to remit the penalties incurred under the same."

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, The That the operation of the act, passed on the eighteenth day of hibit their April last, entitled " An act to prohibit the importation of certain change goods, wares, and merchandise," be, and the same hereby is, from G suspended until the first day of July next.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That all penalties, fines, [f Ant., c] and forfeitures, which may have been incurred by virtue of the provisions of the aforesaid act, be, and the same hereby are, of the act or respectively, remitted, on payment, by the parties, by whom such bed, on payment, by the parties, by whom such penalty, fine, or forfeiture, may have been incurred, of all costs of which have accrued, or may accrue, before notice of this act shall have been received by the attorneys of the several districts of the United States.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the president of the The president United States be, and he is hereby, authorized further to suspend ther to suspend the operation of the aforesaid act, if, in his judgment, the public the act hereby interest should require it: Provided, That such suspension shall not extend beyond the second Monday in December next.‡ [Approved, December 19, 1806.]

CHAP. 57. [XLVII.] An act making appropriations for the support of the mayy of the United States, during the year one thousand eight hundred and seven.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That,

for defraying the expenses of the navy of the United States, during the year one thousand eight hundred and seven, the following sums be, and the same hereby are, respectively, appropriated; ing the expenses ing sums be, a of the navy dur-ing the year 1807. that is to say:

For pay and substance of of-ficers, and pay For provisions.

For the pay and subsistence of the officers, and pay of the seamen, two hundred and ninety-six thousand and forty-eight dollars.

For medicines, instruments, &c.

For provisions, one hundred and twenty thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars and three cents.

For repairs of vessels.

For medicines, instruments, and hospital stores, five thousand dollars.

For freight, store rent, &c.

For repairs of vessels, one hundred and ninety thousand two hundred and eight dollars and sixty-seven cents. For freight, store rent, commissions to agents, and other com-

For pay and subsistence of the marine согре, &с.

tingent expenses, seventy-five thousand dollars. For pay and subsistence of the marine corps, including pro-

For clothing for the marine corps.

visions for those on shore, and forage for the staff, seventy-eight thousand six hundred and seventy-eight dollars and thirty cents.

For military stores.

For clothing for the same, fourteen thousand three hundred and sixty dollars.

For medicine edical services,

For military stores for the same, five hundred and sixty dollars. For medicine, medical services, hospital stores, and all other expenses on account of the sick belonging to the marine corps, one thousand one hundred and fifty dollars.

For quartermas ter's and barsackmaster's stores, officers' travelling (xmenues, &cc.

For quartermaster's and barrackmaster's stores, officers' travelling expenses, armorer's and carpenter's bills, fuel, premium for enlisting, musical instruments, bounty to music, and other contingent expenses, eight thousand one hundred and forty-five dollars.

For navy yards,

For the expense of navy yards, comprising docks, and other improvements, pay of superintendents, storekeepers, clerks, and laborers, sixty thousand dollars.

For ordnance, fifty thousand dollars.

For ordnance. The sums appropriated to be paid out of un-

SEOF. 2. And be it further enacted, That the several sums, herein specifically appropriated, shall be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, January 7, 1807.]

[Obsolete.]

CHAP. 58. [XLVIII.] An act making appropriations for the support of the military establishment of the United States, for the year one thousand eight hundred and seven.*

s appropri-fer defray-

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, for defraying the expense of the military establishment of ing the expense the United States, for the year one thousand eight hundred and of the sulfary seven; for the Indian department, and for the expense of fortifier. cations, arsenals, magazines, and armories, the following sums be, and the same hereby are, respectively, appropriated; that is to say:

For the pay of the army.

For the pay of the army of the United States, three hundred and two thousand nine hundred and fifty-two dollars.

For forage, four thousand six hundred and eight dollars.

For the subsistence of the army and corps of engineers, two For the subsistence hundred and thirty-five thousand five hundred and fifty-two dolmy, &c. lars and fifty cents.

For clothing, eighty-five thousand dollars.

For bounties and premiums, fifteen thousand dollars.

For the medical and hospital departments, fifteen thousand for the medical dollars.

For camp equipage, fuel, tools, and transportation, ninety For camp equip thousand dollars.

For fortifications, arsenals, magazines, and armories, two hun- For fortificadred and eighteen thousand five hundred and forty-two dollars &c.

For purchasing maps, plans, books, and instruments, one for maps, plans, thousand five hundred dollars.

For contingencies, eighteen thousand dollars. •

For the payment of such balances as have been ascertained, For the payment and which may be ascertained, during the years one thousand of balances as eight hundred and six, and one thousand eight hundred and se-tained and se-t ven, from actual settlements by the accountant of the war department, and which cannot be discharged out of any existing appropriation, eight thousand dollars.

For the Indian department, one hundred thousand and six department.

hundred dollars.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the several appro- The propriations hereinbefore made, shall be paid out of any moneys in appropriation the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, January 10, 1807.]

and premiums.

For contingen-

CHAP. 59. [XLIX.] An act for the relief of George Little.*

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- The proper second of the United States of America in congress assembled, to liquidate and That the proper accounting officers liquidate and adjust, with George Little, George Little, the account of damages, interest, and charges, in the case of the brig Flying Fish, captured by him while compass of the brig section the brig section of the brig section that the case of the brig section the brig section that the case of the brig section the bright section that the case of the bright section the bright section that the case of the bright section that the case of the bright section that the case of the bright section that the proper accounting officers are constant to the bright section that the proper accounting officers are constant to the bright section that the proper accounting officers are constant to the bright section the bright section that the proper account of the bright section that the proper accou mander of the frigate Boston, in the service of the United States, Flying Flah, during the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine, while comand afterwards libelled in the district court of the United States, frigate Bostos, for the district of Massachusetts; in which case judgment was ease judgment ultimately rendered by the circuit court, in pursuance of a de-rest red by the cision of the supreme court of the United States; and that so circuit court; and as much as much as may be necessary for satisfying the same be paid out measure to be much as may be necessary for satisfying the same be paid out necessary to be paid out of meaning and out of of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, January 17, 1807.] tressury, &c.

CHAP. 60. [L.] An act to alter the time of holding the circuit and district courts in the district of North Carolina.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, instead of the times heretofore established by law, for the ses-

to sentence of sions of the circuit court for the district of North Carolina, the for the district said courts shall hereafter commence and be holden on the of Morh Carolland twelfth day of May, and the twelfth day of November, in each shelden on the year, any thing contained in any former act or acts to the conand 18th of May, trary notwithstanding. And all actions, suits, process, pleadings, and other proceedings of what nature or kind soever, civil or the secondary, criminal, commenced or to commence in the said court, and all recognisances returnable to the said court, on the twentieth day of June next, shall be continued, returned to, and have day in, the session to be holden by this act, and the same proceedings shall be had thereon as heretofore, and shall have all the effect, Province when power, and virtue, as if the alteration had never been made: Prothe days fixed wided, nevertheless, That when the twelfth day of May, or the day, thenext to twelfth day of November, shall happen on Sunday, the next stac-be the first jo-ridden day, dec. ceeding day shall be the first juridical day of the term. ceeding day shall be the first juridical day of the term.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the district courts

The district erts for North Carolina, after 1807, to comnence on the lays herein tated, he.

of the United States for the district of North Carolina shall, after the passing of this act, commence and be holden on the following days, instead of the times heretofore established by laws that is to say: at Wilmington, in and for the district of Cape Fear, on the first Mondays in February, June, and October; as-Newbern, in and for the district of Pamptico, on the Friday next after the first Mondays in February, June, and October; and at Edenton, in and for the district of Albemarle, on the first l'uesday which shall follow the Friday next after the first Mondays in February, June, and October.* And that all actions, suits, writs, process, pleadings, or other proceedings, commenced or to commence, or which shall be now depending in any of the district courts of the district of North Carolina, shall be continued over, and have day in, the next district court to be holden in the several districts as hereby established, any thing in any former act or acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

[P Altered. act of Othin 1800; sec. 3. ch 133, post.] Actions, mits kc. continued

[Approved, February 4, 1807.]

CHAP. 61. [LI.] An act for the relief of Seth Harding, late a captain in the navy of the United States.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the secretary of the navy be, and hereby is, directed to place upon the navy list of invalid pensioners of the United States. Seth Harding, late a captain in the navy of the United States. who has been so disabled in the line of his duty, while in serof his duty, &c. vice, that he is unable to support himself by labor; and who shall nonthly pay, be entitled to receive one-half his monthly pay of a captain in the navy, to commence from the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and four, agreeably to the provisions contained in the act, entitled " An act for the better government of the navy of the United States." [Approved, February 6, 1807.]

[† Chap. 187,

CHAP. 40. [LII.] As not for the ralief of the suffi of Portsmouth, New Hampshire.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-Stoes of the United States of America in congress assembled, That All personal laws and all persons who, being indebted to the United States for duties the configuration on merchandise, have given bond therefor, with one or more sureties, payable to the collector for the district of Portsmouth, in the state of New Hampshire, or to the collector of the district of rake up their bonds, its. and collectors new bonds, with one or more sureties, to the satisfaction of the said collector or collectors, for the sums of their former bonds, respectively, payable in twelve months from and after the day of payment specified in the bonds to be taken up and cancelled, as aforesaid; and the said collectors are hereby authorized to give up, or cancel, all such bonds, upon the receipt of others, as described in this act; which last mentioned bonds shall be proceeded with, in all respects, like other bonds which are taken by collectors for duties due to the United States: Pro- in this act to ex vided, however, That nothing in this act contained shall extend which fill do to bonds which had fallen due prior to the twenty-fourth day of prior to the so of Dec. 1806. December last. [Approved, February 10, 1807.]

CHAP. 63. [LIII.] An act to provide for surveying the coasts of the United States.†

[† Obsolete.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the president of the United States shall be, and he is hereby, The president authorized and requested, to cause a survey to be taken of the cause a survey coasts of the United States, in which shall be designated the the coasts of the United States, in which shall be designated the the coasts of the United States, is shall be designated the the coasts of the United States, is shall be designated to the the coast of the United States, is shall be designated to the coast of the United States, is shall be designated to the coast of the United States, is shall be designated the coast of the United States, in which shall be designated the coast of the United States, in which shall be designated the coast of the United States, in which shall be designated the coast of the United States, in which shall be designated the coast of the United States, in which shall be designated the coast of the United States, in which shall be designated the coast of the coast twenty leagues of any part of the shores of the United States; designated the and also the respective courses and distances between the printipal capes, or head lands, together with such other matters as he may deem proper for completing an accurate chart of every part of the coasts within the extent aforesaid.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful The president for the president of the United States to cause such examina- minations and tions and observations to be made, with respect to St. George's be made with bank, and any other bank or shoal, and the soundings and cur-respect to St. rents beyond the distance aforesaid to the Gulf Stream, as in his keep opinion may be especially subservient to the commercial interests currents to the Gulf Stream, & of the United States.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the president of the requested, for the purpose of this sci, we can be used this sci, we can be used to be used t ed, for any of the purposes aforesaid, to cause proper and intelligent persons to be employed, and also such of the public vessels and public vessels in actual service, as he may judge expedient, and to give such in
service, &c.

structions for regulating their conduct as to him may appear

proper, according to the tenor of this act.

p,000 dolls, ap-reprinted for strying this act to effect, &c.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That, for carrying this act into effect, there shall be, and hereby is, appropriated a sum not exceeding fifty thousand dollars, to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, February 10, 1807.]

CHAP. 64. [LIV.] An act authorizing the erection of certain lighthouses, and the fixing of stakes, buoys, and beacons, at certain places therein named.

Provisoes; if ground can be obtained at a reasonable price, and the legislatures of Massarbusetta of the treasury to couse the lighthouse on

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The secretary of the treasury be, and he hereby is, authorized directed to some and directed to cause a good and sufficient lighthouse to be built directed to eause and directed to cause a good and sufficient lighthouse to be built be built on Fair at each of the following places; that is to say: on Fair Weather weather island, and one at Nau- island, in the state of Connecticut, and at Naushawn island, near appoint become, Tarpaulin cove, in the state of Massachusetts, at such points as the president of the United States may select for those purposes; and to appoint keepers, and otherwise provide for such lighthouses, at the expense of the United States: Provided, That sufficient ground for the accommodation of said lighthouses, respectively, can be obtained at a reasonable price: And provided, machine of also, That the legislatures of the states of Connecticut and Maserde the juris chusetts shall cede the judicion. Sec. [18ce pages 666, 87, vol. 1.]

The secretary of the measurement of the me sachusetts shall cede the jurisdiction over each place, respective-

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the secretary of the treasury be, and he hereby is, authorized and directed to cause the lighthouse at present established on Smith's Point, at the mouth Smith's Point to of the river Potowmac, to be taken down, and to cause another and another one good and sufficient one to be built, at such other spot on the said to be built, &c. good and sufficient one to be built, at such other spot on the said Provisees; if suff point as the president of the United States may select: *Provided*, ficient ground for the accommodation thereof can be obat a reasonable tained at a reasonable price: And provided also, That the legisgislature of Virgislature of Virgislature of the state of Virginia shall cede the jurisdiction over
jurisdiction, &c.

17 See page 666,

sury is hereby further authorized and directed. The secretary to sury is hereby further authorized and directed to cause the light-ease the light-house heretofore established on North island, at the entrance ined on North to Winyaw bay, in the state of South Carolina, to be rebuilt in island, &c. to be such manner as may, in his opinion, be most likely to secure its to Winyaw bay, in the state of South Carolina, to be rebuilt in future safety.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the secretary of the The secretary of treasury be, and he hereby is, authorized and directed to cause the treasury and proper and sufficient buoys and stakes to be fixed in and along same buoys and proper and sufficient buoys and stakes to be fixed in and along ed in the channel in Winyaw bay, leading to the harbor of Georgetown, nel in Winyaw nel in Winyaw bay, sec. and bay, sec. and beacons of the state of South Carolina: and also, to cause proper and sufficient buoys and beacons to be placed on, or near, the rocks rocks, Reclinthe and shoals in the channel leading into the harbor of Salem, in into Salem, &c. the state of Massachusetts.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That, for the purpose of defraying the expenses which may be incurred in the execution sums appropriated for defrayof this act, the following sums shall be, and the same are hereby, ing the expenses
respectively, appropriated, to be paid out of any moneys in the red in the exetreasury, not otherwise appropriated; that is to say: for building act, &c. the lighthouse on Fair Weather island, five thousand dollars; for building the lighthouse on Naushawn island, two thousand five hundred dollars; for pulling down and rebuilding the lighthouse on Smith's Point, six thousand dollars; for rebuilding the lighthouse on North island, twenty thousand dollars; for fixing buoys and stakes in Winyaw bay, one thousand five hundred dollars; for fixing buoys and beacons in the channel leading to Salem harbor, one thousand five hundred dollars.

[Approved, February 10, 1807.]

CHAP. 65. [LV.] An act for the relief of Edmund Briggs.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- The collector tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That for the district of Newbort be, and he hereby is, retent to pay and he hereby is, Edmund Strige. directed to pay to Edmund Briggs, owner of the schooner owner of the schooner P Phebe, or his agent, the amount of bounty or allowance arising &c. the amount of bounty, on a fishing voyage, which was made in the said vessel, in the arting on a year one thousand eight hundred and two, upon satisfactory apon at proof being exhibited, to the said collector, that the said schooner eshooner w was employed during the four months of the fishing season.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That so much of the act, of the act entitled "An act for the relief of Robert Patton, and others," the relief of Robert Patton passed on the third day of March, one thousand eight hundred to the condition and five, as is contained in the second section thereof, be, and vol. 3.] the same hereby is, repealed.

[Approved, February 10, 1807.]

CHAP. 66. [LVI.] An act for the relief of William Hearn.‡

[Privata]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, of the trastatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, of the trastatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, of the trastatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, or the trastative authorised to the trastative aut That the secretary of the treasury be, and he is hereby, author quire into the ized to inquire, by himself, or by some trusty agent whom he cumutaness of community the community of the communit may appoint for the purpose, into the pecuniary circumstances william Hearn, now imprisoned, by virtue of a writ of exevirtue of a writ of exeton county, district of Columbia; and if said Hearn shall assign and if the and convey to the secretary aforesaid, all the estate, of every take, or pro kind and description, which he may own, or be entitled to, in that he has none possession, remainder, or reversion to the property of the prop possession, remainder, or reversion, to the proper use and benefit ry to give hims of the United States; or if he, the said Hearn, shall prove, to certificate, upon the satisfaction of the sacretage of the sacr the satisfaction of the secretary, or agent aforesaid, that he has in the marshall no estate, and has not transferred all or any part of his property, discharged,

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Proviso; if the fees and expenses, &c.

in this act to te acquired by Hearn, &c.

with intent to avoid the payment of the sum for which he is imprisoned, or to defraud the United States; then the secretary of the treasury shall give to said Hearn a certificate, stating what he has done in the premises; and upon said Hearn producing such certificate to the marshal of the district of Columbia, he shall discharge said Hearn from his imprisonment: Provided, contificate specifies that Hearn in case the certificate shall specify that the said Hearn has satisfies that hearn
field the secretary, or agent aforesaid, that he had no estate, and
is to pay or become bound for of course has made no assignment, then the said Hearn shall either pay, or execute to the marshal his obligation, payable to the United States, for all fees and expenses, which have arisen in consequence of his, said Hearn's, imprisonment, before he Provisomothing be discharged as aforesaid: And provided, That nothing in this lease any other act shall be construed to discharge any other person from any person, nor any liableness to the payment of, or from any liableness to be imprisoned by virtue of, the execution aforesaid, nor to release any estate, which the said Hearn may hereafter acquire, from a liableness to satisfy said execution.

[Approved, February 10, 1807.]

CHAP. 67. [LVII.] An act supplementary to the act, entitled "An act making provision for the redemption of the whole of the public debt of the United States."*

Of 29th April, 1802; chap. 293, vol. 3.] It is desirable to circumstances,

čc. A subscription to the full amount of the old 6 per cent. deferred, and 3 proposed, &c. Books to be opened at the treasury, e.c. on the 1st July, 1807, &cc.

Whereas it is desirable to adapt the nature of the provision for adapt the nature of the provision the redemption of the public debt to the present circumstances of for the redemp the United States, which can only be done by a voluntary subscription on the part of the creditors: SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives

of the United States of America in congress assembled, That a subscription to the full amount of the old six per cent. deferred, per cent, stocks, and three per cent. stocks, be, and the same is hereby, proposed, for which purpose books shall be opened at the treasury of the United States, and by the several commissioners of loans, on the first day of July next, to continue open until the seventeenth day of March next following, inclusively, the fourteen last days of each quarter excepted, for such parts of the above mentioned descriptions of stock as shall, on the day of subscription, stand on the books of the treasury, and of the several commissioners of loans, respectively; which subscription shall be effected by a The subscription to be effect transfer to the United States, in the manner provided by law for ed by a transfer, such transfers, of the credit or credits standing on the said books, ner provided by and by a surrender of the certificates of the stock subscribed.

The subscription to be effect transfer to the United States, in the manner provided by law for edd to transfers, such transfers, of the credit or credits standing on the said books, ner provided by and by a surrender of the certificates of the stock subscribed.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That, for the whole or ercent. or de- any part of any sum which shall thus be subscribed, in old six remediators, credits shall be entered to the resubscribers and spective subscribers, and the subscriber or subscribers shall be tied to certificate, or certificates, purporting that the United ing an interest States owe to the holder or holders thereof, his, her, or their transferable, &c. assigns, a sum to be expressed therein, equal to the amount of principal of the stock thus subscribed, which shall remain unre-

hw, &cc. For the sum sub-scribed in old 6

deemed on the day of such subscription, bearing an interest of six per centum per annum, payable quarter yearly, from the first day of the quarter, during which such subscription shall have been made, transferable in the same manner as is provided by law for the transfers of the stock subscribed, and subject to redemption at the pleasure of the United States: Provided, That Proviso; no single certificate shall be issued for an amount greater than for more than ten thousand dollars: And provided further, That no reimbursement shall be made except for the whole amount of any such new imbursement except for the whole amount of any such new whole amount of the certificate, nor till after at least six months' previous public noof the new eccopt for the whole amount of the new eccopt for the ne tice of such intended reimbursement.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That for the whole or any For any sum subscribed in 3 part of any sum which shall thus be subscribed in three per cent. stock, stock, credits shall likewise be entered to the respective subscriered and the bers; and the subscriber, or subscribers, shall be entitled to a certificate, purporting that the United States owe to the holder or cates, &c. bearing an interest holders thereof, his, her, or their assigns, a sum to be expressed of prince thankers of the amount of prince therein, equal to sixty-five per centum of the amount of principal of the stock thus subscribed, bearing an interest of six per centum per annum, payable quarter yearly, from the first day of the quarter, during which such subscription shall have been made, and transferable, and subject to redemption, in the same manner, and under the same regulations and restrictions, as the stock created by the preceding section of this act: Provided, Provise; no part That no part of the stock thus created, shall be reimburseable imburseable without the assent of the holder or holders of such stock, until without the assent of the holder after the whole of the eight per cent. and four and a half per the whole of the cent. stocks, as well as all the six per cent. stock which may be stocks mentioned have been created by virtue of the preceding section, shall have been re-redeemed. deemed.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the commissioners The commissioners of the sinking fund shall be, and they are hereby, authorized to staking fund appoint an agent in London, and another in Amsterdam, whose point an agent duty it shall be to receive subscriptions and transfers, and to issue new certificates, in the manner, and at the times, abovemen- sterdam, to receive subscriptioned, and as the officers of the treasury department, or the tions and trans-commissioners of loans, might do; that is to say: the agent in new certificates, London in favor of such stockholders residing in the dominions of Great Britain, in Europe, and the agent in Amsterdam, in favor of such stockholders, residing in any other part of Europe, as may, respectively, become subscribers: Provided, That the Proviso; the certificates issued certificates issued by the said agents shall bear interest only from by the agents the first day of the quarter next succeeding that in which the only from the control of the quarter next succeeding that in which the only from the control of the subscription shall have taken place; and that, in relation to sub-querter next scriptions made in old six per cent. or deferred stocks, the sums succeeding, &c. expressed in such new certificates shall be equal to the amount of the principal of the old six per cent. or deterred stocks, thus subscribed, which shall remain unredeemed, after payment of the dividend payable on such stock, on that day from which the interest on the new certificates shall commence. The foreign Foreign stockholders unbestockholders, thus subscribing with either of the said agents, scribing with shall be entitled to receive the dividend on the old six per cent. iled is receive

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1807. e dividend, he graus to mamit, b fore e end of each erter, to the strains of the certificates of

deferred, or three per cent. stock, subscribed by them, respectively, which shall be payable on that day, from which the interest on the new certificates shall commence. And it shall be the duty of the said agents, respectively, to transmit, before the end of each quarter, to the register of the treasury, and to the several commissioners of loans, respectively, triplicate abstracts of the certificates of stocks subscribed, and of the new certificates issued by them, during such quarter, in order that the proper credits may be entered on the books of the treasury, and of the commissioners of loans, as the case may be, to the holders of such new certificates. And the said agents, before they enter upon the execution of their several offices, shall, respectively, take an oath or affirmation for the diligent and faithful execution of their trust, and shall also become bound, with one or more sureties, to the satisfaction of the commissioners of the sinking fund, or of the secretary of the treasury, in the penal sum of twesty thousand dollars, with condition for their good behavior in their said offices.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That the holders of old

The holders of aid 6 per cent, deferred, or 3

cent. stocks.

Amsterdam not to b. paid until the expiration of 6 calendar of one per cent.
Proviso; proprietors of stock
payable in Eurepe, may surrender their certificates, and payable in the United States

six per cent. deferred, or three per cent. stock, who may become subscribers, as aforesaid, either in the United States or in Europe, and who, on the first day of July next, and also on the day of the subscription, shall be resident in Europe, may, at their option, which must be made at the time of subscribing, receive the interest accruing on the stock created by virtue of the preceding sections of this act, either in the United States, as other creditors, or at London, or Amsterdam: that is to say, the stockholders residing, at the times abovementioned, in the dominions of Great Britain, in Europe, at London, and at the rate of four od or 21-8 guil- shillings and six pence, sterling, for each dollar; and the stockholders residing, at the times abovementioned, in any other part of Europe, at Amsterdam, and at the rate of two guilders and a half guilder, current money of Holland, for each dollar; in which last mentioned option the condition shall be expressed in the new certificates to be issued, and the credit or credits to be given to the proprietors thereof shall be entered, and shall thereafter be Province the intransferable only on the books of the treasury: Provided, however payable and ever, That the interest thus payable in London and Amsterdam. ever, That the interest thus payable in London and Amsterdam, shall not be payable until the expiration of six calendar months from the day on which the same would be payable in the United States, and shall be subject to a deduction of one-half of one per cent. on the amount payable, for commission to the bankers paying the same: And provided, also, That every proprietor of such stock may, on surrendering his certificate, receive another to the same amount, the interest whereof shall be payable quarter yearly in the United States, in the same manner as that accruing on the stock held by persons residing in the United States. SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That the same funds

which heretofore have been, and now are, pledged by law, for the payment of the interest, and for the redemption or reimbursement of the stock which may be subscribed by virtue of the provisions of this act, shall remain pledged for the payment of in-

terest accruing on the stock created by reason of such subscription, and for the redemption or reimbursement of the principal of the same. It shall be the duty of the commissioners of the The commissioners of the sinking fund to cause to be applied and paid out of the said fund, sinking fund vearly and every year, such sum and sums as may be annually &c. yearly, so wanted to discharge the annual interest and charges accruing on wanted to diswanted to discharge the annual interest and charges accruing on the stock which may be created by virtue of this act. The said commissioners are hereby authorized to apply, from time to the took ereated by the said sums, out of the said fund, as they may think proper, towards redeeming, by purchase, or by reimbursement, in conformity with the provisions of this act, the principal of the said stock. And the annual sum of eight millions of dollars, vested by law in the said commissioners, shall be and continue appropriated to the payment of interest and redemption of the public debt, until the whole of the stock, which may be created by the preceding sections of this act, shall have been redeemed on reimbursed. ed or reimbursed.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That there shall be al-Rach of the slowed to each of the agents to be appointed by virtue of this act, by virtue of this in addition to the necessary expenses incurred by them for print-act allowed s,000 dolls, as ing, stationery, and postage, a sum of three thousand dollars, as full compensation for their services. The said agents, and the tion, &c. commissioners of loans, shall also be allowed such additional sum missioners of as may be actually and necessarily expended for the clerk hire additional som requisite for carrying this act into effect. And for defraying the for clerk hire.

Not exceeding said compensations and allowances, and such other contingent 16,000 dolls. apcharges as may be incurred for carrying this act into effect, a earying this act sum, not exceeding sixteen thousand dollars, to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, is hereby appropriated.

by appropriated.

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That whensoever notice when notice of reimbursement shall be given, as prescribed by the second and is given, &c. the prescribed to be reim-occidents. &c. third sections of this act, the certificates intended to be reim-orthicates, &c. bursed shall be designated therein. In every reimbursement the Preference to be preference, shall be given to such holders of certificates as, previously to the said notice, shall have notified in writing to the treaments wish to be resury department their wish to be reimbursed. If there should inthe should not be applications to the treasury sufficient to require the paynot be applications to the treasury sufficient to require the paynot be applications to the treasury sufficient to the treasury after paying off all sums for the payment of the treasury, after paying off all sums for the payment of the of which application shall have been made, shall determine, by applied, &c. or lot, what other certificates shall be reimbursed so as to make up if the applications amount to be discharged; and in case the applications amount, &c. the secretary of the secretar treasury shall proceed to determine, by lot, what applications &c. shall be entitled to priority of shall be entitled to priority of payment.

SECT. 9. And be it further enacted, That the agents appointed The agents, &c. by virtue of this act, and the several commissioners of loans, directions precious prec shall observe and perform such directions and regulations as by the secretary shall be prescribed to them by the secretary of the treasury, &c. touching the execution of this act.

SECT. 10. And be it further enocted, That nothing in this act 1807. Nothing in this contained shall be construed, in any wise, to alter, abridge, or act to impair, sec. the rights of those creditors of the United States who enditors who shall not subscribe to the loan created by virtue of this act. [Approved, February 11, 1807.]

> CHAP. 68. [I.VIII.] An act to extend the power of granting writs of injunctions to the judges of the district courts of the United States.

[* See act of 2d March, 1793; sec. 5, ch. 167, vol. 2.] The judges of district courts to have full power to grant writs of injunction, to operate within their districts, cised by the

supreme court,

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, from and after the passing of this act, the judges of the district courts of the United States shall have as full power to grant writs of injunctions, to operate within their respective districts, in all cases which may come before the circuit courts within their respective districts, as is now exercised by any of the judges of the supreme court of the United States, under the same rules, regulations, and restrictions, as are prescribed by the several acts of congress establishing the judiciary of the United States, any law Proviso; the in to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided, That the same shall junction, unless, not, unless so ordered by the circuit court, continue longer than time longer than to the circuit court next ensuing; nor shall an injunction be issuthan to the circuit court next ensuing; nor shall an injunction be issuthan to the circuit court next ensuing; nor shall an injunction be issuthand a more ed by a district judge in any case where a party has had a rea-

sonable time to apply to the circuit court for the writ.

cuit court next ensuing, &cc.

[Approved, February 13, 1867.]

[† See, as affected by the provi-CHAP. 69. [LIX.] An act to annex certain shores and waters to the district the act of ad March, 1799; see. 17, chap. 128, vol. 3: act of 3d March, 1801; ch. 343, vol. 3: net of 1st May. 1803; the shores, warivers which empty into the Mississippi, &c. annexed to the

of Mississippi; and to authorize the building a customhouse at New Orleans.t SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of represen-19th Feb. 1803; That, from and after the thirtieth day of June next, all the Atter the 30th June, 1807, all the shores and waters of the river Ohio and of the shores and waters of the shores and shores are sh and creeks emptying into the same; and also, all the shores and ohio, and of the waters of the rivers which empty into the river Mississippi, or any of its branches, be, and the same are hereby, annexed to, and

shall make part of, the district of Mississippi.‡

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That a surveyor shall be [186-sec.7,eth. appointed for each of the following towns or places; that is to 310, post.]

A sarveyor to be say: Pittsburg, Charlestown, Marietta, Cincinnati, Limestone, appointed for Eittsburg,

Louisville, Massac, and Natchez; who shall be authorized to Charlestown, grant temporary registers to vessels of the United States, in the temporary registers, scanned done by the collectors of the several districts of the United States; enen, desides the fees paid in relation of the said surveyors, besides the fees paid in relation salary of 150 dls. to the admeasurement and registering of vessels, shall receive an The collector of annual salary of one hundred and fifty dollars.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the collector of the Mississippi, on the surrender of the surrender of district of Mississippi shall, on the surrender of any temporary

register, granted to a vessel of the United States as aforesaid, issue a permanent register for such vessel: Provided, That the gister, &c. to Ismaster of such vessel shall take the usual oath, and perform all one &c.

master of such vessel shall take the usual oath, and perform all one &c.

Provise; the the other conditions, required by the registering act, except that masters of vessels to take the shall not be obliged to give any new bond to the said collector.

Sect. 4. And be it further enacted, That so much of any act tons required, or acts as erects any of the shores or waters, annexed by this act &c. except, &c. Any acts which to the Mississippi district, into separate districts, be, and the erect the shores, same is hereby, repealed.*

same is hereby, repealed.*

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That the secretary of the treasury be, and he hereby is, authorized and directed to cause rate districts, into separate districts, into separate districts, into separate districts, repealed.

I see the note at the had of the city of New Orleans, a good and sufficient house, this chapter. The secretary to serve as an office and place of deposite for the collector of of the treasure. to serve as an office and place of deposite for the collector of of the treasury the customs at that place. And the sum of twenty thousand to be built, &c. dollars is hereby appropriated to defray the expense of erecting in the city of New Orleans, a the same, to be paid out of any money in the treasury, not other
The secretary of the secretary directory of the treasury of the treasury of the treasury of the city of New Orleans, a the same, to be paid out of any money in the treasury, not other
The secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the treasury of the wise appropriated. [Approved, February 13, 1807.]

house, čce. 20,000 dolls. appropriated to defray the ex-

CHAP. 70. [LX.] An act authorizing the president of the United States to accept the service of a number of volunteer companies, not exceeding [† Obsolete.] thirty thousand men.†

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- The president tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That anthorised to accept the United States be, and he hereby is, authorized configuration to accept of any company or companies of volunteers, either of the control artillery, cavalry, or infantry, who may associate and offer themselves for the service, not exceeding thirty thousand men, who there was selves for the service, not exceeding thirty thousand men, who there was expense, and armed and equipped at the expense of the United States, af United States, af the selves hall be called into service average such of them as may except the choose to furnish their own arms, and whose commissioned officers to be appointed in the manner prescribed by law in the several states and territories to which such companies shall, respectively, belong: Provided, That where any company, battalion, regiment, brigade, or division, of militia, already organized, shall tender their voluntary service to the United States, such company, battalion, regiment, brigade, or division, shall continue to be commanded by the officers holding commissions in the same, at the time of such tender, and any vacancy thereafter occurring shall be filled in the mode pointed out by law in the missions, &c. ter they shall be called into service, except such of them as may except, &c. curring shall be filled in the mode pointed out by law in the missions, &cstate, or territory, wherein the said company, battalion, regiment,

brigade, or division, shall have been originally raised.

Sect. 2. And be it further enacted, That any company, bat-talions, rgitalion, regiment, brigade, or division, thus offering itself for the fering for ser-service, shall be liable to be called upon, to do military duty, at vie. flable to be called upon to do military duty. any time the president of the United States shall judge proper, within two years after he shall accept the same, and shall be to serve for 15 bound to continue in service for the term of twelve months after months, &c. uncertainty shall have arrived at the place of rendezvous, unless soon-gulartroops, &c.

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Provisor in lieu of clothing, non commissioned

er discharged; and when called into actual service, and whilst remaining therein, shall be under the same rules and regulations, and be entitled to the same pay, rations, forage, and emoluments, of every kind, bounty and clothing excepted, with the regular troops of the United States: Provided, That, in lieu of clothing, every noncommissioned officer and private, in any company offer FE and solenvise entitled to actual service, to receive, in money, a sum equal to the cost of the clothing of a noncommissional and the cost case may be) in the regular troops of the United States.

The president authorized to organise the drons, &c.

And be it further enacted, That the president of SECT. 3. the United States be, and he hereby is, authorized to organize dering, &c. into the companies so tendering their service, as aforesaid, into battalions, squadrons, regiments, brigades, and divisions, as soon as the number of volunteers shall render such organization, in The companies tendering, Rea. his judgment, expedient; but untu cancu miss and such companies shall be bound to do regular militia duty as is rebound to do mit quired by law in like manner as before the passage of this act.

SECT. 4. And be it further enatted, That in case any volunteer, above mentioned, while in actual service, shall sustain any any damage, in damage, by injury done to his horse, or such other equipment as berses or quipment shall have been furnished at his own expense, or by loss of shall have been furnished at his own expense, or by loss of the same, without any fault or negligence on his part, a reasonable sum, to be ascertained in such manner as the president of the United States may direct, shall be allowed and paid to such volunteer for each and every such damage or loss.

In case volun-teers, in actual ed at their expense, &c. they are to be allow ed a reasonable sum, &cc.

appropriated towards defraving dred thousand dollars, to be paid out of any moneys in the treasucurned by virtue ry, not otherwise appropriated, be, and the same hereby is, appropriated towards defraying any expense incurred by virtue of the provisions of this act. [Approved, February 24, 1807.]

500,000 dolls.

CHAP. 71. [LXI.] An act establishing circuit courts, and abridging the jurisdiction of the district courts in the districts of Kentucky, Tennessee, and Ohio.

Any acts that vest in the dis triet courts of Kentucky, Rant and West Tennessee and Ohio, repealed.
[* Se: sec. 10, chap. 20, and ch. 360, vol. 2: also, ch. 320, vol. 3.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That so much of any act or acts of congress as vests in the district courts of the United States, in the districts of Kentucky, East of circuit cours, and West Tennessee, and Ohio, the powers, authority, and jurisdiction, of the circuit courts of the United States, shall be, and the same is hereby, repealed.*

The districts of Kentucky, Tennessee, and Ohio, to constitute the 7th judicial circuit.

SECT. 2. Be it further enacted, That, for the purpose of holding therein the circuit courts, to be established by this act, the state of Kentucky shall constitute one district, the state of Tennessee one district, and the state of Ohio one district; and the said districts of Kentucky, Tennessee, and Ohio, shall constitute Two circult and be denominated the seventh circuit and be denominated the seventh circuit and circuit, two courts, in each district holden, annually, in each district of the said circuit, two courts, in each district of one justice of the to be called circuit courts, and to consist of one justice of the

supreme court of the United States, and the judge of the district where such court shall be holden. And the sessions of the said supreme court courts, in the district of Kentucky, shall be held at Frankfort, judge, &c. and commence on the first Monday in May and November, anelectric courts of nually; in the district of Tennessee, at Knoxville, and Nashmuses, and Object. ville, alternately, to commence on the first Monday in June, and third Monday in October, annually, beginning at Nashville; and in the district of Ohio, at Chilicothe, to commence on the first Monday in January, and September, annually. And the circuit The court of Tennessee shall designate at which of the two places, where the court of Tennessee shall designate at which of the two places, where the court of the two places are the court of the two places, where the court of the two places are the court of the two places. where the said court is hereby directed to be holden, the office of clark shall of clerk thereof shall be kept.*

SECT. 3. Be it further enacted, That all the authority, powdens, 1806; chap. 143, jost.]
ers, and jurisdiction, vested in the several circuit courts of the powers, Rc.
United States, or the judges thereof, or either of them, shall be, wated in the several circuit courts of the extension of the several circuit courts of the several circuit courts of the several circuit courts of the several circuit. that all actions, causes, pleas, process, and other proceedings, causes, relative to any cause, civil or criminal, which shall be returnable process and cause of the control of the contr to, or depending in, the several district courts of Kentucky, Tennessee, and Ohio, acting as circuit courts, on the first day of May next, shall be, and hereby are declared to be, respectively, transferred, returnable, and continued, to the several circuit courts constituted by this act, at the times herein appointed for the session of each of the said courts, and shall be heard, tried, and determined, therein, in the same manner, and with the same effect, as if no change had been made hereby in the courts of the And the said circuit courts of the seventh circuit The circuit shall be governed by the same laws and regulations as apply to circuit of the 7th circuit courts of the United States, and shall appoint same regulations are proposed by the clerks for the said courts, respectively, who shall reside, and keep the proposed of the said courts, at the places of holding the courts, point elerks, for the said courts, at the places of holding the courts, point elerks, for whereto they shall respectively belong, except as hereinbefore provided, and shall perform the same duties, and be entitled to, and receive, the same emoluments and fees, respectively, which are by law established for the clerks of the other circuit courts of the United States.

SECT. 4. Be it further enacted, That the state of Tenness Tennessed discovered line two dissee shall be divided into two districts, for the purpose of holding trice, &c. district courts in the same, one to consist of that part thereof 1. District of which, by the laws of the said state, now forms the districts of Washington and Hamilton, which shall be called the district of East Tennessee; and one other, to consist of all that part of the West Tennesse state of Tennessee which, by the laws of the said state, now . forms the districts of Winchester, Mero, and Robertson, which shall be called the district of West Tennessee. And all the au-the authority, powers, and jurisdiction, vested in the several district several district several district several district courts of the United States, and the judges thereof, in those dis- United States, tricts in which circuit courts are now held, shall be retained, and kee may be exmay be exercised, by the several district courts of Kentucky, district courts, district courts, district courts, district courts, TenEast and West Tennessee, and Ohio, and the several judges hessee, and Ohio, keep and Ohi thereof. And the sessions of the said district courts shall, after

the first day of May next, be as follows: in Kentucky, at Frank-

in of the fort, two sessions, to commence on the first Mondays in June Besser, in Constant and December, annually; in East Tennessee, at Knoxville, ees a s, et two sessions, to commence on the third Monday in April, and second Monday in October, annually; and at Nashville, two sessions, to commence on the fourth Mondays in May and November, annually; and in Ohio, at Chilicothe, three sessions, to commence on the first Mondays in February, June, and October, annually.† And all actions, causes, pleas, process, and other proceedings, relative to any cause, civil or criminal, which shall have been issued, and shall be returnable to, or depending inthe said several district courts of the United States, acting as district courts, on the said first day of May next, shall be returned and held continued to the said several district courts, respectively, at the times hereinbefore appointed for holding the same.

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> SECT. 5. Be it further enacted, That the supreme court of the United States shall hereafter consist of a chief justice and six associate justices, any law to contrary notwithstanding. 3 e ecc. 1. ch. for this purpose, there shall be appointed a sixth associate justice, to reside in the seventh circuit, whose duty it shall be, until he is otherwise allotted, to attend the circuit courts of the said seventh circuit, and the supreme court of the United States, and who shall take the same oath, and be entitled to the same salary, as are required of, and provided for, the other associate justices of the United States. [Approved, February 24, 1807.]

court to consi and ix msoeinted, to ecircuit, &co.

> CHAP. 72. [LXII.] An act to continue in force for a further time, an act, entitled "An act to suspend the commercial intercourse between the United States and certain parts of the island of St. Domingo "\$

[Obsolete. See prig act of 88th Feb. 1806; ante, The act suspendngo continue til the 25th ril, 1808.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the act, entitled "An act to suspend the commercial intercourse between the United States and certain parts of the island of St. [[Ante, ch. 9.] Domingo," passed on the twenty-eighth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and six, be, and the same hereby is, continued in force until the end of the next session of congress, and no longer.

The prohibition of the act to exgend to Gonosiv and Fortuga, and any other dependency set a possession of Fonce.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the prohibitions and provisions of the aforesaid act shall be construed, and are hereby declared, to extend to Gonoaive and Tortuga, and to any other dependency of the said island of St. Domingo, not in possession of, or under the acknowledged government of, France.

[Approved, February 24, 1807.]

CHAP. 73. [LXIII.] This is an act relating entirely to the district of Columbia. See act of 18th April, 1814; sec. 1, chap. 657, post.

CHAP.74. [LXIV.] An act respecting seizures made under the authority of the United States, and for other purposes.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- When a protives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, do not comment when any prosecution shall be commenced on account of the seisure of any ship or vessel, goods, wares, or merchandise, goods, &c. by a collector, &c. made by any collector or other officer, under any act of congress and judgment authorizing such seizure, and judgment shall be given for the shimant, the chaimant or claimants, if it shall appear to the court before whom court, if there such prosecution shall be tried, that there was a reasonable cause bear reasonable of seizure, the said court shall cause a proper certificate or en-to cause a certificate or en-to cause a certificate or en-to-cause a certi try to be made thereof; and in such case the claimant or claim. be made, and the ants shall not be entitled to costs, nor shall the person who made be entitled to the seizure, or the prosecutor, be liable to action, suit, or judg-prosecutor, be ment, on account of such seizure and prosecution: Provided, liable to action for the prosecution for the provided for the provided for the person who made be entitled to costs, nor the prosecution, suit, or judg-prosecutor, be liable to action for the person who made be entitled to costs, nor the prosecutor, be liable to action for the prosecutor for the prosecutor, be liable to action for the prosecutor for th That the ship or vessel, goods, wares, or merchandise, be, after Provise, if the judgment, forthwith returned to such claimant or claimants, his, &c. be returned. her, or their, agent or agents.

SECT. 2.* And be it further enacted, That the accounting officers of the treasury be, and they are hereby, authorized and distinct of the rected to allow to the collector of New York, in the settlement the collector of his accounts, the amount of damages and costs recovered to allow to the collector of from, and paid by, him, by virtue of judgments rendered in the damages and supreme court of the state of New York, on account of the seizsupreme court of the state of New York, on account of the seizsupreme court of the state of New York, on account of the seizsupreme court of the state of New York, on account of the seizsupreme court of the state of New York, on account of the seizsupreme court of the state of New York, on account of the seizure of the ship Liberty, and of the ship Two Marys; which selsure of the vessels had been seized and libelled for a presumed infraction of and Two Marys, the provisions of the act, entitled "An act concerning the registering and recording of the same a

tering and recording of ships or vessels."†

[Approved, February 24, 1807.]

CHAP. 75. [LXV.] An act to punish frauds committed on the bank of the United States.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That Imprisonment if any person shall falsely make, forge, or counterfeit, or cause for not less than or procure to be falsely made, forged, or counterfeited, or wil-there nor me lingly aid or assist, in falsely making, forging, or counterfeiting, or imprisonment of more issued by order of the president, directors, and company, of soo dolls. for the bank of the United States, or any order or check on the said forging counter fetting, or street fetting, o cashier thereof, or shall pass, utter, or publish, or attempt to pass, utter, or publish, as true, any false, forged, or counterfeited bill, or note, purporting to be a bill, or note, issued by order of the president, directors, and company, of the bank of the United States, or any false, forged, or counterfeited, order or checa,

upon the said bank or corporation, or any cashier thereof, know-

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ing the same to be falsely forged or counterfeited, or shall pass, utter, or publish, or attempt to pass, utter, or publish, as true, any falsely altered bill or note, issued by order of the president, directors, and company, of the bank of the United States, or any falsely altered order or check, on the said bank or corporation, or any cashier thereof, knowing the same to be falsely altered, with intention to defraud the said corporation, or any other body politic or person; every such person shall be deemed and adjudged guilty of felony, and being thereof convicted by due course of law, shall be sentenced to be imprisoned, and kept to hard labor, for a period not less than three years, nor more than ten years, or shall be imprisoned, not exceeding ten years, and Proviso mothing fined, not exceeding five thousand dollars: Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to deprive the courts of the individual states of a jurisdiction, under the laws of the

prive the state courts of jurks provisions, previous, &cc.

der the law of several states, over the offence declared punishable by this act. SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the act, entitled The nect to punish "An act to punish frauds committed on the bank of the United bunk of the United bunk of the United States," passed the twenty seventh day of June, one thousand bank of the Unit, so of the States,"* passed the twenty-seventh day of June, one thousand bed state, of the States, of the States, if the same is hereby, repealed green hundred and ninety-eight, shall be, and the same is hereby, repealed green page repealed: Provided, nevertheless, That the repeal of the said act 70, vol. 3.]

Provious the result of the repeal of the said act results the repeal of the said act results the results the repeal of the said act results the r revisions to the act of providing the act of this act.

[Approved, February 24, 1807.]

extended. See March, 1810; ch. 256, post.]

[† Time further CHAP. 76. [LXVI.] An act to extend the time for locating Virginia military warranes, for returning surveys thereon to the office of the secretary of the department of war, and appropriating lands for the use of schools, in the Virginia military reservation, in lieu of those heretofore appropriated.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-The officers and tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That soldiers of the Virginia line on continental estainentification blishment, their heirs or assigns, entitled to bounty lands within blishment, &c. allowed until the tract reserved by Virginia, between the Little Miami and 23d of March. Scioto rivers, for satisfying the legal bounded a fur-plete their local soldiers upon continental establishment, shall be allowed a fur-thessed of March, ther time of three years, from the twenty-third of March next, Scioto rivers, for satisfying the legal bounties to her officers and thin survey and to complete their locations, and a further time of five years, from the said twenty-third of March next, to return their surveys and warrants, or certified copies of warrants, to the office of the secretary of the war department, any thing in the act, entitled "An act to ascertain the boundary of the lands reserved by the state of Virginia, northwest of the river Ohio, for the satisfaction of her officers and soldiers on continental establishment, and to limit the period for locating the said lands,"‡ to the contrary Provise; no local not withstanding: Provided, That no locations, as aforesaid, withtions within the in the abovementioned tract, shall, after the passing of this aut, tract mentioned. In the adovementioned tract, snall, after the passing of this act, to be made on tracts of land for which patents had previously been tracts for which

issued, or which had been previously surveyed; and any patent which may, nevertheless, be obtained for land located contrary patents had preto the provisions of this section, shall be considered as null and sued, see.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the secretary of the The secretary of treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized to obtain copies of all thorized to ob the locations and surveys which have been, or may be, made the locations and within the abovementioned tract, and to cause to be run or sursurveys, &c. and
to cause to be
veyed as many straight lines across the same, as he may deem made a general
connected plat. necessary, not exceeding three, and from these and such other &c. documents as may be obtained, to cause to be made a general connected plat of all the lands located and surveyed within the same; a copy of which shall be deposited in the war department, one copy of eleand another copy shall be laid before Congress, together with an sited in the war estimate of the surplus which may remain, after satisfying the another to be And the expenses incurred in sur- laid before conbounties abovementioned. veying the lines, and obtaining the copies aforesaid, and in prethe expanses, the expanses are the expanses, the expanses are expanses.

Parame tands northwest of the river Ohio.

Sect. 3. And be it further enacted, 'That eighteen quarter between of the Ohio.

townships and three sections, to be selected by the secretary of the treasury, by lot, in that tract of land in the state of Ohio lately purchased from the Indians, and lying between the tract commonly called the United States military tract and the tract commonly called the Connecticut reserve, be, and the same are here

by, appropriated for the printed for completing the surface of the same are here. monly called the Connecticut reserve, be, and the same are herenew of schools, in that tract of land in legislature of the state aforesaid, commonly called "the Virginia military reservation," and be vested in the legislature of that state, in trust, of the Virginia for the use aforesaid, and for no other use, intent, or purpose, then, reservation, which said eighteen quarter townships and three sections are thus appropriated and resetted in line of the resetted appropriated and resetted in line of the resetted. tions, are thus appropriated and vested in lieu of the one thirtysixth part of the tract aforesaid, called the "Virginia military reservation," which, by a former act,* had been appropriated [*See chap. 334, vol. 3.] and vested as aforesaid, for the use of schools within the same: Provided, however, That no quarter townships including the Provincy moquation section number sixteen of such township, shall be selected, as ter township, shell be selected, as ter township, aforesaid, for the purpose above mentioned. And provided also, Provided the 18 and it is hereby understood and declared, That the said eighteen quarter townships and three sections shall be appropriated and those vested, for the purposes aforesaid, only on condition that the letther that the legislature of the state of Ohio shall, within one year after the within one year. passing of this act, pass a law accepting the said eighteen quarter townships and three sections, for the purposes aforesaid, in lieu of the thirty-sixth part of the tract commonly called "the Virginia military reservation," heretofore appropriated and vested by law for the use of schools within the same; and releasing to the United States all their claim, right, title, and interest, and all the right, title, and interest, of the inhabitants of the tract of land last mentioned, to the thirty-sixth part of the said tract, heretofore appropriated and vested by law for the use of schools within the same. And if the legislature of the said state shall not pass a law as aforesaid, within one year after the passing of

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this act, the said eighteen quarter townships and three sections shall not be considered and held as appropriated and vested for h the purposes aforesaid, but shall be disposed of in the same manner as is, or may be, provided by law for the disposal of other public lands in the same tract.

[Approved, March 2, 1807.].

of slaves prohibited after the Ist Jan. 1808.

[* See the coast. art. 1, sec. 9, c. 1, page 64, vol. 1: 50c also, act of 28th Feb. 1803; ol. 3; likewise, act of 7th April, 1796; sec. 7, chap. 45, vol. 3: and act of tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, 26th March, [See the const. CHAP. 77. [LXVII.] An act to prohibit the importation of slaves into any the first day of January, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hus-

1804; sec. 10, ch. from and after the first day of January, one thousand eight The importation hundred and eight, it shall not be lawful to import or bring into the United States, or the territories thereof, from any foreign kingdom, place, or country, any negro, mulatto, or person of color, with intent to hold, sell, or dispose of such negro, mulatto, or person of color, as a slave, or to be held to service or labor.

Vessels fitted out or sailing, after the 1st Jan. 1808, slaves to any port or place within the jurisdiction of the United States, may be seized, con-demand, &co.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That no citizen or citizens of the United States, or any other person, shall, from and after the first day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eight, for himself, or themselves, or any other person whatsoever, either as master, factor, or owner, build, fit, equip, load, or otherwise prepare, any ship or vessel, in any port or place within the jurisdiction of the United States, nor shall cause any ship or vessel to sail from any port or place within the same, for the purpose of procuring any negro, mulatto, or person of color, from any foreign kingdom, place, or country, to be transported to any port or place whatsoever, within the jurisdiction of the United States, to be held, sold, or disposed of, as slaves, or to be held to service or labor; and, if any ship or vessel shall be so fitted out for the purpose aforesaid, or shall be caused to sail so as aforesaid, every such ship or vessel, her tackle, apparel, and furniture, shall be forfeited to the United States, and shall be liable to be seized, prosecuted, and condemned, in any of the circuit courts, or district courts, for the district where the said ship or vessel may be found or seized.

to be employed in the slave 1st Jan. 1808, or verally,

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That all and every person so building, fitting out, equipping, loading, or otherwise pr paring, or sending away, any ship or vessel, knowing or intending that the same shall be employed in such trade or business, from adding or abet and after the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eight, contrary to the true intent and meaning of this act, or any ways aiding or abetting therein, shall, severally, forfeit and A moiety of the pay twenty thousand dollars; one moiety thereof to the use of forfeiture to the the Third States and the sale orfeiture to the United States, and the other moiety to the use of any person or persons who shall sue for and prosecute the same to effect.

5,000 dolls, for SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, if any chizen of chizens fait for allingum of the United States, or any person resident within the jurisdic-

tion of the same, shall, from and after the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eight, take on board, receive, of the coasts of kingdoms of or transport, from any of the coasts or kingdoms of Africa, or ries, after the lat from any other foreign kingdom, place, or country, any negro, gro, mulatto, mulatto, or person of color, in any ship or vessel, for the purpose pose of a cling of selling them in any port or place within the jurisdiction of within a slaves the United States, as slaves, or to be held to service or labor, or diction of the United States, as slaves, or to be held to service or labor, or diction of the United States, as slaves, or to be held to service or labor, or diction of the United States, as slaves, or to be held to service or labor, or diction of the United States, as slaves, or to be held to service or labor, or diction of the United States, as slaves, or to be held to service or labor, or diction of the United States, as slaves, or to be held to service or labor, or diction of the United States, as slaves, or to be held to service or labor, or diction of the United States, as slaves, or to be held to service or labor, or diction of the United States, as slaves, or to be held to service or labor, or diction of the United States, as slaves, or to be held to service or labor, or diction of the United States, as slaves, or to be held to service or labor, or diction of the United States, as slaves, or to be held to service or labor, or diction of the United States, as slaves, or to be held to service or labor, or diction of the United States, as slaves, or to be held to service or labor, or diction of the United States, as slaves, or to be held to service or labor, or diction of the United States, as slaves, or to be held to service or labor, or diction of the United States, as slaves, or to be held to service or labor, or diction or the United States, as slaves, or to be held to service or labor. shall be in any ways aiding or abetting therein, such citizen or &c. citizens, or person, shall, severally, forfeit and pay five thousand dollars; one moiety thereof to the use of any person or persons A molety of the forfeiture to the who shall sue for and prosecute the same to effect; and every person prosecut-such ship or vessel, in which such negro, mulatto, or person of vessels in which color, shall have been taken on board, received, or transported, have been tran as aforesaid, her tackle, apparel, and furniture, and the goods ported, their tackle, apparel, and effects which shall be found on board the same, shall be forfeited to the United States, and shall be liable to be seized, prosecuted, and condemned, in any of the circuit courts or district courts in the district where the said ship or vessel may be found or seized. And neither the importer, nor any person or persons Neither the imclaiming from or under him, shall hold any right or title whatso-sons claiming claiming from or under him, shall hold any right or title whatsoever to any negro, mulatto, or person of color, nor to the service hold any right to
or labor thereof, who may be imported or brought within the
brought within
United States, or territories thereof, in violation of this law, but
the same shall remain subject to any regulations not contravening the provisions of this act, which the legislatures of the sevemain subject to remain subject to the regulations
of the legislatimesing of any such negro, mulatto, or person of color.

BECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That if any citizen or citizens of the United States, or any other person resident withinth jurisdiction of the same, shall, from and after the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eight, contrary to the true intent and meaning of this act, take on board any ship or vessel from any of the coasts or kingdoms of Africa, or from any other foreign kingdom, place, or country, any negro, mulatto, or person of color, with intent to sell him, her, or them, for a slave, or slaves, or to be held to service or labor, and shall transport the same to any port or place within the jurisdiction of the United States as slaves, or to be held to service or labor, and shall transport the same to any port or place within the jurisdiction of the logical states as slaves, or to be held to service or labor, and shall transport to place within the jurisdiction of the logical trues of the same, see classes, Sec. any or to shall transport to pring and sell-inguity to the logical trues of the logical trues of the logical trues of the same, see classes, Sec. and Africa, Sec. any or to keep the Jan. 1908, from the coasts or kingdoms of Africa, Sec. and trues of the logical true of the logical trues of the l the same to any port or place within the jurisdiction of the from s to to United States, and there sell such negro, mulatto, or person of fine, from one to color, so transported as aforesaid, for a slave, or to be held to dolls. service or labor, every such offender shall be deemed guilty of a high misdemeanor, and being thereof convicted, before any court having competent jurisdiction, shall suffer imprisonment, for not more than ten years nor less than five years, and be fined, not exceeding ten thousand dollars nor less than one thousand

dollars. SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That if any person or Forfeit of 800 persons whatsoever shall, from and after the first day of Janua-dolls for selling any negro, see, ry, one thousand eight hundred and eight, purchase or sell any imported from negro, mulatto, or person of color, for a slave, or to be held to king form, kee, and the state of the service or labor, who shall have been imported or brought from Dec. 1807, Sec. any foreign kingdom, place, or country, or from the dominions of any foreign state immediately adjoining to the United States,

into any port or place within the jurisdiction of the United

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States, after the last day of December, one thousand eight hundred and seven, knowing, at the time of such purchase or sale, such negro, mulatto, or person of color, was so brought within the jurisdiction of the United States, as aforesaid, such purchaser and seller shall, severally, forfeit and pay, for every negro, mulatto, or person of color, so purchased or sold as aforesaid, eight A molety of the hundred dollars; one moiety thereof to the United States, and person prosecute the other moiety to the use of any person or persons who shall ing, &c.

Provise; the for- sue for and prosecute the same to effect: Provided, That the felture not to the aforesaid forfeiture shall not extend to the seller or purchaser of extend to the seller or pur-chaser of any ne. any negro, mulatto, or person of color, who may be sold, or disposed of in virtue of any regulation which may hereafter be made by any of the legislatures of the several states in that respect, in pursuance of this act, and the constitution of the Uni-

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That if any ship or ves-

enaser of any negro, &c. disposed of is
gro, &c. disposed of is
made by an
entre of the seversil states, in
pursuance, &c.
ted States.

Vessels found, after the 1st of January sel shall be found, from and after the first day of January, one river, port, bay, thousand eight hundred and eight, in any river, port, bay, or har-jurisdictional libor, or on the high seas, within the jurisdictional limits of the mits of she Uni. ted States, &cc. United States, or hovering on the coast thereof, having on board any negro, &c. any negro, mulatto, or person of color, for the purpose of selling for the purpose of selling them as slaves, or with intent to land the same, in any port or gether with their tackle,

Masters of ves-sels seized, &c. liable to prose-cution, and to a

an slaves, &c. to place within the jurisdiction of the United States, contrary to the be forfeited, toprohibition of this act, every such ship or vessel, together with goods on board, her tackle, apparel, and furniture, and the goods or effects which shall be found on board the same, shall be forfeited to the use of the United States, and may be seized, prosecuted, and condemned, in any court of the United States having jurisdiction thereof. The president And it shall be lawful for the president of the United States, may imploy armed vessels to and he is hereby authorized, should he deem it expedient, to ernize on any part of the coast of the armed vessels of the United States to be manplaced to may be added to the coast of the Coast of the United States, or territories thereof, where he may judge attempts wish be made to violate this act, and to instruct commanders of armed visels to and direct the commanders of armed visels of the United States, and the United States are the commanders of armed visels of the United States. se ise and bring in vessels found to seize, take, and bring into any port of the United States, all on the high seas such ships or vessels, and moreover to seize, take, and bring in contravening the provisions of to any port of the United States, all ships or vessels of the United States, all ships or ves ted States, wheresoever found on the high seas, contravening the provisions of this act, to be proceeded against according to law; and the captain, master, or commander, of every such ship or vessel, so found and seized as aforesaid, shall be deemed eution, and wa guilty of a high misdemeanor, and shall be liable to be prosecuting 10,000 dolls. ed before any court of the United States having jurisdiction ment, from two thereof; and being thereof convicted, shall be fined, not exceeding ten thousand dollars, and be imprisoned, not less than two The proceeds of years and not exceeding four years. And the proceeds of all years, &c. seized, prosecuted, ships and vessels, their tackle, apparel, and furniture, and the and condemned, goods and effects on board of them, which shall be so seized, equally between the United prosecuted, and condemned, shall be divided equally between States and there the United States and the officers and men who shall make such

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seizure, take, or bring the same into port for condemnation, whether such seizure be made by an armed vessel of the United &c. whether of States, or revenue cutters thereof, and the same shall be distri- the nevy or rebuted in like manner as is provided by law for the distribution of and destribute buted in like manner as is provided by law for the distribution of an the case prizes taken from an enemy: Provided, That the officers and prizes the from the officers and prizes the officers, to be entitled to one-half of the proceeds aforesaid, shall cere and nen ensafe keep every negro, mulatto, or person of color, found on keep every ne-board of any ship or vessel so by them seized, taken, or brought and deliver them into port for condemnation, and shall deliver every such negro, pointed to remulatto, or person of color, to such person or persons as shall be every than the appointed, by the respective states, to receive the same; and if no such person or persons shall be appointed by the respective states, they shall deliver every such negro, mulatto, or person of color, to the overseers of the poor of the port or place where such ship or vessel may be brought or found, and shall immediately transmit to the governor or chief magistrate of the state an account of their proceedings, together with the number of such negroes, mulattoes, or persons of color, and a descriptive list of the same, that he may give directions respecting such negroes, mulattoes, or persons of color.

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That no captain, master, Masters of veiled or commander, of any ship or vessel, of less burthen than forty too bourden, shall, from and after the first day of January, one thousand after the lit of eight hundred and eight, take on board and transport any negro, Jan. 1908, nor runners any as mulatto, or person of color, to any port or place whatsoever, for gro, &c., to am port or place whatsoever, for gro, &c., to am port or place whatsoever or place with intent that the same may be sold or disposed of to be held point of this to service or labor, on penalty of forfeiting, for every such nesses of too penalty of to feight hundred dollars: one moie, forfeiting of the sum of eight hundred dollars: one moie, forfeiting to the sum of eight hundred dollars: one moie, forfeiting to the sum of eight hundred dollars: one moie, forfeiting to the sum of eight hundred dollars: one moie, forfeiting to the sum of eight hundred dollars: one moie, forfeiting to the sum of eight hundred dollars: one moie, forfeiting to the sum of eight hundred dollars. ported, as aforesaid, the sum of eight hundred dollars; one moie- furficiture to the ty thereof to the use of the United States, and the other moiety ing. Sco. to any person or persons who shall sue for and prosecute the in this section same to effect: *Provided*, however, That nothing in this section remporting shall extend to prohibit the taking on board or transporting on within the jurisdiction of the any river, or inland bay of the sea, within the jurisdiction of the United States, any negro, mulatto, or person of color, (not im-in any vessel) United States, any negro, mulatto, or person of color, (not imported contrary to the provisions of this act) in any vessel or species of craft whatever.

SECT. 9. And be it further enacted, That the captain, master, Mosters of vot. or commander, of any ship or vessel, of the burthen of forty tons then of 40 ton or more, from and after the first day of January, one thousand one more, after the first day of January, one thousand one incomplete it of January the lat of January the lat of January the lat of January the lat of January the lates to any port or place within the jurisdiction of the mod having on board any negro, mulatto, or person of color, &c. to be transfer the purpose of transporting them, to be sold or disposed of as slaves, &c. to be reasonable to the purpose of transporting them, to be sold or disposed of as slaves, &c. to be reasonable to the purpose of transporting them, to be sold or disposed of as slaves, &c. to be reasonable to the latest the latest transfer to the latest transfer tra as slaves, or to be held to service or labor, shall, previous to the subscribe duplideparture of such ship or vessel, make out and subscribe duplicate manifests of every such negro, mulatto, or person of color, and deliver the
manifests of every such negro, mulatto, or person of color, and deliver the
on board such ship or vessel, therein specifying the name and soll described. on board such ship or vessel, therein specifying the name and collictor or sex of each person, their age and stature, as near as may be, and veyor, to the class to which they respectively belong, whether negro, mulatto, or person of color, with the name and place of residence of

every owner or shipper of the same, and shall deliver such ma-

nifests to the collector of the port, if there be one, otherwise to

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A molety of the visions of this act, the sum of one thousand dollars, one molety forfetture to the person proseeuting, &c.

The master, &cc.

the surveyor, before whom the captain, master, or commander, together with the owner, or shipper, shall severally swear or affirm, to the best of their knowledge and belief, that the persons therein specified were not imported or brought into the United States from and after the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eight, and that, under the laws of the state, The collector or surveyor shall certify the same on the said manifests, one of tify, i.e. grant a permit of proceed, its with a permit specifying shares about the said captain, master, or commander, each, its process of the said captain, master, or commander, each, its process of the said captain, master, or commander, each, its process of the said captain, master, or commander, each, its process of the said captain, master, or commander, each, its process of the said captain, master, or commander, each, its process of the said collector or surveyor shall certify the same on the said manifests, one of the said collector or surveyor shall certify the same on the said manifests, one of the said collector or surveyor shall certify the same on the said manifests, one of the said captain, master, or commander, each, the said captain the said ca with a permit, specifying thereon the number, names, and general description, of such persons, and authorizing him to proceed to Vessels departing the port of his destination. And if any ship or vessel, being master having laden and destined as aforesaid, shall depart from the port where subscribed dusplicate manifest of every negro, having first made out and subscribed duplicate manifests of every negro, having first made out and subscribed duplicate manifests of every negro, but an additional subscribed duplicate manifests of every negro, and subscribed duplicate manifests of every negro, and subscribed duplicate manifests of every negro, and subscribed duplicate manifests of every negro. acc. on board, and person of color, on board such ship or board any other regre, it than those specified to be said collector or surveyor, and obtained a permit, in the forfsied, to manner as herein required, or shall, previous to her arrival at tackle, apparent. ackle, appared, the port of her destination, take on board any negro, mulatto, or person of color, other than those specified in the manifests, as aforesaid, every such ship or vessel, together with her tackle, apparel, and furniture, shall be forfeited to the use of the United States, and may be seized, prosecuted, and condemned, in any e master, &c. court of the United States having jurisdiction thereof; and the to forfeit 1,000 captain, master, or commander, of every such ship or vessel, dolls for every such shall, moreover, forfeit, for every such negro, mulatto, or person every to this set. of color, so transported, or taken on board, contrary to the pro-

to effect. SECT. 10. And be it further enacted, That the captain, masof every vessel of so tore or ter, or commander, of every ship or vessel, of the burthen of more, saling constwice after forty tons or more, from and after the first day of January, one the Ist Jan. 1808, thousand eight hundred and eight, sailing coastwise, and having and having on board any negro, mulatto, or person of color, to sell or disboard any negro, on board any negro, mulatto, or person of color, to sell or disarriving in one post of the Unit of the Unit of the Unit of States from in any port within the jurisdiction of the United States, from another, to deliarriver the certified any other port within the same, shall, previous to the unlading manifest. Kec. manifest, &c. and swear to the or putting on shore any of the persons aforesaid, or suffering truth of it, &c. them to go on shore, deliver to the collector, if there be one, or, if not, to the surveyor residing at the port of her arrival, the manifest certified by the collector or surveyor of the port from whence she sailed, as is hereinbefore directed, to the truth of If the collector, which, before such officer, he shall swear or affirm; and if the section of the section of the satisfied therewith he shall all the section of the sectio grant a permit upon grant a permit for unlading, or suffering such negro, mulatof the landing to, see to, or person of color, to be put on shore; and if the captain, master, or commander, of any such ship or vessel, being laden

any person or persons who shall sue for and prosecute the same

as aforesaid, shall neglect or refuse to deliver the manifest at the time, and in the manner, herein directed, or shall land or put on Masters, &c. shore any negro, mulatto, or person of color, for the purpose fining to deli aforesaid, before he shall have delivered his manifest, as afore- or landing said, and obtained a permit for that purpose, every such captain, delivering man master, or commander, shall forfeit and pay ten thousand dollars, feet 10,000 doll one moiety thereof to the United States, the other moiety to the A molety of the forfeiture to the use of any person or persons who shall sue for and prosecute the person or caller, to same to effect. [Approved, March 2, 1807.]

CHAP. 78. [LXVIII.] This is an act relating entirely to the district of Cohumbia. See act of 18th April, 1814; sec. 1, chap. 657, post.

CHAP. 79. [LXIX.] An act for the relief of Oliver Pollock.*

Private and

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of repre-ties proper sentatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, counting officers of the treasury be, and they authorised to have a constant of the proper accounting officers of the treasury be, and they authorised to have a constant of the proper accounting officers of the treasury be, and they authorised to have a proper accounting of the proper accounting of the proper accounting the p are hereby, authorized to liquidate and settle the account of Oli- uldate and settle the account of Oliver Policek, formerly commercial agent for the United States at oliver Policek, and allow New Orleans, and that they allow him for his expenses of de-him, tetention at the Havanna; for the sum paid Thomas Patterson, as his hostage; for gunpowder furnished; for commission on the sum paid for gunpowder, and for commission on the sum of seventy-four thousand and eighty-seven dollars, at the rate of two and one-half per cent. with interest until paid; and that the same be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated: Provided, The said Pollock shall, upon the receipt Pollock, upon of the sums directed to be paid by this act, execute, in considera-the sums tion thereof, a discharge to the United States of all demands of the paid of the treasury. charge of all demands of the treasury.

CHAP. 80. [LXX.] An act allowing an additional compensation to the judges of the Mississippi, Indiana, Michigan, and Louisiana, territories.

SECT. 1. Re it enacted by the senate and house of represent Each of the tatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, indiges, of the tatives of the judges of the Mississippi, in That each of the judges of the Mississippi, Indiana, Michigan, and Louisians, and Louisiana, territories, appointed under the authority of the territories, to be entitled to the United States, be entitled to the annual sum of twelve hundred annual sum of twelve hundred annual sum of dollars, in lieu of his present compensation, to commence on the new, &c. first day of January last. † [Approved, March 3, 1807.]

1807, CHAP, 81. [LXXI.] An act authorizing the settlement of the accounts between the United States and William Eaton. Private and beolete.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-The proper second times of the United States of America in congress assembled, That to liquidate and the proper accounting officers be, and they hereby are, authorized counts b twees and directed to liquidate and settle the accounts subsisting be-State and Wil-liam Rates, late tween the United States and William Eaton, late consul at Tu-eonal at Tuis, nis, upon just and equitable principles, under the direction of the spon just and Boon just and equitable principles, under the spon just and equitable principles, under the spon just and [Approved, March 3, 1807.] etples, &c.

[† Private and obsolete.]

CHAP. 82. [LXXII.] An act for the relief of Stephen Sayre. †

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, The accounting That the accounting officers of the treasury be, and they are treasury to a trie hereby, authorized to settle the account of Stephen Sayre, as se-Stephen Sayre, as secretary of Jegation to the cretary of legation to the American commission at the court of Berlin, in the year one thousand seven hundred and seventy-secrican comven, and that they allow him not exceeding four months' pay, at the rate of one thousand pounds sterling per annum, and the compensation usually made for returning home, with interest on the Froviso; Stephen Sayre, upon the whole sum until paid: Provided, The said Sayre shall, upon the reserve of the sum directed to be paid by this act, execute, in consisuan directed to be paid, to xe deration thereof, a discharge to the United States, of all demands cute a discharge whatsoever, and lodge the same with the register of the treasury.

mission at the

[t Obsoleta]

CHAP. 83. [LXXIII.] An act making appropriations for finishing the south wing of the capitol, and for other purposes 1

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representaadditional sums in addition to appropriations already made, the following sums mentioned of money shall be, and the same are been been assembled. tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, of money shall be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, to be applied, under the direction of the president of the United States, to the purposes hereinafter mentioned; that is to say: For finishing the south wing of the capitol, twenty-five thou-

For finishing the south wing of the capitol.

For furnishing the south wing, For furnishing the same for the accommodation of the house

sand dollars.

of representatives, seventeen thousand dollars. For making a new roof, ecc. to For making a new roof and other repairs to the north wing the north wing, of the capitol, twenty-five thousand dollars.

For opening and For opening and repairing avenues and roads within the ter-

repairing ave-For repairs, &c. For repairs and improvements on the president's house, and on the presi-dent shouse, &c. the lot of ground on which the same stands, fifteen thousand

The sums appro-SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the several sums

[Approved, March 3, 1807.]

of money hereby appropriated, shall be paid out of any money 1807. in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated. . printed to be paid [Approved, March 3, 1807.] ry, &c.

CHAP. 84. [LXXIV.] An act making appropriations for the support of government, during the year one thousand eight hundred and seven.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, for the expenditure of the civil list, in the present year, includ- Summ appropri-ing the contingent expenses of the several departments and officers; jects mentioned. for the compensation of the several loan officers and their clerks, and for books and stationery for the same; for the payment of annuities and grants; for the support of the mint establishment; for the expenses of intercourse with foreign nations; for the support of lighthouses, beacons, buoys, and public piers; for the defraying the expenses of surveying the public lands and for satisfying certain miscellaneous claims, the following sums be, and the same hereby are, respectively, appropriated; that is to say:

For compensation granted by law to the members of the Forthemembers of congress, &c. senate and house of representatives, their officers, and attendants, estimated for a session of four months and a half continuance, two hundred and one thousand four hundred and twenty-five dollars.

For the expense of firewood, stationery, printing, and all ror the continuous other contingent expenses of the two houses of congress, twen-congress. ty-four thousand two hundred dollars.

For all contingent expenses of the library, and librarian's al- For the continent expenses of lowance, for the year one thousand eight hundred and seven, eight library, &c. hundred dollars.

For compensation to the president and vice president of the For the president and vice United States, thirty thousand dollars.

For compensation to the secretary of state, clerks, and per-For the secretasons employed in that department, thirteen thousand dollars.

For the incidental and contingent expenses of the said depart- for contingent expenses of ment, four thousand two hundred dollars.

For printing and distributing copies of the laws of the second ment of state. session of the ninth congress, and printing the laws in newspa- the laws, &c. pers, eight thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

For special messengers charged with despatches, two thou- For special messengers, &ce.

For compensation to the secretary of the treasury, clerks, For the secreand persons employed in his office, sixteen thousand seven hun-sury, cherks, dred dollars.

For the expense of translating foreign languages, allowance For translating to the person employed in receiving and transmitting passports guages, &c. and sealetters, stationery, and printing, one thousand dollars.

For compensation to the comptroller of the treasury, clerks, For the compand persons employed in his office, twelve thousand nine hundred and seventy-seven dollars.

For expense of stationery, printing, and incidental and con- For contingent tingent expenses of the comptroller's office, eight hundred dollars. expenses of the

of the deput-

For compensation to the auditor of the treasury, clerks, and

For expense in the auditor, persons in his office, twelve thousand two hundred dollars.
For expense of stationery, printing, and incidental and compense in the auditor's office, gent expenses in the office of the auditor of the treasure For expense of stationery, printing, and incidental and contingent expenses in the office of the auditor of the treasury, five hundred dollars.

For compensation to the treasurer, tlerks, and persons emac, clerks, &c. ployed in his office, six thousand two hundred and twenty-seven dollars and forty-five cents.

For contingent expenses in the treasurer's of-For the regis-ter, clerks, &c.

For expense of stationery, printing, and incidental and contingent expenses in the treasurer's office, three hundred dollars.

For compensation to the register of the treasury, clerks, and persons employed in his office, sixteen thousand and fifty-two dollars and two cents.

For stationery and printing in the register's effice.

For expense of stationery and printing in the register's office, (including books for the public stock, and for the arrangement of the marine papers) two thousand eight hundred dollars.

For purchasing books, maps, and charts, for the use of the

For books, maps, &c. for treasury department, four hundred dollars. For the secreta-For compensation to the secretary of the commissioners of the

sinking fund, two hundred and fifty dollars.

For fuel, and other contingent expenses o For fuel, and other contingent expenses of the treasury departthe treasury do ment, four thousand dollars.

partment. For stating and For defraying the expenses incident to the stating and printing of the public accounts, for the year one thousand eight hundred public accounts, and seven, one thousand two hundred dollars.

For a superin-

printing the

For compensation to a superintendent employed to secure the buildings, &c. of buildings and records of the treasury, during the year one thouthe treasury, sand eight hundred and seven, including the expense of two watchmen, and for the repair of two fire engines, buckets, lanterns, and other incidental expenses, one thousand one hundred dollars.

For the secrets. ry of war, elerks, &c.

For compensation to the secretary of war, clerks, and persons employed in his office, eleven thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

For the expense of fuel, stationery, principle, spenses of the secretary of war, one thousand For compensation to the accountant of the war department, clerks, and persons employed in his office, ten thousand nine

For the accountant of the war department, chirks, &c.

hundred and ten dollars. For contingent expenses in the office of the accountant of the

For contingent expenses in the accountant's

war department, one thousand dollars. For compensation to clerks employed in the paymaster's office,

For fuel in the

For compensation to cicias on the paymaster's one thousand eight hundred dollars.

For fuel in the said office, ninety dollars.

For compensation to the purveyor of public supplies, clerks, For the purvey. For compensation to the purveyor of public supplies, clerks, or of public supplies, and persons employed in his office, and for expense of stationery, store rent, and fuel, for the said office, four thousand six hundred dollars.

For the secreta-

For compensation to the secretary of the navy, clerks, and ry of the navy, persons employed in his office, nine thousand eight hundred and ten dollars.

For expense of fuel, stationery, printing, and other contingent expenses in the office of the secretary of the navy, two thousand for continge expenses in the office of the secretary of the navy, two thousand dollars.

For compensation to the accountant of the navy, clerks, and eretary of the persons employed in his office, ten thousand four hundred and For the second dellers dellers

For contingent expenses in the office of the accountant of the expenses in the accountants of navy, five hundred dollars.

ry, five hundred dollars.

For compensation to the postmaster general, to the assistant For the postmaster general, to the assistant for the postmaster general, and the assistant formula for the assistant formula for the assistant formula for the assistant for the assistant for the formula for the for postmaster general, and clerks, and persons employed in the same postmaster general's office, fourteen thousand four hundred and fifty dollars.

For expense of fuel, candles, house rent for the messenger, dies, stationery, stationery, chests, &c. exclusive of expenses for prosecution, &c. for the general post office. portmanteaus, mail locks, and other expenses incident to the department, these being paid for by the postmaster general out of the funds of the office, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation to the several loan officers, thirteen thou- for the loan off-

sand two hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation to the clerks of the several commissioners for clerks of the commissioners, and for an allowance to certain loan officers, in lieu of stoners of the commissioners of the coverage of the cov clerk hire, and to defray the authorized expenses of the several loan offices, fifteen thousand dollars.

For compensation to the surveyor general, and for that of the general, erks employed by him, three thousand two hundred dollars. clerks employed by him, three thousand two hundred dollars.

For compensation to the surveyor of the lands south of the For the survey state of Tennessee, clerks employed in his office, stationery, and south of Tennes other contingencies, three thousand two hundred dollars.

For compensation to the officers of the mint:

The director, two thousand dollars:

The treasurer, one thousand two hundred dollars:

The assayer, one thousand five hundred dollars:

The chief coiner, one thousand five hundred dollars:

The melter and refiner, one thousand five hundred dollars:

The engraver, one thousand two hundred dollars:

One clerk, at seven hundred dollars;

And two clerks, at five hundred dollars.

For the wages of persons employed in the different branches for the wages of melting, coining, carpenter's, millwright's, and smith's work, ed in the min, of melting, coining, carpenter's, millwright's, and smith's work, including the sum of one thousand dollars per annum, allowed to an assistant coiner and die forger, who also oversees the execution of the iron work, seven thousand two hundred and seventy-eight dollars.

For the repairs of furnaces, costs of rollers and screws, tim- gies of the n ber, bar iron, lead, steel, potash, and for all other contingencies establishm

of the mint, two thousand six hundred and fifty dollars. For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of For the governor, it compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of or, &c. of the certificary of Oreleans, thirteen thousand dollars.

the territory of Orleans, thirteen thousand dollars.

For incidental and contingent expenses of the executive offi- For contingent expenses of the said territory, and for express hire, and compensa-executive offition of an Indian interpreter, two thousand eight hundred and tory of Orleans, fifty dollars.

For the officers of the mint. Director.

Assayer. Chief cointr.

Melter and fe

Engraver.

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territory.
For contingent territorial expenses, &cc.
For the govern or, judges, &cc.

territory.
For contingent
territorial exmes, &c. For the govern-th, judges, &cc. of the Michigan territory.
For contingent territorial ex-

For the govern

penses.

For contingent territorial expenses.

For the discharge of demands not otherwise pro-vided for, &c.

For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of The the govern the Mississippi territory, five thousand nine hundred and fifty the Mississippi dollars.

For expense of stationery, office rent, and other contingent expenses in said territory, three hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of the Indiana territory, five thousand one hundred and fifty dollars.

For expenses of stationery, office rent, and other contingent expenses of the said territory, three hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of the Michigan territory, five thousand one hundred and fifty dollars. For expense of stationery, office rent, and other contingent

expenses of the said territory, three hundred and fifty dollars. For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of or, judges, &c. For compensation to the Southern the Louisiana territory, five thousand one hundred and fifty dol-

> For expense of stationery, office rent, and other contingent expenses of the said territory, three hundred and fifty dollars.

> For the discharge of such demands against the United States, on account of the civil department, not otherwise provided for, as shall have been admitted in a due course of settlement at the treasury, two thousand dollars.

For additional empensation to the clerks of the several de partments, and of the general) post office, &c.

For additional compensation to the clerks of the several departments of state, treasury, war, and navy, and of the general post office, not exceeding, for each department, respectively, fifteen per centum, in addition to the sums allowed by the act, entitled "An act to regulate and fix the compensation of clerks, and to authorize the laying out certain public roads; and for other [* Ante, ch. 41.] purposes,"* thirteen thousand two hundred and sixty-nine dollars.

For judges, at-torney general, &cc.

For compensation granted by law to the chief justice, associate judges, and district judges, of the United States, including the chief justice, and two associate judges, of the district of Columbia; to the attorney general, and to the judge of the district of Orleans; fifty-nine thousand four hundred dollars.

For district attorneys.

For the like compensation, granted to the several district attorneys of the United States, three thousand four hundred dollars.

For the marsh of the districts

For compensation to the marshals of the districts of Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Kentucky, Ohio, East and West Tennessee, and Orleans, one thousand six hundred dollars.

For the exper and witne &c. in aid of the funds arising from fines, &cc.

For defraying the expenses of the supreme, circuit, and disof courts, jurors trict, courts of the United States, including the district of Columbia, and of jurors and witnesses, in aid of the funds arising from fines, forfeitures, and penalties, and likewise for defraying the expenses of prosecution for offences against the United States, and for safe keeping of prisoners, forty thousand dollars.

For pensions, &cc.

For the payment of sundry pensions granted by the late government, eight hundred and sixty dollars.

For the invalid pensioners, &c.

For the payment of the annual allowance to the invalid pensioners of the United States, from the fifth of March, one thousand eight hundred and seven, to the fourth of March, one thousand eight hundred and eight, ninety-eight thousand dollars.

For the maintenance and support of lighthouses, beacons, 1807. buoys, and public piers, and stakeage of channels, bars, and of the support of lighthouses, shoals, and certain contingent expenses, eighty-three thousand become, thousand become, thousand become, thousand becomes the continued of the nine hundred and sixty-one dollars and eight cents.

For erecting a lighthouse on St. Simon's island, in Georgia, For erecting a lighthouse on St. the former appropriation of seven thousand dollars for that ob-simon's island, ject having been carried to the surplus fund, nineteen thousand Grogia, &c. dollars.

For erecting lighthouses at the mouth of the Mississippi river, For erecting lighthouses at and at or near the pitch of Cape Look Out, in North Carolina, in the mouth of the addition to the sums heretofore appropriated by law for those at or near the objects, the balance of a former appropriation for those objects, Look Out, East of twenty-four thousand six hundred and twenty-five dollars and ninety-six cents, having been carried to the surplus fund, fiftyfive thousand dollars.

For erecting a lighthouse on Whitehead, at the entrance of For erecting a Penobscot bay, the former appropriation for that object having whitehead, &c. been carried to the surplus fund, two thousand two hundred and five dollars and eighty cents.

For the erection of beacons in the harbor of New York, in ad- For the erection of beacons in the harbor of New York, in ad- for the erection of beacons in the dition to the sums heretofore appropriated, one thousand two harbor of New York, &c. hundred dollars.

For defraying the expenses incurred in surveying the coast of For expenses of North Carolina, between Cape Hatteras and Cape Fear, in addi-cont of Robert tion to the sum heretofore appropriated for that object, one thou-tween Cape Hatteras sand three hundred dollars.

For compensating the commissioners in the aforesaid service For the commis for the loss of their effects incident to the service, on board the sones of sur-revenue cutters wrecked at Ocracock; the amount of which loss of effects on board the revenue the accounting officers of the treasury are hereby authorized to auc catters weeked, Sec. liquidate and allow, upon satisfactory proof being exhibited to them of such loss; one thousand six hundred dollars.

For carrying on the surveys of public lands in the state of For carrying on Ohio, and in the several territories, seventy-three thousand one inohio, ter. hundred and eighty dollars.

For expenses of intercourse with foreign nations, thirty-three For intercourse with foreign nathousand and fifty dollars.

For contingent expenses of intercourse with foreign nations, For contingent expenses of foreign intercept twenty thousand dollars.

For expenses of intercourse with the Barbary powers, fifty For intercourse thousand dollars.

For contingent expenses of intercourse with the Barbary powers, fifty thousand dollars.

For the relief and protection of distressed American seamen, For the relief, &c. of distress thousand dollars. **five** thousand dollars.

For the salaries of the agents at London, Paris, and Madrid, For slaries of for prosecuting claims in relation to captures, six thousand dollars, don, &c. for prosecuting claims, arginst the secuting claims.

For the discharge of such miscellaneous claims against the can United States, not otherwise provided for, as shall have been For miscellane admitted in due course of settlement at the treasury, and which admitted at the are of a nature, according to the usage thereof, to require payment in specie, four thousand dollars.

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ed, and out of moneys in the areasury, See. [* See obsp. 61,

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the several appro-The preceding priations heretofore made, shall be paid and discharged out of be be said out of the fund of six hundred thousand dollars, reserved by an act making provision for the debt of the United States,* and out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, March 3, 1807.]

CHAP. 85. [LXXV.] An act repealing the acts laying duties on salt, and continuing in force for a further time the first section of the act, entitled "An act further to protect the commerce and seamen of the United States against the Barbary powers."

After the 1st provisions, **ac.** in lies of drawck, Scc. re-

the 1st of Jan. 1908. [‡ Chap. 399,

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, After the sech of That, from and after the thirtieth day of June next, the act, en-After the some a new including an additional duty on salt imported into less laying an additional duty on salt imported into ditional duty on the United States, and for other purposes,"† passed the eighth imported salt, See, repealed, day of July, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-seven, shall [1] be, and the same hereby is, repealed; and that, from and after After the State Dec. 1897; may at laying a duty on imported salt be, and the same hereby is, repealed; and imported salt be, and the same hereby is, repealed; and imported salt so imported into the United States free of duty: Provided, That, for the regarded free of covery and receipt of such duties as shall have accused, and on the thirty-first day of December next, so much of any act as lays covery and receipt of such duties as shall have accrued, and, on Troping the most the days aforesaid, respectively, remain outstanding, and for the referred to, to re- recovery and distribution of fines, penalties, and forfeitures, and services, the remission thereof, which shall have been incurred before and on of duties accrued, of fines, &c. the said days, respectively, the provisions of the aforesaid acts shall remain in full force and virtue.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Jan. 1806, so much of any act as allows a bounty method of any act as allows a bounty on exported salt provisions and pickled fish, in lieu of drawback on exported salt of the duties on the salt employed in curing the same, and so much of any act as makes allowance to the owners and crews of fishing vessels, in lieu of drawback of the duties paid on the salt used by the same, shall be, and the same hereby is, repealed: Proviso; the pro Provided, That the provisions of the aforesaid acts shall remain referred to, to remain in force, ances incurred or payable on the first day of January next. See for payment SECT. 3. And be it further enacted. That so much of the

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That so much of the act, the act to protect passed on the twenty-fifth day of March, one thousand eight hunthe commerce and seamen of the United States against the Barbary powers,"

against the Barbary powers, as bary powers, is contained in the first section of the said act, be, and the same hereby is, continued in force until the first day of January next, and no longer: Provided, however, That the additional duty laid Proviso; the ail by the said section shall be collected on all such goods, wares, and ditional duty.

See whe collect. merchandise, liable to pay the same, as shall have been imported ed on goods, &c. previous to that day. [Approved, March 3, 1807]. imported previous to that day. [Approved, March 3, 1807]. on to that day. [5 Obsolete. Further continued. See ch.116, post.]

CHAP. 86. [LXXVI.] An act authorizing patents to issue for lands located and surveyed by virtue of certain Virginia resolution warrants.

1807.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That Officers any officer or soldier of the Virginia line, on continental esta-disr of the blishment, or his legal representatives, to whom a land warrant thental establishment, 8 has issued by virtue of any resolution of the legislature of Virtue whom ginia, as a bounty for services which, by the laws of Virginia, issued by passed prior to the cession of the Northwestern territory to the solution of United States, entitled such officer or soldier to bounty lands, shall, virginia, 8 if the said warrant has been, or shall be, located within three they are k years from the twenty-third of March next, and a survey thereof years from and of March next, and a survey thereof years from and of March has been, or shall be, within five years from the said twenty- 1800, and a third of March next, returned to the office of the secretary of see too war, obtain a patent for the same, in the same manner, and on pasent, see. the same conditions, as patents are obtained for lands located and surveyed on other warrants of the officers and soldiers of the [*Seesetof 16th Virginia line on continental establishment: * Provided, That no chap. 181, posts, posts, patent shall be obtained on such resolution warrant, unless there tent to be obtainsuch warrant was granted for services which, by the laws of Vir-less evidence is ginia, passed prior to the cession of the Northwestern territory, and extinct ginia, passed prior to the cession of the Northwestern territory, and extinct and extin would have entitled such officer or soldier, his heirs, or assigns, to bounty lands, and also a certificate of the register of the land office of Virginia, that no other warrant has issued from the said land office for the same services.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That no patent shall be No patent to is sue by virtue of issued, by virtue of the preceding section, for a greater quantity the preceding of land than the rank or term of service of the officer or soldier greater quantity to whom, or to whose legal representatives, such resolution warrank, or term of service, would have entitled him to under the entitle &c. aforesaid laws of Virginia; and, whenever it appears to the secretary of war, that the survey or surveys, made by virtue of any creatary of warresolution warrant, is for a greater quantity of land than the of- &c. is for a greater quantity of land than the of- &c. is for a greater quantity. ficer or soldier is entitled to for his services, the secretary of war of hand than shall certify, on the said survey or surveys, the amount of such is entitled to, 804. surplus quantity, and the officer or soldier, his heirs, or assigns, the secretary is shall have leave to withdraw his survey from the office of the se-surplus, and the officer, Sec. may cretary of war, and resurvey his location, excluding such surplus withdraw and resurvey. Sec. may be surplus withdraw and resurvey. quantity, in one body, from any part of his resurvey, and a patent shall issue upon such resurvey as in other cases. [Approved, March 3, 1807.]

CHAP. 87. [LXXVII.] An act making compensation to Messrs. Lewis and Clarke, and their companions.† († Private.)

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the secretary of war be, and he is hereby, directed to issue land The secretary of warrants to Meriwether Lewis and William Clarke, for one thou-warrants to M.

1807. Lewis and W. Clarke, for 1,600 acres each. To John Ord-way, &c. for o acres each.

sand six hundred acres each; to John Ordway, Nathaniel Prior, the heirs or legal representatives of Charles Floyd, (deceased) Patrick Gass, William Bratton, John Collins, John Colter, Pier Gruzatte, Joseph Field, Reuben Field, Robert Frasier, Silas Goodrich, George Gibson, Thomas P. Howard, Hugh Hall, Francis Labuiche, Hugh M'Neal, John Shields, George Shannon, John Potts, John Baptiste Le Page, John B. Thompson, Wil-· liam Werner, Richard Windsor, Peter Wiser, Alexander Willard, Joseph Whitehouse, George Drulyard, Tousaint Charbono, Richard Worfengton, and John Newman, for three hundred and twenty acres each: which several warrants may, at the option of the holder or possessor, be located with any register or registers of the land offices, subsequent to the public sales in such office, on any of the public lands of the United States, lying on the west side of the Mississippi, then and there offered for sale, or may be received at the rate of two dollars per acre, in payment of any such public lands.

may be located with any regis-ter, Soc. on any e public nds on the west de of the Mississippi, &cc. or be received at e rate of \$ dolls, per acre,

Double pay al-lowed to each of named, &c.

11,000 dolls, ap-

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That double pay shall be allowed, by the secretary of war, to each of the beforenamed persons, agreeably to the time he or they may have served in the late enterprise to the Pacific ocean, conducted by Messrs. Lewis and Clarke; and that the sum of eleven thousand dollars be, and the same hereby is, appropriated to discharge the same, out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, March 3, 1807.]

[* Private and obsolete.]

CHAP. 88. [LXXVIII.] An act for the relief of Daniel S. Dexter.

Proviso; D. S. Dexter first to ke, for the use and benefit of e United States, &c. Proviso; the main in force against any future state, ice. Nothing in this act to discharge the late suthe district of Rhode I dand from any legal liability for not taking bonds, &c.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That Daniel S. Dexter Daniel S. Dexter, of Providence, and state of Rhode Island, be to be discharged from his imprisonment upon a judgment obtained against him in favor of the United States: Provided, however, That he shall first assign and convey all the estate, real and assign and con. I nat me sman unos assign and con. I nat me sman unos assign and con. That me sman personal, which he may now own, or be entitled to, to some personal for the may now own, or be entitled to, to some personal for the may now own, or be entitled to, to some personal for the may now own, or be entitled to, to some personal for the may now own, or be entitled to, to some personal for the may now own, or be entitled to, to some personal for the may now own, or be entitled to, to some personal for the may now own, or be entitled to, to some personal for the may now own, or be entitled to, to some personal for the may now own, or be entitled to, to some personal for the may now own, or be entitled to, to some personal for the may now own, or be entitled to, to some personal for the may now own, or be entitled to, to some personal for the may now own, or be entitled to, to some personal for the may now own, or be entitled to, to some personal for the may now own. son or persons, for the use and benefit of the United States, under the direction of the secretary of the treasury: Provided also. the That the said judgment shall remain in full force against any estate which the said Daniel S. Dexter may hereafter acquire; and that process may at any time be thereon issued against the same: And provided, That nothing contained in this act shall be construed to discharge the late supervisor of the district of Rhode Island from any legal liability for not taking bonds of the said Dexter, for the faithful discharge of his duty. [Approved, March 3, 1807.] CHAP. 89. [LXXIX.] An act regulating the grants of land in the territory of Michigan.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That made by the commissioners for the decisions made by the commissioners appointed for the examining purpose of examining the claims of persons claiming lands in the district of the district of Detroit, in favor of such claimants, as entered in favor of claims the transcript of decisions which have been transcripted by the statement of the transcript of decisions which have been transcripted by the statement of the statement o the transcript of decisions which have been transmitted by the saus, entered in the transcript of said commissioners to the secretary of the treasury, according decisions, deci to law, be, and the same are hereby, confirmed.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That, to every person or Persons in actual persons in the actual possession, occupancy, and improvement, of of any tract of any tract or parcel of land, in his, her, or their own right, at the own right, the time of the passing of this act, within that part of the territory and which was settled improved to which the Indian title has been extinguished, ed, ed, to prior to a settled occupied, and on the later than the and which said tract or parcel of land was settled, occupied, and of July, 1796, &c. improved, by him, her, or them, prior to, and on, the first day of and the occupant improved, by him, her, or them, prior to, and on, the first day of and the occupant inned to the 3d July, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-six, or by some March, 1807, to other person or persons, under whom he, she, or they, hold or be confirmed in their titles, &c. claim the right to the occupancy or possession thereof, and which said occupancy or possession has been continued to the time of the passing of this act, the said tract or parcel of land thus possessed, occupied, and improved, shall be granted, and such occupant or occupants shall be confirmed in the title to the same, as an estate of inheritance in fee simple: Provided, however, That claims to be comno other claims shall be confirmed, by virtue of this section, than firmed by this
such as have been entered with the register of the land office of such as have Detroit, within the time, and in the manner, provided by law, with the regu-and, by the commissioners aforesaid, have been inserted in their ter, &c. and, by the commissioners aforesaid, have been inserted in their report, transmitted as aforesaid; nor shall more than one tract or one tract to any parcel of land be thus granted to any one person, and the same one person, &c. shall not contain more than the quantity claimed, nor more than six hundred and forty acres: And provided, also, That the same grant not to extend to any traction of the same grant not to extend to any traction of the same grant not to extend to any traction. shall not extend to any tract heretofore reserved, or which may, tend to any track heretofore reserved, or which may, reserved, &c. by the president of the United States, be set aside for public uses, in the town of Detroit, and its vicinity, or on the island of Michilimackinac.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the secretary of the Michigan, and territory of Michigan, together with the register and receiver of the register and public moneys of the land office of Detroit, shall be commission—Detroit, to be ers for the purpose of ascertaining and deciding on the rights of for deciding on the persons claiming the benefit of this act: and the said commissioners are said to the said commissioners and the said commissioners are said to the said commissioners and the said commissioners are said to the said commissioners and the said commissioners are said to the said commissioners and the said commissioners are said to the said commissioners and the said commissioners are said to the said commissioners are said to the said commissioners and the said commissioners are said to the said commissioners are said to the said commissioners are said to the s sioners shall, previous to entering on the duties of their appoint. The commissioners to take ment, respectively, take and subscribe the following oath or af an oath, &c. firmation, before some person qualified to administer the same: do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will impartially Form of the onth-I, exercise and discharge the duties imposed upon me, by an act of congress, entitled " An act regulating the grants of land in the

territory of Michigan." And it shall be the duty of the said the commissioners to me commissioners to meet at the town of Detroit, on or before the at Detroit, on or before the lat of first day of July next, and they shall not adjourn to any other July, 1807, and place, or for any longer time than three days, until the first day for more than

of January next, or until they shall have completed the business

of their appointment. And the said commissioners, or a majority

three days, &c. until they have completed the The commit-

The whole ex-

The commis-

of them, shall have power to hear and decide, in a summary manner, all matters respecting such claims, to compel the attendsioners empow-ored to bear and ance of witnesses, to administer oaths and examine witnesses, decide in a sum- and such other testimony as may be adduced, and to determine compel witness thereon according to justice and equity. Minutes of the proceedings, decisions, meetings, and adjournments, of the board, minutes of pro-shall be regularly entered by the register, in a book to be kept for that purpose, together with the evidence on which such decisions are made, unless such evidence has already been entered ceedings, decisions, meetings, and adjournments, of the board, cisions are made, unless such evidence has already been entered according to law, in the book or books of minutes kept by the commissioners, appointed under former acts, to investigate the When it appears claims to land in the district of Detroit. And when it shall apto the commissioners that the pear to the said commissioners that the claimant is entitled to a claimant is en-See, they are to thereof, stating the circumstances of the case, and that the claimeate, stating the ant is entitled to receive a patent for such a tract of land, by virtue of this act; which tract shall be surveyed in conformity The tract to be surveyed, &c. at the expense of the capense of the party, &c. party, and under the direction of the surveyor general, by such of his assistants, residing in the territory of Michigan, as the The whole expense of survey said surveyor general shall appoint for that purpose. Problem 19, see, not to exceed 3 dolls. That the whole expense of surveying and marking the lines exceed 3 dolls. Shall not exceed three dollars for every mile that shall be actually shall not exceed three dollars for every mile that shall be actually said surveyor general shall appoint for that purpose: Provided, run, surveyed, or marked. The surveyor general shall transgeneral for transmit to the register of the land office at Detroit, general and parter at Detroit, general and particular plots of all the lands surveyed as aforesaid, and shall also forward copies of the said plots to the secretary of the treasury. The commissioners shall transmit to the secretary of the treasury sioners to trans-mit to the secre- a transcript of their decisions in favor of claimants, which shall tary of the treasury a transcript contain a fair statement of the evidence on which each respective of their declarons, accountaining a claim is founded, and shall be signed by the said commissioners, fair statement, and shall state the names of the parties in whose favor the certificates have been granted, the number of acres granted, and The certificate the situation of the land. And the certificate and certificates granted by the commissioners, being duly entered by the commissioners, being duly entered duly entered, as aforesaid, by the commissioners, being duly entered, as to entered, as to entered, as aforesaid, by the commissioners, being duly entered and nine, shall entitle the party day of January, one thousand eight hundred and nine, shall enfrom the region title the party or parties, as soon as the plot or plots aforesaid receive a dollar shall have been transmitted to the said register, to receive from for each, &c. a him a certificate or certificates, for each of which certificates the &c. register shall receive one dollar, directed to the secretary of the treasury; and if it shall appear to the satisfaction of the said secretary, that such certificates have been fairly obtained, accord-

the other lands of the United States. The powers

vest-d by this act in the commissioners abovementioned, shall not exextend to lots in tend to lots in the town of Detroit, the claims to which shall be
troit, the claims ascertained and decided upon in the manner provided by the act, SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the powers vested

ing to the true intent and meaning of this act, then, and in that case, patents shall issue, in like manner as is provided by law for

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entitled "An act to provide for the adjustment of titles of land in the town of Detroit, and territory of Michigan, and for other to which have been decided upon in the man-

purposes."#

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That the secretary of the by the act atterritory of Michigan shall be entitled to receive five hundred [10 Ante, ch. dollars, in full for all the services rendered by him under this The services of the services rendered by him under this The services rendered by the services rendered by the services rendered by the services rendered by t act, to be paid out of the sums which have been, or may be, ap- in full for sen-propriated for carrying into effect the several laws enacted for under this sec, the disposal of public lands, and for the adjustment of claims in the Indiana or Michigan territories. [Approved, March 3, 1807.]

CHAP. 90. [LXXX.] An act making appropriations for carrying into effect a treaty between the United States and the Chickasaw tribe of Indians; and to establish a land office in the Mississippi territory.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, Sums appropri-for the purpose of carrying into effect a treaty, made on the lag into effect a twenty-third day of July, one thousand eight hundred and five, Chickson, &c. between the United States and the Chickasaw nation of Indians, † [† See the treation of Indians, † [† See the treation of the following sums, to be paid out of any moneys in the treasu- vol. 1.] ry, not otherwise appropriated, be, and the same hereby are, appropriated, in conformity with the stipulations contained in the said treaty; that is to say: to the said Chickasaw nation, twenty thousand dollars; to George Colbert and O'Koy, each, one thousand dollars; and to Chinubbe Mingo, chief of the nation, an an-

nuity of one hundred dollars, during his natural life.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty The survey of the surveyor general of the public lands south of Tennessee, public lands to cause to be surveyed and laid out, in the same manner as is see to cause to provided by law for the other public lands in the Mississippi terbe surveyed, but so much of the lands ceded to the United States by the Uni ritory, so much of the lands ceded to the United States by the lands ceded to the Cherokees and Chickasaws, as lies within the said territory; and and Chickasaws the president of the United States is hereby authorized, when- as lies within the Mississippi ever he shall think it proper, to establish a land office for the sale tritiony &c.
The president of the said lands, and to appoint a register of the same, and a resubstitute of the same ceiver of the public moneys accruing from the sale of the said fiee, appoint a lands, whose respective emoluments and duties shall be the same enter, &c. as those of the registers and receivers of the other land offices in the said territory. ‡ [Approved, March 3, 1807.]

[‡ See set of 15th June, 1809; ch. 212, post.)

CHAP. 91. [LXXXI.] An act respecting claims to land in the territories of Orleans and Louisiana.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That provides that so much of the first section of the act, entitled "An act for assume certaining and adjusting the titles and claims to land within the son, &c. was, territory of Orleans, and the district of Louisiana," as provides &c. the head of a family, &c. repealed.

[§Ch.440,vol. 3.]

1807.

Persons, &c. who, on the 20th of Dec. 1803, had, for ten years be fore that day, been in posses-sion of a tract not claimed, &c. not exceeding 2,000 acres, &c. and had still

No more land granted by this actually claim-The claim of the eorporation . lease claim to spe commons

Nothing herein to impair the duals to the commons, &c.

The commissioners for asrights of persons olaiming land in the territories of Orleans and Louisiana, em-powered to decide according to the usages and customs of the French and Spanish govern-ments, where the claim is who were inbafor not exceeding a league

whose name the warrant or order of survey had been granted, was, at the time of its date, either the head of a family, or above the age of twenty-one years, be, and the same is hereby, repealed.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That any person or persons, and the legal representative of any person or persons, who, on the twentieth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and three, had, for ten consecutive years prior to that day, been in possession of a tract of land not claimed by any other person, and not exceeding two thousand acres, and who were, on that Possession to be day, resident in the territory of Orleans or Louisiana, and had confirmed in their titles. still possession of such tract of land, shall be confirmed in their still possession of such tract of land, shall be confirmed in their Provise; no claim to a lead titles to such tract of land: Provided, That no claim to a lead mine or salt spring to be confirmed merely by virtue of this firmed by this section: And two mided also from section: And provided, also, That no more land shall be granted by virtue of this section than is actually claimed by the party, nor more than is contained within the acknowledged and ascertained boundaries of the tract claimed.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the claim of the New Orleans to corporation of the city of New Orleans to the commons adjacent beent, &c. con to the said city, and within six hundred yards from the fortifica-Proving the cortions of the same, be, and the same are hereby, recognised and poration, within confirmed: *Provided*, That the said corporation shall, within six months after passing this act, relinquish and release any claim they may have to such commons beyond the distance of six hun-beyond on they may have to such commons beyond the distance of six hun-lesses see. 11. dred yards aforesaid: * Provided also, That the corporation shall reversion the out-rosetion to conporation to con-vey, grantitous- benefit, to the company authorized by the legislature of the ter-ley, for public benefit, as much ritory of Orleans, as much of the said commons as shall be neof the commons cessary to continue the canal of Carondelet from the present bass may be necessary ury to continue sin to the Mississippi, and shall not dispose of, for the purpose the canal of Ca-ronder to the of building thereon, any lot within sixty feet of the space reserved for a canal, which shall forever remain open as a public highway: And provided also, That nothing herein contained shall be rights of indivi- construed to affect or impair the rights of any individual or individuals to the said commons, which are derived from any grant of the French or Spanish government.

Sect. 4. And be it further enacted, That the commissioners appointed, or to be appointed, for the purpose of ascertaining the rights of persons claiming land in the territories of Orleans and Louisiana, shall have full powers to decide, according to the laws and established usages and customs of the French and Spanish governments, upon all claims to lands within their respective districts, where the claim is made by any person or persons, or the legal representative of any person or persons, who were, on the twentieth of December, one thousand eight hundred and three, made by persons inhabitants of Louisiana, and for a tract not exceeding the quanwno were intra-bitants, &c. and tity of acres contained in a league square, and which does not include either a lead mine or salt spring; which decision of the commissioners, when in favor of the claimant, shall be final against the United States, any act of congress to the contrary notwithstanding.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That the time fixed by the act abovementioned, and by the acts supplementary to the same, for delivering, to the proper register or recorder, notices and the written evidences of claims to land, be, and the same is hereby, extended, for the territories of Orleans and Louisiana, till the first day of July, one thousand eight hundred and Louisiana, till the first day of July, one thousand eight hundred and Louisiana, till the first day of July, one thousand eight hundred and Louisiana, till the first day of July, one thousand eight hundred and Louisiana, until the list and eight; and persons delivering such notices and evidences until the 1st shall be entitled to the same benefit as if the same had been delivered within the time limited by the former acts; but the rights ing to deliver of such persons as shall neglect so doing, within the time limited within the time by this act, shall, so far as they are derived from or founded on limited, &c. become void, and [* Sec. any act of congress, ever after be barred and become void, and [* Sec hapters 361,381, and sec, 7, ch. 422, post of their claims never after admitted as evidence in 7, ch. 422, post of their claims never after admitted as evidence in 7, ch. 422, post of their claims never after admitted as evidence in 7, ch. 422, post of their claims never after admitted as evidence in 7, ch. 422, post of their claims never after admitted as evidence in 7, ch. 422, post of their claims never after admitted as evidence in 7, ch. 422, post of their claims never after admitted as evidence in 7, ch. 422, post of their claims never after admitted as evidence in 7, ch. 422, post of their claims never after admitted as evidence in 7, ch. 422, post of their claims never after admitted as evidence in 7, ch. 422, post of their claims never after admitted as evidence in 7, ch. 422, post of their claims never after admitted as evidence in 7, ch. 422, post of their claims never after admitted as evidence in 7, ch. 422, post of their claims never after admitted as evidence in 7, ch. 422, post of their claims never after admitted as evidence in 7, ch. 422, post of their claims never after admitted as evidence in 7, ch. 422, post of their claims never after admitted as evidence in 7, ch. 422, post of their claims never after admitted as evidence in 7, ch. 422, post of their claims never after admitted as evidence in 7, ch. 422, post of their claims never after admitted as evidence in 7, ch. 422, post of their claims never after admitted as evidence in 7, ch. 422, post of their claims never after admitted as evidence in 7, ch. 422, post of their claims never after admitted as evidence in 7, ch. 422, post of their claims never after admitted as evidence in 7, ch. 422, post of their claims never after admitted as evidence in 7, ch. 422, post of their claims never after admitted as evidence in 7, ch. 422, post of their claims never after admitte any court of law or equity whatever.*

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That the commissioners The commissions appointed, or to be appointed, for the purpose of ascertaining ing the rights of persons claiming lands in the territories of Orleans land treasury, and to the surveyor general, or officer acting as survey—
or general, transcripts of the final decisions made in favor of
claimants by virtue of this act, and they shall deliver to the party
a certificate stating the circumstances of the case, and that he is
entitled to a patent for a tract of land therein designated; which
certificate shall be filed, with the proper register or recorder,
within twelve months after date. And the register or recorder
shall thereupon (a plat of the tract of land therein designated
being previously filed with him, or transmitted to him, by the
officer acting as surveyor general, in the manner hereinafter proofficer acting as surveyor general, in the manner hereinafter pro-party, &c. a pa-tent to istue, &c. vided,) issue a certificate in favor of the party; which certificate, being transmitted to the secretary of the treasury, shall entitle the party to a patent, to be issued in like manner as is provided by law for the issuing of patents for public lands lying in other territories of the United States.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That the tracts of land The traces of thus granted by the commissioners shall be surveyed at the exthe commissioners shall be surveyed at the exthe commissioners of the parties, under the direction of the surveyor general, et at the exor officer acting as surveyor general, in all cases where an authenpense of the parties, under the ticated plat of the land, as surveyed under the authority of the direction of the surveyor general under the French, Spanish, or ral, in all cases American governments, respectively, during the time either of where, &c. the said governments had the actual possession of the said territories of Orleans and Louisiana, shall not have been filed with the proper register or recorder, or shall not appear of record on The said commissioners shall also be authorized, whenever they ers may direct the surveyor general, or officer neral, &c. to acting as such, to cause any tract of land already duly surveyed, of land tobe reto be resurveyed at the expense of the United States. And the surveyed at the surveyor general, or officer acting as such, shall transmit general United States, and particular plats of the tracts of land thus surveyed, to the general Sc. to proper register or recorder, and shall also transmit copies of the and particular said plats to the secretary of the treasury.

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ers to report to the secretary of the treasury their opinion on all claims to land within their dis-griess not finally confirmed, &c. The claims, &c. to be arranged into three general classes, &c.

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That the commissioners The commission- aforesaid shall, respectively, report to the secretary of the treasury their opinion on all the claims to land within their respective districts, which they shall not have finally confirmed by the fourth section of this act. The claims shall, in the said report or reports, be arranged into three general classes, that is to say: first, claims which, in the opinions of the commissioners, ought to be confirmed in conformity with the provisions of the several acts of congress for ascertaining and adjusting the titles and claims to land within the territories of Orleans and Louisiana; secondly, claims which, though not embraced by the provisions of the said acts, ought, nevertheless, in the opinion of the commissioners, to be confirmed in conformity with the laws, usages, and customs, of the Spanish government; thirdly, claims which neither are embraced by the provisions of the said acts, nor ought, in the opinion of the commissioners, to be confirmed in conformity with the laws, usages, and customs, of the Spanish government: And The reports, &c. the said report and reports, being in other respects made in concongress for their formity with the forms prescribed according to law, by the secretary of the treasury, shall, by him, be laid before congress, for their final determination thereon, in the manner, and at the time, heretofore prescribed by law for that purpose.

tion, &cc.

Allowances, &c.

SECT. 9. And be it further enacted, That the following allowto the officers mentioned, &c. ances and compensations shall be made to the several officers hereinafter mentioned; that is to say: to the principal deputy of the surveyor general, for the district of Louisiana, at the rate of five hundred dollars a year, from the time he entered into the duties of his office, in addition to the fees which he is entitled to receive by law. To the register of the western district of the Orleans territory, and to the clerk of the board of commissioners for that district, one thousand dollars, each, for their services as commissioners and clerk, respectively, during the year one thousand eight hundred and six. To each of the deputy registers of the territory of Orleans, five hundred dollars, in full for their services subsequent to the first day of January last, in addition to the fees to which they are legally entitled. To each of the commissioners, at the rate of two thousand dollars a year: to each of the clerks of the boards, and to each of the agents employed by the secretary of the treasury, at the rate of fifteen hundred dollars a year, and to each of the translators, at the rate of six hundred dollars a year, to commence from the first day of July next, in the district of Louisiana, and from the first day of January next, in the territory of Orleans, and to continue to the time when each board shall be respectively dissolved: Provided, That no more than eighteen months' compensation be thus allowed to the said commissioners, clerks, and translators; and that the compensation of any such officer, absenting himself from his district, or failing to attend to the duties of his office, shall cease during such absence or failure.

more than 18 months' compen-sation to be allowed to commissioners clerks, and translators, &ce.

Proviso; not

Epproved, March 3, 1807.

CHAP. \$2. [LXXXII.] An act making further appropriations for fortifying the ports and harbors of the United States.*

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That is a sum of money, not exceeding one hundred and fifty thousand printed to enable dollars, in addition to the sums heretofore appropriated, be, and the ports the same is hereby, appropriated, to enable the president of the adjustors of the printed sums. United States to cause the ports and harbors of the United States to be bettiffed, &cc to be better fortified and protected.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the money appropriated by this act, shall be paid out of any money in the treasu-propriated m ry of the United States, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, March 3, 1807.]

CHAP. 93. [LXXXIII.] An act for the relief of John Chester.†

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, on the section on the settlement of the accounts of John Chester, former supervisor of the internal revenues and direct tax for the district of Connecticut, there be passed to his credit the sum of three hundred seventeen dollars and ninety cents, being the amount of the amount direct tax, assessed and collected in the state of Connecticut, be-tax collected yound the quota of said state: Provided, the said state assent works yond the quota of said state: Provided, the said state assent you thereto. And also, the further sum of two hundred thirty-three And was a dollars and thirty-four cents, for the contingent expenses of the three office, in addition to the provision heretofore made by law.

sor, &cc. \$17 dulls. 90 cent massed to

[Approved, March 3, 1807.]

CHAP. 94. [LXXXIV.] An act authorizing the employment of the land and naval forces of the United States, in cases of insurrections.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, in all cases of insurrection, or obstruction to the laws, either of the insurrection, United States, or of any individual state or territory, where it is the lawful for the president of the United States to call forth the where it is militia for the purpose of suppressing such insurrection, or of dent to call for the militia. It causing the laws to be duly executed, it shall be lawful for him be is authorist to employ, for the same purposes, such part of the land or naval form to the land or naval for the land or naval form to the land or naval for naval form to the land or naval for naval form to the land or naval for naval form to the land or naval for naval form to the land or naval for naval form to the land or naval for the land or naval form to the land or naval form to the land or to employ, for the same purposes, such part of the raine of the United States as shall be judged necessary, having pressing or entire that respect. first observed all the prerequisites of the law in that respect.

[Approved, March 3, 1807.]

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CHAP, 95. [LXXXV.] An act in addition to an act, entitled "An act in addition to an act, entitled "An act supplementary to the act providing for a naval peace establishment, and for other purposes."

See orig. act Stat April,

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized, in addition to the present naval peace establishment, to employ a number of able seamen, ordinary seamen, and boys, not exceeding five hundred, should the exigency of the public service require the same. [Approved, March 3, 1807.]

he president athorised to ploy not ex-

> CHAP. 96. [LXXXVI.] An act making appropriations for carrying into effect certain treaties with the Cherokee and Piankeshaw tribes of Indians.

Some appropri-ated for carrying anto ffect a con vention with the Cherokees [† So: the co

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, for carrying into effect a convention between the United States and the Cherokee nation of Indians,† the following sums, to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, be, and the same hereby are, appropriated; that is to say: to the said Cherokee nation, two thousand dollars, and the further annual sum of two thousand dollars for four years successively; and to the Cherokee chief, called the Black Fox, the annual sum of one hundred dollars, during his natural life.

ums appropri ted for carryi ecta

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That, for carrying into effect a treaty between the United States and the Piankeshaw tribe of Indians, concluded at Vincennes, on the thirtieth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and five, there shall be, and hereby are, appropriated, in addition to appropriations for carrying into effect former treaties, a sum of one thousand dollars, and a further annual sum of three hundred dollars, to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated. [Approved, March 3, 1807.]

§ Private and beolets.]

CHAP. 97. [LXXXVII.] An act authorizing the discharge of Gilbert Drake from his imprisonment.

The marshal of New York todisreferred to as relates to his not having transferred his

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the marshal of the district of New York be authorized and charge Gibbert directed to discharge Gilbert Drake, late collector of the direct Drake, late collector of the direct Drake, in said district, from his imprisonment, upon a warrant of rect tax, from districts is a said district. distress issued against him by the supervisor of said district: his imprison. distress issued against him by the supervisor of said district: man, see.

Provisignibert Provided, That he take, before any judge of the United States, Drake to take so or any judge of the supreme court of the state of New York, or court of common pleas of the county in which he is imprisoned, so much of an oath, imposed upon persons imprisoned for debt, by the second section of the act, entitled " An act for the relief [[Ch.156,vol.3.] of persons imprisoned for debt," as relates to his not having transferred his property with intent to defraud the United States:

And provided, That he shall assign and convey all the estate, real and personal, which he may own, or be entitled to, to some per-Provisor Gilbert Drake to convey son for the use and benefit of the United States, under the di-all his ortace for the benefit of the bene rection of the secretary of the treasury: Provided also, That any United States, estate, real or personal, which the said Gilbert Drake may here-Proviso; fourre after acquire, shall be liable to be taken and sold, in the same estate be liable, &c. manner as if he had never been imprisoned and discharged as aforesaid. [Approved, March 3, 1807.]

CHAP. 98. [LXXXVIII.] An act to establish certain post roads; and for supplied by act other purposes.* other purposes.*

blished.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representistic chap. tatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, post.]
That the following post roads be established: That the following post roads be established:

In Orleans. From New Orleans to the Balize, and from New Orleans, by the mouth of the Fourche, mouth of the canal of Attakapas, Lake Veret, the ferry of Lake Veret, the mouth of Teche, the church of Attakapas, and the church of Appelousas, The postmaster to Rapides. And the postmaster general be, and he is hereby, general to allow authorized to allow and pay to the postmaster which may be appearant to allow and pay to the postmaster which may be appearant to allow and pay to the level fees of office such postmaster at pointed at the Balize, in addition to the legal fees of office, such the Balize, &c. sum as he may judge reasonable, not exceeding four hundred dollars per annum, as a compensation for his services.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the president of The president anthorised to the United States is hereby authorized to cause to be opened a cause a road to road from the thirty-first degree of north latitude to New Or-the latitude to not be opened from the latitude to New Or-the latitude to late the late leans, on the route from Athens to New Orleans, under such re- New Orleans, &c. gulations as may be agreed upon for that purpose between the executive of the United States and the Spanish government: And he is hereby authorized to expend, in opening the same, any The president part of the money heretofore appropriated for opening a road on expanding the road, at the said route, from the frontier of Georgia to the thirty-first part of the money heretofore appropriated for opening a road on expanding the road, at degree of north latitude, which remains unexpended. [Approved, March 3, 1807.]

CHAP. 99. [LXXXIX.] An act disapproving of an act passed by the governor and judges of the territory of Michigan, entitled " An act concerning the bank of Detroit."†

[† See the ordi-nance of 13th July, 1787; page 476, vol. 1.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That An act concernan act, entitled "An act concerning the bank of Detroit," adopting the bank of ed and published by the governor and judges of the territory of ed icc. by the Michigan, on the nineteenth day of September, in the year of governor and judges of Michigan our Lord one thousand eight hundred and six, is hereby disapproved of by proved of by proved of by congress, and that the same shall be of no force or congress, &c. effect. [Approved, March 3, 1807.]

CHAP. 100. [XC.] An act making compensation for extra services, to the governor, judges, and secretary, of the Indiana territory. Obselete.]

judges, and se-cretary, of Invices they per-formed in obe-dience to [†Chap. 391,

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of represen-The secretary of the treasury directed to pay tatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, to the governor, and the secretary of the treasury be, and he hereby is, directed to the governor, and the secretary of the treasury be, and he hereby is, directed to the secretary of the treasury be, and he hereby is, directed to the secretary of the treasury be, and he hereby is, directed to the secretary of the treasury be, and he hereby is, directed to the secretary of the treasury be, and he hereby is, directed to the secretary of the treasury be, and he hereby is, directed to the secretary of the treasury be, and he hereby is, directed to the secretary of the treasury be, and he hereby is, directed to the secretary of the treasury be, and he hereby is, directed to the secretary of the treasury be, and he hereby is, directed to the secretary of the treasury be, and he hereby is, directed to the secretary of the treasury be, and he hereby is, directed to the secretary of the treasury be, and he hereby is, directed to the secretary of the treasury be, and he hereby is, directed to the secretary of the treasury be, and he hereby is, directed to the secretary of the treasury be, and he hereby is, directed to the secretary of the treasury be, and he hereby is, directed to the secretary of the treasury be, and he hereby is, directed to the secretary of the treasury be, and the secretary of the treasury be the secretary be the secretary be the secretary be to pay to the governor, judges, and secretary, of the Indiana territory, out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, the sum of three hundred dollars, each, as a compensation for the extra services by them performed, in obedience to the disease to the act act, entitled "An act erecting Louisiana into two territories, and as into two ters providing for the temporary government thereof." [Approved, March 3, 1807.]

GHAP. 101. [XCI.] An act to prevent settlements being made on lands ceded to the United States, until authorized by law.

making settlemaking settle-ments on, any lands ceded or secured to the Tuited States, Sc. not previ-ously sold, Sc. or the claim to which has not been recognised persons cause such lands to be occupied, survey d, &c. until authorized by law, they forfeit their right, &c.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-Persons taking tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That if any person or persons shall, after the passing of this act, take possession of, or make a settlement on, any lands ceded or secured to the United States, by any treaty made with a foreign nation, or by a cession from any state to the United States, which lands shall not have been previously sold, ceded, or leased, by been recognised the United States, or the claim to which lands, by such person or persons, shall not have been previously recognised and comfirmed by the United States: or if any person or persons shall cause such lands to be thus occupied, taken possession of, or settled; or shall survey or attempt to survey, or cause to be surveyed, any such lands; or designate any boundaries thereon, by marking trees, or otherwise, until thereto duly authorized by law; such offender or offenders shall forfeit all his or their right, title, and claim, if any he hath, or they have, of whateoever nature or kind the same shall or may be, to the lands aforesaid, which he or they shall have taken possession of, or settled, or cause to be occupied, taken possession of, or settled, or which he or they shall have surveyed, or attempt to survey, or cause to be surveyed, or the boundaries thereof he or they shall have designated, or cause to be designated, by marking trees or otherwise. And it shall moreover be lawful for the president of may offeet the united States to direct the marshal, or officer acting as marploy the military shal, in the manner hereinafter directed, and also to take such other measures, and to employ such military force as he may judge necessary and proper, to remove from lands ceded, or secured to the United States, by treaty or cession as aforesaid, any person or persons who shall hereafter take possession of the same, or make, or attempt to make, a settlement thereon, until thereunto Every right, &c. authorized by law. And every right, title, or claim, forfeited under this act, shall be taken and deemed to be vested in the States, &c. Provise; nothing United States, without any other or further proceedings: Proherein to affect the right, &c. of vided, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to affect any person to hands in the territories of Or-leans or Louis of Or-leans or Louis of Or-

The president may direct the persons unlaw-fully taking pos-session of lands, &c.

blished by the act, entitled "An act for ascertaining and adjusting the titles and claims to land within the territory of Orleans, siana before the and the district of Louisiana,"* shall have made their reports, report and the district of Louisiana, shall have made their reports, report and gressdecide, &c., (*Chap. 440, ...)

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That any person or per- vol. 3.] sons who, before the passing of this act, had taken possession of this act, had taken possession of, occupied, or made a settlement on, any lands ceded or secured to the United States, by any treaty made with a foreign nation, secured to the United States, which lands by a cession from any state to the United States, which lands had not been previously sold, ceded, or leased, by the United States, or the claim to which lands had not been previously recognised and confirmed by the United States; and who, at the time of passing this act, does or do actually inhabit and reside on such lands, may, at any time prior to the first day of January next, apply to the proper register or recorder, as the case, may require the such as the case may next, apply to the proper register or recorder, as the case may require the second next, apply to the proper register or recorder, as the case may requesting permission to conbe, of the land office established for the disposal, registering, or thue thereon, recording of such lands, or to such person or persons as may, by register, &c. is to be the top be to b purpose of receiving such applications, stating the tract or tracts tracts, nor experiment of land thus occupied, settled, and inhabited, by such applicants for each, &c. on or applicants, and requesting permission to continue thereon; condition, &c. that they will and it shall thereupon be lawful for such register or recorder, remove on being required, &c. respectively, to permit, in conformity with such instructions as may be given by the secretary of the treasury, with the approbation of the president of the United States, for that purpose, such applicant or applicants to remain on such tract or tracts of land, not exceeding three hundred and twenty acres for each applicant, as tenants at will, on such terms and conditions as shall prevent any waste or damages on such lands, and on the express condition that such applicant or applicants shall, whenever such tract or tracts of land may be sold or ceded by the United States, or whenever, for any other cause, he or they may be required, under the authority of the United States, so to do, give quiet possession of such tract or tracts of land, to the purchaser or purchasers, or remove altogether from the land, as the case may be: Pro-17 see chap. 114, post.] vided, however, That such permission shall not be granted to any Proviso permission not to be such applicant, unless he shall previously sign a declaration, granted to applisating that he does not lay any claim to such tract or tracts of sign a declaraland, and that he does not occupy the same by virtue of any do not lay claim, or pretended claim, derived, or pretended to be derived, claim, &c. from any other person or persons: And provided also, That in Proviso; where all cases where the tract of land applied for includes either a cludes a lead mine or salt spring, no permission to work the same shall spring, no permission to work the same shall spring, no permission to work the granted, without the approbation of the president of the United States, who is hereby authorized to cause such mines or approbation of springs to be leased for a term not exceeding three years, and the president, on such conditions as he shall think proper.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That all the applications Applications, &c. made, and provisions granted, by virtue of the last preceding of the preceding section, shall be duly entered on books to be kept for that purpose, by the registers and recorders aforesaid, respectively; and books, &c. they shall be entitled to receive from the party, for each ap- rees.

plication, fifty cents, and for each permission, one dollar.

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to remove perlands, &c. who ed permission,

en to persons settled prior to Persons found terthethree months' notice, to incur a penal-ty of 100 dolls. and be liable to imprisonment,

tract occupied

in this section to or Louisiana, whose claim before 1st Jan. 1808.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted. That it shall be lawful, The proper mar- after the first day of January next, for the proper marshal, or 1st of Jan. 1808, officer acting as marshal, under such instructions as may, for that purpose, be given by the president of the United States, to remove from the lands aforesaid, any and every person or persons who shall be found on the same, and who shall not have Proviso; three obtained permission to remain thereon as a foresaid, who were settled on such lands prior to the passing of this act. And every such person who on the lands af shall, at any time after the expiration of three months after such notice shall have been given, be found on any part of the lands aforesaid, shall, moreover, incur a penalty of one hundred dollars, to be recovered in any court having jurisdiction of the same; and be, moreover, liable, on conviction, to imprisonment, at the discretion of the court, not exceeding six months; and the The certificate certificate of the proper register or recorder shall be a sufficient of the proper register of recorder shall be a sumbound of the proper register, sc. to be evidence that the tract of land which was occupied by the ofsufficient arise fender had not been previously sold, leased, or ceded by the fender had not been previously sold, leased, or ceded by the tract occupied manner United States, that the ciain to such that the person viously sold, &c. nised and confirmed by the United States, and that the person be removed, by the occupying the same, and removed, or to be removed, by the marshal, had not obtained permission to remain thereon, in conformity with the provisions of this act: Provided always, and it Proviso; nothing is further enacted, That nothing in this section contained shall apply to any per- be construed to apply to any person claiming lands in the terrison claiming lands in Orleans tories of Orleans or Louisiana, whose claim shall have been filed with the proper commissioners before the first day of January [Approved, March 3, 1807.]

> CHAP. 102. [XCII.] An act confirming claims to land in the district of Vincennes; and for other purposes.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The decisions made by the commissioners all the decisions made by the commissioners appointed for the purpose of examining the claims of persons claiming lands in the district of Vincennes, in favor of such claimants, as entered in the transcripts of decisions which have been trammitted by the said commissioners to the secretary of the treasury according to law, be, and the same are hereby, confirmed.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the confirmations or grants of land, made in the said district of Vincennes, by the governors of the Northwest and Indiana territories, prior to the establishment of the board of commissioners aforesaid, and in conformity with the act, entitled "An act for granting lands to the inhabitants and settlers at Vincennes and the Illinois country, in the territory northwest of the Ohio, and for confirming them in their possessions,"* be, and the same are hereby, confirmed; unless when actually rejected by the said commissioners; although the persons entitled to the land may not have given notice of their

for examining claims to lands in the district of Vincennes, in favor of claimants, as entered in the transcripts of decisions, &c., confirmed. The confirmations, &c. of land, by the go-vernors of the Northwest and Northwest and Indiana territories, prior to the establishment of the board of com missioners, &c. confirmed, un-less, &c. alshough permay not have given notice. [a Chap, 101,

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claim, as required by the several acts making provision for the disposal of the public lands in the Indiana territory: Provided, Provincian other however, That no other claims shall be confirmed by virtue of claims on this section than such as, having been entered on the territorial such as, having records, have, by the commissioners aforesaid, been inserted in the territorial such as, having been entered, their reports transmitted as aforesaid. their reports transmitted as aforesaid.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the several persons, The persons or the legal representatives of the several persons, to whom, or several tracts, to whose assigns, the several tracts of the tract of land near Vincement, Schare Comment, Schare Co cennes, known by the name of the "Upper Praire," have been been confirmed, heretofore confirmed, be, and they are hereby, respectively, confirmed in their claims to the respective tracts also claimed by the races in their races in their them, and in their actual possession, lying in that tract of land, lying in the containing two hundred and forty-four acres, which is known by the the name of "Continuation," and is situated between the bounname of "Continuation," and the river Wabach. daries of the tracts already confirmed and the river Wabash.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the several persons Persons whose claims are confirmed by this act, and had not been actually firmed by this located prior to the establishment of the board of commissioners, alty located, &c. be, and they are hereby, authorized to enter their locations with authorized to the register of the land office of Vincennes, on any part of the those with the tracts set aside for that purpose by virtue of the act, entitled enaily, on any art of the tracts set aside for that purpose by virtue of the act, entitled enaily, on any est aside by the and state of Ohio,"* and in conformity with the presided Thet work location shall be made prior to the [*Ante, ch. 40.] that act: Provided, That such location shall be made prior to the Proviso; the location to day of July, one thousand eight hundred and eight; and the cation to be made prior to that day, the literature of any person who shall neglect to locate prior to that day, the liter of July. shall become void, and for ever be barred.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That every person, or the Persons, &c. legal representative of every person, whose claim to a tract of tracts are conland is confirmed by this act, and who had not previously ob-act, and who had tained a patent for the same, from the governor either of the patent, &c. to territory northwest of the Ohio, or of the Indiana territory, shall, receive from the whenever his claim shall have been located and surveyed, be ficate, &c. which the control of the surveyed in the ficate, &c. which the surveyed is the surveyed in the s entitled to receive, from the register of the land office at Vin-party to a party to a p cennes, a certificate, stating, that the claimant is entitled to re- test, &c. ceive a patent for such tract of land by virtue of this act; for which certificate the register shall receive one dollar; and which certificate shall entitle the party to a patent for the said tract, which shall issue in like manner as is provided by law for the other lands of the United States.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That the register and Theregister and receiver in the receiver of public moneys in the district of Kaskaskias, be al-district of Easkaskias allowed lowed till the first day of December next to complete the investillation of claims to land in the said district. And each of the the investigation of claims to land in the said district. And each of the the investigation of ficers, and the clerk of the board, shall be allowed an additional compensation of five hundred dollars, in full for his service in relation to such claims.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That the public sales of [†See chap. 187. the public lands in the district of Vincennes may be continued the public sales six weeks, if the term of three weeks, now prescribed by law, of land in the

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cennes may be continued six weaks, &c., [? See sec. 5, ch. 388, vol. 2,]
Persons entitled to right of pre-camption to lands in the Mississippi territory, allowed till the last Jan. 1808, to make the first payment, &c.

The secretary of war to place the persons mamed, &c.,

cording to the rates, &co meationed.

on the pen-

hap. 24,]

shall not be found sufficient to offer all the lands within the said district for sale.*

Sect. 8. And be it further enacted, That persons entitled to a right of pre-emption to lands in the Mississippi territory, shall be allowed till the first day of January next to make the first payment of the purchase money of such lands.

[Approved, March 3, 1807.]

CHAP. 103. [XCIII.] An act concerning invalid pensioners.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the secretary of war be, and he is hereby, directed to place the following named persons, whose claims have been transmitted to congress, pursuant to a law passed the tenth of April, one thousand eight hundred and six,† on the pension list of invalid pensioners of the United States, according to the rates, and to commence at the times, herein mentioned; that is to say:

Richard Fairbrother, at the rate of three dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-sixth day of May, one thousand

eight hundred and six:

John De Voe, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the first day of August, one thousand eight hundred and six:

Peter Demarest, at the rate of three dollars and seventy-five cents per month, to commence on the first day of August, one

thousand eight hundred and six:

Stephen Ögden, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the twenty-fifth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and six:

John Berry, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the second day of September, one thousand eight hundred

and six:

John King, at the rate of four dollars per month, to commence on the eighteenth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and six:

Robert Ames, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the eighteenth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and six:

Charles Gowin, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the thirty-first day of October, one thousand eight hundred and six:

Francis L. Slaughter, at the rate of three dollars per month, to commence on the fifteenth day of November, one thousand

eight hundred and six;

William Re Beck, at the rate of four dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-second day of November, one thousand eight hundred and six;

Spafford Ames, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the eleventh day of December, one thousand eight hundred and six:

Josiah Jones, at the rate of four dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-second day of December, one thousand Names of invalor eight hundred and six:

Samuel Dowdney, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the twenty-seventh day of December, one thousand eight hundred and six:

Eliphalet Easton, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the thirty-first day of December, one thousand eight hundred and six:

Joseph Ligon, at the rate of three dollars per month, to commence on the eighth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and seven:

John Hubbard, at the rate of three dollars per month, to commence on the eighth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and seven:

Daniel Guard, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the twenty-third day of January, one thousand eight hundred and seven:

Elisha Forbes, at the rate of three dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-fourth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and seven:

Alexander Simonton, at the rate of three dollars per month. to commence on the ninth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and seven:

Noah Robinson, at the rate of ten dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-third day of October, one thousand eight hundred and six:

Charles Mynn Thruston, at the rate of twenty dollars per month, to commence on the fourteenth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and six:

Jonas Farnsworth, at the rate of ten dollars per month, to commence on the second day of September, one thousand eight hundred and six:

Benoni Hathaway, at the rate of ten dollars per month, to commence on the sixth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and six:

Thomas Marshal Baker, at the rate of ten dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-ninth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and six:

James Dysart, at the rate of ten dollars per month, to commence on the eighteenth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and six:

Henry Ten Eyck, at the rate of ten dollars per month, to commence on the eighth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and seven:

John Little, at the rate of twenty dollars per month, to commence on the thirteenth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and seven:

Thomas Harris, at the rate of fifteen dollars per month, to commence on the third day of October, one thousand eight hundred and six:

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Daniel Ball, at the rate of ten dollars per month, to commence on the seventeenth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and seven.

The pensions of the persons named, already on the pension list, to be increased, as spesified.

Sect. 2. And be it further enacted, That the pensions of the following persons, already placed on the pension list of the United States, whose claims for an increase of pension have been transmitted to congress, pursuant to the act aforesaid, be increased to the sums herein, respectively, annexed to their names, the said increase to commence at the times herein mentioned; that is to say:

Seth Wyman, four dollars per month, to commence on the sixteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and six:

George Bradford, five dollars per month, to commence on the fifteenth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and six:

Abel Furney, five dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-ninth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and six:

Charles Scott, five dollars per month, to commence on the first

day of September, one thousand eight hundred and six:

Ephraim Baily, five dollars per month, to commence on the fourth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and six:

Asa Ware, five dollars per month, to commence on the ninth

day of September, one thousand eight hundred and six:

Daniel Hickey, five dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-fourth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and six:

Daniel Nutting, two dollars per month, to commence on the seventh day of October, one thousand eight hundred and six:

Able Woods, five dollars per month, to commence on the tenth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and six:

Joseph Morril, five dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-fourth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and six:

William Neley, five dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-fourth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and six:

Elisha Frizle, three dollars and seventy-five cents per month, to commence on the third day of November, one thousand eight hundred and six:

William Burritt, five dollars per month, to commence on the third day of November, one thousand eight hundred and six:

Benjamin Smith, five dollars per month, to commence on the third day of November, one thousand eight hundred and six:

George Pittman, five dollars per month, to commence on the first day of February, one-thousand eight hundred and seven:

Gustavus Alrick, three dollars and thirty-three cents and onethird of a cent per month, to commence on the twenty-first day of November, one thousand eight hundred and six:

Jabez Pembleton, two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the twenty-seventh day of December, one thou-

sand eight hundred and six:

Wiat Hinkley, five dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-eighth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and six:

Edward Evans, five dollars per month, to commence on the fifteenth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and seven:

Moses Wing, five dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-fourth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and six:

John Cavenough, three dollars per month, to commence on the seventeenth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and seven:

Richard Hardin, five dollars per month, to commence on the eleventh day of September, one thousand eight hundred and six:

Jonathan Holton, ten dollars per month, to commence on the eighth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and six:

Jonathan Willard, five dollars per month, to commence on the eighth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and six:

Thomas Pearson, thirteen dollars thirty-three cents and onethird of one cent per month, to commence on the twenty-eighth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and six:

John Maynard, six dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-fifth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and six:

Thomas Avery, sixteen dollars sixty-six cents and two-thirds of one cent per month, to commence on the third day of October, one thousand eight hundred and six:

Ebenezer Coe, twenty dollars per month, to commence on the thirty-first day of July, one thousand eight hundred and six:

Ebenezer Bancroft, six dollars per month, to commence on the thirty-first day of October, one thousand eight hundred and six: .

William Worthington, fifteen dollars per month, to commence on the nineteenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and six:

David Hawley, ten dollars per month, to commence on the eighth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and six.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the pension of Ben-The pension Benjamin B jamin Bartlett, of Massachusetts, who was employed in the ser- lett, employ vice of the United States as an escort, spy, and guide, at the pay during hostilities of one dollar per day, during hostilities with certain Indian tribes, diana in 1704. in the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-four, and was creamed, Sec disabled by being wounded whilst in said service, be increased to five dollars per month.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the pensioners becoming such in virtue of this act, shall be paid in the same manlid pensioners lid pensioners lid pensioners lid pensioners. ner as invalid pensioners are paid, who have heretofore been have been paid heretofore, &c. placed on the pension list of the United States, under such restrictions and regulations, in all respects, as are prescribed by the laws of the United States in such cases provided.

[Approved, March 3, 1807.]

CHAP. 104. [XCIV.] An act making provision for the disposal of the public lands situated between the United States military tract and the Connecticut reserve, and for other purposes.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, for the disposal of the lands of the United States, situated

1807.

A register and receiver to be appointed for

A land office to between the United States military tract and the Connecticut se-Be established for the disposal serve, a land office shall be established, which shall be kept at of the lands be tween the military tract and the Connecticut servers and the Connecticut that, for the disposal of the lands of the United States may direct: and the Connecticut that, for the disposal of the lands of the United States was direct: the Ohio river, between the Cincinnati and Vincennes districts, A land office to a land office shall be established at Jeffersonville: and for each been allied of the said offices a register and receiver of public moneys shall be appointed, who shall give security in the same manner, in the same sums, and whose compensation, emoluments, duties, and homca &c. authority, shall, in every respect, be the same, in relation to the lands which shall be disposed of at their offices, as are or may be provided by law in relation to the registers and receivers of public moneys in the several offices established for the disposal of the lands of the United States north of the river Ohio, and above [* See ch. 209, the mouth of Kentucky river.*

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That all the lands of the

references thereto.]
All the lands of United States, in the said districts, shall, with the exception of the United States the section number sixteen, and with the exception also of thir-

than 3 dolls. an acre, &c.

references

th r. to.] ed by law, &c... Superintendents

in the districts the sections humber states, and with the exception also of the referred to, expect No. 16, and teen sections, including the lower town of the Delaware tribe of Ja sections for Indians, and their improvements, which said thirteen sections Indians, Sec. to shall be designated by the secretary of the treasury, and shall be solved for the use of the said tribe and their descendants, so est bilder, under the direction of long as they continue to reside thereon, and cultivate the same, the register and be offered for sale to the highest bidder, under the direction of receiver, Sec. receiver, &c. be offered for sale to the highest bidder, under the direction of the sac of such reb. 1988; the register of the land office, and of the receiver of public such reb. 1988; chap. 130, post.) moneys, at the places, respectively, where the land offices are kept, and on such day or days as shall, by proclamation of the president of the United States, be designated for that purpose: The sales to remain open for the sales shall remain open at each place for six weeks, and no six weeks and longer: the lands shall not be sold for less than two dollars and the lands not to be sold for less acre; and shall, in every other respect, be sold in tracts of the same size, and on the same terms and conditions, as have been, or may be, by law, provided for lands sold north of the river 7t See ch. 309, vol. 3, and the Ohio, and above the mouth of the Kentucky river. lands of the United States, in the said districts, with the excep-Lands remaining tions abovementioned, remaining unsold at the close of the pubclose of the public sales, may be disposed of at private sale, by the register of disposed of at the respective land offices, in the same manner, under the same private sale by the regulations, for the same price, and on the same terms and conditions, as are or may be provided by law for the sale of the lands of the United States north of the river Ohio, and above the mouth [§ See chap. 209, of the Kentucky river. § And patents shall be obtained for all references lands sold in said districts in the same manner and on the same lands sold in said districts, in the same manner, and on the same Patents to be obtained in the manner provided state of Ohio and the Indiana territory. terms, as are provided by law for other public lands sold in the

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the several superinof public sales directed by this act, shall receive six to receive six tendents of public sales directed by the act, shall receive six della a day, &c. dollars a day for each day's attendance on the said sales.

The president, in the recess, accempowered the United States, in the recess of congress, shall have full power to appoint the uppoint and commission the registers and receivers of public SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the president of receivers, &c.

moneys of the land offices established by this act, and their commissions shall continue in force until the end of the session of

congress next ensuing such appointment.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That the several lead in Indiana, with mines in the Indiana territory, together with as many sections contiguous to each as shall be deemed necessary by the president the president of the United States, shall be reserved for the future disposal of cassary, so be the United States; and any grant which may hereafter be made ture disposal. for a tract of land containing a lead mine, which had been dis-for covered previous to the purchase of such tract from the United tracts containing lead mines, states, shall be considered fraudulent and null: And the presi-which had been dent of the United States shall be, and is hereby, authorized to vious to the purchase any lead mine, which has been, or may hereafter be, dis-considered fraudulent and null. covered in the Indiana prritory, for a term not exceeding five delient and null, years.

have the right of pre-emption to six hundred and forty acres of in the Indian land, including his improvement on the river Ohio, below the George Ash of former Indian boundary line; the boundaries of the tract shall of pre-emption be designated by the register of the land office, and the said land to 640 acres of land, 8c. on the shall be granted to him at the same price, and on payment being rive Ohio, 8c. on the same in the same manner, as for other public land sold at private to be designated by the respective instalments of the purchase money shall become due at the same time with the payments on the first public. SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That George Ash shall lease any lead come due at the same time with the payments on the first public lands sold in that district.* [Approved, March 3, 1807.]

RESOLUTION.

[No. 1.] Resolution to publish the report and chart of the survey of the [+0bsoles.] coast of North Carolina.

Resolved, by the senate and house of representatives of the United The secretary of States of America in congress assembled, That the secretary of the reced to cause treasury be, and he hereby is, authorized and directed to cause the report and to be published the report and chart of a survey of the coast chart of a surof North Carolina, made by Thomas Coles and Jonathan Price, of North Carounder the act of congress passed at the last session for that purpoec. [Approved, March 2, 1807.]

[Notz. See the act referred to, of the 10th of April, 1806; ante, chap. 24. See, also, in relation to the disposal of the chart, the resolution of the 4th of March, 1808; No. 1, post.]

ACTS OF THE TENTH CONGRESS

OF

THE UNITED STATES:

PASSED AT THE FIRST SESSION, WHICH WAS BEGUN AND HELD AT THE CITY OF WASHINGTON, IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, ON MONDAY, THE 26TH OF OCTOBER, 1807, AND ENDED ON THE 25TH OF AFRIL, 1808.

Thomas Jefferson, President. George Clinton, Vice President, and President of the Senste. Samuel Smith, President of the Senate, pro tempore, from the 18th of April. J. B. Varnum, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

1807. [* Obsoletc.] CHAP. 105. [I.] An act making further appropriations for the support of the navy of the United States, during the year one thousand eight hundred and seven.*

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, Meditional sums for defraying the expenses of the navy of the United States, durentlying the expenses of the navy of the United States, durentlying the ing the year one thousand eight hundred and seven, the follow-ary during the ing sums, in addition to the sums heretofore appropriated for that object, be, and the same are hereby, respectively, appropriated; that is to say: For the pay and subsistence of the officers, and pay of the sea-

For pay and subsistence of e of of rs, and pay

men, seventy-four thousand seven hundred and fifty-four dollars and twenty-nine cents.

For provisions.

For provisions, thirty-one thousand four hundred and sixtyeight dollars and fifteen cents.

For repairs of vessels.

For repairs of vessels, one hundred and forty-two thousand eight hundred and eighty-four dollars and sixty-one cents.

For pay sad subsistence of the marine

For pay and subsistence of the marine corps, eighteen thousand five hundred dollars.

eorpe. For clothing for

For clothing for the same, ten thousand one hundred and the marine corps. thirty-nine dollars and forty-two cents.

For medicines,

For medicines and hospital stores, one thousand two hundred

For ordnance and military

and sixty-three dollars and forty cents. For ordnance and military stores, three hundred and ten thousand five hundred and fifty-four dollars and sixty cents.

For timber.

For timber for the navy, eighty-seven thousand five hundred dollars.

The sums appropriated to be paid out of the treasury, &cc.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the several sums. herein specifically appropriated, shall be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, November 24, 1807.]

CHAP. 106. [II.] An act allowing an additional compensation to the secretaries of the Mississippi, Indiana, Louisiana, and Michigan, territories.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, cretaries of the That each of the secretaries of the Mississippi, Indiana, Loudins, isiana, and Michigan territories, appointed under the authori-na, and ty of the United States, be entitled to the annual sum of one entitled to thousand dollars, in lieu of his present compensation, to com- in lieu, &c. mence on the first day of January next.

[Approved, December 5, 1807.]

CHAP. 107. [III.] An act to change the name of the district of Biddeford and Pepperelborough, in Massachusetts, to that of Saco.*

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-vol. 2.] tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the district, at present called the district of Biddeford and Peppersborough, in Massachusetts, shall in future be called the district of saco; and that the collector of the said district be perticular in Saco; and that the collector of the said district be perticular in Saco; and the collector permitted to reside in Saco or Biddeford; and that all the provisions selector permitted to reside in Saco; and the collector permitted to reside in Saco or Biddeford; and the district of Bid- selector permitted to reside in Saco or Biddeford; and the district of Bid- selector permitted to reside in Saco or Biddeford; and the district of Bid- selector permitted to reside in Saco or Biddeford and Peppersborough. of the several acts of congress, that relate to the district of Bid-ted to re deford and Pepperelborough, shall be, and the same are hereby, ford, &c. continued in full force, with respect to the district of Saco.

[Approved, December 15, 1807.] ch. 231, vol. 2.]

CHAP. 108. [IV.] An act to appropriate money for the providing of an additional number of gun boats.‡

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the president of the United States be, and he hereby is, author-authorized to ized and empowered to cause to be built, or purchased, armed, or purchased, and equipped, a number, not exceeding one hundred and eighty-armed, &c. not exceeding is eight, gun boats, for the better protection of the ports and har-gun boats, &c. bors of the United States, and for such other purposes as in his opinion the public service may require.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That a sum, not exceeding Not exceeding Not exceeding Sex., 500 dollar eight hundred and fifty-two thousand five hundred dollars, be, proprieted to and hereby is, appropriated, for this purpose, out of any moneys the purpose in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, December 18, 1807.]

CHAP. 109. [V.] An act laying an embargo on all ships and vessels in the [Skepealed States.]

Topics and harbors of the United States. [1800; sec. 10, etc. 10, etc.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- the end of this tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, chapter.] That an embargo be, and hereby is, laid on all ships and vessels on all vessels in the ports and places within the limits or jurisdiction of the richington of the richington

Vol. 4.

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'1807-8. United States, cleared or not cleared, bound to any foreign port United States, or place; and that no clearance be furnished to any ship or ves-cleared, bound sel, bound to such foreign port or place, except vessels under the toa foreign port. No clearance, immediate direction of the president of the United States: And The president to that the president be authorized to give such instructions to the give instructions of the revenue, and of the navy, and revenue cutters, of hargo into effect, see the United States, as shall appear best adapted for carrying the rect, &c. Provise; nothing same into full effect: Provided, That nothing herein contained herein operant as hall be construed to prevent the departure of any foreign ship any foreign vessel, in hallast, or with the goods, wares, and merwith the goods or vessel, either in ballast, or with the goods, wares, and merwith the goods of this act.

During the con-tinuance of this ed or sealetter vessel, having on board goods, &c. allowed to ted States to

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That, during the contiact, no register nuance of this act, no registered or sealetter vessel, having on board goods, wares, and merchandise, shall be allowed to depart from one port of the United States to any other within the same, depart from one unless the master, owner, consignee, or factor, of such vessel, shall first give bond, with one or more sureties, to the collector another without giving bond, &c. of the district from which she is bound to depart, in a sum of double the value of the vessel and cargo, that the said goods, wares, or merchandise, shall be relanded in some port of the United States, dangers of the seas excepted; which bond, and also a certificate from the collector where the same may be re-Foreign armed landed, snall, by the collector, respectively, be transmitted to the vessels, account secretary of the treasury. All armed vessels possessing public commissions from any foreign power, are not to be considered chap. 112, post.] as liable to the embargo laid by this act.*

embargo.

[Approved, December 22, 1807.]

[Note. See, in relation to the preceding act, laying an embargo, a supplementary act, of the 9th of January, 1808; chap. 112, post. Also, additional act, of 12th March, 1808; chap. 137, post. An act authorizing the president, under certain conditions, to suspend the operation of the act laying an embargo, of the 22d of April, 1808; chap. 156, post. An act in addition to the act laying an embargo, &c. of the 25th of April, 1808; chap. 170, post. And an act to enforce and make more effectual the act laying an embargo, &c. of the 9th of January, 1809; chap. 176, post.]

[† Private.]

CHAP. 110. [VI.] An act to extend certain privileges, as therein mentioned. to Anthony Boucherie.†

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That Two years' residence, as required by an act, entitled "An act to dence, as enjoined by the act to extend the privilege of obtaining patents for useful discoveries dence, as enjoined by the act mentioned, not mentioned, not and inventions to certain persons therein mentioned, and to enable large and define the penalties for violating the rights of patentheric, to enable large and define the penalties for violating the rights of patenthim to obtain a tees," shall not be required of Anthony Boucherie, to enable matent for any discovery he has made in the art art of manufac-turing sugar, &c. of manufacturing sugar, but that he shall obtain a patent therefor [1 Chap. 179, on his conforming to the other requisitions of said act. on his conforming to the other requisitions of said act. [Approved, January 7, 1808.]

CHAP. 111. [VII.] An act supplementary to an act, entitled "An act for fortifying the ports and harbors of the United States, and for building gumboats."

1808. orig. act, of 21 d. April, 1806; 2200. Chap. 47.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the president of the United States is hereby authorized to cause The president such of the fortifications heretofore built or commenced, as he authorized to eause fortifications may deem necessary, to be repaired or completed, and such other tions herefore built or competitions and works to be erected as will afford more effectually protection to our ports and harbors, and preserve therein completed and the repaired or completed and protection to our ports and harbors, and preserve therein completed and the repaired or completed and the rep the respect due to the constituted authorities of the nation; and other works to that the sum of one million of dollars, in addition to the sums 1.000.000 dolls. heretofore appropriated, be, and the same is hereby, appropriated for that purpose, out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise the purpose, &c. appropriated. [Approved, January 8, 1808.]

CHAP. 112. [VIII.] An act supplementary to the act, entitled "An act lay. [TRepealed, ing an embargo on all ships and vessels in the ports and harbors of the See act of 1st March, 1809; sea

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- and see additional tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, act, chap. 137, during the continuance of the act to which this act is a supplement, no vessel licensed for the coasting trade shall be allowed embargo, no to depart from any port of the United States, or shall receive a for the coasting trade to be allowed with the master, give bond, with one or more sureties, to the from any port. Sec. until the United States, in a sum double the value of the vessel and carbon. Sec. until the master, give bond, but the master, give bond, sec. not the master, give and that the cargo shall be relanded in some port of the United States to proceed to any and that the cargo shall be relanded in some port of the United foreign port, &c. States.

19, chap. 195, post. Orig. a

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the owner or own-owners of verers of all vessels licensed for fisheries, or those bound on a sels licensed for the fisheries. whaling voyage, and having no other cargo than sea stores, salt, to give age and the usual fishing tackling and apparel, shall give a general seat to proceed bond, in four times the value of the vessel and cargo, that they will place, &c. not, during the continuance of the abovementioned act, proceed to any foreign port or place, and will return with their fishing fare to some port or place within the United States: *Provided*, That it Provisci licensed of vessels unishall be lawful, and shall be sufficient in the case of any licensed formly employment. vessel, whose employment has uniformly been confined to rivers, beys, and sounds, within the jurisdiction of the United States, on give bond in an amount equal to three hundred dollars for so sou dolls. for each ton of seid receal, with an adjoint that such vessel shall not each ton. See each ton of said vessel, with condition that such vessel shall not be employed in any foreign trade during the time limited in the condition of the bond.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That if any ship or ves-vessels depart-sel shall, during the continuance of the act to which this act is ing without a a supplement, depart from any port of the United States without to any foreign a clearance or permit, or if any ship or vessel shall, contrary to port, trading, acc. to be wholly the provisions of this act, or of the act to which this act is a forfeited, to-

1808.

supplement, proceed to a foreign port or place, or trade with, or goods, the put on board of, any other ship or vessel, any goods, wares, or merchandise, of foreign or domestic growth or manufacture, such ships or vessels, goods, wares, and merchandise, shall be If the vous land wholly forfeited; and if the same shall not be seized, the owner goods be not select, theorem or owners, agent, freighter, or factors, of any such ship or ves-

er, &c. to pay double the value, sel, shall, for every such offence, forfeit and pay a sum equal to the c. and opprived double the value of the ship or vessel and cargo, and shall never thereafter be allowed a credit for duties on any goods, wares, or merchandise, imported by him or them into any of the ports of The master, and the United States; and the master or commander of such ship others concern-ed in the probin- or vessel, as well as all other persons who shall knowingly be concerned in such prohibited foreign voyage, shall each, respectively, forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding twenty thousand, nor 3,000 dolls. each, less than one thousand, dollars, for every such offence, whether the master to be the vessel be seized and condemned or not, and the oath or affirmation of any master or commander, knowingly offending against the provisions of this section, shall ever thereafter be inadmissible before any collector of the customs of the United States.

ited voyage, to forfeit not ex-ce ding 20,000, nor less than missible, &c.

The exception made in favor of armed vessels, &c. to apply on-ly to public arm-ed vessels, and ed vessels, and not to embrace private foreign ships, &c. [* See ante, sec. 2, chap. 109.]

Foreign vessels taking on board

[† Chap. 128, vol. 3.]

[t Chap. 361, vol. 2.]

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the exception made by the act to which this act is a supplement, in favor of armed vessels possessing public commissions from foreign powers, shall apply only to public armed vessels, and shall not be construed Privateers, &c. to embrace either privateers, vessels having letters of marque, rivate armed vessels; but such private armed vessels; but such private armed vested parts other private armed vessels; but such private armed vested parts other sels shall be permitted to depart in the same manner, and on the same conditions, as is provided for other private foreign ships or vessels.*

And be it further enacted, That if any foreign ship SECT. 5. or vessel shall, during the condition of vessel shall, during the conditions of vessel, and sea stores for foliad, &c. wares, or merchandise, other than the provisions and sea stores for the vovage, such ship or vessel, and the specie and may be seized, and Personscon-cerned in the un-lawful shipment condemned in any court of the United States having competent of specie, see, to pay not exceed-ing 30,000, nor less than 1,000 dollars. nor less than one thousand dollars, for every such offence.

The penalties, Sc. incurred by Sect. 6. And be it further enacteu, and the penalties for of this sect for feitures incurred by force of this act shall be sued for, reconstructed for in the manner prescribed to be sued for, lorientures incurred by force of this act shall be sued for, reco-tee a prescribed vered, distributed, and accounted for, in the manner prescribed by the act men by the act, entitled "An act to regulate the collection of duties by the act, entitled "An act to regulate the collection of duties on imports and tonnage,"† passed the second day of March, one And may be mi- thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine; and may be mitigated tigated, &c. in the manner prescribed by the act, entitled "An scribed by the act to provide for mitigating or remitting the forfeitures, penal-act referred to. ties, and disabilities, accruing in certain cases therein mentioned,"‡ passed the third of March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-seven, and made perpetual by an act passed the eleventh of February, one thousand eight hundred. The time during which the act

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That the time during

which the act to which this act is a supplement shall continue in force, shall not be computed as making part of the term of laylar an ember in force, shall not be computed as making part of the term of go continues in twelve calendar months during which goods, wares, or merchan-force, not to be computed as dise, imported into the United States, must be re-exported in part of the order to be entitled to a drawback of the duties paid on the im-in-why months portation thereof. [Approved. Fanuary 9, 1808.] portation thereof. [Approved, January 9, 1808.]

back, &c.

CHAP. 113. [IX.] An act extending the right of suffrage in the Mississippi

["See the 7th se which:

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representasee, also, chap.

The service of the United States of America in congress. sives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That severy free white male person in the Mississippi territory, above the age of twenty-one years, having been a citizen of the United States, and resident in the said territory one year next preceding distinct the territory of representatives, and who has a legal or equitable second who has an election of representatives, and who has a legal or equitable account who has title to a tract of land, by virtue of any act of congress, or who ble title to a tract may become the purchaser of any tract of land from the United of land, &c. to be satisfied to work the guarantity of fifty acres, or who may hold, in his for representatives, &c. own right, a town lot, of the value of one hundred dollars, within the said territory, shall be entitled to vote for representatives to the general assembly of said territory.

SECT. 2 And be it further enacted, That the general assembly pot.] The general asof the territory aforesaid shall have power to apportion the restarriory empresentatives of the several counties therein, or which may here-powered to apport the restarriory empressentatives of the several counties to the number of free portion the restarrior than the restarrior than the restarrior than the restarrior to the number of free portion the number of the number of free portion the numb after be established therein, according to the number of free proceduatives of white male inhabitants, above the age of twenty-one years, in counties, &c. such counties: Provided, That there be not more than twelve, Proviso; not nor less than ten, of the whole number of representatives, any more than is, nor less than it, act or acts to the contrary notwithstanding, until there shall be representatives, circ thousand from male white in a billion of full are in acid to until there are six thousand free male white inhabitants, of full age, in said ter- 6,000 free male ritory; after which time the number of representatives shall be ann, &c.

regulated agreeably to the ordinance for the government thereof. † [t See chap. Sect. 3. And be it further enacted, That the citizens of the The citizens of said territory, entitled to vote for representatives to the general the territory titled to vote assembly thereof, shall, at the time of electing their representatives to the gettives to the said general assembly, also elect one delegate from negatives mily. the said territory to the congress of the United States, who shall gar possess the same powers heretofore granted to the delegates from the several territories of the United States; any thing in the ordinance for the government of said territory to the contrary notwithstanding. [Approved, January 9, 1808.]

CHAP. 114. [X.] An act supplemental to an act, entitled "An act regulating (§ 2ra orig. act, the grants of land, and providing for the disposal of the lands, of the United of 3d March, States south of the state of Tennessee." [803; chap. 340, vol. 3.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That who, bind of a famile every person, and the legal representatives of every person, who, iv, er above 21

main thereon, ere, to be enti-tled to a prefo-rence in becom-ing purchasers, are. [*Ch. 101, ante.]

register, &c. be-fore the 1st of Oct. 1808, notice in writing, &c. Persons failing

until the lat Jan. 1809, to make the first payment of the purchase money, &c.

[† See chap. \$29, post.]

This act not to extend to per-sons claiming other lands in the territory,

being either the head of a family or above the age of twentyyters, and who,
one years, and who did, on the third day of March, one thounational particular and cultivated
tracts of land not claimed by virtue of a certificate granted by the
boards of commissioners east and west of Pearl river, in the
Mississippi territory, and who has obtained permission to remain
on such tract or tracts of land, agreeably to an act.

act to prevent settlements. ted States, until authorized by law,"* shall be entitled to a preference in becoming the purchaser from the United States of such tract of land, at the price at which the other lands of the United States in the said territory are directed to be sold; and payment may be made therefor in the same manner, and under the same conditions, as directed by law for such other lands: Provise; tracts Provided, That such tract of land shall not exceed one section: section exceed. And propided also. That the same shall be surveyed agreeably And provided also, That the same shall be surveyed agreeably Proviso; the tracts to be sure to the sectional lines already established, or which may hereafter wyed agreeably to the sectional lines already established, or which may nerearter to the sectional be established, by the surveyor of the lands of the United States lines established. south of the state of Tennessee.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That every person claiming tracts by viring a tract of land by virtue of this act shall, before the first to deliver to the day of October next, deliver to the register of the land office within whose district the land may be, a notice of his claim, in writing, together with a plat of the tract of land claimed; and if any person shall fail to deliver such notice and plat, the person any person shall fait to deliver notice, &c. forfelt or persons so failing shall forfeit all claim, or pretension of claim, all claim, &c. lands of the United States in said territory.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That persons entitled to Persons entitled

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That persons entitled to to a right of pre-emption under the first section of this act, shall be stated allowed until the first day of January, one thousand eight huntil the first day of January one thousand eight huntil the first payment of the purchase money. dred and nine, to make the first payment of the purchase money of such tract or tracts of land as may be claimed by virtue of said section; and the residue of the said purchase money shall be paid in the same manner, and under the same conditions, as directed for the other lands in said territory.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That this act shall not extend to any person or persons claiming other lands in said territory, in his or their own right, by virtue of British or Spanish grants, or to any person or persons to whom a donation has been granted by either of the said boards of commissioners.

[Approved, January 19, 1808.]

CHAP. 115. [XI.] An act to revive and continue in force for a further time the first section of the act, entitled " An act further to protect the comorig. act, of 25th March, 1804; chap. 399, vol. 3. merce and seamen of the United States against the Barbary powers."

See, also, chap. 178, post.] SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-The first section tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That ther to protect so much of the act passed on the twenty-fifth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and four, entitled "An act further to

of the act furseamen against

[‡ Obsolete. See

protect the commerce and seamen of the United States against the Barbary powers,"* as is contained in the first section of the the Barbar said act, be, and the same hereby is, revived, and continued in force until the first day of January next: Provided, however, Jan. 1209. That the additional duty laid by the said section shall be collected on all such goods, wares, and merchandise, liable to pay the ditional du laid by the same, as shall have been imported previous to that day.

[Approved, January 19, 1808.] good

CHAP. 116. [XII.] An act to provide for the payment of certain expenses incurred in the impeachment of Samuel Chase.†

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representaoffsers of the tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, ed to audit and settle the accounts of all persons whose claims the United States of States for expenses in the second spans the United States for expenses in the second span who may have claims against the United States for expenses incurred in the inquiry into the conduct, and in the impeachment, in relation to of Samuel Chase; which expenses may have been authorized by imperson the committee of inquiry, or the managers of the said impeach- &c. ment: Provided, That the said accounts shall have been first cer-counts to be contified by the chairman of the said committee, or managers; and tified by the the same shall be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not committee, or mesagers, &c. otherwise appropriated. [Approved, January 21, 1808.]

CHAP. 117. [XIII.] An act for the relief of Oliver Evans.‡

[# Private.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That it shall and may be lawful for the secretary of state, on applicaof state plication, in writing, by Oliver Evans, to cause letters patent to be equal to made out, in the manner and form prescribed by the act, entitled out, granting "An act to promote the progress of useful arts, and to repeal the Sec. the full act heretofore made for that purpose," thereby granting to said of making we administrators, and assigns, for ing. Sec. his Oliver Evans, his heirs, executors, administrators, and assigns, for ing. &c. his heart at term not exceeding fourteen years, the full and exclusive right art of manufact and liberty of making, constructing, using, and vending to be the meal at the construction. used, his invention, discovery, and improvements, in the art of [5th, 156, vol.3.] manufacturing flour and meal, and in the several machines which he has discovered, invented, improved, and applied to that purpose: Provided, That no person who may have heretofore paid provided pose: Provided, That no person who may have heretofore paid son who has paid the said Oliver Evans for license to use his said improvements, license to use his shall be obliged to renew said license, or be subject to damages improvem to be obliged for not renewing the same: And provided also, That no person renew it. Proviso; provis who shall have used the said improvements, or have erected the who have same for use, before the issuing of the said patent, shall be liable to damages therefor. [Approved, January 21, 1808.]

CHAP. 118. [XIV.] An act to continue in force, for a limited time, an act, entitled " An act continuing, for a limited time, the salaries of the officers of government therein mentioned."*

Obsolete. See oreg. act, of 90th Feb. 1804; chap. The act continu-

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That an act, passed on the twentieth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and four, entitled "An act continuing, for a seers of govern eight hundred and four, entitled "An act continuing, for a ment, see continuing limited time, the salaries of the officers of government therein tined until the oth July, 1812, mentioned," shall be and continue in force for the term of three years, and to the end of the next session of congress thereafter, and no longer. [Approved, January 27, 1808.]

> CHAP. 119. [XV.] This is an act relating entirely to the district of Columbia. See act of 18th April, 1014; sec. 1, chap. 657, post.

> CHAP. 120. [XVI.] An act to erect a lighthouse on Point Judith, in the state of Rhode Island.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-

8,000 dolls. appropriated, &c.

tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The secretary the secretary of the treasury shall be, and he hereby is, author-The secretary the secretary of the treasury shall be, and no notes, and the free state of the treasury to cause a light- ized and required to cause a good and sufficient lighthouse to be reced on Point are erected on Point Judith, in the state of Rhode Island, and to appoint a kerper, point a kerper, point the keeper of the said lighthouse, under the direction of and otherwise to provide for growide, &c. Frovisor if some such lighthouse, at the expense of the United States: Provided, etent land can be obtained at a That sufficient land for accommodation of such lighthouse can responsible price, and the legislature of Rhode large death at a reasonable price, and the legislature of Rhode large of Rhode large of Rhode large of Rhode large of Rhode state of Rhode large of Rhode vol. 1.]
Not exceeding hereby appropriated for the purpose of defraying the expense of erecting the said lighthouse; to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

The secretary of the treasury to cause the said lighthouse to be so constructed that the light, on being discovered, may with the distinguished from that of other lighthouses hereso to be distin-certainty be distinguished from that of other lighthouses herecertainty, &c. tofore erected in its neighborhood.

[Approved, February 10, 1808.]

[5 Obsolete.]

CHAP. 121. [XVII.] An act making appropriations for the support of government during the year one thousand eight hundred and eight.§

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, for the expenditures of the civil list, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, including the contingent expenses of the several departments and offices; for the compensation of the

several loan officers and their clerks, and for books and stationery for the same; for the payment of annuities and grants; for the support of the mint establishment; for the expenses of intercourse with foreign nations; for the support of lighthouses, beacons, buoys, and public piers; for defraying the expenses of surveying the public lands, and for satisfying certain miscellaneous claims, the following sums be, and the same hereby are, respectively, appropriated; that is to say:

For compensation granted by law to the members of the senate For members of and house of representatives, their officers and attendants, estimated for a session of four months' and a half continuance, two hundred and one thousand four hundred and twenty-five dollars.

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For the expense of firewood, stationery, printing, and all For the contingent expenses of the two houses of congress, twenty-congress. nine thousand two hundred dollars.

For all contingent expenses of the library of congress, and For contingent expenses of the librarian's allowance, for the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, eight hundred dollars.

For compensation to the president and vice president of the for the president and vice pr United States, thirty thousand dollars.

For compensation to the secretary of state, clerks, and per- For the secretary sons employed in that department, thirteen thousand dollars.

ry of state, clerks, &c.

For the incidental and contingent expenses of the said depart-ent, four thousand two hundred dollars.

For the incidental and contingent expenses of the said depart-gent expenses of the department of the department of state. ment, four thousand two hundred dollars.

For printing and distributing copies of the laws of the first parprinting and session of the tenth congress, and printing the laws in newspapers, eight thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

For special messengers, charged with despatches, two thousand For special messengers, with despatches. dollars. For compensation to the secretary of the treasury, clerks, and For the scoretary of the treasury persons employed in his office, sixteen thousand seven hundred ry, clerks, &c.

dollars. For the expense of translating foreign languages, allowance to For the expense of translating the person employed in receiving and transmitting passports and foreign languages, sealest are extraorder, and printing one thousand dollars.

sealetters, stationery and printing, one thousand dollars. For compensation to the comptroller of the treasury, clerks, rethe comparand persons employed in his office, twelve thousand nine hun- &c. dred and seventy-seven dollars.

For expense of stationery, printing, and incidental and conexpenses of the tingent expenses of the comptroller's office, eight hundred dollars.

For compensation to the auditor of the treasury, clerks, and For the auditor, persons employed in his office, twelve thousand two hundred clerks, &c. and twenty-one dollars.

For expense of stationery, printing, and incidental and con- For contingent expenses in the tingent expenses in the office of the auditor of the treasury, five auditors office. hundred dollars.

For compensation to the treasurer, clerks, and persons em- For the treasurer. ployed in his office, six thousand two hundred and twenty-seven er, elerks, &c. dollars and forty-five cents.

For expense of stationery, printing, and incidental and con-ror contingent expense of stationery's office, three hundred dollars. tingent expenses in the treasurer's office, three hundred dollars.

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For compensation to the register of the treasury, clerks, and persons employed in his office, sixteen thousand and fifty-two dollars and two cents.

For stationery and printing in the register's

For expense of stationery and printing in the register's office, (including books for the public stocks, and for the arrangement of the marine papers,) two thousand eight hundred dollars.

For purchasing books, maps, and chart the treasury department, four hundred dollars. For purchasing books, maps, and charts, for the use of the

partment For fuel, &c. for the treasury do partment.

For fuel, and other contingent expenses of the treasury department, four thousand dollars.

For stating and printing the

For defraying the expenses of stating and printing the public public accounts, accounts for the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, one thousand two hundred dollars.

For a superin-tendent to secure

For compensation to a superintendent, employed to secure the treasury the buildings and records of the treasury, the buildings and records of the treasury, solidings, &c. thousand eight hundred and eight, including the expense of two fire engines, buckets, lanwatchmen, and for the repair of two fire engines, buckets, lanterns, and other incidental expenses, one thousand one hundred dollars.

For the secreta-ry of the com-missioners of the sinking For the secretary of war, elerks, &c.

For compensation to the secretary of the commissioners of the sinking fund, two hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation to the secretary of war, clerks, and persons employed in his office, eleven thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

For contingent expenses of the uffice of secretary of war.

For expense of fuel, stationery, printing, and other contingent expenses of the office of the secretary of war, one thousand dollars.

For the accountdepartment, clerks, &cc.

For compensation to the accountant of the war department, clerks, and persons employed in his office, ten thousand nine hundred and ten dollars. For contingent expenses in the office of the accountant of the

For contingent expenses in the accountant's

war department, one thousand dollars. For compensation to clerks employed in the paymaster's office,

office.
For clerks in the paymaster's office.
For fuel in the

one thousand eight hundred dollars. For fuel in the said office, ninety dollars.

For the purvey or, elerka &c.

For compensation to the purveyor of public supplies, clerks, and persons employed in his office, and for expense of stationery, store rent, and fuel, for the said office, four thousand six hundred dollars.

For the secretary of the navy, clerks, &c.

For compensation to the secretary of the navy, clerks, and persons employed in his office, nine thousand eight hundred and ten dollars.

For contingent expenses in the office of the se-er tary of the navy.

For expense of fuel, stationery, printing, and other contingent expenses in the office of secretary of the navy, two thousand dollars.

For the accountant of the navy, clerks, &c.

For compensation to the accountant of the navy, clerks, and persons employed in his office, ten thousand four hundred and ten dollars.

For contingent expenses in the accountant's office.
For the post-master general, elerks, &c.

For contingent expenses in the office of the accountant of the navy, five hundred dollars.

For compensation to the postmaster general, to the assistant postmaster general, clerks, and persons employed in the postmaster general's office, sixteen thousand dollars.

For expense of fuel, candles, house rent for the messenger, 1808. stationery, chests, &c. two thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation to the several loan officers, thirteen thou-

sand two hundred and fifty dollars.

For the loan of-ficers.

For compensation to the clerks of the several commissioners for the clerks of of loans, and for an allowance to certain loan officers, in lieu of ers of loans, &c. clerk hire, and to defray the authorized expenses of the several loan offices, fifteen thousand dollars.

For compensation to the surveyor general, and for his clerks, For the surveyor ree thousand two hundred dollars. three thousand two hundred dollars.

For compensation to the surveyor of lands south of the state For the surveyor of Tennessee, clerks employed in his office, stationery, and other Tennessee, &c. contingencies, three thousand two hundred dollars.

For compensation to the officers of the mint:

The director, two thousand dollars:

The treasurer, one thousand two hundred dollars:

The assayer, one thousand five hundred dollars: The chief coiner, one thousand five hundred dollars:

The melter and refiner, one thousand five hundred dollars:

The engraver, one thousand two hundred dollars:

One clerk, at seven hundred dollars;

And two clerks, at five hundred dollars each.

For the officers of the mint. Director. Chief onliner. Melter and re-

Clerke.

Engraver.

For the wages of persons employed in the different branches For the wages of melting, coining, carpenter's, mill wright's, and smith's work, played the including the sum of one thousand dollars per annum, allowed mint. to an assistant coiner and die forger, who also oversees the execution of the iron works, eight thousand and fifty dollars.

For the repairs of furnaces, cost of rollers and screws, timber, For on bar iron, lead, steel, pot ash, and for all other contingencies of cies of the mint. the mint, two thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of Forthe governor, judges, and of Orleans. the territory of Orleans, thirteen thousand dollars.

For incidental and contingent expenses of the executive offi- For contingent expenses of the care of the said territory, and for express hire and compensa-orienteeritory. tion of an Indian interpreter, two thousand eight hundred and ry, bec. fifty dollars.

For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of rortho governor the Mississippi territory, including additional compensation alof the Mississippi territory. lowed the judges for the year one thousand eight hundred and pi territory, &c.

seven, nine thousand four hundred dollars. For expense of stationery, office rent, and other contingent for contingent expenses in said territory, including a deficiency in the appropriation for these objects in the year one thousand eight hundred risery, &c.

and seven, six hundred and fifty dollars. For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of ror the governor the Indiana territory, including additional compensation allowed of the Indiana to the judges for the year one thousand eight hundred and se-territory. ven, seven thousand eight hundred dollars.

For expense of stationery, office rent, and other contingent for contingent expenses of said territory, three hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of For the govern-

of the Richlan servine, see ed to the judges for the year one thousand eight hundred and serviney, see seven, seven thousand eight hundred and

For contingent expenses of the For the govern-

For expenses of stationery, office rent, and other contingent whenese of the said territory, three hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of or. judges, &cc. of the Louisiana territory, including additional compensation allowed to the judges for the year one thousand eight hundred and seven, seven thousand eight hundred dollars.

For expenses of the Louisiana territory, three hundred and fifty dollars. For expense of stationery, office rent, and other contingent

For the discharge of such demands against the United States, charge of de-mands not other on account of the civil department, not otherwise provided for, with provided as shall have been admitted in a due course of settlement at the for, minitted at the treasury, two thousand dollars.

compensation to elerks, Renot exceeding 15 per cent.

For additional compensation to the clerks of the several departments of state, treasury, war, and navy, and of the general post office, not exceeding, for each department, respectively, fifteen per centum, in addition to the sums allowed by the act, entitled "An act to regulate and fix the compensation of clerks, and to authorize the laying out certain public roads, and for [Anto, ch. 11.] other purposes,"* thirteen thousand two hundred and sixty-nine

For the judges, attorn y gene-ral, &c.

For compensation granted by law to the chief justice, associate judges, and district judges, of the United States, including the chief justice and two associate judges of the district of Columbia; to the attorney general, and to the district judge of the territory of Orleans; fifty-nine thousand four hundred dollars.

dollars and thirty-three cents.

For district attorneys.

For the like compensation granted to the several district attorneys of the United States, three thousand four hundred dollars.

For the marshals of the districts mention d.

For compensation to the marshals of the districts of Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Kentucky, Ohio, East and West Tennessee, and Orleans, one thousand six hundred dollars.

For defraying the expenses of courts, jurors and witnesses, in aid of the funds arising

For defraying the expenses of the supreme, circuit, and district, courts of the United States, including the district of Columbia, and of jurors and witnesses, in aid of the funds arising from fines, forfeitures, and penalties, and likewise for defraying the expenses of prosecutions for offences against the United States, and for safe keeping of prisoners, forty thousand dollars.

For pensions,

For the payment of sundry pensions granted by the late government, eight hundred and sixty dollars.

For invalid pen-sione. . . &c.

For the payment of the annual allowance to the invalid pensioners of the United States, from the fifth of March, one thousand eight hundred and eight, to the fourth of March, one thousand eight hundred and nine, ninety-eight thousand dollars.

For the support of lighthouses,

For the maintenance and support of lighthouses, beacons, broys, and public piers, stakeages of channels, bars, and shoals, and certain contingent expenses, including repairs and raising Newport lighthouse, eighty-five thousand dollars.

For erecting lighthouses at the mouth of the mouth of the mouth of the mouth of the and at or near the pitch of Cape Look Out, in North Carolina,

jects having been carried to the surplus fund, twenty thousand dollars.

For erecting a lighthouse on the south point of Cumberland For erecting a lighthouse on island, in the state of Georgia, a former appropriation of four the south point thousand dollars for that object having been carried to the surisland, &c. plus fund, four thousand dollars.

For erecting a lighthouse on Cape Hatteras, and beacon on For erecting a Shell Castle island, in addition to the sums heretofore appropricable Hatteras, ated for those objects, one thousand one hundred and forty-five

dollars and forty-four cents.

For erecting the following lighthouses, in addition to the sums for erecting lighthouses: heretofore appropriated for them, respectively; that is to say: for erecting a lighthouse on New Point Comfort, in Virginia, one on New Point Comfort. hundred and seventy-seven dollars and twenty cents:

For erecting lighthouses on Long Island Sound, one thousand on Long Island dollars:

For erecting a lighthouse on Wood Island, or Fletcher's On Wood island, or Fletcher's On Wood island, or Bec. Neck, one hundred dollars.

For erecting a double lighthouse at or near Chatham har- At or near Chatham harbor, ocbor, on the back of Cape Cod, two thousand dollars.

For placing buoys and beacons in or near the rocks and shoals For placing in the channel leading into the harbor of Salem, in Massachusetts, eons in or near the rocks and shouls been and because in addition to the sum heretofore appropriated for that object, shouls in the five thousand dollars. five thousand dollars.

For the expenses of the boards formed in the territories of for salem, &c.

Orleans and Louisiana, for investigating and adjusting titles and of the boards for claims to land, in addition to the sum heretofore appropriated for the sale deliming that object, thirty-three thousand three hundred 1.11

that object, thirty-three thousand three hundred dollars. For carrying on the surveys of the public lands in the several and Louisian Sec.

territories, twenty-one thousand one hundred and seventy-four For earrying on dollars.

dollars. For the contingent expenses of government, the balance of ror the continformer appropriations for that object having been carried to the government, &c. surplus fund, twenty thousand dollars.

For expenses of intercourse with foreign nations, thirty-three For intercourse with foreign nathousand and fifty dollars.

For contingent expenses of intercourse with foreign nations, For contingent expenses of foreign nations, expenses of foreign nations twenty thousand dollars.

For expenses of intercourse with the Barbary powers, fifty for intercourse outsand dollars. thousand dollars.

with the Barbary powers.

For contingent expenses of intercourse with the Barbary pow- For contingent expenses of the expenses of the thousand dollars. ers, fifty thousand dollars.

For the relief and protection of distressed American seamen, me paramy powers.

For the relief, five thousand dollars.

Sec. of American

For expenses of prosecuting claims in relation to captures, seamen. twelve thousand five hundred dollars.

claims in rela-

For the discharge of such miscellaneous claims against the Forthedischarge United States, not otherwise provided for, as shall have been dalms not other United States, not otherwise provided for, as small that wise provided admitted in due course of settlement at the treasury, four thou-for, admitted at the treasury, for thou-for, admitted at the treasury, for thou-for admitted at the treasury, for thou-form the treasury, for the sand dollars.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the several appro- The preceding priations hereinbefore made, shall be paid and discharged out of to be paid out of

1808. the fund re-

the fund of six hundred thousand dollars, reserved by an act making provision for the debt of the United States,* and out of served, &c. (*See shap. 61, any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated. *Vol. 2.)

[Approved, February 10, 1868.]

[† Obsolete.]

CHAP. 122. [XVIII.] An act making appropriations for the support of the navy of the United States, during the year one thousand eight hundred and eight.†

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, for defraying the expenses of the navy of the United States, during the expenses ing the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, the following sums be, and the same hereby are, respectively, appropriated; that is to say:

For the pay and subsistence of the officers, and pay of the sea-subsistence of the cofficers and pay of the sea-officers and pay of the sea-of the reamen. dollars dollars.

For provisions.

For provisions, one hundred and sixty-two thousand seven hundred and sixty-five dollars and ten cents.

For medicines.

For medicines, instruments, and hospital stores, five thousand

For repairs of vessels.

For repairs of vessels, one hundred and ninety-five thousand dollars.

For freight, store rent, &c. tingent expenses, seventy-five thousand dollars-For freight, store rent, commissions to agents, and other con-

For pay and sub-sistence of the marine corps.

For pay and subsistence of the marine corps, including provisions for those on shore, and forage for the staff, one hundred and sixty thousand one hundred and thirty-one dollars and ninety cents.

For clothing for the same, twenty-nine thousand nine hundred For clothing for the marine corps. and thirty-three dollars and eighty cents.

For military stores, &cc.

For military stores for the same, nine thousand six hundred and fifty-four dollars.

For medicine, medical services, &c.

For medicine, medical services, hospital stores, and all other expenses on account of the sick belonging to the marine corps, two thousand dollars.

For quarterms ter's and bar-rackmaster's stores, officers' travelling ex-penses, &cc.

For quartermaster's and barrackmaster's stores, officers' travelling expenses, armorer's and carpenter's bills, fuel, premiums for enlisting, musical instruments, bounty to music, and other contingent expenses, fourteen thousand and thirty-five dollars.

For the expense f navy yards,

For the expense of navy yards, comprising docks and other improvements, pay of superintendents, storekeepers, clerks, and laborers, sixty thousand dollars.

For ordnance.

For ordnance, fifty thousand dollars.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the several sums The sums appropriated to be herein specifically appropriated, shall be paid out of any moneys may in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, February 10, 1808.]

CHAP. 123. [XIX.] This is an act relating entirely to the district of Co-1808. lumbia. See act of 18th April, 1814; sec. 1, chap. 657, post.

CHAP. 124. [XX.] An act making appropriations for carrying into effect certain Indian treaties.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, Suma appropri-for the purpose of carrying into effect a treaty between the Unising into effect ted States and the Choctaw nation of Indians, concluded at Poo
the treaty of the Chock shapukanuk, in the Choctaw country, on the sixteenth day of No-with the Choctaw, &c.
vember, one thousand eight hundred and five,* the following [** See the treasums be, and the same hereby are, appropriated, in conformity vol. 1.] with the stipulations contained in the said treaty; that is to say:

To the said Choctaw nation, fifty thousand five hundred dol- nation. To the Choctaw

lars, and the further annual sum of three thousand dollars:

To each of the three great Medal Mingoes, Pukshunnubbee, To the three great Medal Mingo Hoomastubbee, and Pooshamattaha, five hundred dollars; Mingoes. and a further annual sum of one hundred and fifty dollars to each of the said Mingoes, during his continuance in office.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That, for the purpose of sums appropriated for carrying into effect a treaty between the United States and the Ottorial of Branch of Lawa, Chippewa, Wyandot, and Pattawatima, nations of Indians, Ottowas, Chippewa, Wyandot, and Pattawatima, nations of November in Cotawas, Chippewa, Wyandot, and Pattawatima, nations of November in Cotawas, Chippewa, Wyandot, and Pattawatima, nations of November in Cotawas, Chippewa, Wyandot, and Pattawatima, nations of November in Cotawas, Chippewa, Wyandot, and Pattawatima, nations of November in Cotawas, Chippewa, Wyandot, and Pattawatima, nations of November in Cotawas, Chippewa, Wyandot, and Pattawatima, nations of November in Cotawas, Chippewa, Wyandot, and Pattawatima, nations of November in Cotawas, Chippewa, Wyandot, and Pattawatima, nations of November in Cotawas, Chippewa, Wyandot, and Pattawatima, nations of November in Cotawas, Chippewa, Wyandot, and Pattawatima, nations of November in Cotawas, Chippewa, Wyandot, and Pattawatima, nations of November in Cotawas, Chippewa, Wyandot, and Pattawatima, nations of November in Cotawas, Chippewa, Wyandot, and Pattawatima, nations of November in Cotawas, Chippewa, Wyandot, and Pattawatima, nations of November in Cotawas, Chippewa, Wyandot, and Pattawatima, nations of November in Cotawas, Chippewa, Wyandot, and Pattawatima, nations of November in Cotawas, Chippewa, Wyandot, and Pattawatima, nations of November in Cotawas, Chippewa, Wyandot, and Pattawatima, nations of November in Cotawas, Chippewa, Wyandot, and Chippewa, Chippe concluded at Detroit, on the seventeenth day of November, in powers, &c. the year one thousand eight hundred and seven, the following ty, page 414. sums be, and the same hereby are, appropriated, in conformity vol. 1.] with the stipulations contained in the said treaty; that is to say:

Ten thousand dollars to be paid to the said nations, in the fol-

lowing proportions:

To the Ottawa nation, three thousand three hundred and thir- To the Ottawa. ty-three dollars thirty-three cents and four mills:

To the Chippewa nation, three thousand three hundred thirty- To the Chippe-

three dollars thirty-three cents and four mills:

To the Wyandot nation, one thousand six hundred and sixty- To the Wyansix dollars sixty-six cents and six mills:

To the Pattawatima nation, one thousand six hundred and six- To the Patta-

ty-six dollars sixty-six cents and six mills.

And the further annual sum of two thousand four hundred sum to the na-dollars, to be paid to the said nations in the following proportions: tions.

To the Ottawas, eight hundred dollars: To the Chippewas, eight hundred dollars:

To the Wyandots, four hundred dollars: And to such of the To the Wyan-Pattawatimas as now reside on the river Huron of lake Erie, the To the Pattawatimas who reriver Raisin, and in the vicinity of the said rivers, four hundred side on the river Huron of lake

Erie, &c.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the several sums The sums appropriated to be appropriated by this act, shall be paid out of any moneys in the paid out of the treasury, &c. treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

To the Ottawas.

To the Chippe-

[Approved, February 19, 1808.]

CHAP. 125. [XXL] An act to provide for the payment of certain expenses 1988. incurred in the inquiry into the conduct of John Smith, a senator from the state of Ohio.* [* Obsolete.]

of all persons who have clai for any expenses incurred in the

3 dolls. to every itness, for ich day's stt-ndance, &c.

The accounting SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representaomoers of the tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That e accounts the accounting officers of the treasury be, and they are hereby, ave claims directed to audit and settle the accounts of all persons who may have claims against the United States, for expenses incurred in inquiry into the inquiry into the conduct of John Smith, a senator of the Uni-Smith a sense to States from the state of Ohio, as an alleged associate of loged associat Azron Burr, Aaron Burr; which expenses may have been authorized by the Eroviso; the ac- committee of inquiry, or by order of the senate: Provided, That comes to have the said accounts shall have been first certified by the chairman of the committee, or by the secretary of the senate.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That, to every witness before the said committee of inquiry, or before the senate upon the said inquiry, there shall be allowed and paid, for every day's soo dolls, appro- attendance thereon, the sum of three dollars. And, to defray the expenses, etc. the said expenses, there is hereby appropriated the sum of five hundred dollars, to be paid from any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated. [Approved, February 19, 1808-]

> CHAP. 126. [XXII.] An act making additional compensation to the marshals for the districts of North Carolina and New Jersey.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-After the last of tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, March, 1808, 400 from and after the last day of March next, there shall be paid, to be pead to the annually, to the marshal for the district of North Carolina, the month of the district of and 200 dolls. to New Jersey, the sum of two hundred dollars; in addition to the New Jers y, in addition, &c. fees and emoluments heretofore allowed them by law.

[Approved, February 25, 1808.]

[† Private and obsolete.

CHAP. 127. [XXIII.] An act for the relief of Samuel Whiting.†

of the trasury late a deputy

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the secretary of the treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized directed to pay and directed to pay to Samuel Whiting, four hundred and forty to Samuel Whiting to pay to Samuel Writing, four hundred and forty ting 440 dollars, in satisfaction of the said Samuel Whiting's claim for fortered, in any services rendered, and expenses incurred, pursuant to the directive feet of the said Samuel Whiting's claim for fortered, and expenses incurred, pursuant to the directive feet of the said Samuel Whiting's claim for the said Samuel Whiting's claim for the said Samuel Whiting's claim for fortered feet of the said Samuel Whiting's claim for fortered feet of the said Samuel Whiting's claim for fortered feet of the said Samuel Whiting's claim for fortered feet of the said Samuel Whiting's claim for fortered feet of the said Samuel Whiting's claim for fortered feet of the said Samuel Whiting's claim for fortered feet of the said Samuel Whiting's claim for fortered feet of the said Samuel Whiting's claim for fortered feet of the said Samuel Whiting's claim for fortered feet of the said Samuel Whiting's claim for fortered feet of the said Samuel Whiting's claim for fortered feet of the said Samuel Whiting's claim for fortered feet of the said Samuel Whiting's claim for fortered feet of the said Samuel Whiting's claim for fortered feet of the said Samuel Whiting's claim for feet of the said Samuel Whiting's claim for feet of the said Samuel Whiting's claim for feet of the said Samuel Whiting feet of the sai Deming cuting one Henry Deming, late a deputy postmaster at Hinspostumater, &c. dale, in Massachusetts, who was indicted in the circuit court of indicted for embesting letters, the United States at Boston, for embezzling certain letters which came to his possession, containing bank notes belonging to the said Samuel Whiting. [Approved, February 25, 1808.]

CHAP. 128. [XXIV.] An act extending the right of suffrage in the Indiana territory.*

territory.*

[*3ec set of 7th May, 1800; sec.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa3; and act of 3d tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That hearth, 1811, elap, 315, por every free white male person in the Indiana territory, above the Every free male person in the Indiana territory. age of twenty-one years, having been a citizen of the United the Indiana territory, above the make person, in the States, and resident in the said territory one year next preceding years, having an election of representatives, and who has a legal or equitable and resident in title to a tract of land of the quantity of fifty acres, or who may only year, see, and become the purchaser from the United States of a tract of land who has a legal or equitable the of the quantity of fifty acres. Or who holds in his own rights or equitable title of the quantity of fifty acres, or who holds in his own right a to a tract of land who has a legal or quintable the town lot of the value of one hundred dollars, shall be entitled to to vote for representatives to the constant accounts. to vote for representatives to the general assembly of the said sentatives to the territory. [Approved, February 26, 1808.]

[† Repealed. See set of 1st March, 1809; sec. 17, chap.

CHAP. 129. [XXV.] An act supplementary to the act, entitled "An act to prohibit the importation of certain goods, wares, and merchandise."†

BECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-original senate lists. April, 1806; anne. tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That chap. 10.1 strued as to prohibit the importation of the following articles; the articles that is to say:

Wrappers and outside packages, in which goods, the importation of which is not prohibited, usually are, and shall be, wrapped or packed at the time of their importation.

Bags, or sacks, in which salt shall be imported.

Third. Glass bottles, or phials, in which drugs, medicines, or any other article, the importation of which is not prohibited, shall be imported.

Fourth. Printed books, maps, and charts.

Fifth. Watches, tradesmen's and artificer's tools; mathematical, astronomical, and surgical, instruments; gilt buttons, locks, and all other articles manufactured partly of brass and partly of any other metal.

Shalloons and woollen stuffs, muskets, bayonets, Sixth.

swords, cutlasses, and pistols.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the articles of the The articles de scribed to be following description shall be held and considered as being em-considered as braced by the description of articles, the importation of which is entraced by the prohibiting prohibited by the act to which this act is a supplement, that is importation, each prohibiting prohibiting prohibiting prohibiting the act to which this act is a supplement, that is to say:

All articles manufactured entirely of silk and wool, or of silk and flax, or of flax and wool; floor cloths; woollen cassimeres, carpets, carpeting, and mats, whose invoice prices shall exceed

five shillings sterling per square yard.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That no articles imported Articles imported ed on board ver on board any vessel of the United States, cleared out before the selsofthe United fourteenth day of December last, from any port within the United States, or the territories thereof, shall be subject to the pro- 8cc. not to be hibition enacted by the act to which this act is a supplement: subject to the

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Hope, to return months, &c. Proviso; vessels cleared for other ports, to return within 6 months,

Provided, That such vessels which may have cleared for any port Proviso; vessels beyond the Cape of Good Hope, shall return to some port in the that cleared for any port beyond United States, or its territories, within twelve months: And provided, That such yessels as shall have cleared from any other port shall return, as aforesaid, within six months from the said fourteenth day of December. [Approved, February 27, 1808.]

[* See act of 3d March, 1807; an-te, chap. 104.]

CHAP. 130. [XXVI.] An act making further provision for the disposal of the sections of land heretofore reserved for the future disposition of congress.

All the sections of landheretolying within ei-ther of the districts, &cc. in

Proviso; the sec-tions previously to be offered to the highest bid-der at public sale, &c.

dolls, per acre.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That all the sections of land heretofore reserved for the future disposition of congress, not sold or otherwise disposed of, and lying 8cc. not sold, &c. within either of the districts established for the disposition of public lands in the state of Ohio, with the exception of the section Ohio, except No. numbered sixteen, of the Salt Springs, and lands reserved for the top of the use of the same, shall be offered for sale in that district within which such reserved sections may respectively lie, on the same terms, and under the same regulations, as other lands in the same district: Provided, That such sections shall previously be offered to the highest bidder, at public sales, to be held under the superintendence of the registers and receivers of public moneys of the land offices, respectively, to which they are attached, on the same terms as have been provided by law for the public sales of the other lands of the United States, and on such day or days as shall, by a proclamation of the president of the Uni-Proviso; no here ted States, be designated for that purpose: And provided, also, tofore reserved reserved That no such heretofore reserved section shall be sold either at public or private sale, at a less price than four dollars per acre. [Approved, February 29, 1808.]

[Obsolete.]

CHAP. 131. [XXVII.] An act making appropriations for the support of the military establishment of the United States, for the year one thousand eight hundred and eight.†

Sums appropria-ted for defraying the expense of the military es-tablishment of the United States for the year 1908, &c.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, for defraying the expense of the military establishment of the United States, for the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, for the Indian department, and for the expense of fortifications, arsenals, magazines, and armories, the following sums be, and the same hereby are, respectively, appropriated; that is to say:

For the pay of the army.

For the pay of the army of the United States, three hundred and two thousand nine hundred and fifty-two dollars.

For forage. For the subsistence of the army, &c.

For forage, four thousand six hundred and eight dollars. For the subsistence of the army and corps of engineers, two hundred and forty-two thousand five hundred and forty-eight dollars and thirty-five cents.

For clothing, eighty-five thousand dollars.

For bounties and premiums, fifteen thousand dollars.

For the medical and hospital departments, fifteen thousand promiums.

For the medical and hospital departments, fifteen thousand promiums.

For the medical and hospital departments, fifteen thousand promiums. dollars.

For camp equipage, fuel, tools, and transportation, ninety for camp equipage. thousand dollars.

For fortifications, arsenals, magazines, and armories, two For fortificahundred and eighteen thousand six hundred and forty-two dol- tous, arsenals, lars and five cents.

For purchasing maps, plans, books, and instruments, fifteen For maps, plants hundred dollars.

For contingencies, eighteen thousand dollars.

For ordnance, forty-five thousand dollars.

For tents, twenty thousand dollars.

For extra transportation of military stores, twenty-five thou- For extra transsand dollars.

For the Indian department, one hundred and forty thousand For the Indian department. six hundred dollars.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the several sums The sums appropriated to be herein specifically appropriated, shall be paid out of any moneys paid out of moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, March 3, 1808.]

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For clothing. For bounties and

For contingen çies. For ordn**ance**.

CHAP. 132. [XXVIII.] An act to allow the importation of old copper, saltpetre, and sulphur, free of duty.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, from and after the thirty-first day of March next, no duty shall no duty to be collected on the be demanded or collected on the importation of old copper; importation of old copper after which term shall apply only to such copper manufactures as have the state of the st been worn out or otherwise so damaged as to be unfit for any March, 1809, &c. other purpose than that of supplying a raw material, to be manufactured anew. And it shall be lawful for the collector of the in case of doubt port or district in which such old copper shall arrive, should any per imported doubt arise whether such importation comes within the intent comes within and meaning of this act, to appoint one person, and the owner, importer, or consignee, to appoint another, who shall ascertain point on person whether the copper imported comes under the denomination of the constant of the con proceedings are directed to be had by the fifty-second section of referred to, &co. the act passed the second of March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine,* regulating the collection of duties on imports [*See chap. 138, and tonnage, in cases of incomplete entry, or of damage sus-vol. 3.] tained by goods, wares, and merchandise, during the voyage.

Sect. 2. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the No duty to be said thirty-first day of March next, no duty shall be demanded perfect sulphur, after the slist of or collected on the importation of saltpetre or sulphur.

[Approved, March 4, 1808.]



CHAP. 133. [XXIX.] An act in further addition to an act, entitled " An 1808. act to amend the judicial system of the United States."

See orig. set, of 29th April,

vol. 3.]
The circuit court tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That to consist of the justice of the United States, in the second circuit, shall justice of the consist of the justice of the supreme court residing within said supreme court consist of the justice of the supreme court residing within said residing therein, circuit, and the district judge of the district in which such court triet judge, ere. may be holden.

The circuit SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That, within the district The circuit security see with la the district of Georgia, the circuit court to be holden in the month of De-G. organo be to be to be to be bereafter be holden at Milledgeville, instead of Louisville.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That, instead of the times Times prescrib. SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That, instead of the times of for holding the fall terms of the fall terms of the district court for the district of North Carolina, the same be Carolina, instead commenced and holden in future on the following days; that is of these hereto-forcestablished, to say: At Wilmington, in and for the district of Cape Fear, on the third Monday of October; at Newbern, in and for the district of Pamptico, on the Friday next after the third Monday of October; and at Edenton, in and for the district of Albemarle, on the first Tuesday which shall follow the Friday next after the third Monday of October, annually.† And that all actions, suits, writs, process, pleadings, and other proceedings commenced, or to be commenced, or which shall be now pending in any of the district courts of the district of North Carolina, for the

> any former act or acts to the contrary notwithstanding. [Approved, March 9, 1808.]

[† Altered. [† Altered. See act of 23d of Jan. 1812; chap. 340, post.]

[† Obsolete. See act of 1st March, 1809; chap. 195,

CHAP. 134. [XXX.] An act for extending the terms of credit on revenue bonds in certain cases, and for other purposes ‡

terms aforesaid, shall be continued over, and have day, according to the alterations hereby made and established, any thing in

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The payment of bonds for duties the payment of all bonds given for duties on the importation of on coffee, sagar, coffee, sugar, pepper, indigo, cocoa, and wine, paying a duty of twenty-three cents per gallon, which remain unpaid at the pass to the sad of Dec. 1807, &c. ing of this act, and have or may become due, subsequent to the may be suspended at the passed whilst the act twenty-second of December last, and whilst the act, entitled laying an embar. "An act laying an embargo on all ships and vessels in the ports force, &c. and harbors of the United States 200. lorce, &c., [sante, ch. 109.] and harbors of the United States," shall continue in force, may be suspended during the continuance of the said act, on the terms Provise; the cre- and conditions hereinafter provided: Provided, That such exten-

to the duties on sion of credit shall not apply to the duties due for any of the any of the de-scribed articles above described articles which either have been re-exported, or Persons entitled

which nave been re-exported are not entitled to be exported, with benefit of drawback, nor to with benefit of drawback, see. any which have been, or will be, sold by the importer. SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the persons entitled to the extension of credit allowed by the preceding section shall, of credit, &c. to

in order to enjoy its benefit, take up, or have cancelled, the bonds heretofore given for duties, on which the extension of heretofore given credit is allowed, and give to the collector new bonds, with one cancelled, and or more sureties, to the satisfaction of said collector, for the bonds to the collector, payable whenever the act, entitled "An act laying an embargo on all ships and vessels act kaying an embargo in the ports and harbors of the United States," shall no longer to operate, &c. be in force; which bonds shall be accepted by the collectors, re- Terms upon which the bonds spectively, upon the terms following; that is to say: the goods are to be acceed by the colfor the duties whereon such bonds shall be accepted shall be de-lectors. posited at the expense and risk of the importer or importers, parties to the said bonds, in one or more storehouse or storehouses, in the same manner as is now provided for the deposite of teas, by the sixty-second section of the act, entitled " An act to regulate the collection of duties on imports and tonnage,"# [Och. 198, vol. 3.] but no delivery of the said goods, or of part thereof, shall be made to the owners thereof, unless the duties on so much thereof, as may, on the application of the owners, be thus delivered, shall have been paid. And whenever the sum specified in any of the bonds taken by virtue of this section shall become due, and remain unpaid more than forty-five days, so much of the said deposited goods as may be necessary shall be sold by the collector at public sale, and the proceeds thereof, after deducting the charges of safe keeping and sale thereof, shall be applied to the payment of such sum, rendering the overplus arising on such sale, and the residue of the goods so deposited, if any there be, to the person or persons by whom such a deposite shall have been made, or to his or their agent or lawful representative. But if the proceeds of such sale shall not be sufficient to pay the duties and charges, or if any of the goods shall, while deposited, be destroyed, stolen, lost, or damaged, the bonds taken by virtue of this section, for the payment of duties on such goods, shall be proceeded with, in all respects, as other bonds taken by collectors for duties due to the United States.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That whenever any goods, whenever any wares, or merchandise, which, being entitled to be exported with to be exported benefit of drawback, had, prior to the twenty-second day of De-drawback, had, cember last, been actually laden on board a vessel, and inspected prior to the sad of Dec. 1807, under the superintendence of a proper officer, in conformity been actually with the provisions of the seventy-sixth section of the act, enti-sec, and have tled "An act to regulate the collection of duties on imports and under the act topposes" have been detained under the act laying an embargo tonnage,"† have been detained under the act laying an embargo laying an embargo on all ships and vessels in the ports and harbors of the United ment of bonds. States, so as to prevent the actual exportation of such goods, be suppended, to wares, and merchandise, the payment of bonds given for duties equal. &c. on the importation of the same may, to an amount equal to that [fch.128,vol.3.] of such duties and as father than the same may. of such duties, and no farther, be suspended during the continuance of the last mentioned act, in the same manner, and on the same terms and conditions, as is provided by the preceding section for bonds given for duties on certain specified articles: Provided, That the owners of such goods, wares, and merchan-Proviso; the owners of the dise, shall surrender any debentures which previously have been goods must surrender. granted for the drawback of duties on the same.

Sec. they being secured. Sec. Proviso; when it may be lawful

herein to preof goods, Sec. who may not sion of credit, &cc. from landsion, &c.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the persons entitled Persons entitled to the extension of credit allowed by the next preceding section to the credit at next preceding chandise, in a storehouse or storehouses, or leave the same on there deposite the board the vessel on which the same have been laden; the said storehouse, or goods, &c. or goods, wares, and manches directions, or goods, wares, and manches directions. may, at their option, either deposite the goods, wares, and mergoods, wares, and merchandise, being, in either case, secured in leave them on board the vessel, the same manner as is provided for goods deposited in conformity with the second section of this act: Provided always, That whenever it may be lawful to export such goods, wares, or merto export such chandise, it shall be necessary that the same should again be in-goods, &c. they chandise, it shall be necessary that the same should again be in-are to be again spected by a proper officer on board the vessel in which the same shall be exported, in order to entitle the exporter to the benefit of drawback; nor shall any debentures for drawback of duties on such goods, wares, and merchandise, be issued or paid, until after the actual exportation of the same. And provided also, Proviso; nothing latter the actual exportation of the herein to prevent the herein to preowners of such goods, wares, and merchandise, who may not who may not claim the extension of credit allowed by this act, and who have not received debentures for the drawback of duties on the same, ing and keeping from landing and keeping in their possession any such goods, them in possess wares, and merchandise. [Approved, March 10, 1808.]

> CHAP. 135. [XXXI.] An act for procuring an additional number of arms, and for the purchase of saltpetre and sulphur.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-

Not exceeding arms, &c.

[* Obsolete.]

tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That a sum of money, not exceeding three hundred thousand dollars, soo, 000 dolls, appropriated, cout of any moneys in propriated, cout of any moneys in propriated, cout of any moneys in for procuring an the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, for the purpose of proceedings and the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, for the purpose of proceedings and the treasury. ber of stands of curing by purchase, or causing to be manufactured within the United States, and under the direction of the president of the United States, an additional number of stands of arms, to be de-And, for the purchase of Not exceeding posited in safe and suitable places. the purchase of saltpetre and sulphur, a sum not exceeding one hundred and sulphur.

fifty thousand dollars. [Approved March 11 1999]

CHAP. 136. [XXXII.] An act for the relief of Edward Weld, Samuel Bee-† Private and bee, and John Davidson.† obsolete.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The secretary the secretary of the treasury be, and he hereby is, authorized directed to pay, and directed to pay, out of any moneys in the treasury not other out or the treasury, 100 dolls. wise appropriated, to Edward Weld, the sum of one hundred to Edward Weld, the sum of one hundred 50 dolls. to Sa. dollars, to Samuel Beebee, the sum of fifty dollars, and to John much Recherch muel Beebee, and 80 dolls, to Davidson, the sum of fifty dollars, together with interest.on John Davidson, each of the said sums, at the rate of eight per centum per an ther the of 8 per num, agreeably to the terms of the loan of five millions of dolto the terms of lars, proposed under a treasury regulation, pursuant to an act of

congress, passed on the sixteenth day of July, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight, entitled "An act to enable the the boan of five president of the United States to borrow money for the public being the service,"* being the amount of three certificates issued at the certificates, &c. bank of the United States, as part of the said loan: one of which adescribed, &c. bank of the United States, as part of the said loan; one of which, [C.C., 90,vol. 3.] being number two hundred and twenty-seven, issued in the name of the said Edward Weld, for one hundred dollars, and has been since lost by him, not having been funded; one other, being number eight hundred and ninety, issued in the name of John Fox, for one hundred dollars, the one moiety of which has been funded, and the other moiety remaining still unfunded, has been regularly assigned the said Samuel Beebee; and the remaining one of said certificates, being the unfunded moiety of number seventeen hundred and twenty-seven, for one hundred dollars, issued in the name of George Willis, and regularly assigned to the said John Davidson; upon which certificates all the instalments have been paid, conformably to the terms of the said loan: Provided, That the said Edward Weld shall, previous to the said Proviso; Edward sum being paid to him, give bond, with sufficient security, to the bond, &c. to insatisfaction of the secretary of the treasury, to indemnify the United States against United States against any future claim made on them on account any future claim made on them on account on account of of the said lost certificate. [Approved, March 11, 1808.]

CHAP. 137. [XXXIII.] An act in addition to the act, entitled "An act [†Repealed. See supplementary to the act, entitled "An act laying an embargo on all ships post. See, also, orig. act, of 9th Jan. 1808; ante, about 1801 and 18

chap. 112.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, During the conduring the continuance of the act, entitled "An act laying an act laying an entity of the continuance of the act, entitled "An act laying an entity of the continuance of the act, entitled "An act laying an entity of the continuance of t during the continuance of the act, entitled "An act laying an timance of the embargo on all ships and vessels in the ports and harbors of the bargo, no vessel United States," to ship, vessel, or boat, of any description whaten ever, owned by citizens of the United States, and which is neither corein vessels, registered, licensed, or possessed of a sealetter, shall be allowed to depart from any port of the United States, or shall receive a thowners, &c. until to depart from any port of the United States, with a cargo destined for another to a foreign court of the United States, with a cargo destined for another to a foreign court of the United States, and which is neither content to a foreign court of the United States, with a cargo destined for another to a foreign court of the United States, and which is neither content to a foreign court of the United States, with a cargo destined for another to a foreign court of the United States, and which is neither content to a foreign court of the United States, and which is neither content to a foreign court of the United States, and which is neither content to a foreign cargo, and the court of the united States are shall not growed to depart from the court of the United States, with a cargo destined for another to a foreign cargo, and the court of the united States are shall not growed to depart from the court of the united States are shall not growed to depart from the court of the united States are shall not growed to depart from the court of the united States are shall not growed to depart from the court of the united States are considered to depart from the court of the united States are considered to depart from the court of the united States are considered to depart from the court of the united States are considered to depart from the court of the united States are considered to depart from the court of the united States are considered to depart from the court of the united States are considered to depart from the court of the united States are considered to dep port of the United States, or shall receive a clearance for that [t Ante, ch. 109.] purpose, until the owner or owners, consignee, or factors, of such American or foreign vessel, shall, with the master, give bond, with one or more sureties, to the United States, in case of a vessel owned by citizens of the United States, in a sum double the value of the vessel and cargo, and in that of a foreign vessel four times the value of the vessel and cargo, that the vessel shall not proceed to any foreign port or place, and that the cargo shall be relanded in some port of the United States: Provided, That it ficient, in the case shall be lawful and sufficient, in the case of any such American of American vessel, whose employment has uniformly been confined to rivers, employed in ribays, sounds, and lakes, within the jurisdiction of the United Winds States, to give bond in an amount equal to two hundred dollars United States, to give bond in an amount equal to two hundred dollars United States, to for each ton of said yessel, with condition that such vessel shall give bond in an

not be employed in any foreign trade during the time limited in the condition of the bond.

200 dolls. for each ton, &ce. No boad to be not masted, &c. of the treasury deems a bond ne cessary, and then

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That no bond shall be rerequired of bonts quired of boats not masted, or, if masted, not being decked, whose employment has been, and shall continue to be, confined to rivers, &c. us- to rivers, bays, and sounds, within the jurisdiction of the United the secretary States, and lying within districts which are not adjacent to the territories, colonies, or provinces, of a foreign nation, whether only in an at mount equal to such boats be licensed or not, and unices, in the opinion so dolls. For each secretary of the treasury, such bond be necessary; and in case the secretary shall deem such bond necessary, it shall be lawful and sufficient for the owner of the boat to give bond in an amount equal to thirty dollars for each ton of said boat, with condition that such boat shall not be employed in any foreign trade during the continuance of the act, entitled " An act laying an embargo on all ships and vessels in the ports and harbors of the United [Ante, ch. 109.] States."*

In every case where a bond has been given under this act, &c. with condiing goods, &c. the parties to produce a certifi-

Sect. 3. And be it further enacted, That in every case where a bond hath been, or shall be, given to the United States under this act, or under the act, entitled " An act laying an embargo on all ships and vessels in the ports and harbors of the United States,"† or under the act supplementary to the last mentioned case of relanding act, with condition that certain goods, wares, and merchandise, within four or the cargo of a vessel, shall be relanded in some port of the United States; the party or parties to such bond shall, within four months after the date of the same, produce to the collector of the port from which the vessel had been cleared with such goods, wares, merchandise, or cargo, a certificate, of the relanding of the same, from the collector of the proper port; on failure whereof the bond shall be put in suit; and in every such suit judgment shall be given against the defendant or defendants, unless proof shall be produced of such relanding, or of loss by sea, or other unavoidable accident.

No goods, wares, or merchandise, of foreign or doduring the con-In case of the exportation of merchandise eontrary to this act, &c. the vessel, &c. in which it is exported are forfeited, and the owners, &c. to forfeit not exceeding 10,000 dolls.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful to export from the United States, in any manner whatever, mestic growther any goods, wares, or merchandise, of foreign or domestic growth be exported from or manufacture; and if any goods, wares, or merchandise, shall, the United States, during the continuance of the act, entitled "An act laying an act laying an embargo on all ships and vessels in the ports and harbors of the embargo, &c...
[t Ante, ch. 109.] United States,"‡ and of the act supplementary to the last menembargo on all ships and vessels in the ports and harbors of the tioned act, contrary to the prohibitions of this act, be exported from the United States, either by land or water, the vessel, boat, raft, cart, waggon, sleigh, or other carriage, in which the same shall have been exported, shall, together with the tackle, apparel, horses, mules, and oxen, be forfeited, and the owner or owners of such goods, wares, or merchandise, and every other person knowingly concerned in such prohibited exportation, shall each, respectively, forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding ten thousand Proviso; nothing dollars for every such offence: Provided, however, That nothing in this section to dollars for every such offence: provided, however, That nothing prevent foreign in this section contained shall be construed to prevent foreign weasels from departing with vessels from departing from the ports of the United States with eargoes which gasy be on board the cargo or cargoes which may be on board of the same, when

motified of the act laying an embargo on all ships and vessels in the ports and harbors of the United States, in conformity with when notified the artlaying and the provisions of the said act, nor to take away any power oun-embargo, nor to ferred on the president by the last mentioned act, nor to prevent power conference foreign vessels from furnishing themselves with necessary provisions and sea stores for the voyage, nor fishing vessels from ferred to, &c. departing with sea stores, salt, and their usual fishing tackle and apparel, in the manner prescribed by the act supplementary to the aforesaid act.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That on the return into On the return the United States of any fishing vessel, such as is described by select the the United States of any usuing vessel, such as the act, entitled tar and man the second section of the act, supplementary to the act, entitled to declare, on the second section of the act, supplementary to the act, entitled the second section of the act, supplementary to the act, entitled the second section of the act, supplementary to the act, entitled the second section of the act, supplementary to the act, entitled the second section of the act, supplementary to the act, entitled the second section of the act, supplementary to the act, entitled the second section of the act, supplementary to the act, entitled the second section of the act, supplementary to the act, entitled the second section of the act, supplementary to the act, entitled the second section of the act, supplementary to the act, entitled the second section of the act, supplementary to the act, entitled the second section of the act, supplementary to the act, entitled the second section of the act, supplementary to the act, entitled the second section of the act, supplementary to the act, entitled the second section of the act, supplementary to the act, entitled the second section of the act, supplementary to the act, entitled the An act laying an embargo on all ships and vessels in the ports of an and harbors of the United States," which shall have sailed subsequent to the passage of the last mentioned acts, it shall be the duty of the master and mate to declare, on oath or affirmation, [Ante, th. 112] before the collector, whether any part of the fishing fare has been sold during the voyage, and in default of taking such oath or affirmation, the master and mate shall, each, respectively, forfeit and pay one hundred dollars: Provided, That the aforesaid oath may be di or affirmation may be dispensed with, so far as relates to the fish-ed with ery on our own coasts in the customary small vessels.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That all penalties and for- The penalties incurred by force of this act, shall be sued for, recover-force of this ed, distributed, and accounted for, in the manner prescribed by the recovered see, and may the act, entitled "An act to regulate the collection of duties on an imports and tonnage,"† passed the second day of March, one the act reference thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine, and may be mitigated ("Chap. 124, or remitted in the manner prescribed by the act, entitled "An vol. 3.] or remitted in the manner prescribed by the act, entitled "An act to provide for mitigating or remitting the forfeitures, penalties, and disabilities, accruing in certain cases therein mentioned," passed the third of March, one thousand seven hundred [1 Chap. 261, and ninety-seven, and made perpetual by an act passed the ele-

venth of February, one thousand eight hundred.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That the president of the The president if United States be, and he is hereby, authorized, if he shall be sa-satisfied, &c. that sitizens tisfied, by a statement or account current, on oath or affirmation, have property of of any citizen or citizens of the United States, and such other port out of the united States, and such other port out of the united states. proof as the nature of the case will admit or the president may the United require, that such citizen or citizens have property of value in States, arising, ary port or place without the jurisdiction of the United States, authorised to arising from property actually without such jurisdiction prior to grant then mission to the twenty-second day of December last, to grant, on applica-patch a ve tion, permission to such citizen or citizens, to despatch a vessel in ballast to such port or place, for the purpose of importing into the United States such property: Provided, That bond, with Province bond, sufficient security, be given to the United States, under the dinorm the United States. rection of the secretary of the treasury, in such a sum as he shall States any spec deem necessary, with the following conditions, to wit: That such vessel shall not export from the United States any specie, or any goods, wares, or merchandise, of foreign or domestic growth or manufacture, necessary provisions and stores excepted, that

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d not to b celled unless e secretary of tresults ed. &c at the conditions have been complied with.
Proviso; the
owners, &c. of their return, to not been em-

she shall return (reasonable time being allowed for performing the voyage) to the United States with such property, and that she shall not, during the voyage, either directly or indirectly, be engaged in any traffic, freighting, or other employment, and that no goods, wares, or merchandise, shall be imported in such vessel other than the property for which such vessel shall obtain such permission, or the proceeds of property shipped bona fide by a citizen or citizens of the United States prior to the said twentysecond day of December last: And provided also, That the bond herein directed to be taken shall not be cancelled, unless the secretary of the treasury be satisfied, either by the oath of the party or parties to the same, or such other proof as the nature of the case will admit, that the conditions of the said bond have been complied with: And provided further, That the owner or owners, factor or agent, master and mate, of such vessel, shall, on her return to the United States, make oath or affirmation that such vessel hath not, to the best of their knowledge and belief, during the voyage for which such permission had been granted, either directly or indirectly, been employed in any act contrary to the tenor of such bond. [Approved, March 12, 1808.]

CHAP. 138. [XXXIV.] An act remitting the duties payable on the importation of a monument to be erected in memory of the officers of the United States' navy, who fell during the attack made on the city of Tripoli, in the year one thousand eight hundred and four.*

[* Obsoletc.]

The duties on the importation of a monument, &c. from Italy, n account of the officers of the United

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the duties payable according to law, on the importation of a monument imported in the frigate Constitution, from Italy, on n navy, re- account of the officers of the United States' navy, be, and they are hereby, remitted. [Approved, March 13, 1808.]

> CHAP. 139. [XXXV.] An act for erecting a lighthouse on the south point of the island of Sapelo, and for placing buoys and beacons in the shoals of the inlet leading to the town of Darien, and near the entrance of Ipswich harbor, near Plymouth harbor, before the harbor of Nantucket, and on the island of Tuckanuck, at or near the entrance of Connecticut river, and near the entrance of Great Egg Harbor river.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, as soon as the jurisdiction of so much of the head land of the south point of the island of Sapelo, in the state of Georgia, as the president of the United States shall deem sufficient for reasonable price, as the president of the United States shall deem sufficient for and the jurisdiction is eded, to the purpose of erecting a lighthouse and its appertenances, shall too is eded, to have been ceded to the United States,† Provided, the said land can be obtained at a reasonable price, it shall be the duty of the secretary of the treasury to provide, by contract, which shall be approved by the president of the United States, for building 2 t See page 600, lighthouse thereon, and furnishing the same with all necessary

contract for building a light-house on the head land of the south point of the island of Sa-pelo, &ce.

supplies, and also to agree for the salaries or wages of the person or persons who may be appointed, by the president, for the superintendence and care of building the said lighthouse. And the appoint a superincenter, &c. president is hereby authorized to make the said appointment.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the secretary of the treasury dite treasury be further authorized and directed to cause to be placed rected placed roted placed roted placed for the placed for four buoys on the shoals called the South and North Banks of buoys on the shoals called the harbor, or entrance, of the inlet leading to the town of Da-South and North Banks of the Banks rien.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the secretary of the Darien. treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause to be erected the treasure and placed beacons and buoys at the following places, to wit: cause to be pla two beacons and three buoys near the entrance of Ipswich har-boys near the bor; three buoys, one on Gurnet rock, one on Boss rock, and wich harbor, and one on Deck's flats, and two beacons on the stony muscle bed, mention near Plymouth harbor; three additional buoys before the harbor of Nantucket, and a buoy, or leading mark, on the island of Tuckanuck, in the state of Massachusetts; three buoys at or near to the entrance of Connecticut river, and three buoys to be placed at or near the entrance of Great Egg Harbor river, in the state of New Jersey.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That there shall be ap11,500 dolls. a
propriated and paid, out of any moneys in the treasury, not other. propriated for
the purposes wise appropriated, a sum not exceeding eleven thousand five the ser hundred dollars, for the purposes aforesaid.

[Approved, March 17, 1808.]

CHAP. 140. [XXXVI.] An act granting William Wells the right of pre-emption.*

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, to have the right That William Wells shall have the right of pre-emption to three of pre-emption hundred and twenty acres of land, to include his improvements had to include his improve situate at Fort Wayne, in the Indiana territory, at the confluence wents at Wayne, &c of the rivers Saint Joseph's and Saint Mary's, which form the Miami of the lake; the boundaries of which shall be designated to be designated under the direction of the secretary of the treasury; which tract by the secretary of land shall be granted to him, at the same price, and on the & same terms, for which other public lands are sold at private sale; and the respective instalments of the purchase money shall beterms the same
come due at the same time with those of the first public lands soil, at which may be sold in the tract of six miles square, ceded by the private all & treaty of Greenville to the United States, at the confluence of said rivers. [Approved, March 18, 1808.]

OHAP. 141. [XXXVII.] An act extending the time for issuing and locating [+ Senactof 19th military land warrants.†

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress, assembled, That

Oct. 1610, &cc.

the secretary of war be authorized to issue military land warthe secretary of rants to such persons as have, or shall, before the first day of war authorized March, one thousand eight hundred and ten, produce to him sa-land warrants to tisfactory evidence of the validity of their claims; which wear-persons who persons who tisfactory evidence of the validity of their claims; which warlave, before the rants, with those heretofore issued and not yet satisfied, shall and
late of blacks, last, preduced may be located in the names of the holders or proprietors theredense of their of, prior to the first day of October, one thousand might have desired. and ten, on any unlocated parts of the fifty quarter townships and the fractional quarter townships, reserved by law for original names of the holders of military land warrants. [Approved, March 21, 1898.]

> CHAP. 142. [XXXVIII.] An act to amend the act, entitled " An act establishing circuit courts, and abridging the jurisdiction of the district courts of the districts of Kentucky, Tennessee, and Ohio."

(* See orig. act, of 84th Feb. 1807; ante, chap.

So much of the 3d sec. of the act mentioned, as atate of Tennes-nes one district, &c. repealed. [† Ante, ch. 71.]

Tennessee di-rided into two districts, for holding circuit courts.
The limits of On circuit court in each district, monthly, to com sist of one jus-tice of the su-presse court Sec. Sessions of the

March, Jose, ma 36, post.] Actions, pleas, &c. to be pro-ceeded upon ac-cordingly.

Tennessee, a-

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That so much of the second section of the act, entitled "An act establishing circuit courts, and abridging the jurisdiction of the district courts of the districts of Kentucky, Tennessee, and Ohio," passed the twenty-fourth day of February, eighteen hundred and seven, constituting the state of Tennessee one district, for the purpose of holding circuit courts therein, shall be, and is hereby, repealed; and, from and after the passage of this act, the state of Temessee shall be divided into two districts, for the purpose of holding circuit courts therein; and the limits of the said the districts the districts shall be the same as those now prescribed for the dis-same as those prescribed for tricts of East and West Tennessee. in and by the fourth agentic. tricts of East and West Tennessee, in and by the fourth section Tennessee, &c. of the above recited act; and there shall be holden annually, in each of the said two districts, one circuit court, to consist of one justice of the supreme court of the United States and the district judge of the said districts of East and West Tennessee; and the sessions of the said courts shall be held in each of the said districts at Nashville, on the second Monday in June, and at Knox-It Alter d. See ville, on the third Monday in October, annually; and that all March 1818; th. actions, causes, pleas, processes, and other proceedings, relative to any cause, civil or criminal, which shall be returnable to, or depending in, the said circuit court of the United States, to be held at Nashville, on the first Monday of June next, shall be returned, and held continued to, and be proceeded upon, on the second Monday in June next, in the same manner they would have been if this change had not taken place.

Suits brought in the circuit court suits has or have been brought, or is or are now pending, before SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, 'That where any suit or the circuit court held at Knoxville, in and for the district of East reading in either Tennessee, against a person residing in said district of East of those districts. Tennessee, against a person residing in said district of East ob proceeded upon, and finally of termined, in the district of East Tennessee; and where any that district or suits has or have been brought or its or are now pending. resides the hefore the climate and the beauty suit or suits has or have been brought, or is or are now pending, before the circuit court held at Nashville, in and for the district of West Tennessee, against a person residing in the said district of Wost Tennessee, such suit or suits shall be proceeded upon

and finally determined in the district of West Tennessee.

SECT. S. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty indge to assess of the district judge of Tennessee to attend at Knoxville, on the at Knoxville at ill first Thursday after the third Monday in April next, and on the times me first Thursday after the third Monday in April of each and every en la. year thereafter, and at Nashville on the first Thursday after the fourth Monday in November next, and on the first Thursday after the fourth Monday in November of each and every year thereafter, who shall have power to make all necessary orders touching any suit, action, appeal, writ of error, process, pleadings, or proceedings, returned to the circuit court next to be holden thereafter at Knoxville, and Nashville, or depending therein, preparatory to the hearing, trial, or decision, of such action, suit, appeal, writ of error, process, pleadings, or proceedings; and all writs and process may be returnable to the said write be. courts on the first Thursday after the third Monday in April, cordingty, as. at Knowville, and on the first Thursday after the fourth Monday in November, at Nashville, in the same manner as to the sessions of the circuit court, directed to be held by this act in the district of East Tennessee, at Knoxville, and in the district of West Tonnessee, at Nashville; and the said write, returnable to the circuit courts to be held at Knoxville, may also bear teste on the said first Thursday after the third Monday in April; and the writs returnable to the circuit court to be held at Nashville, may bear teste on the first Thursday after the fourth Monday in November, as though a session of the said circuit court was holden on those days at Knoxville and Nashville, respectively.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That there shall be two Two electrons clerks appointed, one for the circuit court to be held at Knox- and their day. ville, and one for the circuit court to be held at Nashville, whose duty it shall be to attend the said district judge on the said first Thursday after the third Monday in April, and on the said first Thursday after the fourth Monday in November, of each and every year, at the places aforesaid, who shall make due entry of all such matters and things as shall or may be ordered by the said judge; and, at each and every of the said sessions, so held at each of the sessions direct for the purpose aforesaid, all actions, pleas, and other proceed-of, actions, of the purpose aforesaid, all actions and other proceed-of, actions, or the purpose aforesaid, all actions are the purpose aforesaid. ings, relative to any cause, civil or criminal, shall, for the cir- over, &c. cuit court to be held at Nashville, be continued over to the ensuing second Monday in June; and shall, for the circuit court to be held at Knoxville, be continued over to the ensuing third Monday in October.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That all actions, suits, pro-actions, suits, said, which are, may be, made returnable to the said circuit turned, &c. to court to be held at Nashville, shall, after the next June term beld by this of the circuit court, be continued, returned to, and have day in, the session to be held by this act, on the first Thursday after the

fourth Monday in November next; and all actions, suits, pro-Actions, sults, cess, pleadings, and other proceedings, of what nature or kind Ec. originally returned to the soever, civil or criminal, which were originally returned to the strengt court held on circuit court begun and held at Knoxville, on the third Monday the third Mon-day in October last; and all writs, process, and pleadings, as afore-late, to be said, which are or may be made returned. said, which are or may be made returnable to the said circuit continued, returned to, see court, shall be continued, returned to, and have day in, the session to be held by this act, on the first Thursday after the third held by this act, on the first Thursday after the third Monday in April next; and such proceedings shall be had thereon, at the said session, as are hereinbefore provided.

[Approved, March 22, 1808.]

[Expired. See act of 10th April, 1812; chap. 378,

CHAP. 143. [XXXIX.] An act authorizing a detachment from the militia of the United States.*

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The president authorized, &c. the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized, &c. to r quire the ized, at such times as he shall deem necessary, to require of the states and territories, to take effectual tories to equip measures to organize, arm, and equip, according to law, and diness to march, hold in readiness to march at a moment o warming, close sixe, their respective proportions of one hundred thousand militia, officers includate, see, to be apportioned by the president of the United States, from portioned by the president, see, the latest militia returns in the department of war; and in cases president, see, the latest militia returns have not been made, by such other data as diness to march, hold in readiness to march at a moment's warning, their respecwhere such returns have not been made, by such other data as he shall judge equitable.

The executives may accept, as tachment, any teers who shall out of the pre-sent militia offi-

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the executives of the several states and territories may accept, as part of the said detachment, any corps of volunteers who shall engage to continue

ations, &c.

in service six months after they arrive at the place of rendezvous. fine in service six months, &c.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the detachment of The detachment militia and volunteers aforesaid shall be officered out of the present sent militia officers, or others, at the option and discretion of the ers, or others, constitutional authority in the respective states and territories, apportion the general officers, tive states and territories, as he may deem proper.

SECT. 4. And be it further engaged The propers. The president to the president apportioning the general officers among the respec-

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the said detachments not compelled to shall not be compelled to serve a longer time than six months serve longer than six months, after they arrive at the place of rendezvous; and that, during account and the time of their services. see and entitled to the same pay, the time of their service, they shall be entitled to the same pay, rations, &c. as rations, and allowance for clothing, as are established by law for the army, &c. the army of the United States.

The president authorized to

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to call into service any part, actual service any part, or the whole, of said detachment, when e detachment, he shall judge that the exigencies of the United States require it; and if a part only of said detachment shall be called into actual service, they shall be taken from such part thereof as the president of the United States shall deem proper.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That a sum, not exceeding one million of dollars, be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropria ated, for the pay, subsistence, and support, of such part of said detachment as may be called into actual service.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That this act shall con- This act to con tinue and be in force for the term of two years from the passing time in force thereof, and no longer. [Approved, March 30, 1808.]

CHAP. 144, [XL.] An act concerning the sale of the lands of the United States, and for other purposes.*

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, whenever the whenever the president of the United States has been, or may president is authorized to cause be, authorized to cause the public lands, in any land district, to the public lands, be offered for sale, it shall be lawful, whenever he shall think it to be offered for convenient, to offer for sale, at first, only a part of the lands conrect that only a tained in such district, and, at any subsequent time or times, to offered, &c. offer for sale, in the same manner, any other part, or the remainder, of the lands contained in the same.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the fourth section The 4th sec. of of an act, passed the twenty-first day of April, one thousand to revived, and eight hundred and six, entitled "An act in addition to an act, entitled the 1st of Oct. entitled " An act regulating the grants of land, and providing 1908, &c. for the disposal of the lands of the United States south of the state of Tennessee,"† be revived, and continued in force until († Ame, ch. 46.1) the first day of October next: and in any case where a donation tion is granted in lieu of a preshall be granted in lieu of a pre-emption certificate, agreeable to emption, &c. agreeably to the the provisions of the said fourth section, the money, if any shall the second section have been paid, shall be, by the receiver of the public money, the money, &c. to be repaid to the person or persons who have naid the same. repaid to the person or persons who have paid the same.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That certain settlers on Certain settlers on the river Mobile, in the Mississippi territory, (east of Pearl river, bile, allowed unwho reside near the line of demarkation between the United oct. 1806, to file notice of their States and Spain, run in pursuance of the treaty of the twenty-elaims, &c. seventh day of October, one thousand seven hundred and ninetyfive,‡ and whose claims to land has not been decided on accord- [5]. See the tree ing to law) shall be allowed until the first day of October next, vol. 1.] to file a notice in writing with the register of the land office, stating the nature and extent of their claims, together with a plat of the tract or tracts claimed; and the said register of the land and receiver at office, and the receiver of public moneys, are hereby required to quired to hear hear and determine such claims, according to the several acts of the claims, &c. according to the congress "regulating the grants of land, and providing for the acts of congress disposal of the lands, of the United States south of the state of referred to, &c. Tennessee," and to grant certificates in the form heretofore pre- [SCh.340,vol.8.] scribed by the board of commissioners in said district

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty The registers of the land offices of the registers of the land office east and west of Pearl river, cart and west of in the Mississippi territory, to transmit to the secretary of the transmit to the

by former laws, acc. together with the evied to the land district cast of Pearl river. ty, page 340, vol. 1.]

river

&c. allowed no

The right of the United States to corporation of that city, &c.

when the claims any such there be. of persons having a right of trices east or west of Pearl

treasury of the United States, on or before the first day of No. personny of the vember next, a full and fair report of all the claims of certain before the list of persons to lands in the Mississippi territory, founded upon Bribons, see the list of persons to lands in the Mississippi territory, founded upon Bribons, a full tish or Spanish warrants, or orders of survey, granted prior to ofclaims to lands in the twenty-seventh day of October, one thousand seven hundred in the literatory found and ninety-five, not confirmed by former laws regulating the of upon British territory, rounded unity-five, not confirmed by former laws regulating the or Spanish was grants of lands in said territory, which have heretofore been regularly filed with the register of the land office aforesaid, together with the evidence in support of such claims, respectively. and to be by him laid before congress at their next ensuing sesthe the evilaid before convey shall not be disposed of until otherwise directed by law.
That part of the SECT. 5. And be it further enacted. That that part of the l

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That that part of the lands lands to which the Indian title was extinguished by the treaty with the treatinguished to which the Indian title was extinguished by the treaty with the the treat was extinguished by the treaty with the Choctaw nation, made on Mount Dexter, in the year one thought the Choctaw, sand eight hundred and five, # lying on the east of Pearl river, shall be attached to the land district east of Pearl river; and that the residue of the lands to which the Indian title was extinguished by said treaty, shall be attached to the land district west of vol. 1.]
The residue, &c. Pearl river; and the said lands shall, with the exception of secto be attached to tion number sixteen, which shall be reserved in each township for the use of schools within the same, and also with the excep-The lands, with tion of fifteen hundred acres of land, which is hereby confirmed the exception of to John M'Grew, in compliance with the fourth article of said of 1,000 acres confirmed to John M'Grew, in compliance with the fourth article of said of 1,000 acres confirmed to John M'Grew, in compliance with the fourth article of said of 1,000 acres confirmed to John M'Grew, as offered for sale under the same regulations, at the same prices, and on the same terms, as other lands lying within for sale, &c. the said district.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That every person, and Every person, the legal representatives of every person, who, being either the head of a family, or above the age of twenty-one years, who years, and who, did, before the third day of March, one thousand eight hundred March, 1807, ac and seven, actually inhabit and cultivate a tract of land in the tunity inhabited, see a trace of Mississippi territory, belonging to the United States, shall be land in the Mississippi territory. disappitarritory, allowed until the first day of October next, to obtain permission siluhelist of Oct. to remain on such tract or tracts of land, according to the pro-1808, to obtain visions of the act, entitled "An act to prevent settlements being main, according made on lands ceded to the United States until authorized by to the provisions made on lands ceded to the United States until authorized by of the act mental aw," and the person or persons obtaining such permission tioned, &c. [tch.101,ante.] shall be entitled to all the benefits, rights, and privileges, granted by law to those who obtained the same prior to the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That the right of the two lown lots in United States to two town lots, lying and being in the city of Panch s, forever Natchez, be, and the same is hereby, forever vested in the Corporation of the said city, so as not to affect the legal or equitable claims of any individuals, or of any body politic or corporate, if

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That whenever the claims pre-emption, in either of the districts east or west of Pearl river, shall interfere with each other, the river, interfere, register and receiver of public moneys are hereby authorized, in sec the regist r and receiver are their respective districts, so to regulate their locations as to preto regulate the locations, &c. vent such interference. [Approved, March 31, 1808.]

CHAP. 145. [XLI.] An act further to prolong the continuance of the mint at Philadelphia.*

1808.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- 1819; chap. 401, tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, The act con-That the act, entitled "An act concerning the mint," † approved becreving the mint, the third, one thousand eight hundred and one, is hereby continued in force and operation for the further the March, 1815.

[1] Chapter down of March one thousand [1] Chapter and [1] Cha term of five years after the fourth day of March, one thousand vol. 3. eight hundred and eight. [Approved, April 1, 1808.]

Obsolete.

CHAP. 146. [XLII.] An act authorizing the sale of public arms.1

[Obsolete]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled. That The presidents the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, author-side by the United States be, and he is hereby, author-side by the United ized to cause to be sold to individual states who may wish to to individual purchase, any arms now owned by the United States, and which states, &c. may be parted with without injury to the public: Accounts of Accounts of the laid before such sales shall be laid before congress, and the money arising congress, and the therefrom be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, under the print to the direction of the president of the United States, to the purchase arms, &c. or manufacture of other arms for the use of the United States: Provided, That such arms be not delivered to any state or their Proviso; the agents, until the payment of the purchase money be first made delivered to any into the treasury of the United States, in money, or in the stock payment of the of the United States, at its value, as established by an act, entitled " An act to repeal so much of any act or acts as authorize the receipt of evidences of the public debt in payment for the lands of the United States, and for other purposes relative to the public debt:" Provided also, That this provision shall not froution the provision extend to any purchase, not exceeding five thousand stand of coding provise not to extend to arms, which shall be made by a state to which the United States, any purchase, see made by a by existing engagements, are bound to pay a sum of money, state to which the United State equal to the amount of such purchase.

[Approved, April 2, 1808.] a sum of money,

CHAP. 147. [XLIII.] An act to raise, for a limited time, an additional military force.

[See the note at the end of chap. 760, post,]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, 5 regts, of infantry, 1 of rin addition to the present military establishment of the United flement of light artillers, and 1 States, there be raised five regiments of infantry, one regiment of fight artillery, and in riflemen, one regiment of light artillery, and one regiment of for years, in light dragoons, to be enlisted for the term of five years, unless present military sooner discharged. sooner discharged.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the said regiments Organization of the regiments. of infantry, riflemen, and artillery, shall consist of ten companies &c. each, and the regiment of light dragoons of eight troops; and

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the field and staff officers of each regiment, of one colonel, one lieutenant colonel, one major, one adjutant, one quartermaster, one paymaster, one surgeon, one surgeon's mate, one sergeant major, one quartermaster sergeant, two principal musicians, and, for the regiment of light dragoons, one riding master; each company of infantry and riflemen to consist of one captain, one first and one second lieutenant, one ensign, two cadets, four sergeants, four corporals, two musicians, and sixty-eight privates; each company of artillery of one captain, one first and one second lieutenant, two cadets, four sergeants, four corporals, two musicians, eight artificers, and fifty-eight matrosses; and each troop of light dragoons of one captain, one first and one second lieutenant, one cornet, two cadets, four sergeants, four corporals, two musicians, one saddler, one farrier, and sixty-four privates.

When, &c. a suitable proportion of the troops have been raised, two additional brigadier genetals may be appointed, &c.

Sect. 3. And be it further enacted, That when, in the opinion of the president of the United States, a suitable proportion of the troops authorized by this act shall be raised, there may be appointed two additional brigadier generals, who shall be entitled to one aid de camp each, to be taken from the subalterns of the line; two brigade inspectors, and two brigade quartermasters; and such number of hospital surgeons, and surgeon's mates, as the service may require, but not exceeding five surgeons and fifteen mates, with one steward, and one wardmaster to each hospital; the brigade inspectors appointed under this act shall be taken from the line; and the brigade quartermasters, the adjutants, regimental quartermasters, and paymasters, from the subalterns of the line.

Pay and rations of the officers, eaders, noncommissioned offieers, musicians, artificers, and privates, &c.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the compensation of the officers, cadets, noncommissioned officers, musicians, artificers, and privates, authorized by this act, shall be, viz: to each brigadier general, one hundred and four dollars per month, twelve rations per day, or an equivalent in money, and sixteen dollars per month for forage, when not furnished by the public: each brigade inspector, thirty dollars per month, in addition to his pay in the line; each brigade quartermaster and aid de camp, twenty dollars, and each adjutant, regimental quartermaster, and paymaster, ten dollars per month, in addition to their pay in the line; and to each six dollars per month for forage, when not furnished as aforesaid; each hospital surgeon, seventy-five dollars per month, six rations per day, or an equivalent in money, and twelve dollars per month for forage, when not furnished as aforesaid; each hospital surgeon's mate, forty dollars per month, two rations per day, or an equivalent in money, and six dollars per month for forage, when not furnished as aforesaid; each hospital steward, twenty dollars per month, and two rations per day, or an equivalent in money; each wardmaster, sixteen dollars per month, and two rations per day, or an equivalent in money; to the colonel of light dragoons, ninety dollars per month, six rations per day, and forage for five horses; to the lieutenant colonel of light dragoons, seventy-five dollars per month, five rations per day, and forage for four horses; to the major of light dragoons, sixty dollars per month, four rations per day, and forage for four

horses; to each captain of light dragoons, fifty dollars per month, three rations per day, and forage for three horses; to each lieutenant of light dragoons, thirty-three and one-third dollars per month, two rations per day, and forage for two horses; to each cornet of light dragoons, twenty-six and two-thirds dollars per month, two rations per day, and forage for two horses; to the riding master, twenty-six and two-thirds dollars per month, two rations per day, and forage for two horses; each saddler and farrier, ten dollars per month, one ration per day, and a suit of uniform clothing annually; and all other officers, cadets, noncommissioned officers, musicians, artificers, and privates, authorized by this act, shall receive the like pay, clothing, rations, forage, and other emoluments, as the officers, cadets, noncommissioned officers, musicians, artificers, and privates, of the present military establishment: Provided, The officers, and riding master, furnish Proviso; the offitheir own horses and accoutrements, and actually keep in service matter to furnish their own the aforesaid number of horses, to entitle them to the aforegoing horses, &c. allowance for forage, or its equivalent in money: And provided Proviso; the re also, That the whole, or any part, of the regiment of light dra- dragooms liable goons, shall be liable to serve on foot, as light infantry, until, by as light order of the president of the United States, horses and accountre-

ments shall be provided to equip the whole, or any part thereof, as mounted dragoons.

Szcr. 5. And be it further enacted, That the officers, cadets, The officers, cadets, noncommon musicians, artificers, and privates, missioned officers, musicians, artificers, and privates, missioned officers, musicians, artificers, and privates, artificers, and sation, in case of disability by wounds, and otherwise, incurred present to this in the service, as the officers, cadets, noncommissioned officers, and privates, in the present military estaticles of war, which have been established, or may be hereafter military established: And that the provisions of the act, entitled is parameter to the interest parameter of the present musicians, artificers, and privates, in the present military established: And that the provisions of the act, entitled is parameter of the present parameter of the present parameter of the "An act fixing the military peace establishment of the United States," relative to the widow, child, or children, of any commissioned officer who shall die, while in the service of the United States, by reason of any wound received in actual service of ment, &c. applicable to the person of recruiting officers, the age, size, qualifications, and in the intent bounties, of recruits arrears of nay the bonds and duties of part and meaning of bounties, of recruits, arrears of pay, the bonds and duties of pay- and meaning of masters, penalties for desertion, punishment of persons who shall [*Chap. 280, procure or entire any soldier to desert or shall purchase for the procure of the pay soldier to desert or shall purchase for the pay soldier to desert or shall purchase for the pay soldier to desert or shall purchase for the pay soldier to desert or shall purchase for the pay soldier to desert or shall purchase for the pay soldier to desert or shall purchase for the pay soldier to desert or shall purchase for the pay soldier to desert or shall purchase for the pay soldier to desert or shall purchase for the pay soldier to desert or shall purchase for the pay soldier to desert or pay soldier to desert o procure or entice any soldier to desert, or shall purchase from any soldier his arms, uniform clothing, or any part thereof; and the punishment of any commanding officer of any ship or vessel who shall receive on board of his ship or vessel, as one of his crew, knowing him to have deserted, or otherwise carry away, any such soldier, or shall refuse to deliver him up to the orders of his commanding officer, to the oath or affirmation to be taken and subscribed by officers, noncommissioned officers, musicians, and privates, to the allowance for extra expense to any commissioned officer in travelling and sitting on general courts martial, to arrests of noncommissioned officers, musicians, and privates, for debts, to the allowance to soldiers discharged from service, ex-

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cept by way of punishment, shall be in force, and applied to all persons, matters, and things, within the intent and meaning of this act. in the same manner as if they were inserted at large in the same.

subsistence of the officers, &c. es-

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That the subsistence of the officers of the army, when not received in kind, shall be estimated at twenty cents per ration.

One chaptain to SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, and the entitled to the such brigade, with the payand pointed to each brigade one chaptain, who shall be entitled to the

The president may appoint the officers in the recess, except , except neral offithe gener

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That, in the recess of the senate, the president of the United States is hereby authorized to appoint all or any of the officers, other than the general officers, proper to be appointed under this act; which appointments' shall be submitted to the senate, at the next session, for their advice and consent.

Every commisofficer to be a citizen, &c.

SECT. 9. And be it further enacted, That every commissioned and staff officer, to be appointed in virtue of this act, shall be a citizen of the United States, or some one of the territories thereof. [Approved, April 12, 1808.]

(Obsolete.]

CHAP. 148. [XLIV.] An act to authorize the transportation of certain documents by mail, free of postage.*

States, &c.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-Members of con- tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That Members of con-gress, the secretary of the senate, and the try of the se-nate, and electrod clerk of the house of representatives, be, and they are hereby, the house, au-thorized to transmatch to transmit, free of postage, the message of the premit, free of post-age, the message sident of the United States, of the twenty-second day of March, of the president and documents one thousand eight hundred and eight, and the documents acspecified, to any companying the same, and the documents accompanying the postoffied within message of the president of the United States, of the thirtieth of message of the president of the United States, of the thirtieth of March, printed by order of the senate and house of representatives, to any post office within the United States, and territories The secretary of thereof, to which they may, respectively, direct; and it shall be the senate and of the learn a duty of the secretary of the senate, and of the clerk of the elerk of the house to send, by mail, the printed copies and do nessage and documents remains and documents remains and remains conveyed free of postage, as aforesaid, conformably to the directions of the members of each house of congress, respectively;

any law to the contrary notwithstanding. [Approved, April 13, 1808.]

[†|Private and obsolete.]

CHAP. 149. [XLV.] An act for the relief of the legal representatives of Thomas Barclay, deceased.†

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-The proper accounting officers tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That of the treasury, the proper accounting officers of the treasury be, and they are

hereby, authorized to liquidate and settle the account of Thomas Barclay, deceased, and that they allow for his services, while he quidate and see acted as vice consul in France, a salary at the rate of one thou- of Thomas Barrell, Scand all that while he acted as consul, com- low for his mercial agent, commissioner of public accounts in Europe, and resoft compensation was engaged in negotiating the treaty concluded with the emerical agent, com one thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven, they allow a salary at the rate of three thousands. seven, they allow a salary at the rate of three thousand three hundred and thirty-three and one-third dollars per annum, exchasive of his expenses; and that, in the adjustment of his account with the public, which originated in consequence of his second mission, they credit him with the amount of goods purchased to take with him to Morocco, according to the letters of David Humphreys, esq. (formerly minister from the United States to the court of Spain,) to the secretary of state, and the invoices and memorandums transmitted by that minister to the government; and that they pay the balance, with interest, to the legal representatives of the said Thomas Barclay, out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

Approved, April 18, 1808.

CHAP. 150. [XLVI.] An act to continue in force, for a further time, an act, entitled "An act for the more effectual preservation of peace in the ports (*Obsolets. and harbors of the United States, and in the waters under their juris-orig. act, of 3d March, 1805; ch. diction."*

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- The act for the sives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That more effectual the act, entitled "An act for the more effectual preservation of peace in the peace in the ports and harbors of the United States, and in the bors of the peace in the ports and harbors of the United States, and in the bors of the United States, and in the bors of the United States continued under their jurisdiction,"† passed on the third day of the States continued under their jurisdiction, passed on the third day of the March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and of the Chap. 465, and in the bors of the United States, and in the bors of the United States continued to the United States five, be, and the same hereby is, continued in force for the term vol. 3.] of two years, and from thence to the end of the next session of congress, and no longer. [Approved, April 19, 1808.]

CHAP. 151. [XLVII.] An act to revive and continue in force "An act de-[tobolote claring the assent of congress to certain acts of the states of Maryland and one act, of 17th Georgia."‡

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That ing the ament of the act, which passed the seventeenth day of March, in the year min act of March one thousand eight hundred, entitled "An act declaring the as- 'Georgia, revivesent of congress to certain acts of the states of Maryland and eduncil the 3d Georgia, "S be, and the same is hereby, revived, and continued of March, 1914. in force until the third day of March, one thousand eight hundred and fourteen. [Approved, April 20, 1808.]

CHAP, 152. [XLVIII.] An act concerning public contracts.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That,

April, 1808, no member of con-gress, either di-rectly or indi-States, &c.

and the contract

to be repaid, or prosecuted for,

the state of from and after the passage of this act, no member of congress shall, directly or indirectly, himself, or by any other person whatsoever in trust for him, or for his use or benefit, or on his acrectly, to under-rectly, to under-count, undertake, execute, hold or enjoy, in the whole or in part, in part, any con-any contract or agreement hereafter to be made or entered into gract, see with the United States, in their behalf, or with any with any officer of the United States, in their behalf, or with any person authorized to make contracts on the part of the United Any member of States; and if any member of congress shall, directly or indirectcongress entering into any other person whatsoever in trust for him, tract, &c. com or for his use or benefit, or on his account, enter into, accept of, trary to the provisions of this agree for, undertake or execute, any such contract or agreement, act, liably to a peof3.000 dolla in the whole or in part, every member so offending shall, for every such offence, upon conviction thereof, before any court of the United States, or of the territories thereof, having cognizance of such offence, be adjudged guilty of a high misdemeanor, and shall be fined three thousand dollars; and every such contract or agreement as aforesaid shall, moreover, be absolutely void and Provise; sums of of no effect: Provided, nevertheless, That in all cases where any money advanced sum or sums of money shall have been advanced on the part of United States, the United States in consideration. the United States, in consideration of any such contract or agreement, the same shall be forthwith repaid; and in case of refusal or delay to repay the same, when demanded, by the proper officer of the department under whose authority such contract or agreement shall have been made or entered into, every person so refusing or delaying, together with his surety or sureties, shall be forthwith prosecuted at law for the recovery of any such sum or sums of money advanced as aforesaid. Sect. 2. And be it further enacted, That nothing herein con-

change, &c.

Nothing herein SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That nothing herein consered into by any agreement, made, or entered into, or accepted, by any incorpobeen not she the purchase or sale of bills of exchange, or other property, by for the general benefit of such incorporation or company; nor to any member of congress, where the same shall be ready for delivery, and for which payment shall be made at the time of making or entering into the contract or agreement.

In every conpress condition to be inserted

ine of 3,000 dolla.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That in every such contract or agreement, to be made, or entered into, or accepted, as aforesaid, there shall be inserted an express condition that no of congress shall member of congress shall be admitted to any share or part of such contract or agreement, or to any benefit to arise thereupon.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That if any officer of the Any officer of the United States, on behalf of the United States, shall, directly or their behalf, on teringint acon- indirectly, make or enter into any contract, bargain, or agreememb r of con- ment, in writing or otherwise, other than such as are herein excepted, with any member of congress, such officer so offending, on conviction thereof before any court having jurisdiction thereof, shall be deemed and taken to be guilty of a high misdemeanor, and be fined in a sum of three thousand dollars.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this act, it shall be the duty of the secretary of the treasury, secretary of war, secretary of the navy, and the post-secretarisofthe master general, annually, to lay before congress a statement of and navy, and the contracts which have been made in their respective departments, during the year preceding such report, exhibiting in such statement the name of the contractor, the article or thing tracts made in their department of all contracted for, the place where the article was to be delivered, their department of the thing performed, the sum to be paid for its performance the preceding or delivery, the date and duration of the contract. or delivery, the date and duration of the contract.

[Approved, April 21, 1808.]

CHAP. 153. [XLIX.] An act for the relief of Matthew Smith and Darius Gates, jointly, and Darius Gates, separately.

[* Private and

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representathe proper accounting officers of the treasury be, and they are The proper acceptance, authorized to liquidate and settle the account of Matthew of the treasury Smith and Darius Gates, and that they allow them the principal quidate and set sum of money paid to the United States for two tracts of land of Matthew lying in the town of East Haddam, in the state of Connecticut, Smith and Darius Gates, and purchased by the said Matthew Smith and Darius Gates, jointly, low them the of the United States, through the marshal of the district of Connecticut, who was fully authorized to sell the same, and from which lands the said purchasers were regularly evicted by due of East Haddam, Schurze of law. together with the amount of costs by them ex- and interest, Schurze of law. together with the amount of costs by them extives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That course of law, together with the amount of costs by them ex- and interest, &co pended in defending the titles of the United States to said lands, with interest on the whole sum that may appear to be due.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the aforesaid ac- The accounting counting officers be, and they are hereby, authorized to liquidate officers also us still the accounting officers also us at least the account of the account and settle the account of Darius Gates, and allow him the prin- of Darius Gates, cipal sum of money paid to the United States for two tracts of the principal land, lying in the aforesaid town and state, purchased by the said tracts of land, Darius Gates of the United States, through the marshal aforesaid, who was fully authorized to sell the same, and from which lands the said purchaser was evicted by due course of law, together with the amount of cost by him expended in defending the title of the United States to said lands, with interest on the whole sum that may appear to be due.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the sums which The sums for the part be found due to the aforesaid purchasers of the lands afore-out of these said, be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise sury, &c. appropriated. [Approved, April 21, 1808.]

CHAP. 154. [L.] This is an act relating entirely to the district of Columbia. See act of 18th April, 1814; sec. 1, chap. 657, post.

1806.

CMAP. 155. [LI.] An act to continue in force an act, entitled " An act to extend jurisdiction in certain cases to state judges and state courts," and for other purposes.*

See orig. act, 1806; aute, chap.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representahe act to ex-adjurisdiction, tives of the United States of America in congress assembled. That the act, entitled "An act to extend jurisdiction in certain cases indicated to state judges and state courts," passed the eighth day of March, ed in force, with out limitation of one thousand eight hundred and six, be, and the same is hereby, [†Ante, ch.14.] continued in force without limitation of time.

The provisions of the act to ex-[† Ante, ch. 14.]

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the several provior the act to exsions of the abovementioned act, entitled "An act to extend jution, the extendtion, the extendtion the country risdiction in certain cases to state judges and state courts,"
the betion to the country risdiction in certain cases to state judges and state courts, the courts within and the same are hereby country to the courts of the court of the court of the country to the court of the cour and the same are hereby, extended to the respective county and adjoining and the same are necess, the revenue districts in the state of Ohio, on lake Erie, and to the district attorney of the United States for the district of Ohio.

[Approved, April 21, 1808.]

(i Obsolete. See 1809; sec. 19, ch. 195, post.]

CHAP. 156. [LII.] An act to authorize the president of the United States. under certain conditions, to suspend the operation of the act laying an embargo on all ships and vessels in the ports and harbors of the United States, and the several acts supplementary thereto.

In the event of

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of represenchanges in the That, in the event of such peace or suspension of hostilities beend Europe tween the belligerent powers of Europe, or of such changes in affecting neutral their measures affecting neutral commerce, as may render that of states safe, &c. dent of the United States, he is hereby authorized, during the the president is authorized, in recess of congress, to suspend, in whole or in part, the act laythe recess of engress, to sup- ing an embargo on all ships and vessels in the ports and harbors pend the act hy- of the United States, and the several acts supplementary thereto, be. under such exceptions and receptions. under such exceptions and restrictions, and on such bond and security being given, as the public interest and circumstances of Proviso; the sus- the case may appear to require: Provided, such suspension shall pession not to the case may appear to require: Provided, such suspension shall extend beyond not extend beyond twenty days after the next meeting of congress. [Approved, April 22, 1808.]

t meeting of Tr BB

> CHAP. 157. [LIII.] An act to alter the time for the next meeting of congress.

> [This act provides that the next meeting of congress shall be or the first Monday of November, 1808. Approved, April 22, 1808.

ivate and

CHAP. 158. [LIV.] An act for the relief of Philip Turner.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representaaccounting tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the accounting officers of the treasury be, and they hereby are

authorized and directed to liquidate and settle the account of 1898. Philip Turner, late hospital physician and surgeon, and that they and settle the allow him the commutation equal to the half pay of a captain, account of Philip agreeably to a resolution of congress, passed on the seventeenth basplesi physician day of January, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-one; and allow him. Provided, the said Philip Turner, on the receipt of the money di-communation equal to the helf rected to be paid him by this act, shall execute, in consideration pay of a captain, thereof, a discharge to the United States of all demands whatso-[*See page 64 vol. 1.]
ever, and deposite the same in the office of the register of the Proviso Phili
Turner to exe treasury. [Approved, April 22, 1808.]

cute a discharge to the United States of all de-mands, &c.

CHAP. 159. [LV.] An act making provision for arming and equipping the whole body of the militia of the United States.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the annual sum of two hundred thousand dollars be, and the of sec. 600 doll same hereby is, appropriated for the purpose of providing arms appropriated to and military equipments for the whole body of the militia of the ecc. for the United States, either by purchase or manufacture, by and on ac-the militia, see count of the United States.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the president of the The president United States be, and he hereby is, authorized to purchase sites purchase sites and erect additional and erect add for, and erect, such additional arsenals and manufactories of arms that are not also and manufactories are not according to the control of the c as he may deem expedient, under the limitations and restrictions and manufactors now provided by law: Provided also, That so much of any law restricting the as restricts the number of workmen in the armories of the United number of workmen in the armories on the United number of workmen in the armories to 100, repealed.

SECT. S. And be it further enacted, That all the arms pro- [† See sec. 2. h. 190, vol. 2.] cured in virtue of this act shall be transmitted to the several the arms pro-states composing this union, and territories thereof, to each state of this act to be

and territory, respectively, in proportion to the number of the transmitted to the several state effective militia in each state and territories, in proportion to the territory to be distributed to the militia in such state and territories, in proportion to the number of the number tory, under such rules and regulations as shall be by law prescrib-

ed by the legislature of each state and territory. [Approved, April 23, 1808.]

CHAP. 160. [LVI.] An act to establish certain post roads in the states of [Rep Georgia and Ohio.‡

Supplied by ac of 28th April,

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-post.] vives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the following post roads be established, viz: From Darien, by The post roads John Jones', to Milledgeville, and from thence to Athens. From blished. Sparta to Milledgeville, and from thence, by Jones's Courthouse, to the Garrison on Oakmulgee. From Milledgeville to Putnam Courthouse, and from thence to Morgan Courthouse, and to Randolph Courthouse. From New Lisbon to Canton, in Ohio. [Approved, April 23, 1808.]

1808,

CHAP. 161. [LVII.] An act making an appropriation to supply a deficiency in an appropriation for the support of government during the present year, and making an appropriation for defraying the expenses incident to the valuation of houses and lands, and the enumeration of slaves, within the United States.

("Obsolete.)

appropriation for the contin-

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, superopriated to make good a denciency in the appropriation for the contingent make good a de-expenses of both houses of congress, authorized by the act of ficiency in the the tenth of February last, the further sum of seven thousand dollars be, and the same hereby is, appropriated.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That a sum not exceed-More exceeding ing five thousand four hundred and one dollars and twenty-seven sents, &c. appro- cents, the balance of a former appropriation to that amount, for maying the extraperse incident to the credit of the surplus fund, so the substitute to be said out of the surplus fund, peases incident to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise apof houses and appropriated he and the same is hereby appropriated for defraypropriated, be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, for defraying the further expenses incident to the valuation of houses and lands, and the enumeration of slaves, within the United States. [Approved, April 23, 1808.]

CHAP. 162. [LVIII.] An act concerning invalid pensioners.

of invalid pen-

Names of per-sons, &c. to be placed, by the secretary of war, on the pen-tion list, &c.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the secretary of war be, and he is hereby, directed to place the following named persons, whose claims have been transmitted to congress, pursuant to a law passed the tenth of April, one thouing to the rates, sand eight hundred and six, on the pension list of invalid pensioned. sioners of the United States, according to the rates, and to commence at the times, herein mentioned; that is to say:

Thomas Lamar Davis, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the twenty-ninth day of De-

cember, one thousand eight hundred and seven.

Albert Chapman, at the rate of ten dollars per month, to commence on the seventeenth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and seven.

Ambrose Homan, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the fifteenth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and six.

Richard Scott, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the fifth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and seven.

Francis Blood, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the sixteenth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and six.

Jonas Green, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the eighth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and seven.

William Green, at the rate of eight dollars per month, to commence on the seventh day of February, one thousand eight hundred and seven.

Seth Weed, at the rate of six dollars per month, to commence on the seventh day of October, one thousand eight hundred and Names of in seven.

Samuel Lathrop, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-second day of September, one thousand eight hundred and seven.

Peter Smith, at the rate of four dollars per month, to commence on the sixteenth day of July, one thousand eight hundred

and six.

William Johnson, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the first day of April, one thousand eight hundred and seven.

James Houston, at the rate of fifteen dollars per month, to commence on the thirteenth day of July, one thousand eight

hundred and seven.

Jedediah Hyde, at the rate of fifteen dollars per month, to commence on the third day of August, one thousand eight hundred and seven.

Samuel Nesbit, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the eighteenth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and seven.

Shepherd Packard, at the rate of three dollars per month, to commence on the seventh day of February, one thousand eight hundred and seven.

- Richard Kisby, at the rate of four dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-fourth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and seven-

Jonathan Wilkins, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the twenty-sixth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and seven.

Waterman Baldwin, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-fifth day of October, one thousand

eight hundred and seven.

John Clark, at the rate of eight dollars per month, to commence on the fifteenth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and seven.

John Venus, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the eleventh day of December, one thousand eight hundred and seven.

John Holcombe, at the rate of fifteen dollars per month, to commence on the first day of December, one thousand eight hundred and seven.

Richard Steads, at the rate of four dollars per month, to commence on the ninth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and seven.

Alexander Jones, at the rate of three dollars thirty-three and one-third cents per month, to commence on the nineteenth day of June, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-four.

Benjamin Saddler, at the rate of three dollars per month, to commence on the first day of January, one thousand eight hun-

dred and three.

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Benjamin Jinkins, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the sixteenth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and seven.

William Scott, at the rate of twenty-five dollars per month, to commence on the twelfth day of March, one thousand eight

hundred and seven.

James Bruff, at the rate of twenty dollars per month, to commence on the seventeenth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and seven.

Nathan Taylor, at the rate of ten dollars per month, to commence on the nineteenth day of February, one thousand eight

hundred and eight.

Aaron Stevens, at the rate of ten dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-fourth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Simon Morgan, at the rate of twenty dollars per month, to commence on the second day of March, one thousand eight hun-

dred and eight.

Jonathan Patch, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the eleventh day of July, one thousand eight hundred and six.

Ebenezer Rowe, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the sixteenth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and seven.

Benjamin Kendrick, at the rate of three dollars thirty-three and one-third cents per month, to commence on the first day of January, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-six.

Nicholas Hoff, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-second day of February, one thousand

eight hundred and eight.

Samuel Shaw, at the rate of eight dollars per month, to commence on the thirteenth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Nicholas Lott, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the twenty-third day of January, one

thousand eight hundred and eight.

Humphrey Becket, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the eighth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Silas Parrot, at the rate of six dollars per month, to commence on the tenth day of February, one thousand eight hun-

dred and eight.

Jared Hinkley, junior, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the nineteenth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Francis Davidson, at the rate of four dollars per month, to commence on the sixteenth day of January, one thousand eight

hundred and eight.

Andrew Waggoner, at the rate of twenty dollars per month, to commence on the second day of November, one thousand eight hundred and seven.

· George Richardson, at the rate of four dollars per month, to commence on the tenth day of February, one thousand eight Names of invited hundred and eight.

William Wallace, at the rate of eight dollars per month, to commence on the thirtieth of January, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Joseph Bird, at the rate of four dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-ninth day of January, one thousand eight

hundred and eight.

John St. John, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-ninth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Abner Snow, at the rate of three dollars and seventy-five cents per month, to commence on the twenty-seventh day of January,

one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Aaron Crane, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the third day of November, one thousand eight hundred and seven.

James Hawkley, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the sixth day of January, one thousand eight hundred

and eight.

Elijah Morse, at the rate of four dollars per month, to commence on the sixth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

John Van Anglen, at the rate of fifteen dollars per month, to commence on the third day of November, one thousand eight

hundred and seven.

James Boden, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the twenty-eighth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Isaac Burnham, at the rate of four dollars per month, to commence on the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred

and three.

Benjamin Hillman, at the rate of ten dollars per month, to commence on the fourteenth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Silas Pierce, at the rate of ten dollars per month, to commence on the seventh day of March, one thousand eight hundred and

eight.

Randal M'Allastor, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the seventh day of March, one thousand eight hun-

dred and eight.

John Durnal, at the rate of three dollars per month, to commence on the seventh day of April, one thousand eight hundred

and eight.

Jabez Church, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the twenty-second day of February, one

thousand eight hundred and eight.

Thomas Machen, at the rate of ten dollars per month, to commence on the nineteenth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

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David Richey, at the rate of two dollars and fifty costs per month, to commence on the second day of April, one thousand

eight hundred and eight.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the pensions of the following persons, already placed on the pension list of the United States, whose claims for an increase of pension have been transmitted to congress, pursuant to the act aforesaid,* be increased to the sums herein, respectively, annexed to their names, the said increase to commence at the times herein mentioned; that is

James Campbell, four dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-fifth day of September, one thousand eight hundred

and seven.

John Beardsley, jun. five dollars per month, to commence on the thirteenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and seven.

Thomas Bristol, five dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-second day of October, one thousand eight hundred and SEVED.

Josiah Smith, five dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-ninth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and seven.

Joseph Ware, five dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-ninth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and

Daniel Buck, five dollars per month, to commence on the seventeenth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and

Lemuel King, five dollars per month, to commence on the twenth-third day of December, one thousand eight hundred and seven.

William Wallace, five dollars per month, to commence on the seventeenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and seven.

Joseph Saunders, five dollars per month, to commence on the seventh day of February, one thousand eight hundred and seven.

William Hastings, five dollars per month, to commence on the eleventh day of February, one thousand eight hundred and seven.

Joshua Lovejoy, five dollars per month, to commence on the afth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and seven.

Isaac Higgins, three dollars thirty-three and one-third cents per month, to commence on the twenty-ninth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and seven.

Reuben Dow, fifteen dollars per month, to commence on the nineteenth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and seven.

Joseph Harrup, five dollars per month, to commence on the fifteenth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and seven.

David Ranney, five dollars per month, to commence on the afth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and sevenJohn Whitaborn, five dollars per month, to commence on the thirtieth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and seven.

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Names of persions whose pensions have been increased.

Richard Sherman, five dollars per month, to commence on the eighth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and seven.

Noah Sinclair, three dollars and seventy-five cents per month, to commence on the eighth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and seven.

Nathaniel Church, five dollars per month, to commence on the eighth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and seven.

Gersham Clarke, five dollars per month, to commence on the

first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

John M'Kinstrey, twelve dollars per month, to commence on the seventh day of December, one thousand eight hundred and seven.

Ebenezer Perkins, five dollars per month, to commence on the fifteenth of September, one thousand eight hundred and seven.

Henry Ten Eyck, fifteen dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-first day of November, one thousand eight hundred and seven.

Thomas Simpson, thirteen dollars thirty-three and one-third cents, to commence on the twenty-fourth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and six.

John Rybecker, four dollars per month, to commence on the eighteenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and seven.

Lemuel Dean, five dollars per month, to commence on the eighth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and seven.

Thomas Johnson, five dollars per month, to commence on the seventeenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and seven.

Levi Chubbuck, three dollars and seventy-five cents per month, to commence on the twentieth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and seven.

George Walter, two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the twenty-fourth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Samuel Rosseter, five dollars per month, to commence on the thirtieth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Jeremiah Prichard, thirteen dollars thirty-three and one-third cents per month, to commence on the sixth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Abaer Gage, five dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-sixth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

John Devoe, five dollars per month, to commence on the thirtieth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Nathaniel Bradley, five dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-sixth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Thaddeus Seely, two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the ninth day of January, one thousand eight hun-

dred and eight.

John Herron, two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the twenty-sixth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eight. 1808.

Peter Nevius, four dollars per month, to commence on the Names of perseventeenth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and stone have been eight.

John Hampton, six dollars per month, to commence on the seventeenth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and

eight.

Rosswell Woodworth, five dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-third day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

David Hulbell, five dollars per month, to commence on the nineteenth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

John M'Koy, five dollars per month, to commence on the fifteenth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Caleb Hunt, five dollars per month, to commence on the fifth

day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Henry Gates, five dollars per month, to commence on the ninth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

David Hall, five dollars per month, to commence on the twelfth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and eight. Jonah Cook, five dollars per month, to commence on the fourth

day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

William Nelson, to five dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-second day of January, one thousand eight hundred

and eight. The secretary of SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the secretary of war directed to place on the place on the son list of the Their Secretary of the secretary of the Their Secretary of the Their Secretary of the secretar sion list of the United States all persons who now remain persons who re- on the pension list of any of the states, and who were placed on states, and who were placed on states, and who were placed by known were placed wounds received during the revolutionary war, whether such thereon in consequence of dispersion or persons served in the land or sea service of the forces ability, &c. dur. of the United States, or of any particular state, in the regular ing the revolu-tionary war, see. corps, or the militia, or as volunteers: Provided, That in no case sions allowed. Ec. not to exceed the sums specified by the sixth section of an act, entitled "An act of the act re-ferred to. [* Ante, ch. 28.] ceived in the revolutionary war," passed the tenth day of April, Provisoin every one thousand eight hundred and six: And provided, That in eve-Provisoin every one thousand eight hundred and size. Links provision, and the size where application shall be made to have such person or acc. satisfactory persons placed on the pension list of the United States, under the proper officers of the state cert of the state this law, satisfactory documents, from the proper officers of the state must be adduced to establish the fact of such person or see. persons' having been placed on the state pension list in consequence of disability occasioned by known wounds received during the revolutionary war-

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That any officer, noncommissioned officer, musician, or private, who has been wound-officer, musician, commissioned officer, musician, or private, who has been wound-or private, wounded or dis- ed or disabled since the revolutionary war, while in the line of abled since the his duty, in the actual service of the United States, whether he revolutionary his duty, in the actual service of the United States, whether he war, &c. maybe belong to the military establishment or the militia, or any volunpension list at teer corps, called into service under the authority of the United such rate of com. States, may be placed on the pension list of the United States,

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at such rate of compensation, and under such regulations, as are prescribed by the act, entitled "An act to provide for persons as prescribed by who were disabled by known wounds received in the revolution- to. ary war," passed April the tenth, one thousand eight hundred ["Ante, eh. 26.] and six.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That the pensioners, Pensioners in virtue of this a becoming such in virtue of this act, shall be paid in the same to be paid in the manner as invalid pensioners are paid who have heretofore been invalid pensioners placed on the pension list of the United States, under such re-placed on the strictions and regulations, in all respects, as are prescribed by list, 800. the laws of the United States in such cases provided.

[Approved, April 25, 1808.]

CHAP. 163. [LIX.] An act for the relief of George Hunter.†

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of represen. The proper actions of the United States of America in congress assembled, authorized to That the proper accounting officers be authorized to examine decimine and settle the accounts of George Hunter, of Philadelphia, and ter, and allow in the said settlement to allow him a credit for such quantity of him for saltpetre, the saltpetre, the property of the United States, delivered to him for property of the United States, and allow the purpose of being purified as shall be made appear to have made sentence. the purpose of being purified, as shall be made appear to have made appear to have been destroyed by fire in his warehouse.

[Administration of the purpose of being purified, as shall be made appear to have been destroyed by fire, stroyed by fire, and the purpose of being purified, as shall be made appear to have been destroyed by fire, stroyed by fire, and the purpose of being purified, as shall be made appear to have been destroyed by fire in his warehouse.

[Approved, April 25, 1808.]

CHAP. 164. [LX.] An act to authorize and empower the president of the United States to exchange certain lands, for other lands more suitable for fortification.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the president of the United States be, and he hereby is, author-The president of the United States be, and he hereby is, authorized ized and empowered to cause the lands in Portland, whereon the cause the lands in Portland, and Old in Portland, and fort and battery now stand, and the lands at Ocracock and Old at Ocracock are Topsail inlets, in North Carolina, acquired with a view to erection of Portlinds more suitable with a view of erecting fortifications, to be exchanged for other lands more suitable with a view of fortification, and the protection of Portland, in the district of cations to be exchanged for Maine, and Ocracock, and Old Topsail inlet, in North Carolina, other lands mother lands moth [Approved, April 25, 1808.]

CHAP. 165. [LXI.] An act to make Plymouth, in North Carolina, a port of entry, to change the name of the district of Nanjemoy to that of St. Mary's, and to make Augusta, in the district of Maine, a port of delivery.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, The district of Plymouth form and after the thirtieth day of June next, a district shall be edout of the district of Edon. formed out of the district of Edenton, in North Carolina, to ton, &c. be called the district of Plymouth, which shall include and com. [4 See sec. 12.

1808. Mouth the toleraty, &c.

nth; his con

prehend the rivers Roanoke and Cashie, and all the waters, creeks, and harbors, belonging thereto. The town of Plymouth shall be the port of entry and delivery; and Windsor and Skewarky ports of delivery. A collector for the district shall be appointed, to reside and keep his office at the town of Plymouth, who shall be entitled to receive three per cent. commissions on all moneys by him received on account of the duties arising on goods, wares, and merchandise, imported into the said district, and on the tonnage of ships and vessels, and the other emoluments and fees of office established by law.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the

The district of fanjemoy to b

thirtieth day of June next, the district of Nanjemoy,* in the state of Maryland, shall be called the district of St. Mary's, and the collector shall reside at St. Mary's river, which shall be the port of entry and delivery for said district, and Nanjemoy a A intropor at Nanjemov, with port of delivery only, to which a surveyor shall be appointed, a salary, it. who shall be entitled, in addition to the fees and emoluments already allowed by law, to receive a salary of one hundred and fifty dollars.

withing in lame, to by a ort of delivery,

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the town of Augusta, in the district of Maine, shall be, and the same is hereby, constituted a port of delivery, to be annexed to the district of Bath, and subject to the same regulations and restrictions as other ports of delivery in the United States; and there shall be appointed a surveyor, to reside at the said port of delivery, who shall be entitled to receive a salary of one hundred and fifty dollars, annually, in addition to the other emoluments allowed by law. [Approved, April 25, 1808.]

[Obeslete.]

CHAP. 166. [LXII.] An act making appropriations for the support of an additional military force, for the year one thousand eight hundred and eight.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, for defraying the necessary expense to the first day of January next, of the troops to be raised by virtue of an act, entitled " An act to raise, for a limited time, an additional military force," passed on the twelfth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eight, the following sums be, and the same hereby are, re-[[Aine,ch.144.] spectively, appropriated; that is to say:

For pay.

For pay, two hundred and eighty-five thousand nine hundred and twenty dollars.

For forage.

For forage, eighteen thousand four hundred and seventy-nine dollars.

For subsistence.

For subsistence, two hundred and thirteen thousand six hundred and ninety-six dollars.

For elothing.

For clothing, one hundred and fifty thousand five hundred and twenty-eight dollars.

For bouncies and

For bounties and premiums, eighty-five thousand one hundred and twenty dollars.

For the medical and hospital departments, fifteen thousand dollars.

For camp equipage, tents, barracks, fuel, and transportation, ene hundred and eleven thousand dollars.

For contingencies, ten thousand dollars.

For ordnance, sixty thousand dollars.

For the purchase of horses, and other expenses necessary to Forhorses, mount the cavalry, thirty-six thousand seven hundred and twenty dollars.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the several sums, herein specifically appropriated, shall be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

Approved, April 25, 1808.]

CHAP. 167. [LXIII.] An act authorizing the secretary of the treasury to pay to the comptroller of the treasury, in trust, the amount of certain bills drawn by John Armstrong, minister from the United States to the court of France, on treasury of the United States.

E-steleado !]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the secretary of the treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and The directed to pay into the hands of the comptroller of the treasury John Armstrong, minister from the United States to the court the ame of France, on the treasurer of the United States, in favor of Na-Armstrong than Freres, Denton, and Hall pursuant to a liquidation and Armstrong than Frence, and Hall pursuant to a liquidation and Armstrong than Frence, Denton, and Hall pursuant to a liquidation and the court of the cou of the United States, the amount, in cash, of the bills drawn by by the government of France under the convention concluded Beaton, between the United States and the French government, on the votes thirtieth day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred to a to and three; and also, the amount of the bills drawn by the aforesaid minister on the said treasurer of the United States, in favor 17 See the of Joseph Sands, pursuant to a liquidation made under the convention aforesaid; which sums, so paid to the comptroller, shall The sums pu
be held by him in trust, to pay and satisfy such persons, and in ler to be belt such proportions, as shall be adjudged or decreed by the courts true, to satisfy persons, &c. as hereafter specified: and the said sums shall be by the comptroller and by the court deposited in the office of discount and deposite in the city of specified, &c. Washington, for safe keeping, until such judgments or decrees shall take place.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That all suits or pro-All suits, &c. to recover on the ceedings at law, or in equity, to establish claims against, or re-Nether Process cover the whole or any part of the sum so deposited on account of, the bills drawn in favor of Nathan Freres, Denton, and Hall, to be commenced on or before the first day of November next, in the circuit court of the fourth circuit, holden in the district of court for the state and all suits or proceedings, at law or in equity, to And all suits, establish claims against, or to recover, the whole or any part of the sum so deposited on account of the bills drawn in favor of seeph Sands, obe some sould be commenced also by the sum so deposited on account of the bills drawn in favor of seeph Sands, to be seen the bills drawn in favor of seeph Sands, to be commenced also by the sur Nov. lumbia, to be held for Washington county, in said district; and

any, or either, party aggrieved by the judgment or decree of Ether party as either of the said courts, may remove the same to the supreme grieved, &c. may court of the United States, in the same manner, and on the same to the supressed terms and conditions, as appeals and write of error are now prosecuted from the said courts.

Whenever a fi-

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That whenever a final Whenever a management or management or decree shall be entered up by either of the said entered up. Sec. Judgment or decree shall be entered up by either of the said entered up have established on any part of the said sums. satisfies the cashier of the ed a right or claim to the whole, or any part, of the said sums, and deposite to so paid to the comptroller, and deposited in virtue of this law, pay the amount the said comptroller shall direct the cashier of the said office of party entitled. discount and deposite to pay the amount recovered to the party or persons entitled under such judgment or decree, so rendered by the said courts. [Approved, April 25, 1808.]

[" Private and obsolete.]

CHAP. 168. [LXIV.] An act for the relief of Joseph Chase, Jared Gardner, and others."

cargo, without being liable to forfeiture, &c. in consequence of having gone to St. Domingo under a clear ce obtained before the act continuing the suspension of trade with cer

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-The owners of the Manil.

As See permitted to cause that the owners of the States of America in congress assembled, That the owners of the ship Manilla, belonging to Joseph Chase and ship to return the United States of the island of Nantucket, in the state United States of the island of Nantucket, in the States, with her state of Massachusetts, be, and they are hereby, permitted to cause to return to the United States the said ship Manilla, and her cargo, without being liable to any forfeiture or penalty, incurred in consequence of the said ship's having gone to the island of St. Domingo, under a clearance obtained on the seventh day of March, one thousand eight hundred and seven, before the act of the twenty-fourth of February, one man parts of that thousand eight hundred and seven, continuing the suspension of trade with certain parts of the said island of St. Domingo, was known in the said island of Nantucket.

[Approved, April 25, 1808.]

[† Obsolete.]

CHAP. 169. [LXV.] An act to make good a deficit in the appropriation of eighteen hundred and seven, for completing the public buildings; and for other purposes.†

Additional sums appropriated for making good a deficit of appropriation for 1807, &c.

For making good the deficit of 1807, &c.,

· Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, in addition to the appropriations already made, the following sums of money be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, to be applied, under the direction of the president of the United States, to the purposes hereinafter mentioned; that is to say:

For making good the deficit of eighteen hundred and seven, including the debt due from the public offices, fifty-one thousand five hundred dollars.

For completing the wall of the president's quare, &c.

For completing the wall of the president's square, planting the ground, so as to close this part of the expenditure, building a solid flight of steps to the principal door, and minor expenses, fourteen thousand dollars.

For carrying up, in solid work, the interior of the north wing, comprising the senate chamber, twenty-five thousand dollars.

For executing the work deficient in the interior of the south the north wings

wing, and for painting, eleven thousand two nundred dollars.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the several sums of work in the line of the terior of

[Approved, April 25, 1808.] appropriated money in the

CHAP. 170. [LXVI.] An act in addition to the act, entitled "An act laying an embargo on all ships and vessels in the ports and harbors of the Uni- [* Repeated. ted States," and the several acts supplementary thereto, and for other pur- March, 1800; sec. poses.*

19, chap 195, post. Orig. act ante, chap. 109.]

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, 'That, during the continuance of the act laying an embargo on all ships During the continuance of the and vessels in the ports and harbors of the United States, no vessel of any description whatever, and wherever bound, whose employment is confined to the navigation of bays, sounds, rivers, confined to the and lakes, within the jurisdiction of the United States, (packets, pays, sounds, see ferry boots, and vessels exempted from the obligation of giving except, &c. all lowed to depart without clear-any bond whatever, only excepted) shall be allowed to depart without clearfrom any district of the United States, without having previously obtained a clearance, nor until the master or commander of the commander of shall have delivered to the collector or surveyor of the port of departure a manifest of the whole cargo on board, including articles of domestic growth or manufacture, as well as foreign merchandise. And it shall also be the duty of the owners, agents, The owners, &c. or master, of every such vessel, to produce, within two months the collector, thereafter, to the collector of the district from which the vessel within two months the collector, thereafter, to the collector of the district from which the vessel months, a certificate of the landing of the whole of such carlinding of the go, in a port of the United States, within the bay, sound, rivers, whole of the carlinding of the nor lakes, to which the navigation of such vessel is confined, the United States, &c. signed by the collector or surveyor of the port where the cargo signed by the collector or surveyor of the port where the cargo shall have been landed.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That, during the continuance of the act laying an embargo on all ships and vessels in act laying an the ports and harbors of the United States, and of the several embargo see, other acts supplementary thereto, no ship or vessel of any description that those described in the next preceding section, and wherever bound, shall receive a clearance, unless the lading shall be made hereafter under the inspection of the proper revenue proper revenue. revenue officers, subject to the same restrictions, regulations, officers, &c. penalties, and forfeitures, as are provided by law for the inspection of goods, wares, and merchandise, imported into the United States, upon which duties are imposed, any law to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided, That nothing herein contained shall herinto affect be construed to affect vessels laden, in whole or in part, on the visids laden on receipt of this act by the respective collectors. receipt of this act by the respective collectors.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That if any vessel describ- From 1,000 to 5,000 dolls. fored in the first section, shall depart from any district of the Uni- teit it vessels

1806. and section of this act depart from any district of the United

ted States without a clearance, or before the manifest of the cargo shall have been delivered to the collector or surveyor, in the manner therein prohibited, or if a certificate of the landing of the cargo shall not be produced, within the time and in the States without a manner therein provided, such vessel and cargo shall be forfeited, and the owner or owners, consignee, agent, factors, freighters, master, or skipper, of such vessel, shall, respectively, forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding five thousand dollars, nor less than Frovince mothing one thousand dollars: Provided always, That nothing herein went the recover contained shall be construed to bar or prevent the recovery of on the bond, see the penalty on the bond given for such vessel.

sippi, &cc.

During the son-tinuance of the set laying an embargo on all ships and vessels in the bargo, &c. men-ters of vessels, ports and harbors of the United States, and of the several acts boats, &c. in-tended to enter supplementary thereto, it shall be the duty of the master, or person having charge or command of any vessel, flat, or boat, southern boundary, see, and the lies dary, see, and the fiver Mississippi which lies therville, if go beween the southern boundary of the Mississippi territory and log down, see, to stop at fort the river Iberville, if going down the said river to stop at fort Adams, fit going Adams, and if going up the river to stop at Iberville, and at Iberville, and at the rolle, and to each place, as the case may be, to deliver to an inspector of the place a manifest; revenue, to be stationed there for that purpose, a manifest of the process manuscript revenue, to be stationed there for that purpose, a manuscript and also to produce to the same officer, times mention within two months thereafter if going down the river, and withof the landing of the carrier in some part of the district of Mississippi, and within the jurisdiction of the United States, which certificate shall be signed by the collector, or one of the surveyors, of the district of Mississippi; or, if the cargo shall be landed more than thirty miles from the place of residence of any such officer, by a state or territorial judge, having jurisdiction at the place of such landing.

Theowners, &c., toforfeit from

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That if any vessel, flat, or boat, shall enter that part of the river Mississippi as prescribed in dolls if any vest the next preceding section, without stopping and delivering a next sthe Missis manifest in the manner therein provided, or if a certificate of the landing of the cargo shall not be produced within the time, and sext preceding in the manner, therein provided, such vessel, flat, or boat, and stopping and de-tivering a mani-tivering a mani-fest, &c. agent factors family for the constraints of the agent, factors, freighters, master, or skipper, of such vessel, flat, or boat, shall, respectively, forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding five thousand dollars, nor less than one thousand dollars.

During the continuance of the from one port to another of the United States, adjacent to the

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That no ship or vessel tinuance of the act laying any cargo whatever on board, shall, during the continuance act laying anem. having any cargo whatever on board, shall, during the continuance being of the act laying an embargo on all ships and vessels in the ports lowed to depart and harbors of the United States, be allowed to depart from any from one port to port of the United States, for any other port or district of the United States, adjacent to the territories, colonies, or provinces. territories of a foreign nation; nor shall any clearance be furnished to any without the special permission ship or vessel, bound as aforesaid, without special permission of of the president the president of the United States. And if any ship or vessel frany vessel Trany versel the president of the United States. And it any ship or vessel proceeds to a shall, contrary to the provisions of this act, proceed to any port spice adjacent to

er district adjacent to the territories, colonies, or provinces, of a foreign nation, such ship or vessel, with her cargo, shall be wholly the tarthet foreign nation, such ship or vessel, with her cargo, sum or whoshy for feited; and if the same shall not be seized, the owner, owners, power, she agents, factors, and freighters, of such ship or vessel, shall, for seited, and every such offence, forfeit and pay double the value of such ship seited, the and cargo; and the master and commander of such ship or vessel, etc. forfa as well as all other persons, who shall knowingly be concerned whose states as the master in such prohibited voyage, shall each, respectively, forfeit and knowingly on pay not exceeding three thousand dollars, nor less than five hun-prohibited vo dred dollars, for every such offence, whether the vessel be seized from 800 to 3,6 or not.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That the commanders rised or a Command of the public armed vessels and gun boats of the United States public armed vessels and gun boats. shall, as well as the commanders or masters of the revenue cut- ised to stops ters, and revenue boats, be authorized, and they are hereby authorized, to stop and examine any vessel, flat, or boat, belonging tisens, &c. wh to any citizen of the United States, either on the high seas, or engaged in the within the jurisdiction of the United States, or any foreign vessel to the provision of this set, see within the jurisdiction of the United States, which there may be reason to suspect to be engaged in any traffic or commerce, or in the transportation of merchandise, of either domestic or foreign growth or manufacture, contrary to the provisions of this act, or of the act laying an embargo on all ships and vessels in the ports and harbors of the United States, or of any of the acts supplementary thereto; and if, upon examination, it shall appear that such vessel, flat, or boat, is thus engaged, it shall be the duty of the commander to seize every such vessel, flat, or boat, and to send the same to the nearest port of the United States for trial.

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That the comptroller of The comptroller of the treasury the treasury be, and he hereby is, authorized to remit the duties authorized to the treasury be, and he hereby is, authorized to remit the duties anthorised to remit the duties accruing on the importation of goods of domestic produce, or accruing on the which, being of foreign produce, had been exported without regods of domestic produce, or ceiving a drawback, which may have been, or may be, reimported conversely owned by citizens of the United States, and which, invessels owned by citizens, and having sailed subsequent to the first day of October last, and prior which, having to the twenty-second day of December last, may be, or have been, and of october last, and prior to the last of October last. stopped on the high seas by foreign armed vessels, and by reason and prior to the thereof have returned, or may hereafter return, into the United may be stoppe on the high set States. And the said comptroller is likewise authorized to direct by foreign arm of vessels, &c. the exportation bonds, given for foreign merchandise exported the comproside authorised to with privilege of drawback, in such vessel, and reimported in the rect the exportation are in the manner aforesaid, to be cancelled, the duties on such to be cancelled, reimportation being previously paid, and on such other conditions previously paid, and on such other conditions previously paid. and restrictions as may be necessary for the security of the revenue.

SECT. 9. And be it further enacted, That, during the continu-During the constinuance of the ance of the act laying an embargo on all ships and vessels in the act laying an ports and harbors of the United States, no foreign ship or vessel embargo acc. no foreign ship or vessel foreign vessels to the state of the ships and ships and ships and ships are the ships of the ships are the ships and ships are the shall go from one port in the United States to another; and should in the United any foreign ship or vessel, contrary to this section, go from one states to another; if they do, port of the United States to another, the vessel, with her cargo, the vessel and shall be wholly forfeited, and the owner or owners, agent, fac ed, and the owner tors, freighters, and master, of such ship or vessel, shall forfeit ers, hee we pay

from 1,000 to 8,000 dulls.

to sume other

and pay a sum, not exceeding three thousand dollars, nor less than one thousand dollars.

SECT. 10. And be it further enacted, That no vessel, flat, or In this act, shall be obliged to pay more than more than the second state of the second secon

compreh uded in this twenty cents for each clearance. cents for each

elearance. The collectors of SECT. 11. And be it further enacted, That the collectors of the customs as the customs be, and they are hereby, respectively, authorized to the thorized to do the sain any vessel detain any vessel ostensibly bound with a cargo to some other ostensibly bound. port of the United States, whenever, in their opinions, the inport, &c. until tention is to violate or evade any of the provisions of the acts president be laying an embargo, until the decision of the president of the

United States be had thereupon.

If unusual depositions of provisions, lumber, or other articles of domestic stons, lumber, deposites of provisions, lumber, or other articles of domestic stons from the provisions of the provi SECT. 12. And be it further enacted, That if any unusual growth, acc are of the made in any of of the ports of the United States, adjacent to the territories, cothe ports of the United States lonies, or provinces, of a foreign nation, the collector of the disaspacent to the territories, &c. trict shall be, and he hereby is, authorized to take the same in his custody, and not to permit such articles to be removed until lector is author-ised to take them bond, with sufficient sureties, shall have been given for the landinto costudy us ing or delivery of the same in some port or place of the United

SECT. 13. And be it further enacted, That any ship or vessel Any vessel owned by a citizen or citizens of the United States, loaded, or section of the United States, before the act laying an embargo was passed, and by said act detained in large was passed, and by said act detained in any port of the United States, may be permitted to proceed to by that act, see any other port of the United States, and there to remain with sermitted to proceed. by market, etc. any other port of the United States, and there to remain with permitted open such cargo on board, subject to such other restrictions and bonds port of the United States, &c. as are prescribed in the act laying an embargo, and the several ad States, &c.

supplementary acts thereto.

SECT. 14. And be it further enacted, That all penalties and Penalties and SECT. 14. April De to justification of this act, may be mitigated and carred by force forfeitures, incurred by force of this act, may be mitigated and carred by force forfeitures, incurred by force of this act, entitled "An act of this act, may remitted in the manner prescribed by the act, entitled "An act remitted in the remitted in the to provide for mitigating and remitting the forfeitures, penalties, manner preseribed by the
and disabilities, accruing in certain cases therein mentioned;

and all penalties and forfeitures which may be recovered in purand all penalties and forfeitures which may be recovered in pursuance of this act, in consequence of any seizure made by the according to the commander of any public armed vessel of the United States, acts mentioned. shall be distributed according to the rules prescribed by the act, entitled "An act for the government of the navy of the United States;"† and all other penalties and forfeitures arising under this act, shall be distributed in the manner prescribed by the act, entitled "An act to regulate the collection of duties on imports and tonnage."‡

SECT. 15. And be it further enacted. That nothing in the act laying an embargo on all ships and vessels in the ports and harbors of the United States, or in the several acts supplementary thereto, or in the act to prohibit the importation of certain goods. prevent the exportation, &c. wares, and merchandise, shall be construed to prevent the exportation, &c. or the portation, by land or inland navigation, from the territories of importation, are the United States into those of Great Britain, of furs and peltrics,

of a toreign nahave beingiven, States.

Any vessel own-

nalties and Penalties and [f Chap. 187, vol. 3.]

[‡ Chap. 128, vol. 3.]

Nothing in the act laying an em-bargo, &c. or in the act to prohibit the importagoods, &cc. to

the property of subjects of Great Britain, and by them purchased from the Indians, or to prevent the importation, by land or in- of merchandles land navigation, from the territories of Great Britain into those British subject of the United States, of merchandise, the property of British or intended for subjects, and by them imported solely for the use of the Indians the Indians aforesaid.* [Approved, April 25, 1808.]

CHAP.171, [LXVII.] An act supplemental to "An act regulating the [†Secorig. act, of 3d March, grants of land in the territory of Michigan.";

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representaevery person claiming lands within that part of the Michigan inglands within territory to which the Indian title hath been extinguished, by Michigan, &c. virtue of any legal grant made by the French government prior by thitse of legal grant made to the treaty of Paris, of the tenth of February, one thousand by the Front Paris of Paris, of the tenth of February, one thousand by the Front Paris of Paris, of the tenth of February, one thousand by the Front Paris of Paris, of the tenth of February, one thousand by the Front Paris of Pa seven hundred and sixty-three; or of any legal grant made by prior to the tree the British government subsequent to the said treaty, and prior lots rob. 1703, to the treaty of peace between the United States and Great Brigant made by tain, of the third of September, one thousand seven hundred and betting of the string of the triangle of the string of the stri eighty-three, or of the second section of the act to which this that that, and prior act is a supplement, shall be allowed until the first day of January to the treaty of next, to deliver to the register of the land office for the district 1785, or of the of Detroit, a notice in writing, stating the nature and extent of referred to, a his claims, together with a plat or plats of the tract or tracts let Jan. 1509, to claimed; and if such person shall fail to deliver such notice in deliver to the regist. The person of the tract of writing, together with a plat of the tract claimed, all his right, in writing, &c. so far as it may be derived from any act of congress, shall become void: And the commissioners appointed for the purpose of ascertaining and deciding the rights of persons claiming lands in the said district of Detroit, shall have the same powers, and perform the duties, in relation to the claims, notices of which shall be thus filed, as are provided by the act to which this act is a supplement, in relation to the claims therein described.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That every person whose claims have been claim has been, or shall be, confirmed by the commissioners confirmed by the claim has been, or shall be, confirmed by the commissioners aforesaid, to a tract of land bordering on the river Detroit, and not exceeding, in depth, forty arpens, French measure, shall be entitled to a preference in becoming the purchaser of any vacant tract of land adjacent to, and back of, his own tract, not exceeding forty arpens, French measure, in depth, nor in quantity of entitled to a preference in becoming the purchaser of any vacant tract all and that which is contained in his own tract, at the same price, eath tract all and on the same terms and conditions, as are provided by law for the other public lands in the said district. And the surveyor general shall be, and he is hereby, authorized, as soon as may general authorized to cause to be surveyed the tracts claimed by virtue of this section; and in all cases where, by reason of bends in the said river, and of adjacent prior or pre-emption claims, each claimant cannot obtain a tract equal in quantity to the adjacent tract alcannot obtain a tract equal in quantity to the adjacent tract already owned by him, to divide the vacant land, applicable to that

YOL. 4.

- 1808. this section, to deliver to the

object, between the several claimants, in such manner as to him Fersons entitled will appear most equitable.* And every person entitled to the benefit of this section shall, on or before the first day of January deliver to the register, it can next, deliver to the register of the land office for the district of or before the lat Detroit, a notice in writing, stating the situation and extent of the motion in write ing, &c. produce tract of land he wishes to purchase, and deposite, at the same a receipt, &c. time, one-twentieth part of the purchase money; and shall also, within three months after the return of the purchase money. of the said register, produce to him a receipt from the receiver of public money for the said district, for one-fourth part of the purchase money. And if any such person shall fail to deliver such notice, and make such deposite and payment, at the times The right of per-aons failing. &c. to become void. come void. above mentioned, his right of pre-emption shall cease and be-

a tract not a tract not claimed by vir-tue of a legal French or Bri-tish grant, &c. entitled to a

tice in writing, The commissioners, &c. auamine and de-

to cease. So much of the 2d sec. of the act referred to, as provides that no more than one Eract shall be granted to one

person, repealed.
[† Ch 89, ante.]
[§ See the treaty, page 414, vol. 1.] The lands to which the In-

SECT 3. And be it further enacted, That every person who, Every person, being the head of a family, did, prior to the twenty-sixth of prior to the sonh March, one thousand eight hundred and four, and doth, at the and, at the time time of the passage of this act, inhabit and cultivate a tract of of passing this are time of the passage of this act, inhabit aimed by virtue of a leger doth, inhabit and in the territory of Michigan, not claimed by virtue of a leger and cultivate. gal French or British grant, or by the second section of the act to which this act is a supplement, shall be entitled to a preference in becoming the purchaser from the United States of such tract of land, not exceeding one section, at the price at which the other preference in becoming a pure public lands in the said territory are directed to be sold; and chaser, &c. payment may be made therefor in the same manner, and under the same conditions, as are provided by law for such other pub-Persons entitled to the b nefit of ahis section to deliver, on or before the late of Jan. 1809, a no-And every person entitled to the benefit of this section shall, on or before the first day of January next, deliver to register of the land office, for the district aforesaid, a notice in writing, of the situation and extent of the tract of land he wishes to purchase. The commissioners aforesaid are hereby authorized to examine and decide the claims of every person claiming the benefit of this section, and whenever it shall appear cide the claims claiming the benefit of this section, and whenever it shall appear under this are to them that the claimant is entitled to a right of pre-emption, ten, give they shall give a certificate thereof, directed to the register of the land office; which certificate, together with a receipt from the receiver of public money, of at least one-fourth part of the purchase money, shall, on or before the first day of January next, be produced, by the claimant, to the register of the land office for the said district. And if any person shall fail to deliver such The right of per- notice in writing, or produce such certificate and receipt, within the times above mentioned, his right of pre-emption shall cease [† Se ante, sec. and become void.†

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That so much of the second section of the act, to which this act is a supplement, as 'provides that not more than one tract or parcel of land shall be granted to any one person, shall be, and the same is hereby, repealed.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That the lands to which the Indian title has been extinguished, by the treaty made at Detroit, on the seventeenth of November, one thousand eight hundian title has been extinguish. dred and seven, shall be attached to, and made a part of, the district of Detroit, and be offered for sale at that place, under 1808. the same exceptions and regulations, at the same price, and on of Detroit, at the same terms, as other lands lying in that district.

[Approved, April 25, 1808.] district of De troit, and to b

RESOLUTION.

[No. 1.] Resolution to authorize the disposition of certain charts of the coast of North Carolina.

Resolved, by the senate and house of representatives of the The sensing of the treasury United States of America in congress assembled, That the secreta-directed to common the contract to the treasury of the treasury united States of America in congress assembled, That the secretary of the treasury be, and he is hereby, directed to cause to be at many of the sold as many of the charts of the coast of North Carolina, pubcarolina, &c. is
lished in conformity to the resolution which passed the second of remain on hand

More than the coast of the coast of North Carolina, in the carolina is the resolution of the coast of the second of remain on hand and such as the carolina is the resolution which passed the second of the resolution of the carolina is the carolina in the carolina is March, one thousand eight hundred and seven, as shall remain on the requisite hand, after reserving the number requisite for the use of the vergment, or government of the United States. [Approved, March 4, 1808.]

ACTS OF THE TENTH CONGRESS

OF

THE UNITED STATES:

PASSED AT THE SECOND SESSION, WHICH WAS BEGUN AND HELD AT THE CITY OF WASHINGTON, IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, ON MONDAY, THE 7TH OF NOVEMBER, 1808, AND ENDED ON THE 3b of march, 1809.

Thomas Jefferson, President. George Clinton, Vice President, and President of the Senate. Stephen R. Bradley, President of the Senate, pro tempore, from the 4th to the 7th of January. Jn. Milledge, President, pro tempore, of the Senate, from the 30th of January. J. B. Varnum Speaker of the House of Representatives.

1808-9. [* Obsolete.] CHAP. 172. [LXVIII.] An act to authorize the transportation of a certain message of the president of the United States, and documents accompanying the same."

free of postage, the message of the president, of the 8th Nov. 1806, and docu-

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representaand the members of congress, and delegates from the several territoised to transmit, ries of the United States, be, and they are hearth transmit, by mail, free of postage, the message of the president of the United States of the eighth day of November, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, and documents accompanying the same, printed by order of the senate, and by order of the house of representatives, to any post office within the United States, and territories thereof, to which they may, respectively, direct, any law to the contrary notwithstanding.

[Approved, November 18, 1808.]

(† Private and

CHAP. 173. [LXIX.] An act for the relief of Andrew Joseph Villard.†

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of represen-1,000 dolls, to be tatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That paid to Andrew there be paid to Andrew Joseph Villard, the sum of one thousand dollars, out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, for his extra services and expense, in the mode of mounting heavy eannon, on a mounting heavy cannon for batteries, on a new construction, for the use and benefit of the United States.

[Approved, January 4, 1809.]

CMAP. 174. [LXX.] An act authorizing the president of the United States to employ an additional number of revenue cutters.*

1809. [Obsoleta.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, the president empowered to empowered to procure so many revenue cutters, not exceeding procure so many revenue cutters. twelve, as may be necessary for the public service, the expense more enterer, to whereof shall be paid out of the product of the duties on goods, of the product of wares, and merchandise, imported into the United States, and on the tonnage of ships or vessels. [Approved, January 6, 1809.]

CHAP. 175. [LXXI.] An act authorizing the payment of certain pensions, by the secretary of war, at the seat of government.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That Every per seel one or every pension, or arrearage of pension, that shall be due on the adol March, third day of March, one thousand eight hundred and nine, or officer or soldier, that may thereafter become due, to any officer or soldier residing residing in either of the United States, or the territories thereof, in which United States there hath not been appointed an agent for the payment of pensions, shall be paid at the seat of the government of the United sea agent, so States, by the secretary for the war department, and the name of seat of government of the United seat of government of the United seat of seat of seat of government of the United seat of States, by the secretary for the war department, and the name of seat or government of the pensioner shall, on his application to the secretary of war, be ted seated, the transferred from the books of the state in which it was originally and the name the pensioner at the betterminers. enregistered, to a register to be opened for that purpose at the best war office of the United States. [Approved, January 7, 1809.]

CHAP. 176. [LXXII.] An act to enforce and make more effectual an act, [†Repealed Sentitled "An act laying an embargo on all ships and vessels in the ports 100; sec. 19, and barbors of the United States," and the several acts supplementary chap. 104. post. originally, post. original

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That if any person or persons shall put, place, or load, on board if any p any ship, vessel, boat, or water craft, or into any cart, waggon, any vessel sled, or other carriage or vehicle, with or without wheels, any any specie, specie, goods, wares, or merchandise, with intent to export, goods, the with intent to export, goods, wares, or merchandise, with intent to export, goods, the with intent to export with the with intent to export with the with intent to export with the with th transport, or convey, the same without the United States, or the the fore territories thereof, to any foreign place, kingdom, or country, or the very with intent to convey the same on board any foreign ship or ves- foreign sel within or without the limits of the United States, or with ed arc liable to a the intent in any other manner to evade the acts to which this the value act is a supplement, all such specie, goods, wares, and merchandise, and also the ship, vessel, boat, water craft, cart, waggon, sled, or other carriage or vehicle, on board, or in, which the same may be so put, placed, or loaded, as aforesaid, shall be forfeited, and the person or persons so putting, placing, or loading, the same, as aforesaid, and also the aiders and abettors therein, shall,

1809.

Proviso; this section not to exfirst inform, &c.

Informers, not being owners, entitled to one-half the fines,

The collectors

upon conviction, be adjudged guilty of a high misdemeaner, and fined a sum, by the court before which the conviction is had, equal to four times the value of such specie, goods, wares, and merchandise: Provided, however, That this section shall not be tend to persons construed to extend to any person or persons, not being the where, and who owner or owners of such specie, goods, wares, or merchandise, who shall first inform and make complaint to the collector of the district of any such offence committed within the same district; and any informer or informers, not being the owner or owners as aforesaid, upon conviction of the offenders, shall be entitled to one-half of the fine aforesaid, when the same shall be received by the United States, and shall be entitled to a certificate for that purpose from the court before whom the conviction shall be

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful

Not lawful to BECT. 2. And be to just one to put on board any ship, vessel, or boat, of any description wessel, &c. any to put on board any ship, vessel, or merchandise, either of wheel &c. any to put on board any sing, vessel, &c. any species, goods, wares, or merchandise, either of &c. unless per. whatever, any specie, or goods, wares, or manufacture, and the mit has been pre-domestic or foreign growth, produce, or manufacture, and the viously obtained from the collection is hereby prohibited, unless a permit, particularly stating bood, de. from the collector of the district in which such ship, vessel, or boat, may then be, or from a revenue officer specially authorized by the collector to grant such permits; nor unless the lading shall be made under the inspection of the proper revenue officers, nor unless the owner or owners, consignee, or factor, of such ship, vessel, or boat, shall, with the master, have given bond, with one or more sureties, to the United States, in a sum six times the value of the vessel and cargo, that the vessel shall not leave the port without a clearance, nor shall, when leaving the port, proceed to a foreign port or place, nor shall put any article on board of any other vessel; and that the whole cargo shall be relanded either in the port where the vessel may then be, or in such other port of the United States as shall be designated in the clearance. And it shall be lawful for the collectors of the customs to refuse may refuse per permission to put any cargo on board any such ship, vessel, or mission to put any cargo on board, whenever, in their opinion, there is an intention of the customs to refuse board, whenever the embargo, or whenever they shall have received instructions they think there to that effect by direction of the president of the United States. hargo, Sec. Provided, That nothing contained in this section shall be con-Provise; nothing in this section to strued to extend to any ship, vessel, or boat, uniformly employed extend to any vessel, sc. unt. in the navigation only of bays, sounds, rivers, and lakes, within vessel, sc. unt. formly employ-ed in the naviga-tion of bays, &c. a general permission, agreeably to the provisions in the fourth section of this act.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the owner or owners, vessels, &c. 25 described in the consignee or factor, of any ship, vessel, or boat, as described in preceding see the preceding section, which may, at the time when notice of tion, which many this act shall be received at the several customhouses, respective-tice of this act shall be received be laden, in whole or in part, shall, on notice given by the laden, its discharge the collector, either discharge such cargo, or give bond for the same, cargo or give bond, &c. in the manner, and on the conditions, mentioned in the preceding If the cargo is not discharged in section; and if the cargo shall not be discharged within ten days.

ressel, or boat, and cargo, shall be wholly forfeited: But the colectors are hereby authorized to order or to cause the cargoes of day, the vessel, it is forfeited. such vessels to be discharged for the same causes as they may to efuse permission to put any cargo on board of vessels not yet aden in whole or in part. And they are likewise authorized, in Collectors, in the mean while, he mean while, and until the cargoes shall have been discharged, may take possession of the bounds given, as the case may be, to take possession of such vessels, &c. vessels, and to take such other measures as may be necessary to prevent their departure.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the collectors of The collectors the customs be, and they are hereby, authorized to grant, under authorized to such general instructions as the president of the United States neral permission may give to that effect, a general permission to ships, vessels, or niformly confined to the navigation of bays, sounds, rivers, or lakes, within the jurisdiction of the United States, when it can be done without danger danger of the embargo being violated, to take on board, at any time, bargo, to take on bard articles, of domestic or foreign growth, as may be designated; and the property of the general permission or permissions bond with one or be designated; ed in such general permission or permissions, bond, with one or be designated; bond, &c. being more sureties, being previously given to the United States by the previously given, &c. owner, owners, consignee, or factors, of such ship, vessel, or boat, and by the master thereof, in an amount equal to three hundred dollars for each ton of the said vessel, that such vessel shall not, during the time limited in the condition of the bond, depart from any district of the United States, without having previously obtained a clearance, nor until the master or commander shall have delivered to the collector or surveyor of the port of departure a manifest of the whole cargo on board, that the said vessel shall not, during the time abovementioned, proceed to any other port than that mentioned in her clearance, or put any article on board of any other vessel, or be employed in any foreign trade; and that on every voyage or trip, the whole of the cargo shall be landed in a port of the United States within the bay, sound, rivers, or lakes, to which the navigation of such vessel is confined,

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That if any ship, vessel, Any vessel, &c. or boat, not having received a general permission, and a general erived a general bond not having been first given in the manner provided for in given a general the next preceding section, shall take on board any specie, or taking on board any goods, wares, or merchandise, either of foreign or domestic growth, produce, or manufacture, contrary to the provisions of travy to the provisions of the second section of this act, such ship, vessel, or boat, together with the specie, and goods, wares, or merchandise, shall be wholly with the specie, goods, &c. concepts the section of this act, such ship, vessel, or boat, together with the specie, and goods, wares, or merchandise, shall be wholly with the specie, goods, &c. are forfeited; and the owner or owners, agent, freighter, or factors, gods, &c. are master, or commander, of such ship, vessel, or boat, shall, more-et, and the owner, severally forfeit and pay a sum equal to the pay a sum equal, or boat and of the pay a sum equal. ship, vessel, or boat, and of the cargo put on board the same.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That the person or pernames appear as some whose names do or may appear as owner or owners of any owners on the ship or vessel, either on the certificate of registry, enrolment, or gistry, e.c. obelicense, of any such ship or vessel, or, if neither registered or true owners,

In cases where,

licensed, on the last clearance or customhouse document insured. Billion the before the passing of this act, for such ship or vessel, shall be perment of per reputed as the true owner or owners of such ship or vessel, and be liable to the payment of all penalties which may be incurred by the owners of such ship or vessel, by reason of any violation of any of the provisions of this act, or of the act laying an embargo on all ships and vessels in the ports and harbors of the United States, or of any of the acts supplementary thereto, by Provise; nothing such ship or vessel: Provided always, That nothing in this section so release any tion contained shall be construed to release any other person or not be pay.

persons from the payment of any penalty incurred by virtue of any penalty incurred by virtue of any persons any of the acts aforesaid. And in case of any new register, or the incurred any new register, or by virue of the license, being granted during the continuance of the said acts, or asserted to.

In case of any in case of the sale of any ship or vessel neither registered or lihav register, because of the same or more sureties, to the United States, visually to be the shall, previous to the granting any such new register or license, collector, are to recognizing the sale of such vessel not registered or license. or to recognising the sale of such vessel not registered or licensed, be required by the collector, in an amount equal to three hundred dollars for each ton of such ship or vessel, that such ship or vessel shall not, during the continuance of the acts laying an embargo on all ships and vessels in the ports and harbors of the United States, contravene or infringe any of the provi-Provises nothing sions of the said acts: Provided, That nothing herein contained herein to extend a least the said acts: mereun to extend to the owner of shall be construed to extend to the owner or owners of any ship any vessel who shall have made a bona fide sale of such ship or shall have made a been side sale vessel, in any port or harbor of the United States, before notice thereof, before of this of this act at such port or harbor, respectively; nor to the owner of this act at such port or harbor, respectively; nor to the owner or owners of any ship or vessel, in any foreign port or place, who shall have made a bona fide sale thereof before notice of Provinci the bond this act: And provided also, That such bond shall not release the required, not to owners and master of such ship or vessel, or any other person, early other person, the obligation of from the obligation of giving every other bond required by this

giving every act, or by any of the acts aforesaid. SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where, either under this act, or under the act laying an embargo on all barloy an embargo on all barloy see, bond ships or vessels in the ports and harbors of the United States, or barlo, see, bond has been given, under any of the acts supplementary thereto, a bond has been or shall be given to the United States, with condition that certain relanded in some port of the United States, with condition that certain goods, wares, and merchandise, or the cargo of a vessel, shall be United States, the parties to relanded in some port of the United States, the party or parties produce a certical c feare of the relanding, within
(unless in the case of a voyage from New Orleans to an Atlantic
two months, unless in the case
port, or from an Atlantic port to New Orleans, in either of
of a voyage to
New Orleans, which cases four months shall, as heretofore, be allowed), prowhen 4 months
are allowed, &c.
are allowed, &c.
or the bond to
cleared with such goods, wares, merchandise, or cargo, a certificleared with such goods, wares, merchandise, or cargo, a certificate, of the relanding of the same, from the collector of the proper port; on failure whereof, the bond shall be put in suit; In case of suit, and in every such suit, as well as in every suit instituted on a street against the defendant, in the defendant or defendants, unless proof shall fiven see but be given of such relanding, or of loss of the vessel at sea. But

noither equate, distress, or any other accident whatever, shall be pleaded or given in evidence in any such suit, unless such distress see to be pleaded, uncapture shall be expressly proved to have been hostile, and such less see. distress or accident occasioned by no negligence or deviation, nor unless such vessel shall have been, from the commencement of the voyage, wholly navigated by a master, mate, or mates, mariners, and crew, all of whom shall be citizens of the United States: nor unless such mate or mates, mariners, and crew, shall, all, if living, (and the proof of their death shall lie on the defendant,) be produced on the trial, and sworn as competent witnesses; nor unless such master, mate, or mates, mariners, and crew, shall have signed a shipping paper in due form of law, and a copy thereof, designating specially the master, mate, or mates, mariners, and crew, and their permanent places of residence, shall have been lodged with the collector of the port to whom the bond aforesaid shall have been given, before the commencement of the voyage, and subscribed and sworn to by the master before such collector; and any master who shall falsely, wilfully, and cor- Masters falsely and corruptly ruptly, swear as to the facts contained in such copy, shall, on swearing, & to suffer the conviction, suffer the pains and penalties of perjury.* And in pains and penalties of perjury. conviction, suffer the pains and penalties of perjury, every suit, instituted on a bond, given as aforesaid, the defendants shall pay all costs, if they shall not, within the limited time, have produced the certificate of relanding to the collector of for the collector of the collector of the certificate of relanding to the collector of the certificate of

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That no registered or sea-cost if they have letter vessel, although in ballast, shall receive a clearance, or be certificate, &c. permitted to depart from any port of the United States, unless No residered of the company of the United States, unless state to the company of the United States, unless state to the company of the United States, unless state to the United States, unless states and unless states and unless states are unless states and unless states and unless states are unless s the same bond shall have been previously given which is required ed from vessels licensed for the coasting trade, before they are the same bond in the same bon allowed to depart. And if any such ship or vessel shall depart incensed for the coasting trade, before they are given as in the without bond having been given as aforesaid, the said ship or coasting trade, wessel shall be forfeited; and the owner, owners, agent, contype of forfeiture, signee, factor, and master, or commander, of such ship or vessels. signee, factor, and master, or commander, of such ship or vessel, as well as any other person concerned in such prohibited departure, shall be liable to the same penalties imposed by law in the case of vessels licensed for the coasting trade departing without bond having been given, or without clearance, as aforesaid.

SECT. 9. And be it further enacted, That the collectors of all The collectors the districts of the United States shall, and they are hereby autotake into the thorized to, take into their custody specie, or any articles of do-articles, see, mestic growth, produce, or manufacture, found on board of any sayvessel, but ship or vessel, boat, or other water craft, when there is reason to waggon, &c. believe that they are intended for exportation, or when in vestas reasons believe that they are intended for exportation, or in any other carriage, or in any earlier intended for exportation, &c. and not reign nation, or the vicinity thereof, or towards a place whence such articles are intended to be exported; and not to permit such sould in given, and not in the property of the articles to be removed until bond, with sufficient sureties, shall have been given for the landing or delivery of the same in some place of the United States, whence, in the opinion of the collector, there shall not be any danger of such articles being exported.



tled to treble

provisions of this and other

SECT. 10. And be it further enacted, That the powers given The powers give to the collectors, either by this or any other act respecting the en to the collectors by the acts of the embargo, to refuse permission to put any cargo on board any respecting the embargo, &c. to vessel, boat, or other water craft, to detain any vessel, or to take be exercised in into their custody any articles for the purpose of preventing violations as the president may give, &c. such instructions as the president may give, &c. rules as he may prescribe for that purpose, made in pursuance of the powers aforesaid; which instructions and general rules If sait be brought the collectors shall be bound to obey: And if any action or suit If not be brought against a collector, so other person acting under may plead the may plead the general issue, and give this act, he may plead the general issue, and give this act and the instructions and regulations of the president in evidence, for his justification and de-

Any person agerieved by the fence. And any person aggrieved by the acts of a collection before the acts of a collection in either of the cases aforesaid, may file his petition before the or, see, may file his petition before the district court of the district wherein the collector resides, statefore the district court of his case, and thereupon, after due notice given may adjudge, to the district attorney and the collector, the said court may to the district attorney and the collector, the said court may summarily hear and adjudge thereupon, as law and justice may The judgment require; and the judgment of said court, and the reason and the facts, to be facts whereon it is grounded, shall be filed among the records of If restoration of said court; and if restoration of the property detained or taken property be decreed, see the in custody, or permission to load as aforesaid, shall be decreed, party mast give it shall be upon the party's giving such bond with sureties as is or shall be required to be taken in similar cases by the collector, If the court ad and not otherwise; but if the said court shall adjudge against judges against and not other wise; but if the said court shall adjudge against abs petition, the such petition, the collector shall be entitled to treble costs, which sollector is entitled to treble costs, which shall be taxed for him, and execution awarded accordingly by the court.

The president of the United States for the president of the United States, or such other person as may employ the shall have empowered for that purpose, to employ such part forces, or the forces, or the milita, in conformity with the territories thereof as may be indeed necessary, in conformity with the territories thereof as may be indeed necessary, in conformithe territories thereof as may be judged necessary, in conformiacts, &c. and for ty with the provisions of this and other acts respecting the empreventing the illegal departure of any providing the illegal departure of any vessel, or ship or vessel, or of detaining, taking possession of, and keeping for taking into constody any species in custody, any ship or vessel, or of taking into custody and sie acc and suppressing armed guarding any specie, or articles of domestic growth, produce, or or rictions assemblages for manufacture, and also for the purpose of preventing and supsisting the custombouse off. pressing any armed or riotous assemblage of persons, resisting the customhouse officers in the exercise of their duties, or in any manner opposing the execution of the laws laying an embargo, or otherwise violating, or assisting and abetting violations, of the same.

The penalties SECT. 12. Article of the force of this act, unless hereinbefore incurred by force of this act, unless hereinbefore incurred by SECT. 12. And be it further enacted, That all penalties and incurred by forfeitures incurred by force of this act, unless hereinbefore force of this act, otherwise directed, and all penalties and forfeitures incurred by be prosecuted, force of the act, entitled "A post levil and the penalties and forfeitures incurred by be prosecuted, force of the act, entitled "An act laying an embargo on all ships debt. Indiet: and vessels in the ports and harbors of the United States," * or by [*Ante, ch. 109.] virtue of the several acts supplementary thereto, may be prose-

cuted; sued for, and recovered, by action of debt, or by indictment, or information, any law, usage, or custom, to the contrary motwithstanding; and if recovered in consequence of any seizure be distributed made by the commander of any public armed vessel of the United according to the rules prescribed tioned, &c. by the act, entitled " An act for the government of the navy of the United States;"* and if otherwise, shall be distributed and ["Ch.187, vol. 3,] accounted for in the manner prescribed by the act, entitled "An act to regulate the collection of duties on imports and tonnage," [fch. 198,vol.3.] passed the second day of March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine; and may be mitigated or remitted in the man-remitted may be mitigated ner prescribed by the act, entitled "An act to provide for mitical and or remitted an act to provide for mitical and or remitted an act to provide for mitical magnification." gating or remitting forfeitures, penalties, and disabilities, accru- the set mesing in certain cases therein mentioned,"‡ passed the third day of [tch.301,vol.2] March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-seven, and made perpetual by an act passed the eleventh of February, one thousand eight hundred; and any officer or other person entitled to Any person of the third to a the a part or share of any of the fines, penalties, or forfeitures, aforesaid, may, if necessary, be a witness on the trial therefor; but in witness but, in
such case he shall not receive any part or share of the said fine, not to receive
penalty, or forfeiture, but the part or share to which he would any part of the
same, sec. otherwise be entitled, shall revert to the United States.

SECT. 13. And be it further enacted, That the president of The president authorised to the United States be, and he hereby is, authorized to hire, arm, hire, arm, and and employ, thirty vessels, not exceeding in tonnage one hundred sets, &c. belong and thirty tons each, belonging to citizens of the United States, &c. to enforce and so many seamen as shall be necessary to man the same, for the laws on the sea coast, &c. immediate service, in enforcing the laws of the United States on the sea coast thereof, and to dismiss the same from service whenever he shall deem the same expedient: Provided, however, That Proviso; the hiring, sec. not to such hiring, arming, and employment, shall not be for a term ex- be for a term And the said ships or vessels, when so hired exceeding ceeding one year. and armed, shall be employed under the direction of the secretary of the treasury.

SECT. 14. And be it further enacted, That the powers given to the president of the United States by the seventh section of the dent to grant act of March the twelfth, one thousand eight hundred and eight, transition to either having property of value in places the United to grant permission to citizens having property of value in places the United without the jurisdiction of the United States, to despatch vessels States to despatch vessels for the same, shall henceforth cease. for the same, shall henceforth cease.

SECT. 15. And be it further enacted, That this act shall be in This act to be in force, from and after the passing thereof, during the continuance of the act, entitled "An act laying an embargo on all ships and embargo, &c. wessels in the ports and harbors of the United States," and no [4 Ante, ch. 109.] longer. [Approved, January 9, 1809.]

CHAP. 177. [LXXIII.] An act for the relief of Augustin Serry.||

[Private and obsolete.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The proper second the proper accounting officers of the treasury be, and they are of the treasury

1809. anthorised to

hereby authorized to settle the account of Augustin Serry, formerly a boatswain on board the United States brig Sophia; and count of Augusthat they allow him the pay and emoluments of a boatswain, that they allow him the pay and emoluments of a boatswain, the box him the pay from the fifteenth day of October, one thousand seven hundred and minety six until the sixteenth day of Till from the fifteenth day of October, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-six, until the sixteenth day of February, one thouof a boatswain and ninety-six, until the sixteenth day of February, one thou-for the time sand seven hundred and ninety-eight; and that they pay the balance which may be found due to the said Augustin Serry, out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, January 12, 1809.]

the act in part revived, chap. 309, vol. 3.]

[* Obsolete. See CHAP. 178. [LXXIV.] An act to revive and continue in force, for a further time, the first section of the act, entitled "An act further to protect the commerce and seamen of the United States against the Barbary powers."

of the act further to protect the commerce and seamen of the United States bary powers, relat Jan. 1810. [† Chap. 309,

[5 Further conreferred to.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, Thefirst section That so much of the act, passed on the twenty-fifth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and four, entitled "An act further to protect the commerce and seamen of the United States against united states against the Barbary powers," as is contained in the first section of the bary powers, re- evid act (and which said act, (and which was revived and continued in force, for the tinued until the time therein mentioned, by an act, entitled "An act to revive and continue in force, for a further time, the first section of the act, entitled "An act further to protect the commerce and sea-[Mante, ch. 115.] men of the United States against the Barbary powers," passed the nineteenth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and timed. See eight,) be, and the same hereby is, revived, and continued in chap. 230, post.] force until the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred dittional duty to be collected on and ten: § *Provided*, however, That the additional duty laid by eight,) be, and the same hereby is, revived, and continued in all goods, &c. li- the said section shall be collected on all such goods, wares, and able to pay, &c. imported previ- merchandise, liable to pay the same, as shall have been imported one to the day previous to that day [Addressed Sames as 10, 1000] previous to that day. [Approved, January 10, 1809.]

> CHAP. 179. [LXXV.] This is an act relating entirely to the district of Columbia. See act of 18th April, 1814; sec. 1, chap. 657, post.

[] Obsolste. See CHAP. 180. [LXXVI.] An act supplemental to an act, entitled "An act for extending the terms of credit on revenue bonds in certain cases, and for to, chap. 134.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-The payment of all bonds given tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That subs quent to the payment of all bonds given, subsequent to the date of the act the bigh March, the payment of an bonds given, subsequent to the date of the act 1808, for duties on coffee, sugar, on coffee, sugar, becomes be subsequently indigo, cocoa, and wine paying a duty of twenty-three pended whilst the act laying an cents per gallon, and which remain unpaid, or for the same articles in force, subject, for the same articles which may arrive hereafter in any of the ports of the United the provisions of the States, and whilst the act, entitled "An act laying an embargo on all ships and vessels in the ports and harbors of the United

kates," shall continue in force, may be suspended, subject, owever, in all respects to the conditions and provisions made [Ante, ch. 190.] and provided in the act of the tenth of March, one thousand eight rundred and eight, to which this act is a supplement: † Provided, [7 see aute, chap. 134.]
That nothing herein contained shall be construed to extend to mothing herein mportations made in vessels despatched under permissions grantpertations made. mportations made in vessels despatched under permissions grantpertations made
at by the president of the United States, in pursuance of powers in vessels den him vested by the seventh section of the act, entitled "An permissions granted by the
ct in addition to the act, entitled "An act supplementary to the president, &c. ct, entitled "An act laying an embargo on all ships and vessels

n the ports and harbors of the United States."; SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That if the amount of any The amount of ond given for the payment of duties on the importation of cofentitled to an exioe, sugar, pepper, indigo, cocoa, or wine paying a duty of twenby this act, which y-three cents per gallon, made subsequent to the passage of the has been paid, to be refunded, on act to which this is a supplement, and which bond would, by boad with surrirtue of this act, have been entitled to an extension of credit, ties, &c. shall have been previously paid, the money so paid shall, by the proper collector, be refunded to the person or persons who shall have paid the same, or to his, her, or their agent or agents, on his or their giving a bond with sureties, in the same manner, and

on the same terms, conditions, and restrictions, and on a compliance, of the person or persons receiving the indulgence hereby granted, with all the provisions of the act to which this is a sup-

plement. [Approved, January 12, 1809.]

CHAP. 181. [LXXVII.] An act to alter the time for the next meeting of congress.

This act provides the next meeting of congress shall be on the fourth Monday of May, 1809. Approved, January 30, 1809.]

CHAP. 182. [LXXVIII.] An act authorizing the employment of an addition. al naval force.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the occasion and assembled, That, Four additional frigates to be five so of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, Four additional frigates to be five to be supposed in actual service, there to the out, officer to the supposed in actual service. be fitted out, officered, and manned, as soon as may be, the four ed and manned. ollowing frigates, to wit: the United States, Essex, John Adams, and President: and moreover, the president of the United States The president is hereby authorized and empowered to equip, man, and employ, equip as many of in actual service, so many of the public armed vessels, now laid vessels and gun up in ordinary, and gun boats, as in his judgment the public the service reservice may require; and to cause the frigates, and other armed quires, &c. vessels, when prepared for actual service, respectively, to be sta- to be stadeon tioned at such ports and places on the sea coast as he may deem most expedient, or to cruise on any part of the coast of the Uni- [§ Partly repeatted States, or the territories thereof.

point and caus 3,600 seamen, &cc. additional, &c. for not exeeeding two years, &c.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That, for the purpose of The president carrying the foregoing provision into immediate effect, the presi orized to appear of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized and to be engaged 300 middlipmen and empowered, in addition to the number of petty officers, abi seamen, ordinary seamen, and boys, at present authorized by law, to appoint, and cause to be engaged and employed, as sool as may be, three hundred midshipmen, three thousand six hun dred able seamen, ordinary seamen, and boys, who shall be en gaged to serve for a period not exceeding two years; but the president may discharge the same sooner, if in his judgmen their service may be dispensed with. And; to satisfy the necess sary expenditures to be incurred therein, a sum, not exceeding four hundred thousand dollars, be, and the same is hereby, aprepriated to de propriated, and shall be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated. [Approved, January 31, 1809.]

Not exceeding ray the expense, &c.

[* Private and obsolete.]

CHAP. 183. [LXXIX.] An act for the relief of Edmund Beaumont.

Edmund Beaumont. now im-

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That Edmund Beaumont, now imprisoned in the state of Connecticut, discharged from shall be, and hereby is, released and discharged from all claim all claim and demand of the United States, to a certain judgment for a ted States for a penalty of four hundred dollars, recovered, with costs, at their dolls recovered, suit, before the district court for the district of Connecticut, with costs, &c. Saving the right, mouden at New Maven, in the month of August, eighteen hun-ecc. which may dred and six; saving and reserving, nevertheless, the right and holden at New Haven, in the month of August, eighteen huninterest, if any there be, which belongs to any third person.

[Approved, February 1, 1809.]

CHAP. 184. [LXXX.] An act for dividing the Indiana Territory into two separate governments.

ritory formed out of the Indiana territory, ac-curding to the limits described.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, The Illinois ter- from and after the first day of March next, all that part of the Indiana Territory which lies west of the Wabash river, and a direct line drawn from the said Wabash river and Post Vincennnes, due north, to the territorial line between the United States and Canada, shall, for the purpose of temporary government, constitute a separate territory, and be called Illinois.

The government to be similar to the ordinance and the act referred to, &c.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That there shall be estathat provided by blished within the said territory a government in all respects similar to that provided by the ordinance of congress, passed on the thirteenth day of July, one thousand seven hundred and 17 See page 475, eighty-seven, for the government of the territory of the United States northwest of the river Ohio, and by an act passed on the seventh day of August, one thousand seven hundred and eightynine, entitled "An act to provide for the government of the ter-[tch 0, vol 2.] ritory northwest of the river Ohio;"‡ and the inhabitants thereof

vall be entitled to and enjoy all and singular the rights, priviges, and advantages, granted and secured to the people of the rritory of the United States northwest of the river Ohio, by ne said ordinance.

1809.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the officers for the The officers of aid territory who, by virtue of this act, shall be appointed by the territory to be appointed by the president of the United States, by and with the advice and the president and senate; their onsent of the senate, shall, respectively, exercise the same pow-sation, &c. the same as those of similar officers. ame compensations, as, by the ordinance aforesaid, and the laws in Indiana, &c. f the United States, have been provided and established for imilar officers in the Indiana territory.* And the duties and [*See sec. 3, ch. moluments of superintendent of Indian affairs shall be united lift, vol. 3: and lift in those of governor: Provided, That the president of the lift, Proviso: the president and commission all officers herein authorized, and their and commission of the lift in the president of the provise the president and commission all officers herein authorized, and their and commission officers in the lift in the ession of congress.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That so much of the or- so much of the linance for the government of the territory of the United States red to, as relates northwest of the Ohio river, as relates to the organization of a to the organization of a general general assembly therein,† and prescribes the powers thereof, be in force in shall be in force and operate in the Illinois territory, whenever the Illinois territory, whenever the Illinois territory, whenever satisfactory evidence shall be given to the governor thereof that of the page 476, such is the wish of a majority of the freeholders, notwithstand-of seq. vol. 1.] ing there may not be therein five thousand free male inhabitants of the age of twenty-one years and upwards: Provided, That un- Proviso; until til there shall be five thousand free male inhabitants of twenty- there are 5,000 one years and upwards in said territory, the whole number of bitants of \$1 years, &c. the representatives to the general assembly shall not be less than whole number of representatives. seven, nor more than nine, to be apportioned by the governor to not to be less than whole number of representatives the several counties in the said territory, agreeably to the number of free males of the age of twenty-one years and upwards, governor, Sc., which they may respectively contain.

Sec. 5. And be it further engated. That nothing in this act 41s. post.]

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this act 413, post.]
Nothing in this contained shall be construed so as in any manner to affect the act to affect the severement in government now in force in the Indiana territory, further than government in force in the Indiana territory, further than force in the Indiana territory, from diana territory, from further than, oc. and after the aforesaid first day of March next.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That all suits, process, Suits, process, and proceedings, which, on the first day of March next, shall be the county or pending in the court of any county which shall be included with- general courts, on the 1st in the said territory of Illinois, and also all suits, process, and March, 1809, to be proceeded on, proceedings, which, on the said first day of March next, shall be pending in the general court of the Indiana territory, in con-bad remained sequence of any writ of removal, or order for trial at bar, and which had been removed from any of the counties included within the limits of the territory of Illinois aforesaid, shall, in all things concerning the same, be proceeded on, and judgments and decrees rendered thereon, in the same manner as if the said Indiana territory had remained undivided.

contained shall be so construed as to prevent the collection of the collection of taxes which may, on the first day of March next, be due to the taxes on lands in the Illinois, due on the lat SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this ac

due on the let Sect. 8. And be it further enacieu, 1112, 1112, March, 1800.

March, 1800.

Easkaskis to be otherwise ordered by the legislature of the said Illimois territory, 1112, 1122, 1112, 1122, 1112 the seat of go. Otherwise Ordered by the seat of government, and Kaskaskia, on the Mississippi river, shall be the seat of government, and Kaskaskia, on the Mississippi river, shall be the seat of government. ment for the said Illinois territory.

[Approved, February 3, 1809.]

See orig. act, of 23d March, 1908; ante, chap.

CHAP. 185. [LXXXI.] An act supplementary to the act, entitled a An act to amend the act, entitled An act establishing circuit courts, and abridging the jurisdiction of the district courts, of the districts of Kentucky, Tennessee, and Ohio."

In all actions or suits pending in the circuit courts for the district

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representain tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, in all actions or suits that were pending in the circuit courts of for the district of Tennessee, in all actions or suits that were pending in the constraint of Tennessee, established by the attreferred the United States for the district of Tennessee, established by to, in which any an act, entitled "An act establishing circuit courts, and abridginglement see." Judgment, &c. an act, entitled "An act establishing circuit courts, and apring-was rendered, ing the jurisdiction of the district courts of the districts of Ken-fec, previous to the passage of tucky, Tennessee, and Ohio,"† in which any judgment or decree the act menisors was rendered, or any sentence passed, previous to the passage of the circuit court the act, entitled "An act to amend the act, entitled "An act esseed directed to tablishing circuit courts, and abridging the jurisdiction of the eec. († Ante, ch. 71.) district courts, of the districts of Kentucky, Tennessee, and († Ante, ch. 143.) Ohio,"‡ the clerk of the circuit court of the United States for the district of East Tennessee be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to issue executions, and all other process necessary for carrying the same into complete effect, in the same manner as The executions, if the said last mentioned act had not passed; which executions and other process shall be directed to the marshal of either of and other process shall be directed to the marshal of either of the districts of East or West Tennessee, in which the party Tennessee, in which the party against whom the same shall issue may reside, or his property may reside to. may be found, who shall execute and return the same, in like manner he would have done if the act to which this is a supplement had not passed, and shall receive the same fees as are by

shal of either Best or West

law allowed for similar services in other cases. SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the next session of the district court of the United States for the district of Kentacky to be blocken on the ad tucky, shall be holden on the second Monday in May next, and Monday of May; that the session of the said court heretofore holden on the first holden on the Monday in June, annually, shall thereafter be holden, annually, shall the shall the

The next session court of Kenen on the 2d Monday of May.

Sect. 3. And be it further enacted, That all writs and process, [\$\frac{3c}{1}, \text{ and process,} \\
\text{ri, ante.}] \\
\text{writs, process,} \\
\text{cognisances returnable, and all suits and other proceedings, of sections return.}
\end{align* what nature or kind soever, which have been continued to the said district court on the first Monday in June next, from the last December term, shall be returned and held continued to the said second Monday in May next.

[Approved, February 4, 1809.]

CHAP. 186. [LXXXII.] An act making appropriations to complete the for-tifications commenced for the security of the seaport towns and harbors of the United States, and to defray the expense of deepening and extending, to the river Mississippi, the canal of Carondelet.

1809,

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, for the purpose of completing the fortifications commenced for appropriated for the security of the seaport towns and harbors of the United fortifications for States and territories thereof, exclusive of the contemplated line the security of blocks and chains across the harbor of New York, there be, and harbors, and ha and hereby is, appropriated the sum of four hundred and fifty thousand dollars, to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the president of the The president authorized to United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause the ca-United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause the ca-cause the emnal of Carondelet, leading from lake Ponchartrain, by way of &c. to be extended to the Bayou St. John, to the city of New Orleans, to be extended Missinsippi, to the river Mississippi, and made sufficiently deep throughout mad deep though to add to admit an easy and safe passage to gunboats, if, upon sur-an case and an easy and to admit a man easy and vey thereof, he shall be convinced that the same is practicable, bean, sec. and will conduce to the more effectual defence of said city; and that, for the purpose of defraying the expense thereof, there be, \$6,000 dolls. ap and hereby is, appropriated the sum of twenty-five thousand the purpose, see dollars, to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated. [Approved, February 10, 1809.]

CHAP. 187. [LXXXIII.] An act to revive, and continue for a further time, the authority of the commissioners of Kaskaskia."

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representathe powers heretofore vested in the register, and receiver of public moneys, for the district of Kaskaskia, be, and the same are giver and receiver shall be allowed an interest of January next, to complete the investigation of claims to land in said district; they shall have full power and receiver and authority in relation to claims to land in the village of Pioria, investigation of which have heretofore been filed, as they have in relation to other claims in the said district; and the said register and former desired. tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That receiver, and the clerk of the board, shall each be allowed an slone, &c. additional compensation of five hundred dollars, in full for his tional allowed services in relation to such claims.

[Approved, February 15, 1809.] and the clerk of the board, &c.

CHAP. 188. [LXXXIV.] This is an act relating entirely to the district of Columbia. See act of 18th April, 1814; sec. 1, chap. 657, post.

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2 D

1809. (Obsolete.) CHAP. 189. [LXXXV.] An act making appropriations for the support of government during the year one thousand eight hundred and nime.

ums appropri-ted for the ob-

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, for the expenditure of the civil list, in the present year, including the contingent expenses of the several departments and offices; for the compensation of the several loan officers and their clerks, and for books and stationery for the same; for the payment of annuities and grants; for the support of the mint establishment; for the expense of intercourse with foreign nations; for the support of lighthouses, beacons, buoys, and public piers; for defraying the expenses of surveying the public lands; and for satisfying certain miscellaneous claims, the following sums be, and the same hereby are, respectively, appropriated; that is to say:

for the mem-

For compensation granted by law to the members of the senate proof congress, and house of representatives, their officers and attendants, estimated for a session of four months' and a half continuance, two hundred and one thousand four hundred and twenty-five dollars.

For the contin-

For the expense of firewood, stationery, printing, and all grat expenses of other contingent expenses of the two houses of congress, twentyeight thousand dollars.

For contingent expenses of the library of congress, ke.

For all contingent expenses of the library of congress, and for the librarian's allowance, for the year one thousand eight hundred and nine, eight hundred dollars.

For the president and vice

For compensation to the president and vice president of the

United States, thirty thousand dollars.

For the secretary of state, clerks, &c.

For compensation to the secretary of state, clerks, and persons employed in that department, including the sum of one thousand dollars for compensation to his clerks, in addition to the sum allowed by the act of the twenty-first day of April, one [+ Ante, ch. 41.] thousand eight hundred and six, thirteen thousand five hun-

For contingent expenses of the department of state. For printing and dred and sixty dollars. For the incidental and contingent expenses of the said depart-

ment, four thousand two hundred dollars. For printing and distributing the laws of the second session distributing the of the tenth congress, and printing the laws in newspapers, eight laws, &c.

For special mes sengers, &cc.

thousand two hundred and fifty dollars. For special messengers, charged with despatches, two thousand dollars.

For the secretary of the treasu-ry, clerks, &c.

For compensation to the secretary of the treasury, clerks, and persons employed in his office, including the sum of one thousand dollars for clerk hire, in addition to the sum allowed by the act of the twenty-first April, one thousand eight hundred and six, sixteen thousand seven hundred dollars.

For translating foreign lan-

For the expense of translating foreign languages, allowance to the person employed in transmitting passports and sealetters, and for stationery and printing, in the office of the secretary of the treasury, one thousand dollars.

For the comp-troller, clerks,

For compensation to the comptroller of the treasury, clerks, and persons employed in his office, including the sum of one thousand six hundred and thirty-nine dollars, for compensation to his clerks, in addition to the sum allowed by the act of the

twenty-first April, one thousand eight hundred and six,* four-

teen thousand six hundred and sixteen dollars.

For expense of stationery, printing, and incidental and con-For contingent

tingent expenses of the comptroller's office, eight hundred dollars. comptroller's

For compensation to the auditor of the treasury, clerks, and persons employed in his office, twelve thousand two hundred clerks, for. and twenty-one dollars.

For expense of stationery, printing, and incidental and consequent expenses of the auditor's office, five hundred dollars. tingent expenses of the auditor's office, five hundred dollars.

For compensation to the treasurer, clerks, and persons em- for the treasurer, etc., ployed in his office, six thousand two hundred and twenty-seven dollars and forty-five cents.

For expense of stationery, printing, and incidental and contingent expenses in the treasurer's office, three hundred dollars.

For compensation to the register of the treasury, clerks, and for the register of the treasury.

persons employed in his office, sixteen thousand and fifty-two tec, elerks, &c. dollars and two cents.

For expense of stationery, printing, and all other incidental por contingent and contingent expenses in the register's office, including books register's office, for the public stocks, and for the arrangement of the marine records, two thousand eight hundred dollars.

For fuel, and other contingent and incidental expenses of the for fuel see further fuel see further fuel see further fuel see further fuel see fuel se treasury department, four thousand dollars.

For defraying the expense of printing and stating the public For printing and stating the accounts for the year one thousand eight hundred and nine, one public accounts. thousand two hundred dollars.

For the purchase of books, maps, and charts, for the use of For purchasing books, &c. for the treasury do the treasury do the treasury department, four hundred dollars.

For compensation to a superintendent, employed to secure the for a superintendent, during the year buildings and records of the treasury department, during the year buildings and records of the treasury department, during the year buildings and records of the watchmen, the repairs of two fire engines bushes leaves treasury, watchwatchmen, the repairs of two fire engines, buckets, lanterns, men, acc. and other incidental and contingent expenses, one thousand one hundred dollars.

For compensation to the secretary of the commissioners of the For the secretary of the commissioners of the For the secretary of the commissioners of the profile commissioners of the planting and persons the sinking and pe sinking fund, two hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation to the secretary of war, clerks, and persons find. employed in his office, eleven thousand two hundred and fifty for the secrets dollars.

For expense of fuel, stationery, printing, and other contin- For contingent expenses of the office of the secretary of war, one thousand office of secretary of war. dollars.

For compensation to the accountant of the war department, For the accountant of the war department, and persons employed in his office, ten thousand nine department, elerks, &c. hundred and ten dollars.

For contingent expenses in the office of the accountant of the For contingent ar department, one thousand dollars. war department, one thousand dollars.

For compensation to the clerks employed in the paymaster's Foreier in the paymaster's foreier in the paymaster's of the clerks in th office, two thousand eight hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses in the said office, two hundred dollars. For contingent expenses in the For compensation to the purveyor of public supplies, clerks, same and persons employed in his office, and for expense of stationery, or, decks, and

store rent, and fuel, for the said office, including the sum of five hundred dollars for compensation to clerks, in addition to the sum allowed by the act of the twenty-first of April, one thiou-[*Anne, et. 61.] sand eight hundred and six,* five thousand one hundred dollars.

For the secreta-ry of the navy, clerks, oc.

For compensation to the secretary of the navy, clerks, and persons employed in his office, nine thousand eight hundred and ten dollars.

For expenses of fuel, stationery, printing, and contrary of the expenses in the said office, two thousand dollars. For compensation to the accountant of the na For expense of fuel, stationery, printing, and other contingent

For compensation to the accountant of the navy, clerks, and ant of the navy, persons employed in his office, ten thousand four hundred and ten dollars.

For contingent expenses in the accountant's office.

For contingent expenses in the office of the accountant of the navy, seven hundred and fifty dollars.

Por the postclerks, &c.

For compensation to the postmaster general, assistant postmaster general, master general, clerks, and persons employed in the postmaster general's office, including the sum of one thousand five hundred and forty-five dollars, for compensation to clerks, in addition to the sum allowed by the act of the twenty-first of April,

[† Anna, ch. 41.] one thousand eight hundred and six,† sixteen thousand dollars. For expense of fuel, candles, house rent for the messenger, sent postulates, stationery, chests, &c. pertaining to the postmaster general's office, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For the loan of

For compensation to the several loan officers, thirteen thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

For clerks to the lome, &c.

For compensation to the clerks of the several commissioners of loans, and for allowances to certain loan officers in lieu of clerk hire, and to defray the authorized expense of the several loan offices, fifteen thousand dollars.

For the surveyor general and

For compensation to the surveyor general and his clerks, three thousand two hundred dollars.

For the surveyor of the lands state of Tennessee, clerks employed in his office, and for state Tennessee, tionery, and other contingencies, three thousand two hundred dollars.

For the officers of the mint. Treasuren

For compensation to the officers of the mint:

The director, two thousand dollars: The treasurer, twelve hundred dollars: The assayer, fifteen hundred dollars:

Assayer. Chief coiner. Melter and re-

The chief coiner, fifteen hundred dollars: The melter and refiner, fifteen hundred dollars:

The engraver, twelve hundred dollars: Engraver. Clerks. One clerk, at seven hundred dollars:

And two clerks, at five hundred dollars each, one thousand dollars.

For wages to

For wages to the persons employed in the different branches persons employ of melting, coining, carpenter's, millwright's, and smith's work, including the sum of one thousand dollars per annum, allowed to an assistant coiner and die forger, who also oversees the execution of the iron work, and of six hundred dollars per annum, allowed to an assistant engraver, eight thousand five hundred dellars.

For topairs of furnices, east rollers and screws, timber, but aron, lead, steel, potash, and for all other contingencies of the for contingen mint, three thousand two hundred dollars.

For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of For the governor, judges, and judges,

he territory of Orleans, thirteen thousand dollars.

For incidental and contingent expenses of the executive officers for the contin of the said territory, two thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars, the executive exe

For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of officers of Orhe Mississippi territory, seven thousand eight hundred dollars. For the got

For expense of stationery, office rent, and other contingent ex- of the Missian renses of said territory, three hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of the Indiana territory, six thousand six hundred dollars.

For expense of stationery, office rent, and other contingent ex- of Indiana. penses of said territory, three hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of for the governor, judges, and secretary, of for the governor.

Michigan territory, six thousand six hundred dollars.

For expense of stationery, office rent, and other contingent experitorial the Michigan territory, six thousand six hundred dollars.

penses of the said territory, three hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of For the governor indicates.

Louisiana territory, six thousand six hundred dollars. the Louisiana territory, six thousand six hundred dollars.

For expense of stationery, office rent, and other contingent expenses of the said territory, three hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of or, judges, &c. of the Illinois territory, six thousand six hundred dollars.

For expense of stationery, office rent, and other contingent exFor expense of stationery, office rent, and other contingent exFor contingent territorial services and other delices. penses of said territory, three hundred and fifty dollars.

For the discharge of such demands against the United States, For the discharge on account of the civil department, not otherwise provided for, mands not otherwise provided for mands not otherwise provided as shall have been admitted in a due course of settlement at the for ac. treasury, two thousand dollars.

For additional compensation to the clerks in the several de-Additional, for partments of state, treasury, war, and navy, and of the general several departments of state, treasury, war, and navy, and of the general several department. post office, not exceeding, for each department, respectively, fif-the general potent per centum, in addition to the sums allowed by the act, entitled "An act to regulate and fix the compensation of clerks, and to authorize the laying out certain public roads, and for other purposes,"# thirteen thousand two hundred and sixty-nine dol-["Ante-ch. 41.] lars and thirty-three cents.

For compensation granted by law to the chief justice, the as- For the judges and attorney sociate judges, and district judges, of the United States, includ-greenal ing the chief justice and two associate judges for the district of Columbia; to the attorney general, and to the district judge of the territory of Orleans, fifty-nine thousand four hundred dollars.

For the like compensation granted to the several district at-For the district torneys of the United States, three thousand four hundred dollars.

For compensations granted to the marshals for the districts of For the marshals Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, New Jersey, North Carolina, mentioned. Kentucky, Ohio, East and West Tennessee, and Orleans, including the compensation allowed to the marshals of New Jersey, and North Carolina, for the three last quarters of the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, by the act of the twenty-fifth

penses. For the go

of February, one thousand eight hundred and eight,* two thou-

Secunte, dap. sand six hundred and fifty dollars.

For defraying the expenses of the supreme, circuit, and the officers, juroff, trict, courts of the United States, including the district of Cola aid of the lumbia, and of jurors, and witnesses, in aid of the funds arising from fines, des. from fines, forfeitures, and penalties, and for defraying the expenses of prosecutions for offences against the United States, and for the safe keeping of prisoners, forty thousand dollars.

For pensions, &c.

For the payment of sundry pensions granted by the late go-

vernment, nine hundred and sixty dollars.

For the annual

For the payment of the annual allowance to the invalid penallowance to invalid personners sioners of the United States, from the fifth of March, one thousand eight hundred and nine, to the fourth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and ten, ninety-eight thousand dollars.

For the support of lighthouses.

For the maintenance and support of lighthouses, beacons, ons, beoys, buoys, and public piers, stakeages of channels, bars, and shoals, and certain contingent expenses, seventy-nine thousand and thir-

ty-nine dollars and forty cents.

or erecting two ghthouses on ong Ldand ound, &c.

For erecting two lighthouses on Long Island Sound; one on Watch Hill Point, and the other on Sands or Watch Point; the following sums, that is to say: the sum of two thousand six hundred and thirty-seven dollars and fifty cents, balance of a former appropriation for these objects, carried to the "surplus fund," and the further sum of five thousand seven hundred dollars, in addition to the appropriations heretofore made for the same ob-

For placing buoys and bea-cons on or near the shoals and rocks leading in-to Salem, &c.

For placing buoys and beacons on or near the shoals and rocks in the channel leading into the harbor of Salem, in the state of Massachusetts, in addition to the sums heretofore appropriated for that purpose, sixty-seven dollars and twenty-nine cents.

For rebuilding lighthouses on Plumb island,

For rebuilding two lighthouses on Plumb island, in the state of Massachusetts, ten thousand dollars.

For surveying the public land.

For defraying the expenses of surveying the public land within the several territories of the United States, eighteen thousand two hundred and forty dollars.

For the expenses of the boards for investigating ti-ties, one, to lands

For expenses of the boards formed in the territories of Orleans and Louisiana, for investigating and adjusting titles and claims eterriories to land, in addition to the sum heretofore appropriated for that object, ten thousand dollars.

For taking the seond census.

For the expense of taking the second census of the United States, being the balance of a former appropriation for that object, and carried to the surplus fund, thirteen thousand eight hundred and ninety dollars and ninety-six cents.

Forreturning the votes of pre-sident and vice president.

For the expense of returning the votes of president and vice president of the United States, for the term commencing on the fourth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and nine, one thousand five hundred and ninety-three dollars.

For intercourse with foreign nations. For contingent expenses of fo-

For expenses of intercourse with foreign nations, thirty-three thousand and fifty dollars.

For the contingent expenses of intercourse with foreign nations, seventy-five thousand dollars.

For the expenses of intercourse with the Barbary powers, ifty thousand dollars.

For the contingent expenses of intercourse with the Barbary ry powers; a contingent expenses; powers, fifty thousand dollars.

For the relief and protection of distressed American seamen, For the relief, five thousand dollars.

For the expenses of prosecuting claims in relation to captures, For prosecuting claims, &c. ix thousand dollars.

For defraying the expenses of regulating, laying out, and yor laying out, naking a road from Cumberland, in the state of Maryland, to cumberland to he state of Ohio; agreeably to an act of congress, passed the Ohio. wenty-ninth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and ix,* the balance of a former appropriation, made by the afore-[19,] said act, for that object, having been carried to the surplus fund, sixteen thousand and seventy-five dollars and fifteen cents.

For defraying the expense of opening a road from the fron- For the expens tier of Georgia, on the route from Athens to New Orleans, till from the from the same intersects the thirty-first degree of north latitude, of Georgia, to the 3 list d agreeably to an act of congress, passed on the twenty-first day of gree of north April, one thousand eight hundred and six,† the balance of [† See ante, a former appropriation for that object having been carried to the 7, chap. 41.] surplus fund, two thousand four hundred dollars, and a further sum of five thousand dollars, in addition to the sums heretofore appropriated for that object.

For defraying the expense of opening a road, or roads, through For the expense of opening roads, the territory lately ceded by the Indians to the United States, &c. from the Mississippi to the Ohio, and to the former Indian boun-Ohio, &c. dary line, which was established by the treaty of Greenville,‡ [15ce the treaty, agreeably to the last above recited act; the balance of a former page 396, vol. 1.] appropriation made for that object having been carried to the surplus fund; one thousand eight hundred dollars and forty-eight cents.

For defraying the expense of opening a road from Nashville, For the expense in the state of Tennessee, to Natchez, in the Mississippi territo- of opening area ry, agreeably to the aforesaid act of the twenty-first day of April, to Natches one thousand eight hundred and six, the balance of a former [\$See ance, see, 41] appropriation for that object having been carried to the surplus fund, three thousand dollars.

For the discharge of such miscellaneous claims against the For the discharge of mischarge of miscellaneous chains against the For the discharge of mischarge of miscellaneous chains against the For the discharge of miscellaneous chains against the For the discharge of miscellaneous chains against the For the discharge of such miscellaneous claims against the For the discharge of such miscellaneous claims against the For the discharge of such miscellaneous claims against the For the discharge of such miscellaneous claims against the For the discharge of miscellaneous claims against the formation of the formation of miscellaneous claims against the formation of the formation o admitted in due course of settlement at the treasury, four thou- treasury, &c.

sand dollars. SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the several appro-The preceding priations hereinbefore made shall be paid and discharged out of to be paid out of the the fund of six hundred thousand dollars, reserved by an act the fund remaking provision for the debt of the United States, and out of (1) any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, February 17, 1809.]

1809.

or intercourse

&c. of Ameri

1809.

CHAP. 190. [LXXXVI.] An act extending the right of strage in the Indiana territory, and for other purposes."

Pro Blay, 1900 19th May, 1900 195, Wald.

The citizens of Ladiena, &c. to

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the citizens of the Indiana territory, entitled to vote for reprelediens, &c. wo deet a delegate sentatives to the general assembly thereof, shall, at the time of the congress, &c. elections their representatives to the said general assembly sign electing their representatives to the said general assembly, also elect one delegate from the said territory to the congress of the United States, who shall possess the same powers heretofore granted to the delegates from the several territories of the Uni-[13ce chap 265, ted States; | any thing in the ordinance for the government of the said territory to the contrary notwithstanding.

'315, post.]

The sheriffs to make returns in several counties which now are, or may hereafter be, established election of a do in the said territory, respectively, shall, within forty days next after an election for a delegate to congress, transmit to the secretary of the territory a certified copy of the returns from the [t See sec. 3, ch. several townships in their counties, respectively. And it shall be the duty of the governor, for the time being, to give to the person having the greatest number of votes, a certificate of his election.

As soon as the the citizens en popresentatives to the general as-sembly, &c. to

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That, so soon as the gogovernor divides vernor of the said territory shall divide the same into five dis-five districts, tricts, the citizens thereof, entitled to vote for representatives to tricts, the citizens thereof, entitled to vote for representatives to titled to vote for the said general assembly, shall, in each of the said districts, elect one member of the legislative council, who shall possess the same powers necessary necess

The general as-&c. provided there be not

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the general assembly ored to apportion of the said territory shall have power to apportion the representatives of the several counties therein, or which may hereafter be established therein, according to the number of free white male inhabitants, above the age of twenty-one years, in such less than 9, &c. counties: Provided, That there be not more than twelve, nor less than nine, of the whole number of representatives, any act or acts to the contrary notwithstanding, until there shall be six thousand free male white inhabitants, above the age of twenty-one years, in said territory; after which time the number of representatives shall be regulated agreeably to the ordinance for the government [See act of 15th thereof. | [Approved, February 27, 1809.]

Dec. 1909; chap. 287, post.]

[¶ Private and obsolete. Supplied by the 24th sec. of the act of 30th of April, 1810; chap. 263,

CHAP. 191. [LXXXVII.] An act freeing from postage all letters and packets to Thomas Jefferson

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-Post.]
All letters and tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That packets to Thomas Jefferson, to all letters and packets to Thomas Jefferson, now president of the be earried by the United States, after the expiration of his term of office, and durpostage, during ing his life, shall be carried by the mail free of postage.

Approved, February 28, 1809.

CHAB 192. [LXXXVIII.] An act for the relief of Daniel Cotton.*

1809.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the proper accounting officers of the treasury be, and they are The proper achieve by, authorized and directed to settle the account of Daniel of the treasury Cotton, and allow him for the detention and use of his ship, directed to settle called the Anna Maria, from the twenty-third day of December, Daniel Cotton, in the year of our Lord one thousand sinks have been been and allow him in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred, when she for the d tentior and use of his was arrested by the bey of Tunis, until the twenty-third day of ship, the Anna May following, when she discharged her Tunisian cargo at Martin the time measured allowing him, while in part the usual rate of the standard for the time measured for the control of the time measured for the control of the control of the time measured for the control of the control seilles, allowing him, while in port, the usual rate of demurrage, tioned, &c. and, while on the voyage, the usual rate of freight, agreeably to the burthen of the said ship; and, after deducting from the whole sum allowed for such detention, demurrage, and freight, five thousand dollars, paid to the master of said ship by William Eaton, then consul for the United States at Tunis, they pay the balance, with interest, to said Daniel Cotton, out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, February 28, 1809.]

CHAP. 193. [LXXXIX.] An act for the disposal of certain tracts of land in the Mississippi territory, claimed under Spanish grants, reported by the land commissioners as antedated, and to confirm the claims of Abraham Ellis and Daniel Harregal.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the several tracts of land in the Mississippi territory, the titles tracts of land in the Mississippi territory, the titles tracts of land in the Mississippi territory, the titles tracts of land in the Mississippi territory, the the Mississippi territory, the titles to which have been derived under Spanish claims, and which are east and where the Mississippi territory, the titles to which have been derived under Spanish the deer of survey, on suspicion of the grants, warrants, or ordender Spanish claims, and disallowed by the dated, or otherwise fraudulent, and which are embraced in the report of the said boards of commissioners laid before congress, agreeable to the third section of an act, entitled "An act supplementary to the act, entitled an act regulating the grants of land, &c. or be sold, and providing for the disposal of the lands, of the United States and providing for the disposal of the lands, of the United States south of the state of Tennessee," | shall be, and the same are [+ Chap. 414, hereby, directed to be sold, in the same manner, at the same price, and on the same terms and conditions, as have been, or may be, by law provided for the sale of the other public lands in the said territory; and any person or persons claiming under ing &c. entitled a Spanish grant, warrant, or order of survey, as aforesaid, shall &c. for the rebe entitled to institute, in the highest court of law or equity in covery of the tracts, &c. the said territory, his or their suit or action for the recovery of the said territory, his or their suit of action for the tract or tracts so claimed as aforesaid: Provided, such claimants institute ant or claimants shall institute his or their suit or action within one year, &c. the term of one year from and after the tract or tracts so claimed shall have been sold by the United States; or, in case the same is now inhabited and cultivated in virtue of a pre-emption right, within one year from and after the passing of this act; and if any

person or persons claiming lands as aforesaid, shall fail or neglect Person hither to commence or institute his or their suit or action, in the manspit, &c. are for ner and within the time prescribed by this section, or shall be nonsuit, or discontinue the same, his or their right to commence such suit or action, in any court whatsoever, shall be forever barred and foreclosed. SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That if the person or

persons claiming under such grant, warrant, or order of survey, shall make it appear, to the satisfaction of the court before whom such suit or action shall be pending, that the tract of land therein Det 1796, the specified was actually surveyed prior to the twenty-seventh day valid &. of October, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five, then, of October, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five, then, and in that case, the same shall be deemed and held to be good and valid, to all intents and purposes, any thing in this act to the In case the claimant falls to prove that the tract was sur-weyed prior to the 37th of Oct. contrary notwithstanding: But in case the claimant or claimants shall fail to prove the tract or tracts of land so claimed, to have been actually surveyed prior to the twenty-seventh day of October, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five, or in case the same shall appear to be otherwise fraudulent or illegal, the grant, warrant, or order of survey, granted by the Spanish government, as aforesaid, by virtue of which such tract or tracts of land may be claimed, shall be, and the same is hereby declared, null and void, to all intents and purposes, and shall not be read in evidence against any claim or certificate of pre-emption derived from the United States.

1798, &c. the grant, &c. is hull, &c.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful, In the trial, either party may introduce parole syidence, ecc. in the trial of such suit or action, for either party to introduce parole evidence, for the purpose of supporting or invalidating the grant, warrant, or order of survey, as aforesaid; and the The judgment, the grain, wattern, see to be sinal judgment, sentence, or decree, of the said nignest compand may be plead in bar, see or equity, in the cases aforesaid, shall be final and conclusive plead in bar, see or equity, in the cases aforesaid, shall be final and conclusive plead in bar to any subsequent between the parties, and may be plead in bar to any subsequest suit or action brought in the same or any other court, for the re-

covery of the same land, or any part thereof.

Private,]
Abraham Ellis
confirmed in a
gract of land anted by the granted by the British govern-ment of West Florida to Ste-phen Jordan, containing 200

SECT. 4.* And be it further enacted, That Abraham Ellis be, and he is hereby, confirmed in a tract of land granted by the British government of West Florida to Stephen Jordan, containing the quantity of two hundred acres, lying and being on the waters of Boyd's creek, according to the metes and bounds of said tract of land, set forth in the plat thereof made by the The money paid surveyor general of said province of West Florida; and that the refunded by the amount of money which the said Ellis may have been compelled receiver, acc. to pay to the receiver of public moneys west of Rearl river, in the Mississippi territory, for said tract of land, be refunded to him by the receiver aforesaid.

[† Private.] SECT. 5.† And be it juriner enacted, and se simple, to the tract confirmed in his and he is hereby, confirmed in his title, in fee simple, to the tract confirmed in his and he is hereby, confirmed in his action. SECT. 5.† And be it further enacted, That Daniel Harregal be, title, &c. to the of land whereon he resides, containing the quantity of five hun-tract whereon he resides, containing the quantity of five hun-be resides, con-dred and fifty acres, agreeably to a plat thereof, filed with the register of the land office west of Pearl river, in the Mississippi territory. [Approved, February 28, 1809.]

HAP. 104 [KG.] An act for the relief of ceptain Alibama and Wyandot Indians.

BECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- authorized to tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That cause to be surveyed keen tract. The president of the United States be, and he is hereby, author- of land, not exceed to cause to be surveyed and designated, by proper metes seres, in the terminated bounds, a tract of land, not exceeding two thousand five kee and vert the surveyed and designated of the United States being a few lesses. nundred acres, out of any lands of the United States lying in same, by les the territory of Orleans, and west of the river Mississippi, and, bama Indians, by lease, vest the said tract of land in a certain tribe of Alibama Indians and their descendants, for the term of fifty years: Pro- Provisor the Invided, nevertheless, That it shall not be lawful for the said tribe spansfor their of Indians to transfer or assign their interest in the said land, and interest, &cc. every such transfer or assignment shall be null and void: And Provisos if the provided also, That if the said tribe of Indians shall remove from their interest the said tract of land, their interest in and to the same shall thenceforth cease and determine.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That there shall be de- Two tracts of signated, under the direction of the secretary of the treasury, nased in the Mitwo tracts of land in the Michigan territory, one including the heliding the village called Brownstown, and the other the village called Ma-Brownsto guaga, in the possession of the Wyandot tribe of Indians, containing, in the whole, not more than five thousand acres; which ing 5,000 acres
to be reserved. two tracts of land shall be reserved for the use of the said Wyandots and their descendants, and be secured to them in the same manner, and on the same terms and conditions, as is provided in relation to the Alibama Indians, by the first section of this act. [Approved, February 28, 1809.]

CHAP. 195. [XCI.] An act to interdict the commercial intercourse between a system of Parisin and Page and their dependencies; obsolete Sees the United States and Great Britain and France, and their dependencies; observation of seta h and for other purposes."

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- The entrance of the harbors and tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, waters of the United States, from and after the passing of this act, the entrance of the har- in investment bors and waters of the United States, and of the territories there-sels belonging of, be, and the same is hereby, interdicted to all public ships and france, after the vessels belonging to Great Britain or France, excepting vessels lat March, 1800 unless forced only which may be forced in by distress, or which are charged by distress, charged with with despatches or business from the government to which they despatches, see belong, and also packets having no cargo nor merchandise on board. And if any public ship or vessel as aforesaid, not being set entering account included in the exception above mentioned, shall enter any harade, the president waters within the jurisdiction of the United States, or of dent &c. may the land the territories thereof, it shall be lawful for the president of the and available. United States, or such other person as he shall have empowered her to depart for that purpose, to employ such part of the land and naval forces, or of the militia of the United States, or the territories thereof, as he shall deem necessary, to compel such ship or vessel to depart.

1809; chap.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be little fall

Crisens or residents not to have introduced for any citizen or citizens of the United States, or the territories dents not to have introduced thereof, nor for any person or persons residing or being in the large territories same, to have any intercourse with, or to afford any aid or suping the waters of the United

plies to, any public ship or vessel as aforesaid, which shall, con-States contrary trary to the provisions of this act, have entered any harbor or waters within the jurisdiction of the United States, or the territories thereof; and if any person shall, contrary to the provisions of this act, have any intercourse with such ship or vessel, or shall vessels, except afford any aid to such ship or vessel, either in repairing the said to pilot them be vessel, or in furnishing her officers or crew, with supplies of sec. to forfeit any kind, or in any manner whethere &c. to forfeit from 100 to 10,000 any kind, or in any manner whatever, or if any pilot or other dolland to suffer person shall assist in navigating or piloting such ship or vessel, imprisonment, from one mouth unless it be for the purpose of carrying her beyond the limits and jurisdiction of the United States, every person so offending shall forfeit and pay a sum, not less than one hundred dollars, nor exceeding ten thousand dollars; and shall also be imprisoned, for a term not less than one month, nor more than one year. SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the

Persons having intercourse with to one year.

distress, &cc.

their cargoes,

All acts within the purview of this act, re-

After the 20th of May, 1809, the

After the 30th of May, 1800 the catrance of the twentieth day of May next, the entrance of the harbors and waharbors and wa-ters of the United States, and the territories thereof, be, and the tersof the united state of the Britain or part, by any citizen or subject of either; vessels hired, chartered, or employed, by the government of either country, for the sole ployed by government, or in purpose of carrying letters or despatches, and also vessels forced in by distress, or by the dangers of the sea, only excepted. And if any ship or vessel, sailing under the flag of Great Beitain er Venels sailing if any ship or vesser, saining under the British France, or owned, in whole or in part, by any citizen or said about after the said see and not ex- of either, and not excepted as aforesaid, shall, after the said within the limits twentieth day of May next, arrive, either with or without a carof the United States, so, to be go, within the limits of the United States, or of the territories
forfeited, with thereof, such ship or vessel, together with the cargo, if any, which may be found on board, shall be forfeited, and may be seized, and condemned in any court of the United States, or the territories thereof, having competent jurisdiction; and all and every act and acts, heretofore passed, which shall be within the purview of this act, shall be, and the same are hereby, repealed.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the twentieth day of May next, it shall not be lawful to import into importation of twentieth day of treaty inches, in the territories thereof, any goods, wares, or the territories thereof, and the territories the t prohibited, &cc. merchandise, whatever, from any port or place situated in Great Britain, or Ireland, or in any of the colonies or dependencies of Great Britain, nor from any port or place situated in France, or in any of her colonies or dependencies, nor from any port or place in the actual possession of either Great Britain or France. Nor shall it be lawful to import into the United States, or the territories thereof, from any foreign port or place whatever, any goods, wares, or merchandise, whatever, being of the growth, produce, or manufacture, of France, or of any of her colonies or dependencies, or being of the growth, produce, or manufacture, of Great Britain or Ireland, or of any of the colonies or dependen-

ies of Great Britain, or being of the growth, produce, or manuacture, of any place or country in the actual possession of either France or Great Britain: Provided, That nothing herein containprovise; nothing
and shall be construed to affect the cargoes of ships or vessels the cargoes of
wholly owned by a citizen or citizens of the United States, which
owned by citizens of Cand Hope prior seals which o the twenty-second day of December, one thousand eight huncleared for any
port beyond the twenty-second day of December, one thousand eight huncleared for any
port beyond the
cape of Good
lired and seven, or which had departed for such port by permistion of the president, under the acts supplementary to the act
or, &c. aying an embargo on all ships and vessels in the ports and harors of the United States.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That whenever any arti- Probibled artile or articles, the importation of which is prohibited by this act, after the 20th of shall, after the twentieth of May, be imported into the United board any vessel, states, or the territories thereof, contrary to the true intent and the same into the said twentieth of May, be the same into the United States, or the territories thereof, all such articles, as well as all other articles owner, because the same and the same ability of the same into the united States, or the belonging to the territories thereof, all such articles, as well as all other articles owner, because the same ability of the same abil on board the same ship or vessel, boat, raft, or carriage, belonging to the owner of such prohibited articles, shall be forfeited; and the owner thereof shall moreover forfeit and pay treble the The owner to pay treble value for

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That if any article or arof which prohibiteds, the importation of which is prohibited by this act, shall, he articles are
after the twentieth of May, be put on board of any ship or veskay, 1809, with
sel, boat, raft, or carriage, with intention to import the same into
port, &c. with
the United States, or the territories thereof, contrary to the true
the knowledge intent and meaning of this act, and with the knowledge of the to be foreigned. owner or master of such ship or vessel, boat, raft, or carriage, &c. upsy trobe such ship or vessel, boat, raft, or carriage, shall be forfeited, and value, ec. the owner and master thereof shall, moreover, each, forfeit and pay treble the value of such articles.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That if any article or ar- Probibited art ticles, the importation of which is prohibited by this act, and clesaritying at the 20th of which shall, nevertheless, be on board of any ship or vessel, boat, May, 1809, and omitted in the on the United States, or the territories thereof, shall be omitted out a printipling in the United States, or the territories thereof, shall be omitted out a printipling in the manifest, report, or entry, of the master, or the person sable to the manifest, report, or entry, of the master, or the person the charge or command of such ship or vessel, boat, raft, similar omission or carriage, or shall be omitted in the entry of the goods owned lation to articles. by the owner or consigned to the consignee of such articles, or subject to daties. shall be imported, or landed, or attempted to be imported or landed, without a permit, the same penalties, fines, and forfeitures, shall be incurred, and may be recovered, as in the case of similar omission or omissions, landing, importation, or attempt to land or import, in relation to articles liable to duties on their importation into the United States.

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That every collector, naval collectors of the officer, surveyor, or other officer of the customs, shall have the have the same like power and authority to seize goods, wares, and merchan-authority to seize goods, &c. dise, imported contrary to the intent and meaning of this act, ath

1000. ect to goods, z. subject to

scizure by

to keep the same in custady until it shall have been ascertained whether the same have been forfeited or not, and to enter an ship or vessel, dwellinghouse, store, building, or other place, for the purpose of searching for, and seizing, any such goods, ward and merchandise, which he or they now have by law in relation to goods, wares, and merchandise, subject to duty; and if any person or persons shall conceal or buy any goods, wares, or mer chandise, knowing them to be liable to seizure by this act, sud ble bergive person or persons shall, on conviction thereof, forfeit and pay s sum double the amount or value of the goods, wares, and mor chandise, so concealed or purchased.

SECT. 9. And be it further enacted, That the following additions shall be made to the oath or affirmation taken by the masters, or persons having the charge or command of any ship of vessel arriving at any port of the United States, or the territories rorm of the 2d. thereof, after the twentieth of May, viz: "I further swear, (affirm) that there are not, to the best of my knowledge and be kef, on board, [insert the denomination and name of the vessel] any goods, wares, or merchandise, the importation of which into the United States, or the territories thereof, is prohibited by law: And I do further swear (or affirm) that if I shall hereafter discover or know of any such goods, wares, or merchandise, on board the said vessel, or which shall have been imported in the same, I will immediately, and without delay, make due report thereof to the collector of the port of this district."

Addition to be made to the eath of import-ers, &c. after the

Form of the addition.

SECT. 10. And be it further enacted, That the following addition be made, after the twentieth of May, to the oath or affirmation taken by importers, consignees, or agents, at the time of entering goods imported into the United States, or the territories thereof, viz: " I also swear, (or affirm) that there are not, to the best of my knowledge and belief, amongst the said goods, wares, and merchandise, imported or consigned as aforesaid, any goods, wares, or merchandise, the importation of which into the United States, or the territories thereof, is prohibited by law, and I do further swear (or affirm) that if I shall hereafter discover or know of any such goods, wares, or merchandise, amongst the said goods, wares, and merchandise, imported or consigned as aforesaid, I will immediately, and without delay, report the same to the collector of this district."

The president

SECT. 11. And be it further enacted, That the president of annual and the United States be, and he hereby is, authorized, in case Great Bottain so either France or Great Britain shall so revoke or modify her fy their edicts, edicts, as that they shall cease to violate the neutral commerce of the same by protection, after the United States, to declare the same by proclamation; after which the trade which the trade of the United States, suspended by this act, and this act, are may by the act laying an embargo on all ships and vessels in the ports and harbors of the United States, and the several acts supplementary thereto, may be renewed with the nation so doing:(a)

⁽a) In consequence of this provision, and the official written declaration of David Montague Erskine, his Britannic majesty's envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary near the American government, that the British or ders in council of January and November, 1807, would have been withdrawn,

Provided. That all penalties and forfeitures which shall have the operation of which shall so sease and determine, shall be resured and distributed in like manner as if the same had continued in full force and virtue: and vessels bound thereafter to vessels bound. many foreign port or place, with which commercial intercourse of intercourse shall, by virtue of this section, be again permitted, shall give band see to any foreign port, &c. to the United States, with approved security, in double the value to give bond, &c. to give b commercial intercourse shall have been, or may be, permitted by this act.

SECT. 12. And be it further enacted, That so much of the act so much of the haying an embargo on all ships and vessels in the ports and har-enterprofesses and har-enterprofesses and har-enterprofesses and state of the same bors of the United States, and of the several acts supplementary partition vanished thereto, as forbids the departure of vessels owned by citizens of sens, and the exthe United States, and the exportation of domestic and foreign portation of merchandise, merchandise, to any foreign port or place, be, and the same is the test the test of the contract of t hereby, repealed, after the fifteenth day of March, one thousand March, 1809, es eight hundred and nine, except so far as they relate to Great Britain or Britain or France, or their colonies or dependencies, or places in the actual possession of either: Provided, That all penalties Provise; penalties and forfoir and forfeitures which shall have been previously incurred by virwes previously
tune of so much of the said acts as is repealed by this act, or be recovered and
distributed, &c.,
to the converted acts as is repealed by this act, or be recovered and distributed, &c.,
to the converted acts as in the converted acts are the distributed, &c.,
to the converted acts are which have been, or may hereafter be, incurred by virtue of the said acts, on account of any infraction of so much of the said sets as is not repealed by this act, shall be recovered and distributed in like manner as if the said acts had continued in full force and virtue.

SECT. 13. And be it further enacted, That, during the continuency of so tinuance of so much of the act laying an embargo on all ships much of the act laying an embargo on all ships much of the act laying an embargo of the United States, and bargo, &c. as is of the several acts supplementary thereto, as is not repealed by this act, no verthis act, no ship or vessel bound to a foreign port, with which foreign port, & consumercial intercourse shall, by virtue of this act, be again perplant, &c unless matted, shall be allowed to depart for such port, unless the owner, with the maver, &c or owners, consignee, or factor, of such ship or vessel, shall, gives bond, &c. with the master, have given bond, with one or more sureties, to other requisite the United States, in a sum double the value of the vessel and been complied cargo, if the vessel is wholly owned by a citizen or citizens of with, &c. the United States; and in a sum four times the value, if the vessel is owned, in part or in whole, by any foreigner or foreigners,

as respects the United States, on the 10th of June, 1809, James Madison, then president of the United States, proclaimed, on the 19th of April, 1809, the fact announced by Mr. Erskine, and that, after the 10th of June, 1809, the trade of the United States with Great Britain, as suspended by the above act of congress, &c. might be renewed.

On the 9th day of August, 1809, president Madison issued another proclamation, stating, that it had been officially made known to him that the orders in council had not been withdrawn agreeably to the above communication and Seclaration of his Britannie majesty's envoy extraordinary and minister ple-nipotentiary, and that, consequently, the trade, renewable on the event of the said orders' being withdrawn, was to be considered as under the operation

of the several acts by which such trade was suspended.

1809.

that the vessel shall not leave the port without a clearance, no shall, when leaving the port, proceed to any port or place it Great Britain or France, or in the colonies or dependencies of either, or in the actual possession of either, nor be directly of indirectly engaged, during the voyage, in any trade with such port, nor shall put any article on board of any other vessel; no unless every other requisite and provision of the second section of the act, entitled "An act to enforce and make more effectual an act, entitled 'An act laying an embargo on all ships and vessels in the ports and harbors of the United States,' and the se-[HAnne, ch. 176.] veral acts supplementary thereto,"* shall have been complied And the party or parties to the above mentioned bond shall, within a reasonable time after the date of the same, to be produce a certificate of the land. expressed in the said bond, produce, to the collector of the district ing of the goods, from which the vessel shall have been cleared, a certificate of the landing of the same, in the same manner as is provided by law for the landing of goods exported with the privilege of drawback; on failure whereof the bond shall be put in suit; and in every such suit judgment shall be given against the defendant or defendants, unless proof shall be produced of such relanding, or

The parties, &c. With. within a reason-able time, to shall, W

[†See sec. 81,ch. 128, vol. 3.] The bond to be failure, &cc.

So much of the March, 1809.

Proviso; all pe-nalties and forfeitures previously incurred, &cc. to be recovered and distributed, &c.

During the con-tinuance of the act laying an embargo, &c. no wested owned by Citizens of the United States, bound to another port of the same, or licensed for the coasting ed to depart, &c. without a permit, and hond, &c.

of loss at sea. SECT. 14. And be it further enacted, That so much of the act embargo, &c. as laying an embargo on all ships and vessels in the ports and harcompels vessels bors of the United States, and of the several acts supplementary zers of the United States, bound by citizens of the United states, bound thereto, as compels vessels owned by citizens of the United states, bound thereto, as compels vessels owned by citizens of the Said states, or vessels licens-States, bound to another port of the said states, or vessels licenslicensed for the ed for the coasting trade, or boats, either not masted or not decksce. to give bond, ed, to give bond, and to load under the inspection of a revenue
sce. txcpt see.

officer, or renders them liable to detention, merely on account of
the 1sth of
the nature of their cargo, (such provisions excepted as relate to the nature of their cargo, (such provisions excepted as relate to collection districts adjacent to the territories, colonies, or provinces, of a foreign nation, or to vessels belonging or bound to such districts) be, and the same is hereby, repealed, from and after the fifteenth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and nine: Provided, however, That all penalties and forfeitures which shall have been previously incurred by any of the said acts, or which may hereafter be incurred by virtue of the said acts, on account of any infraction of so much of the said acts as is not repealed by this act, shall be recovered and distributed in like manner as if the same had continued in full force and virtue.

SECT. 15. And be it further enacted, That, during the continuance of so much of the act laying an embargo on all ships and vessels in the ports and harbors of the United States, and of the several acts supplementary thereto, as is not repealed by this act, no vessel owned by citizens of the United States, bound to another port of the said states, or licensed for the coasting trade, shall be allowed to depart from any port of the United States, or shall receive a clearance, nor shall it be lawful to put on board any such vessel any specie, or goods, wares, or merchandise, unless a permit shall have been previously obtained from the proper collector, or from a revenue officer authorized by the collector to grant such permits; nor unless the owner, consignee, agent

r factor shall, with the master, give bond, with one or more sureies, to the United States, in a sum double the value of the vesel and cargo, that the vessel shall not proceed to any foreign ort or place, and that the cargo shall be relanded in some port f the United States: Provided, That it shall be lawful and sufsufficient in the case of any such vessel, whose employment has case of any veseen uniformly confined to rivers, bays, and sounds, within the playment has arisdiction of the United States, to give bond in an amount been uniformly to the sufficient of the uniformly confined to rivers. qual to one hundred and fifty dollars for each ton of said ves-vers bys. Sec. to give bond in an el, with condition that such vessel shall not, during the time amount equal to mited in the condition of the bond, proceed to any foreign port seek too. Kee r place, or put any article on board of any other vessel, or be mployed in any foreign trade.

SECT. 16. And be it further enacted, That if any ship or vessed during the con hall, during the continuance of so much of the act laying an emargo on all ships and vessels in the ports and harbors of the laying an embase of the laying an embase of the several acts supplementary thereto, as pended for deciding a not repealed by this act, depart from any port of the United elearance or per the several acts supplementary thereto, as pended for deciding the several acts supplementary thereto, as pended for deciding the several acts and any port of the United elearance or per the several acts are the several acts and acts are the several acts are th tates without a clearance or permit, or having given bond in bond, ec. she, he manner provided by law, such ship or vessel, together with the cargo ter cargo, shall be wholly forfeited; and the owner or owners, the owner, &c. to pay a some trent. freighter, or factors, master, or commander, of such thip equal to the igent, freighter, or factors, master, or commander, of such ship or vessel, shall, moreover, severally, forfeit and pay a sum equal value, See. o the value of the ship or vessel, and of the cango put on board he same.

SECT. 17. And be it further enacted, That the act to prohibit The act prohibit he importation of certain goods, wares, and merchandise, passed union of creating the importance of crea the eighteenth of April, one thousand eight hundred and six, passed after the and the act supplementary thereto, be and the same are hereby, pake, after the sold May, 1900. repealed, from and after the said twentieth day of May next: [†Ante, ch. 130.] Provided, That all penalties and forfeitures which shall have Provise; penalties and forfeitures previously incurred by virtue of the said acts, shall be retired previously covered and distributed in like manner as if the said acts had recovered and recovered and acts had recovered and recovered continued in full force and virtue.

SECT. 18. And be it further enacted, That all penalties and All penalties and forfeitures under forfeitures arising under, or incurred by, virtue of this act, may the such see, may be sued for, prosecuted, and recovered, with costs of suit, by active deciding action of debt. tion of debt, in the name of the United States of America, or by indictment, can indictment, or information, in any court having competent juris-buted as prediction to try the same; and shall be distributed and accounted arribed by the for in the manner prescribed by the act antibled "An arrived at mentioneds for in the manner prescribed by the act, entitled " Am act to regulate the collection of duties on imports and tonnage," passed [tch. 128,vol. &] the second day of March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine; and such penalties and forfeitures may be examined, and the penal-mitigated, or remitted, in like manner, and under the like condi-milgated, see an included the condi-milgated, see as tions, regulations, and restrictions, as are prescribed, authorized, actreferred to. and directed, by the act, entitled "An act to provide for mitigating or remitting the forfeitures, penalties, and disabilities, accruing in certain cases therein mentioned," passed the third day [5Ch. 361,vol. 3.] of March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-seven, and made perpetual by an act passed the eleventh day of February, one thousand eight hundred.

1809.

Sen act of the 1800: chap. 317, post: and act of lat May, 1810; chap. 364, post.]

SECT. 19. And be it further enacted, That this act shall com-This act to be in tinue and be in force until the end of the next session of congress, force until the and no longer; and that the act laying an embargo on all ships The set laying and no longer, and the ports and harbors of the United States, and repealed after the several acts supplementary thereto, shall be, and the same the 20th June, are hereby, repealed from and after the end of the next session of congress.* [Approved, March 1, 1809.]

[#Obsolete]

CHAP. 196. [XCII.] An act making provision for the further accommodation of the household of the president of the United States.

of furniture for the president's household, &cc.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-The president empowered, at after the third day of March next, the president of the United per the 3d of March, 1810, to cause to be sold to be sold, such articles, furnished by the United States for the such articles of the president's household, as may be decayed out of the president's household, as may be decayed out of the president's household, as may be decayed out of the president's household. the president's household, as may be decayed, out of repair, bouneholds may be decayed, for use; and that the proceeds of such sale, and so much of a The proceeds of sum, not exceeding fourteen thousand dollars, in addition there-exceeding 14,000 to, out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, dolls, appropriated for articles as the president of the United States may judge necessary, be, of furniture for and hereby are, appropriated for the accommodation of the household of the president, to be laid out and expended for such articles of furniture as he shall direct.

[Approved, March 2, 1809.]

CHAP. 197. [XCIII.] An act to extend the time for making payment for the public lands of the United States.

Persons who by virtue of pro-emption, &cc. and whose lands have not been ld, or reverted, for nonpayment, &c. allowed a further term of money, &c.

ration of one year after the last payment

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That every person who hath heretofore purchased any of the public have purchased lands of the United States, at any of the land offices established by virtue of pro- for the disposal of the said lands, whether such purchase was made at public or private sale, (sales by virtue of a pre-emption right only excepted,) and whose lands have not already been actually sold, or reverted to the United States, for nonpayment of two years for the payment or payment on account of such purchase, according to former laws, the residue of the principal of the principal of the principal of the principal of the purchase according to former laws, the purchase are purchase and purchase are payment of the purchase are payment, shall be allowed a first day of the purchase are purchase are payment. January next, shall be allowed a further term of two years for the payment of the residue of the principal due on account of The two years such purchase; which further term of two years shall be calculated lated and a constant of the calculated lated and constant of the calcula from the expiral lated to commence from the expiration of one year from and after the day on which the last payment on account of such purchase should, according to former laws, have become due; and shall be allowed only on the following conditions; that is to say: First, That all the arrears of interest, on the land purchased, to terest, &c. must the end of one year from and after the day on which the last payment on account of such purchase should, according to former ws, have become due, shall have been paid at or before the ad of such year. Second, That the residue of the sum, due a account of the principal of such purchase, shall be paid, with The residue of the principal, nterest thereon, in two equal annual payments, viz: one-half of with increase, be paid in two he said residue, with the interest which may then be due there-equal more m, within one year; and the other half of the said residue, with pays he interest which may then be due thereon, within two years fter the expiration of one year from and after the day on which he last payment on account of such purchase should, according o former laws, have become due. And, in case of failure in In case of failure aying either the arrears of interest on each of the two instal-in paying. Sec. nents of principal, with the accruing interest, at the time and and to revert, imes abovementioned, the tract of land shall be forthwith advertised and offered for sale, in the manner, and on the terms and conditions, now prescribed for the sale of lands purchased from the United States, and not paid for within the limited time; and shall revert, in like manner, to the United States, if the sum due, with interest, be not at such sale bidden and paid.* [Approved, March 2, 1809.] 201, post.]

CHAP. 198. [XCIV.] An act further to amend the judicial system of the United States.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, in case of the disability of the district judge of either of the disability of a tricts of the United States to hold a district court, and to per-district judge of either of the disability of a tricts of the United States to hold a district court, and to per-district judge of either of the district state of the duties of his office, and satisfactory evidence thereof and evidence being shown to the justice of the supreme court, allotted to that to the justice of circuit in which such district court ought by law to be holden; to the supreme court, allotted to that to the justice of the supreme court, allotted to the supreme court allotted to the supreme court said trist court ought. district, in writing, to the said justice of the supreme court, said trist court out to be holden, justice of the supreme court shall thereupon issue his order, in the district at the distri the nature of a certiorari, directed to the clerk of such district court, shall the justice requiring him forthwith to certify into the next circuit court to to the clerk, directly him for the holden in said district, all actions, suits, causes, pleas, or prosertify into the cesses, civil or criminal, of what nature or kind soever, that may next circult be depending in said district court and undetermined, with all sales fice. the proceedings thereon, and all files and papers relating thereto; which said order shall be immediately published in one or more newspapers, printed in said district, and at least thirty days beor more newspapers, printed in said district, and at least thirty days beor more newspapers. fore the session of such circuit court, and shall be deemed a suf- trier, &c. ficient notification to all concerned. And the said circuit court The circuit court to have cognishall thereupon have the same cognizance of all such actions, same, see, suits, causes, pleas, or processes, civil or criminal, of what nature or kind soever, and in the like manner as the district court of said district by law might have, of the circuit court, had the same been originally commenced therein; and shall proceed to hear and determine the same accordingly; and the said justice of the surreme the supreme court, during the continuance of such disability, court to exercise shall, moreover, be invested with, and exercise, all and singular the distributes

1000. ben for the dis e construed as

In this act to re-quire the judge of the supreme eourt, to hold any court, &c. at any other than the local time, &c.

eireuit court,

CORPT. &cc.

In case of ina-bility of a district judge to clerk, by leave of the circuit judge, to take examinations and depositions of witnesses &c.

the powers and authority vested by law in the judge of the triet court in said district. And all bonds and recognisance taken for, or returnable to, such district court, shall be construed and taken to be to the sircuit court, to be holden thereafter, construct as pursuance of this act, and shall have the same force and effect in such circuit court as they could have had in the district court Provide nothing to which they were taken: Provided, That nothing in this act contained shall be so construed as to require of the judge of the supreme court, within whose circuit such district may lie, to hold any special court, or court of admiralty, at any other time than the legal time for holding the circuit court of the United States in and for such district.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the clerk of such

The clerk of the district court.

8 SCT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the clerk of such during the continuance of the district court shall, during the continuance of the district judge, continue to certify, as aforesaid, all suits or district name to extend the district pudge, to action of the district pudge, action of the district pudge, action of the district pudge, action of the district pudge. spits, see to the brought to such district court, and the same transmit, to the circuit court next thereafter to be holden in the same district; and the said circuit court shall have cognizance of the same in like manner as is hereinbefore provided in this act, and shall proceed Provise when to hear and determine the same: Provided, nevertheless, That the district judge when the disability of the district judge shall cease or be removthen pending to ed, all suits or actions then pending and undetermined in the from the circuit circuit court, in which by law the district courts have an exclusive original cognizance, shall be remanded, and the clerk of the said circuit court shall transmit the same, pursuant to the order of said court, with all matters and things relating thereto, to the district court next thereafter to be holden in said district, and the same proceedings shall be had therein in said district court, as would have been had the same originated, or been continued, in the said district court.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That, in case of the district judge in any district being unable to discharge his duties, as changehists aforesaid, the district clerk of such district shall be authorized and empowered, by leave or order of the circuit judge of the circuit in which such district is included, to take, during such disability of the district judge, all examinations and depositions of witnesses, and make all necessary rules and orders preparatory to the final hearing of all causes of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction. [Approved, March 2, 1809.]

> CHAP. 199. [XCV.] An act further to amend the several acts for the establishment and regulation of the treasury, war, and navy, departments.

All warrants

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representadrawn by the secretary softhe tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That treasury, war, or all warrants drawn by the secretary of the treasury, or of war, treasurer, to specify the particular or of the navy, upon the treasurer of the United States, shall lar appropriations specify the particular appropriation or appropriations to which The money paid, the same should be charged: The moneys paid by virtue of such set, to be charge warrants shall, in conformity therewith, be charged to such ap-

repriation or appropriations, in the books kept in the office of 1809. he comptroller of the treasury, in the case of warrants drawn appropriation, by the eccretary of the treasury, and in the books of the accountants of the war or navy departments, respectively, in the case of warvants drawn by the secretary of war, or by the secretary of he navy; and the officers, agents, or other persons, who may be be eccivers of public moneys shall render distinct accounts of the distinc application of such moneys according to the appropriation or apmoneys according to the appropriation or apmoneys accord
aropriations under which the same shall have been drawn; and ing to the appropriation, for the secretary of war and of the navy shall, on the first day of Theser Famuary, in each and every year, severally report to congress a of war sad n listinct account of the expenditure and application of all such in each year, same of money as may, prior to the thirtieth day of September gran admin preceding, have been by them, respectively, drawn from the treasary in virtue of the appropriation law of the preceding years and the sums appropriated by law for each branch of expenditure printed for each branch of expenditure printed for each in the several departments shall be solely applied to the objects dimens be solely applied, and to no other: by applied, &c. Provided, nevertheless, That, during the recess of congress, the the resistent may, president of the United States may, and he is hereby authorized, application of the secretary of the proper department, and the secretary of the proper department appropriate of the secretary of the proper department. not otherwise, to direct, if in his opinion necessary for the public tion of the moneys appropriated for a particular branch of expenditure in that department, be applied to anopositive to be ther branch of expenditure in the same department; in which ther branch in case a special account of the moneys thus transferred, and of A special account of the moneys thus transferred, and of A special actually application, shall be laid before congress during the first count of the moneys their application, shall be laid before congress during the first count of the money the congress of their next ensuing session.

Sect. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty for the transferred in the compared to the transferred t

of the comptroller of the treasury, in every case where, in his of the treasury, on injury further delays would be injurious to the United States, where is think opinion, further delays would be injurious to the United States, where he this and he is hereby authorized, to direct the auditor of the treasu-would be injurious, to the auditor, and the accountants of the war and navy departments, at the auditor, any time, forthwith to gudit and settle any particular account war and many time, forthwith to which the said officers may be, respectively, authorized to audit disand settle any and settle, and to report such settlement for his revision and final count, be, and decision. And the said comptroller shall also lay an annual state-revision, &c. ment before congress, during the first week of their session, of The comptroller to lay an annual transfer to lay an annual state to lay an annual state to lay an annual state. the accounts in the treasury, war, or navy, departments, which statement before may have remained more than three years unsettled, or on which the accounts is balances appear to have been due more than three years, prior war, and navy to the thirtieth of September then last past, together with a state- of bulances, of ment of the causes which have prevented the settlement of the more than three years standing, accounts, or the recovery of the balances, due to the United &cc.

States.

Sect. 3. And be it further enacted, That, exclusively of the the purveyor, purveyor of public supplies paymasters of the army, pursers of the permanent at the paymasters. purveyor of public supplies, paymasters of the army, pursuit of permanent of the navy, military agents, and other officers already authorized gents to be a pointed for n by law, no other permanent agents shall be appointed, either for making contracts, or for the purchase of supplies, the formal the purpose of making contracts, or for the purchase of supplies, the total the purpose of making contracts, or for the purchase of supplies, the savel or for the disbursement in any other manner, of moneys for the unless by the unless by the president and use of the military establishment, or of the navy of the United sanate.

1809.

The president may fix the numtion of the

Proviso; the

moneys in some incorporated bank,&c. make monthly re-

All purchases by open purgress at the be ginning of each

States, but such as shall be appointed by the president of the United States, with the advice and consent of the senate: Pro Proviso; the pre- vided, That the president may, and he is hereby authorized, is sident may up the recess of the senate, to appoint all or any of such agents in the recess, the which appoint may be the senate at their the recess, the which appointments about he provides the senate at their which appointments shall be submitted to the senate, at their next session, for their advice and consent; and the president of bet and compene the United States is hereby authorized, until otherwise provided by law, to fix the number and compensations of such agents: Provided. That the compensation allowed to either shall not excompensation not to exceed one per centum on the public moneys disbursed by him. nor in any instance the compensation allowed by law to the purveyor of public supplies.

Sect. 4. And be it further enacted, That every such agent as give bond, &c. to may be appointed by virtue of the next preceding section, and SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That every such agent as every purser of the navy, shall give bond, with one or more sufficient sureties, in such sums as the president of the United States may direct, for the faithful discharge of the trust reposed The paymaster of the army, put in him; and the paymaster of the army, the military agents, the veyor, according to the purveyor of public supplies, the pursers of the navy, and the practicable, to keep the public agents appointed by virtue of the preceding section, shall, whenever practicable, keep the public moneys in their hands, in some incorporated bank, to be designated for the purpose by the president of the United States, and shall make monthly returns, in such form as may be prescribed by the treasury department, of the moneys received and expended during the preceding month, and of the unexpended balance in their hands.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That all purchases and and contracts for supplies, account contracts for supplies, or services which are or may, according der the direction of the secretary to law, be made; by or under the direction of either the secretary of the treasury, of the treasury, the secretary of war, or the secretary of the navy, navy, to be made shall be made either by open purchase, or by previously advertising for proposals respecting the same: And an annual statement of all such contracts and purchases, and also of the expenditure or the moneys appropriated for the contingent expenses of the many slitters because of the many slitters continued to the contingent expenses of the navy slitters because of the United States, and for the discharge claims not otherwise provided for, and paid at the treasury, shall be laid before congress at the beginning of each year, by the secretary of the proper department. [Approved, March 3, 1809.]

[*Obsolete.]

CHAP. 200. [XCVI.] An act making a further appropriation towards completing the two wings of the capitol at the city of Washington, and for other purposes.*

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That Bums of money the following sums of money be, and the same are hereby, ap-perceptioned, to be applied under the direction of the president of e applied under se direction of propriated, to be applied under the direction of the president of the United States; that is to say:

For improvements and repairs of the house of representatives,

six thousand dollars.

For completing the work in the interior of the north wing, omprising the senate chamber, court room, &c. twenty thou-For completing and dollars.

For completing the stair case, and providing temporary and For completing dequate accommodations for the library, in the room now used the state case, or that purpose, and in the one in which the senate now sit, five nousand dollars.

For improvements and repairs of the president's house and ror improve quare, including a carriage house, twelve thousand dollars.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the several sums of the president's thouse, &c. of the president's house, &c.

The sums appro-

loney hereby appropriated, shall be paid out of any money in priated to be he treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, March 3, 1809.]

HAP, 201. [XCVIL] This is an act relating entirely to the district of Columbia. See act of 18th April, 1814; sec. 1, chap. 657, post.

CHAP. 202. [XCVIII.] This is an act relating entirely to the district of Columbia. See act of 18th April, 1814; sec. 1, chap. 657, post.

CHAP. 203. [XCIX.] An act for the relief of Jacob Barnitz.*

[* Private and obsolete.]

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representaives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That there be allowed to Jacob Barnitz, formerly an ensign in captain allowed to Jacob Christian Stoke's company, in colonel Swope's battalion of the Barnitz, forms Christian Stoke's company, in colonic swope sometimes, on on account of suffering and Pennsylvania flying camp, the sum of one thousand dollars, on on account of suffering and sure expenses, &c. account of sufferings, and expenses in procuring medical and sur-expenses, & incurred by gical aid, incurred by wounds received in the revolutionary war wounds received with Great Britain, and that the same be paid to him out of any the revolunoney remaining in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, March 3, 1809.]

CHAP. 204. [C.] An act authorizing an augmentation of the marine corps.

Szct. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representalives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the president of the United States shall be, and he is hereby, The president authorized to cause the marine corps in the service of the United cause the marine States to be augmented, by the appointment and enlistment of corps to be augmented, by not bounty, clothing, and rations, and shall be employed under the same pay, so allowed the same pay, so allowed the same pay. same rules and regulations to which the said marine corps are, or [†Sessetofite shall be, entitled and subject.† shall be, entitled and subject.

for five years, [* See sec. 8, ch. \$0, vol. 3.]

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the After the said passage of this act, all enlistments in the said corps shall be for shall be for the said corps sha contrary notwithstanding.* [Approved, March 3, 1809.]

307, post. See orig. act of \$1st April, 1806;ante,

If Repealed, by CHAP. 205. [CI.] An act supplemental to the act, entitled "An act for estate of at March.
1811; sec. 15, ch.

blishing trading houses with the Indian tribes." †

SECT. 1. Be it enceted by the senate and house of represent dent, incomes, tives of the United States of America in congress assenses, and the exceeding to see dollar as a sum, not exceeding forty thousand dollars, in addition to the ditional appropriated for the purpose of carrying on trade to the purpose of carrying on trade to the second rying on trade and intercourse with the Indian nations, in the manner prescribed arso with the by the act, entitled "An act for establishing trading houses with [1 Ante, ch. 44.] the Indian tribes," t be and the same is hereby appropriated, 10 be paid out of any moneys in the treasury of the United States, not otherwise appropriated.

800 dolls, appro-priated for an additional clerk in the office of tendent of Indian trade.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the sum of eight hundred dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, out of any moneys in the treasury of the United States, not otherwise appropriated, for an additional clerk in the office of the superintendent of Indian trade.

The proviso to the 18th sec. of the stee set mention twelfth section of the act, entitled "An act for establishing traded, repealed, and the serve is bere-SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the proviso to the [sante, ch. 40.] ding houses with the Indian tribes," be, and the same is hereby, repealed.

The act to which April, 1812.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the act to which shis act is supplementary, and this is a supplement, and also this act, shall, from and after the elementary, and this is a supplement, and also this act, snall, from and and this act, continued in mediate twenty-first day of April next, commence and be continued in mediately the size twenty-first day of April next, commence and be continued in the continue force for and during the term of three years, and no longer.

[Approved, March 3, 1809.]

[1 Private.]

CHAP. 206. [CII.] An act to extend to Amos Whitemore, and William Whittemore, junior, the patent right to a machine for manufacturing cotton and wool cards.

the manufacture of cotton and wool cards, &c. extended to Amos Whittemore, and Wil-liam Whitte-1811, &ce.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representtives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That All the priviles all the privileges and benefits granted to Amos Whittemore, of Amos Whittemore, of Amos Whittemore, of Amos White the state of Massachusetts, in consideration of a machine inventthe state of Massachusetts, in consideration of a machine invent more, by patent, for a machine for ed by him for the manufacture of cotton and wool cards within the United States, by a patent issued from the department of state, and bearing date the fifth day of June, one thousand seren hundred and ninety-seven, be, and the same are hereby, extended to Amos Whittemore, and William Whittemore, junior, 25 for 14 years, from joint proprietors of the said machine, for and during the term of the shi Jane, fourteen record fourteen years, to commence on the fifth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eleven; any thing in the act, entitled "An act to promote the progress of useful arts, and to repeal the act heretofore made for that purpose," I to the contrary notwithstanding. [Approved, March 3, 1809.]

[¶Chap. 156, vol. 3.]

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CHAP, 207. [CIII.] An act making appropriations for the support of the military establishment, and of the navy of the United States, for the year one thousand eight hundred and nine." i 609. [Obs: erc.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, for defraying the expense of the military establishment of the med for d fray United States, for the year one thousand eight hundred and nine, of the military for the Indian department, and for the expense of fortifications, sumblishment, arsenals, magazines, and armories, the following sums be, and 1800, &c. the same hereby are, respectively, appropriated; that is to say:

For the pay of the army of the United States, eight hundred the army.

and sixty-eight thousand two hundred and forty dollars.

For forage, sixty-four thousand six hundred and twenty-four For forage. dollars.

For subsistence, six hundred and forty-one thousand two For subsistence. hundred and twenty-eight dollars and thirty-five cents.

For clothing, two hundred and ninety-three thousand two For clothing.

hundred and sixty-four dollars.

For bounties and premiums, fifteen thousand dollars.

For the medical and hospital departments, forty-five thousand and hospital departments.

For the medical and hospital departments, forty-five thousand and hospital departments. dollars.

Porhountles and

For camp equipage, fuel, tools, and transportation, two hun-for camp equidred and seventy thousand dollars.

For ordnance, seventy-five thousand dollars.

For ordnance.

For purchasing horses, saddles, and bridles, for the light dra- for the light goons, and for the light artillery, fifty-one thousand seven hun-dragoum, &c. dred and twenty dollars.

For forage for the horses for the regiment of light artillery, For forage for the horses of the notation thousand eight hundred dollars. ten thousand eight hundred dollars.

For fortifications, arsenals, magazines, and armories, two hun- for fortifications, &c. dred and nineteen thousand and thirty-four dollars and seventyfive cents.

For purchasing maps, plans, books, and instruments, two For maps, plans, thousand five hundred dollars.

For contingencies, fifty thousand dollars.

For the salary of clerks employed in the military agents' of- For eleris in the fices, and in the office of inspector of the army, three thousand offices, acc. five hundred dollars.

For the Indian department, one hundred and twenty-five for the Indian department. thousand six hundred dollars.

For the purpose of paying James Powell, late collector of Sa-Powell, late colvannah, the amount of moneys advanced by him to Solomon Ellis, contractor for supplying rations to the troops of the United advanced by him States, in the state of Georgia, including a commission of two lis, contractor, per centum to the collector transfer and per centum to the collector, twenty-seven thousand six hundred and twenty-one dollars and eight cents.

For the purpose of paying Ferdinand Phinizy, late contractor for paying Ferdinand Phinisy, for supplying the troops in Georgia, a balance due to him, as late contractor, admitted by the comptroller of the treasury, on the twenty-fourth due to him, &c. of July, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine, one thousand three hundred and ninety-three dollars and thirty-nine cents.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That, for defraying the

1809.

Some appropriexpenses of the navy of the United States, during the year one
sted for defraying the expenses thousand eight hundred and nine, the following sums, including
of the navy,
during the year
therein the sum of four hundred thousand dollars, already ap1809, &c.

propriated by an act entitled "An act authorizing the applica-

propriated by an act, entitled " An act authorizing the employ-

[*Anti-th. 182] ment of an additional naval force,"* the following sums be, and the same are hereby, respectively, appropriated; that is to say:

For the pay and subsistence of

For the pay and subsistence of the officers, and pay of the of seamen, St. Serventy seaven dellar seventy-seven dollars. For provisions, five hundred and sixty-seven thousand seven

For provisions. hundred and sixty-five dollars.

For medicines, instruments, and hospital stores, thirty-five For medicines, thousand dollars.

For repairs of vessels.

For repairs of vessels, four hundred and forty-five thousand dollars.

For freight,

For freight, store rent, commissions to agents, and other contingent expenses, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

For pay and sub-sistence of the narine corpe,

For pay and subsistence of the marine corps, including provisions for those on shore, and forage for the staff, one hundred and thirty-five thousand six hundred and forty-seven dollars and seventy cents.

For clothing for

For clothing for the same, thirty-two thousand nine hundred the marine corps. and thirty-three dollars and eighty cents.

For military stores.

For military stores for the same, one thousand three hundred and fifty-four dollars.

For medicines, nedical services,

For medicines, medical services, hospital stores, and all other expenses on account of the sick belonging to the marine corps, two thousand dollars.

For quartermas ter's and bar-rackmaster's stores, &c.

For quartermaster's and barrackmaster's stores, officers' travelling expenses, armorers' and carpenters' bills, fuel, premiums for enlisting, musical instruments, bounty to music, and other contingent expenses of the marine corps, fourteen thousand one hundred and twenty-five dollars.

For navy yards, Жe.

For the expense of navy yards, comprising dock and other improvements, pay of superintendents, storekeepers, clerks, and laborers, sixty thousand dollars.

For ordnance and small arms.

For ordnance and small arms, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

The sums appro-priated to be paid out of the treasury, &c.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the several sums specifically appropriated by this act, shall be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, March 3, 1809.]

CHAP. 208. [CIV.] An act concerning invalid pensioners.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-The secretary of tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That was to place the the secretary of the secretary of war be, and he is hereby, directed to place the following named persons, whose claims have been transmitted to congress pursuant to a law passed the tenth of April, one thou-

sand eight hundred and six,* on the pension list of invalid pensioners of the United States, according to the rates, and to commence at the times, herein mentioned; that is to say:

Oxford Tash, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per wames of person month, to commence on the first day of June, one thousand eight placed on the person lies, &c. hundred and seven.

Hezekiah Sawtell, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the twenty-eighth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Amos Spafford, at the rate of three dollars thirty-three and one-third cents per month, to commence on the twenty-third day

of October, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Josiah Temple, at the rate of two dollars per month, to commence on the fifteenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Isaac Abbott, at the rate of eight dollars per month, to commence on the nineteenth day of November, one thousand eight

hundred and eight.

Thaddeus Waugh, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the thirty-first day of May, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Joel Hinman, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the eighth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

David Pendleton, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the twentieth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Eliphalet Sherwood, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the twentieth day of May, one

thousand eight hundred and eight.

Daniel Treadwell, at the rate of four dollars per month, to commence on the twentieth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Obadiah Perkins, at the rate of eight dollars per month, to commence the eighteenth day of November, one thousand eight

hundred and eight.

John Daboll, at the rate of sixty-two and one-half cents per month, to commence on the eighteenth day of November, one

thousand eight hundred and eight.

Gideon Edwards, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the seventeenth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Elijah Sheldon, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the nineteenth day of December, one

thousand eight hundred and eight.

Nathaniel Church, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the thirtieth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Richard Mellen, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the ninth day of November, one thousand eight

hundred and eight.

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Elisha Prior, at the rate of three dollars and seventy are cents per month, to commence on the thirteenth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

John Cramer, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the twenty-fifth day of April, one thou-

sand eight hundred and eight.

James Phillips, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the nineteenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

John Walsh, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the eighth day of September, one thou-

sand eight hundred and eight.

Samuel Lindsley, at the rate of three dollars and seventy-sve cents per month, to commence on the thirty-first day of October, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

John Fergus, at the rate of two dollars per month, to commence on the twentieth day of October, one thousand eight

hundred and eight.

Joseph Elliot, at the rate of three dollars thirty-three and one-third cents per month, to commence on the twenty-first day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

James Correar, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the twenty-fifth day of November, one

thousand eight hundred and eight.

John Smith, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the twenty-seventh day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Joseph White, at the rate of three dollars and seventy-five cents per month, to commence on the twenty-second day of

February, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Edward Tuck, at the rate of three dollars per month, to commence on the second day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Evan Ragland, at the rate of three dollars per month, to commence on the seventh day of January, one thousand eight hun-

dred and eight.

John Crute, at the rate of thirteen dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-eighth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

William Evans, at the rate of eight dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-first day of November, one thousand

eight hundred and eight.

John Carmichael, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the first day of December, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Benjamin Vickery, at the rate of three dollars per month, to commence on the fourteenth day of June, one thousand eight

hundred and eight.

Joshua Hawkins, at the rate of three dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-fifth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eight,

Joseph MJunkin, at the rate of twelve dellars per month, commence on the eighteenth day of October, one thousand marging eight hundred and eight.

Samuel Otterson, at the rate of eight dollars per month, to commence on the sixth day of October, one thousand eight

hundred and eight.

William Carr, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the twenty-eighth day of March, one

thousand eight hundred and eight.

Jonathan Tinsley, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-third day of September, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

James Gallespie, at the rate of four dollars per month, to commence on the eighteenth day of June, one thousand eight hun-

dred and eight.

Christian Smith, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the fifth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Bartholomew Berry, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the seventh day of November, one thousand eight

hundred and eight.

John Robert Shaw, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the twelfth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

: Samuel Burton, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the twenty-ninth day of December, one

thousand eight hundred and eight.

Nathaniel Hewitt, at the rate of three dollars and seventy-five cents per month, to commence on the fifth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and nine.

Jacob Redenour, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the tenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred

and six.

William Reough, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-third day of January, one thousand eight hundred and nine.

Isaiah Corben, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the thirty-first day of October, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Joseph Richardson, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the twentieth day of January, one thou-

sand eight hundred and nine.

William Johnson, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the eighteenth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and nine.

Henry Overfey, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the first day of December, one thousand eight hundred

and eight.

Abraham Gamble, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the eighteenth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and nine.

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1809.

William M'Clannahan, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents Names of invalid per month, to commence on the twenty-seventh day of October one thousand eight hundred and eight.

William M'Laland, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the fourth of February, one thousand eight hun-

dred and nine.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the pensions of the the persons nam-ed, &c. to be in. following persons, already placed on the pension list of the Unieased, as spected States, whose claims for an increase of pension have been [Aste, ch. 24.] transmitted to congress, pursuant to the act aforesaid, be increased to the sums herein, respectively, annexed to their names; the said increase to commence at the times herein mentioned: that is to say:

William Curtis, five dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-first day of September, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Samuel Potter, three dollars thirty-three and one-third cents per month, to commence on the sixth day of September, one

thousand eight hundred and eight.

Thomas Haines, five dollars per month, to commence on the seventeenth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and seven

Daniel Bussell, five dollars per month, to commence on the third day of October, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

William Wood, three dollars thirty-three and one-third cents per month, to commence on the fourteenth day of September. one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Thomas Pratt, three dollars thirty-three and one-third cents per month, to commence on the twenty-fourth day of October,

one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Ebenezer Tinkham, two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the eighth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Joseph Brown, five dollars per month, to commence on the

third day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Benjamin Merrill, three dollars thirty-three and one-third cents per month, to commence on the twenty-eighth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

William Leach, five dollars per month, to commence on the second day of May, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Constant Webb, three dollars per month, to commence on the thirtieth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Jonathan Bowers, five dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-third day of July, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Abner Andrews, five dollars per month, to commence on the first day of September, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Josiah Merryman, five dollars per month, to commence on the seventeenth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Samuel Burdwin, five dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-third day of September, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Oliver Bostwick, ten dollars per month, to commence on the hird day of October, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Names of persons whose pen sions have been

Edward Bassett, two dollars and fifty cents per month, to memmence on the twenty-eighth day of April, one thousand eight middled and eight.

Jeremiah Markham, three dollars and seventy-five cents per nonth, to commence on the third day of June, one thousand light hundred and eight.

Samuel Andrus, three dollars and seventy-five cents per month, o commence on the twenty-third day of September, one thou-

and eight hundred and eight.

Elisha Clark, two dollars and fifty cents per month, to comnence on the twenty-eighth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Aaron Tuttle, three dollars thirty-three and one-third cents per month, to commence on the twenty-fifth day of October,

me thousand eight hundred and eight.

Benjamin Sturges, four dollars per month, to commence he twenty-fifth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Burr Gilbert, five dollars per month, to commence the wenty-eighth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and eight. Jehiel Judd, four dollars per month, to commence on the six-

eenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Ashbel Hosmer, five dollars per month, to commence on the sixth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Andrew M'Guire, five dollars per month, to commence on the first day of August, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

John Lowry, three dollars thirty-three and one-third cents per month, to commence on the nineteenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

James Blever, five dollars per month, to commence on the eighth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Samuel B. White, five dollars per month, to commence on the eighth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Judah Levy, five dollars per month, to commence on the welfth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eight

Enoch Turner, five dollars per month, to commence on the fourteenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Edward Stanton, five dollars per month, to commence on the sineteenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Elisha Lee, twenty dollars per month, to commence on the thirtieth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

William Starr, three dollars and seventy-five cents per month, to commence on the eighteenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

John Morgan, three dollars thirty-three and one-third cents per month, to commence on the eighteenth day of November,

one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Andrew Gallup, three dollars thirty-three and one-third cents per month, to commence on the eighteenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Joseph Woodmancy, five dollars per month, to commence on the eighteenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Solomon Perkins, five dollars per month, to commence on the eighteenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and

eight.

Walter Burdick, two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the eighteenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Park Avery, five dollars per month, to commence on the eighteenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eight

Amos Avery, two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the eighteenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Ebenezer Avery, two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the eighteenth day of November, one thousand

eight hundred and eight.

Benjamin Denslow, five dollars per month, to commence on the seventh day of December, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Amos Skeele, three dollars thirty-three and one-third cents per month, to commence on the twenty-eighth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

William Burrows, five dollars per month, to commence on the twelfth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Elisha Frizzle, five dollars per month, to commence on the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and nine.

John M'Kinstrey, twenty dollars per month, to commence on the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and nine.

Samuel Gibbs, thirteen dollars thirty-three and one-third cents per month, to commence the eighth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

John Barbarick, five dollars per month, to commence on the fifteenth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

James Morgan, two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the fifth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and nine.

Leseph Moxley, two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the fifth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and nine.

Daniel Bill, five dollars per month, to commence on the fifth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and nine.

Christopher Latham, three dollars and seventy-five cents per month, to commence on the fifth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and nine.

Pensioners in virtue of this a

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the pensioners, to be paid in the becoming such in virtue of this act, shall be paid in the same manner as invalid pensioners are paid who have heretofore been placed on the pension list of the United States, under such restrictions and regulations, in all respects, as are prescribed by the laws of the United States in such cases provided.

[Approved, March 3, 1809.]

ACTS OF THE ELEVENTH CONGRESS

OF

THE UNITED STATES:

ASSED AT THE FIRST SESSION, WHICH WAS BEGUN AND HELD AT THE CITY OF WASHINGTON, IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, ON MONDAY, THE 22D OF MAY, 1809, AND ENDED ON THE 28TH OF JUNE, IN THE SAME YEAR.

 James Madison, President. George Clinton, Vice President, and President of the Senate. Andrew Gregg, President of the Senate, pro tempore, on the 28th of June. J. B. Varnum, Speaker of the House of Representation. sentatives.

CHAP. 209. [I.] An act respecting the ships or vessels owned by citizens or subjects of foreign nations with which commercial intercourse is permitted. [Obselett.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, rom and after the passing of this act, all ships or vessels owned by subjects of by citizens or subjects of any foreign nation with which com- with which mercial intercourse is permitted by the act, entitled "An act to commercial in interdict the commercial intercourse between the United States interdict the commercial intercourse between the United States interdict the commercial intercourse between the United States and Great Britain and France, and their dependencies, and for or board eargoes of the purposes,"† be permitted to take on board cargoes of dotorign produce, and to depart with the same for any manner, &c, as foreign port or place with which such intercourse is, or shall, at provided in the case of vessels the same manner, and on the same conditions as is provided by citations, &c. the same manner, and on the same conditions, as is provided by [7Ame,ea, 198.] the act aforesaid, for vessels owned by citizens of the United States; any thing in the said act, or in the act laying an embargo on all ships and vessels in the ports and harbors of the United States, or in any of the several acts supplementary thereto, to the contrary notwithstanding. [Approved, May 30, 1809.]

CHAP. 210. [II.] An act making further appropriations to complete the fortifications commenced for the security of the ports and harbors of the United States, and to erect such fortifications as may be necessary for the protection of the northern and western frontiers of the United States.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-750,000 dolls. appropriated for tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, empleting the fortifications for the purpose of completing the fortifications commenced for commenced for the security of the seaport towns and harbors of the United the seaport States, and territories thereof, and for erecting such fortifications bors of the United the seaport states, and territories thereof, and for erecting such fortifications bors of the United the Seaport towns and harbors of the United the United the Seaport towns and harbors of the United the Seaport towns and th

for erecting others, &c.,

as may, in the opinion of the president of the United States, be ted States, and deemed necessary for the protection of the northern and western frontiers, there be, and hereby is, appropriated the sum of seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars, to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, June 14, 1809.]

[Obsolete.]

CHAP. 211. [III,] An act authorizing the appointment of an agent for the land office at Kaskaskia, and allowing compensation to the commissioners and clerk.*

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representathe transury as tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the secretary of the treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized to far a compensation not exceed, employ an agent, whose compensation shall not exceed five hundred dollars, in full for all his services, for the purpose of appearance belowed pearing before the board of commissioners for adjusted. claims to land in the Kaskaskia district, in behalf of the United States, to investigate the claims for land, and to oppose all such as he may deem fraudulent and unfounded.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That five hundred dollars shall be allowed to each of the said commissioners, and to the clerk of the board, as compensation for their services rendered stoners, and to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight.

[Approved, June 15, 1809.]

[# See orig, set, of 3d March, 1907; auto, chap. 90.]

CHAP. 212. [IV.] An act supplementary to an act, entitled . An act making appropriations for carrying into effect a treaty between the United States and the Chickasaw tribe of Indians; and to establish a land office in the Mississippi territory."†

50 much of the lands ceded by the Cherokee and Chickssaw Indians, as lies within the Miswithin the Mis aissippl territo-ry, for which a land office was directed to be established by the 2d section

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That so much of the lands ceded to the United States by the Cherokee and Chickasaw Indians, as lies within the Mississippi territory, and for which a land office was directed to be established by the second section of the act to which this act is a supplement, shall, with the exception of section number sixteen in each townof the act references ship, which shall be reserved for the use of schools within the exception of No. same, and with the exception of the salt springs and lands conforce for sale to tiguous thereto, which, by direction of the president of the the highest bid United States, may be reserved for the future disposal of the [1 Ante, ch. 90.] said United States, be offered for sale to the highest bidder, under the direction of the register of the land office, and of the receiver of public moneys at the place where the land office is established, and on the day or days which shall have been designated by, proclamation of the president of the United States for The sales to re- that purpose; the sales shall remain open for six weeks, and no longer; the lands shall not be sold for less than two dollars an weeks, some too be louiger, are saures small hot so the same size, and, in all resold for less than acre, and shall be sold in tracts of the same size, and, in all resold for less than acre, and shall be sold in tracts of the same size, and, in all respects, on the same terms and conditions, as have been, or may

be, by law, provided for the sale of the other public lands in the Mississippi territory.* All the lands of the United States in [See ch the said district, with the exceptions abovementioned, remaining Lands remaini vate sale, by the register of the land office, in the same manner, may be distunder the same regulations, for the same price, and on the same of at private sale, one. terms and conditions, as are or may be provided, by law, for the sale of the lands of the United States in the Mississippi territory; and patents shall be obtained for lands sold in said district, in the same manner, and on the same terms, as are provided by law for other public lands sold in the Mississippi territory.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the superintendents of the public sales directed by this act, shall, each, receive six re dollars a day, for every day's attendance on the said sales. [Approved, June 15, 1809.] tendano

CHAP. 213. [V.] An act to continue in force "An act declaring the assent of congress to a certain act of the state of South Carolina, passed the twenty-first of December, one thousand eight hundred and four."

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That ante, chap. 17.1 The act declarated and six, entitled "An act declaring the consent of congress to an act of the state of South Carolina, passed on the twenty-carolina, six first day of December, one thousand eight hundred and four, so thorizing the consent of congress to an act of the state of South Carolina, passed on the twenty-carolina, so thorizing the consent of congress to an act of the state of South Carolina, so thorizing the city council of the state of the far as the same relates to authorizing the city council of Charles-Charleston to impose and collect a duty on the tonnage of vessels from tonnage, &c.
foreign ports," be, and the same is hereby, continued in force the 3d March. from the passage of this act, for five years, and thence to the [5 Ante, ch. 17.] end of the next session of congress thereafter, and no longer.

[Approved, June 15, 1809.]

CHAP. 214. [VI.] An act authorizing the discharge of John Heard from [[Private] his imprisonment.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-John Heard, late collector of the port of Amboy, in the state of charged from New Jersey, be discharged from his imprisonment, upon a judgico. ment obtained against him in favor of the United States: Pro-Proving John vided, however, That he shall first assign and convey all the es-convey his estatate, real and personal, which he may now own, or be entitled of the United to, to some person or persons, for the use and benefit of the United States, &c. ted States, under the direction of the secretary of the treasury: And provided also, That the said judgment shall remain in full Proviso; the force against any estate which the said John Heard may hereaf-main in force ter acquire, and that process may at any time be thereupon issued ture estate, see against the same. [Approved, June 20, 1809.]

1809. 1 Obsolete.] CHAP. 215. [VII.] An act to fix the time for the next meeting of congress.

This act provides that the next meeting of congress shall take place on the fourth Monday of November, 1809.

Approved, June 24, 1809.]

f Private and

CHAP. 216. [VIII.] An act for the remission of certain penalties and forfeitures; and for other purposes.†

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-

ty, &c. incurred.

tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorrequitany penal ized to remit any penalty or forfeiture which may have been inin consequence curred in consequence of the violation of any of the provisions of the violation of the provisions of the act, entitled "An act to prohibit the importation of slaves of the act to of the act, enduced An act of prohibit the institute into any port or place within the jurisdiction of the United States, nortation of portation of into any port or place within the jurisdiction of the United States, alone, see by from and after the first day of January, in the year of our Lord persons concernpersons concerned in bringing one thousand eight hundred and eight,"‡ by any person who owned by person may have been concerned in bringing into any port or place sons forcibly examples. States, any slave or slaves, pelled from Ca- within the jurisdiction of the United States, any slave or slaves, ba dec. [1 Anso, ch. 77.] owned by any person or persons who shall have been forcibly expelled from the island of Cuba, by order of the government thereof: and the president of the United States is hereby further authorized to release all vessels and other effects which may have Proviso; the pro-sident to be first been, or may hereafter be, seized therefor: Provided, That he satisfied that the shall be first satisfied, in every case, that the person thus conshall be first satisfied, in every case, that the person thus con-

ed were impel-led by circum-stances that would justify

out any intention on the part of such person voluntarily to evade Proviso: the vessel, with their owners.

The president authorized to make arrange-ments with the minister of France for transporting the ex-iles from Cuba to any place within the French territo-

Proviso; the vessels transporting the ex-iles to depart in ballast, &cc.

15,000 dolls. ap may be deemed necessary for the voyage, in every case. And propriated to supply the exiles to enable the president to carry into effect any such arrangement, saries of subsistence, &c.

any of the provisions of the act aforesaid: And provided also, slaves to have any of the provisions of the act aforesaid: And provided also, been brought at That such slave or slaves shall have been brought into the Unities same time. and in the same ted States in the same vessel, and at the same time, as their owner or owners, respectively. Sect. 2. And be it further enacted, That the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to make any arrangement with the minister plenipotentiary of France, which he may deem necessary and proper, for transporting such of the unfortunate exiles from the said island of Cuba, with their effects, as shall desire to depart from the United States, to any port or place within the territories of France, her colonies, or dependencies, any law to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided, That the vessels transporting the same shall depart only in ballast, and without taking on board any other cargo than such sea stores as

as well as for supplying, temporarily, such of the unfortunate ex-

iles, with the necessaries of subsistence, as may be in actual want thereof, there be appropriated the sum of fifteen thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary for these objects, to be paid out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise ap-

cerned in bringing in such slave or slaves as aforesaid, was impelled thereto by circumstances which, in the judgment of the

president of the United States, would justify the act; and with-

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propriated. Provided, however, That all moneys which may be drawn out of the treasury, in virtue of this act, shall be charged Proviso; the to the French government, under such stipulations for reimburscharged to the ing the same, on the part of the minister plenipotentiary of ment, see, France, as, in the judgment of the president, may be deemed proper for that object.

SECT. 3. And be is further enacted, That all claim and demand The claim of the United States to any moneys arising from the sale of the united States to any moneys arising from the sale of the commonly arising from the sale of the sal to Andrew Foster and Jacob P. Giraud, late owners of the said ship Clara, any thing in any former law to the contrary notwithstanding. [Approved, June 28, 1809.]

CHAP. 217. [IX.] An act to amend and continue in force certain parts of the [* Obsolete. See act, entitled "An act to interdict the commercial intercourse between the which are a United States and Great Britain and France, and their dependencies, and mended and confer purposes."

Sor other purposes."

March, 1889;

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- The 3d, 4th, 8th, 2th, 2th, 2th of the United States of America in congress assembled, That 10th, 11th, 17th the third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth, tenth, eletions, of the act
venth, seventeenth, and eighteenth, sections of the act, entitled
mercial intermercial intercourse between
the United States United States and Great Britain and France, and their depen-and France and Great Britain, dencies, and for other purposes,"† shall continue in force until continued until the end of the next session of congress: Provided, That nothing 1810. [†Ante, ch. 195.] therein contained shall be construed to prohibit any trade or provisionthing. commercial intercourse which has been, or may be, permitted in trade, &c. permitted in trade, &c. permitted in trade, &c. permitted in trade, &c. permitted by the said act. said act.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That all acts repealed, All acts repealed, All acts repealed or mentioned, or intended to be, repealed by the said act to in- act to interdict terdict commercial intercourse between the United States and commercial intercourse, &c.

Great Britain and France, and their dependencies, shall be and to remain remain repealed, notwithstanding any part of the same act which has been, or may hereafter be, revoked or annulled, or which may expire by its own limitation: *Provided*, That all the penal- galties and forafter be incurred, on account of any infraction of the act laying any infraction are embargo on all ships and vessels in the ports and harbors of an embargo. Sc. the United States, or of any of the acts supplementary thereto, and distributed or of the "Act to enforce and make more effectual an act, enti
entire and forfeitures which may have been incurred, or shall here on account of any infraction of the act laying any infraction and infr tled "An act laying an embargo on all ships and vessels in the force, &c. ports and harbors of the United States," t or of any of the provi- [tAnte, etc. 276] sions of the act to interdict the commercial intercourse between the United States and Great Britain and France, and their dependencies, and for other purposes, shall, after the expiration of any of the said acts, or of any provision thereof, be recovered

and distributed in like manner as if the said acts and every pro-

vision thereof had continued in full force and virtue.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That, during the continu-



Vessels depart-ing contrary to the provisions of this section, &c. together with their carowners, &c. to commercial in-

The penalties, &c. incurred by wirtue of this act, to be reco

All vessels which anived from act to interdict tereourse, &cc.

During the constance of this act, no ship or vessel, except such as may be chartinance of this act no vessel, tered or employed for the public service by the president of the ement employ-end for the public service by the president of the old for the pub-lic service, &c. or place with which commercial intercourse has not been, or may part for any in not be, permitted by virtue of this act, or of the act to interdict the commercial intercourse between the United States and Great Britain and France, and their dependencies, and for other pur-No vessel bound poses. And no ship or vessel, bound to a foreign port or place to a place with which commercial intercourse has been, or may be, thus cial intercourse permitted, except such as may be chartered or employed as aforeer, &c. to de said, shall be allowed to depart, unless the owner or owners, conowner.&c. gives signee, or factor, of such ship or vessel shall, with the master, proceed to any have given bond, with one or more sureties, to the United States, interdicted port, in a sum double the value of the vessel and cargo, that the vessel. sel shall not proceed to any port or place with which commercial intercourse is not thus permitted, nor be directly or indirectly engaged, during the voyage, in any trade with such port or place. And if any ship or vessel shall, contrary to the provisions of this section, depart from any port of the United States, without clearance, or without having given bond, in the manner abovementioned, such ship or vessel, together with her cargo, shall be wholly forfeited, and the owner or owners, agent, freighter, or pay a sum equal factors, master, or commander, of such ship or vessel, shall, to the value of vessels and car-moreover, severally, forfeit and pay a sum equal to the value of the ship or vessel, and of the cargo put on board the same: Proprovisions of the vided always, That the provisions of the eleventh section of the act to interdict the commercial intercourse between the United tercourse, &c. to States and Great Britain and France, and their dependencies, prohibitions imposed by this section; which prohibitions shall cease to operate in the manner, and under the limitations, prescribed by the eleventh section aforesaid, in relation to any nation with which commercial intercourse may hereafter be permitted, in conformity with the provisions of the eleventh section aforesaid. SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That all penalties and

forfeitures arising under, or incurred by, virtue of this act, shall, during the continuance, and after the expiration thereof, be rereinbured, &c. as prescribed by covered and distributed, and may be remitted or mitigated, in the acts referred the manner prescribed by the act to interdict the commercial intercourse between the United States and Great Britain and ['Ante, ch. 193.] France, and their dependencies, and for other purposes, and the acts therein referred to.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That all the vessels which may have arrived at any port or place within the United States Rc. between the good May and the colonies or dependencies, between the 11th June, 1809, twentieth day of May and the eleventh of June, one thousand exempted from eight hundred and nine, shall be exempted from all the forfeitimeured in consequence of any ures and penalties incurred in consequence of any violation of the company violation of the vio of the provisions of the said act to interdict the commercial inttercourse between the United States and Great Britain and France, and their dependencies. [Approved, June 28, 1809.]

CHAP. 218. [X.] An act supplementary to the act, entitled "An act making MAP. 215. [A.] An act support of public credit, and for the redemption of fee orig. a of March, the public debt."

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representaThe powers vested in the commissioners of the sinking fund, by the wind fund, by the work the tenth section of the act to which this act is a supplement, the act referred shall extend to all the cases of reimbursement of any instalments, all the cases of reimbursement of the public debt now extion of the capital, or principal, of the public debt now extion of the capital, or principal, of the public debt now extion. And in lines, we were
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think many happens something according to law. And in lines, we were
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the work were the work and the commissioners of the sinking fund, by
the work were the work and the commissioners of the sinking fund, by
the work were the work and the work and the capital and the isting, which may become payable according to law. And in light fee, every case in which a loan may be made accordingly, it shall be on a. lawful for such loan to be made of the bank of the United States, which a loan any thing in any act of congress to the contrary notwithstanding. may be made, &cc, the loan may

[Approved, June 28, 1809.] be made of the Uni-

CHAP. 219. [XI.] An act making an appropriation to finish and furnish the [† Obsolete.] senate chamber, and for other purposes.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, to defray the expenses of finishing and furnishing the permanent propriet senate chamber, its committee rooms, lobbies, and other apartfurnishing and
furnishing and
fur ments, the sum of fifteen thousand dollars is appropriated, to be permanent so nate chamber, paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That, to defray the ex- non-intend? pense incurred in fitting up the temporary senate chamber, and defray the exrepairing and providing articles of furniture, the further sum of in fitting up the sixteen hundred dollars be appropriated, the same to be paid out insectamber, of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, June 28, 1809.]

CHAP. 220. [XII.] An act to suspend, for a limited time, the recruiting [§ Obsolete.] service.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representaso much of the act, entitled "An act to raise, for a limited additional military force," as authorizes the enlisting thorizes the enlisting thorizes the enlisting thorizes the enlist of men for the term of five years, unless sooner discharged, be, for the term of and the same is hereby, suspended until twenty days after the pended, until the next meeting of congress. [Appropried, Tune 28, 1809.] next meeting of congress. [Approved, June 28, 1809.] .

CHAP. 221. [XIII.] An act authorizing the discharge of Joseph Wilkinson, junior, from his imprisonment. [¶Private.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That

1809. Joseph Wilkin-son, junior, late collector of Deoit, to be dis-barged from Proviso; Joseph Wilkinson first to convey all his estate, &c. for the benefit of the United

Joseph Wilkinson, junior, late collector of the port of Detroit, in the Michigan territory, be discharged from his imprisonment upon a judgment obtained against him in favor of the United States: Provided, however, That he shall first assign and convey all the estate, real and personal, which he may now own, or be entitled to, to some person or persons, for the use and benefit of the United States, under the direction of the secretary of the treasury: And provided, also, That the said judgment shall remain in full force against any estate which the said Joseph Wiljudgment to re kinson, junior, may hereafter acquire, and that process may, at min in force any time, be thereupon issued against the same.

[Approved, June 28, 1809.]

of the act of 30th April, 1810; chap. 202, post.] All letters and

CHAP. 222. [XIV.] An act freeing from postage all letters and packets of by the 24th from Thomas Jefferson.*

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That packets from Thomas Jeffers all letters and packets from Thomas Jefferson, late president of son to be conveyed, by post, the United States, during his life, shall be received and conveyed free of postage, by post, free of postage. [Approved, June 28, 1809.]

[† Obsolete.]

CHAP. 223. [XV.] An act making appropriations for defraying the expense of stationery, printing, and all other contingent expenses, of the senate and house of representatives during the present session of congress.†

9,000 dolls, appropriated for ery, printing, &c. during the

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, for defraying the expense of stationery, printing, and all other penses of the senate and house of representatives, during the present session of congress, the sum of nine thousand dollars be, and the same hereby is, appropriated, payable out of of congress, &c. any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, June 28, 1809.]

[t Obsolete.]

CHAP. 224. [XVI.] An act authorizing the accounting officers of the treasury department to give credit to certain collectors of the customs, for allowances paid by them to the owners and crews of fishing vessels. ±

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The accounting the accounting officers of the treasury department be, and they The secounting the accounting omcers of the treasury department of, and they officers of the ressury authorized, in settling the accounts of the collectors ized to give the of the customs, to give them credit for the respective sums customs credit for these sums paid which have been, or may be, paid for allowances to the owners for allowances to and crews of fishing vessels, in lieu of drawback of the duties the owners and crews of fishing paid on the salt used by the same, to the thirty-first of Deversels, in lieu of the customs, the salt used by the same, to the thirty-first of Deversels, in lieu of the salt used by the same, to the thirty-first of Deversels, in lieu of the salt used by the same, to the thirty-first of Deversels, in the salt used by the same, to the thirty-first of Deversels, in the salt used by the same, to the thirty-first of Deversels, in the salt used by the same, to the thirty-first of Deversels, in the salt used by the same, to the thirty-first of Deversels, in the salt used by the same, to the salt used by the same, the salt used by the same and seven. [Approved, June 28, 1809.] Dec. 1907.

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CHAP. 225. [XVII.] An act concerning the naval establishment.

1809.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That favorable the president of the United States, in the event of a favorable change in our foreign relations, be, and he is hereby, authorized cause to be discharged from actual service, and laid up in orscrice, and linary, such of the frigates and public armed vessels as, in his up, &c., such of the frigates, &c., as a due regard to the public security and interest will as a due regard.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That so much of the first section of an act, entitled "An act to authorize the employment act referred to, of an additional naval force,"* passed at the last session of congress, as requires the public armed vessels to be stationed at such vessels to be stationed at such vessels to be stationed at ports, ports and places on the sea coast, or to cruise on the sea coast, of or the grine, on the United States, and territories thereof, be, and the same is the sea coast of the United States, are compared to the united states, sec.

in the event of a favorable change in our foreign relations, authorized to cause to be discharged from service, and laid up, &c. such of the frigates, &c. as a due regard to the public security, &c. will permit. So much of the first see, of the act referred to, as requires the public armed vessels to be stationed at ports, or te gruine, or the sea coast of the United States, &c. repealed. [* See act of 31st Jan. 1809; ante,

sec. 1, ch. 189.]

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ACTS OF THE ELEVENTH CONGRESS

OF

THE UNITED STATES:

PASSED AT THE SECOND SESSION, WHICH WAS BEGUN AND HELD AT THE CITY OF WASHINGTON, IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, ON MONDAY, THE 27TH OF NOVEMBER, 1809, AND ENDED ON THE 1st of MAY, 1810.

James Madison, President. George Clinton, Vice President, and President of the Senate. Andrew Gregg, President of the Senate, pro tempore, from the 9th to the 19th of December. John Gaillard, President of the Senate, pro tempore, on the 2d of March, and from the 20th of April to the 1st of May. J. B. Varnum, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

1809. [* Obsolete.] CHAP. 226. [XVIII.] An act to authorize the transportation of certain documents free of postage.*

Members of congress, the secre tary of the se-nate, and clerk of the house, authorized to postage, the message of the president of the 20th Nov. 1809, and documents, to any post

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That e secretary of the senate, and the clerk of the house of representatives, be, and they are hereby, respectively, authorized to transmit, free of postage, the mestransmit, free of sage of the president of the United States, of the twenty-ninth of November, one thousand eight hundred and nine, and the documents accompanying the same, printed by order of the senate, and by order of the house of representatives, to any post office within the United States, and territories thereof, to which they may direct; any law to the contrary notwithstanding.

[Approved, December 9, 1809.]

1809; ante, chap. 190.]

[†See orig. act, CHAP. 227. [XIX.] An act supplemental to an act, entitled "An act exof 27th Ftb. tending the right of sufference in the 7-3" tending the right of suffrage in the Indiana territory, and for other purposes."†

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The governor of the Indiana territory for the time being, be, and ritory empower-ed to apportion the repre-ed to apportion the repre-the representa-tives among the shirtly proper baying record to the purphers limited in the fourth overal counties, think proper, having regard to the numbers limited in the fourth having regard to the numbers lisection of the act to which this is a supplement, ‡ and to issue mited in the 4th his writ for the election of such representatives, agreeably to the sec. of the act apportionment which he may make, at such time as he shall deem [‡ See ante, ch. most convenient for the citizens of the several counties in said territory.

> SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That so soon as the legislature of said territory shall be convened, the number of representatives in each county thereof shall be regulated by the general assembly.

As soon as the legislature of the territory convenes, the number of representatives to be regulated by the general assembly.

referred to.

190.]

SECT 3. And be it further enacted, That when any vacancy 1869-10. sall occur in the legislative council, by death, resignation, or reoval from office, or when, from either of said causes, there giantive con nited States, the governor shall, in either case, be authorized governor to issue his proclamation, directing an election to be held to sup
such vacancy, according to law. ly such vacancy, according to law.

[Approved, December 15, 1809.]

HAP. 228. [XX.] An act extending the time for issuing and locating mi- [*Sectormeract, of Slat March, litary land warrants.*

ives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The secretary of war be authorized to issue military land war-listed to issue military land war-listed to issue mants, to such persons as have or shall, before the first day of rants to such March, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen produced as here March, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, produce to for the let im satisfactory evidence of the validity of their claims; which produce satisfactory evidence of the validity of their claims; which produce satisfactory evidence of the validity and may be located in the names of the holders or proprietors of their claims, thereof, prior to the first day of October, one thousand eight the warrants, and the fractional quarter townships reserved by law holders or profor original holders of military land warrants. for original holders of military land warrants.

[Approved, December 19, 1809.] 1813. on anyua-located parts of

1808; ante, chap 141: and act of 5th July, 1813;

CHAP. 229 [XXI.] An act for the relief of William and Elias Rector.† [† Private.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the accounting officers of the treasury be authorized to settle the officers of the claim of William and Elias Rector, at a sum not exceeding three treasury authorities do settle in settle in the claim of william and Elias Rector, at a sum not exceeding three treating to settle in the claim of william and Elias separate or adjoining other claims, for each survey which they as Rector, at not have made, or may hereafter make, under the authority of the dolls, per mile United States, of the private claims in the Kaskaskia district, or which bound and the survey of the claims in the Kaskaskia district, or which bound are the survey of the sur Illinois territory, claimed by virtue of French or British grants, which they have legally and fully made and executed, or by virtue of grants issuming and the sakaskia dedunder the authority of former acts of congress, by either of directs for different forms. the governors of Northwest, (now Ohio) or Indiana territories, and which had already been surveyed by a person authorized to execute such survey. [Approved, December 28, 1809.]

CHAP. 230. [XXII.] An act to revive and continue in force, for a further [‡ Obsolete. See time, the first section of the act, entitled "An act further to protect the theact inpartrecime, the first section of the united States against the Barbary powers." | March, 1804; ch. 399, vol. 3.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa. The first section of the set furtives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That there is protect to much of the act, passed on the twenty-fifth day of March, one and seamen of

1810. the United States against the Barbary ٤.

thousand eight hundred and four, entitled "An act further to protect the commerce and seamen of the United States against the Barbary powers," as is contained in the first section of the and continued in said act, (and which was revived and continued in force, for the time therein mentioned, by an act, entitled "An act to revive and 1811. [Ch. 399, vol.3.] continue in force, for a further time, the first section of the act, entitled 'An act further to protect the commerce and seamen of

[tAnce,ch.178.] the United States against the Barbary powers,"† passed the tenth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and nine,) be, and the same hereby is, revived, and continued in force until the It Further correctioned. See ch. fourth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eleven: 341, post.] Provided, however, That the additional duty laid by the said distant duty section shall be collected on all such goods, wares, and merchandise, liable to pay the same, as shall have been imported previous to that day. [Approved, January 12, 1810.]

nitional duty laid by the sec-tion to be col-lected on all goods, &c., im-ported previ-gusly to the day

CHAP. 231. [XXIII.] An act to extend certain privileges therein mentioned to Joseph Joshua Dyster.

Two years' renuired by the privilege of ob-taining patents for useful disco-veries, &c. not to be required of Joseph Joseph

[Private.]

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That two years' residence, as required by an act, entitled " An act to extend the privilege of obtaining patents for useful discoveries and inventions to certain persons therein mentioned, and to enlarge and define the penalties for violating the right of patentees," shall not be required of Joseph Joshua Dyster, to enable him to obtain a patent for any discovery he has made in con-[[Chiro,vol.3.] structing iron bridges, and applicable to other architectural purposes; but he shall obtain a patent therefor on his conforming to the other requisitions of said act. [Approved, February 5, 1810.]

[¶ Private and obsolete.]

CHAP. 232. [XXIV.] An act for the relief of Harry Caldwell and Amasa Jackson, Jeremiah Reynolds, and Levin Jones.¶

The brig Joseph Bleketson, and the schooner Victory, seized and libelled for and inclied for a violation of the provisions of the act to pro-hibit the impor-tation of slaves,

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the brig Joseph Ricketson, owned by Harry Caldwell and Amasa Jackson, which, on or about the twenty-fifth day of July last, at Kingston, in the island of Jamaica, took on board three refugees from the island of Cuba, with their domestic slaves, six in number, and landed them at New Orleans; and that the schooner Victory, owned by Jeremiah Reynolds, who, about the latter end of September last, at Curracoa, took on board a number of French emigrants from the said island of Cuba, with their domestic slaves, six in number, and landed them also at New Orleans, which said vessels were seized, together with their effects, and libelled, for a violation of an act, entitled " An act to prohibit the importation of slaves into any port or place of the United States, from and after the first day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eight,"** be, and they are hereby, severally, released from the seizures aforesaid. And that

[**Ante, chap, 77.]

the schooner Wolfe, of Baltimore, owned and commanded by Levin Jones, which vessel was seized some time in October The school last, at Norfolk, in Virginia, on account of having brought from having brought Charleston, in South Carolina, to that place, certain French slaves from slaves, nineteen in number, without previously complying with horfolk without the requisites enjoined by the ninth and tenth sections of the act aforesaid, be, and she is hereby, also released from the seizure.

Sect. 2. And be it further enacted, That all penalties or forfeitures, which may have been incurred, either by the captains of the complying with the requisites. See incurred by the captains of the complete of the violation of any owners of the complete of the violation of any owners of the complete of the complete of the complete of the captains or the captains of the complete of the captains of t

or owners of said vessels, in consequence of the violation of any owners of the vessels release of the provisions of the act referred to in the first section, be, and &c. remitted the same are hereby, remitted. [Approved, February 5, 1810.]

1.

CHAP. 233. [XXV.] An act in addition to the "Act to regulate the laying ["Obsolets. See out and making a road from Cumberland, in the state of Maryland, to the State, 1806; atte of Ohio.""

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- 60,000 dolls. in addition to the tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, addition to the unexpended balance of the sum hereto-propriated for fore appropriated for the laying out and making a road from making the road from the purpose of the sum hereto-propriated for the laying out and making a road from the purpose of the sum hereto-propriated for the laying out and making the road from the sum hereto-propriated for the laying out and making the road from the sum hereto-propriated for the laying out and making the road from the sum hereto-propriated for the laying out and making the road from the sum hereto-propriated for the laying out and making the road from the sum hereto-propriated from the sum hereto-propriate Cumberland, in the state of Maryland, to the state of Ohio, the oberland and sum of sixty thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appro
Brownsville) from Cumber
priated, and to be expended under the direction of the president land to obio. The of the United States, in making said road between Cumberland, fand reserved by in the state of Maryland, and Brownsville, in the state of Penn
act referred to. sylvania, commencing at Cumberland; which sum of sixty thousand dollars shall be paid out of the fund reserved for laying out and making roads to the state of Ohio, by virtue of the seventh section of an act, passed on the thirtieth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and two, entitled "An act to enable the people of the eastern division of the territory northwest of the river Ohio to form a constitution and state government, and for the admission of such state into the union on an equal footing [+ Chap. 300, with the original states, and for other purposes."†

ante, chap. 19. Sec, also, chap. 322, post,]

[Approved, February 14, 1810.]

CHAP. 234. [XXVI.] An act for the relief of John N. Stout.‡

[‡ Private and obsolete.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the proper accounting officers of the treasury be, and they are The proper accounting officers of the treasury be, and they are The proper accounting officers of the account of John N. of the treasury directed to settle Stout, keeper of the gaol of Fleming county, in the state of the account of Kentucky, and allow him the legal fees for maintaining George keeper of the Barnaby, while in his custody, as a prisoner committed to the good, Fleming county, Kentucky gaol of said county, by virtue of an execution issued from the him the legal court of the United States for the district of Kentucky, and that fees for maintaining George they pay the sum which may be found due to the said John N. Barnaby, &c. Stout, out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated. [Approved, February 14, 1810.]

1810. Private.]

CHAP. 235. [XXVIL] An act authorizing the discharge of William Hawkins from his imprisonment.*

Maine directed to discharge William!Hawted States, and convey all his estate for their

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The marshal for the marshal for the district of Maine be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to discharge William Hawkins from his imprisonment, upon an execution issued against him in behalf of the United States: Provided, That the said William Hawkins shall pay kias from imprisoment, &c. United States: Provided, That the said William Hawkins shall pay Proviso; William Hawkins to and satisfy all the costs that have arisen on the part of the United liam Hawkins to States in the said prosecution, and shall assign and convey all part of the United the estate, real and personal, which he may own, or be entitled to, to some person for the use and benefit of the United States, Proviso; any fu- also, That any estate, real or personal, which the said William liable, &c.

Hawkins may hereafter acquire about the said William under the direction of the secretary of the treasury: And provided Hawkins may hereafter acquire, shall be liable to be taken and sold, in the same manner as if he had never been imprisoned and discharged, as aforesaid. [Approved, February 20, 1810.]

> CHAP. 236. [XXVIII.] An act to prescribe the mode in which application shall be made for the purchase of land at the several land offices; and for the relief of Joab Garret.

the tract, &c.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, Atter the 1st June, 1810, per. from and after the first day of June next, every person making sons uplying at application, at any of the land offices of the United States, for any of the land offices of the United States, for offices of the United States, for the tod States, for the tod States, for the ted States, for the purchase, at pri-purchase, at pri-tude sele, of a tract, which he shall enter by the proper number of the section, half produce to the register a memo-section, or quarter, (as the case may be) and of the township randum in writing and range, subscribing his name thereto, which memorandum ing, describing the register shall file and preserve in his office.

SECT. 2.† And be it further enacted, That Joab Garret shall [†Private.] SECT. 2.† And be it further enacted, That Joab Garret shall Joab Garreter with be permitted to withdraw his entry, made on the second day of draw his entry, September, one thousand eight hundred and seven, at the land ney paid thereon office at Vincennes, from the northwest quarter section number to be placed to his credit, &c. two, township number seven, south range number seven, west; and the money paid by him on the said entry shall be placed to his credit, on any purchase he shall or may have made of public land in the same district. [Approved, February 24, 1810.]

resolutions of da and Nova mit an account

[t Sce former act, of 7th April, 1788; chap. 43, vol. 3. See, also, chap. 336, post.] CHAP. 2S7. [XXIX.] An act further to provide for the refugees from the Persons having claims under the British provinces of Canada and Nova Scotia, and for other purposes.‡

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representacongress r terSect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representared to, as refugent from Cana- tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That scotia, to trans. all persons having claims under the resolutions of congress, passed the twenty-third day of April, one thousand seven hundred to the war office and eighty-three, and the thirteenth of April, one thousand seven within two hundred and eighty-five, as refugees from the British provinces [53ee page 577, of Canada and Nova Scotia, shall transmit to the war office. of Canada and Nova Scotia, shall transmit to the war office,

within two years after the passing of this act, a just and true ac- 1810.

count of their claims to the bounty of congress.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That no other person Description of shall be entitled to the benefits of the provisions of this act than to the benefits, those of the following descriptions or their widness and hairs of this act. those of the following descriptions, or their widgws and heirs, 1. Heads of faviz: First, Those heads of families, and single persons not the dent in Canada provinces aforesaid prior to the fourth day of July, one thoupstone to the fourth day of July, one thouse the prior to the fourth day of July, one thouse the prior to the fourth day of July, one thouse the prior to the July and who shandoned their shandoned their stretchments. So settlements in consequence of having given aid to the united co-aid did not relonies or states, in the revolutionary war, against Great Britain, myn prior to the or with intention to give such aid, and continued in the United States, or in their service, during the said war, and did not return to reside in the dominions of the king of Great Britain prior to the twenty-fifth day of November, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-three. Secondly, The widows and heirs of all 2. Widows and heirs of refuged such persons as were actually residents as aforesaid, who aban-united States, doned their settlements as aforesaid, and died within the United &c. States, or in their service during the said war: And thirdly, All 5. Members of families, who persons who were members of families at the time of their comestervice of the ing into the United States, and who, during the war, entered industry the war. to their service.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the proof of the several circumstances necessary to entitle the applicants to the benefits of this act, may be taken before a judge of the supreme or cants to the bedistrict court of the United States, or a judge of the supreme or may be taken superior court, or the first justice or first judge of the court of before judges of the common pleas, or county court, of any state.

common pleas, or county court, of any state.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That, at the expiration of The secretary fifteen months from and after the passing of this act, and from evidence of time to time thereafter, it shall be the duty of the secretary for the department of war, to lay such evidence of claims as he may and comptroller of the treasury, and, with them, proceed to examine the testimony, and give their judgment, what quantity of land ought to be allowed to the individual claimants, in proportion to the degree of their respective services appricant and sufficient in the service of the secretary and comptroller of the treasury.

The service of the secretary and comptroller of the treasury and comptroller of the treasury.

The service of the secretary and comptroller of the treasury and comptroller of the treasury.

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The service of the secretary and comptroller of the treasury and comptroller of the treasury.

The service of the secretary and comptroller of the treasury an tive services, sacrifices, and sufferings, in consequence of their attachment to the cause of the United States; allowing to those Claimants of the of the first class a quantity not exceeding one thousand acres, allowed not exceeding 1,000, and to the last class a quantity not exceeding one hundred, mak-and of the last. and to the last class a quantity not exceeding one hundred, mak-adof the last, ing such intermediate classes as the resolutions aforesaid, and not exceeding not exceed n cumstances, together with the quantity of land that ought to be class, &c. allowed him, having reference to the foregoing ratio: Provided, Proviso; in con-That, in considering what compensation ought to be made by empressation ought to be virtue of this act, all grants, except military grants, which may made by this have been made by the United States or individual states, shall except, &c. at be considered at the just value thereof, at the time the same were the just value, to be estimated

as satisfaction, Proviso; no claim assignable until the lands

made, respectively, either in whole or in part, as the case may be, a satisfaction to those who may have received the same: Provided also, That no claim under this law shall be assignable until after report made to congress as aforesaid, and until the said be granted be granted to the persons entitled to the benefit of this at.

Claims, &c. not in the time li-mited, forever Proviso; no patent to issue, resident, &co.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That all claims in virtue of said resolutions of congress which shall not be exhibited, as aforesaid, within the time by this act limited, shall forever thereafter be barred: Provided, That no patent shall be issued to any person who may hereafter establish his claim under the said act, party produces person who may increased somethan be until he produce satisfactory evidence, to the secretary of the treasury, that he is at the time then being a resident within the .United States. [Approved, February 24, 1810.]

[* Obsolete.]

CHAP. 238. [XXX.] An act making appropriations for the support of government, during the year one thousand eight hundred and ten.

Sums appropri-ated for the ob ated for the objects mentioned.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, for the expenditure of the civil list, in the present year, including the contingent expenses of the several departments and offices; for the compensation of the several loan officers and their clerks, and for books and stationery for the same; for the payment of annuities and grants; for the support of the mint establishment; for the expense of intercourse with foreign nations; for the support of lighthouses, beacons, buoys, and public piers; for defraying the expenses of surveying the public lands, and for satisfying certain miscellaneous claims, the following sums be, and the same hereby are, respectively, appropriated; that is to say:

For members of negress, their

For compensation granted by law to the members of the senate and house of representatives, their officers and attendants, estimated for a session of four months and a half continuance, two hundred and one thousand four hundred and twenty-five dollars.

For the continnt expenses of congress.

For the expense of firewood, stationery, printing, and all other contingent expenses of the two houses of congress, thirty-four thousand dollars.

For contingent expenses of the library of con-gress, &c.

For all contingent expenses of the library of congress, and for the librarian's allowance, for the year one thousand eight hundred and ten, eight hundred dollars.

For the presi-dent and vice president.

For compensation to the president and vice president of the United States, thirty thousand dollars.

For the secretary of state, elerks, &c.

For compensation to the secretary of state, clerks, and persons employed in that department, including the sum of one thousand four hundred and seventy-eight dollars for compensation to his clerks, in addition to the sum allowed by the act of the twenty-[+Ante, ch. 41.] first of April, one thousand eight hundred and six,† fourteen thousand and thirty-eight dollars.

For the continof state. For printing and distributing the

For the incidental and contingent expenses of the said departgent uspens of the incidental three hundred and fifty dollars. For printing and distributing the laws of the first and second session of the eleventh congress, and printing the laws in news-

papers, six thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation to the secretary of the treasury, clerks, and persons employed in his office, including the sum of one thou- For the secretasand dollars for clerk hire, in addition to the sum allowed by 17, clerks, bethe act of the twenty-first of April, one thousand eight hundred and six,* sixteen thousand seven hundred dollars.

For the expense of translating foreign languages, allowance to foreign land the person employed in transmitting passports and sealetters. The office of the and for stationery, in the office of the secretary of the treasury, secretary of the treasury. one thousand dollars.

For compensation to the comptroller of the treasury, clerks, por the comproller, clerks, profiler, clerks, cle and persons employed in his office, including the sum of one &. thousand six hundred and thirty-nine dollars, for compensation to his clerks, in addition to the sum allowed by the act of the twenty-first of April, one thousand eight hundred and six, four- [Ante, ch. 41.] teen thousand six hundred and sixteen dollars.

For expense of stationery, printing, and incidental and con- For contingent expenses of the comptroller's office, eight hundred dollars. comptroller's office, eight hundred dollars.

For compensation to the auditor of the treasury, clerks, and for the auditor, persons employed in his office, twelve thousand two hundred and twenty-one dollars.

For expense of stationery, printing, and incidental and conproperty expenses of the auditor's office, five hundred dollars,

and and the subject of the stationers of the st tingent expenses of the auditor's office, five hundred dollars. For compensation to the treasurer, clerks, and persons em- for the treasurer, clerks, and persons em- or, elerks, &c.

ployed in his office, six thousand two hundred and twenty-seven dollars and forty-five cents.

For expense of stationery, printing, and incidental and con-representation of the treasurer's office, three hundred dollars. tingent expenses in the treasurer's office, three hundred dollars. For compensation to the register of the treasury, clerks, and ros the regis-persons employed in his office, sixteen thousand and fifty-two ter, elerks, &c.

dollars and two cents.

For compensation to the messenger and doorkeeper of the re- For the messengister's office, for stamping and arranging the ship registers, register's office.

For expense of stationery, printing, and all other incidental For contingent and contingent expenses in the register's office, including books register's office, for the public stocks, and for the arrangement of the marine records, two thousand eight hundred dollars.

For fuel, and other contingent and incidental expenses of the For fuel, &c. for the treasury decreasery department, four thousand dollars. treasury department, four thousand dollars.

For defraying the expense of printing and stating the public For printing and stating the accounts, for the year one thousand eight hundred and ten, one public accounts. thousand two hundred dollars.

For the purchase of books, maps, and charts, for the use of for the purchase treasury department, four hundred dollars.

for the purchase of books, maps, and charts, for the use of for the purchase treasury department, four hundred dollars. the treasury department, four hundred dollars.

For compensation to a superintendent, employed to secure the ment. For a superintendent of the buildings and records of the treasury department, during the year tendent of the one thousand eight hundred and ten, including the expense of two watchmen, the repairs of two fire engines, buckets, lanterns, men, &c. and other incidental and contingent expenses, one thousand one hundred dollars.

For compensation to the secretary of the commissioners of the For the secretary of the comsinking fund, two hundred and fifty dollars.

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For compensation to the secretary of war, clerks, and persons 1810. For the secreta- employed in his office, eleven thousand two hundred and fifty ry of war, clerks, &cc. dollars.

ry of war.

For expenses of the expenses of the office of the secretary of war, one thousand For expense of fuel, stationery, printing, and other contindollars.

For the accou ant of the war department. clerks, &ce.

For compensation to the accountant of the war department, clerks, and persons employed in his office, ten thousand nine hundred and ten dollars.

For contingent expenses in the accountant's

For contingent expenses in the office of the accountant of the war department, one thousand dollars.

office. For the clerks in e paymaster's office.

For compensation to the clerks employed in the paymaster's office, three thousand four hundred dollars.

For contingent same. For additional

For contingent expenses in the said office, two hundred dollars. For compensation of additional clerks in the office of the su-

elerts in the of perintendent of Indian trade, eight hundred dollars. fixe of superintendent of Indian to the purveyor of public superintendent of Indian trade, eight hundred dollars. For compensation to the purveyor of public supplies, clerks, dian trade.

For the purvey- and persons employed in his office, and for expense of stationery, or of pulities alerts. So store rent, and fuel, for the said office, four thousand six hundred plies, elerks, &c. dollars.

For the secretary of the navy, clerks, &c.

For compensation to the secretary of the navy, clerks, and persons employed in his office, nine thousand eight hundred and ten dollars.

For contingent expenses in the cretary of the

For expense of fuel, stationery, printing, and other contingent expenses in the said office, two thousand dollars.

For compensation to the account and four hundred and For compensation to the accountant of the navy, clerks, and ten dollars.

For contingent expenses in the accountant's

For contingent expenses in the office of the accountant of the navy, one thousand dollars.

For the post-

For compensation to the postmaster general, assistant postmaster general, master general, clerks, and persons employed in the postmaster general's office, including the sum of one thousand five hundred and forty-five dollars, for compensation to clerks, in addition to the sum allowed by the act of the twenty-first of April, [*Ante, eb. 41.] one thousand eight hundred and six,* sixteen thousand dollars.

For fuel, candles, &c. for the ge-

For expense of fuel, candles, house rent for the messenger. act for the general's office, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For loan officers.

For compensation to the several loan officers, thirteen thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

For the clerks of

For compensation to the clerks of the commissioners of loans, the commission and for allowances to certain loan officers in lieu of clerk hire, and to defray the authorized expense of the several loan offices, fifteen thousand dollars.

For the surveyor general and clerks.

For compensation to the surveyor general and his clerks, three thousand two hundred dollars.

For the survey-or of the lands south of Tennessee, clerks,

For compensation to the surveyor of the lands south of the state of Tennessee, clerks employed in his office, and for stationery, and other contingencies, three thousand two hundred dollars.

For the officers of the mint.

For compensation to the officers of the mint:

The director, two thousand dollars:

The treasurer, one thousand two hundred dollars:

The assayer, one thousand five hundred dollars:

The chief coiner, one thousand five hundred dollars:

The melter and refiner, one thousand five hundred dollars:

The engraver, one thousand two hundred dollars:

One clerk, at seven hundred dollars:

And two clerks, at five hundred dollars each, one thousand dollars.

For wages to the persons employed in the different branches For thewages of of melting, coining, carpenter's, millwright's, and smith's work, ed in the mint. including the sum of one thousand dollars per annum, allowed to an assistant coiner and die forger, who also oversees the exeaution of the iron work, and of six hundred dollars per annum, plowed to an assistant engraver, eight thousand dollars.

For repairs of furnaces, cast rollers and screws, timber, bar For contingeniron, lead, steel, potash, and for all other contingencies of the establishment.

mint, two thousand seven hundred and seventy-five dollars.

For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of For the governor, judges, &c. the territory of Orleans, thirteen thousand dollars.

For expense of stationery, and other contingent expenses of For contingent expenses of For contingent expenses.

said territory, three hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of For the governor, judges, and judg the Mississippi territory, seven thousand eight hundred dollars.

For expense of stationery, office rent, and other contingent for contingent territory, three hundred and fifty dollars. expenses of said territory, three hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of for the governor, judges, &c. of local territory and secretary. the Indiana territory, six thousand six hundred dollars.

For expense of stationery, office rent, and other contingent ex-

ruses of said territory, three hundred and fitty donars.

For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of or, judges, &c. of Missigns used to the governor of the governor of Missigns used to the governor of the governor of Missigns used to the governor of th penses of said territory, three hundred and fifty dollars.

the Michigan territory, six thousand six hundred dollars. For expense of stationery, office rent, and other contingent externitorial externitori

penses of said territory, three hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of For the governthe Louisiana territory, six thousand six hundred dollars.

For expense of stationery, office rent, and other contingent ex-

penses of the said territory, three hundred and fifty dollars. For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of for the governor, judges, &c. of the filiancia of the filiancia

the Illinois territory, six thousand six hundred dollars. For expense of stationery, office rent, and other contingent ferritory.

expenses of said territory, three hundred and fifty dollars.

For the discharge of such demands against the United States, For the discharge of decount of the civil department, not otherwise provided for, mands not otherwise as shall have been admitted in a due course of settlement at the wise provided

treasury, two thousand dollars.

For additional compensation to the clerks in the several de-Additional, for partments of state, treasury, war, and navy, and of the general several departments of state, treasury, war, and navy, and of the general several department, post office, not exceeding, for each department, respectively, fif-mints, and in the general post teen per centum, in addition to the sums allowed by the act, en-office. titled "An act to regulate and fix the compensation of clerks, and to authorize the laying out certain public roads, and for other

1810.

Treasurer.

Amayer. Chief coiner.

Melter and re-

Engraver. Clerks.

penses.

or, judges, &c. of Louisiana territory.
For contingent territorial ex-

purposes,"* thirteen thousand two hundred and sisty-affect 1810. [Anterch. 41.] lars and thirty-two cents.

For the judges and attorney general.

For compensation granted by law to the chief justice; the tesociate judges, and district judges, of the United States, inclined ing the chief justice and two associate judges for the district of Columbia; to the attorney general, and to the district judge of the territory of Orleans, fifty-nine thousand four hundred dollars.

For the district

For the like compensation granted to the several district torneys of the United States, three thousand four hundred dollars.

For the mare of the distri-mentioned.

For compensations granted to the several marshals for the districts of Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, New Jersey, North Carolina, Kentucky, Ohio, East and West Tennessee, and Orleans, two thousand two hundred dollars.

For defraying the expenses of eourts, jurors, and witnesses, in aid of the funds arising from fines, &c.

For defraying the expenses of the supreme, circuit, and district, courts of the United States, including the district of Columbia, and of jurors, and witnesses, in aid of the funds arising from fines, forfeitures, and penalties, and for defraying the penses of prosecutions for offences against the United States, and for the safe keeping of prisoners, forty thousand dollars.

For the payment of sundry pen-sions, &cc.

For the payment of sundry pensions granted by the late government, nine hundred and sixty dollars.

for the annual

For the payment of the annual allowance to the invalid penallowance to in-valid pensioners, sioners of the United States, from the fifth of March, one theusand eight hundred and ten, to the fourth of March, ene thousand eight hundred and eleven, ninety-eight thousand dollars.

For the maintenance and support of lighthouses, beneaus, ons, paoys, buoys, and public piers, stakeages of channels, bars, and shouls, and certain contingent expenses, sixty-eight thousand one hundred and thirty-one dollars and four cents.

For erecting a lighthouse on St. Simon's

For erecting a lighthouse on St. Simon's island, in Georgia, and placing buoy or buoys on or near the bar of St. Simon's, being the balance of former appropriations carried to the surplus fund, nine thousand and fifty dollars.

For erecting a bracon and place g buoys near se entrance of

For erecting a beacon, and placing buoys, near the entrance of Sayannah river, being an expense incurred under the act of Savannah river, the sixteenth day of July, seventeen hundred and ninety-eight, (a former appropriation for the same object having been carried to the credit of the surplus fund) two thousand four hundred and ninety-four dollars and eighty-nine cents.

For erecting lighthouses at the mouth of the Mississippi river, and at or near the pitch of Cape Look Out, in North Carolina, being the amount of an additional appropriation carried

nouth of th Mississippi, and at or nea ir the pitch of Cape Look Out, &c. For building a lighthouse at island, &c.

For erecting lighthouses a

to the surplus fund, fifty-five thousand dollars.

For building a lighthouse at Naushawn island, near Tarpaulin coye, in Massachusetts, being a balance of former appropriation carried to the surplus fund, two thousand four hundred and seventy-five dollars.

For rebuilding the lighthouse

For rebuilding the lighthouse on North island, at the entrance on North island, of Winyaw bay, in South Carolina, being the amount of appropriation carried to the surplus fund, twenty thousand dollars.

For fixing buoys and stakes in and along the channel in Winand stakes in and the channel in Winand stakes in an along the channel in the ch For fixing buoys and stakes in and along the channel in Winbeing the amount of appropriation carried to the surplus fund, one thousand five hundred dollars.

nel in Winyaw

For exercing a lighthouse on point Judith, Rhode Island, in For erecting a lighthouse on addition to the appropriation heretofore made for that purpose, Point Judith. two hundred dollars.

For defraying the expense of surveying the public lands with For the expense in the several territories of the United States, thirty thousand of surveying the dollars.

For repaying the bank of the United States a sum advanced For repaying the bank of the United States to the late collector of New Orleans, to enable him to pay ted states a sum advanced to the drawbacks, one hundred thousand dollars.

collector of New Orleans.

For expenses of intercourse with foreign nations, forty-nine For interthousand four hundred dollars.

For the contingent expenses of intercourse with foreign na-ror contingent expenses of foreign intercourse with foreign na-ror contingent expenses of foreign intertions, fifty thousand dollars.

with the Barba-

For expenses of intercourse with the Barbary powers, fifty For intercourse thousand dollars.

For the contingent expenses of intercourse with the Barbary powers, fifty thousand dollars.

For the relief and protection of distressed American seamen, For the relief, &c. of American including the sum of twenty thousand dollars to reimburse the seamen.

bankers of the United States in London, and others, sums heretofere advanced by them for this object, twenty-five thousand dollers.

For expenses of prosecuting claims and appeals in the courts For prosecuting of Great Britain, in relation to captures of American vessels, and peals in the defending causes elsewhere, six thousand dollars.

To enable the accounting officers of the treasury formally to tion to captures. pass the accounts of Timothy Pickering, late secretary for the To enable the department of state, the sum of seventy-eight thousand five hun- eers of the treadred and eighty-three dollars and eleven cents, being the amount pass the accounts of former appropriations of moneys received and expended by rickering, kee him in that department, by the application of surplusses in some articles, and appropriations to others in which the appropriations were deficient.

Britain, in rela-

For the discharge of such miscellaneous claims against the For the dis-United States, not otherwise provided for, as shall have been cellaneous claims admitted in due course of settlement at the treasury, four thou- admitted at the treasury, &c. sand dollars.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the several appro- The preceding pristions hereinbefore made shall be paid and discharged out of appropriations the fund of six hundred thousand dollars, reserved by an act the fund remarks are the fund remarks are the fund remarks are the fund remarks and out of [*See chap. 6]. wol. 2.] any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, February 26, 1810.]

CHAP. 239. [XXXI.] An act making appropriations for the support of the navy of the United States, for the year one thousand eight hundred and ten. † († Obsolete.)

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That,

1810. Sums appropri-ated for defraying the expenses of the navy for she year 1810. For pay and sub-

for defraying the expenses of the navy of the United States, for the year one thousand eight hundred and ten, the following sums be, and the same are hereby, respectively, appropriated; that is to say:

For the pay and subsistence of the officers, and pay of the seacers, and pay of men, seven hundred and eighteen thousand one hundred and fifteen dollars.

For provisions.

For provisions, three hundred and fifty-three thousand six hundred and ten dollars and eighty-four cents.

For medicines,

For medicines, instruments, and hospital stores, sixteen thousand dollars.

For repairs of For freight,

For repairs of vessels, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars. For freight, store rent, commissions to agents, and other contingent expenses, seventy-five thousand dollars.

Forpey and sul sistence of the marine corps.

For pay and subsistence of the marine corps, including provisions for those on shore, and forage for the staff, one hundred and forty thousand one hundred and twenty-one dollars and forty cents.

For clothing for the marine

For clothing for the same, thirty-eight thousand three hundred and ninety-four dollars and seventy cents.

For military steres for the marine corps. Por medicines, edical services, &cc.

For military stores for the same, one thousand three hundred and ninety-eight dollars and seventy-five cents.

For medicines, medical services, hospital stores, and all other expenses on account of the sick belonging to the marine corps, two thousand dollars.

For contingent expenses of the marine corps.

For quartermaster's and barrackmaster's stores, officers' travelling expenses, armorer's and carpenter's bills, fuel, premiums for enlisting, musical instruments, bounty to music, and other contingent expenses of the marine corps, fifteen thousand dollars.

For the expense of navy yards, &c.

For the expenses of navy yards, comprising dock and other improvements, pay of superintendents, storekeepers, clerks, and laborers, seventy-five thousand dollars.

For ordnance, &c. The sums appro-priated by this the tressury.

For ordnance and small arms, seventy-five thousand dollars. SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the several sums act to be paid out specifically appropriated by this act, shall be paid out of any of unappropriate moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, March 2, 1810.]

[* Obsolete.]

CHAP. 240. [XXXII.] An act making appropriations for the support of the military establishment of the United States, for the year one thousand eight hundred and ten.*

Sums appropriing the expenses of the military establishment, for the year 1810, &c.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, for defraying the expenses of the military establishment of the United States, for the year one thousand eight hundred and ten, for the Indian department, and for the expense of fortifications, arsenals, magazines, and armories, the following sums be, and the same hereby are, respectively, appropriated; that is to say:

For the pay of the army.

For the pay of the army of the United States, eight hundred and sixty-nine thousand nine hundred and sixty-eight dollars.

For iorage.

For forage, sixty-four thousand six hundred and twenty-four dollars.

For subsistence, six hundred and eighty-five thousand five hundred and thirty-two dollars and five cents.

For clothing, two hundred and ninety-three thousand eight For clothing. hundred and four dollars.

For bounties and premiums, thirty thousand dollars.

For the medical and hospital departments, fifty thousand dol
For the medical and hospital departments, fifty thousand dol
For the medical and hospital departments, fifty thousand dollars.

For bounties and premiums.

For camp equipage, fuel, tools, and transportation, two hun-recomposition dred and seventy thousand dollars.

For ordnance,

For ordnance, two hundred thousand dollars.

For fortifications, arsenals, magazines, and armories, including For fortificatwo thousand dollars for such a number of additional military see. storekeepers as may be required, two hundred and eighty-three thousand five hundred and seventy-four dollars and seventy-five

For purchasing maps, plans, books, and instruments, two wor maps, plans, thousand five hundred dollars.

For contingen-

For contingencies, fifty thousand dollars. For the salary of clerks employed in the military agents' of military agents fices, and in the office of inspector of the army, three thousand offices are. five hundred dollars.

For the Indian department, one hundred and forty-six thou-department, sand six hundred dollars.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the several sums The preceding specifically appropriated by this act shall be paid out of any separations of moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, March 2, 1810.]

The preceding appropriations to be paid out of unspropriated moneys in the treasury.

CHAP. 241. [XXXIIL] An act for the appointment of an additional judge, [*See, with reaped and extending the right of suffrage to the citizens of Madison county, in the Mississippi territory. **

Mississippi ter

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the citizens of Madison county, in the Mississippi territory, The officers of qualified according to law, be, and they are hereby, authorized in the Mississippi to elect one representative to the general assembly of said territory, qualified, &c. to elect tory, and also to vote for one delegate from said territory to the one representa-tive to the great congress of the United States; which election shall be held at the rise to the great same time, and in the same manner, as is, or may be, provided the territory, and by law for the elections in the several counties of said territory delegate to con-

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That an additional judge An additional shall be appointed for the Mississippi territory, who shall reside pointed to the in said county of Madison, and have the same compensation dississippi territory, or reside which is by law allowed to the other judges of said territory, had been his of Madison; his and shall possess and exercise the same powers and jurisdiction, compensation and powers within said source which are possessed and exercised in the the area. within said county, which are possessed and exercised in the [†Secante county of Washington, in said territory, by the judge appointed chap. 80.] by virtue of an act, entitled "An act for the appointment of an additional judge for the Mississippi territory, and for other purposes," passed the twenty-seventh of March, one thousand [tCh. 413, wal. eight hundred and four.

moved, to b

judges.
The legislature of the territory

1810. Sect. 3. And be it further enacted, That all final judgments and decrees, rendered in the superior courts of said counties of decrees washington and Madison, may be re-examined, and revened serior courts of perior courts of washington and or affirmed, by the superior court of Adams county, in said Madison counties may be re-examined, and which said superior court is hereby empowered, upon the reexamined, and which said superior court is never of said courts of Washington superior court of washington superior court, and Madison counties, to render such judgment as the court of have from whence the cause may have been removed ought to have rendered; except where a jury may be requisite to try issues or The superior assess damages. In which cases the cause shall be remanded to court of Academs the court where it originated; there to be proceeded in. And sitting on the trial all of a cause re- said superior court of Adams county, when sitting on the trial moved, to be composed of not less than two judges. less than two judges.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the legislature of empowered we said territory shall have power, and is hereby authorized, to exception as superior court in each county, which has been or may county which the formed within the bounds which compose the former district within the county of Washington to be holden by the index who holden or county of Washington, to be holden by the judge who holds district of Wash the superior court of Washington county in said territory; which courts, and the courts of Madison county, to be holden at such times and places as said legislature may direct. And all final judgments and decrees to be rendered by any superior court so established, may be re-examined, and reversed or affirmed, in the manner prescribed by the third section of this act; and the con-The conditions n which write ditions on which any writ of error shall be obtained, and all

of error may be obtained, &c. obtained &c. other proceedings relative thereto, may be regulated by said le-may be regulate gislature. lature.

Semuch of the

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That so much of the act, act for the appointment of an additional judge for pointment of an additional judge for additional judge the Mississippi territory, and for other purposes,"* passed the for the Missis. within the purview of this act, be, and the same view of this act, be, repealed.

[*Ch.412, vol.3.]

[Approved, March 2, 1810.]

[†Obsolet... See CHAP. 242. [XXXV.] An act providing for the third census or enumeration of the inhabitants of the United States.†

61, vol. 1.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The marshals of the marshals of the several districts of the United States, and of the several dis-tricts of the Uni- the district of Columbia, and the secretaries of the Mississippi ted states, &c. territory, of the Indiana territory, of the Michigan territory, of ries of the terri- the Illinois territory, of the Louisiana territory, and of the Ortories, required to cause the leans territory, respectively, shall be, and they are hereby, authorbehitzent to be ized and required, under the direction of the secretary of state, taken, under the and according to such instructions as he shall give pursuant to secretary of this act, to cause the number of the inhabitants within their respective districts and territories to be taken, omitting in such Indian not tax enumeration Indians not taxed, and distinguishing free persons,

ad to be omitted including those bound to service for a term of years, from all

others; distinguishing also the sexes and colors of free persons, and the free males under ten years of age; and those of ten years, too, and free and under sixteen; those of sixteen, and under twenty-six; those of twenty-six, and under forty-five; those of forty-five and up
| And Linium | wards. And distinguishing free females under ten years of age; &... those of ten years, and under sixteen; those of sixteen, and under twenty-six; those of twenty-six, and under forty-five; those of forty-five and upwards. For effecting of which, the marshals The marshals and secretaring and secretaries aforesaid shall have power, and hereby are, re- no appoint a sistants, and spectively, authorized and required, to appoint one or more as-sign them div sistants in each county and city, in their respective districts and tinetly bour territories, residents of the county and city for which they shall ed, see be appointed, and shall assign a certain division of his district or territory to each assistant, which division shall not consist of more than one county or city, but may consist of one or more towns, townships, wards, hundreds, or parishes, plainly and distinctly bounded by water courses, mountains, public roads, or other monuments. And the said enumeration shall be made by the enumera-an actual inquiry at every dwelling house, or of the head of every family, within each district, and not otherwise. The marshals dwelling house, or secretaries, as the case may be, and their assistants, shall, reThe marshals spectively, take an oath or affirmation, before some judge or justice to take an oath or affirmation their respective districts or teroath take. ritories, previous to their entering on the duties by this act required.* The oath or affirmation of the marshal or secretary shall ["See chap. 265, post.] be as follows: " I, A B, marshal of the district of form of the oath of a marshal or (or, secretary of the territory of as the case may secretary. be) do solemnly swear, or affirm, that I will, well and truly, cause to be made a just and perfect enumeration and description of all persons resident within my district, (or territory) and return the same to the secretary of state, agreeably to the directions of an act of congress, entitled 'An act providing for the third census or enumeration of the inhabitants of the United States, according to the best of my ability." The oath or affirmation of an assistant shall be: " I, A B, do solemnly swear, (or affirm) Form of the eath that I will make a just and perfect enumeration and description of all persons resident within the division assigned to me for that purpose by the marshal of (or, the secretary as the case may be) and make of the territory of due return thereof to the said marshal (or secretary) agreeably to the directions of an act of congress, entitled ' An act providing for the third census or enumeration of the inhabitants of the United States,' according to the best of my abilities." The enumeration to comration shall commence on the first Monday of August next, and mence on the shall close within nine calendar months thereafter. The several August, 1216 assistants shall, within the said nine months, † transmit to the size notes. marshals or secretaries, by whom they shall be respectively ap- [1 See chap. 246, post.]
pointed, accurate returns of all persons, except Indians not tax- The assistants pointed, accurate returns of all persons, except Indians not tax- the mannit to channit in a schedule, distinguishing, in each county, city, town, town-town-town-within ship, hundred, ward, or parish, the several families, by the names a schedule, as of their master, mistress, steward, overseer, or other principal

person therein, in the manner following; that is to say: The number of persons within my division, consisting of appears in a schedule hereto annexed, subscribed by me, this AB, assistant to day of the marshal of or secretary of

Schedule of the whole number of persons within the division allotted to A B.

	audited to A B.
	Name of the county, parish, township, town, or city, where the family resides.
-	Names of head of family.
	Free white males under ten years of age.
	Free white males of ten, and under sixteen.
	Free white males of sixteen, and under twenty-six, including heads of families.
	Free white males of twenty-six, and under forty-five, including heads of families.
	Free white males of forty-five and upwards, including heads of families.
	Free white females under ten years of age.
	Free white females of ten years, and under sixteen.
	Free white females of sixteen, and under twenty-six, including heads of families.
	Free white females of twenty-six, and under forty-five, including heads of families.
	Free white females of forty-five and upwards, including heads of families.
-	All other free persons, except Indians not taxed.
1	Slaves.

Every assistant failing to make to forfeit 200

The marshale and secretaries district, or su-perior, courts, &c.

and seen tary failing to file returns, or to regate amount, time limite recoverable, &c. by action of debt, &c.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That every assistant failing or neglecting to make a proper return, or making a false remaking a false turn, of the enumeration to the marshal, or the secretary, (as return, within turn, of the case may be,) within the time limited by this act, shall forfeit the sum of two hundred dollars.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the marshals and secretaries shall file the several returns aforesaid, and also an atsame, 80. with tested copy of the aggregate amount hereinafter directed to be transmitted by them, respectively, to the secretary of state, with the clerks of their respective districts, or superior courts, (as the case may be,) who are hereby directed to receive and carefully The marshals and secretaries, preserve the same. And the marshals and secretaries, respection of before the tively, shall, on or before the first day of March, one thousand is March, 1911, eight hundred and eleven, transmit to the secretary of state the to transmiss to eight fullified and elevels, transmit to the secretary of state the secretary of aggregate amount of each description of persons within their gate amount of respective districts or territories. And every marshal or secreof persons, &c. tary failing to file the returns of his assistant, or any of them, with the clerks of their respective courts, as aforesaid, or failing or to return the aggregate amount of each description of persons in their respective districts or territories, as required by this act, and as the same shall appear from said returns, to the secretary time limited.

See, to forfeit

soo dolla.

The forfeitures offence, forfeit the sum of eight hundred dollars; all which for-

ritories where the said offences shall be committed, or in the circuit courts to be held within the same, by action of debt, information, or indictment; the one-half thereof to the use of the forfeitures to the United States, and the other half to the informer; but where the opp, &c. States, the whole shall accrue to their use. And, for the more district, and such effectual discovery of such offences, the judges of the several press size to district courts in the several districts, and of the supreme courts give this act in the territories of the United States, as aforesaid, at their next grand juries, and in the territories of the United States, as aforesaid, at their next grand juries, and in the territories of the United States, as aforesaid, at their next grand juries, and in the territories of the United States, as aforesaid, at their next grand juries, and in the territories of the United States, as aforesaid, at their next grand juries, and in the territories of the United States, as aforesaid, at their next grand juries, and in the territories of the United States, as aforesaid, at their next grand juries, and in the territories of the United States, as aforesaid, at their next grand juries, and in the territories of the United States, as aforesaid, at their next grand juries, and in the territories of the United States, as aforesaid, at their next grand juries, and in the territories of the United States, as aforesaid, at their next grand juries, and in the territories of the United States, as aforesaid, at their next grand juries, and in the territories of the United States, as aforesaid, at their next grand juries, and in the territories of the United States, as aforesaid, at their next grand juries, and in the territories of the United States, as aforesaid, at their next grand juries, and the territories of the United States, as aforesaid, at their next grand juries, and the territories of the United States, as aforesaid, at their next grand juries, and the territories of the United States and the United State prosecution shall be first instituted on behalf of the United sessions to be held after the expiration of the time allowed for tyme, &c. to be making the returns of the enumeration hereby directed to the laid before them. secretary of state, shall give this act in charge to the grand juries in their respective courts, and shall cause the returns of the several assistants, and the said attested copy of the aggregate amount aforesaid, to be laid before them for their inspection.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That every assistant shall compensation to assistants. receive at the rate of one dollar for every hundred persons by him returned, where such persons reside in the country; and where such persons reside in a city or town, containing more than three thousand persons, such assistant shall receive at the rate of one dollar for every three hundred persons; but where, from the dispersed situation of the inhabitants, in some divisions, one dollar for every hundred persons shall be insufficient, the marshals or secretaries, with the approbation of the judges of their respective districts or territories, may make such further allowance to the assistants in such divisions, as shall be deemed an adequate compensation: Provided, the same does not exceed one dollar and twenty-five cents for every fifty persons by them returned. The several marshals and secretaries shall receive as Compensation follows: The marshal of the district of Maine, two hundred and and secretaries. fifty dollars; the marshal of the district of New Hampshire, two hundred and fifty dollars; the marshal of the district of Massachusetts, three hundred dollars; the marshal of the district of Rhode Island, one hundred and fifty dollars; the marshal of the district of Connecticut, two hundred dollars; the marshal of the district of Vermont, two hundred and fifty dollars; the marshal of the district of New York, four hundred dollars; the marshal of the district of New Jersey, two hundred dollars; the marshal of the district of Pennsylvania, four hundred dollars; the marshal of the district of Delaware, one hundred dollars; the marshal of the district of Maryland, three hundred dollars; the marshal of the district of Virginia, five hundred dollars; the marshal of the district of Kentucky, three hundred dollars; the marshal of the district of North Carolina, three hundred and fifty dollars; the marshal of the district of South Carolina, three hundred dollars; the marshal of the district of Columbia, fifty dollars; the marshal for the district of Georgia, three hundred dollars; the marshal of the district of East Tennessee, one hundred and fifty dollars; the marshal of the district of West Tennessee, one hundred and fifty dollars; the marshal of the Ohio district, two hundred dollars; the secretary of the Mississippi territory, two hundred dollars; the secretary of the Indiana territory, one hundred

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dollars; the secretary of the Michigan territory, one hundred dollars; the secretary of the Illinois territory, one hundred dollars; the secretary of the territory of Orleans, one hundred and fifty dollars; the secretary of the territory of Louisiana, one hundred dollars.

Every person Sect. 5. And be it further enacted, That every person whose whose shade is usual place of abode shall be in any family on the aforesaid first Sect. 5. And be it further enacted, That every person whose phecof above in usual place of about shall be in any lanning on the above and the first Monday Monday of August next, shall be returned as of such family; be returned as of and the name of every person who shall be an inhabitant of any that family. Inhabitants of a district or territory, without a settled place of residence, shall be district or terridistrict or terriinserted in the column of the schedule which is allotted for the
sery, without a
actiled place of heads of families in that division where he or she shall be on the needed heads of families in that division where he or she shall be on the residence, to be said first Monday of August next; and every person occasionally for the heads of absent at the time of enumeration, as belonging to that place in families in that which he or she usually resides in the United States.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That each and every irected the first Monday of Aug. 1810, 800. person, more than sixteen years of age, whether heads of families flowing from more than 16 or not, belonging to any family within any division, district, or not, belonging to any family within the United States, shall be, ears of age, ends of families territory, made or established within the United States, shall be, or not, &c. oblige and hereby is, obliged to render to such assistant of the division, true account to if required, a true account, to the best of his or her knowledge, overy person belonging to such family, respectively, belonging to such family, respectively, belonging to such family, sec. on according to the several descriptions aforesaid, on pain of forpain of forfeiting twenty dollars, to be sued for and recovered, in an action half for the arm of delpt, by such assistant; the openhalf for his own use, and the of debt, by such assistant; the one-half for his own use, and the other half to the use of the United States.

each copy set up; and for feiture of compensation if he fails to make proof of the setting up,

sistant, Lec.

Every anistant. SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That each and every aspections to make the previous to making his return to the marshal or secretary, the marshal or (as the case may be) shall cause a correct conv. signed by him. Sect. 7. And be it further enacted, That each and every asthe markhal or case may be,) shall cause a correct copy, signed by himsenerary, to cause a correct self, of the schedule containing the number of inhabitants within dule, &c. to be set up at two of the most public places within the most public places within the most public places within his division, ke.

3 dolls to the self-approximation for each of which copies the said assistant shall be entitled to residual for each of which copies the said assistant shall be entitled to residual for the schedule having been (as the case may be,) shall cause a correct copy, signed by himceive two dollars: Provided, proof of the schedule having been so set up, and suffered to remain, shall be transmitted to the marshal or secretary, (as the case may be,) with the return of the number of persons; and in case any assistant shall fail to make such proof to the marshal or secretary, as aforesaid, he shall forfeit the compensation by this act allowed him.

The secretary of state requires to transmit to the marshals and secretaries instructions, forms, interrogatories, &c.

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That the secretary of state shall be, and hereby is, authorized and required to transmit to the marshals of the several states, and to the secretaries aforesaid, regulations and instructions, pursuant to this act, for carrying the same into effect, and also the forms, contained therein, of the schedule to be returned, and proper interrogatories, to be administered by the several persons to be employed therein.

In case there should be no se-Gretary in either of the territories, compensation,

SECT. 9. And be it further enacted, That, in case there shall be no secretary in either of the territories of the United States, rected to be per the duties directed by this act to be performed by the secretary eretary may be performed by the governor of such territory, who shall performed by the governor, who is to receive the same compensation to which the secretary would be who is to receive the same entitled for the performance of said duties, and be subject to the same penalties. [Approved, March 26, 1810.]

CHAP. 243. [XXXVI.] An act for altering the time for holding the district court in Ohio.

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SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- The sentions of tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That of Ohio, &c. to the sessions of the district court for the district of Ohio, by law holden at Chitiappointed to be holden at Chilicothe, in the said district, on the on the administration of Sep first Mondays in February, June, and October, shall hereafter tember and January. be holden at Chilicothe, on the second Mondays of September and January, annually.*

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That all writs, process, write, process, and recognisances, which may have been made returnable, and sole and contained to the first laudits, causes, process, and proceedings, which may have been Monday of June, 1842, which may have been made returnable. continued, to the first Monday of June next, shall be, and here-turnable, a by are, made returnable, and continued over, to the session of continued over, accordingly. said sourt which shall be holden on the second Monday of September next, and shall be as valid, and proceeded on in the same manner, at said September session of said court, as if such writs, process, recognisances, suits, causes, and proceedings, had been originally made returnable to, and continued to, said September session of said court. [Approved, March 26, 1810.]

[* See ante, sec. 4, chap. 71.]

CHAP. 244. [XXXVIL] An act to prevent the issuing of sealetters, except to certain vessels.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- After the 30th of tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, scaletter, &c. from and after the thirtieth of June next, no sealetter, or other set to be the document, certifying or proving any ship or vessel to be the property of a citizen or citizens of the United States, shall be issussed except to ships or vessels duly registered, or enrolled and d. &c. as vesticensed, as ships or vessels of the United States, or to vessels at the United States, and furnished with, or entitled to, sealetters or other customhouse documents; any law or laws, heretofore passed, to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided, nevertheless, 'That no sealetter shall be issued to any vessel which shall not at this time is this time is the furnished or entitled to a sealetter unless such vessel shall be. be furnished or entitled to a sealetter, unless such vessel shall reless she returns
turn to some port or place in the United States, or territories to a port of the
United States, or therefore, on or before the said thirtieth day of June next: Prothe sorth June,

That a sealetter, unless such vessel shall reless she returns
turn to some port or place in the United States, or territories to a port of the
United States,
thereof, on or before the said thirtieth day of June next: Prothe Sorth June, thereof, on or before the said thirtieth day of June next. 270 the 30th June, vided, nevertheless, That no sealetter, or other document, certifying or proving any ship or vessel to be the property of a citizen letter, &c. proving any vessel to critizens of the United States, shall be issued to any vessel of the property of a citizen, &c. proving any vessel to the property of a citizen, &c. proving any vessel to a state of a citizen, &c. proving any vessel to a the day of a citizen, &c. proving any vessel to a the day of a citizen, &c. proving any vessel to a the time for a citizen, &c. proving any vessel now a vessel to a sealetter, unless such vessel shall arrive at some port or before at this time furnished or entitled, &c. unless the arrives at a shear vessel and the arrives at a shear vessel shall be construed to operate against any such port of the United States. the said thirtieth day of June next: And province, the arrives at a herein contained shall be construed to operate against any such port of the Universel or vessels that now are, or may be prior to the said thirtieth of June, detained abroad by the authority of any foreign herein tooperate against any such port of the Universell States, &c. before the 80.1 June, 1810. power. [Approved, March 26, 1810.]

against vessels detained abroad by authority of

Obsolete.)

CHAP. 245. [XXXVIII.] An act making an appropriation for the purpose of trying the practical use of the torpedo, or submarine explosion.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representasoon dolls as propriated tode tives of the United States of America in congress assembled. That tray the expense a sum not exceeding five thousand dollars be and the congress. fray the expense of actual expense a sum, not exceeding five thousand dollars, be, and the same is made under the hereby, appropriated, payable out of any money in the treasury, made unor the mot otherwise appropriated, to defray the expense which shall be secretary of the not otherwise appropriated, to defray the expense which shall be navy, for ascertaining how far torpedo explounited States shall deem it expedient to cause such experiments. store may be usefully employ to be made, which shall be made under the immediate direction war, &c. precision how far the torpedo or submarine explosions may be usefully employed as engines of war, who is hereby directed to report to congress the result of the experiment, with his opinion thereon. [Approved, March 30, 1810.]

> CHAP. 246. [XXXIX.] This is an act relating entirely to the district of Columbia. See act of 18th April, 1814; sec. 1, chap. 657, post.

it Private and obsolete.]

CHAP. 247. [XL.] An act for the relief of Tristram Hussey.†

395 dolls, 40 of drawback.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That there be refunded and paid to Tristram Hussey, out of any mocents to be re-funded to Tris-funded to Tris-tram Hussey, it being the a three hundred and ninety-five dollars and forty cents, it being being the a three hundred and mucty-nive domain of duties mount of duties paid by the said Tristram Hussey, to the said by him to the amount of duties paid by the said Tristram Hussey, to the said by him to the amount of duties paid by the said Tristram Hussey, to the said by him to the said tristram Hussey, the said tristram Husse paid by him to the amount of duties paid by the said Tristram Hussey, to the the collector of New York, on thirty-five casks of spermaceti oil, New York on 15 easkaof sperma-sent to New York in American vessels from the Cape de Verdicetioil, see provide the oil has islands by the said Tristram Hussey, in the years one thousand not be n export eight hundred and one, and one thousand eight hundred and two: Provided, That the same has not been exported with benefit of drawback. [Approved, April 11, 1810.]

[‡ Obsolete. See orig. aet, of 96th March, 1810; ante, chap. 348.]

CHAP. 248. [XLI.] An act to alter and amend an act; entitled "An act providing for the third census or enumeration of the inhabitants of the United States,"‡ passed the twenty-sixth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and ten.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-The enumeratives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That in the 1st sec of the enumeration, mentioned in the first section of the act hereby the act providing for the third amended, shall close within five months from the first Monday ornus, &c. to in August next, and the assistants shall make their returns to the months from marshals and secretaries within the said five months, any thing the lst Monday in Aug. 1810. in the said act to the contrary notwithstanding. in Aug. 1810, &c. [Approved, April 12, 1810.]

CHAP. 249. [XLII.] An act authorizing the discharge of John Kerr from his imprisonment.

1810. Private.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- The marshalfor times of the United States of America in congress assembled, That direct to distinct the marshal for the district of North Carolina be, and he is the from important times. hereby, authorized, and directed to discharge John Kerr from prisonment, &c. his imprisonment, upon an execution issued against him in behalf of the United States: Provided, That he shall assign and convey Kirr to convey the estate, real and personal, which he may own or be entitled the beneat of to, to some person, for the benefit of the United States, under the United States, the direction of the secretary of the treasury: And provided, also, Provisor the United States, the direction of the secretary of the treasury: That any estate, real or personal, which the said John Kerr may &c. bereafter acquire, shall be liable to be taken and sold in the same manner as if he had never been imprisoned and discharged as aforesaid: Provided, nevertheless, That if any person entitled to person entitled any part of the said judgment, under the laws of the United to a part of the States, shall object to the discharge of the said John Kerr, he edjects to the shall be detained in prison at the cost and expense of the person Kerr may be designed in prison so objecting, who shall pay, weekly, in advance, the amount of at the cost of the the gaol fees and subsistence of the said John Kerr; and in case ing, who is to of failure to make any such payments in advance, the said John ber gaol fees, and in ear inbefore expressed. [Approved, April 20, 1810.]

CHAP, 250 [XLIII.] An act for the relief of William Baynham.+

[† Private and obsolete.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the secretary of the treasury cause to be paid to William The secretary of the treasury to Baynham, out of the moneys appropriated for the payment of the treasury to the interest of the public debt, the interest accrued from the first Baynham &c. of October, one thousand eight hundred and nine, to the thirtythe interest, for the target day of December, of the same year, on two certificates of exchanged six per cent stock, the principal whereof amounted to exchanged six ten thousand six hundred and thirteen dollars and pinety-seven that which we will be the control of the con ten thousand six hundred and thirteen dollars and ninety-seven see which were cents; which certificates, having been erroneously numbered by numbered by the late commissioner of loans of Virginia, though advertised er of loans of virginia and ninety-seven seems to the late commissioner of loans of virginia, though advertised by the loans of virginia and ninety-seven seems to the late commissioner of loans of virginia, though advertised by the late commissioner of loans of virginia and ninety-seven seems to the late commissioner of loans of virginia. for reimbursement, by their real permanent numbers, on the first Virginia, &cc. day of October last, were not, by reason of the error aforesaid, reimbursed until the first day of January.

[Approved, April 20, 1810.]

CMAP. 251. [XLIV.] This is an act relating entirely to the district of Columbia. See act of 18th April, 1814; sec. 1, chap. 657, post.

CHAP. 252. [XLV.] This is an act relating entirely to the district of Columbia. See act of 18th April, 1814; sec. 1, chap. 657, post.

1810.

CHAP. 253. [XLVI.] An act for the relief of Moses Young.

Private and checiete.]

officers of the sterling per ann. for the time ntioned, &c. d ducting mo-ney received, &c.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The accounting the accounting officers of the treasury be, and they are hereby, omeers or the treasury authorized to settle the account of Moses Young, as secretary is the tiend to settle the account of Moses Young, as secretary account of Moses of legation to Henry Laurens, esquire, on his mission to Holland, Young, as seeme in the year one thousand seven hundred and eighty; and that they to Henry Lau-to Henry Lau-tones, ke, and allow him five hundred pounds sterling per annum, from the eigh-low him 5001. teenth of October, one thousand seven hundred and seventy-nine, teenth of October, one thousand seven hundred and seventy-nine, the time of his appointment, to the ninth of October, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, including the usual allowance of three months for returning to the United States; and after deducting the sum of money received from Dr. Franklin by the petitioner, and by his agent Joseph Nourse, from the treasury, that the balance, with interest thereon, be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, April 25, 1810.]

CHAP. 254. [XLVII.] An act to allow the benefit of drawback on merchandise transported by land conveyance from Newport to Boston, and from Boston to Newport, in like manner as if the same were transported coastwise.

All goods, &c. imported into Boston or New port, and trans-ported, by land back, in the ame manner as if transported coastwise, &c.

to be duly

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That all goods, wares, and merchandise, duly imported into either of the ports of Boston and Newport, which shall be transported, by land conveyance, from the port of Newport, by the way of ported by land conveyance, from the port of Rewport, and there experted, to be exported, to be exported, to be exported to the port of the port of Rewport, and there exported, to be exported from Boston, or which, being imported into Boston, shall be exported from Newport, shall be entitled to the benefit of a drawback of the duties upon exportation, to any foreign port or place, under the same provisions, regulations, restrictions, and limitations, as if the said goods, wares, and merchandise, were transported coastwise from one to Provisional the provisions, see, another of the said districts; and on the 2 700000, and another of the said districts; and on the 2 700000, and restrictions, existing in the goods, &c. transported by any of the router municipal in the router municipal in the router municipal in the router mentioned in the router mentioned in the router mentioned in the router mentioned in the seventy-ninth section of the act, entitled with sec. of the act to regulate the collection of duties on imports and tonate referred to. Proviso; all the another of the said districts; and on the Proviso, That all the pronage,"† passed the second of March, one thousand seven hundred [†Ch.128, vol.3.] and ninety-nine, shall be duly observed.

[Approved, April 25, 1810.]

CHAP. 255. [XLVIII.] An act to establish post roads.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-The roads speed tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That fied established as post roads: the following be established as post roads:

In the district of Maine.* From Portsmouth, N. H. by Kittery, York, Wells, Arundell, Biddeford, Saco, Scarboro', Cape in the district of Maine. Elizabeth, Portland, Falmouth, North Yarmouth, Freeport, of See, for other Brunswick, Bath, Woolwich, Wiscasset, New Castle, Waldo-blished, see, 3, boro', Warren, Camden, Canaan, Lincolnville, Northport, Bel-also, sec. 2, fast, Prospect, Buckstown, Orland, Trenton, Sullivan, Steuben, 751, post.] Harrington, Addison, Jones, Machias, Denneysville, and Scodic, to Calais.

From Dover, N. H. by Berwick and Douty's Falls, to Arundel, or Kennebunk.

From Portland, by Gorham, Buckstown, Limerick, Limington, Cornish, Parsonfield, Newfield, Shapleigh, Lebanon, Berwick, Sandford, Alfred, Waterboro', and Philipsburg, to Buxton.

From Portland, by Saccarappee, Gorham, Standish, Flints-

town, Hiram, and Brownfield, to Frybush.

From Portland, by Windham, Raymond, Bridgetown, Lovell, Waterford, Norway, Paris, Buckfield, Sumner, Hartford, Livermore, Turner, Poland, New Gloucester, and Hebron Academy, to Paris.

From Portland, by Falmouth, Gray, New Gloucester, Lewistown, Green, Monmouth, Winthrop, Augusta, Sydney, Waterville, Fairfield, and Canaan, to Norridgewock, and Anson.

From Brunswick, by Topsham, Bowdoinham, Gardiner, and

Hallowell, to Augusta.

From Gardiner, by Pittstown and Dresden, to Wiscasset. From Augusta, by Redfield, Mount Vernon, Chester, and New Sharon, to Farmington.

From Augusta, by Vassalboro', Winslow, Clinton, Fairfax,

Unity, and Collegetown, to Hampden.

From Wiscasset, by Edgecomb, to Boothbay.

From Wiscasset, by New Milford, Jefferson, Palermo, and Montville, to Belfast.

From Buckstown, by Frankfort, Hampden, and Bangor, to No. 1, 7th Range, and thence by Orrington, to Buckstown.

From Buckstown, by Penobscot, Castine, Sedgwick, and Blue Hill, to Buckstown, and from Castine to Lincolnville.

From Sullivan to Goldsborough.

From Dennysville to Eastport.

In New Hampshire. From Salisbury, Ms. by Seabrook In New Hompand Hampton, to Portsmouth.

From Portsmouth, by Durham and Northwood, to Concord. blished, sec. 2, Ms.

From Portsmouth, by Exeter, Chester, Londonderry, Merri-781, post.] mack, Amherst, Petersboro', Marlboro' and Keene, to Walpole. From Haverhill, Ms. by Chester, Concord, Hopkinton, Hen-

niker and Lempster, to Charleston.

From Haverhill, Ms. by Salem, to Windham.

From Tyngboro', Ms. by Dunstable, Amherst, Francistown, Washington, and Claremont, to Windsor, Vt.

From Portsmouth, by Nottingham, Epsom, Pembroke, Concord, Salisbury, Andover, Wilmot, Enfield, Lebanon, Hanover,

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Lime, Orford, Piermont, Haverhill, Bath, Littleton, Dalton, 1810. Lancaster, Cockburn, Colebrook, and Stuart, to Norfolk,

From Hanover, by Canaan and Groton, to Plymouth.

From Salisbury, by Andover, New Chester, and Bridgewater, to Plymouth, thence by Holderness, New Hampton, and Sanbornton, to Salisbury.*

From Newburyport, Ms. by Exeter, New Market, Durham,

Dover, and Barrington, to Gilmanton.

From Portsmouth, by Dover, Rochester, Middletown, Ossippee, Moultonboro', Centre Harbor, Plymouth, and Haverhill, to Newbury; and from Plymouth, by New Hampton, Meredith, Gilmanton, Nottingham, and Durham, to Portsmouth.

From Fryburg, Me. by Conway, Bartletts, Rosebrooks, and

Jefferson, to Lancaster.

From Winchendon, Ms. by Fitzwilliam and Keene, to Brat-

tleboro', Vt.

From Warwick, Ms. by Winchester and Kinsdale, to Brattle-

boro', Vt.

From Ashby, Ms. by New Ipswich and Jaffray, to Mariboro'. In Vermont. From Lansingburg, N. Y. by Bennington, Shaftsbury, Arlington, Manchester, Rutland, Pittsford, Branden, ap. 781, post.] Leicester, Salisbury, Middlebury, New Haven, Vergennes, Ferrisburg, Charlotte, Shelburn, Burlington, Colchester, Milton, Georgia, and St. Alban's, to Highgate.

From Williamstown, Ms. by Pownall, to Bennington.

From Brattleboro', by Marlboro', Wilmington, and Woodford, to Bennington.

From Rutland, by Clarendon, Shrewsbury, Plymouth, Read-

ing, and Windsor, to Cavendish.

From Rutland, by Castleton, Fairhaven, Benson, Orwell,

Shoreham, and Addison, to Vergennes.

From Middlebury, by New Haven, Monkton, Hynesburg, Williston, Jericho, Essex, Westford, Fairfax, Fairfield, and Sheldon, to Huntsburg; thence by Berkshire, Enosburg, Bakersfield, Cambridge, Underhill, Richmond, Huntington, Starkeboro', and Bristol, to Middlebury, and from thence to Poultney, and also from Middlebury, by Royalton, to Hanover, N. H.

From Barnardstown, Ms. by Hinsdale, Brattleboro', Putney, Westminster, Walpole, Charleston, Wethersfield, Windsor, Hartford, Norwick, Thetford, Fairlee, Bradford, Newbury, Ryegate,

Barnet, Littleton, Concord, and Lunenburg, to Guildhall.

From Walpole, N. H. by Bellows Falls, Rockingham, Ches-

ter, Cavendish, Ludlow, and Shrewsbury, to Rutland.

From Windsor, by Woodstock, Barnard, Royalton, Randolph, Williamston, Berlin, Montpellier, Middlesex, Waterbury, Bolton, Jericho, and Williston, to Burlington, and from thence to Grand Isle.

From Royalton, by Tunbridge, Vershire, and Corinth, to Newbury.

From Newbury, by Corinth, Washington and Barre, to Berlin. From Ryegate, by Peacham, Danville, Wheelock, Sheffeld, Glover, Barton, Brownington, and Salem, to Derby.

From Lancaster, N. H. by Lunenburg, St. Johnsbury, Danville, Walden, Harwich, Woolcott, Hydespark, Johnston, and

Fletcher, to St. Albans.

In Massachusetts.* From Suffield, Ct. by Springfield, Wil-InMassachusetts.* braham, Palmer, Western, Brookfield, Spencer, Leicester, post roads esta-blished, sec. 3, Worcester, Shrewsbury, Northboro', Marlboro', Sudbury, Water-eh. 483, post; 3, chap. town, Cambridge, Boston, Charlestown, Malden, Lynn, Salem, 663, post and Beverly, Wenham, Hamilton, Ipswich, Rowley, and Newbury-post.] port, to Salisbury.

From Suffield, Ct. by Westfield, Southampton, Northampton, Hatfield, Whately, Deerfield, and Greenfield, to Bernardstown.

From Salisbury, Ct. by Sheffield, Great Barrington, Stockbridge, Lenox, Pittsfield, Lanesboro', and Williamston, to Greenfield.

From Canaan, Ct. by Sheffield, to Egremont.

From Colebrook, Ct. by Southfield, Sandisfield, Lee, Lenox, and Hancock, to New Lebanon, N. Y.

From Springfield, by Stockbridge and West Stockbridge, to

Albany, N. Y.

From Granby, by Granville, Blandford, and Chester, to Middlefield.

From Brookfield, by Ware, Belchertown, Hadley, Northampton, Chesterfield, Worthington, Partridgefield, Dalton, Pittsfield, and Hancock, to New Lebanon.

From Stafford, Ct. to Brookfield or Worcester, and thence, by

Framingham, to Boston.

From Worcester, by Holden, Rutland, Barre, and Petersham, to Athol.

From Rutland, by Hubbardstown, and Templeton, to Winchendon.

From Butland, by Greenwich, Hardwich, Pelham, Amherst, and Hadley, to Northampton, and thence, by South Hadley, to Springfield.

From Boston, by Dedham, Walpole, Foxborough, and Attle-

borough, to Providence, R. I.

From Boston, by the Newburyport turnpike, to Newburyport. From Dedham, by Medfield, Medway, Billingham, Milford, Mendon, Uxbridge, and Douglass, to Thompson, Ct.

From Boston, by Milton, Canton, Easton, Taunton, Berkley,

and Freetown, to New Bedford.

From Boston, by Dorchester, Quincy, Braintree, Weymouth, Hanover, Pembroke, Kingston, Plymouth, Sandwich, Barnstable, Yarmouth, Dennis, Brewster, Harwich, Chatham, Orleans, Eastham, Wellfleet, and Truro, to Provincetown.

From Sandwich, by Falmouth, to Nantucket.

From Falmouth to Edgarton.

From Sandwich, by Wareham, Rochester, New Bedford, and Dartmouth, to Westport.

From Weymouth, by Hingham, Cohasset, Scituate, Marsh-

field, and Duxbury, to Kingston.

From Weymouth, by Abington, Bridgewater, Raynham, Taunton, Dighton, Somerset, and Swanzey, to Warren, R. I.

1840.

From Boston, by Concord, Stow, Bolton, Lancaster, Leominster, Westminster, Templeton, Gerry, Athol, and Orange, to Warwick.

From Concord, by Littleton, Groton, and Townsend, to Ashby. From Concord, by Fitzwilliam, N. H. to Brattleborough, Vt. From Boston, by Medford, Woburn, Billerica, and Chelmsford, to Tyngsboro'.

From Woburn, by Andover, to Haverhill.

From Billerica, by Patucket Bridge, Dracut, Pelham, N. H. and Windham, to Londonderry.

From Salem to Marblehead.

From Salem, by Manchester, to Gloucester.

From Salem, by Danvers, Topsfield, Boxford, and Bradford, to Haverhill.

From Newburyport to Haverhill.

From Troy, by Freetown, Berkley, to Taunton.

From Plymouth, by Taunton, to Providence, R. L.

From Framington, by Southborough, Westborough, Grafton, Sutton, Oxford, Dudley, and Woodstock, to Ashford, in Connecticut.

In Rhode Island.
[* See, for other post roads established, sec. 2, chap. 403, post.]

In Rhode Island.* From Plainfield, Ct. by Scituate, and Providence, to Smithfield.

From Providence, by Barrington, Warren, and Bristol, to New-

From Providence, by Patuxet, East Greenwich, Wickford, and Little Rest, to Towerhill, or South Kingston.

From Newport, by Tiverton, to Westport, Ms.

From Newport, by Towerhill, and by the Courthouse in South Kingston, Charleston, and Westerly, to Stonington, Ct.

From Newport, by Tiverton, to Troy, Ms.

From South Kingston, by Richmond, Hopkinton, North

Stonington, and Preston, to Norwich, Ct.

In Connecticut.† From Rye, N. Y. by Greenwich, Stamford, Norwalk, Fairfield, Bridgeport, Stratford, Milford, Newhaven, Northhaven, Wallingford, Berlin, Wethersfield, Hartford, and Windsor, to Suffield.

In Connecticut. [† See, for other post roads established, sec. 2, chap. 603, post: also, sec. 2, chap. 603, post: and sec. 2, chap. 751, post.]

From Norwalk, by Reading, Danbury, Brookfield, New Milford, Washington, Litchfield, Harwinton, Burlington, Farmington, Hartford, East Hartford, Ashford, and Pomfret, to Thompson.

From New Milford, by Kent, and Sharon, to Salisbury. From Bridgeport, by Trumbull, Ripton, Huntington, and

Newtown, to Brookfield.

From Newhaven, by Derby, Southbury, Woodbury, Bethlehem, Litchfield, and Goshen, to Canaan.

From Newhaven, by Woodbridge, Waterbury, Watertown, Litchfield, Cornwall, and Sharon, to Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

From Newhaven, by Cheshire, and Southington, to Farmington.
From Newhaven, by Durham, and Middletown, to Wethersfield.
From Newhaven, by Branford, Guilford, Killingworth, Saybrook, Lyme, New London, Chelsea, and Jewitt's city, to Plain-

field.

From Saybrook, by Petty Paug, Haddam, East Haddam, and Middle Haddam, to Middletown.

From Stonington, by New London, Montville, Colchester, Glastenbury, Hartford, Wintonbury, Canton, New Hartford, Winchester, and Norfolk, to Canaan.

From Norwich, by Canterbury, and Brooklyn, to Pomfret.

From Hartford, by Simsbury, to Granby.

From New Hartford, by Hartland, to Colebrook.

From Hartford, by East Hartford, Oxford, Hebron, Lebanon, and Norwich, to Chelsea.

From Hartford, by Coventry, Windham, and Canterbury, to Plainfield.

From Hartford, by Tolland, to Stafford.

From East Hartford, by East Windsor, to Springfield, Ms.

From Danbury to Ridgefield.

In New York.* From Jersey city, by New York, Harlaem, In New York, and New Rochelle, to Rye.

From New York city, by Brooklyn, Jamaica, Hempstead, chap. 403, posts. Merrick, South Oyster Bay, South Huntington, Islip, Patchogue, 663, posts and Fireplace, Morriches, Westhampton, Southampton, and Bridge-post.] hampton, to Sag Harbor.

From Jamaica, by Queen's C. H. Oyster Bay, Huntington, Dixhills, Smithtown, Setauket, Brookhaven, and Riverhead, to

Southhold.

From New York, by Kingsbridge, Yonkers, Greensburg, Mount Pleasant, Peekskill, Fishkill, Poughkeepsie, Staatsburg, Rhinebeck, Redhook, Clermont, Hudson, Kinderhook, Albany, Schenectady, Amsterdam, Tripshill, Palatine, Little Falls, Herkimer, Utica, New Hartford, Westmoreland, Oneida, Sullivan, Caneseraga, Manlius, Onondaga, Marcellus, Skeneatales, Aurelius, Cayuga, Geneva, Canandaigua, Bloomfield, Avon, Southampton, Batavia, New Amsterdam, and Lewistown, to Youngstown or Niagara.

From New Rochelle, by Whiteplains, Salem, Ridgefield, Ct.

South East, Patterson, and Pauling, to Dover.

From Ramapo Works to Newburg.

From New Antrim, by Monroe, Chester, Goshen, Wallkill, Montgomery, Shawangunk, New Paltz, Kingston, Songaerties, Catskill, Lunenburg, Coxsackie, Coyemans, Bethlehem, Albany, Troy, Lansinburg, Waterford, Stillwater, Saratoga, Northumberland, Fort Miller, Sandy Hill, Queensbury, Fort George, Thurman, Chester, Scaroon lake, Elizabeth, Willsboro', Peru, and Plattsburg, to Champlain town.

From Hamburg, N. J. by Warwick, Florida, Goshen, Little Britain, New Windsor, Newburg, and Fishkill landing, to Fishkill.

From Danbury, Ct. by Fishkill landing and Newburg, to Che-

nango Point.

From Rhinebeck, by Kingston, Shandecin, Middletown, Delhi, Walton, Sidney, Jericho Bridge, Onoquago, Binghampton, Union, Owego, Athens, Pa. Chemung, Elmira, Great Flat, Painted Post, Bath, Canesteo, Ark Port, Danville, Williamsburg, and Geneseo, to Avon.

From Delhi to Meredith.

From Wellsboro', Pa. by Lindleystown, to Painted Post.

1810. In New York.

From Hudson, by Lunenburg, Catskill, Cairo, Durham, Broome, Blenheim, Stamford, Harpersfield, Kortwright, Meredith, Franklin, Unadilla, and Clinton, to Jericho Bridge.

From Erie, Pa. by Caseda, Cataraugus, and Fish creek, to

New Amsterdam.

From Bath, by Roscommon and Jerusalem, to Geneva.

From Elmira, by Catherinestown, Hector, Ovid, Lancaster, and Romulus, to Geneva.

From Owego, by Cantines, Ithica, Salmon creek, Milton, Aurora, Cayuga, and Galen, to Great Sodus.

From Ithica, by Ulysses, to Ovid.

From Binghampton, by Green or Lisle, Oxford, Norwich, Hamilton, Paris, and New Hartford, to Utica.

From Oxford, by Unadilla, Otego, Milford, Hartwick, Otsego

village, and Bridgewater, to Utica.

From Albany, by Duanesburg, Dwilock, Cherry valley, Otsego village, Burlington, Columbus, Sherburne, Deruyter, Truxton, and Homer, to Aurora.

From Burlington, by New Berlin, Plymouth, Cincinnatus,

and Homer, to Ithica.

From Otsego village, by New Lisbon, Pittsfield, and Butternuts, to Oxford.

From Cherry valley, by Springfield, Richfield, Plainfield, and Bridgwater, to Sangerfield.

From Onondaga, by Salina, Liverpool, Three Rivers Point.

and Oswego falls, to Oswego.

From Vernon, by Smithfield, and Cazenovia, to Pompey.

From Utica, by Whitestown, Rome, Camden, Adams, and

Sackett's Harbor, to Brownsville.

From Utica, by Trenton, Steuben, Leyden, Turin, Lowville, Harrisburg, Oxbow, Dekalb, Canton, Ogdensburg, Lisbon, Hamilton, Madrid, Potsdam, Chesterfield, Malone, and Chetauga, to Plattsburg.

From Harrisburg, by Champion, Watertown, and Brownsville,

to Port Putnam.

From Little Falls, by Fairfield, Newport, and Russia, to

From Peramus, by Tappan, Clarkstown, and Kakiat, to Haverstraw.

From Schenectady, by Ballstown, Ballstown springs, Saratoga springs, Greenfield and Hadley, to Broadalbin.

From Caughnawage, by Johnson, and Mayfield, to North-

ampton.

From Lansinburg, by Schaghticoke, Easton, Greenwich, Argyle, Hartford, and Whitehall, to Fairhaven, Vt.

From Sandyhill, by Fort Ann, to Whitehall.

From Lansinburg, by Cambridge, Salem, Hebron, Granville, and Hampton, to Poultney, Vt.

From Willsboro' to Charlotte, Vt.

From Albany to New Lebanon.

From Hudson, by Claverac, to Egremont, Ms.

In New Yersey. * From Morrisville, Pa. by Treaton, Princeon, New Brunswick, Rahway, Elizabethtown, and Newark, to in New Jersey, 12 See, for other From Philadelphia, Pa. by Cooperstown, Gloucester, Woodiny, Sweedsboro', and Woodstown to Salam ersey city.

ury, Sweedsboro', and Woodstown, to Balem.

From Cooperstown, by Long Coming, Blue Anchor, Riveroct. 5, chap.751, ridge, and Somer's Point, to Absecome.

From Cooperstown, by Haddonfield, Taunton, and Atsion, to

luckertown.

From Trenton, by Bordenton, Mount Holley, Black Horse, New Egypt, New Mills, Mount Holy, Morestown, Haddonield, Cooperstown, Gloucester, Woodbury, Mullicohill, Poletavern, Deerfield, Bridgetown, Millville, Port Elizabeth, Dennis, and Cape May C. H. to Cape Island.

From Trenton, by Pennington, Flemington, Alexandria, Bel-

ridere, Hope, Johnsonburg, and Newtown, to Hamburg.

From Trenton, by Allentown, Cranberry, Monmouth, Shrewsoury, Middletown Point, Spotswood, New Brunswick, Somerrillo, Pluckemin, New Germanton, New Hampton, Asbury, and Pittston, to Alexandria.

From New Hope, Pa. by Somerville, Boundbrook, Newmarket, Plainfield, Scotch Plains, and Springfield, to Newark.

From Easton, Pa. by Belvidere and Knowlton Mills, to De-

totsburg, Pa.

From Scotch Plains to New Providence.

From Rahway, by Woodbridge, to Amboy.

From Newark, by Chatham, Morristown, Bockaway, and Sparta, to Newtown, thence by Hacketstown, Washington Valley, Chester, and Mendon, to Morristown.

From Morristown, by Baskenridge, t to Somerville.

[‡ See sec. 1, ch. 403, post.] From Jersey city, by Bergen, Hackensack, and Paramus, to New Antrim.

From Bristol, Pa. to Burlington. From Bridgetown to Cedarville.

In Pennsylvania & From Wilmington, D. by Chester, Darby, [6] See, for other Philadelphia, Frankfort, and Bristol, to Morrisville.

From Philadelphia, by Downingtown, Lancaster, Elizabeth:

twn, Middletown, Harrisburg, Carlisle, Shippensburg, Cham
sec. 3, chap.

603, pest; and

sec. 3, chap.

605, pest; and

sec. 3, chap.

605, pest; and

sec. 3, chap.

605, pest; and bersburg, McConnel's town, Bedford, Somerset, Greensburg, poil Pittsburg, Cannonsburg, and Washington, to West Middletown.

From Taneytown, Md. by Petersburg, Hanover, York, and

Columbia, to Lancaster.

From Brick Meetinghouse, Md. by the Rising Sun, Unicorn, Black Horse, Sorrel Horse, Lancaster, Leditz, Ephrata, Reemstown, Adamstown, Reading, Cootstown, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Stroudsburg, and Middletown, to Milford, and thence to Pittston.

From Brick Meetinghouse, Md. by New London, Chatham, Kennett's square, Marshaltown, and Westchester, to Downing-

town. From Wilmington, D. by New Garden, Chatham, Gap, and Strasburg, to Lancaster.

1810.

From Lancaster, by New Holland, Churchtown, Moren Pughtown, Pawlingsford, Norristown, Montgomery, D town, New Hope, Newtown, and Attleborough, to Bristal Trans.

From Philadelphia, by Jenkintown, Doylestown, Phumstead, Bursontown, Easton, Hellers, Woods, Wilkesbarre, Pittsten, Putnam, Braintrem, Wyalusing, Standing Stone, Wysox, and Sheshequin, to Athens.

From Pittston, by Providence, and Willingboro', to Bingham-

ton, New York.

From Plumstead, by Erwinna, to Alexandria, N. J.

From Jenkintown to New Hope.

From Philadelphia, by Germantown, Chesnut Hill, Whitemarsh, Montgomery Square, Quakertown, Bethlehem, Kreidersville, Lausanne, and Nescopeck, to Berwick.

From Bethlehem to Nazareth.

From Philadelphia, by Germantown, Springtown, Norristown, Trap, Reading, Hamburg, Sunbury, Northumberland, Milton, Muncey, and Williamsport, to Wellsborough.

From Milton, by Washington, and Jerseytown, to Froetsteen From Harrisburg, by Halifax, Sunbury, Northumberland; Lewisburg, Mifflinburg, and Aaronsburg, to Bellefonte, Milesburg, Clearfield, and Venango, to Mercer.

From Harrisburg, by Palmyra, Lebanon, and Womelsdorf, to

Reading.

From Lebanon to Jonestown.

From Harrisburg, by Clark's Ferry, Millerstown, Thompsonton, Missintown, Lewistown, M'Vaytown, Huntingdon, Alexandria, Hollidaysburg, Beaula, Armah, Indiana, through Alexandria, to Greensburg.

From Mifflintown, by Waterford, Concord, to Fannetsburg. From Manchester, Md. by Hanover, Abbotstown, Berlin,

and Sulphur Springs, to Carlisle.

From Union, Md. by Petersburg, and Gettisburg, to Cham-

bersburg.

From Emittsburg, Md. by Gettisburg, Carlisle, Gap, Millerstown, Selin's Grove, Northumberland, Danville, Bloomsburg, Berwick, Salem, and Hanover, to Wilkesbarre.

From Carlisle, by Waggoners' Gap, Landisburg, Hacketts,

Shower's Mill, and Zimmermans, to Douglass' Mill.

From Hagerstown, Md. by Greencastle, Chambersburg, Stras-

burg, Fannetsburg, Bedford furnace, Shirleys, Huntingdon, Centre furnace, Belfont, Jersey shore, to Williamsport.

From Belfont to Lewistown.

From Gettisburg, by Fairfield, and Greencastle, to Messers-

burg.

From Cumberland, Md. by Salisbury, and Berlin, to Somerset. From Somerset, by Connelsville, Union, and New Geneva, to Morgantown, Va.

From Somerset, by Staystown, to Ebensburg.

From Greensburg, by New Alexandria, to Kittaning.

From Greensburg, by Mount Pleasant, Robbstown, Parkinson's ferry, and Washington, to Burgettstown.

From Union, by Brownsville, Washington, Waynesborough, and Jeffersonville, to Union.

From Pittsburg, by Butler, Mercer, Franklin, Meadsville, Crawford, and Le Bœuf, to Erie.

From Erie to Litchfield, O.

From Pittsburg, by Beavertown, to Greersburg.

From Beavertown to Georgetown.

From Baltimore, Md. to York.

Le Michigan. From Fort Miami, by Frenchtown, to Detroit. In Michigan.

In Ohio. From Point Pleasant, Va. by Gallipolis, Sciota In Ohio. Salt Works, Chilicotha, Franklinton, Worthington, Delaware, post road Mount Vernon, Mansfield, Ripley, and Bronson, to Huron.

From Marietta, by Belpre, to Wood C. H.

From Marietta, by Athens, Chilicotto. 11.

663, post; and
653, post; and
75, co.
75, c

burg, Milford, Columbia, Cincinnati, to Northbend.

From Wheeling, Va. by St. Clairsville, Morristown, Frankford, Cambridge, Zanesville, Springfield, New Lancaster, Chili-

cotha, and Brown's Cross Roads, to Mayaville, K.

From Cincinnati, by Crossby, Hamilton, Franklin, Dayton, Staunton, Troy, Pique Town, Springfield, Ludlow, Xenia, [15] Waynesville, Lebanon, and Montgomery, to Cincinnati.

From Chilicotha, by Pepee, to Alexandria.

From Zanesville, by Gnadenhutten, and New Philadelphia, to Canton.

From Marietta, by Waterford, Zanesville, Newark, Greenville, Worthington, to Urbana.

From Troy to Greenville.

From Brook C. H. Va. to Steubenville, and Faucettstown, to New Lisbon.

From Greersburg or Beavertown, Pa. by New Lisbon, Deerfield, Ravenna, Hudson, Cleveland, Huron, Perkins, Patterson,

and Sandusky, to Fort Miami.

From Greersburg, Pa. by Poland, Youngstown, and Warren, to Jefferson, and return by Williamsfield, Smithfield, and Brookfield, to Warren.

From Litchfield, by Ralphville, Jefferson, and Austinville, to

Cleveland.

From Youngstown to Canfield.

In Indiana. From Louisville, K. by Jeffersonville, Clarks- in Indiana. Ville, Corydon, and Vincennes, ** to the United States' Saline. Post ros

From Northbend, O. by Laurenceburg, to Port William, K. In Illinois. # From Vincennes, In. T. by Kaskaskia, Prairies see 3, chi

du Bochers, and Cohakia, to St. Louis.

From Smithland, K. by Fort Massack, and Tywappety, to the total (1718). for Cape Girardeau, L. T.

In Louisiana. From St. Genevieve, by Mine au Burton, and chase & St. Louis, to St. Charles.

From Kaskaskia, I. T. by Genevieve, and Cape Girardeau,

to New Madrid. In Delaware. # From Elkton, Md. by Christiana, and New- In Delaware [# See, for o

port, to Wilmington. From Wilmington, by New Castle, St. Georges, Cantwell's class, 665, post.)

2 N **Vol. 4.**

Bridge, Smyrna, Dover, Camdén, Frederica, Milford, Georgetown, and Dagsborough, to Poplartown, Md.

From Cantwell's Bridge, by Middletown, to Warwick, Md.

From Frederica to Whiteleysburg.

From Salisbury, Md. by Laurel, Concord, and Georgetown, to Lewistown.

From New Market, Md. by North West Fork Bridge, and

Bridge Branch, to Georgetown.

In Maryland. From Washington city, by Bladensburg, Balpost roads established, sec. 2,
elap, 403, post;
also, sec. 2, chap, 503, post;
also, sec. 2, chap, 403, post;
also, sec. 2, cha

From Poplartown, by Snowhill, to Horntown.

From Salisbury to Quantico.

From Cambridge to New Market.

From Easton, by Centerville, Churchhill, Chestertown,

Georgetown Cross Roads, and Sassafras, to Warwick.

From Georgetown Cross Roads, by the head of Chester, Sudler's Cross Roads, Beaver Dam, and Nine Bridges, to Greensborough.

From Easton, by Hillsborough, Denton, and Greensborough,

to Whitelevsburg, D.

From Elkton to Brick Meetinghouse.

From Harford to Belle Air.

From Baltimore to Annapolis.

From Baltimore, by Rockall, to Chestertown.

From Baltimore, by Reisterstown, to Manchester. From Reisterstown, by Westminster, to Union Mills.

From Baltimore, by Ellicott's Lower Mills, Poplartown, New

Market, Fredericktown, and Newtown, to Harper's Ferry.

From Baltimore, by Queenstown, to Centreville.

From Washington city, by Georgetown, Montgomery C. H. Clarksburg, Fredericktown, Middletown, Hagerstown, Hancock, Berkeley Springs, Oldtown, to Cumberland, and thence, by the national road, to Union, Pa.

From Washington city, by Brookville, and Triadelphia, to

Ellicott's mills.

From Fredericktown to Liberty.

From Fredericktown, by Woodsborough, to Taneytown. From Fredericktown, by Creagerstown, to Emmetsburg.

From Shepherdstown, Va. by Sharpsburg, and Williamsport,

to Hagerstown.

From Upper Marlborough, by Nottingham, Aquasco, Bene-

dict, and Charlotte Hall, to Chaptico.

[† Discontinued.] See sec. 1, chap. 683, post.] Ma

From Queen Ann, by Pig Point,† Tracey's Landing, Lower Marlborough, Huntington, and Calvert C. H. to St. Leonards.

From Washington city, by Piscataway, Port Tobacco, Allensfresh, Newport, Chaptico, Leonardtown, Great Mill, and St. Inigoes, to Ridge.

From Port Tobacco, by Tophill, to Nanjemoy.

From Leesburg, Va. by Charlesburg, to Montgomery C. H.

From Fredericktown to Leesburg.

From Newtown Trap, by Berlin, Thrasher's Store, and Ha-

milton's Mill, to Waterford, in Va.

In Virginia.* From Washington city, by Alexandria, Dum- [See, for oth fries, Stafford C. H. Falmouth, Fredericksburg, Bowling Green, post roads can lished, see 2. White Chimneys, Hanover C. H. Richmond, Petersburg, Harris's chap. 403, post: and Brunswick, to Warrenton, N. C.

From Washington city, by Prospect, Lanesville, Leesburg, post.]

atterford, Hillsborough, Charlestown Sharbardeton. Waterford, Hillsborough, Charlestown, Shepherdstown, and Mar-

tinsburg, to Berkeley Springs.

From Waterford, by Braden's Store, Janneys, and Snicker's .

Gap, to Upperville.

From Washington city, by Fairfax C. H. Goshen, Middle-burg, Paris, Winchester, Romney, Westernport, Md. Gandysville, Clarksburg, and Marshes, to Marietta, O.

From Gandysville to Morgantown.

From Clarksburg to Beverly.

From Pendleton C. H. by Moorfield, Romney, Springfield, [150e ec.], chap. 603, post.]

From Pendleton C. H. by Moorfield, Romney, Springfield, [150e ec.], chap. 603, post.]

and Frankfort, to Cresapsburg, Md.

From Williamsport, Md. by Martinsburg, Winchester, Stevensburg, Newtown, Strasburg, Woodstock, New Market, and Harrisonburg, to Staunton.

From Harper's Ferry, by Charlestown, and Battletown, to

Winchester.

From Fairfax C. H. by Centerville, Haymarket, Warrenton, Madison C. H. Stanardsville, Staunton, Middlebrook, Brownsburg, Lexington, Natural Bridge, Pattonsburg, Fincastle, Amsterdam, Salem, Airmount, Christiansburg, and Evansham, to Abingdon.

From Alexandria to Fairfax C. H.

From New York to Lovingston, in Nelson county.

From Colchester to Occoquan.

From Fredericksburg, by Elk Run Church, and Warrenton,

to Gibsons, and Oak Hill.

From Fredericksburg, by Germana, Stevensburg, Culpepper C. H. Jeffersonton, Washington, and Front Royal, to Winchester.

From Culpepper C. H. by Woodville, F. T. Village, Pass Mills, Thornton's Gap, Mundell's Store, and Hawksbill Mills. to New Market.

From Fredericksburg, by Orange C. H. Gordons, Milton, Charlottsville, New Glasgow, to Lynchburg.

From Lovingston, by Warren, to Warminster.

From Fredericksburg, by Thornsburg, Chilesburg, Oxford,

Crewsville, and Price's Mills, to Goochland C. H.

From Fredericksburg, by Spottsylvania C. H. Lewis's, Potties, Bibb's Store, Louisa C. H. Yanceyville, and Mitchell's Store, to Goochland C. H.

From Fredericksburg, by King George C. H. Broadfield, Mattoxbridge, Leedstown, Templeman's Cross Roads, Richmond C. H. Mount Airy, Farnham, Kinsale, Northumberland C. H. and Lancaster C. H. to Kilmarnock.

1810.

1810.

From Fredericksburg, by Port Royal, Laytons, Tappahan-

nock, Urbanna, and Gloucester C. H. to Yorktown.

From Bowling Green, by Broaddus's Mills, Dunkirk, Walkerton, King and Queen C. H. and Gloucester C. H. to Matthews C. H.

From Dunkirk, by Aylett's Warehouse, King William C. H.

to Lilly Point.

From Richmond, by Goochland C. H. Columbia, Milton, Charlottsville, New York, Waynesburg, Staunton, Warm Springs, Callaghans or Browns, Sulphur Springs, Lewisburg, Kenhawa C. H. and Hudsons, to Point Pleasant.

From Hudsons, by Wards and Jourdans, to Catlettsburg, at

the mouth of Big Sandy.

From Callaghans, by Sweet Springs, and Union, to Giles C. H. From Evansham, by Jeffersonville, and Franklin, to Jonesville. From Evansham, by Austinville, to Greenville.

From Richmond, by Powhatan C. H. Cumberland C. H. Floods, Lynchburg, Beaufords, Hourytown, and Fincastle, to Sweet

Springs.

From Liberty, by Brown's Store, Rocky Mount, Henry Court House, to Patrick Court House.

From Powhatan C. H. by Cartersville, New Canton, Buck-

ingham C. H. and Bent Creek, to Lynchburg.
From Powhatan C. H. by Farmville, Prince Edward C. H. Charlotte C. H. Marysville, Halifax C. H. Peytonsburg, and Pittsylvania C. H. to Henry C. H. and from Peytonsburg to

chap. Danville.*

* Discontinued. See sec. 1, chap. 103, post.]

From Prince Edward C. H. by Kelso's Store, to Hunters. From Pittsylvania C. H. by Danville, to Caswell C. H. in N. C. From Lynchburg, by Bethel, Pedlar Mills, and Wincanton, to Lexington.

From Lynchburg, by Campbell C. H. Ward's Ferry, on Staun-

ton river, and Stone's store, to Pittsylvania C. H.

From Richmond, by Chesterfield C. H. Spring Hill, Colesville, Jenitoe Bridge, Cassel's Store, Amelia C. H. Painesville, and Jamestown, to Farmville.

From Charlotte C. H. by Rough Creek Church and Reed's

Store, on Fallen river, to Campbell C. H.

From Richmond, by Hanovertown, Dunkirk, and Tappahannock, to Richmond C. H.

From Richmond, by Frazers, New Kent C. H. Williamsburg, Yorktown, Hampton, Norfolk, and Great Bridge, to Northwest River Bridge.

From Richmond, by Granville, to Charles City C. H.

From Petersburg, by Dinwiddie C. H. Nottaway C. H. Hendersonville, Hungrytown, Double Bridge, Haleys, Willies, Bibb's Ferry, and Scottsburg, to Halifax C. H.

From Petersburg, by Prince George, Cabin Point, Surrey C. H. Smithfield, Everitt's Bridge, Suffolk, and Portsmouth, to

Norfolk.

The mail may be sent from Smithfield, by Sleepy Hole Ferry, and thence to Suffolk, when the road and ferry are in convenient repair.

From Petersburg to City Point.

From Petersburg, by Sussex C. H. Jerusalem, and South

Quay, to Murfreesboro', N. C.

From Hicks's Ford, by Smith's Store, to Murfreesboro'.

From Harrisville, by Field's Mill, Quarlesville, M'Farlands, Lunenburg C. H. Christiansville, Marshalsville, Mecklenburg C. H.* St. Tammany's, and Gee's Bridge, to Harrisville.

From Percivalls, by Westward Mill, Mason's, Belfield, and

Hicks's ford, to Halifax, N. C.

From Hicks's ford, by Cross Keys, Bethlehem, and Jerusalem, to Suffolk.

From Billips's to Hicks's ford.

From West Middletown, Pa. by Brook C. H. and Short Creek, to Wheeling.

From Horntown, by Accomac C. H. and Northampton C. H.

to Norfolk.

From West Liberty, by Short Creek, to Warrenton, Ohio.

In Kemtucky + From Maysville, by Washington, Millersburg, In Kentucky Paris, Lexington, Frankfort, Springfield, Greensburg, Glasgow, pour roads

From Catlettsburg, by Greenup C. H. Johnson's Mills, Vancestep 403, post; and
burg, Salt Works, Lewis C. H. and Flemingsburg, to Millersburg, thence, by Mount Sterling and the Olympian Services. burg, thence, by Mount Sterling and the Olympian Springs, to Catlettsburg.‡

From Cumberland Gap, by Barboursville, Road Forks, Crab ess, post.] Orchard, Stanford, Danville, Harrodsburg, Frankfort, and New

Castle, to Port William.

From Roadforks to Clay C. H.

From Washington, by Augusta, and Newport, to Boon C. H. From Lexington, by Nicholasville, Richmond, and Lancaster,

to Danville.

From Frankfort, by Georgetown, Cynthiania, Falmouth, and [See sec. 1, chap. 751, post] Newport, to Cincinnati, Ohio.

From Frankfort, by Shelbyville, Louisville, Shepperdsville,

Bairdstown, Springfield, and Danville, to Casey C. H.

From Frankfort, by Middletown, Bairdstown, Bealsburg, Elizabethtown, Grangerville, Hardenburg, Hartford, and Muhlenburg C. H. to Russelsville.

From Hardenburg, by Yellow Banks, Hendersonton, United States' Saline, In. T. to Shawnee Town, Il. T. and to Living-

ston C. H.

From Russelsville, by Christian C. H. Eddyville, and Li-

vingston C. H. to Smithland.

From Stanford, by Pulaski C. H. Wayne C. H. Cumberland, and Adair, to Greensburg.

From Lexington, by Winchester, and Mount Sterling, to Estill C. H.

From Muhlenburg C. H. Hopkins C. H. by Harpsburg, to Henderson.

In North Carolina. From Warrenton, by Louisburg, Ra- [1 See, for other post roads essentisished, see. 3. chap, 403, posts Barefields, South Garolina.

1810.

[‡ Discontinued.

663, post; and

From Suffolk, Va. by Gates C. H. Edenton, Lcg's Mills 1810. sec. 3, chap. 781. Plymouth, Washington, Newbern, Swansboro', and Wilmington Discontinued. to Smithville. See see. 1, chap. 663, post.]

From Henry C. H. Va. to Germanton.

From Greensville, Va. by Scull Camp, Mount Airy, and Be-

thania, to Salem.

From Warrenton, by Williamsboro', Oxford, Person C. H. Leesburg, Caswell C. H. Lenox Castle, Rockingham C. H. and Germanton, to Salem.

From Oxford to Hillsboro'.

From Raleigh, by Nuthall's Store, to Oxford.

From Raleigh, by Chapel Hill, Hillsboro', Allemance, Greensboro', Salem, Huntsville, Houstonville, Statesville, Island Ford, Morgantown, and Ashville, to the Warm Springs, and from Ashville to Haywood C. H.

From Hillsboro', by Mount Tirzah, Person C. H. Williams-

ville, and the Red House, to Halifax C. H. Va.

From Huntsville, by Rockford, Hamptonville, and Wilkesboro', to Ash C. H.

From Salem, by Lexington, Salisbury, and Concord, to Charlotte.

From Charlotte to Statesville.

From Raleigh, by Pittsboro', Randolph C. H. Salisbury, Beat-[† See sec. 1, chap, 403, post.] tysford, Grahams, Lincolnton, and Rutherfordton, to Spartansburg, S. C.

> From Fayetteville, by Moore C. H. Waddel's Ferry, Tyson's Store, Linley's Store, and Hillsboro', by Jones' Ferry, to Pittsboro', and, thence, by Haywood, to Fayetteville.

From Fayetteville, by Rockingham, Wadesboro', Springville,

and Tindallsville, to Salisbury.

From Fayetteville, by Laurel hill, to Winfieldsville, S. C.

From Warrenton, by Jones' store, Halifax, Northampton C. H. Murfreesborough, Winton, Coleraine, Windsor, Edenton, Hartford, Nixonton, Elizabeth, Camden C. H. Indiantown, Currituck C. H. and Tull's Creek, to North West Bridge, Va.

From Elizabeth to New Lebanon.

From Warrenton, by Ransom's Bridge, Sills' Store, Nash C. H. Tarborough, Greenville, Washington, Bath, Woodstock, and See see. 1, chap.
From Halifax, by Enfield. Mount Prospect. to

From Halifax, by Enfield, Mount Prospect, to Tarborough.

From Raleigh to Nash Court House.

From Halifax, by Scotland Neck, Hamilton, Williamston, Jamestown, Plymouth, and Washington C. H. to Scuppernong. From Raleigh, by Smithfield, Waynesboro', Kinston, and

Newbern, to Beaufort. From Kinston to Snowhill.

From Fayetteville, by Sampson C. H. Duplin C. H. and South Washington, to Wilmington.

From Fayetteville, by Elizabethtown, to Wilmington.

From Elizabethtown to Marsh Castle.

In Tennessee. From Abingdon, Va. by Blountsville, Rossdi ente ville, Rogersville, Whitesides, Been's Station, Rutledge, Knox-

ifle, Campbell, Meredith, Kingston, Hartleys, Alexanders, Thite Plains, Carthage,* Dixon's Springs, Cairo, Gallatin, chap. 463, post; also, sec. 3, chap. 463, post; also, sec. 3, chap. 463, post; and sec. 3, ch. 751, post; pring.

From Blountsville, by Jonesborough, Greenville, Cheek's despect.] despect.]

Cross Roads, and Dandridge, to Knoxville.

From Jonesborough, by Elizabethtown, to Ashe C. H. N. C. From the Warm Springs, N. C. by Newport, Sevierville, Knoxville, Clinton, and Chitwood, to Pulaski, K.

From Newport, by Cheek's Cross Boads, Been's Station,

Tazewell, and Powell's Valley, to Cumberland Gap.

From Knozville, by Marysville, Telico, Amoy River, Vansown, Turkeytown, near the junction of Koose and Talipoose ivers, being the head of Alibama river, to Fort Stoddert, on the Mobile river, M. T.

From Carthage to Lebanon. From Carthage to Fort Blount.

From Nashville, by Charlotte, Hickman C. H. and Humshrey's C. H. to Charlotte.

From Nashville, by Springfield, to Russelville, K.

From Springfield, by Port Royal, Clarksville, and Palmyra, to Stewart C. H. and from thence to Eddyville, in the state of Kentucky.

From Kingston, by Rhea C. H. Bledsoe C. H. Warren, and

Jefferson, to Nashville.

From Wayne C. H. Kentucky, by Overton C. H. and White Plains, to White C. H.

From Columbia, by Shelbyville, and Winchester, Fayetteville, † [† Discontinued. cos sec. 1, chap. untsville, M. T. and Pulaski, to Columbia.

From Bledsoe C. H. to Franklin C. H. †

[† Discontinued. cos sec. 1, chap. 751, post.]

[† Discontinued. cos sec. 1, chap. 751, post.]

[† Discontinued. cos sec. 1, chap. 751, post.] Huntsville, M. T. and Pulaski, to Columbia.

From Bledsoe C. H. to Franklin C. H.:

In South Carolina. From Barefields, by Port's ferry, Chi- In South Carolina Grove, Georgetown, Charleston, Jacksonboro', Pocotaligo, [5 See, for other and Coosawhatchie, to Savannah, Ga.

od Coosawhatchie, to Savannah, Ga.

From Greenville, by Pickensville, Pendleton C. H. and Hat
slipe, sec. 3, chap

construction of the Company of the Comp

tensford, to Carnesville, Ga.

From Winfieldsville, by Cheraw C. H. Camden, Columbia, post; and sec. 2, chap, 751, dgefield C. H. and Cambelltown Edgefield C. H. and Cambelltown, to Augusta, Ga.

From Barefields, by Marion C. H. Ilesboro', Bitheasville,

and Harleysville, to Barefields.

From Port's Ferry to Conwayborough.

From Wadesborough, N. C. by Sneedsborough, Chatham, Cheraw C. H. and Darlington C. H. to Port's Ferry, on Lynch Creek.

From Charleston, by Monk's Corner, Jamesville, Statesburg, Camden, Chesnut Ferry, Peas' Store, Rocky Mount, Lansford, and Alexanders, to Charlotte, to return by Cairo, and Lancaster, to Camden.

From Columbia, by Miersville, Statesburg, Sumpterville, Salem, Kingstree, Indiantown, and Willtown, to China Grove.

From Columbia, by Winnsborough, Chester C. H. York C. H. Pinckneyville, Union, Meansville, and Spartanburg, to Greenville. From Columbia, by Monticello, Hendersons, O'Neals, the

1810.

Keys, Cross Anchor, and Shacklefords, to Greenville, return by Stonesville, Young's Store, Scuffletown, Huntington, Poplar

Grove, and Springhill, to Columbia.

From Charleston, by Dorchester, St. Georges, Orangeburg, Columbia, Newbury C. H. Belfast, Laurens C. H. Fork Shoal, Greenville, Reedsville, and Claytonsville, to Ashville, N. C. to return, by Murraysville, to Greenville.

From Greenville, return by Tumbling Shoal, and Laurens C.

H. to Columbia.

From Edgefield C. H. by Richardsons, Cambridge, Abbeyville, and Rocky River, to Pendleton C. H.

From Edgefield C. H. by Long Miers, Willington, Vienna, and Andersonville, to Pendleton C. H.

From Jacksonboro', by Barnwell C. H.* and Campbelltown, to Augusta, Ga.

From Pocotaligo to Beaufort.

From Charlotte, N. C. to York C. H.

From Petersburg, Ga. to Vienna.

In Georgia. † From Savannah, by Bryan C. H. Riceboro', M'Intosh C. H. Darien, and Brunswick, to St. Marys.

From Augusta, by Lincolnton, Petersburg, and Elberton, to

Franklin C. H.

From Augusta, by Columbia C. H. Washington, Lexington,

Athens, Watkinsville, and Clarksboro', to Jefferson.

From Augusta, by Columbia C. H. Warrenton, Sparta, Milledgeville, and Jones C. H. to Hawkins, on the Oakmulgee river, and, from thence, to Coweta.

From Milledgeville, by Putnam C. H. Morgan C. H. and

Watkinsville, to Athens.

[‡ Discontin See sec. 1, chap 663, post.] From Darien, by Jones', to Milledgeville.‡

From Morgan C. H. to Randolph C. H.

From Milledgeville to Saundersville.

From Augusta, by Waynesboro', Louisville, Georgetown, [1] Discontinued. Warrenton, Powelton, and Greensboro', to Washington. See Sec. 1, Chap.

From Augusta, by Jacksonboro', to Savannah.

From Augusta, by Jacksonboro', to Savannah.

From Riceboro' to Sunbury.

Fitory.

[## See, as to other nest ro

In Mississippi. From the Big Spring, by Bear Creek, M'Intoshville, Walnut Hill, St. Albans, Grindstone Ford, Port Gibson, Greenville, Washington, Natchez, Ellis' Ferry, and Loftus Heights, to Pinckneyville.

chap. 403, post.] From M'Intoshville, or [** Seesee. 1, phens, to Fort Stoddert.** From M'Intoshville, or White Oak Creek, by Fort St. Ste-

From Coweta, by Tuckabachy, Tensaw, and Fort Stoddert,

[†† Discontinu-cd. See sec. 1, chap. 781, post.] In Orleans Territo chap. 751, post.] In Orleans Ter

In Orleans Territory. ‡‡ From Pinckneyville, by Baton Rouge, Abbeville, La Fourche, or Houmas, St. Charles, and New Orleans, to Balize.

From La Fourche, by Point Coupee, Opeloosa, and Rapid,

to Nachitochez.

From Pascagoola river to New Orleans.

After the 1st SECT. 2. And or is justified to the first hard of June next, all post roads heretofore established by the state of the section of the section

any act of congress of the United States, shall be, and the same are hereby, discontinued: Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be construed so as to affect any existing contracts.

[Approved, April 28, 1810.] existing con-

Proviso; nothing herein to affect

CHAP. 256. [XXXIV.] An act to extend the time for locating Virginia mi- [*Time further of the department of war.

post.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the officers and soldiers of the Virginia line on continental establishment, their heirs or assigns, entitled to bounty lands within Virginia line on
the tract reserved by Virginia, between the Little Miami and blishment. &c. Sciota rivers, for satisfying the legal bounties to her officers and term of five soldiers upon continental establishment, shall be allowed a further years, &c. to obtain warrants term of five years, from and after the passage of this act, to oband complete betain warrants and complete their locations, and a further term of
after term of seven years, from and after the passage of this act, as aforeto return their said, to return their surveys and warrants, or certified copies of warrants, to the office of the secretary of the war department, any thing in any former act to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided, That no locations as aforesaid, within the abovementions within the tioned tract, shall, after the passing of this act, be made on tracts after the 18th of land for which patents had previously been issued, or which had been previously surveyed; and any patent which may, neverfor which patents had been previously surveyed; and any patent which may, neverfor which patents had been theless, be obtained for land located contrary to the provisions tent had been provisions, shall be considered as null and void. of this section, shall be considered as null and void.

[Approved, March 16, 1810.]

CHAP. 257. [XLIX.] An act concerning invalid pensioners.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the secretary of war be, and he is hereby, directed to place the The secretary of following named persons, whose claims have been transmitted war directed to congress, pursuant to a law passed the tenth of April, one pension list, at thousand eight hundred and six, ton the pension list of invalid the rates mentioned, &c. pensioners of the United States, according to the rates, and to [fAnte, ch. 35.] commence at the times, herein mentioned; that is to say:

Gideon Griggs, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per Names of persons month, to commence on the ninth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and nine.

Elijah Brainard, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the sixth day of November, eighteen hundred and nine.

Benjamin Cotton, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the thirtieth day of January, eighteen bundred and nine.

William Smart, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the second day of February, eighteen hundred and

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John Union, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the sixth day of December, eighteen hundred and eight.

Edward Grant, at the rate of three dollars and seventy cents per month, to commence on the twenty-third day of Janu-

ary, eighteen hundred and nine.

Peleg Smith, at the rate of three dollars and thirty-three and one-third cents per month, to commence on the tenth day of January, eighteen hundred and nine.

Nathaniel Ladd, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the twenty-eighth day of January, eighteen hundred and nine.

John Reed, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the thirty-first day of October, eighteen hundred and nine.

Joseph Slack, at the rate of three dellars and thirty-three and one-third cents per month, to commence on the seventeenth day of October, eighteen hundred and nine.

Samuel Sterns, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the twentieth day of March, eighteen hundred and nine.

Enos Petett, at the rate of two dollars per month, to commence on the fifth day of June, eighteeen hundred and nine.

Jonathan Perkins, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the third day of May, eighteen hundred and nine.

Toney Twiney, at the rate of three dollars and seventy-five cents per month, to commence on the twenty-third day of June, eighteen hundred and eight.

James Wayland, at the rate of three dollars and thirty-three and one-third cents per month, to commence on the sixteenth

day of January, eighteen hundred and nine.

David Hurd, at the rate of three dollars and seventy-five cents per month, to commence on the twenty-third day of June, eighteen hundred and eight.

Squire Boon, at the rate of three dollars per month, to commence on the ninth day of September, eighteen hundred and nine.

Henry Shaw, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the seventeenth day of October, eighteen hundred and nine.

Quintin Moore, at the rate of one dollar and sixty-six and two-thirds cents per month, to commence on the twenty-sixth day of August, eighteeen hundred and nine.

Robert Baird, at the rate of ten dollars per month, to commence on the sixth day of May, eighteen hundred and nine.

George Tennell, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the fifth day of December, eighteen hundred and eight.

Edward Lloyd, at the rate of thirteen dollars and thirty-three and one-third cents per month, to commence on the twenty-first day of June, eighteen hundred and nine.

John M'Chesney, at the rate of three dollars thirty-three and one-third cents per month, to commence on the twentieth day of February, eighteen hundred and ten.

Benjamin Strother, at the rate of three dollars and thirty-three

and one-third cents per month, to commence on the fifth day of October, eighteen hundred and nine.

Mames of invalid

George Cress, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per pensionen, month, to commence on the seventh day of August, eighteen bundred and nine.

James Howard, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the third day of July, eighteen hundred and nine.

Newman Laudman, at the rate of three dollars and thirty-three and one-third cents per month, to commence on the twenty-fourth day of June, eighteen hundred and nine.

John Powell, at the rate of three dollars and thirty-three and one-third cents per month, to commence on the twentieth day of November, eighteen hundred and nine.

George Benedict, at the rate of three dollars and thirty-three and one-third cents per month, to commence on the twenty-second day of November, eighteen hundred and nine.

Philip Philips, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the twenty-ninth day of November, eighteen hundred and nine.

Peter Conyne, at the rate of eight dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-eighth day of November, eighteen hundred and nine.

James Buxton, at the rate of four dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-second day of December, eighteen hundred and nine.

John Crookshanks, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the twentieth day of December, eighteen hundred and nine.

John Gilbert, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the second day of September, eighteen hundred and eight.

Simeon Gibbs, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the twenty-eighth day of March, eighteen hundred and eight.

James Berry, at the rate of one dollar and sixty-six and two-thirds cents per month, to commence on the ninth day of September, eighteen hundred and nine.

James Warson, at the rate of three dollars and thirty-three and one-third cents per month, to commence on the twenty-second day of September, eighteen hundred and nine.

Joseph Shaler, at the rate of twenty dollars per month, to commence on the twelfth day of February, eighteen hundred and nine.

James Munn, at the rate of ten dollars per month, to commence on the eighteenth day of March, eighteen hundred and

Joseph Reed, at the rate of three dollars and thirty-three and one-third cents per month, to commence on the sixteenth day of March, eighteen hundred and nine.

Charles Kilgore, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the twenty-eighth day of April, eighteen hundred and nine.

Ambrose Lewis, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per mesof invalid month, to commence on the nineteenth day of July, eighteen hundred and nine.

John Newman, at the rate of ten dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-seventh day of October, eighteen hundred

Joseph Noyes, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the twenty-eighth day of January, eighteen hundred and nine.

Aaron Brinck, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-sixth day of January, eighteen hundred

and nine.

David Hamilton, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-sixth day of January, eighteen hundred and nine.

Hackalia Doolittle, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the twenty-fifth day of January,

eighteen hundred and nine.

Peter Harford, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the eighth day of March, eighteen hundred and ten.

John Wood, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the third day of March, eighteen hundred and ten.

Thomas Goodrum, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the fourteenth day of March, eighteen hundred and ten.

John Smith, at the rate of four dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-eighth day of January, eighteen hundred and nine.

Jared Duncan, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the eighth day of December, eighteen hundred and nine.

John Martin, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the twenty-first day of March, eighteen hundred and ten.

Gerardus Dingman, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the fifteenth day of January, eighteen hundred and ten.

Donald M'Donald, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the twentieth day of January, eighteen hundred and ten.

The pensions of the persons ed to be in-

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the pensions of the following persons, already placed on the pension list of the United States, whose claims for an increase of pension have been [*Ante, ch. 24.] transmitted to congress, pursuant to the act aforesaid, * be increased to the sums herein, respectively, annexed to their names; the said increase to commence at the times herein mentioned; that is to say:

William Little, five dollars per month, to commence on the whose pen-ns have been twenty-second of November, eighteen hundred and nine.

Walker Baylor, twenty dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-ninth of December, eighteen hundred and eight.

Isaac Bennet, three dollars and thirty-three and one-third ents per month, to commence on the twenty-sixth of June, Names of perighteen hundred and nine.

Thomas Carhart, five dollars per month, to commence on the

wenty-first of February, eighteen hundred and nine.

David Weaver, five dollars per month, to commence on the ourth of September, eighteen hundred and nine.

Josias Smith, ten dollars per month, to commence on the ele-

renth of May, eighteen hundred and nine.

Abiel Knapp, three dollars and thirty-three and one-third cents per month, to commence on the twenty-seventh of October, ighteen hundred and eight.

Peter D. Demarest, five dollars per month, to commence on

he seventh of January, eighteen hundred and nine.

Kerley Ward, three dollars and thirty-three and one-third ents per month, to commence on the tenth of January, eighteen undred and nine.

John Utter, five dollars per month, to commence on the third

of January, eighteen hundred and ten.

Lee Lay, six dollars and sixty-six and two-third cents per month, to commence on the fourth of December, eighteen hundred and nine.

Henry Cone, five dollars per month, to commence on the fourth

of December, eighteen hundred and nine.

Elihu Sabin, three dollars thirty-three and one-third cents per month, to commence on the third of October, eighteen hundred and nine.

Simon Crosby, three dollars thirty-three and one-third cents per month, to commence on the twentieth of September, eighteen hundred and nine.

William Tarbell, three dollars per month, to commence on the

third of June, eighteen hundred and nine.

Jeremiah Markham, five dollars per month, to commence on the third of June, eighteen hundred and nine.

John Wakelee, five dollars per month, to commence on the first of September, eighteen hundred and eight.

David Orcutt, five dollars per month, to commence on the

fifteenth of March, eighteen hundred and nine.

Jedediah Brown, two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the fourteenth of October, eighteen hundred and

Stephen Hempstead, three dollars and seventy-five cents per month, to commence on the third of February, eighteen hundred

Isaac Finch, five dollars per month, to commence on the

twenty-first of July, eighteen hundred and eight. Richard Lamb, three dollars thirty-three and one-third cents per month, to commence on the first of May, eighteen hundred

Solomon Stark, three dollars and seventy-five cents per month, to commence on the thirteenth of February, eighteen hundred

and nine.

1810 Vames of per-

Nathan Hawley, three dollars thirty-three and one-third cer per month, to commence on the twenty-sixth of May, eighter been hundred and eight.

Samuel French, five dollars per month, to commence on the

twenty-sixth of May, eighteen hundred and eight.

Nero Hawley, three dollars thirty-three and one-third co per month, to commence on the twenty-sixth of May, eight hundred and eight.

Zeba Woodworth, five dollars per month, to commence

the fifth of September, eighteen hundred and nine.

Annanias Tubbs, two dollars and fifty cents per month, to ca mence on the fifteenth of March, eighteen hundred and nine.

Jonas Adams, five dollars per month, to commence on the sixth of February, eighteen hundred and nine.

Moses Smith, five dollars per month, to commence on the

ninth of February, eighteen hundred and ten.

Abraham Sawyer, two dollars and fifty cents per month, to come mence on the sixteenth of November, eighteen hundred and nine

Elias Barron, five dollars per month, to commence on the

sixth of June, eighteen hundred and nine.

Richard Crouch, five dollars per month, to commence on the twelfth of April, eighteen hundred and nine.

Joseph Johnson, five dollars per month, to commence on the

eighteenth of March, eighteen hundred and nine.

Jeremiah Robbins, three dollars thirty-three and one-third cents per month, to commence on the thirtieth of January eighteen hundred and nine.

Abner Kent, five dollars per month, to commence on the thir-

tieth of January, eighteen hundred and nine.

James Cobey, five dollars per month, to commence on the sixteenth of May, eighteen hundred and nine.

George Vaughan, thirteen dollars thirty-three and one-third cents per month, to commence on the twelfth of January, eighteen hundred and ten.

Statts Hammond, five dollars per month, to commence on the eighteenth of December, eighteen hundred and nine.

Bartlett Hawkins, five dollars per month, to commence on the

eighth of March, eighteen hundred and ten.

William Foster, five dollars per month, to commence on the sixteenth of December, eighteen hundred and nine.

Samuel Johnston, five dollars per month, to commence on the

first day of January, eighteen hundred and nine.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the secretary of The secretary of war directed to place Andrew Pink ron on the war be, and he is hereby, directed to place Andrew Pinkerton on the pension list of invalid pensioners of the United States, and to pay him at the rate of three dollars and thirty-three cents and one-third of a cent per month, commencing on the twenty-fifth

of August, eighteen hundred and nine. SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the several sums specifically appropriated by this act, shall be paid out of any

moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

et to be paid out of unappro

pension list, at

tioned, &cc.

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[Approved, April 27, 1810.]

BAP. 258. [L.] An act providing for the printing and distributing of such have of the United States as respect the public lands."

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representapost.]

ies of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorexpression to be united states as and he is hereby, authorextending to be allowed into one level into one ed to cause to be collected into one volume, and arranged, the volume the veral laws of the United States, resolutions of the congress unr the confederation, treaties, and proclamations, that have opetion and respect to the public lands, and to cause twelve hunpublic lands, and
ed copies to be printed, one of which shall be transmitted to enue 1,500
epiles to be ch of the existing land boards of commissioners for settling printed.
One copy to each of the registers and receivers of land board, and and claims, and a copy to each of the registers and receivers of the several land offices of the United States; and receiver, see and the residue of the said copies shall be preserved for the futher the copies to be preserved for the said copies shall be preserved for the copies to be preserved for the said copies to re disposition of congress. [Approved, April 27, 1810.]

1810. * Obsolete. Se

HAP. 259. [LI.] An act providing for the better accommodation of the general post office and patent office, and for other purposes.†

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representaves of the United States of America in congress assembled, That president of the United States be, and hereby is, authorized authorized to erect, or procure by purchase, a building suitable for the ac-east or procure by purchase ommodation of the general post office, and of the office of the building suit for the general post of the general po eeper of the patents, in such situation, and finished in such manport office, and
for the office, of er, as the interest of the United States, and the safety and con- the keeper of d enience of those offices, respectively, and the arrangement of patents, &c. ne models in the patent office, shall, in his opinion, require.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the president of The president to cause the city post office, and ost offices of superintendent and surveyor of intendent and re city of Washington, to be immediately removed from the city of Washingublic building west of the president's house; and that he cause too, to be reported by the building within the said public building, as many fire proof public building wort of the president's house, and the sufficient for the convenient deposite of all the sident's house, and to come fire ublic papers and records of the United States, belonging to, or in proof rooms to be built, see. ne custody of, the state, war, or navy, departments.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the sum of twenty 20,000 dolls appropriated for the purposes expressed in the purposes of this act, &ce. us act, out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise approriated. [Approved, April 28, 1810.]

HAP. 260. [LII.] An act providing for the sale of certain lands in the Indiana territory, and for other purposes.

Szcr. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled. That distributes that tract of land, to which the Indian title was extinguished treaty of fort by the treaty made at fort Wayne, on the thirtieth day of Septemwer, in the year one thousand eight hundred and nine, the girls of Cineter, in the year one thousand eight hundred and nine, the sense of Cineter and Vineter and Vine vest, and adjoining to the boundary line established by the trea- [f See the treaty, page 419, vol. 17]

ty of Greenville, shall be attached to, and made a part of, the dis-

1810.

less than two dolls, per acre,

Patents to be obtained as for other public same districts. [*See sec. 5, ch. 388, vol. 3: and sec. 3, ch. 352, post.] Superintendents of sales under this act to reday, &ce. After the 1st June, 1810, the to be the bounthe districts of Vincennes and Jeffersonville, Жc.

Persons entitled in the district of Vine naes by any former resolucongress, and ed by law for

trict of Cincinnati; and the residue of the lands to which the Indian title was extinguished by the said treaty, and other treaties made at Vincennes in the same year, shall be attached to; and The lands referred to, with the made a part of, the district of Vincennes; and the said lands, with the exception of No. the exception of section number sixteen, which shall be reserved in each township for the use of schools within the same, shall be offered for sale to the highest bidder, under the direction of the register of the land office, and of the receiver of public moneys, at the places respectively where the land offices are kept, and on such day or days as shall, by proclamation of the president main open at Cincinnati one shall remain open at Cincinnati one week, and at Vincennes faree week, and at Vincennes three weeks, and no longer; the lands shall not be sold for less than two we ka; lands not dollars an acre, and shall, in every other respect, be sold in tracts to be sold for of the same size, and on the same terms and conditions, as have been, or may be, provided for lands sold in the same districts; all Lands remaining the lands in the said tracts, with the exception abovementioned, usoid, &c. ex. the lands in the said tracts, with the exception abovementioned, capt, &c. may be remaining unsold at the close of the said sales, may be disposed disposed of at private sale, &c. of at private sale, by the register of the respective land offices, in the same manner, under the same regulations, for the same price, and on the same terms and conditions, as are, or may be, provided by law for the sale of lands in the same districts; and patents shall be obtained in the same manner, and on the same

> terms, as for other public lands sold in the same districts.*... SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the several superintendents of public sales directed by this act, shall receive four dollars a day, for each day's attendance on the said sales.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the first day of June next, the second principal meridian, established by the surveyor general in the Indiana territory, shall be the 2d principal me ridian establish boundary between the districts of Vincennes and Jeffersonville; wryor g neralin and the lands included in the said districts, respectively, according to the houndaries above. ing to the boundaries abovementioned, shall become a part of the district in which they are included, and shall be sold at the same place, in the same manner, and on the same terms and conditions. as the other public lands lying in the same district.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That any person or persons entitled to donation lands in the district of Vincennes, by any former resolution or act of congress, and who were minors, or did not reside within the Indiana territory, during the time who were mimen allowed by law for registering claims to land within the said disthe time allow. trict, and whose claims have not heretofore been presented to trict, and whose claims have not heretofore been presented to registering either of the boards of commissioners for adjusting claims to land mired, until the at Vincennes and Kaskaskia, may, until the first day of Novem-1st Nov. 1810, to ber next, give notice, in writing, to the register of the land office tive noise to ber next, give notice, in writing, to the register of the land office the register and of the said district, of their claims, and have the evidence of the dence recorded, as provided by same recorded, in the same manner, and on payment of the fees, the actmention provided by an act, entitled "An act making provision for the [tch.358,vol.3.] disposal of the public lands in the Indiana territory, and for other The right of persons neglecting to give persons neglecting to give ing to give notice, ke, barred, such notice of his claim, and to have the evidence of the same [18 see chap. 488, recorded, shall become void, and forever be barred.‡

SECT. 5. And be it surther engeted. That the register of the land office, and the receiver of public moneys, at Vincennes, shall The register and receiver at Vincennes, persorm the same duties, and exercise the same powers, in rela-tion to the claims filed with the register under this act, which, by the last recited act, were enjoined on, or vested in, the com-claims filed unmissioners designated by the said act; and it shall, also, be the der this act, as duty of the said register and receiver, to make, to the secretary the commissioner of the treasury, a report of all the claims thus filed with the respect to the segister of the land office, together with the substance of the evicerary of the dence adduced in support thereof, with such remarks thereon as treasury, who dence adduced in support thereof, with such remarks thereon as treasury, who dence adduced in support thereof, together with a list of the port before songless, which in the oninion of the register and receiver ought. claims, which, in the opinion of the register and receiver ought to be confirmed, shall be laid by the secretary of the treasury before congress, at their next session, for their determination thereon; and the said register and receiver shall, each, be allowed an receiver allowed additional compensation, of one hundred dollars, in full for their compensation of one hundred dollars, in full for their search additional compensation of one hundred dollars for low dollars and low dollars for low clerk hire.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That a tract of land in the in the Bline Illinois territory, at, and including, Shawneetown, on the Ohio territory, shading a river, shall, under the direction of the surveyor general, be laid nectown, see to coff into town lots, streets, and avenues, and into outlots, in such town lots, see manner, and of such dimensions, as he may judge proper: Pro- time of the surveyor general. wided, The tract so to be laid off shall not exceed the quantity of veyor general, land contained in two entire sections, nor the town lots one-quartract noted exter of an acre each. When the survey of the lots shall be comeditions, nor the pletted, a plat thereof shall be returned to the surveyor general, town bon 1-th on which the town lots and outlots shall, respectively, he design of an acre each. on which the town loss and outlots shall, respectively, he desig-A plat to be to nated, by progressive numbers; who shall cause two copies to be surveyor gene made, one to be transmitted to the secretary of the treasury, and related to the secretary of the treasury, and related to the secretary of the treasury. the other to the register of the land office; and the lots shall be signated by prooffered to the highest bidder at public sale, at the same time and ber, &c.

The lots to be ofplace, on the same terms and conditions, (except as to the quantity of land,) as have or may be provided for the sale of the other sale, &co public lands in the said territory: Provided, That no town lot shall Proviso notes public lands in the said territory: Provided, That no town lot shall Proviso notes less than 8 dollars note any outlot for less less than 8 dollars note any outlot be sold for a less price than eight dollars, nor any outlot for less less than at the rate of five dollars an acre. [Approved, April 30, 1810.] for less than s

CHAP. 261. [LIII.] An act to extend the time for making payment for the [* See former act, of ad Marr public lands of the United States in certain cases.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That Persons who, every person who, prior to the list day of January, one thou- Jan. 1800, had sand eight hundred and six, had purchased any tract or tracts of of land, not exland of the United States, not exceeding, in the whole, six hunecting 640
acres, either at
dred and forty acres, at any of the land offices established for public or private
the disposal of said lands, whether such purchase was made at
public or private sale, (sales by virtue of a pre-emption right only
sold, or rev. ried,
excepted,) and whose lands have not already been actually sold. for nonapyment,
excepted, and whose lands have not already been actually sold. for nonapyment,
excepted, and whose lands have not already been actually sold. or reverted to the United States, for nonpayment of part of the one year prevenue ous to the expurchase money, and who shall, for the term of at least one year ration of average.

tracts thus pur-chased, and the years for paysidue, &c. the two years to the expiration th day on which on account of the purchase should have become du , &c. Conditions on which the term of two y ars is allowed. terest &c. must &cc.
2. The residue of the principal due, must be paid, with interest, in two paym nts, as specified. In case of failure in paying, &c. to be adv. rtised and off red for sale, &c. and to revert, &c.

previous to the expiration of five years from the date of the purdase of the land, have actually inhabited and cultivated any one etas, the have tract of land thus purchased, and the time for making the last payment on account of such purchase according to the last may have expired, or shall expire, on or before the first day of time for making January next, shall be allowed a further term of two years, for the having expired the payment of the residue of the principal due on account of on or before the payment of the residue of the principal due on account of lat Jan. 1811. at such purchase; which further term of two years shall be calcutering two lated to commence from the agricultural such purchase. ter the day on which the last payment on account of such purchase should, according to former laws, have become due, wid commence from shall be allowed only on the following conditions; that is to say: of one year from First, That all the arrears of interest on the land purchased, to the the last payment end of one year from and after the day on which the last payment on account of such purchase should, according to former laws, have become due, shall have been paid at or before the end of such year: Second, That the residue of the sum due on account of the principal of such purchase shall be paid, with interest 1. Arrears of in thereon, in two equal annual payments, viz: One-half of the said residue, with the interest which may then be due thereon, within one year; and the other half of the said residue, with the interest which may then be due thereon, within two years after the expiration of one year from and after the day on which the last payment on account of such purchase should, according to former laws, have become due. And in case of failure in paying either the arrears of interest, or each of the two instalments of principal, with the accruing interest, at the time and times abovementioned, the tract of land shall be forthwith advertised, and offered for sale in the manner, and on the terms and conditions, now prescribed for the sale of lands purchased from the United States and not paid for within the limited time; and shall revert, in like manner, to the United States, if the sum due, with interest, be not at such sale bidden and paid.

Where tracts, not exce ding 640 acr s, bave, sinc the 1st Jan. 1810, reverted for default of payment, the original purchasers may again ent r. &c. and the moneyswhich they may have paid to be re-placed to their eredit, &c. and they are to be nefits of this act. purchasters to

not been resold.

And in cases where any tract or tracts of land, not, in the whole, exceeding six hundred and forty acres, which have, since the first day of January last, reverted to the United States, for default of payment, the original purchaser may again enter the same tract or tracts. And all moneys which such original purchaser may have paid shall be replaced to his credit, by the receiver of public moneys of the respective land offices, and such repurchasers shall be allowed the same benefits of the extension of the time of payment, created by this act, as though no such reversion had occurred: Provided, Such original purchaser shall Proviso; original make, to the proper land officer, such application for such re-entry purchasers to as is required by law for the entry of lands, on or before the proper land officer, application first day of June next, and the land so reverted shall not have for ne previous then been previously resold. [Approved, April 30, 1810.]

June 1810; and as is required by law for the entry of lands, on or before the

CHAP. 262. [LIV.] An act regulating the post office establishment.

A general post Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representablished at the tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That ment, under the there be established, at the seat of government of the United States, a general post office, under the direction of a postmaster general.* The postmaster general shall appoint two as-direction of a sistants,† and such clerks as may be necessary for performing neral.
the business of his office. He shall establish post offices and an [* See chap. 356, the business of his office. He shall establish post offices and appoint postmasters, at all such places as shall appear to him expensed to appeal the post roads that are, or may be, established by ants, and elerks, He shall give his assistants, the postmasters, and all other &c. [†See chap. 251, persons whom he shall employ, or who may be employed in any post.] of the departments of the general post office, instructions relative postmaner ge-to their duty. He shall provide for the carriage of the mail on all post roads that are, or may be, established by law; and as [15ec act of 27th of ten as he, having regard to the productiveness thereof, and 499, post. which often as he, having regard to the productiveness thereof, and 499, post. which other circumstances, shall think proper, he may direct the route postmaster generated or road, where there are more than one, between places designation on the postmaster generated contracts for carrying the choice of the post road. He shall obtain from the postmasters their accounts post, on the postmaster when the postmasters their accounts post, on the postmasters there accounts postmasters there accounts postmasters there accounts postmasters the postmasters there accounts postmasters there and vouchers for their receipts and expenditures once in three same subject. months, or oftener, with the balances thereon arising in favor of the general post office. He shall pay all expenses which may arise in conducting the post office, and in the conveyance of the mail, and all other necessary expenses arising on the collection of the revenue and management of the general post office. He shall prosecute offences against the post office establishment. He shall, once in three months, render to the secretary of the treasury a quarterly account of all the receipts and expenditures in the said department, to be adjusted and settled as other public accounts. He shall also superintend the business of the department, in all the duties that are, or may be, assigned to it: Pro. Proviso; in éase of the d arth, revided, That in case of the death, resignation, or removal, from signation, or removal, of the office, of the postmaster general, all his duties shall be performed postmaster general. by his senior assistant, until a successor shall be appointed, and arrive at the general post office, to perform the business.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted. That the postmaster constituting the surface of the

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the postmaster ge-site ensures are rives, sec. neral, and all other persons employed in the general post office, the postmaster or in the care, custody, or conveyance, of the mail, shall, previous general, and all other persons entering upon the duties assigned to them, or the execution government of their trusts, and before they shall be entitled to receive any sand subscribe an other persons. emolument therefor, respectively, take and subscribe the follow-oath. &c. A certificate of ing oath or affirmation, before some magistrate, and cause a cer-the oath to be tificate thereof to be filed in the general post office: "I, A B, do Formof theoath. swear, or affirm, (as the case may be,) that I will faithfully perform all the duties required of me, and abstain from every thing forbidden by the laws in relation to the establishment of the post office and post roads within the United States." Every person any manner emwho shall be in any manner employed in the care, custody, con-played in the veyance, or management, of the mail, shall be subject to all mail, subject to pains, penalties; and forfeitures, for violating the injunctions, or the head all pains, penalties; and forfeitures of him, by the laws relating to the head taken the catholic and post office and post roads whether such person establishment of the post office and post roads, whether such person shall have taken the oath or affirmation above prescribed or not.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful The postmaster for the postmaster general to provide, by contract, for the care provide, by contract,

ractors to Te-

penalty of 50 dolls, from the

A moiety of the penalty to the

The postmaster general author-

riage of the mail, on any road on which a stage wagen or mad, for the stage carriage shall be established, on condition that the extension of the mallonary root thereof shall not exceed the revenue thence arising. It shall single wagon is be lawful for the postmaster general to enter into contracts, friend expense not to term not exceeding eight years, for extending the lime of postmaster. and to authorize the persons so contracting, as a compensant The postmaster for their expenses, to receive, during the continuance of mask postral may early for their expenses, to receive, during the continuance of mask far into contracts, at rates not exceeding those for like distances entered, for exceeding the life of the life in the postage which shall arise on letters, rending the line in ewspapers, magazines, pamphlets, and packets, conveyed by thorize the contractor any such post; and the roads designated in such contractors always. during the continuance thereof, be deemed and considered in series the post.

age as compens post roads within the provision of this act: And a duplicate of are as compan-age as compan-anten, fire.

The mead-design every such contract shall, within sixty days after the excession matted in the con-tracts, for, to be thereof, be lodged in the office of the comparedler of the treasuby considered as post coals, for.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That no other than a every contract

every contract BECT. 4. And se it further endersed, I mak no other uses a to be locked in free white person shall be employed in carrying the mail of the United States, on any of the post roads, either as a post rider es driver of a carriage carrying the mail; and every contractor or white person to person who shall have stipulated, or may hereafter stipulate, so be employed in carrys the mail, and ra converted an any of the mail. carry the mail, or whose duty it shall be to cause the same to be conveyed on any of the post roads as aforesaid, and who shall, contrary to this act, employ any other than a free white person contractor, &c. as a post rider or driver, or in any other way to carry the mail on the same, shall, for every such offence, forfeit and pury the sum of fifty dollars; one moiety thereof to the use of the United States, and the other moiety thereof to the person who shall ass for and prosecute the same before any court having competent jurisdiction thereof.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That the postmastes general shall be authorized to allow the postmasters at the several find to allow neral snam by authorized to make the postmasters as shall be adequate to a the darribut distributing offices such compensation as shall be adequate to their several services and newspapers received for distributions; several allow and allow and despatched from, any such office, is not actually increased by the distribution system.

The distribution and despatched from, any such office, is not actually increased by the another first and distributing system, then no additional allowance shall be made the distributing system, then no additional allowance shall be made the distributing system.

See T. 6. And be it further enacted, That whenever it shall several, their several services in that respect: Provided, That the same

Whenever any post road is obstructed by fem. be made to appear to the satisfaction of the postmaster general, see, gates, &c. and not kept in that any road established, or which may hereafter be established, and not kept in that any road, is obstructed by fences, gates, or bars, or other the postmaster than those lawfully used on turnpike roads to collect their tolk, the same tocoher and not kept in good repair, with proper bridges and ferries from to established and not kept in good repair, with proper bridges and ferries from to established the duty of the blish some other. them to cate-blish some other the same may be necessary, it shall be the duty of the road, &c. Dostmaster general to report the postmaster general to report the same to congress, with such information as can be obtained, to enable congress to establish some other road instead of it in the same main direction.

Any person wit-fully retarding knowingly and wilfully, obstruct or retard the passage of the mail,

er of any district of carrier, or or may more or the same, he shall, upon conviction, for every such offence, pay a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars: And if any ferryman of the mail across delivered or refusal to transport the mail across the further not be further not the same, he shall, upon conviction, for every such offence, pay a fine not area any ferry, delay the same, he shall forfeit and pay, for each ten exceeding dots. for minutes that the same shall be so delayed, a sum not exceeding ten minute ten dollars.

Sucr. C. And be it further enorted, That it shall be the duty The postmeter graced to give of the pestmaster general to give public notice, in one or more size w of the pestmaster general to give public notice, in one or more six weeks no of the newspapers published at the seat of government of the thon to control United States, and in one or more of the newspapers published in the state or states or territory where the contract is to be per- and to which for the state of states are territory where the contract is to be per- and to which formsed, for at least six weeks before entering into any contract the mell in for carrying the mail, that such contract is intended to be made, and the day on which it is to be concluded, describing the places from and to which such mail is to be conveyed, the time at which it is to be made up, and the day and hour at which it is to be delivered. He shall, moreover, within ninety days after a deplicate the making of any contract, lodge a duplicate thereof, together and the contract with the proposals which he shall have received respecting it, in so loged, with the office of the comptroller of the treasury of the United States: the office of Provided, That no contract shall be entered into for a longer Frozino; no con term than four years.

SECT. 9. And be it further enacted, That every postmaster Every shall keep an office, in which one or more persons shall attend office in which on every day on which a mail, or bag, or other packet or parcel, attack see, of letters shall arrive, by land or water, as well as on other days, at such hours as the postmaster general shall direct, for the purpose of performing the duties thereof; and it shall be the duty of hours, &c. w the postmaster, at all reasonable hours, on every day of the week, postmaster to deliver, on demand, any letter, paper, or packet, to the person in entitled to or authorized to receive the same; and all letters Letters brought to any near office half on home half on hom brought to any post office half an hour before the time of mak-for making ing up the mail at such office, shall be forwarded therein; except the mail at such office, shall be forwarded therein; except the mail at such office, shall be forwarded therein; except the mail at such office, shall be forwarded therein; except the mail at such office, shall be forwarded therein; except the mail at such office, shall be forwarded therein; except the such as the such of the such as the such at such post offices where, in the opinion of the postmaster gene- except, because of the postmaster generates and the postmaster ge ral, is requires more time for making up the mail, and which he shall accordingly prescribe; but this shall in no case exceed one hour.

SECT. 10. And be it further enacted, That no fees or perqui-wifeer or persites shall be received by any person employed in the general effect by persons employed in the general effect by persons employed in the general on account of the duties to be performed by virtue in the general post office, an appearance of his appearance of the duties to be performed by virtue. of his appointment.

SECT. 11. And be it further enacted, That the following rates Rates of possing on letters and set postage* shall be charged on all letters and packets, (except. packets, except, ing such as are hereinafter exempted,) conveyed by the posts of [* See and of set of Dec. 1814]. the United States, viz: For every letter composed of a single see 3, ch. 69, sheet of paper, conveyed not exceeding forty miles, eight cents; which adds so ever forty, and not exceeding ninety, miles, ten cents; over nine- per cent. to the ty, and not exceeding one hundred and fifty, miles, twelve and a half cents; over one hundred and fifty, and not exceeding three hundred, miles, seventeen cents; over three hundred, and not exceeding five hundred, miles, twenty cents; over five hundred

miles, twenty-five cents. And for every double letter, or one Bomble and tri- composed of two pieces of paper, double those rates; and for ble rates for double and triple every triple letter, or one composed of three pieces of paper, Packets of four triple those rates; and for every packet composed of four or Packets of tour or or nore pieces of paper, or other thing, and weighing an avoirdupois, quadruple those rates, and in that proportion for all the packet of letters conveyed by pay quadruple greater weight: Provided, That no packet of letters conveyed by the rates, &c.
Provise; packets the water mails shall be charged with more than quadruple poster mails not to age, unless the same shall actually contain more than four disbe charged more tinct letters. No postmaster shall be obliged to receive, to be unless they con-cain more than conveyed by the mail, any packet which shall weigh more than three pounds: And the postage marked on any letter or package, Postmissters not and charged on the post bill, which may accompany the same, couled to receive, &c., pack- shall, in favor of the postmaster who delivers out said letter, be east weighing more than 3 lbs. conclusive evidence of the lawful postage thereon, unless said. The postage marked on any letter shall be opened in the presence of the said postmaster, or lett.r, &c. to be his clerk.
conclusive evid nee, &c. unlen
SECT.

SECT. 12. And be it further enacted, That every letter or opened in the packet brought into the United States, or carried from one part octimater. &c. therein to another, in any private ship or vessel, shall be charged ship letters, &c. with six cents, if delivered at the post office where the same shall to be charged with six cents arrive; and if destined to be conveyed by post to any other

of arrival, and if place, with two cents added to the ordinary rates of postage, conveyed the nee by post, with Sect. 13. And be it further enacted, That if any postmaste two cents added SECT. 13. And be it further enacted, That if any postmaster, to the ordinary or other person authorized by the postmaster general, to receive rates, &c.

Postmasters, or the postage of letters, shall fraudulently demand or receive any others, fraudulently demand or receive any rate of postage, or gratuity or reward, other than is provided by this act, for the postage of letters or packets, on conviction thereof other than provided by this act, for the postage of letters or packets, on conviction thereof other than provided by this act, for every such offence, one hundred dollars, and shall be rendered incapable of holding any office or appointment under the government of the This additional posts and the post act of the po

dered incapable under the government of the United States.

the letter be

office, Sc

&c. to require

if a master

of holding any SECT. 14. And be it further enacted, That no ship or vessel Vessels arriving arriving at any port within the United States, where a post office where a post of section is established, shall be permitted to report, make entry, or break ed, not to be permitted to re-bulk, until the master or commander shall have delivered to the port, make in try, &c. until postmaster all letters directed to any person or persons within the master deli-the United States, or the territories thereof, which, under his the master deli-vers to the post, the United States, or the territories thereof, which, under his master all letters care, or within his power, shall be brought in such ship or vesmaster all letters care, or within his power, shall be blonger in building directed to persons within the sel, except such as are directed to the owner or consignee of the United States, &c. except such ship or vessel, and except also such as are directed to be delivered are directed. to the owner or ed at the port of delivery to which such ship or vessel may be consigner, and those to be deliv. bound. And it shall be the duty of the collector, or other officer ered at the port of the port, empowered to receive entries of ships or vessels, to of the collectors, e.e. of the port, empowered to receive entries of ships or vessels, to The collectors, require, from every master or commander of such ship or vessel, e.e. to require an oath from an oath or affirmation, purporting that he has delivered all such a vessel, that he letters, except as aforesaid. And if any commander or master of letters, except, any ship or vessel shall break bulk before he shall have complied with the requirements of this act, every such offender shall, on 100 dolls, forfelt conviction thereof, forfeit, for every such offence, a sum not ex-

breaks bulk before complying
with the equirements of this act.
Postmasters receiving ship let.

SECT. 15. And be it furth.
Whom such letters may be de SECT. 15. And be it further enacted, That the postmasters to whom such letters may be delivered, shall pay, to the master or

commander, or other person delivering the same, except the commanders of foreign packets, two cents for each letter or ters, &c. to pay packet, and shall obtain, from the person delivering the same, a livering them, packet, and shall obtain, from the person delivering the same, a livering them, except, &c. two certificate, specifying the number of letters and packets, with the cents for each, name of the ship or vessel, and the place from whence she last and obtains certificate specify sailed; which certificate, together with a receipt for the money, ing the number, &c. which, with shall be, with his quarterly accounts, transmitted to the postmasability of the postmasab

SECT. 16. And be it further enacted, That if any person, other is to be passed to than the postmaster general, or his deputies, or persons by them postmaster. than the postmaster general, or his deputies, or persons by them propertified the employed. Shall be concerned in setting up, or maintaining, any so dolls forfeit foot or horse post, stage wagon, or other stage carriage, or (except the postmaster general, leigh, on any established post road, or from one post town to be being concerned the ethics of the postmaster general, which are gular to an established post road, or any packet boat or other vessel to ply required the post road, or any packet boat or other vessel to ply required to an established post road, or any packet boat or other vessel to ply required to an established post road, or any packet boat or the end of the concerned the ethics of the post road, become and excepting and carrying the end of the De directed to the owner or owners of such conveyance, and re-era &c. lating to the same, or to the person to whom any packet or bunlle in such conveyance is intended to be delivered) every person Proviso; any person may send so offending shall forfeit, for every such offence, the sum of fifty special messendollars: Provided, That it shall be lawful for any person to send ger.
Deputy postmasster to account the dollars.

SECT. 17. And be it further enacted, That the deputy postsc.
masters, and other agents of the postmaster general, shall duly
account and answer to him, for all way letters which shall come
to their hands; and, for this purpose, the post riders, and other
carriers of the mail, receiving any way letter or letters (and it
shall be their duty to receive them, if presented more than two
miles from a post office) shall deliver the same, together with
the postage, if paid, at the first post office to which they shall afterwards arrive, where the postmaster shall duly enter the same,
and specify the number, and rate or rates, in the post bill, adding
to the rate of each way letter one cent, which shall be paid by
Letters directed and specify the number, and rate or rates, in the post bill, adding to the mail carrier to the rate of each way letter one cent, which shall be paid by the postmaster to the mail carrier from whom such way letters between post offices to be taken between post offices may be delivered, and the postage thereof dublivered by the mail earliers; ly collected, it shall be the duty of the carriers of the mail to take collect the postage of, and deliver, all such letters as shall, for that purpose, the committed to them by any postmaster, and collect the postage to receive two be committed to them by any postmaster, and collect the postage to receive two thereof, which shall be paid over to such postmaster on demand. own us, b. sides own us, b. sides of the collect the postage to receive two to such postmaster on demand. And for every letter so delivered, the mail carrier delivering the same shall be allowed to demand and receive two cents to his between post own use, besides the ordinary postage. And if any postmaster, enter delivered between post own use, besides the ordinary postage. or other agent of the postmaster general, shall neglect so to account for way count, he or they so offending shall, on conviction thereof, forfeit, for every such offence, a sum not exceeding fifty dollars: not exceeding Provided, That no mail carrier shall make such deliveries at any provise; mail carriers not to

wiso; the rery of way letter not required of ail carriers ployed in any of the departments of the general post office.

lepartm nts of letter, packet, &c. to be imprid not ex-

not exceeding

ed in carrying the mail, coll otor carrying any or procure the same to be done, contrary to this act, every such trary to this act, offender shall forfeit and pay, for every such offence, a sum not conding so dolls. exceeding fifty dollars.

place not on the post road: Provided also, That the spec delivery of letters on the way, between post offices, shall required of the mail carriers, in cases where, in the opin in the postmaster general, the time or manner of carrying the or the speed of conveyance, is incompatible with such meg and deliveries.

SECT. 18. And be it further enacted, That if any person,

the general post of the departments of the general post of the gen stor, ke in come to his possession, and which are intended to be come wryte by post, by post, or if any such person shall secrete, embezzle, ing any security stroy, any letter or packet intrusted to him as aforesaid, for, or assurance which shall not contain any security for, or assurance relating to, morely, ac. to be fined, or imprisoned or imprisoned or imprisoned or imprisoned or both, thereof duly convicted chall for thereof duly convicted, shall, for every such offence, be a not exceeding three hundred dollars, or imprisoned, not exce ing six months, or both, according to the circumstances and Persons amploy gravations of the offence. And if any person, employe partiments of aforesaid, shall secrete, embezzle, or destroy, any letter, parting post negandra erest bag, or mail of letters, with which he shall be intrusted, or which desuroying, shall have come to his possession, and are intended to be so or destroying, shall have come to his possession, and are intended to be either that we have been been been been been been been built, built et, et. intended veyed by post, containing any bank note or bank post built, built et, et. intended. to be conserved exchange, warrant of the treasury of the United States, note of assignment of stock in the funds, letters of attorney for receiving change, warrant annuities or dividends, or for selling stock in the funds, or for selling stock in the funds of the funds or relating to payment of moneys, or any bond or warrant, draft, bill, or promissory note, covenant, contract, or agreement, whater ever, for or relating to the payment of money, or the delivery of any article of value, or the performance of any act, matter, or thing. or any receipt, release, acquittance, or discharge, of or from any debt, covenant, or demand, or any part thereof, or any copy of any record of any judgment or decree, in any court of law or chancery, or any execution which may have issued thereon, or any copy of any other record, or any other article of value, or any writing representing the same; or if any such person, employed as aforesaid, shall steal or take any of the same out of any letter, packet, bag, or mail of letters, that shall come to his possession, he shall, on conviction, for any such offence, be im-Any person have prisoned not exceeding ten years. And is any personed not exceeding ten years. And is any personed for the mail, and have taken charge of the mail of the United States shall quit or the mail, and have taken charge of the mail of the United States shall quit or the mail essit at the ter-mination of his the termination of his route, or to some known mail carrier, or agent of the general post office authorized to receive the same, every such person, so offending, shall forfeit and pay a sum, not exceeding five hundred dollars, for every such offence. any person concerned in carrying the mail of the United States shall collect, receive, or carry, any letter or packet, or shall cause

1810. person intrusted therewith, of such mail, or of part thereof, such see of the mail offender or offenders shall, on conviction, be imprisoned, not say dootexceeding ten years, and, if convicted a second time of a like ingren years convicted a second energy of the most time the offender shall wound the per conviction when the offender shall wound the per conviction in the contract of the most time the offender shall wound the per contract with the first time the offender shall wound the per contract with the first time the offender shall wound the per contract with the first time the offender shall wound the per contract with the first time the offender shall wound the per contract with the first time the offender shall wound the per contract when the contract we would be the first time the offender shall wound the per contract when the contract we would be the contract when the co bery of the mail the first time, the offender shall wound the per-carrier with dangerous weason having custody thereof, or put his life in jeopardy, by the most the first time, to suffer use of dangerous weapons, such offender or offenders shall suffer death use of dangerous weapons, such offender or offenders shall suffer death. And if any person shall attempt to rob the mail of the United States, by assaulting the person having custody thereof, shooting at him, or his horse, or mule, or threatening him with langerous weapons, and the robbery is not effected, every such imprisonment not exceeding three years. And if any person shall steal he mail, or shall steal or take from or out of any mail, or from a post office, any letter or packet, or if any person shall take the mail, or any letter or packet therefrom, or from any post office, any letter or packet therefrom, or from any post office, any letter or packet therefrom, or from any post office, and shall open, embezzle, or destroy, any such mail, letter, or packet, the same containing any article of value, or evidence of any debt, due, demand, right, or claim, so when the consent of the person shall steal or take from or out of any post office, any such mail, letter, or packet, the same containing any article of value, or evidence of debt, see, or obtaining, or any release, receipt, acquittance, or discharge, or any other article, paper, or thing, mentioned and described in the eighteenth section of this act, or if any person shall, by fraud or deception, or packet, containing any article of value, or evidence of the writings referred to, or next abovementioned, secreting seven years. such offender or offenders, on conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned not exceeding seven years. And if any person shall any person taking any letter or packet, not containing any article of value, or evidence thereof, out of a post office, or shall open any letter or packet, not containing any article of value, or packet which shall have been in a post office, or in the custody of a mail carrier, before it shall have been delivered to the person to whom it is directed, with a design to obstruct the correspondence, to pry into another's business or secrets, or shall septions. Or destroy, any such mail, letter, or packet, not containing any article of value, &c. out of a post office, or in the custody for out of a post office, or in the custody for out of a post office, or opening of a mail carrier, before it shall have been delivered to the person to whom it is directed, with a design to obstruct the correspondence, to pry into another's business or secrets, or shall septions. Or destroy, any such mail, letter, or packet, not exceeding such offender, upon conviction, shall pay, for every such offence, or person taking any letter or taking any letter or taking any article of value, or taking any letter or taking any letter or taking any article of value, or taking any letter or taking any a sum not exceeding five sundred dollars.

SECT. 20. And be it further enacted, That if any person shall rip, Any person rip-cut, tear, burn, or otherwise injure, any portmanteau, valise, or &c. any portother bag, used, or designed to be used, by any person acting un-mantan, valise we used in the der the authority of the postmaster general, or any person in whom enveyance of his powers are vested, in the conveyance of any mail, letter, pack-losening, or t, newspaper, or pamphlet, or shall draw, or break, any staple, lock, chain, &c. beloosen any part of any lock, chain, or strap, attached or belonging to the to any such valise, portmanteau, or bag, with an intent to rob or tent to rob steal any mail, letter, packet, newspaper, or pamphlet, or to render steal, &c. to per steal, &c. to p shall, for every such offence, pay a sum not exceeding five hundred dollars, or be imprisoned not exceeding three years, at the

discretion of the court before whom such conviction is had.

SECT. 21. And be it further enacted, That every person tho. Ferrom procure from and after the passage of this act, shall procure, aid, advice, standing or assist, in the doing or perpetration of any of the acts or crimes, ing intheperper by this act forbidden to be done or performed, shall be subject by this act for to the same penalties and punishments as the persons are subjects bidden, &c. sub to, who shall actually do or perpetrate any of said acts or crimes, jeet to the same neaction erimes to the same penalties and punishments as the persons are subjects

pensitives and according to the provision of this act.

pensitives are according to the provision of this act.

SECT. 22. And be it further enacted, That every person who accountly person accounts them, acc. shall be imprisoned by a judgment of court, under and by virtue. Persons impri-soned by virtue of the eighteenth, nineteenth, twentieth, or twenty-first, sections of the 18th, 19th, of this act, shall be kept at hard labor during the period of such

SECT. 23. And be it further enacted, That the postmastis The postmasters shall, respectively, publish, at the expiration of every three to publish in one shall, months, or oftener, when the postmaster general shall so direct, every three months, for three in one of the newspapers published at or nearest the place of his months, or oftener, when the postmaster general shall so direct, weeks, alist of residence, for three successive weeks, a list of all the letters remaining in their respective offices, or, instead thereof, shall make out a number of such lists, and cause them to be posted at such out a number of such lists, and cause them best adaptlists, and cause public places in their vicinity, as shall appear to them best adaptlists, and cause public places in their vicinity, as shall appear to them best adaptem to be post ed for the information of the parties concerned; and, at the expiration of the next three months, shall send such of the said piration of the next time months, shall be general destress as then remain on hand, as dead letters, to the general destress be post office, where the same shall be opened and inspected; and sent to the gene if any valuable papers or matter of consequence shall be found therein, it shall be the duty of the postmaster general to return inspected.
If any valuable such letter to the writer thereof, or cause a descriptive list therefound in dead letters, the post-master general most convenient to the supposed residence of the owner, if withstoreturn them in the United States; and such letter, and the contents, shall be cause a descriptive list to be inserted in one of the newspapers, published at the place most convenient to the supposed residence of the owner, if withstoreturn them in the United States; and such letter, and the contents, shall be cause a descriptive list to be inserted in a news-be addressed, upon payment of the postage, and the expense of paper, &c. And if such letter, with its contents, be not depublication. Letters with va manded by the person to whom it is addressed, or the owner contents, thereof, or his lawful agent, within two years after the advertisement demanded within two years ment thereof as aforesaid, the said contents shall be applied to after advertise ment, &c. the the use of the United States, until the same shall be reclaimed the use of the United States, until the same some such application to supplied to the use of the United States, until the same such application to supplied to the use of the United by the proprietor thereof. The manner of such application to use of the United by the postmaster general, to the secretary reclaimed, see. of the treasury. by the proprietor thereof. The manner of such application to

SECT. 24. And be it further enacted, That letters and packets, and others, to and from the following officers of the United States, shall be and from whom letters and packs received and conveyed by post, free of postage. Each postmassers may be a state of the United States, shall be and from the following officers of the United States, shall be and from the following officers of the United States, shall be and from the following officers of the United States, shall be and from the following officers of the United States, shall be and from the following officers of the United States, shall be and from the following officers of the United States, shall be and from the following officers of the United States, shall be and from the following officers of the United States, shall be and from the following officers of the United States, shall be and from the following officers of the United States, shall be and from the following officers of the United States, shall be and from the following officers of the United States, shall be and from the following officers of the United States, shall be and from the following officers of the United States of the U cels may be recel wed and conter, provided each of his letters or packets shall not exceed half an veyed by post, tree of postage. Ounce in weight; each member of the senate, and each member and delegate of the house of representatives of the congress of the United States, the secretary of the senate, and clerk of the house of representatives, provided each letter or packet shall not exceed two ounces in weight; and, during their actual attendance in any session of congress, and twenty days after such session; and, in case of excess of weight, that excess alone shall be paid for; the president of the United States; vice president;

20th, or 21st sections of this act, imprisonment. to be kept at hard labor, &c. to publish in or of the nearest successive letters r main-ing in their ofed at public places in their paper, &cc.

Officers of the United States,

In case of excess of weight, the excess alone to be paid for.

the secretaries of state, of the treasury, of war, of the navy; the attorney general; the comptroller;* treasurer, auditor, register; The same privilege extended supervisor of the direct tax for the district of South Carolina; in the companisuperintendent of Indian trade; purveyor; the inspector and signer of the paymaster of the army; accountants of the war and navy departsupply ments; postmaster general; and the assistants postmaster general; [New. The commissioner of the Table 2 and Thos. Powers and Thos. John Adams, a former president of the United States; and Thoperintendent go
mas Jefferson, late president of the United States; and they president go
mas Jefferson, late president of the United States; and they president go may all receive their newspapers by post free of postage: Pro- endied to the vided, That the members of the senate and house of representatives, secretary of the senate, and clerk of the house of repreof possage to the senate was a clerk of the house of repreof possage to the senate was a clerk of the house of repreof possage to the senate was a clerk of the house of repreof senate to the control of th during any session of congress, and twenty days after the expiration of the same: And provided, That no letter or packet from secretary of the
any public officer shall be conveyed by post, free of postage, of the house, to unless he shall frank the same, by writing his name and office on newspapers free, the outside of such letter or packet, and until he has previously the session, and furnished the postmaster of the office where he shall denote the furnished the postmaster of the office where he shall deposite the so days aftersame, with a specimen of his signature.

Sect. 25. And be it further enacted, That if any person shall from apublic of frank letters other than those written by himself, or by his order, we can be contained in the business of his office, he shall, on conviction thereof, pay frank it, &c. a fine of ten dollars: Provided, That the secretary of the treasufrant person ry, secretary of state, secretary of war, secretary of the navy, written by him and postmaster general, may frank letters or packets on official order, &c. he is business, prepared in any other public office, in the absence of all bloks to a fine the principal thereof.

And if any person having the right to Provise, secretary. And if any person, having the right to Proviso secrets the principal thereof. receive his letters free of postage, shall receive, enclosed to him, ments and the any letter or packet addressed to a person not having that right, inl, may frank it shall be his duty to return the same to the post office, marking letters, &c. it shall be his duty to return the same to the post office, marking letters, &c. to with postage. And if any person shall counterfeit the hand letter, &c. to persons not have writing or frank of any person, or cause the same to be done, in ing the right, to order to avoid the payment of postage, each person, so offending, free team it to the shall pay, for every such offence, fifty dollars.

SECT. 26. And be it further enacted, That every printer of solin penalty newspapers may send one paper to each and every other printer ing a trank.

of newspapers, within the United States, free of postage, under such regulations as the postmaster general shall provide.

SECT. 27. And be it further enacted, That all newspapers conveyed in the mail shall be under cover.

veyed in the mail shall be under cover, open at one end, and to under cover, charged with a postage of one cent each, for any distance not the increased so more than one hundred miles, and one and an half cents for any present. Sceec. greater distance:† Provided, That the postage of a single news-proviso; postage of a single news-paper, from any one place to another in the same state, shall not paper, from any exceed one cent; and that the postmaster general shall require another in the same state, and that the postmaster general shall require another in the those who receive newspapers by post, to pay always the amount to excret one of one quarter's postage in advance. If any person employed in quarter's postage any department of the post office shall improperly detain, delay, to be paid in embezzle, or destroy, any newspaper, or shall permit any other for exceeding person to do the like, or shall open, or permit any other to open, for delaying, any mail or packet of newspapers, not directed to the office destroying newspapers.

where he is employed, he shall, on conviction thereof, to opining, see, my sum not exceeding fifty dollars for every such offence, mail, see, of any other person shall open and the state of the state where he is employed, he shall, on conviction thereof, forfeld a mail accord any other person shall open any mail or packet of newspapers, not directed to the or shall embezzle or destroy the same, not being directed to employed in any himself, or not being authorized to receive and open the same, department of he shall, on conviction thereof, pay a sum not exceeding twenty the post office; and any other dollars for every such offence. And if any person shall take or person opening any mail, see of steal any packet, bag, or mail, of newspapers from or out of newspapers, or post office, or from any person having custody thereof, such destroying them, not being person shall, on conviction, be imprisoned, not exceeding three cted to him months, for every such offence, to be kept at hard labor during self, or not being authorized, &c. to pay not exe-eding 20 dolls. the period of such imprisonment. If any person shall endice, or conceal, a letter, or other thing, or any memorandum in writ-Persons taking ing, in a newspaper, or among any package of newspapers, which or st. aling any packet, bag, &c. he shall have delivered into any post office, or to any person for of new papers, that purpose, in order that the same may be carried by post, free office, to be imposed, and of letter postage, he shall forfeit the sum of five dollars for every keptat hard such offence; and the letter, newspaper, package, memorandum, labor. 5 dolls, forfeit or other thing, shall not be delivered to the person to whom it is for concealing letters, &c. in setters, see, in currected until the amount of single letter postage is paid for each newspapers to be carried by post, article of which the package shall be composed. No newspapers five, see, and the letter, see, is not shall be received by the postmasters to be conveyed by post, to be delivered, unless they are sufficiently deied and an incomplete the state of the postmasters. ered unless they are sufficiently dried, and enclosed, in proper wrap-&c. until the mount of single pers, on which, beside the direction, shall be noted the number letter postage is paid for each are of papers which are enclosed for subscribers, and the number for side of which printers. The nostmaster general, in any contract he may enter printers. The postmaster general, in any contract he may catter the packag is into for the conveyance of the mail, may authorize the person No newspapers to be conveyed by post unless dried, &cc. with whom such contract is to be made, to carry newspapers, magazines, and pamphlets, other than those conveyed in the mail. The postmaster The postminuter when the mode of conveyance, and the size of the mails, will thorise mail contractors to carry admit of it, magazines and pamphlets may be transported in the newspap ts, &c. mail at one cent a sheet, for any distance not exceeding fifty when the mode miles; at one cent and an half for any distance over fifty, and not of conveyance, &c. will admit, exceeeding one hundred, miles; and two cents for any greater magazines, &c. distance. may be transported in the mail at the rates This sec. re. general be authorized to allow to the postmasters, respectively, pealed, and sup-plied. See chap, such commission on the moneys arising from the postages of let-

SECT. 28.* And be it further enacted, That the postmaster The postmater ters and packets as shall be adequate to their repective services general authorised to allow to postmasters a exceed thirty per cent on the first hundred dollars collected in one quarter, and twenty-five per cent. on a sum over one hunmon-ys arising from postage of letters, &cc. as dred and not more than three hundred; and twenty per cent. on may be adequate any sum over four hundred, and not exceeding two thousand, vies, &c.
Proviso; Italia.
Proviso; Italia.
thousand four hundred dollars: except to the postmasters who thousand four hundred dollars; except to the postmasters who missions to post may be employed in receiving and despatching foreign mails, The compensa. whose compensation may be augmented, not exceeding twentytion of postmass five dollars in one quarter; and excepting to the postmasters at ters who receive and despatch to offices where the mail is regularly to arrive, between the hours reign and small of pine of pine of the hours and five of pine of pine of the postmaster. be sugmented, of nine o'clock at night and five o'clock in the morning, whose commission on the first hundred dollars collected in one quarter,

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may be incremed to a sum not exceeding fifty per cent. The postmaster general may allow to the postmasters, respectively, The postmasters postmaster general may allow the process arising from the low postmaster as commission of fifty per cent. on the moneys arising from the low postmaster postage of newspapers, magazines, and pamphlets; and to the a compission postmastera, whose compensation shall not exceed five hundred from postage of the postmastera and pamphlets. dollars in one quarter, two cents for every free letter delivered antivocen out of the office, excepting such as are for the postmaster himself; and each postmaster who shall be required to keep a register postmasters general post office.

SECT. 29. And be it further enacted, That if any postmaster, The postmaster or other person authorized to receive the postage of letters and suit to be compackets, shall neglect or refuse to render his accounts, and pay postmester, &co ever, to the postmaster general, the balance by him due at the enveryoutage, and of every three months, it shall be the duty of the postmaster for and neglecting, the cause a suit to be commenced against the person or count, the co persons so neglecting or refusing; and if the postmaster general fithe postmaster shall not cause such suit to be commenced within six months cause suit to be commenced from the end of every such three months, the balances due from within six every such delinquent shall be charged to, and recoverable from, balances due the postmaster general. That all suits which shall be hereafter may be recorded to the postmaster general. general post office, whether they appear by bond or obligations very of debtus made in the name of the existing or any preceding postmaster and post of general, or otherwise, shall be instituted in the name of the attendin the "Postmaster General of the United States." That certified co- "Postmaster g pies, under the seal of the general post office, of the accounts neral of the current of the several postmasters, after the same shall have certified copies been examined and adjusted at that office, shall be admitted as reat of postmas evidence in all suits brought by the postmaster general for the threshold of the control of recovery of balances, or debts, due from postmasters; and, in he or of the re like manner, copies of such accounts current as are lodged in the first result, to be office of the register of the treasury, certified by the register, dence in suits under the seal of his office, shall be admitted as evidence.

| Since of the register of the treasury, certified by the register, dence in suits under the seal of his office, shall be admitted as evidence. under the seal of his office, shall be admitted as evidence.

SECT. 30. And be it further enacted, That if any postmaster, Postmasters, &c. other person who shall receive and open, or despatch, mails, render accounts or other person who shall receive and open, or despatch, mails, render accounts shall neglect to render accounts thereof for one month after the and despatching time, and in the form and manner prescribed by law, and by the month, Se. to postmaster general's instructions conformable therewith, he shall see. forfeit double the value of the postages which shall have arisen at the same office in any equal portion of time previous or subsequent thereto; or, in case no accounts shall have been rendered rendered, &c. at the time of trial of such case, then such sum as the court and jury to estimate jury shall estimate equivalent thereto, to be recovered by the recovered by postmaster general in an action on the case.

BECT. 31. And be it further enacted, That all pecuniary pe-A molety, &c. nalties and forfeitures incurred under this act, shall be one-half informer, &c. for the use of the person or persons informing and prosecuting for the same, and the other half to the use of the United States.

SECT. 32. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful The postmaster general may for the postmaster general to make provision, where it may be make provision,

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&c. for the reof the postmas-

ter, &cc. The postmaster general may make arrange persons employportation of the mail, to be ex-empt from mili-

and the serving on jurice, &c. ter carriers

tia duties,

&c. if a written ed at the office to detain it.

Causes of action ecuted befo

The justices, &cc. to take cogni-sance, &cc.

In all suits, &c.,

necessary, for the receipt of all letters and packets intended to be conveyed by any ship or vessel beyond sea, or from any post in, ear, for the real conveyed by any snip or vessel beyond sea, or from any persecutive subsections the United States, to another port therein; and the letters so a veryed beyond sea, for the let. ceived shall be formed into a mail, sealed up, and directed that the United States, to another port therein; and the letters so see, see to be postmaster of the port to which such such support to the postmaster of the port to which such such such sees the postmaster of the port to which such such sees and seed of one cent, which shall see the postmaster of one cent, which shall see the postmaster of one cent, which shall see the postmaster of the port to which shall be paid to be postmaster of the port to which such such sees the postmaster of the port to which such such sees the postmaster of the port to which such such sees the postmaster of the port to which such such sees the postmaster of the port to which such such sees the postmaster of the port to which such such sees the postmaster of the port to which such such sees the postmaster of the port to which such such sees the postmaster of the port to which such sees the postmaster of the port to which such sees the postmaster of the p postmaster of the port to which such ship or vessel shall be bound at the time of its reception, a postage of one cent, which shall be for the use of the postmasters, respectively, receiving the same. And the postmaster general may make arrangements with the postmasters in any foreign country, for the reciprocal receipt Postmasters and delivery of letters and packets through the post offices.

SECT. 33. And be it further enacted, That the postmasters, and the persons employed in the transportation of the mail, shall be exempt from militia duties, and serving on juries, or any fac or penalty for neglect thereof.

SECT. 34. And be it further enacted, That letter carriers shall be employed at such post offices as the postmaster general shall The letter car- direct, for the delivery of letters in the places, respectively, where rier to receive such post offices are established; and, for the delivery of each such letter delivered, letter, the letter carrier may receive, of the person to whom the Proviso; no letter delivery is made, two cents: Provided, That no letter shall be de-ter to be deliver. delivery is made, two cents: Provided, That no letter shall be de-edited the carrier, livered to such letter carrier for distribution, addressed to any request belong person who shall have lodged at the post office a written request that his letters shall be detained in the office. And for every One cent to the nestmater for letter lodged at any post office, not to be carried by post, but to one office of letter longed at any post office, and to be so lodged, the postevery letter do be delivered at the place where it is to be so lodged, the postpostuffice where master shall receive one cent of the person to whom it shall be delivered.

SECT. 35. And be it further enacted, That all causes of action and offenders arising under this act may be sued, and all offenders against this against it, may be med and pro- act may be prosecuted, before the justices of the peace, magistrates, and other judicial courts, of the several states, and of the peace, See of the several territories of the United States, they having competent several states, several territories of the United States, they having competent several states, several states where the punishments are of as great extent; and such justices, magistrates, or judiciary, shall take cognizance thereof, and proceed to judgment and execution, as in other cases.

SECT. 36. And be it further enacted, That in all suits or the court to pro- causes arising under this act, the court shall proceed to trial, and even to trial, and render judgment, the first term after such suit shall be commenced: Provided always, That whenever service of the process Proviso; when shall not have been made twenty days, at least, previous to the process has not return day of such term, the defendant shall be entitled to one days before the continuance, if the court, on the statement of such defendant, return day, &c. the defendant is shall judge it expedient: Provided also, That if the defendant in entitled to one such suits shall make affidavit that he has a claim against the continuance, such suits shall make amount to the postmaster general, al-free court free general post office, not allowed by the postmaster general, al-free if the general post office, not allowed by the postmaster general, al-Provise if the general post omce, not answer by the post one of the defendant makes affidavit, though submitted to him conformably to the regulations of the makes affidavit, and that detection post office, and shall specify such claim in the affidavit, and that detection to the claim. ac. the court be he could not be prepared for the trial at such term for want of evidence, the court, in such case, being satisfied in those respects. may grant a continuance until the next succeeding term.

SECT. 37. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the postmaster general to report, annually, to congress, every The postmaster post road which shall not, after the second year from its esta-port to congress blishment, have produced one-third of the expense of carrying post roads that have not, &c. produced one-third of the expense of carrying post roads that have not account on the produced one-third of the expense of carrying post roads that have not account on the produced one-third of the expense of carrying post roads that have not account on the produced one-third of the expense of carrying post roads that have not account on the produced one-third of the expense of carrying post roads that have not account on the postmaster post roads that have not account on the postmaster post roads that have not account on the postmaster post roads that have not account on the postmaster post roads that have not account on the postmaster post roads that have not account on the postmaster post roads that have not account on the postmaster post roads that have not account on the postmaster post roads that have not account on the postmaster postmaster post roads that have not account on the postmaster po the mail on the same.

SECT. 38. And be it further enacted, That there shall be al-pens, &c. bwed to the deputy postmaster at the city of Washington, for his ann. allowed to the deputy postmaster at the city of Washington, for his ann. allowed to extraordinary expenses, incurred in the discharge of the duties of at the city of one thousand washington for extraordinary expenses, incurred in the data of one thou- Washington for his office, an additional compensation, at the rate of one thou- bis extraording sand dollars per annum, to be paid out of the funds of the post of the post office funds. office establishment.

SECT. 39. And be it further enacted, That the adjutant general of milineral of the militia of each state and territory shall have right to the of each state and territory shall have right to the order to and territory receive, by mail, free of postage, from any major or brigadier may receive an general thereof, and to transmit to said generals, any letter or mail, free, &c. packet, relating solely to the militia of such state or territory: major or brigate Provided always, That every such officer, before he delivers any diegeneral, such letter or package for transmission, shall, in his own proper relating solely to the militia of such proper package for transmission, shall, in his own proper relating solely to the militia. hand writing, on the outside thereof, endorse the nature of the papers enclosed, and thereto subscribe his name and office, and him officer to shall previously furnish the postmaster of the office where he endorse his let-shall deposite the same, with a specimen of his signature: And if the nature of the any such officer shall frank any letter or package in which shall the person unclosed, any such officer shall frank any letter or package in which shall the person unclosed, the contained any thing relative to any subject other than of the wich a speciment militia of such state or territory, every offender shall, on conviction of every such offence, forfeit and pay a fine of fifty dollars.

Sect. 40. And be it further enacted, That, from and after in any thing the thirtieth day of September next, whenever the annual emolution of any postmaster, after deducting therefrom the expendition than the militia, tures incident to his office, shall amount to more than two thous.

tures incident to his office, shall amount to more than two thou- After the 30th sand dollars, the surplus shall be accounted for, and paid to the the annual emosand dollars, the surplus shall be accounted for in the same postmaster general, and by him to be accounted for in the same postmaster, and manner as other moneys accruing from the post office establish
ter deducting.

ter deducting.

ter deducting.

ter deducting.

SECT. 41. And be it further enacted, That every deputy post-plus is to accounted for, &c. master, the receipt of whose office exceeds one thousand dollars Deputy post a year, shall, on the last day of September, in each year, trans-ecipts of whose mit to the postmaster general of the United States a statement of 1,000 dolla. a the expenses of the office under his direction, of the number of year, to transclerks, with the time they have been severally employed therein, to the postmar and their respective names and ages.

and their respective names and ages.

SECT. 42. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the see expenses, first day of June next, the second section of an act, entitled "An clerks, &c. act to establish the post office and post roads within the United After the 1st June, 1910, the States,"* approved on the eighth day of May, one thousand sead, and he act, ven hundred and ninety-four, and an act, entitled "An act to mentioned, &c. establish the post office of the United States,"† approved on the post office of the United States, and ninety-repeated. second day of March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-repeated, nine, and all other acts, and parts of acts, heretofore passed for [Ch. 199, vol. the regulation and government of the general post office, and of it ch. 140, vol. the postmaster general, and other officers and agents, employed in said office, shall be, and the same are hereby, repealed: Pro- encerning pub-

y of the pro-

Proviso; the postmaster go-neral, assistant postmaster general, deputy post-masters, &c. to continue to hold

Bonds given for the faithful excention of duties and offices to have force and effect, &c.

vided, That an act, entitled "An act concerning public es We contract to tracts, "* approved on the twenty-first day of April, one shows and no force, eight hundred and eight, shall be and remain in full force, as the bediever no nost road herestofour analysis. no post road heretofore established shall be discontinued by the nersul sometimed out use to exonerate any person who shall not have performed to axon who has not performed any of the prohibitions, not performed contained in the said acts, from suits or prosecutions all bonds, contracts dahe Provisor nothing strued to exonerate any person who shall not have performed contained in the said acts, from suits or prosecutions, but as to ments, which have been made, have arisen, or have been incorained in thesets red, or which shall be made, arise, or be incurred, previous to the first day of June next, the said acts shall have the same force and effect as though this act had not been made: Provided, likewise, That the postmaster general, assistant postmaster general, deputy postmasters, contractors for carrying the mail, and others employed under the aforesaid acts, shall continue to hold their several offices, appointments, and trusts, until they are otherwise semound, any thing herein contained, that might be construed to the sontrary, notwithstanding; and also the bonds which they, or either of them, have given, or may give, for the faithful execution of their several duties and offices, shall continue to have the same force and effect, to all intents and purposes, as though this act had not been made. [Approved, April 30, 1810.]

[† Obsolets. See CHAP. 263. [LV.] An act further to alter and amend "An act providing for orig. act. of 36th March, 1310; the third census, or enumeration of the inhabitants of the United States."+ ante, chap. 242.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-

So much of the first section of the act provid-ing for the third eensus, &c. as relates to the forms of the oaths, repealed. [‡ Ante, ch. 242.]

The oaths, &c. &c. &c. to be in the forms stated.

tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That so much of the first section of the act, passed during the present session of congress, entitled "An act providing for the third census, or enumeration of the inhabitants of the United States," as relates to the forms of the oaths or affirmations thereby directed to be taken by the marshals, secretaries, and assistants, therein mentioned, respectively, shall be, and hereby is, repealed, and that the said oaths or affirmations shall be in the following forms, that is to say: The marshals' and secretaries' oath in the form follow-Form of the mar-shals and seems ing: "I, A B, marshal of the district of taries each. of the territory of (or secretary

of the territory of as the case may be do solemnly swear or affirm, that I will well and truly cause to be made a just and perfect enumeration and description of all persons resident within my district (or territory,) and return the same to the secretary of state, agreeably to the directions of the several acts of congress providing for the third census or enumeration of the inhabitants of the United States, according to the best of my ability." And the assistants' oath or affirmation, in the form following: "I, A B, do solemnly swear or affirm, that I will make a just and perfect enumeration and description of all persons resident within the division assigned to me for that purpose, by the marshal of (or the secretary of the territory of

sistants' oath.

as the case may be,) and make due return thereof

to the said marchal (or secretary) agreeably to the directions of the several acts of congress providing for the third census, or enumeration of the inhabitants of the United States; according to

the best of my ability."*

e best of my ability."*

["See shap. 311, Bect. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty Themarahale, " of the several masshals, secretaries, and their assistants, afore- of taking the said, at the time for taking the census or enumeration aforesaid, take, under the to take, under the direction of the secretary of the treasury, and direction of the secretary of the secreta sistants shall make return of the same to the marshals or secre- to make return taries of their respective districts or territories, and the said &c. and the main shale, &c. to marshals and secretarios shall transmit the said returns, and toma &c. to the secretary of the treasury, at the same secretary of the treasury, at the same secretary of the treasury, &c. marshals and secretarios shall transmit the said returns, and transmit the re times at which they are, by this act, and the several acts to which this act is an addition, required, respectively, to make their return of said enumeration to the secretary of state; for the percompensation formance of which additional services they shall, respectively, for the additionreceive such compensation as shall hereafter be provided by lawprovided by lawpr [Approved, May 1, 1810.] post.]

CHAP. 264. [LVI.] An act concerning the commercial intercourse between [t Repealed, &c. the United States and Great Britain, and France, and their dependencies, April, 1814; and for other purposes.; and for other purposes.;

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, from and after the passage of this act, no British or French After the 1st armed vessel shall be permitted to enter the harbors or waters British or French under the jurisdiction of the United States; but every British be permitted to enter the introduction of the United States; but every British be permitted to and French armed vessel is hereby interdicted, except when enter the waters they shall be forced in by distress, by the dangers of the sea, diction of the United States, or when charged with despatches or business from their govern-but are interment, or coming as a public packet for the conveyance of letters; when fored in in which cases, as well as in all others, when they shall be per-the danger of mitted to enter, the commanding officer shall immediately report the sea, &c. his vessel to the collector of the district, stating the object or causes of his entering the harbors or waters of the United States; fier to report and shall take such position therein as shall be assigned him by collector, stating the object, see such collector, and shall conform himself, his vessel, and crew, to take the position such regulations respecting health, repairs, supplies, stay, interad conform to course, and departure, as shall be signified to him by the said regulations, see and, in case of collector, under the authority and directions of the president of acconforming, the United States; and, not conforming thereto, shall be required at to depart. to depart from the United States.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That all pacific intercourse Pacific interwith any interdicted foreign armed vessels, the officers, or crew, tordieted for ign thereof, is hereby forbidden; and if any person shall afford any anned vessels, aid to such armed vessel, either in repairing her, or in furnish-Persons affording her, her officers, or crew, with supplies of any kind, or in terdited foreign

2 R

any manner whatsoever, or if any pilot shall assist in navigating fined vessels, the said armed vessel, contrary to this prohibition, unless for acc. or pulses measured the purpose of carrying her beyond the limits and jurisdiction game them con-grave them con-grave to probable of the United States, the person or persons so offending, shall as for be liable to be bound to their good behavior, and shall, moreserrying them be liable to be bound to their good benavior, and shall, must beyond the line over, forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding two thousand dollars, must of the Unised States, liable to be recovered upon indictment or information, in any court to be bound to of competent jurisdiction; one moiety thereof to the treasury of and to pay not exceeding 3,000 the United States, and the other moiety to the person who shall dolls to be recovered upon ingive information and prosecute the same to effect: Provided, dietment, Sec. That if the prosecution shall be by a public officer, the whole starfeiture to the forfeiture shall accrue to the treasury of the United States.

Sect. 3. And be it further enacted, That all the penalties and SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That all the penalties and eut. s. &c. Proviso; if the forfeitures which may have been incurred under the act, entitled prosecution is by "An act to interdict the commercial intercourse between the Unique officer," the whole for feiture accrues to ted States and Great Britain and France, and their dependencies, the treasury. Penalties and

forfeitures incommercial in-

percourse, &c.

three months, &ce. to be re-

evoking, &c.

post.]

wived, &c

and for other purposes,"* and also all the penalties and forfeitures forfeitures incurred under the act laying an embargo on act to introdet all ships and vessels in the ports and harbors of the United States, or under any of the several acts supplementary thereto, or to enforce and under the act laying an em-the same, or under the acts to interdict the commercial intercouse bargo, &c. to be between the United States and Great Britain, and France, and recovered and distributed, and their dependencies, and for other purposes, shall be recovered ted to. and distributed, and may be remitted, in the manner provided by the said acts, respectively, and in like manner as if the said acts

France Britain or had continued in full force and effects.

France before the 3d of March,

SECT. 4. And be it further engated SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That, in case either Great she sold of March, See 1. 4. And we to further chatests, I had, in the chatests, 1811, so revoke or modify her redicts, as that they cease to violate they cease to the United States, which fact the presicommerce of the United States, which fact the presiche president to declare the fact the other nation shall not, within three months thereafter, so

hyperclaration. by proclamation, revoke or modify her edicts, in like manner, then the third, nation not also fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth, tenth, and eighteenth, revoking in three revoking in three mouths, the 3d, sections of the act, entitled "An act to interdict the commercial att, sth, 5th, 5th, 7th, intercourse between the United States and Great Britain, and and 18th, sections of the actor France, and their dependencies, and for other purposes," shall, interdict the commercial attack. interdict com-mercial intermercial intertrom and after the expiration of three months from the date of
course, after the
proclamation aforesaid, be revived, and have full force and
expiration of effect, so far as relates to the dominions, colonies, and dependencies, and to the articles the growth, produce, or manufacture, of The restrictions the dominions, colonies, and dependencies, of the nation thus refusing or neglecting to revoke or modify her edicts in the act to cease, refusing or neglecting to revealed act of manner aforesaid. And the restrictions imposed by this act shall, the proclama. tion, in relation from the date of such proclamation, cease and be discontinued in relation to the nation revoking or modifying her decrees in the ft Seechap. 306, manner aforesaid.‡ [Approved, May 1, 1810.]

> [Note. In consequence of the preceding act, M. Champagny, duke of Cadore, French minister for foreign affairs, addressed, under date of the 5th of August, 1810, an official note to John Armstrong, the minister pleaipotentiary of the United States at Paris, declaring that the decrees of Berlin and Milan were revoked, and that, after the 1st of November, 1810, they would

CHAP, 267. [LVII.] An act confirming the decisions of the commissioners in favor of the claimants of land in the district of Kaskaskia.

1810.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representalives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That All the decision all the decisions made by the commissioners appointed for the missioners appointed purpose of examining the claims of persons claiming lands in pointed for the the district of Kaskaskia, in favor of such claimants, as entered ining claims to in the transcript of decisions bearing date the thirty-first day of trief of Kaskaskia, in favor of which have been trans-tis, in favor of the claimants, mitted by the said commissioners to the secretary of the treasu-the star Dec. ry, according to law, be, and the same are hereby, confirmed. [Approved, May 1, 1810.]

CHAP. 268. [LVIII.] An act making further appropriations for completing the capitol, and for other purposes.*

" Office (Btc.)

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, in addition to the appropriations heretofore made, the following Additional office sums of money be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, to be the objects meanapplied, under the direction of the president of the United States, to the purposes hereinafter mentioned; that is to say:

For sculpture, and warming and ventilating the chamber, of the For sculpture, Sc. of the house of representatives. seven thousand five hundred dollars. house of representatives, seven thousand five hundred dollars.

For defraying the expense of completing the court room, and the the coffices of the judiciary, on the east side, completing the senate the controlled chamber, and stopping the leaks in the roof of the north wing of chamber, &c. the capitol, twenty thousand dollars.

For repairs to the president's house and offices, five thousand for repairs to the president's house, the president's house and offices, five thousand the president's house and the president has a president head of the president has a president head of the president has a president head of the president has a president had not have a president dollars.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That it be the duty of The superintent dent of the city the superintendent of the city of Washington, prior to any far-of Washington the advances of money being made, to call for all claims now due, &c. on account of the public of the publi due on account of materials furnished, or work done, in the liebuildings, &c. public buildings, in order that the same may be liquidated and paid.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the several sums of The sums appropriated to be paid money hereby appropriated, shall be paid out of any money in the out of unapprotreasury, not otherwise appropriated. [Approved, May 1, 1810.] in the treasury.

CHAP. 269. [LIX.] An act allowing compensation to Robert Robinson.

[† Private and obsolete.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That there shall be paid, out of the treasury of the United States, out see dolls. to be of any moneys therein, not otherwise appropriated, the sum of the best Robinson. five hundred dollars, to Robert Robinson, in full compensation in full, for extra

cease to have effect. Upon this assurance, the president of the United States, on the 2d of November, 1810, issued a proclamation announcing the fact, thereby giving effect to the provisions of the 4th scotion of the foregoing act.]

1,750 dolls. 281-

nually, appro-

entioned.

The amountles to be permanent.

ally, for three

for his extra services as clerk to the board of commissioners at services, nedera Kaskaskias, and as interpreter and transcriber of the different commissioners languages, and as agent to the board, and for conveying the report of the commissioners to the seat of the government of the United States. [Approved, May 1, 1810.]

> CHAP. 270. [LX.] An act making appropriations for carrying into effect certain Indian treaties

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, for the purpose of carrying into effect a treaty between the United States and the Delaware, Pattawatima, Miami, and Ecl rying into effect river, tribes of Indians, concluded at Fort Wayne, on the thirtieth the treaty of Fort Wayne, of the 30th Sept. 1809, with the Indian tribes day of September, one thousand eight hundred and nine. # the sum of one thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars is hereby appropriated, to be paid to the said tribes annually; as follows: ["See the treaty, page 419, vol. L.]

To the Delawares, five hundred dollars:

To the Miamis, five hundred dollars:

To the Eel river tribe, two hundred and fifty dollars:

To the Pattawatimas, five hundred dollars: Which several annuities shall be permanent.

years, approprisegunto mecta effect a separate article, entered into between the United States Rec. with the Miami and Rel and the Miamis and Eel river tribes of I. J. river tribes. [† See the artion the thirtieth of September, one thousand eight hundred and ele, page 421, nine,† the sum of five hundred dollars, annually, is ner vol. 1.]
Further annuity propriated, for the term of three years, and no longer. nine,† the sum of five hundred dollars, annually, is hereby apof soo dolls to the Miami tribe; further annuity of two hundred dollars to the Miamis tribe of and 100 dolls. Indians; and to the Wea and Eel river tribes a further annuity and Bel river of one hundred dollars each, which shall be permanent.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That, for carrying into a permanent an-naity of 300 dolls. effect a treaty concluded at Fort Wayne, (b) on the twenty-sixth to the Weatribe, day of October, one thousand eight hundred and nine, the between the treaty of fort the United States and the Weatribe of Indians, the sum of one Wayn, of the ways, of the the United States and the Ways, of the the United States and a fursome foct 1869. thousand five hundred dollars is hereby appropriated, and a further sum of three hundred dollars, annually; which annuity shall

be permanent.

A permanentan-nuity of 500

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That, for carrying into dolls appropri-ated for the Rickapoo tribe, cember, one thousand eight hundred and nine, between the in pursuance of the treaty of Vin- United States and the Kickapoo tribe of Indians, the sum of five comes, of the said tribe; which annuity shall be permanent.

The sum ap

Sect. 5. And be it further enocted. That the several sums

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That the several sums propriated by this act, shall be paid out of any money in the priated money treasury, not otherwise appropriated. [Approved, May 1, 1810.]

(b) This is an erfor: it ought to be Vincennes. See page 422, vol 1.

1,500 dolls. and or rather con vention, page 423, vol. 1.

CHAP. 271. [LXI.] An act fixing the compensation of public ministers, and of consuls residing on the coast of Barbary, and for other purposes.

1810.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the president of the United States shall not allow to any minister the president plenipotentiary a greater sum than at the rate of nine thousand dolary minister plenipotentiary as a compensation for all his personal services more than at the rate of a nonand expenses; nor to any charge des affaires, a greater sum than delle per an-at the rate of four thousand five hundred dollars per annum, as nor to acharge a compensation for all his personal services and expenses; nor to the affaires non the secretary of any legation or embassy to any foreign country, persuant or secretary of any minister plenipotentiary, a greater sum than systemation at the rate of two thousand dollars per annum, as a compensation of a minister for all his personal services and expenses; nor to any consul who more than 2009 shall be appointed to reside at Algiers, a greater sum than at the delle ser as rate of four thousand dollars per amum, as a compensation for Norwa reside all his personal services and expenses; nor to any other consul marchan to who shall be appointed to reside at any other of the states on the num, &c. coast of Barbary, a greater sum than at the rate of two thousand Nor to any other dollars per annum, as a compensation for all his personal services on the constant and expenses; nor shall there be appointed more than one consult than 2.000 dollars for any one of the said states: Provided, It shall be lawful for not more than the president of the United States to allow to a minister plenipo-Barbary state, tentiary, or charge des affaires, on going from the United States fit of a minister plenipo-Barbary state. to any foreign country, an outfit, which shall in no case exceed prepared one year's full salary of such minister or charge des affaires; but falses, but no consul shall be allowed an outfit in any case whatever, any year's ashry. usage or custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

BECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That to entitle any charge and allowed an out des affaires, or secretary of any legation or embassy to any forestion, reign country, or secretary of any minister plenipotentiary, to minister, &c. the compensation hereinbefore provided, they shall, respectively, becautified to the appointed by the president of the United States by and with compensation be appointed by the president of the United States, by and with provided, must the advice and consent of the senate; but in the recess of the se-the president, it nate, the president is hereby authorized to make such appointments, which shall be submitted to the senate at the next session of the senate at the next session of the senate at the next session of the senate the reafter, for their advice and consent; and no compensation the senate at the next session of thereafter, for their advice and consent; and no compensation the sents, the president may shall be allowed to any charge des affaires, or any of the secretaries hereinbefore described, who shall not be appointed as be rubmitted at aforesaid: Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be considered as the next session, strued to authorize any appointment of a secretary to any charge Provise; nothing des affaires, or to any consul residing on the Barbary coast, or is any appointment of a secretary to any appointment of to sanction any claim against the United States for expense inserve to a charge of the same, any usage or custom to the contrary notwitha consul on the

standing.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That where any sum or Money drawn sums of money shall be drawn from the treasury, under any law from the treasury, under any law making appropriation for the contingent expenses of intercourse law making appropriation for the contingent expenses of intercourse law making appropriation for between the United States and foreign nations, the president shall penses of foreign be, and he hereby is, authorized to cause the same to be duly intercourse, the settled, annually, with the accounting officers of the treasury, in cause the same to be for, annually, that is to say: By causing the same to be for, annually.

1810. specity, &c... who, after no-tice of this act,

with the moneys

The act in addi-

accounted for, specially, in all instances wherein the expenditure with the se-counting officers thereof may; in his judgment, be made public, and by making a of the treasury, certificate of the amount of such expenditures as he may think it expenditure adviseable not to specify; and every such certificate shall be may be made public, and by deemed a sufficient voucher for derifficate, if not adviseable to pressed to have been expended. deemed a sufficient voucher for the sum or sums therein ex-

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful Barbary coast is for the consuls of the United States, residing on the Barbary sector say pur coast, or either of them, to expend, or to disburse, or pay, or post not author post not authors cause to be paid, for any purpose, or on any pretence whatever, anyof the Barbar not authorized by law, to any one of the Barbary powers, or to with instant to charge the United States, a sand dollars in any one year, with intent to charge the United States with the same, without first obtaining a special approbation, year, without first obtaining in writing, from the president of the United States, for that the special write purpose. And every such consul who shall, after notice of this of the president act, expend or disburse, or pay, or cause to be paid, for any Every consul purpose, or on any pretence whatever, not authorized by law, expends, &c. for to any one of the Barbary powers, or to the officers or subjects any purpose not satherised by thereof, a greater sum than three thousand dollars in any one law, to any Barbary power, &c. year, or shall be aiding or assisting therein, without first obtainmore than \$,000 ing the approbation of the president as aforesaid, shall forfeit dolls. in one dolls, in one ing the approbation of the president as aforesaid, shall forfeit year, see with and pay to the treasury of the United States a sum equal to onedut's approba-tion, to forfit whethil hisy are with, and be accountable for, all moneys so disbursed or paid, sycompensation, and be charged contrary to the provisions of this act.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the paid, &c.
After the lat of first day of November next, no consul of the United States re-Now, 1810, no first day of November next, no consul of the United States reconsul residing siding on the Barbary coast shall own, in whole or in part, any
coast toown, &c. ship or vessel, to be concerned, directly or indirectly, in the exsurveyed in the portation from or importation to any of the states on the coast concerned in the portation from, or importation to, any of the states on the coast importation or exportation of Barbary, of any goods, wares, or merchandise, on penalty that any goods, &c. every consul so offending, and being thereof convicted, shall, for Barbary states, every offence, forfeit a sum not exceeding one thousand dollars. under penalty of SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty dolls. Consuls residing of the consuls residing on the Barbary coast to transmit to the on the Barbary control and the treasury, annually, an account of all moneys reto the secretary ceived, and of all disbursements or expenditures made, by them, of the treasury, the treasury ceived, and of all disbursements of the Third States and the party. annually, an see respectively, for or on account of the United States, and the par-received and the ticular purpose to which the moneys have been applied, and the bursed for the United States, vouchers to support the same: and the secretary of the treasury sec. with vouchers to support the same: and the secretary of the treasury sec. with vouchers to congress, within two months after the commenceers, &c. shall transmit to congress, within two months after the commence-The accretary of ment of the first session thereof, in every year, a statement of all transmit to con-the moneys disbursed from the treasury of the United States, for gress, &c. every gress, see every
year, asked weath and the expenses of intercourse with the Barbary powers during the
bursed for expenses of intercourse with the treasury, the sums received by the respective agents or consuls, Barbary powers, and the purposes to which the same have been applied.

SECT 7. And be it further enacted, That the act, entitled "An concerning con-suls, &c. repeal-ed. suls and vice consuls,"* approved July sixth, one thousand seed. 12, vol. 3, vol. 3, ven hundred and ninety-seven, and the act, entitled "An act to ascertain the compensation of public ministers," * approved May 1810, the tenth, one thousand eight hundred, be, and the same are (Chap 210, hereby, repealed. [Approved, May 1, 1810.]

CHAP. 272. [LXII.] An act authorizing a loan of money, for a sum not exceeding the amount of the principal of the public debt reimburseable durborrow not exceeding the amount of the public debt reimburseable durborrow not exceeding the amount of the amount of the

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representapublic debt to be tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That in the year the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, empowmissioners of the ered to borrow, on the credit of the United States, a sum not a rate of interest, will be reimbursed, according to law, during the present year, per sms reimby the commissioners of the sinking fund, at a rate of interest, pleasure of the payable quarter yearly, not exceeding six per centum per annum, or at sipulated and reimburseable at the pleasure of the United States, or at periods, &c.

The sum to be such period as may be stipulated by contract, not exceeding six borrowed to be such period as may be stipulated by contract, not exceeding six borrowed to be applied to defray years from the first day of January next; to be applied, in addi-any authorized tion to the moneys now in the treasury, or which may be received public exp. therein from other sources during the present year, to defray any of the public expenses which are, or may be, authorized by law. The stock thereby created shall be transferable, in the same manner as is provided by law for the transfer of the funded debt. † [† Soe chap. 61. It shall be lawful for the bank of the United States to lend the said sum, or any part thereof; and it is further hereby declared, [t See page 198, vol. 2.] that it shall be deemed a good execution of the said power to cution of the borrow, for the secretary of the treasury, with the approbation for the secretary of the president of the United States, to cause to be constituted of the treasury, with the president of the treasury, with the president of the treasury. certificates of stock, signed by the register of the treasury, or by dent's approbation, to cause to
the dent's approbation, to cause treasury,
a commissioner of loans, for the sum to be borrowed, or for any tificates of stock,
part thereof, bearing an intersect of six non-continuous continuous continuo part thereof, bearing an interest of six per cent. per annum, trans-tuted and sold. ferable and reimburseable as aforesaid; and to cause the said Proviso; no stock to be sold und.r certificates of stock to be sold: Provided, That no such stock be par. sold under par.

SECT. 2 And be it further enacted, That the secretary of the beginning the treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized, with the approbation bolders of exof the president of the United States, to give the preference, in changed six per the subscriptions which may be made to the loan authorized by [5 december changed six per cent. stock, dec.]

this act, to the holders of the exchanged six per cent. stock, cre- Provisor the holders of the second section of the act passed on the holders of the second section of the act passed on the holders of the second section of th ated by virtue of the second section of the act passed on the stock, who may wish to subscribe eleventh day of February, one thousand eight hundred and seto the loan, must be thus borrowed from the holders of the said exchanged six ted states,

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per cent. stock shall be reimburscable at the pleasure of the United States. SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That so much of the far

So much of the funds constitute constituting the annual appropriation of eight millions of dollars speropriation of for the payment of the principal and interest of the public dela for the symmet of the United States, as may be wanted for that purpose, of principal and of the United States, as may be wanted for that purpose, interest of the public debt, as hereby pledged and appropriated for the payment of the stock whi hereby pledged and appropriated for the payment of the interes stally requir-

passing cow, and for the reimbursement of the principal, of the stock which should be the may be created by virtue of this act. It shall, accordingly, he interest of the duty of the commissioners of the sinking fund, to cause the cipal of the should be applied and paid, out of the said fund, yearly, and ever remedity where be applied and paid, out of the said fund, yearly, and every year, such sum and sums as may be annually wanted to discharg he commission. year, such sum and sume as may be suck, and to reimburse; sind to can be interest accruing on the said stock, and to reimburse; sind to can be in spilled and principal, as the same shall become due, and may be discharged out of the in conformity with the terms of the loan; and they are furth authorized to apply, from time to time, such sum or sums, ou of the said fund, as they may think proper, towards redocuting The faith of the by purchase, and at a price not above par, the principal of the United States said stock, or any part thereof. And the faith of the United States said stock, or any part thereof. said stock, or any part thereof. And the faith of the United States is hereby pledged to establish sufficient revenues for making u any deficiency that may hereafter take place in the funds hereb appropriated for paying the said interest and principal sums, any of them, in manner aforesaid. [Approved, May 1, 1810.];

making up any deficiency that may take place in the funds ap-

[* Private and absolute.]

CHAP. 273. [LXIII.] An act for the relief of P. C. L'Enfant.

The secretary of the treasury directed to pay to P. C. L'En-SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, The int, out of unthe secretary of the appropriated mon y in the treasury, not out of any money in the treasury, of the treasury, and the secretary of the secre 1793, as a compensation for his thousand seven hundred and ninety-two, as a compensation for services in laying his services in laying out the plan of the city of Washington. [Approved, May 1, 181]

[Approved, May 1, 1810.]

CHAP. 274. [LXIV.] An act to erect a lighthouse at the entrance of Scituate harbor, a stone column on a spit of sand at the entrance into Boston harbor, and a beacon on Beach Point, near Plymouth harbor, in the state of Massa-chusetts; a light at the entrance of Bayou St. John, into lake Penchartrain, and two lights on lake Erie; and for beacons and buoys, near the entrance of Beverly harbor.

On the cession of the jurisdiction of a sufficient

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representaquantity of land tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, points forming the entrane. of on the cession of the jurisdiction of so much land on one of the on the cession of the jurisdiction of so much land on one of the securate has bor, points forming the entrance of Scituate harbor, in the state of the treasury of Massachusetts, as the president of the United States shall deem building a light sufficient and most proper for a lighthouse, it shall be the duty house of stone of the secretary of the treasury to provide, by contract, for (The page 607, building of a lighthouse of stone thereon, and placing it on the

ke establishment with other lighthouses. The number and sposition of the lights shall be such as may distinguish it from the number less

nose of others.

Mose of others.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty Theoretay in the secretary of the treasury to cause to be erected a column erested accolumn of stone, as a beacon, on a spit of sand, extending from Light- of stone, as a Souse, or from the Great Brewster, Island, at the entrance of the mad, See a arbor of Boston, in the state of Massachusetts, of such form harb nd dimensions as he shall deem necessary. And also to cause Goodm good and sufficient buoys and beacons to be placed, for the safety beacons o be navigation, at or near the entrance of the harbor of Beverly, Massachusetts.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That one of the two Beverly, &c. beacons directed to be erected on the Stony Muscle Bed, near to be erected to be erected by the Stony I ymouth harbor, in the state of Massachusetts, by an act which do Bed, to ussed the seventeenth of March, eighteen hundred and eight, and the same is hereby, directed to be erected on Beach harbor of Plynonia. near the said harbor of Plynonia.

bint, near the said harbor of Plymouth.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the secretary of the The secretary of treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause to be erected the treasury a thorized to cause treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause to be erected the interest to be erected and established, under proper regulations, such a light as he shall see a light, see a light, see a light, see at or near the entrance of Bayou at or near large. St. John into lake Ponchartrain, in the territory of Orleans; and Lights to be erected as or near Bird Island, and see Bird Island, and near Bird Island, and near Bird Island, and near Bird Island, and near Bird Island. on or near Presq'isle, in lake Erie.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That there be appropriated to Appropriated to ated, out of any moneys in the treasury of the United States, accomplish not otherwise appropriated, the following sums of money, to see:

accomplish the purposes of this act; to wit:

For the erection of a lighthouse, at the entrance of Scituate For the lighthouse at

harbor, four thousand dollars.

For the erection of a stone column on a spit of sand, extend- For the stone column on a spit of sand, extend- For the stone column on a spit of sand, extend- For the stone column on a spit of sand, extend- for the stone column on a spit of sand, extend- for the stone column on a spit of sand, extend- spit o three thousand five hundred dollars.

And for the erection and establishment of a light at the en- For a light at trance of Bayou St. John into lake Ponchartrain, two thousand Bayou St. John

dollars.

And for the erection and establishment of two lights on lake on lake Brie.

Erie, one thousand six hundred dollars.

And for beacons and buoys near the entrance of Beverly har- buoys near the bor, the sum of fifteen hundred dollars.

[Approved, May 1, 1810.]

CHAP. 275. [LXV.] An act for the relief of Arthur St. Clair.†

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The president authorised to the president of the United States be, and he hereby is, author-cause to be paid ized to cause to be paid, out of any moneys which may be in the prized moneys treasury, not otherwise appropriated, the sum of two thousands according to Ardollars, to Arthur St. Clair, who served in the army of the Uni-thur St. Clair,

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dered, or money advanced by him, during the revolutionary

war.
[* Private and The penalty in-curred in March, 1810, by William W. Weymouth, master of the schooner Wey-mouth, for not tion of slaves, &c., previous to his leaving New York, with a fu-gitive slave named Oliver, &c., remitted, er Ceres, incur-red by Joseph P. Weeks, the mas-ter, in July, 1809, previously to leaving New [4See ante, ch.

ted States throughout the revolutionary war: Provided, the said Proviso; Arthur St. Clair shall, previous to the receipt of the said sum of St. Clair previous to the receipt of the said sum of only resignation from release of all claim for further remuneration from release of all claim for further remuneration from release of all claim for further the government for services rendered, or money advanced by remuneration him, during the revolutionary war. [Approved, May 1, 1810.

> CHAP. 276. [LXVI.] An act for the relief of William W. Weymouth Joseph P. Weeks.*

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the penalty incurred some time in the month of March last, by mouth, for not william W. Weymouth, master of the schooner Weymouth, for the injunctions of the ninth section of the of the school of the injunctions of the ninth section of the school or the pursec, or strong act, entitled "An act to prohibit the importation of slaves into follows, any port or place within the invisidiction of the Transfer any port or place within the invisidiction of the Transfer and Tr from and after the first day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eight,"† previous to his leaving the port of New York with a fugitive slave on board, named Oliver, belonging to the estate of James Redford, deceased, late the penalty.

of Richmond, in the state of Virginia, be, and the same is her and the forfeit by, remitted; any law or laws to the contrary notwithstanding. of Richmond, in the state of Virginia, be, and the same is here-

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the penalty incurred some time in the month of July last, by Joseph P. Weeks, masfor not comply-for not comply-ing with the in-junctions of the oth sec of the act to prohibit section of said act, previous to his leaving the port of New the importation York, with a fugitive slave on board, named Lige, belonging to Isaac Entwisle, of Alexandria, in the district of Columbia, be,

Faving New Mitha fu- and the same are also hereby, remitted. gitive slave named Lige, Ecc. remitted. [Ap.

[Approved, May 1, 1810.]

The president of the joint comthem, &c.

[See orig. act, CHAP. 277. [LXVII.] An act in addition to an act, entitled "An act concerning the library for the use of both houses of congress." [See orig. act, conservation of a congress. The concerning the library for the use of both houses of congress. The congress of congress of congress of congress.

the house authorized togramt tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the use of the books in the library of the United States and sneaker of the library of the brary of congress tatives, for the time being, be, and they are hereby, authorized to the agent of to grant the use of the books in the library of congress to the mitte of congress, appointed agent of the joint committee of congress, appointed in relation in relation to the library, on the same terms, conditions, and restrictions, as illibrary, on the same terms, to members of congress are allowed to use said books, any thing congress are al. contained in any former law to the contrary notwithstanding. [Approved, May 1, 1810.]

RESOLUTION.

[No. 1.] Resolved, by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the

expressions contained in the official letter of Francis J. Jackson, minister plenipotentiary of his Britannic majesty near the United The expressions States, dated the 23d day of October, 1809, and addressed to letter from Francis J. Jackson, Mr. Smith, secretary of state, conveying the idea that the exe-the British mine cutive government of the United States had a knowledge, that the oct. 1809, addressed to Mr. Francisco his produced to Mr. Employed to Mr. Employ arrangement lately made by Mr. Erskine, his predecessor, in be-dressed to Mr. half of his government, with the government of the United States, of state, convergence was entered into without competent powers on the part of Mr. the incompetent Erskine for that purpose, were highly indecorous and insolent: kine's powers

That the managing of the control of the part of Mr. Erskine for that purpose, were highly indecorous and insolent: kine's powers That the repetition of the same intimation in his official letter, the executive dated the 4th of November, 1809, after he was apprized, by the so have been asseveration of the secretary of state, that the executive govern- highly indement had no such knowledge, and that if it had possessed such solent; the reposition of the knowledge, such arrangement would not have been entered into same intusation on the part of the United States; and, after also being officially be more so; and apprized that such intunation was inadmissible, was still more that the executive government, in refusing to receive any further and affronting; and that, in refusing to receive any further communications from him in consequence of these outroops. ther communications from him, in consequence of these outragecommunications from him, in consequence of these outragefrom him, in consequence of these outragecommunications from him, in consequence of these outragefrom him, in consequence of the co manifested a just regard to its own dignity and honor, as well dignity and hoas to the character and interest of the American people: That the character the letter, signed Francis J. Jackson, headed "Circular," dated the American and interest of the American and interest of the American.

13th November, 1809, and published and circulated through the proplets and the circular letter, country, is a still more direct and aggravated insult and affront signed Francis to the American people and their government, as it is evidently the 18th Nov. an insidious attempt to excite their resentments and distrusts and circulated, against their own government, by appealing to them, through he a still more following direct and against their own government, by appealing to them, through he a still more following direct and against their own governments. false or fallacious disguises, against some of its acts; and to exgravated insule,
cite resentments and divisions amongst the people themselves, inside at which can only be dishonorable to their own characters and ruto excite the reinous to their own interests: And the congress of the United of the people States do hereby solemnly pledge themselves to the American people, and to the world, to stand by and support the executive congress pledge themselves to the American people, and to the world, to stand by and support the executive congress pledge themselves to the American people, and to the world, to stand by and support the executive stand by, and stand by and support, the executive government in its refusal to receive any further comes and the conditions are considered to the conditions and the conditions are considered to the conditions are conditions are conditions and the conditions are conditio sequence of the conduct of the executive government in this respect, to repel such insults, and to assert and maintain the rights,

Jackson, with
the honor, and the interests, of the United States. the honor, and the interests, of the United States.

[Approved, January 12, 1810.]

ACTS OF THE ELEVENTH CONGRESS

OF

THE UNITED STATES:

PASSED AT THE THIRD SESSION, WHICH WAS REGUN AND THE CITY OF WASHINGTON, IN THE DISTRICT OF MONDAY, THE 3D OF DECEMBER, 1810, AND ENDED ON THE S MARCH, 1811.

James Madison, President. George Clinton, Vice President, and President of the Senate. John Pope, President of the Senate, pro tempore, from the 26th of February. J. B. Varnum, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

1810-11. CHAP. 278. [LXVIII.] An act to authorize the transportation of certain documents free of postage. Obsolete.]

t office

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of sepresentatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That sembers of con- the members of congress, the secretary of the senate, and clerk grees, the secre-tory of the secnate, and clerk tively, authorized to transmit, free of postage, the message of the house, authorized to transmit, free of postage, the message of thorised to transmit the president of the United States of the fifth of December, one mail free of post-the house of representatives, to any post office within the United say direct, on. law to the contrary notwithstanding. States, and territories thereof, to which they may direct. any

[Approved, December 17, 1810.]

CHARLES CH

Washington, P.

CHAP. 279. [LXIX.] An act making an additional appropriation to supply a deficiency in the appropriation for the relief and protection of distressed American seamen, during the year one thousand eight hundred and ten +

[† Obsolete.]

n of disrotecti tressed Ameriforeign coun-tries. can scamen in s, darin the year 1810.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-A further sum SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-of 76,000 dollars for tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, sapplying the for supplying the deficiency in the appropriation for the relief appropriation and protection of distressed American seamen in foreign counter the relief and tries, during the year one thousand eight hundred and ten, the further sum of seventy-six thousand dollars, to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, be, and the same hereby is, appropriated.

[Approved, January 7, 1811.]

1 Obsolete bee the act, the lat sec. of which is continwhich is ued, of 26th March, 1804; ch.

CHAP. 280. [LXX.] An act to continue in force for a further time the first section of the act, entitled "An act further to protect the commerce and seamen of the United States against the Barbary powers."i

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That

so much of the act, passed on the twenty-fifth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and four, entitled "An act further to The first sec. of the set further protect the commerce and seamen of the United States against to protect the the Barbary powers," as is contained in the first section of the said act, and which was revived and continued in force, for the United Sentes against the Bartisme: share in mentioned, by an act, entitled "An act to revive and continued in force for a further time the first section of the act, force until the entitled "An act further to protect the commerce and seamen of ("Chap. 309, the United States against the Barbary powers." passed on the the states against the Barbary powers." passed on the the states against the Barbary powers." the United States against the Barbary powers,"† passed on the [† Ann, than twelfth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and ten, be, and the same is hereby, continued in force until the fourth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and twelve: Provided, Provises the all however, That the additional duty laid by the said section, shall laid by the secbe collected on all such goods, wares, and merchandise, liable to be collected pay the same, as shall have been imported previous to that day. imported previous to that day only to the day [Approved, January 7, 1811.] only to the day referred to.

CHAP. 281. [LXXI.] An act to fix the compensation of the additional assistant postmaster general.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That assistant pool matter encoding the condition of the United States of America in congress assembled, That assistant pool matter encoding the condition of the United States of America in congress assembled, That assistant pool matter encoding the Condition of the United States of America in congress assembled, That assistant pool matter encoding the Condition of the United States of America in congress assembled, That assistant pool matter encoding the Condition of the United States of America in congress assembled, That assistant pool matter encoding the Condition of the United States of America in congress assembled, That assistant pool matter encoding the Condition of the United States of America in congress assembled, That assistant pool matter encoding the Condition of the United States of the the additional assistant postmaster general, authorized by the can receive act "regulating the post office establishment," that receive an annual salary of sixteen hundred dollars, payable quarter payable quarter yearly, at the treasury of the United States, to be computed from treasury, &c. the time at which he may have entered upon the execution of 202.] the duties of his office. [Approved, January 17, 1811.]

CHAP. 282. [LXXII.] An act for the relief of George Armroyd and com-

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That

the collector of the customs for the port of Wilmington, in the Wilmington state of Delaware, be, and he is hereby, directed to allow George Armroyd and company the drawback of duties on certain mer-Armroyd and chandise exported from the port of Philadelphia, by them, in the back of duties month of October, one thousand eight hundred and nine, which merchandise, so exported, was imported into the district of Williadelphia, by them, in October, one thousand eight hundred and nine, which the port of Philadelphia, by the property of the port of Philadelphia, by the property of the port of Philadelphia and the port of Phi mington aforesaid, on the tenth of July, one thousand eight hun-then, in October, 1809, &c. dred and seven, in the schooner Christianstadt, and thence shipped coastwise to the port of Philadelphia, in the sloops Caroline and Anne: Provided, nevertheless, That nothing herein contained shall be so construed as to compel the collector of Wilmingpel the collector
ton to grant the allowance of the drawback of duties aforement of Wilmingson
to grant the tioned, until he shall receive, from the collector of the port of drawback until Philadelphia, satisfactory proof that the merchandise was shipped according to the forms of the laws in such cases made and provided; and also satisfactory proof, from the said George Armordal and company, that the merchandise has been landed in some forms of law.

foreign port or place. [Approved, January 19, 1811.]

[§ Private and obsolete.]

CHAP. 289. [LXXIII.] An act for the relief of the heirs of the late major 1811. general Anthony Wayne. Private and

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of represen-

tatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The proper accounting officers be, and they are hereby, authorized authorised to re-examine and settle the accounts of the late major general Anthony Wayne, and place to the credit thereof the three gevecounts of the late major general Anthony Wayne, and place to the credit thereof the related by his executor in his memorial to congress, dated the seventh of January, eighteen hundred and eleven, to have been disbursed by the deceased for expenses necessarily incurred sums stated by his executor in the official discharge of his duty; and three other sums, stated his memorial to congress, of the rational to congress, dated and eleven, to have been disbursed by the deceased for expenses necessarily incurred in the official discharge of his duty; and three other sums, stated his memorial to congress, dated and eleven, to have been disbursed by the deceased for expenses necessarily incurred in the official discharge of his duty; and three other sums, stated his memorial to congress, dated and eleven, to have been disbursed by the deceased for expenses necessarily incurred in the official discharge of his duty; and three other sums, stated by the said deceased to the United States. [Approved, Fanuary 21, 1811.]

> CHAP. 284. [LXXIV.] An act to authorize the secretary of war to ascertain and settle, by the appointment of commissioners, the exterior line of the public land at West Point, with the adjoining proprietor.

[* See act of 5th Jan. 1813; chap. 473, post.]

1811, &c.

examine and settle the ac-

The secretary of war author-ized to settle the exterior commissioners

4 dolls. per diem, &c. The commisappear and tes-tify, under penalty, &c.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the secretary of war shall be, and he is hereby, authorized to settle the exterior line of the public land at West Point, in the the externor line of the passes settle the exterior line of the passes to appoint three comjoining proprietor; and, for that purpose, to appoint three commissioners to ascertain the same, whose determination, or a mato accertain the jority of them, the same being first approved by the congress of The determinate the United States, shall be final and conclusive in the premises. tion of a major.

And any such commissioner shall be entitled to receive at and missioners be after the rate of four dollars per diem, for the time necessarily ecogress, to be employed in executing said commission or appointment.

Sec. Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall and the stable of the stable of

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the commissioners who may be appointed under this act, or either of them, to issue process, in nature of a writ of sioners to be sp- subpoena, for any witness that may be required on a hearing in pointed under this set may be the premises; and any person duly served with such process shall site process for witnesses, &c. be bound to appear and testify, under the like penalty, and be be bound to appear and testify, under the like penalty, and be Persons duly be bound to appear and testify, under the like penalty, and be served with pro- liable to be proceeded against in the like manner, as is provided to by law in relation to any witness. by law, in relation to any witness whose attendance is required in any court of the United States, to give testimony in any matter

depending therein. [Approved, January 22, 1811.]

[Private.]

CHAP. 285. [LXXV.] An act to change the name of Lewis Grant to that of Lewis Grant Davidson.t

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-Lewis Grant, arvisee of Sam. tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That used Davidson, Lewis Grant, of the district of Columbia, devisee of Samuel from the 6th of Davidson, late deceased, of the said district, be, and he is hererebruary. 1811. February, 1811, by, authorized, from and after the passage of this act, to take the surname of Davidson, &c. and use the surname of Davidson, and that his name hereafter

be Lewis Grant Davidson; and all acts done and entered into by that name, shall have the same effect and operation in law as if his name had originally been Lewis Grant Davidson.

1811.

[Approved, February 6, 1811.]

CHAP. 286. [LXXVI.] An act making appropriations for the support of the military establishment of the United States, for the year one thousand eight hundred and eleven.*

[* Obsolete.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, for defraying the expenses of the military establishment of the Sums appropriated for derits United States, for the year one thousand eight hundred and ele-ing the expense ven, for the Indian department, and for the expense of fortifi-establishment, cations, magazines, arsenals, and armories, the following sums 1811, &c. be, and the same hereby are, respectively, appropriated; that is to sav:

For the pay of the army of the United States, eight hundred for the pay of

and sixty-nine thousand nine hundred and sixty-eight dollars. For forage, thirteen thousand seven hundred and fifty-six For forage.

dollars. For subsistence, six hundred and eighty-five thousand five For subsistence,

hundred and thirty-two dollars and five cents. For clothing, two hundred and ninety-three thousand eight For clothing.

hundred and four dollars. For bounties and premiums, thirty thousand dollars.

For the medical and hospital department, fifty thousand dol-res. lars.

For bounties and

For camp equipage, fuel, tools, and transportation, two hun- For camp equipage, &c. dred and seventy thousand dollars.

For ordnance, one hundred thousand dollars.

For fortifications, arsenals, magazines, and armories, includ- for fortifications ing two thousand dollars for such a number of additional military tions, arrenate, storekeepers as may be required, two hundred and seventy-six thousand forty-nine dollars and seventy-six cents.

For purchasing maps, plans, books, and instruments, two ker maps, plans, thousand five hundred dollars.

For contingencies, fifty thousand dollars.

For the salary of clerks employed in the military agents' offi- For clerks in the ces, and in the office of the inspector of the army, three thousand offices, &c. five hundred dollars.

For the Indian department, one hundred and forty-six thousand five hundred dollars.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the several sums the preceding specifically appropriated by this act shall be paid out of any appropriation moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated. moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated. [Approved, February 6, 1811.] treasury.

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1811.

CHAP, 287. [LXXVII.] An act for the relief of William Mills.*

Private and obsolete.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That William Mills, now imprisoned in the county of Middlesex, and William Mills, imprisoned in the state of Connecticut, shall be, and is hereby, released and discounty of Middlesex, Conneccharged from all claim and demand of the United States, to or ticut, released, Scc. from all claim, &c. of the upon a certain judgment, before the district court for the district of Connecticut, holden at New Haven, in the month of August, upon a judgment, one thousand eight hundred and ten, recovered for the sum of on his recognisance as a wittwo thousand dollars, with costs, at their suit, on his recognisance ness, &c. for appearance as witness, in the case of a prosecution on behalf of the United States before the circuit court in the same district. [Approved, February 7, 1811.]

> CHAP. 288. [LXXVIII.] An act making appropriations for the support of the navy of the United States, for the year one thousand eight hundred and eleven.†

Sums appropri-ated for defraying the expense of the navy for the year 1811.

[† absolete.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, for defraying the expenses of the navy of the United States, for the year one thousand eight hundred and eleven, the following sums be, and the same are hereby, respectively, appropriated; that is to say:

of seamen.

For the pay and subsistence of the officers, and pay of the For the pay and subsistence of the officers, and pay of the subsistence of subsistence of subsistence of the officers, and pay seamen, seven hundred and seventy-four thousand three hundred and ninety dollars. For provisions, three hundred and eighty-five thousand three

For provisions.

hundred and thirty dollars. For medicines, instruments, and hospital stores, thirty thou-

For medicines,

sand dollars.

For repairs of vessels. For freight,

For repairs of vessels, two hundred and fifty thousand dollars. For freight, store rent, and all other contingencies, one hundred thousand dollars.

For pay and sub-sistence of the marine corps.

For pay and subsistence of the marine corps, including provisions for those on shore, and forage for the staff, one hundred and thirty-eight thousand two hundred and fifty-six dollars and ninety cents.

For clothing for the marine corps.

For clothing for the same, thirty-seven thousand nine hundred dollars and ninety cents.

For military stores for the marine corps.

For military stores for the same, one thousand three hundred and ninety-six dollars and twenty-five cents.

For medicines, medical services, &cc.

For medicines, medical services, hospital stores, and all other expenses on account of the sick belonging to the marine corps, three thousand dollars.

For quartermanters' and barrackmasters' stores, officers' travelling ex-penses, &c.

For quartermasters' and barrackmasters' stores, officers' travelling expenses, armorers' and carpenters' bills, fuel, premiums for enlisting men, musical instruments, bounty to music, and other contingent expenses of the marine corps, fifteen thousand dollars.

For the expenses of navy yards, comprising docks, and other improvements, pay of superintendents, storekeepers, clerks, and forthe exp. nate laborers, seventy-five thousand dollars.

For ordnance and small arms, sixty thousand dollars.

For ordnance and small arms, sixty thousand dollars.

For ordnance, and small arms.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the several sums, Thesimas approspecifically appropriated by this act, shall be paid out of any printed by this act, shall be paid out of any printed by this moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, February 7, 1811.] the treasury.

of navy yards,

of unappropriat-

CHAP. 289. [LXXIX.] An act making compensation to John Eugene Leit. the add sec. obseensdorfer, for services rendered the United States in the war with Tripoli. etc. The secretary of war directed to

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- rant to John Entives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That gone Leitens-dorfer, for 330 the secretary of war be, and he is hereby, directed to issue a seres. land warrant to John Eugene Leitensdorfer, for three hundred may be located and twenty acres; which said warrant may, at the option of the ter, &c. on any holder or possessor, be located with any register or registers of finds west of the land offices on any of the public lands of the United States, Mississippi, or lying on the west side of the Mississippi, then and there offered the rate of 3 dols. for sale, or may be received, at the rate of two dollars per acre, The proper accounting officers

m payment of any such public lands.

BECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the proper account of the treasury be, and they are hereby, directed to letteradorfer, and allow him. settle the account of John Eugene Leitensdorfer, and to allow him the pay of a captain, from the fifteenth day of December, indicated and four, to the fifteenth day of July, ing which he one thousand eight hundred and four, to the fifteenth day of July, ing which he one thousand eight hundred and five, being the time he served as adjutant and inspector of the forces of the United States in Egypt, of the United and on the coast of Africa. [Approved, February 13, 1811.]

CHAP. 290. [LXXX.] An act authorizing the discharge of Nathaniel F. Fosdick from his imprisonment.†

[† Private.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the marshal for the district of Maine be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to discharge Nathaniel F. Fosdick from his imprisonment, upon an execution issued against him in behalf to discharge Nathaniel F. Fosdick shall pay and satisfy all the costs that have arisen on the part of the United States in the said prosecution, and shall assign and convey all the estate, real and personal, which he may all costs, and convey his estate, for the use and benefit benefit of the same state, and states and states and sense the United States and sense the United States and sense the direction of the sacretary of United States. of the United States, under the direction of the secretary of United States, the treasury: And provided also, That any estate, real or per-Proving future sonal, which the said Fosdick may hereafter acquire, shall be dick hable, &c. hable to be taken and sold, in the same manner as if he had never been imprisoned and discharged as aforesaid: And pro-Provisor For-vided also, That any surety or sureties of said Fosdick shall matrix agree first agree, in writing, under the direction of the secretary of the int their fish treasury, as aforesaid, that any liability which may at present ty shall not be

2 T Vol. 4.

exist against such surety shall in no wise be impaired or affected 1811. impaired by this by this act, or by the liberation of said Fosdick from his impriact, &c. sonment. [Approved, February 13, 1811.]

323, post. S plied by the same act.]

[*Repealed, See CHAP. 291. [LXXXI.] An act providing for the final adjustment of claims act of 3d March. to lands, and for the sale of the public lands, in the territories of Orleans to lands, and for the sale of the public lands, in the territories of Orleans and Louisiana.*

Specific allowances, &c. to the appointed for ascertaining the rights of persons claiming lands in the territories of Orleans and Louisiana, to be in full, &cc.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the following allowances and compensations shall be made to the several officers appointed for the purpose of ascertaining the rights of persons claiming lands in the territories of Orleans and Louisiana; which allowances and compensation shall be in full for all their services, including those rendered since their salaries, respectively, ceased; that is to say: To each of the commissioners, and to each of the clerks of the boards, fifty cents for each claim, duly filed according to law, which remained undecided on the first day of July, one thousand eight hundred and nine, and on which a decision has been made subsequent to that day, or shall hereafter be made, whether such decision be in favor or against the claim; which allowance of fifty cents shall be paid at the treasury of the United States, from time to time; and on receipt of the transcripts of the decisions, and of the re-A further allow ports of claims not finally confirmed, as the same may be transance of 800 dolls. mitted by the boards, respectively, to the secretary of the treasioner and clerk sury, according to law. To each of the said commissioners and after the completion of the busi- clerks, a further allowance of five hundred dollars, to be paid ness, &c.
At the rate of after the completion of the business of each of the boards, refoo dolls, a year spectively, to the officers then in office. And to each of the translators, not translators, at the rate of six hundred dollars a year, and not to exceed in the whole, for each, the term of eighteen months: Provided always, That the abovementioned allowance of fifty cents for each claim decided upon, shall not be made to any of not to be made cents for each claim decided upon, shall not be made to any of to any commissioner who may be absent at the time of such decisioner who may sion; the attendance of each to be certified by the clerk, or by a rroviso; no allowance to any majority of the board: And provided also, That no allowance employed by the shall be made to any agent heretofore employed by the secretary of the treasury for any period after he when such agent secretary to the time existed the secretary. period after he exact bact, &c. when such agent ceased to act, or when the board ceased to re-The two principals. The two principals are evidence.

to each commis-Proviso; the allowanc. of 50 eents for each claim dicided, be absent, &c. Proviso; no alpal deputy sur-veyors of the Orleans territovary the mode h retofore pre-scribed, so far contents, angles, and boundary poles in front,

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the two principal ry, in surveying deputy surveyors of the territory of Orleans shall, and they are and dividing such of the public bunds adja-hereby, authorized, in surveying and dividing such of the public een to any river lands in the said territory, which are or may be authorized to authorized to be surveyed and divided as are adjacent to any river lake be surveyed and divided, as are adjacent to any river, lake, creek, bayou, or water course, to vary the mode heretofore we relates to the prescribed by law, so far as relates to the contents of the tracts, and to the angles and boundary lines, and to lay out the same line, and to lay into tracts, as far as practicable, of fifty-eight poles in front, and out he same in the tracts, as far as practicable, of fifty-eight poles in front, and settings of 58 four hundred and sixty-five poles in depth, of such shape, and four hundred and sixty-five poles in depth, of such shape, and bounded by such lines, as the nature of the country will render

practicable, and most convenient: Provided, however, That such deviations from the ordinary mode of surveying shall be made Proviso; the dewith the approbation of, and in conformity with, the general inordinary mode of surveying to structions which may be given to that effect by the surveyor of the made incon-

the public lands south of the state of Tennessee.

Sect. 3. And be it further enacted, That, for the disposal of vegorat the public lands of the United States, lying in the eastern land district lic lands south of the territory of Orleans a land of the acceptable of Tennessee. of the territory of Orleans, a land office shall be established at A land office to be established at a land of the New Orleans; and that, for the disposal of the lands of the Uni- New Orleans, New Orleans; and that, for the disposal of the lands of the United States, lying south of Red river, in the western land district A land office to of the territory of Orleans, a land office shall be established at Opelousas; and that, for the disposal of the lands of the United States lying north of Red river, in the western land district of such place as the territory of Orleans, a land office shall be established, which direct, for the shall be kept at such place as the president of the United States lying north of territory of Orleans shall act as register of the land office of the Western land district of the territory of Orleans shall act as register of the land office of the western land district of the territory of Orleans shall act as register of the land office of the western land district of the territory of Orleans shall act as register of the land office of the western land the land office of the western land office of the territory of Orleans shall act as register of the said western gives, &c. of rights of persons claiming lands in any part of the said western gister, &c. of Options, &c. land district. And, for the land office north of the Red river, a A register for register, and, for each of the said three offices, a receiver of public thorth of fl.d ri. moneys, shall be appointed, who shall give security in the same er for each of the manner, in the same sums, and whose compensations, emoluthree office, to be amonimed. ments, duties, and authority, shall, in every respect, be the same, &c. torceiv the in relation to the lands which shall be disposed of at their offices, tions, &c. as reas are or may be provided by law, in relation to the registers fix the territory and receivers of public moneys in the several offices established Mississippi. for the disposal of the lands of the United States in the territory [* Sec chap. 340.

of Mississippi.*

BECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the powers vested d nr by the 11th in the president of the United States, by the eleventh section of section of the act mentioned in rethe act, entitled "An act supplementary to an act, entitled "An lice lands in the act for ascertaining and adjusting the titles and claims to land western district within the territory of Orleans, and the district of Louisiana," of Orleans, and passed on the twenty-first day of April, one thousand eight hunvisions of the district of the territory of Orleans, and all the other provisions of the sale of said lands, in relation to the public lands lying in the western the sale of said lands, and for obmade by the same section, for the sale of said lands, and for obtaining patents for the same, shall be, and the same are hereby, endistrict of the territory of Orleans.

[An included to the public lands lying in the eastern of the territory of Orleans.

district of the territory of Orleans.

strict of the territory of Orleans.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That every person who, either by a who, either by a spaneither by virtue of a French or Spanish grant, recognised by the laws of the United States, or under a claim confirmed by the commissioners appointed for the purpose of ascertaining the rights of persons claiming lands in the territory of Orleans, owns a tract of land bordering on any river, creek, bayou, or water course, in the said territory, and not exceeding in depth forty arpens, for the purchaser of any vacant tract of land adjacent to, and back encis becoming the purchaser of any vacant tract of land adjacent to, and back encis becoming the purchaser of any vacant tract of land adjacent to, and back encis becoming the purchaser of any vacant tract of land adjacent to, and back encis becoming the purchaser of any vacant tract of land adjacent to, and back encis becoming the purchaser of any vacant tract of land adjacent to, and back encis becoming the purchaser of any vacant tract of land adjacent to, and back encis becoming the purchaser of any vacant tract of land bordering purchaser of any vacant tract of land bordering on any viver, kee not exceeding the purchaser of any vacant tract of land bordering on any viver, kee not exceed the purchaser of any vacant tract of land bordering on any viver, kee not exceed the purchaser of any vacant tract of land bordering on any viver, kee not exceed the purchaser of any vacant tract of land bordering on any viver, kee not exceed the purchaser of any vacant tract of land bordering on any viver, kee not exceed the purchaser of any vacant tract of land bordering on any viver, kee not exceed the purchaser of any vacant tract of land bordering on any viver, kee not exceed the purchaser of any vacant tract of land bordering on any viver, kee not exceed the purchaser of any vacant tract of land bordering on any viver, kee not exceed the purchaser of any vacant tract of land bordering on any vacant tract of land borderin of, his own tract, not exceeding forty arpens, French measure, purchaser of any in depth, nor in quantity of land that which is contained in his as provided by

10

1811. aw for other public lands in the territory, The principal deputy arveyor of sea district authorized, &c. to chuse to be surveyed the tracts claimed by this section; and where by reason of bends in the. river, &c. each elaimant cannot obtain a tract
equal in quantity, &c. to divide
the vacant land between the elalmants, &co.
Proviso; the right of preemption under this section not to include tivation border-ing on another this are, to de-liver, within 3 years, erc. to the register of the proper land of-fice, a notice in writing, stating the tracts they wish to purchase, &c. of pre-emption cease, and the chased by any other person, &c.

have been pre-

public lands as cannot be sur-

z weeks pro:

own tract, at the same price, and on the same terms and comditions as are, or may be, provided by law for the other public law the said territory. And the principal deputy surveyor of each district, respectively, shall be, and he is hereby, authorized. der the superintendence of the surveyor of the public lands south of the state of Tennessee, to cause to be surveyed the traces claimed by virtue of this section; and in all cases where, by resson of bends in the river, lake, creek, bayou, or water course, bordering on the tract, and of adjacent claims of a similar nature, each claimant cannot obtain a tract equal in quantity to the adjacent tract already owned by him, to divide the vacant land applicable to that object between the several claimants, in such manner as to him will appear most equitable: Provided, however, That the right of pre-emption, granted by this section, shall not extend so far in depth as to include lands fit for cultivation, borto include lands fit for eal. dering on another river, creek, bayou, or water course. every person entitled to the benefit of this section shall, within river, &c.

Persons entitled to the benefit of the proper land office, a notice in writing, stating the situation and extent of the tract of land he wishes to purchase, and shall also make the payment and payments for the same, at the time and times which are, or may be, prescribed by law, for the disposal of the other public lands in the said territory: the time of his delivering the notice aforesaid being considered as the date Persons failing of the purchase, to deliver notice within 3 years, such notice within the control of the payment or payme And if any such person shall fail to deliver such notice within the said period of three years, or to make such payment or payments at the time abovementioned, his right of cease, and the pre-emption shall cease and become void; and the land may thereafter be purchased by any other person, in the same manner, and on the same terms, as are or may be provided by law for the sale of other public lands in the said territory.

The land offices established by wirtue of the fourth section of this act, shall be opened on the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and the public lands, with the exception of the public lands, section "No. sixteen," of the salt springs, and land contiguous except No. 16, section "No. sixteen," of the salt springs, and land contiguous salt springs, &c. thereto, and of the tracts reserved for the support of seminaries served for the support of semi-paries of learn-ing, &c. which of learning, as hereinafter provided, which shall have been previously surveyed, and the surveys thereof returned, according to law, to the registers of the land offices, respectively; and, on the first day of February, one thousand eight hundred and twelve, the lat Feb. 1812, for the sale of such of the public lands which, from the nature the first day of February, one thousand eight hundred and twelve, of the country, cannot be surveyed in the ordinary way, and are veyed in the er- embraced, by the provisions of the third section of this act, as dinary way, em-braced by the provisions of the shall have, at least six weeks previous to the said first day of tised for sale by the surveyor of the public lands south of the wie weeks previously &c.
The public sales
for lands subdivided into quarter sections, &c.
to be led for 1.

The public sales, for the lands subdivided into
quarter sections in the ordinary way, shall be held for one calento be led for the superto dar month, under the superintendence of the register and receiver
to de the superto dar month, under the superintendence of the register and receiver
to de the superintendence of the surveyor of

public lands south of Tennessee, or of his principal deputy survever in the district, who shall each receive six dollars for each officer and he day's attendance on the same; and no tract of land shall be sold are such to received dolls, for at said public sales for a less price than that which is or may be every day's prescribed by law for the sale of public lands in the Mississippi No met to be territory.* And, from and after the first day of February, one soldar publical thousand eight hundred and twelve, any tract which has been than that prothousand eight hundred and twelve, any tract which has been than that pro-thus offered for sale at public sale, and remains unsold, as well in the Missing-as any tract of land embraced by the previsions of the third [98 echap. 30, section of this act, the sale of which is authorized by this section, After the 1st may be disposed of at private sale, by the register of the land tract off-red at office, for the same price which is or may be prescribed by law premaining unfor the sale of public lands in the Mississippi territory. All the sold, and any tract embrands sold virtue of this section, shall, in every other respect, by the provisions be sold on the same terms of payment, and conditions, in the this set, &c. same manner, and under the same regulations, as are or may be disposed for the private same manner, and under the same regulations, as are or may be disposed for the private same terms. prescribed by law, for the sale of public lands in the Mississippi sake, &c. for the territory: Provided, however, That, in case of an application [†See chap. 340, vol. 3.] being made at the same time, for the purchase, at private sale, Mitchindered by the same tract of land, by two or more persons, one of whom the restriction of the same tract of land. of the same tract of land, by two or more persons, one of whom see to be sold on did actually inhabit and cultivate such tract of land at the time see, as presented by land at the time see, as presented by law for the same at the time of such application, the preference shall be given sissippi territation. to the person thus inhabiting and cultivating such tract of land: [4] See chap. 349.

And provided also, That till after the final decision of congress vol. 3.7

thereon, no tract of land shall be offered for sale, the claim to which after the final decision of congress vol. 3.7 has been, in due time, and according to law, presented to the register of the land office, and filed in his office, for the purpose of being be officed for
investigated by the commissioners appointed for the purpose of to which has
recent times the rights of persons claiming lands in the territory. ascertaining the rights of persons claiming lands in the territory &cc. presented to the register, and of Orleans; or which shall have been located by or for major filed, &c. or general La Fayette, according to law.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That in addition to the Fayette, &c. township already reserved for that purpose by law, in the western Inaddition to the territory of Orleans, and which shall be located located south of the territory of Orleans, and which shall be located south of the territory of Orleans, and which shall be located south of the territory of Orleans, and which shall be located south of the territory of Orleans, and which shall be located south of the territory of Orleans, and which shall be located south of the territory of Orleans, and which shall be located south of the territory of Orleans, and which shall be located south of the territory of Orleans, and which shall be located south of the territory of Orleans, and which shall be located south of the territory of Orleans, and which shall be located south of the territory of Orleans, and which shall be located south of the territory of Orleans, and the territory of Orleans, and the territory of the territory of Orleans, and the territory south of Red river, another entire township shall be located by the rownship the secretary of the treasury north of Red river, for the use of a seminary of learning, and also an entire township in the territory township, &c. of Louisiana, for the support of a seminary of learning within

the said territory.

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That the surveyor general The surveyor shall cause such of the public lands in the territory of Louisiana such public lands as the president of the United States shall direct, to be surveyed in the territory and divided, in the same manner, and under the same regulations, the president of rects, to be sur-and limitation as to expenses, as is provided by law in relation veyed and divided, &c. to the lands of the United States northwest of the river Ohio, and above the mouth of Kentucky river.

SECT. 9. And be it further enacted, That, for the disposal of Aland office, at the lands of the United States lying in the territory of Louisiana, president may a land office shall be established, which shall be kept at such place to the established for the as the president of the United States may direct; and a register in the peritory and receiver of public moneys shall be appointed for said office, (Missouri,) and more than the president of the United States may direct; and a register in the peritory and receiver of public moneys shall be appointed for said office, (Missouri,) and more than the president of the United States may direct; and a register in the peritory of the president of the United States may direct; and a register in the peritory of the United States may direct; and a register in the peritory of the United States may direct; and a register in the peritory of the United States may direct; and a register in the peritory of the United States may direct; and a register in the peritory of the United States may direct; and a register in the peritory of the United States may direct; and a register in the peritory of the United States may direct; and a register in the peritory of the United States may direct; and a register in the peritory of the United States may direct; and a register in the peritory of the United States may direct; and a register in the peritory of the United States may direct the United States may direct; and a register in the peritory of the United States may direct the United States may dir who shall give accurity in the same manner, in the same sums, resister and re-

which has been ocated for ma-

1811. criver to be appointed, &c.

and whose compensations, emoluments, duties, and authority shall, in every respect, be the same, in relation to the lands which shall be disposed of at their office, as are or may be provided fol by law in relation to the register and receiver of public moneys in the several offices established for the disposal of the lands of [* see chap. 209, the United States northwest of the river Ohio, and above the mouth of Kentucky river.*

vol 3.]
The president,
when he thinks preper, may ditownship, for the support of tractr. s.rv.dby the 8th sec. of this act, &cc. to be offered for The sales to remuin open 3 fixed for those of tales to receive day's attendance. Lands, &c. regress, uo tract to be offered for gation by the ry of Loui-New Orleans to the common adact mentioned. deemed ment to any

Chaim bes oud,

[tAnte, ch. 91.]

mad., &cc.

SECT. 10. And be it further enacted, That the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized, whenever he the public lands United States be, and he is nereby, authorized, whenever he in the territory shall think proper, to direct so much of the public lands lying of louisiana, &c. to in the territory of Louisiana, as shall have been surveyed in con-All the land sur- formity with the ninth section of this act, to be offered for sale. veyed, &c. with the exception of All such lands shall, with the exception of the section " number No. 10, to be re-served in each township, for the support of schools within the same, with exception also of a tract actools, and of a reserved for the support of a seminary of learning, as provided for by the eighth section of this act, and with the exception also of the salt springs, and lead mines, and lands contiguous thereto, which, by the direction of the president of the United States, may be reserved for the future disposal of the said states, shall be offered The ands to be for sale to the highest bidder, under the direction of the register of sold for a price sale to the ingliest office, and the receiver of public moneys, and of the prinnorthwest of the cipal deputy surveyor, and on such day or days as shall, by public Olio, secandin proclamation of the president of the United States, be designated sam size, ke us for that purpose. The sales shall remain open for three weeks, The lands shall be sold for a price not less than Sup rintend nes and no longer. 6 dolls, for each that which has been or may be fixed by law for the public lands northwest of the river Ohio, and above the mouth of Kentucky maining unsold, river: And shall, in every other respect, be sold in tracts of the may be disposed same size, on the same terms and conditions, as same size, same size, on the same terms and conditions, as same size, by the register, &c. may be by law provided for the lands sold in the state of Ohio. The superintendents of the said public sales shall, each, receive the said sales. All the sale, the ctaim to which has lands which have been thus offered for sale, at public sale, rebecalinductine, maining unsold at the closing of the public sales, may be disposed therecorder, &c. of at private sale, by the register of the land office, for the same Louisiana, and price which is or may be prescribed by law for the sale of public lands in the state of Ohio: Provided, however, That till after commissioners for assertaining the decision of congress thereon, no tract of land shall be offered rights, &c.. Patents to be ob. for sale, the claim to which has been, in due time, and according tained for lands to law, presented to the recorder of land titles in the district of Louisiana and filed in his office, for the purpose of being invesstant, as provided by the rights of sold in the distribution of persons claiming lands in the territory of Louisiana. And Theclaim of the patents shall be obtained for all lands sold in the territory of Louisiana, in the same manner, and on the same terms, as is or iscent, &c. as confirmed by the may be provided, by law, for land sold in the state of Ohio. SECT. 11. And be it further enacted, That the claim of the

valid atthough corporation of the city of New Orleans to the common adjacent the linquishments any thereto, and within six hundred words from the facilities of thereto, and within six hundred yards from the fortifications of the same, as confirmed by the act, entitled "An act respecting claims to lands in the territories of Orleans and Louisiana,"† shall be deemed valid, although the relinquishment of the said corporation, to any claim beyond the said distance of six hundred yards, was not made till after the expiration of the period of six months, prescribed by the act last mentioned.

SECT. 12. And be it further enacted, That all the navigable Navigable rivers and waters in the territories of Orleans and Louisiana, shall territories of Orleans.

be, and forever remain, public highways.

Sect. 13. And be it further enacted, That a sum, not exceeding highways.

forty thousand dollars, be, and the same is hereby, appropriated so, oo dolls. apfor the purpose of carrying this act into effect, which sum shall propriated for carrying this act into effect, which sum shall propriated for carrying this act into effect, &c.

[Approved, February 15, 1811.]

CHAP. 292. [LXXXIL] This is an act relating entirely to the district of Columbia. See act of 18th April, 1814; sec. 1, chap. 657, post.

CHAP. 293. [LXXXIII.] This is an act relating entirely to the district of Columbia. See act of 18th April, 1814; sec. 1, chap. 657, post.

CHAP. 294. [LXXXIV.] This is an act relating entirely to the district of Columbia. See act of 18th April, 1814; sec. 1, chap. 657, post.

CHAP. 295. [LXXXV.] This is an act relating entirely to the district of Columbia. See act of 18th April, 1814; sec. 1, chap. 657, post.

CHAP. 296. [LXXXVI.] This is an act relating entirely to the district of Columbia. See act of 18th April, 1814; sec. 1, chap. 657, post.

CHAP. 297. [LXXXVII.] An act making a further distribution of such laws of the United States as respect the public lands.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The copies of the the copies of the laws prepared and printed under the authority the public lands, of "An act providing for printing and distributing of such laws prepared and printed under of the United States as respect the public lands," passed the the authority of the act mention-twenty-seventh day of April, one thousand eight hundred and ten, ed. to be distributed in the internal control of the set mentions. not otherwise disposed of, shall be distributed in the manner fol-manner specifilowing; that is to say: The president and vice president of the [*Ante, ch. 250.] United States, the members of the senate and house of representatives, the secretaries of the state, treasury, war, and navy, departments, the attorney general, the comptroller and register of the treasury, the judges of the supreme and district courts of the United States, the governors and judges of the territories, the surveyor general of the United States, and the surveyor of the lands of the United States south of Tennessee, shall, each, receive one copy; the clerks in each of the departments of state, treasu-

ry, and war, employed on land business, five copies; the secret of the senate, to be placed on his table for the use of the five copies; the clerk of the house of representatives, to be ed on his table for the use of the house of representatives to sib copies to be copies; two hundred and fifty copies shall be placed in the Han ry, and remain there, under the same regulations as the of library, &c. ry, and remain units, and library, &c. libra training depart in the treasury department, for the use of the land boards, a mean, for the use of the land boards, a see of the land offices which may hereafter be established; and the remaind the of the man of the man of the library; and each incented to be placed in the library; and each incented to be placed in the library; and hereafter elected, shall, so long as any remain, exclusive of the library; and hereafter elected, shall, so long as any remain, exclusive of the library; and hereafter elected, shall, so long as any remain, exclusive of the library; and hereafter elected, shall, so long as any remain, exclusive of the library; and leach in the library; and leac each member of two hundred and fifty copies before mentioned, be entitled to one loss, see to be copy at the commencement of that session of congress next such ceeding his election. [Approved, February 18, 1811.]

and the French epublic, of 30th 3, pa. 136, vol.1.] tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That

[°See the const. CHAP. 298. [LXXXVIII.] An act to enable the people of the territory of art. 4, sec. 3, el. 1, ps. 69, vol. 1: See, also, the treaty between the United States and for other purposes.°

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-

The inhabitants the inhabitants of all that part of the territory or country ceded Louisians, with under the name of Louisiana, by the treaty made at Paris, on the in the limits deseribed, suther thirtieth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and three, isrd to form for themselves between the United States and France, contained within the folconstitution and lowing limits, that is to say: beginning at the mouth of the river state government, and to assume what name
Sabine, thence, by a line to be drawn along the middle of the said
they deem proper, upon the
conditions, see
tude; thence, due north to the northernmost part of the thirtymentloned. (†300 page 134, third degree of north latitude; thence, along the said parallel of latitude, to the river Mississippi; thence, down the said river, to the river Iberville; and from thence, along the middle of the said river and lakes Maurepas and Ponchartrain, to the gulph of Mexico; thence, bounded by the said gulph, to the place of begin-[tLimits enlarge nings] including all islands within three leagues of the coast, be, ed. See act of left April, 1818; and they are hereby, authorized to form for themselves a constitute April, 1818; and they are hereby, authorized to form for themselves a constitute and state government, and to assume such name as they may deem proper, under the provisions, and upon the conditions,

hereinafter mentioned. SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That all free white make male etitsens, who shall have arrived at the age ed at the age of of twenty-one years, and resided within the said territory at least nivery at least one year previous to the day of election, and shall have paid a refer previous to territorial, county, district, or parish, tax; and all persons having, the day of elec-tion, who have in other respects, the legal qualifications to vote for representa-al, &c. tax, and persons having, in other respects, the general assembly of the said territory, be, and they persons having, are hereby, authorized to choose representatives to form a conpersons having, are hereby, authorized to choose representative sects, legal qualifications to vention, who shall be apportioned amongst the several counties, qualifications to vention, who shall be apportioned amongst the several counties, in wote for repre-vote for repre-vote for repre-sentatives in the districts, and parishes, within the said territory of Orleans, in general assembly such manner as the legislature of the said territory shall by law

All free white

and the the representatives shall not exceed sixty; 1811.

and the the representatives aforesaid shall take place of the territory, on the the same manner as is now provided by the laws of the said The number of the said the representatives as the said the said the said the number of the said the said

The number of territory for electing members for the house of representatives.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the members of the said to exceed at the convention, when duly elected, be, and they are hereby, authorized to meet, at the city of New Orleans, on the first Monday of Movember next; which convention, when met, shall first determine, by a majority of the whole number elected, whether it be the convention expedient or not, at that time, to form a constitution and state government, for the people within the said territory; and if it be form a state convention shall, in like attention, &c. If determined to manner declare, in behalf of the people of the said territory, that be expedient, manner declare, in behalf of the people of the said territory, that the expedient, then the constitution of the United States; whereupon the said convention shall be, and hereby is, authorized to form a constitution and state government for the people of the said territostitution of the United States, ry: Provided, The constitution to be formed, in virtue of the and then it may form a state government, see the constitution of the United States, that it shall contain the to be formed fundamental principles of civil and religious libertys, that it shall must be republican must be republican. fundamental principles of civil and religious liberty; that it shall lican, and consecure to the citizen the trial by jury in all criminal cases, and constitution of the privilege of the writ of habeas corpus, conformably to the states with the provisions of the constitution of the United States,* and that af-[18c the constitution of the admission of the said territory of Orleans as a state, into 1, page 69, vol. the Union, the laws which such state may pass shall be promulations of the gated, and its records of avery description shall be preserved and constitution. the Union, the laws which such state may pass shall be promulations of the gated, and its records of every description shall be preserved, and passinal its judicial and legislative written proceedings conducted, in the admission of the trail language in which the laws and the judicial and legislative writter by of Orleans as a state, &c. ten proceedings of the United States are now published and continuity of Orleans as a state, &c. ten proceedings of the United States are now published and continuity of the laws to be in the laws to be ducted: And provided also, That the said convention shall profine he laws, &c. of the vide by an ordinance, irrevocable without the consent of the United States are United States, that the people inhabiting the said territory do proviso; the consent of the United States are now published, &c. that the waste or unappropriated lands, lying within the said territory; diance, irrevocable waste or unappropriated lands, lying within the said territory; diance, irrevocable, &c. that position of the United States; and, moreover, that each and every disclaim all right or title to reflict and the people of the vertice of land, sold by congress, shall be and remain exempt from the waste or unappropriated lands, lying the authority of the state, appropriated lands. tract of land, sold by congress, shall be and remain exempt from the waste or unany tax, laid by the order or under the authority of the state, lands, &c. that whether for state, county, township, parish, or any other purpose the same shall be whatever, for the term of five years, from and after the respective position of the days of the sales thereof; and that the lands, belonging to citizens and that the lands belonging to citizens and that each tract solday congress shall be taxed higher than the lands belonging to persons residing to the term of the United States, and that no taxes shall be imposed on lands the property of the United States; and that the river Mississippi, and the native state tax for five the United States; and that the river Mississippi, and the native state tax for five the United States; and that the river Mississippi, and the native state tax for five the United States; and that the river Mississippi, and the native state tax for five the United States; and that the river Mississippi, and the native state tax for five the United States; and that the river Mississippi, and the native state tax for five the Missispi, &c. to be common highways, and forever free, as well tree, &c. to the inhabitants of the said state as to other citizens of the to the inhabitants of the said state as to other citizens of the United States, without any tax, duty, impost, or toll, therefor, imposed by the said state.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That, in case the conven-In case the contion shall declare its assent, in behalf of the people of the said vention adopts the constitution of the United States, the constitution territory, to the adoption of the Constitution of the United States, and torms and shall form a constitution and state government for the peoa state constitution, for the instrument of sdoption, &c. to he instrument of sdopthereafter as may be, is hereby required to cause to be transtion, &c. to be
mitted to congress the instrument by which its assent to the
congress, and if
not disapproved, constitution of the United States is thus given and declared, and
the state is to be
also, a true and attested copy of such constitution, or frame of the union, &c. state government, as shall be formed and provided by said convention; and if the same shall not be disapproved by congress, at their next session after the receipt thereof, the said state shall be admitted into the union, upon the same footing with the ori-

[*See chap. 373, ginal states.* post.]
Five per cent.
of the net

Sect. 5. And be it further enacted, That five per centum of of the net proceeds of the the net proceeds of the sales of the lands of the United States, sales of lands, see, to be applied after the first day of January, shall be applied to laying out and to laying out constructing public roads and levees in the said state, as the legislature thereof may direct. [Approved, February 20, 1811.]

[† Obsolete.]

CHAP. 299. [LXXXIX.] An act making appropriations for the support of government, for the year one thousand eight hundred and eleven.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, Sums appropria for the expenditure of the civil list, in the present year, includjects mentioned, ing the contingent expenses of the several departments and offices; for the compensation of the several loan officers and their clerks, and for books and stationery for the same; for the payment of annuities and grants; for the support of the mint establishment; for the expense of intercourse with foreign nations; for the support of lighthouses, beacons, buoys, and public piers; for defraying the expenses of surveying the public lands, and for satisfying certain miscellaneous claims, the following sums be, and the same are hereby, respectively, appropriated; that is to say:

For members of congress, their

For compensation granted by law to the members of the senate and house of representatives, their officers and attendants, estimated for a session of four months and a half continuance, two hundred and one thousand four hundred and twenty-five dollars.

For the contingent expenses of congress.

For the expense of firewood, stationery, printing, and all other contingent expenses of the two houses of congress, thirty-four thousand dollars.

For contingent expenses of the library of con-gress, &c.

For all contingent expenses of the library of congress, and for the librarian's allowance, for the year one thousand eight hundred and eleven, eight hundred dollars.

For repairing the roof and fitting up a room in the west side of the north wing of the capitol, for the library of congress, six hundred dollars.

For the president and vice president.
For the secreta.

For the secreta.

For the president a president a president a United States, thirty thousand dollars. For compensation to the president and vice president of the

For compensation to the secretary of state, clerks, and persons

employed in that department, including the sum of one thousand four hundred and seventy-eight dollars, in addition to the sum allowed by the act of the twenty-first of April, one thousand eight hundred and six,* fourteen thousand and thirty-eight dol- [*Ante, ch. 41.]

For the incidental and contingent expenses of the said depart- For the continment, one thousand three hundred and fifty dollars.

gent expenses of the department

For printing and distributing the laws of the third session of of state.

For printing and the eleventh congress, and printing the laws in newspapers, five distributing the laws. thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation to the secretary of the treasury, clerks, and For the secretary persons employed in his office, including the sum of one thou-ry, clerks, &c. sand seven hundred and fifty dollars for clerk hire, in addition to the sum allowed by the act of the twenty-first of April, one thousand eight hundred and six,† sixteen thousand seven hundred dollars. [† Ante, ch. 41.]

For expense of translating foreign languages, allowance to the For translating foreign languages, allowance to the For translating person employed in transmitting passports and sealetters, and guages, &c. in the office of the secretary of the secretary of the secretary of the treasury. treasury, one thousand dollars.

For compensation to the comptroller of the treasury, clerks, For the comptroller of the and persons employed in his office, including the sum of one treasury clerks. thousand six hundred and thirty-nine dollars, for compensation to his clerks, in addition to the sum allowed by the act of the twenty-first of April, one thousand eight hundred and six, four-[t Ante, ch. 41.] teen thousand six hundred and sixteen dollars.

For expense of stationery, printing, and incidental and con-ror contingent tingent expenses of the comptroller's office, five hundred dollars. expenses of the comptroller's office, five hundred dollars. For compensation to the auditor of the treasury, clerks, and office. For the auditor, the continue of the compensation to the auditor of the treasury.

persons employed in his office, twelve thousand two hundred clorks, &c. and twenty-one dollars.

For expense of stationery, printing, and incidental and con- For contingent expenses of the auditor's office. five hundred dollars. expenses of the auditor's office. tingent expenses of the auditor's office, five hundred dollars.

For compensation to the treasurer, clerks, and persons em- For the treasurployed in his office, six thousand two hundred and twenty-seven er, derks, &c. dollars and forty-five cents.

For expense of stationery, printing, and incidental and con- for contingent tingent expenses in the treasurer's office, three hundred dollars. expenses in the treasurer's office.

For compensation to the register of the treasury, clerks, and For the register, persons employed in his office, sixteen thousand fifty-two dollars and two cents.

For compensation to the messenger of the register's office for For stamping and arranging ships' registers, ninety dollars. stamping and arranging the ships' registers, ninety dollars.

For expense of stationery, printing, and all other incidental ror stationery, and contingent expenses in the register's office, including books the register's for the public stocks, and for the arrangement of the marine office. records, two thousand eight hundred dollars.

For fuel, and other contingent and incidental expenses of the Forfuel, &c. for the treasury detreasury department, four thousand dollars.

For the purchase of books, maps, and charts, for the use of Forthepurchase of books, Sector the treasury dethe treasury department, four hundred dollars.

For compensation to a superintendent, employed to secure the partment. For a superinbuildings and records of the treasury department, during the year ed to secure the

one thousand eight hundred and eleven, including the expense of fulding and re two watchmen, the repairs of two fire engines, buckets, lanteres, eards of the trea. survieus training, and other incidental and contingent expenses, one thousand one

expense of watchmen, ac. hundred dollars.

For stating and printing the public accounts, for the year one thousand eight hundred and eleven,

For the secretary of the comsinking frue For the secretary of war, clerks, &c.

For compensation to the secretary of the commissioners of the opers of the sinking fund, two hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation to the secretary of war, clerks, and persons employed in his office, eleven thousand two hundred and fifty

dollars.

For contingent expenses of the cretary of war.

For expense of fuel, stationery, printing, and other contingent expenses of the office of the secretary of war, one thousand dollars.

For the accountant of the war department, clerks, &ce.

For compensation to the accountant of the war department, clerks, and persons employed in his office, ten thousand nine hundred and ten dollars.

For contingent expenses in the accountant's office. For elerks in the

For contingent expenses in the office of the accountant of the war department, one thousand dollars.

For compensation to the clerks employed in the paymaster's

paymaster's office. For contingent expenses in the office, three thousand four hundred dollars.

For the purvey-

For contingent expenses in the said office, two hundred dollars. For compensation to the purveyor of public supplies, clerks, or of public supplies, clerks, &c. and persons employed in his office, and for expense of stationery, store rent, and fuel, for said office, including the sum of five hundred dollars for compensation to clerks, in addition to the sum allowed by the act of the twenty-first of April, one thousand eight [*Ante, ch. 41.] hundred and six,* five thousand one hundred dollars.

For additional clerks in the of-

For compensation of additional clerks in the office of the superintendent of Indian trade, eight hundred dollars.

fice of superin-For the secreta-

For compensation to the secretary of the navy, clerks, and ry of the may, persons employed in his office, nine thousand eight hundred and derks, &c. ten dollars.

For contingent

For expense of stationery, fuel, printing, and other contingent expenses in the secretary of the expenses in the said office, two thousand dollars.

For compensation to the accountant of the may, and of the navy, persons employed in his office, ten thousand four hundred and clerks, &c.

For contingent expenses in the

For contingent expenses in the office of the accountant of the accountant's of navy, one thousand dollars.

For compensation to the postmaster general, as master general, clerks, and persons employed in the postmaster sistant, clerks, master general, clerks, and persons employed in the postmaster including the sum of two thousand seven hundred and forty-five dollars, for compensation to clerks, in addition to the sum allowed by the act of the twenty-first of April,

[†Ante, ch. 41.] one thousand eight hundred and six,† and the sum of eight hundred and fifty-seven dollars for deficiencies in the appropriation of the year one thousand eight hundred and ten, nineteen thousand seven hundred and fifty-seven dollars and seventy-eight cents.

For fuel, candles, stationery, &c.

For the expense of fuel, house rent for the messenger, can-

des, stationery, eliests, &c. incident to the postmaster general's office, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation to the several loan officers, thirteen thou- retaire officers

sand two hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation to the clerks of the commissioners of loans, the commissioners of and for allowances to certain loan officers in lieu of clerk hire, et of hans, beand to defray the authorized expense of the several loan offices, fifteen thousand dollars.

For compensation to the surveyor general and his clerks, three For the surveyor general and his clerks, three For the surveyor general and derks. thousand two hundred dollars.

For compensation to the surveyor of the lands south of Ten- For the survey or of the lands nessee, clerks employed in his office, and for stationery, and south of Tenes other continuous three thousand course hundred dellars. other contingencies, three thousand seven hundred dollars.

For compensation to the officers of the mint, viz:

The director, two thousand dollars:

The treasurer, one thousand two hundred dollars:

The assayer, one thousand five hundred dollars:

The chief coiner, one thousand five hundred dollars:

The melter and refiner, one thousand five hundred dollars:

The engraver, one thousand two hundred dollars:

One clerk, at seven hundred dollars; and Two clerks, at five hundred dollars each.

For wages to the persons employed in melting, coining, car- For wages to penter's, millwright's, and smith's work, including the sum of ed in melting one thousand dollars allowed to an assistant coiner and die ordering acc.

forger, who also oversees the execution of the iron work, and of six hundred dollars allowed to an assistant engraver, eight

thousand dollars.

For repairs of furnaces, cost of rollers and screws, timber, bar For contingen iron, lead, steel, potash, and for all other contingencies of the enablishment. mint, two thousand seven hundred and seventy-five dollars.

For an allowance for wastage in the gold and silver coinage, For an allowance for wastage in including a deficiency in the appropriation for the year one thou-the gold and silver coinage, for wastage in the gold and silver coinage, for the vercoinage, for the vercoi coinage for that and several antecedent years, six thousand eight hundred dollars.

For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of for the governor, judges, and secretary of Orleans, thirteen thousand dollars.

the territory of Orleans, thirteen thousand dollars.

For expense of stationery, and other contingent expenses of for contingent expenses of the expenses of the said territory, including the sum of one thousand dollars for a territory of deficiency in the appropriation for the year one thousand eight Orleans, &c. hundred and ten, two thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of For the governor, including the sum of one thousand one of the Mississippi territory, including the sum of one thousand one of the Mississippi hundred and thirteen dollars and thirty-three cents, for a defi- planting, &c. ciency in the appropriation for the year one thousand eight hundred and ten, ten thousand one hundred and thirteen dollars and thirty-three cents.

For expense of stationery, office rent, and other contingent For contingent territorial exexpenses of said territory, three hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of or the governor, judges, &c.

Indiana territory, six thousand six hundred dollars. the Indiana territory, six thousand six hundred dollars.

Director.

Treasurer.

Engraver.

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territory.
For contingent territorial ex-

penses. For the governor, judges, &c. ferritory. territorial expenses. For demands, not otherwise provided for,

admitted at the treasury, &cc. For additional

several departthe general post office, not ex-ceeding 15 per tent, etc.

For the judges, and the attorney general.

For district attorneys.

For the compensation to the seof Maine, &c.

For defraying the expenses of courts, jurors, and witnesses, in aid of the funds arising from fines, &c.

For the payment of sundry pen-sions, &c.

For the annual allowance to the

For the support of lighthouses,

For expense of stationery, office rent, and other contingent ex-For contingent penses of said territory, three hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, judges, &c. the Michigan territory, six thousand six hundred dollars.

For expense of stationery, office rent, and other conting

For expense of stationery, office rent, and other contingent ex-For contingent penses of said territory, three hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of For compensation to the governor, judges, and secret for the governor, judges, &c. the Louisiana territory, six thousand six hundred dollars. of the Louisiana

For expense of stationery office rept. and other continue.

For expense of stationery, office rent, and other contingent expenses of said territory, three hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of the Illinois territory, six thousand six hundred dollars.

For expense of stationery, office rent, and other contingent expenses of said territory, three hundred and fifty dollars.

For the discharge of such demands against the United States, on account of the civil department, not otherwise provided for, as shall have been admitted in due course of settlement at the treasury, two thousand dollars.

For additional compensation to the clerks in the several decompensation to the clerks in the partments of state, treasury, war, and navy, and of the general post office, not exceeding, for each department, respectively, fifteen per centum, in addition to the sums allowed by the act, entitled "An act to regulate and fix the compensation of clerks, and to authorize the laying out certain public roads, and for other [Ante, ch. 41.] purposes,"* thirteen thousand two hundred and sixty-nine dollars and thirty-two cents.

> For compensation granted by law to the chief justice, the associate judges, and district judges, of the United States, including the chief justice and two associate judges for the district of Columbia, to the attorney general, and to the district judge of the territory of Orleans, fifty-nine thousand four hundred dollars.

> For the like compensation granted to the several district attorneys of the United States, three thousand four hundred dollars.

For compensation granted to the several marshals for the districts of Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, New Jersey, North Carolina, Kentucky, Ohio, East and West Tennessee, and Orleans, two thousand two hundred dollars.

For defraying the expenses of the supreme, circuit, and district, courts of the United States, including the district of Columbia, and of jurors, and witnesses, in aid of the funds arising from fines, forfeitures, and penalties, and for defraying the expenses of prosecutions for offences against the United States, and for the safe keeping of prisoners, forty thousand dollars.

For the payment of sundry pensions granted by the late and present government, nine hundred and sixty dollars.

For the payment of the annual allowance to the invalid peninvalid pensions sioners of the United States, from the fifth of March, one thousand eight hundred and eleven, to the fourth of March, one thousand eight hundred and twelve, ninety-eight thousand dollars.

For the maintenance and support of lighthouses, beacons, beacons, buoys, buoys, and public piers, stakeages of channels, bars, and shoals, and certain contingent expenses, sixty-eight thousand nine hundred and sixty-five dollars and thirty-nine cents.

For erecting lighthouses at the mouth of the Mississippi, and at or near the Pitch of Cape Look Out, in North Carolina, being lighthouses the amount of an additional appropriation carried to the surplus the mouth of the fund, twenty thousand dollars.

Roy building a lighthouse on the south point of Cumberland Fitch of Cape

For building a lighthouse on the south point of Cumberland Look out, because Island, in Georgia, being the amount of a former appropriation lighthous on the

carried to the surplus fund, four thousand dollars.

For erecting a lighthouse on the south point of Sapelo island, Endergia, and for placing certain buoys and beacons on Dobay lighthouse on the south point. Bar and Beach Point, being the balance of former appropriations of Sapelo Island, and placing carried to the surplus fund, six thousand seven hundred and buoys and beach points. eighty-nine dollars and six cents.

For execting a lighthouse on Point Judith, being the balance of a former appropriation carried to the surplus fund, one hunlighthouse on Point Judith, being the balance of a former appropriation carried to the surplus fund, one hunlighthouse on Point Judith, being the balance of the surplus fund, one hunlighthouse on Point Judith, being the balance of the surplus fund.

dred and sixty-eight dollars and sixty-seven cents.

For erecting two lights on lake Erie, viz: on or near Bird For erecting Island, and on or near Presqu'isle, in addition to the appropri- on lake Erie, ation heretofore made for that purpose, four thousand dollars.

For defraying the expense of surveying the public lands with- for surveying the public lands, in the several territories of the United States, one hundred thou- &c.

sand dollars.

For paying for the printing of new ships' registers, including for the printing the cost of paper, the balance of a former appropriation of one registers, do. thousand one hundred and forty dollars, for this object, having been heretofore carried to the surplus fund, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For discharging the expense of the third enumeration of the an account of inhabitants of the United States, and that of taking an account of manufactures of their manufactures, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

For expenses of intercourse with foreign nations, forty-seven For intercourse

thousand dollars.

For expenses of intercourse with the Barbary powers, fifty gent expenses of thousand dollars.

For the contingent expenses of government, the balance of seamen.

For mer appropriations for that object having been carried to the surplus fund, twenty thousand dollars.

For the relief and protection of distressed American seamen, Britain, in rela-

five thousand dollars.

For expenses of prosecuting claims and appeals in the courts vessels, &c.

of Great Britain, in relation to captures of American vessels, and George W. Erving, as agent in receiving and paying awards of the board of commissioners, under the 7th the seventh article of the British treaty,* estimated at two and a art of the British per cent. on the amount of such awards as were actually received by him, twenty-two thousand three hundred and ninety-two dollars and sixty-seven cents.

For payment of the claim of Patrick Donnon, late surveyor of late survey

the county of Hardy, in-Virginia, being his compensation under the county of he act of congress, passed May thirteenth, one thousand eight act to enlarge the powers of the reverthe powers of the reverthe powers of the surveyors of the reverthe surveyors of the reverthe surveyors of the reverthe surveyors of the reverthe surveyors of the reverther the surveyors of the reve tue," for valuing, recording, and adding to, the tax lists sundry the rvenue, &c. [†ch.214,vol.3.]

south point of Cumberland cons on Dobay Bar and Beach

For the expense of the third Census, and taking foreign interwith the Barbary powers.
For the contingovernment. For the relief, courts of Great tion to captures of American

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tracts of land and dwelling houses omitted by the assessors, there not being a sufficient balance due for direct tax from Virginia for satisfying this claim, seven hundred and twenty-eight dollars and eighty-five cents.

For payment of expenditures made by James Simmons, late

For payment of expenditures made by James Simmons, late collector of Charleston, from January first, one thousand seven Charleston, &c. eight hundred and five, for the navy department, as admitted on partment, &c. extlement of his account settlement of his account at the treasury, nine thousand three hundred and seventy-nine dollars and three cents.

For the dis-charge of mis-cellmeous claims not other wise provided for, admitted at the treasury. For the pay-ment of a ba-lance due the estate of the

For the discharge of such miscellaneous claims against the United States, not otherwise provided for, as shall have been admitted in due course of settlement at the treasury, four thousand dollars.

For the payment of a balance due the estate of the late major general Anthony Wayne, in conformity with the act, passed at the present session, children and thirty-four cents.

[*Anis,ch.283.] and seventy dollars and thirty-four cents. the present session, entitled "An act for the relief of the heirs of the late major general Wayne,"* five thousand eight hundred

sur precenning appropriations to be paid out of priations hereinbefore made, shall be paid and discharged out of the fund reserved, acc. the fund of six hundred thousand dollars, reserved by an act of vol. 2.] making provision for the debt of the United States t and out of the surface of th any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, February 20, 1811.]

CHAP. 300. [XC.] This is an act relating entirely to the district of Columbia. See act of 18th April, 1814; sec. 1, chap. 657, post.

CHAP. 301. [XCI.] An act providing for the sale of a tract of land lying in the state of Tennessee, and a tract in the Indiana territory.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the commissioners appointed by an act of the legislature of the the commissioners appointed by an act of the legislature of the gislature of the legislature of the legislat for the town of the town of Fulaski, in the county of Ones, and state aforesaid, and for the town of rulaski, &c. authorized, their successors in office, be, and they are hereby, authorized, therized, on producing a receipt from the receiver of public moneys, for at least one-twentieth part of the purchase money, to enter, with the register of the land office, established for the lands ceded to 1-20th part of the purchase money, the United States by the Cherokee and Chickasaw Indians, in the enter, &c. 2 purease money, the Onited States of the tree of land lying in a regular square, actor of land lying in a regular square, the Mississippi territory, a tract of land lying in a regular square, which has or may &c. at the same and containing six hundred and forty acres, which has or may price, &c. as and containing six hundred and forty acres, which has or may other public launds sold at pri
launds sold at pri
vate sale, &c. same price, and on the same terms and conditions of payment. same price, and on the same terms and conditions of payment, as are provided with respect to the other public lands sold at on completing the payment, private sale at the said office; and on completing the payment of granted, in trust, the purchase money, a patent shall be granted therefor to the said

commissioners and their successors in office, in trust, for the use

of the said county of Giles, for the purpose aforesaid.

the said county of Giles, for the purpose aforesaid.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the commissioners &c. appointed by an act of the legislature of the Indiana territory, The commission of a proper site for the permanent seat of government for an act of the legislature of into an act of the legislature of the said territory, be, and they are hereby, authorized, and their dismant of its one successors in office, so soon as the surveys under the authority the permanent of the United States shall have been made of the lands which ment for that they shall select, and on producing a receipt from the receiver thorised, &c. as of public moneys, for at least one-twentieth part of the purchase have been made money, to enter with the register of the land office for the dissard trict in which the land lies, any four quarter sections of land pelect, and on adjoining to each other, which have not been reserved by any former act of congress, and which the said commissioners may select, and on select and fix on as a site for the permanent seat of government part of the part of vided in respect to the other public lands sold at private sale in the same district; and, on completing the payment of the purchase on completing the payment, money, a patent shall be granted therefor, to the said commistant to sioners and their successors in office, in trust, for the use of said in trust for the territory, for the purpose aforesaid.

[Approved, February 25, 1811.]

1811.

tory, &cc.

CHAP. 302. [XCII.] An act providing for the removal of the land office established at Nashville, in the state of Tennessee, and Canton, in the state of Ohio; and to authorize the register and receiver of public moneys to su-perintend the public sales of land in the district east of Pearl river.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the president of the United States be, and he hereby is, author- authorised to reized to remove the land office established for the sale of the move the land office from Nash public lands ceded to the United States by the Cherokee and place, within the Chickasaw Indians, in the Mississippi territory, from Nashville, district for to such place, within the district for which it was established, the state of the land office the land office from Canton, in the state of Ohio, to some suitable place within the state of Ohio, to some suitable place within the land office from Canton, in the state of Ohio, to some suitable place within the land office from Canton, in the state of Ohio, to some suitable place within the land office from Canton.

the district for which it was established.*

BECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the public sales of the public lands, in the district east of Pearl river, in the Misoflandin the district east of Raskaskia, in the register and receiver of public moneys for the said district safer and receiver of public moneys for the said district safer and receiver districts, any law to the contrary and they are to receive the compensation provided by law for the superintendents of public sales in the districts aforesaid.

tricts aforesaid.

Sect. 3. And be it further enacted, That if any tract of the public land has been sold, for may hereafter be sold, in where a land of-

vendue, at the county, &c.

any state or territory, wherein a land office is or may be established, and on which complete payment has not, or may no ea, and complete payment there have, been made, within the time prescribed by law for complete on has not been advertised for sale agreemade within the ring title same, and the tract naving been advertised for sale agree-time prescribed, ably to law, it shall be lawful to offer the same for sale at public been advertised been divertised by endue, at the time and place of the sitting of the court for the same may be of county in which the land office is kept for the district to which the tract belongs, whether the court shall be denominated of sixing of the court of quarter sessions, or by whatever other designation it may be known. [Approved, February 25, 1811.]

CHAP. 303. [XCIII.] An act establishing navy hospitals.

The money to be collected by be paid to the secretaries of the

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representavirtue of the act in addition to the tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, act for the relief That the money hereafter collected by virtue of the act, entitled abled seamen, to "An act in addition to An act for the relief of sick and disabled seamen,"* shall be paid to the secretary of the navy, the secretary and war, who are hereby appointed a board of commissioners, by the name commissioners of Navy Hospitals, which, together (Ch.145, vol.3.) with the sum of fifty thousand dollars, hereby appropriated, out of the unexpended balance of the marine hospital fund, to be paid to the commissioners aforesaid, shall constitute a fund for navy hospitals.

Fines imposed on navy officers, SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That all fines imposed on seamen, see, to be paid to the be paid to the SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That all fines imposed on missioners, sioners of navy hospitals.

The commission-

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the commissioners The commissioners of navy hospitals be, and they are hereby, authorized and repetations for navy hospitals be, and they are hereby, authorized and repetation for navy hospitals, are quired to procure, at a suitable place or places, proper sites for hospitals, are.

The commissioners of navy hospitals, and if the necessary buildings are not procured. The commissioners of the mid-like site of navy hospitals, and if the necessary buildings are not procured. en, at one of the with the site, to cause such to be erected, having due regard to certablishments, and giving preference to such plans as, with most manent asylum for description as convenience and least cost, will admit of subsequent additions, by officers, &c. as the funds will permit and circumstances require; and the The secretary of commissioners are required, at one of the establishments, to proed to prepare vide a permanent asylum for disabled and decrepid navy officers, rules and regulations for the seamen, and marines.

Institution, and Sect. A. And he it further engated. That the converter of the

report them to

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the secretary of the congress.
When any navy navy be authorized and required to prepare the necessary rules officer, seaman, and regulations for the government of the institution, and report

into a navy hose the same to the next session of congress.

Sect. 5. And be it further enacted, SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That, when any navy per day, &c. to officer, seaman, or marine, shall be admitted into a navy hospital, he distincted from the officer that the institution shall be allowed one ration per day during or s. aman's ac-count, &c. and his continuance therein, to be deducted from the account of the when officers, united States, with such officer, seaman, or marine; and, in like when onteen, seamen, sec. who are pensioners are admitted, the pension, shall be admitted into a navy hospital, such pension, during stone be paid to the commissioners are sion, shall be recommissioners are sion, shall be admitted into a navy hospital, such pension, during to the commissioners of the navy hospitals, and deducted from the account of such pensioner. [Approved, February 26, 1811.]

1811. oners, &c. and

CHAP. 304. [XCIV.] An act for the relief of Peter Audrain.

[* Private and obsolete.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and nouse of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That 700 dolls, allowed there be allowed to Peter Audrain the sum of seven hundred drain, being a dollars, being a balance due, as a compensation for two years' services as clerk to the board of land commissioners at Detroit, vices as clerk to the board of land commissioners at Detroit, the first of July, one thousand eight hundred and seven, to the board of land commissioners at Detroit, where the same be paid to him out of any money in the treasury, not paid out of the treasury, and the treasury, and the treasury, second of the treasury and the treasury, second of the treasury, second of the treasury and the treasury and the treasury and the treasury, second of the treasury and t SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representaotherwise appropriated. [Approved, February 26, 1811.]

where distressed

CHAP. 305. [XCV.] An act in addition to the act, entitled "An act supple[† See orig. act;
mentary to the act concerning consuls and vice consuls," and for the furof Feb. 38, 1803;
chap. 333, vol. 3.]
In all cases

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, reign ports in all cases where distressed mariners and seamen of the United where there was no consul, &c. of the United States have been transported from foreign ports where there was the United States have been transported from foreign ports where there was the United States to the no consul, vice consul, commercial agent, or vice commercial United States, agent, of the United States, to ports of the United States; and in the master or owner of the all cases where they shall hereafter be so transported, there shall be viget transported allowed to the master or owner of each vessel in which they shall allowed such reasonable compensation, in tional compensation to the allowance now fixed by law, ‡ as shall be deemed equitation as may be deemed equitation to the allowance now fixed by law, ‡ as shall be deemed equitation as may be deemed equitation. equitable by the comptroller of the treasury. [Approved, February 28, 1811.] [t See sec. 4. chap. 382, vol.3.]

ble by the comp-troller, &c.

[6 Repeal d, by CHAP. 306. [XCVI.] An act supplementary to the act, entitled "An act con- 1814; chap. 644. cerning the commercial intercourse between the United States and Great post. Second Section May 1. Britain and France, and their dependencies, and for other purposes."

Britain and France, and their dependencies, and for other purposes." [810; ante, chap. 264.]

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That parted from a British port prior to the 3d States, which shall have departed from a British port prior to the 3d of Feb. 1811, and the second day of February, one thousand eight hundred and eleven, and no merchandise owned wholly by a citizen or citizens of the United States, imported in such vessel, shall be liasor, &c. of sare, &c. on account of any infraction or prefaction, &c. of the provisions of the act || to which this act the set referred is a supplement. is a supplement.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That in case Great Britain 364.]

all no reveals on modify her edicts, as that they shall case to Incase Great shall so revoke or modify her edicts, as that they shall cease to Britain so reviolate the neutral commerce of the United States, the president wokes or modiof the United States shall declare the fact by proclamation; and that they cent to violate the neutral com-

1810; ante, chap.

1811.

mation has been mation has been issued, the provisions of the 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th. 9th, 10th, and 18th sections of the act mentioned, to b immediately carried ipto effect against Great Britain, &c.

ascertained whether Great Britain, on or before the 2d Reb. 1811, re-vokes or modi-fies her edicts, to be restored,

sion of the pro-per court, &c.
The bond to be considered as satisfied, if

Great Britain shall have revo-ked or modified, Proviso; no thing herein to affeat vessels, &c. owned by

citizens, which citizens, which had cleared out for the Cape of Good Hope prior to 16th Nov.

such proclamation shall be admitted as evidence, and no other Patrice of the evidence shall be admitted, of such revocation or modification, the president to in any suit or prosecution which may be instituted under the declare the fact fourth section of the act to which this act is a supplement fourth section of the act* to which this act is a supplement. by proclama fourth section of the act to which this act is a supplementation, which pro- And the restrictions imposed, or which may be imposed by virtumation is to be the only evitue of the said act, shall, from the date of such proclamation,

dence of such revocation for cease and be discontinued. in any suit, for Sec. Sect. 3. And be it further enacted, That, until the proclamation of the third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth, tenth, and eighteenth, sections of the act, entitled "An act to interdict the commercial intercourse between the United States and Great Britain and France, and their dependencies, and for other purposes,"† shall have full force, and be immediately carried into effect against Great Britain, her colonies and dependencies: Provided, however, That any vessel or merchandise which may, in Britain, &c.

If Ante, ch. 198.]

Provisor vessels pursuance thereof, be seized, prior to the fact being ascertained, or merchandisc whether Great Britain shall, on or before the second day of Fester of the fact being bruary, one thousand eight hundred and eleven, have revoked or the fact being bruary. modified her edicts in the manner abovementioned, shall, nevertheless, be restored, on application of the parties, on their giving bond, with approved sureties, to the United States, in a sum equal to the value thereof, to abide the decision of the proper on upplication court of the United States thereon; and any such bond shall be of the parties, and their giving considered as satisfied, if Great Britain shall, on or before the bond, &c. to second day of February, one thousand eight hundred and eleven, court of the United States thereon; and any such bond shall be have revoked or modified her edicts in the manner abovementioned: Provided also, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to affect any ships or vessels, or the cargoes of ships or vessels, wholly owned by a citizen or citizens of the United States, which had cleared out for the Cape of Good Hope, or for any port beyond the same, prior to the tenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and ten.

[Approved, March 2, 1811.]

CHAP. 307. [XCVII.] An act for establishing trading houses with the Indian tribes.

The president may establish trading houses, on either or both sides of the Mississippi, &c. for carrying on a hiberal trade with the Indian nations, &c.

The president authorized to appoint a super-intend at of In-

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That it shall be lawful for the president of the United States to establish trading houses, at such posts and places on the frontiers, or in the Indian country, on either or both sides of the Mississippi river, as he shall judge most convenient, for the purpose of carrying on a liberal trade with the several Indian nations within the United States or their territories.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the president of the United States shall be authorized to appoint a superintendent of intend at of Indian trade, whose duty it shall be to purchase and take charge and take charge and take charge of all goods intended for trade with the Indian nations aforesaid of all goods, see and to transmit the same to such places as he shall be directed

by the president; and he shall take an oath or affirmation, faithfully to execute the trust committed to him: and that he will not, The superintenderectly or indirectly, be concerned or interested in any trade, and, &c. commerce, or barter, restricted by this law, and except on the public account; and he shall also give bond, in the penal sum of And give bond, twenty thousand dollars, with sufficient security, to be approved honesty to account for all money, goods, and other property to honestly to account for all money, goods, and other property whatever, which shall come into his hands, or for which, in good faith, he ought so to account, and to perform all the duties required of him by this act; and he shall render to the secretary The superintent of the treasury a quarter yearly account of all his receipts and to the secretary expenditures of cash, purchases, and transmittals, of goods, for a quarter yearly the Indian trade, to be settled and adjusted by the accounting account of receipts and expenditures for the secretary and the indian trade, to be settled and adjusted by the accounting account of receipts and expenditures for the secretary the superintent of the treasury a quarter yearly account of all his receipts and to render to r officer of the treasury, as other public accounts.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the superintendent The superintendent of Indian trade shall receive an annual salary of two thousand dent of Indian trade to receive dollars, payable quarter yearly, at the treasury of the United an annual salary of \$2,000 dolls.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the president of the The president United States shall be authorized to appoint an agent, (and, when authorized to appoint an agent, (and, when appoint an agent, and appoint an agent, and appoint an agent are appoint an agent agent. he shall 'deem it proper, an assistant agent,) for each trading agent, Soc. for house establishment, established under the provisions of this act; house establishment agent and assistant agent shall give bond, with agent, Soc. to sufficient security, in such sum as the president shall direct, truly security, honestand honestly to account for all the money, goods, and other pro- all money and property whatever, which shall come into his hands, and for which sould. perty whatever, which shall come into his hands, and for which goods. he ought so to account; and to perform all the duties required of him by this act; and shall take an oath or affirmation, faith- mach agent, &c. fully to execute the trust committed to him, and that he will not, &c. directly or indirectly, be concerned or interested in any trade, commerce, or barter, but on the public account.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty receive from the superintendent of each of the said agents to receive, from the superintendent of and disnose of and disnose of and disnose of an enacted. of each of the said agents to receive, from the superintendent or and dispose of in Indian trade, and dispose of in trade with the Indian nations. aforesaid, such goods as may be transmitted to him by the super-such goods as intendent, to be received and disposed of as aforesaid, according mitted to him, to the rules and orders which the president of the United States &c. Each agent to shall prescribe; and he shall render an account, quarter yearly, to render an account, quarter the superintendent of Indian trade, of all money, goods, and superintendent, see and transmit tender to him, see and transmit duplicates to the duplicates to the superintendent, see which shall come into his hands or for which in good faith or which shall come into his hands, or for which, in good faith, secretary of the he ought to account; and he shall transmit duplicates of his ac
The superintendent of Linited States. counts to the secretary of the treasury of the United States.

counts to the secretary of the treasury of the United States.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That the superintendent by concernd, &c. in carrying of Indian trade, the agents, or their clerks, or other persons employed by them, shall not be, directly or indirectly, concerned or so bought for, interested in carrying on trade or commerce in any of the goods for, interested in carrying on trade or commerce in any of the goods for, or received from, the Indians, or shall be owner, in whole or in part, of any sea vessel, and any or shall take or supply to his or their use any gain or emolument gain not allowed, &c. for transfor negotiating or transacting any business in the Indian departfor negotiating or transacting any business in the Indian depart-acting business,

payable quarter yearly, &c.

1811. be concerned, &ce. in carrying on trade or commerce, on any other than the public account.

exceeding 1,000 dolls, will be re-moved from of-fice, and rendered incapable, Proviso; if any other than a public prosecutor gives information of the any Indian, in Proviso; no suit to be comresides. Superintendents, &c. and their deputies,

presents, to be purchased and

eransmitted, &cc.

ment, other than what shall be allowed by law; and that the said Agents, &c. not agents, assistant agents, or any persons employed by them, shall not be, directly or indirectly, concerned or interested in carrying on the business of trade or commerce, on their own or any other than the public account, or take or apply, to his or their use, any emolument or gain for negotiating any such business, during their at the superintendentor agents provided by this act, or excepting for and on account of the Uniform against the aforesaid prohibitions, they forfelt not the prohibitions aforesaid, he shall be deemed quilter of the prohibitions aforesaid, he shall be deemed quilter of the prohibitions aforesaid, he shall be deemed quilter of the prohibitions aforesaid, he shall be deemed quilter of the prohibitions aforesaid, he shall be deemed quilter of the prohibitions aforesaid, he shall be deemed quilter of the prohibitions aforesaid, he shall be deemed quilter of the prohibitions aforesaid, he shall be deemed quilter of the prohibitions aforesaid, he shall be deemed quilter of the prohibitions aforesaid the prohibitions afor meanor, and shall, upon conviction thereof, forfeit to the United States a sum not exceeding one thousand dollars, and shall be removed from such office, agency, or employment, and forever thereafter be incapable of holding any office under the United States: Provided, That if any person, other than a public prosecutor, shall give information of any such offence, upon which a offence, &c. one- prosecution and conviction shall be had, one-half of the aforesaid half of the pen-alty to be for the penalty, when recovered, shall be for the use of the person giv-use of the infor-use of the infor-use of the inforing such information: And provided also, That if such misdemer. Ing such information: And provided also, That it such insections if the meanor be committed by the superintendent of Indian trade, or insections in the superintendent of Indian trade, or insections in the superintendent of Indian trade, or insections in the superintendent of Indian trade, or insection in the superintendent committed by the by any agent or assistant agent, it shall be deemed a breach of or by any agent, the condition of his bond, and the penalty thereof may be recodeemedabreach vered in any court having competent jurisdiction of the same of the condition SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That the prices of goods

or ms bond, see. See I. Ana oe it juriner enacted, I nat the prices of goods for by paid supplied to, and to be paid for by, the Indians, shall be regulated to by Indians, in such manner, that the capital stock furnished by the United

so that the capi-tal stock shall not be diminished.

Sect. 8. And be it further SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That if any agent or If any agent, see agents, their clerks, or other person employed by them, shall receive from purchase or receive from any Indian in the way of trade or barpurchase or receive from any Indian, in the way of trade or barthe way of trade, ter, any gun, or other article commonly used in hunting, any in-tic any gun, &c. arrive article commonly used in hunting, any in-or instrument of strument of husbandry, or cooking utensil, of the kind usually or instrument of husbandry, or cooking utensil, of the kind usually husbandry, sec. obtained by Indians in their intercourse with white people, or clothing, except furs, he any article of clothing, excepting skins or furs, he or they shall, will furfeit 100 dolls, to be recovered by action of debt, see. offence, to be recovered, by action of debt, in the name and to of debt, see. the use of the United States, in any court having jurisdiction in menced except like cases: Provided, That no suit shall be commenced, except in in the state. &c. of action has arise or territory within which the cause of action shall have sen, or in which arisen, or in which the defendant may reside; and it shall be the the defendant duty of the superintendent of T. where the eause the state or territory within which the cause of action shall have duty of the superintendent of Indian trade, or of the superintendents of Indian affairs, and their deputies, respectively, to whom information of every such offence shall be given, to colupon intorma-tion, sec. to col- lect the requisite evidence, if attainable, to prosecute the offender lect evidence to prosecute offende without delay.

SECT. 9. And be it further enacted, That the goods requisite ties to Indian for annuities to the Indian nations, within the United States and traties, and for the territories thereof, and for treaties with them, and for presents to be made them at the seat of government, or elsewhere, shall, henceforward, be purchased and transmitted to the proper by the superin-tendent of Indian trade, upon orders from the department of war, &c. posts and places, by the superintendent of Indian trade, upon orders from the department of war, and the accounts therefor

shall be rendered to the war department.

SECT. 10. And be it further enacted, That during the contimuance of this act, the annual sum of two thousand dollars, for s,000 dolls. anthe payment of the salary of the superintendent of Indian trade, sized for the payment of the annual sum of two thousand five hundred dollars, for the perintendent; payment of the clerks in his office (including the sum of eight and 3,500 dolls. In hundred dollars, allowed for an additional clerk, by the act passed of clerks in his office, including. on the twenty-sixth day of February, one thousand eight hundred &... and ten,*) are hereby appropriated, to be paid out of any money [* See ante, ch. in the treasury of the United States, not otherwise appropriated. ***38.]

SECT. 11. And be it further enacted, That during the conti- The president nuance of this act, the president of the United States be, and he draw annually is hereby, authorized to draw, annually, from the treasury of the 14.750 dolls. to United States, a sum not exceeding fourteen thousand seven hun-be applied to the payment of dred and fifty dollars, to be applied, under his direction, to the agents, clerks, payment of the agents, assistant agents, and clerks, at the trading houses; which agents shall be allowed to draw, out of the public Each agent to draw two rations, two rations each, and each clerk one ration, per day, the tions, and each which rations, or such payments as may be made in lieu thereof, day, for to be by the order of the president, shall be charged to the trading trading fund. fund; and the president shall cause an annual report to be made The president to cause an annual report to be made to control to cause an annual report to be made to control to the sum so authorized has been made to control to the sum annual report to be made to control to the sum so authorized has been annual report to be made to control to the sum so authorized has been annual report to the sum so authorized has been annual report to the sum so authorized has been annual report to the sum so authorized has been annual report to the sum so authorized has been annual report to the sum so authorized has been annual report to the sum so authorized has been annual report to the sum so authorized has been annual drawn, and in what manner the same has been applied.

SECT. 12. And be it further enacted, That the sum of two second ollis. hundred and sixty thousand dollars, appropriated by the tenth 40,000 dolls, apsection of the act, entitled "An act for establishing trading propriated by the acts menton-houses with the Indian tribes,"† approved twenty-first April, ed. to remain a fund for earry one thousand eight hundred and four,‡ and the sum of forty ing ontrade, &c. with the Indian tribes, appropriated by the act, entitled "An act sup-mitthe Indian mations. plemental to the act, entitled "An act for establishing trading [† Ante, ch. 48.] houses with the Indian tribes," approved third March, one [806.] thousand eight hundred and nine, shall be, and remain, a fund for the purpose of carrying on trade and intercourse with the Indian nations, in the manner provided by this act, exclusive of the salary of the superintendent of Indian trade, and of the allowances to agents, assistant agents, and clerks.

SECT. 13. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty The superintendent of Indian of said superintendent of Indian trade, under the direction of the trade, &c. to president of the United States, and upon such terms and condi-and petry, &c.
tions as he shall prescribe, to cause the furs and petry, and other acquired in trade articles, acquired in trade with the Indian nations, to be sold at public public auction, in different parts of the United States, or other-form that a public auction, in different parts of the United States, or other-ferent parts of the disposed of, as may be deemed most advantageous to the busined states, &c. United States.

SECT. 14. And be it further enacted, That if the president of the president should deem it expedient to establish, under the authority of deems kexpedients to establish, under the authority of ent, under this should deem it expedient to establish, under the authority of ent, under this this act, trading houses, in addition to the number now in ope-act, to establish ration, for the purposes of carrying on a trade with the Indian ing house, &c. the expenses tribes within the United States or their territories, the expenses can trading house so established, shall not exceed the fol-excet trading house so established, shall not exceed the fol-excet trading house in addition to the appropriations already specified, in addition, &c. lowing sums of money, in addition to the appropriations already dition, &c. made by this act, viz: For the principal agent, an annual sum, not exceeding one thousand dollars; for an assistant agent, if ne-

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cessary, an annual sum, not exceeding five hundred dollars; who drawn by the president out of any moneys in the treasury, att otherwise appropriated. SECT. 15. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the

The acts men tioned, concern-ing trading houses with the Indian tribes,

rate persons who have not

first day of April next, an act, entitled " An act for cutablishin trading houses with the Indian tribes,"* approved on the twenty repeased. [* Ante, ch. es.] first of April, one thousand eight hundred and six, and an action entitled "An act supplemental to the act, entitled 'An act for [†Aste,ch.201.] establishing trading houses with the Indian tribes,"† approved as It It ought to be the fourth; day of March, one thousand eight hundred and misc, Proviso; nothing shall be, and the same are hereby, repealed: Provided, That he herein to exone thing herein contained shall be construed to exonerate any perwho have not performed their son who shall not have performed the duty, or who shall have duties, or have violated any of the prohibitions, contained in the said acts, from contained in the suits or prosecutions; but as to all bonds, contracts, debts, decontained in the acts repealed, but as to bonds, but as to bonds, but as to bonds, but as to bonds, but as to bonds acts the repealed have arisen, or have incurred, or which shall be made, arise, or acts to have force

and effect, see. be incurred, previous to the first day of April next, the said acts

Provise; the su-perintendent of been passed: Provided, likewise, That the superintendent of Indian trade, the agents, assistant agents, and our personned dian trade, the agents, assistant agents, and our personned dian trade, the agents, assistant agents, and our personned their several continue to hold their several continue to the co offices, appointments, and trusts, until otherwise removed, any thing herein contained, that might be construed to the contrary, Bonds, &c. for notwithstanding; and also the bonds which they, or either of cution of duties them, have given, or may give, for the faithful execution of their and offices, to continue to have several duties and offices, shall continue to have the same force and effect, to all intents and purposes, as though this act had

shall have the same force and effect as though this act had not

force, &c.

not been passed. and one is jurther enacted. That this act shall be in and after the first day of April next, for the term of the committee of ntinued on three years, and from thence to the end of the session of contil the 4th of March, 1817, by gress next thereafter, and no longer.

[Approved, March 2, 1811.]

1815; chap. 780, post.]

CHAP. 308. [XCVIII.] An act to establish the districts of Mumphreymagog, of Oswegatchie, and of the White Mountains.

The district of Mumphreyma-gog established.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, from and after the first day of April next, all that part of the state of Vermont, lying east of lake Mumphreymagog, and including also all such shores and waters of the said lake, as lie within the said state, shall constitute a district, to be called the district of Mumphreymagog; of which Derby shall be the sole port of entry; and a collector for the said district shall be appointed, to reside at the said port of entry.

Derby the sole port of entry; a collector, &ce. The district of Oswi gatchie es-

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the first day of April next, all the shores and waters of the river St. Lawrence, which lie in the state of New York, east of the western boundary of the county of St. Lawrence, and west of the western

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boundary of the collection district of Champlain, shall constitute a district. Whe called the district of Oswegatchie; of which Og- odenburgh the denburgh shall be the sole port of entry; and a collector for the try; acollector, said district shall be appointed, to reside at Ogdenburgh. And the president of the United States is authorized to establish The president authorized to establish The president authorized to establish The president authorized to establish aport of authorized to reside at such port of dedivery, &cc.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That all that part of the The district of White Mounstate of New Hampshire which lies adjacent to the northern minusestablished. boundary of the United States, and north of forty-four degrees thirty minutes north latitude, shall, from and after the first day of April next, constitute a district, to be called the district of "White Mountains;" the president of the United States is au- The president thorized to establish a place in the said district to be the port of tablish a po entry; and a collector shall be appointed, to reside at the said entry for the district of White place.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the president of the The president authorized to alter the place ter the point of which had heretofore been designated to be the port of entry for the district of Vermont, the district of Vermont, and to establish another place to be such and to establish another place, port of entry.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the After the 1st first day of April next, the collectors of the districts established collectors, &c. by this act, and the collectors of the districts of Vermont, Chambar and Sacket's Harbor, and Oswego, shall each receive, in addition, &c. addition to the fees and commissions allowed by law, an annual salary here to the collectors of the three last mentioned districts about from and often the said fort day of April he distingued. tricts, shall, from and after the said first day of April, be distinued.

The surveyor continued; and the surveyor to be appointed for the district of for Oswegatchie of the district of the receive 150 Oswegatchie shall receive, in addition to the fees allowed by dollar ayear, in addition. Sec. law, a salary of one hundred and fifty dollars a year.* [Approved, March 2, 1811.] 129, vol. 3.]

CHAP. 309. [XCIX.] An act authorizing a loan of money, for a sum not exceeding five millions of dollars.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, empow- The president ered to borrow, on the credit of the United States, a sum not exceeding five millions of dollars, at a rate of interest, payable quarter yearly, not exceeding six per centum per annum, and reimpleasure of the burseable at the pleasure of the United States, or at such periods as United States, or, &c.

may be stimulated by contract, not exceeding six years from the may be stipulated by contract, not exceeding six years from the first day of January next; to be applied, in addition to the moneys applied, &c. to now in the treasury, or which may be received therein from defray any of the authorized other sources during the present year, to defray any of the public public expenses which are or may be authorized by law. The stock booktransthereby created shall be transferable in the same manner as is ferable, &c.

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1811. provided by law for the transfer of the funded debt.* And it is further hereby declared. These is all the second of the funded debt.* [*See ch. 61, further hereby declared, That it shall be deemed a good executive of the said power to borrow, for the secretary of the treatment of the power to borrow sury, with the approbation of the president of the United States, for the secretary to cause to be constituted certificates of stock, signed by the restriction of the treatment of constituted, &c. sum to be borrowed, or for any part thereof, bearing an interest and to easie them to be borrowed, or for any part thereof, bearing an interest to be sold at auc of six per cent. per annum, transferable and reimburseable as sion. &c. aforesaid; and to cause the said certificates of stock to be sold at auction, after having given thirty days public notice of the time and place of such sale: Provided, That no such stock be Proviso; the

stock not to be sold under par. sold under par.

So much of the of dolls, such

annual appropriation of eight millions of payment of the payment of the principal and interest of the public principal and appropriated for the payment of the interest. Bic debt, &c. pledged for the payment of the interest, pledged for the payment of interest and principal, of the stock, which terest and principal and for the reimbursement of the principal, of the stock, which clipal of the stock may be created by virtue of this act. It shall, accordingly, be treated by virthe duty of the commissioners of the sinking fund to cause to be The commission applied and paid, out of the said fund, yearly and every year, fund to cause to such sum and sums as may be annually wanted to discharge the benaid out of the such sum and sums as may be annually wanted to discharge the fund of 8,000,000 interest accruing on the said stock, and to reimburse the principal such sums as may be pal, as the same shall become due, and may be discharged, in charge the inte- conformity with the terms of the loan; and they are further auburse the princi. thorized to apply, from time to time, such sum or sums, out of pal, &c. the said fund, as they may think proper, towards redeeming, by purchase, and at a price not above par, the principal of the said The faith of the United States United States pledged to establish sufficient revenues for making up bish sufficient any deficiency that may be present the sufficient any deficiency that may be present the sufficient any deficiency that may be present the sufficiency that may be present the sufficient that the sufficiency that may be present the sufficient that the sufficient any deficiency that may hereafter take place in the funds hereby appropriated for paying the said interest and principal sums, or funds hereby ap- any of them, in manner aforesaid. [Approved, March 2, 1811.]

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That so much of the

revenues for making up any deficiency in the

CHAP. 310. [C.] An act to annex a part of the state of New Jersey to the collection district of New York; to remove the office of collector of Niagara to Lewistown; to make Cape St. Vincent, in the district of Sacket's Harbor, a port of delivery; and out of the districts of Miami and Mississippi to make two new districts, to be called the districts of Sandusky and Teche; and for other purposes.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That That part of all that part of the state of New Jersey which lies north and east ing north and east of Elizabeth town and Staten Island, be, and the same is hereby, of Elizabeth. all that part of the state of New Jersey which lies north and east annexed to the district of New York;† that an assistant collector, town, &c. an-nexed to the disto be appointed and commissioned by the president of the United trict of New States, shall reside at the town of Jersey, who shall have power [†See sec. 5, ch. 1:8, vol. 3.] 1:8, vol. 3.] to enter and clear vessels in like manner as the collector of New An assistant collector of New lector, &c. to reside at the town shall, nevertheless, act in conformity to such instructions and the such assistant regulations are by shall for the such assistant collector of Jersey, &c. The anistant regulations as he shall, from time to time, receive from the collector of New York; and that the said assistant collector shall receive, for his annual salary, one thousand dollars, in full for inconfermity to instructions, &c. all services to be by him performed, and in lieu of commissions from the collections. and fees.

d fees.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That all that part of the The district of Miami district,* lying east of the western cape of Sandusky bay, ed out of the shall be a district, to be called the district of Sandusky; and the president is hereby authorized to designate such place in the district of Sandusky, as he shall judge expedient, to be the port of designate the entry of the said district; and a collector for the said district of the district of shall be appointed, to reside at the port of entry. shall be appointed, to reside at the port of entry.

shall be appointed, to reside at the port of entry.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That Cape Vincent, in Cape Vincent, &c. after the 31st the district of Sacket's Harbor, shall, from and after the thirty—May, 1811, tobe first day of May next, be a port of delivery only; and a surveyor only; a surveyor, &c.

shall be appointed, to reside at the said port.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the collector's office May, 1811, the shall, after the thirty-first day of May next, be removed from collector's office to be removed from Niagara† to Lewistown, which last mentioned place shall, grant to Lewisto to Lewistown. in future, be the residence of the collector; and also, that the ofiown, &c.
fice of the collector of the customs, for the district of Buffalo ch. 183, vol. 3,
creek, shall be kept at such place or places, in the town of Buffalo
to, as the president of the United States shall designate.

Sector 5. And be it further exceed. That ships or vessels the tropped Buffalo
to be kept
at such place in

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That ships or vessels, the town of Bultarriving, from and after the first day of May next, from the Cape dent designates. Yes a striving of Good Hope, or from any place beyond the same, shall be adarriving the mitted to make entry at Plymouth and Nantucket, ports of entry lill, from the Cape of Good in the state of Massachusetts.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Plymouth, &c. at [13cc sec. 18, first day of May next, Bangor, in the district of Penobscot, § in the state of Massachusetts, be, and the same is hereby made, a May, 1811, Bangor, of delivery, to be annexed to the district of Penobscot; and port of delivery, that a surveyor be appointed, to reside at the said port of delivery. [5] Sect. 7. And be it further enacted, That all that part of the The district of The di

collection district of Mississippi, which includes the waters of Teche formed on of the district the river Teche, and all the shores, bays, and rivers, west of the Atchafalaya, be, and the same is hereby, established as a new &c. district, to be called the district of Teche; that Nova Iberia be Nova Iberia to be the port of the port of entry for the same; and that a collector be appointed, a collector, &c. to reside at the port of entry.

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That a surveyor be ap- A surveyor to be pointed to reside at or near the mouth of the Rappahannock river, side at or near at such place as the president of the United States shall designate. The mouth of the Sect. 9. And be it further enacted, That the several collectors The collectors

and surveyors, who may be appointed by virtue of this act, and and surveyors whose salaries are not fixed by a preceding section, shall, in advirtue of this dition to the fees and commissions authorized by law, receive, ecive the same respectively, the same annual salary which, by law, is allowed to the to the collectors and surveyors of the districts bordering on lake collectors, &z. Erie. [Approved, March 2, 1811.]

bordering on lake Eric. [| See act of 3d March, 1799; ch 129, vol. 3

CHAP. 311. [CL] An act to extend the time for completing the third counts. or enumeration of the inhabitants of the United States.* Obsolute. See

et of 12th April, 3610; ante, chap. 248. The assistants states, &c. for which returns completed, al-June, 1811, to

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the assistants in the several states and territories, for which rewhich returns of the third cen-turns have not been completed, have until the first Monday of sushave not been June next, to make their returns to the marshals and secretaries; lawed until the first Monday of and that the marshals and secretaries have until the first Monday of July next, to make and file their returns in the office of the make their resecretary of state, any law to the contrary notwithstanding.

[Approved, March 2, 1811.]

[† Private and obsolete.]

sau, some

French . migrants from Cu-ba, with their

at Charleston,

&c. released,

mun, &c.

CHAP. 312. [CII.] An act for the relief of John Macnamara.;

The schooner Sally, owned by John Macnamara, which vessel, John Macnamara at Nassau, New Providence, took on board some Foundations on board, at Nass grants from the Island. Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representagrants from the Island of Cuba, with their domestic slaves, and landed them at Charleston, which said vessel was seized, together with her cargo, and libelled for a violation of an act, entitled domestic slaves, and landed them "An act to prohibit the importation of slaves into any port or place of the United States, from and after the first day of Januke. [Ante, ch. 77.] ary, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eight," t be, and the same is hereby, released, together with her cargo, from the seizure aforesaid.

Penalties, &c. incurred by the of the vess L in consequence of eonsequence of any provisions of the act referred to, &c. inuring to the United States, the p naities, &cc. r-mitted, but on condition,

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That all penalties or forcaptainor wner feitures, which may have been incurred by the captain or owner of said vessel, in consequence of any provisions of the act referred to, in the first section, which have inured, or might otherwise inure, to the United States, be, and the same are hereby, remitted: Provided, That the said vessel and shall not be released, remitted.

[§ Se ante, chap. 77.]

or the said penalties and forfeitures remitted, but on condition proviso; the vest that the said slaves be previously, actually, and bona fide, resel, &c. not to herelessed, nor moved, (if not already removed) from and without the limits of the United States and territories thereof.

[Approved, March 2, 1811.]

[[Expired. See the coust. art. 1, sec. 10, cl. 2, page 65, vol. 1.]

GHAP. 313. [CIII.] An act declaring the consent of congress to an act of the state of Georgia, passed the twelfth of December, one thousand eight hundred and four, "establishing the fees of the harbor master and health offcer of the ports of Savannah and St. Mary's.'

The consent of bor master, &c. of the ports of Savannah and St. Mary's.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representaed to the operatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the consent of congress be, and hereby is, granted and declared of Georgia, &c. to the operation of an act of the legislature of Georgia, passed fee of the har the twelfth of December, one thousand side of the legislature of Georgia, passed the twelfth of December, one thousand eight hundred and four, establishing the fees of the harbor master and health officer of the ports of Savannah and St. Mary's.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That this act shall be in force for one year, and no longer.* [Approved, March 2, 1811.] This act to be in

force until the 2d March, 1812, ["Revived, and continued to the 3d March, 1815,

CHAP. 314. [CIV.] An act to erect a lighthouse on Boon island, in the state by act of 3d of Massachusetts, to place buoys off Cape Fear river, and to erect a beacon Marks 1813; chap, 518, post.] at New Inlet, in the state of North Carolina, and to place buoys at the entrance of the harber of Edgartown, and to erect a column of stone on Cape Elizabeth, and to complete the beacons and buoys at the entrance of Beverly harbor, in the state of Massachusetts.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The secretary of the secretary of the treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized, on the treasury be, being satisfied that Boon Island, in the district of Maine, in the house to be built being satisfied that Boon Island, in the district of Maine, in the mouse of Boon Island, state of Massachusetts, is a fit and eligible site for a lighthouse, &c. Province if the and that one ought to be erected thereon, to cause a lighthouse legislature of to be built on the said island: Provided, That the legislature of wests the proper-Massachusetts shall vest the property of the said island in the tyof the island.

United States, and cede the jurisdiction of the same.† [†See page 667, Sect. 2. And be it further enacted, That the secretary of the treasury of treasury be, and he is hereby, directed to cause buoys to be rected to cause placed at or near the Main Bar, and New Inlet Bar, off Cape buoys to be placed at or near the Fear; and also, to cause to be erected a beacon on a point of land Main Bar, &c.

near New Inlet, in the state of North Carolina.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the secretary of the The secretary of the treasury treasury be, and he is hereby, directed to cause such buoys as directed to cause he shall deem necessary, to be placed at the entrance of the har-burys to be placed at the end at the ed at the ed at the country burys to be placed at the edge at the edge. bor of Edgartown, in the state of Massachusetts.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty town, &c. The screening of of the secretary of the treasury to cause to be erected a column the treasury to cause to be erected a column the treasury to fause to be erected a column of stone, as a beacon, on Cape Elizabeth, in the state of Massa-ed a column of

chusetts, of such form and dimensions as he shall deem necessary. stone, as a beautiful poses herein mentioned; to wit: For the erection of a lighthouse this act, &c. on Boon Island, three thousand dollars; for placing buoys on the places mentioned off Cape Fear river, two thousand dollars; for placing buoys at the entrance of the harbor of Edgartown, two thousand dollars; for erecting a beacon, one thousand eight hundred dollars; and for erecting a column on Cape Elizabeth, one thousand eight hundred dollars; and for completing the beacons Afurther sum of and buoys ordered to be placed near the entrance of Beverly completing the harbor, in the state of Massachusetts, the further sum of three beacons and buoys near the hundred and fifty dollars. [Approved, March 2, 1811.]

bor of Edgar-

erly barbor, &c.

CHAP. 315. [CV.] An act to extend the right of suffrage in the Indiana territory, and for other purposes.‡

[‡See act of 4th March, 1814; chap. 607, post.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That each and every free white male person, who shall have attained make of 21 years,

1811. who has paid a county or terri-torial tax, resi-ded one year in the territory, &ce, and at the time of election a resident, enti-

gress, &c.

the age of twenty-one years, and who shall have paid a county or territorial tax, and who shall have resided one year in said territory, previous to any general election, and be, at the time of any such election, a resident of said territory, shall be entitled to vote for members of the legislative council and house of representatives of the territorial legislature, and for a delegate to the members of the congress of the United States for said territory.

Sect. 2. And se it juriller elucica, a line collections of Indiana territory, entitled to vote for representatives to the general assembly thereof, may, on the third Monday of April next, and general assembly, see, permitted to elections on the third Monday of April biennially thereafter, (unless the ted to elections delegate to consider the congress of the United SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the citizens of the elect one delegate for said territory to the congress of the United States, who shall possess the same powers heretofore granted by law to the same.

refuses to perrequired by the action of debt,

Every sherist of SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That each and every shether territory, who negkets or riff, that now is, or hereafter may be, appointed in said territory, who shall either neglect or refuse to perform the duties required by an act, entitled "An act extending the right of suffrage in the liable to a penal- Indiana territory, and for other purposes,"* passed in February, 1961.000 dolls. one thousand eight hundred and nine, shall be liable to a penalty of one thousand dollars, recoverable by action of debt, in any [*Ante,ch. 190.] court of record within the said territory, one-half for the use of the informer, and the other for the use of the territory. SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That any person holding,

Persons holding legislative council, &c.

offices of profit from the gover-from the gover-nor of Indiana, justices, &c., ex. nor of the Indiana territory (justices of the peace and militia epited, disquali-officers excepted) shall be ineligible to, and disqualified to act as members of the a member of, the legislative council or house of representatives for said territory.

Every sheriff, in each county of

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That each and every sheeach county of the territory, to riff, in each and every county, that now is, or hereafter may be, established in said territory, shall cause to be held the election by this act to be prescribed by this act, according to the time and manner prescribed, according to the time and manner prescribed, according to the time and this act, under the penanner prescribed, &c. ander the penalty of the penalty of the time and this act, and for the use, pointed out by the third section of this act.

[Approved, March 3, 1811.]

| † Private.]

Upon Richard Tervin's produof Pearl river, evidence of his having inhabit-ed and cultivated a tract of land, &c. prior to the 30th March, 1798, a waren, 1798, a
Jonation orrifi-cate for not ex-ceeding 640
acres is to be
granted to him.

CHAP. 316. [CVI.] An act for the relief of Richard Tervin, William Coleman, Edwin Lewis, Samuel Mims, and Joseph Wilson, of the Mississippi territory.†

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representacing to the register of the land tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That Richard Tervin be, and he is hereby, authorized to produce to the register of the land office, and the receiver of public moneys, for the district east of Pearl river, in the Mississippi territory, evidence of his having inhabited and cultivated a tract of land in said territory, prior to the thirtieth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight; and in case such evidence shall be produced, the said register and receiver are required to grant to the said Richard Tervin a donation certificate for such 1811.

tract of land, not exceeding six hundred and forty acres.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That William Coleman Upon William be, and he is hereby, authorized to produce to the said register design to the rebe, and he is hereby, authorized to produce to the said register decing to the read receiver evidence of his right to a donation of a tract of land, offee, &c. cast on the Tombigbee river, in said territory; and in case he shall produce satisfactory evidence to the said register and receiver, with the was entitled to a donation of such tract, according to the land onthe Tomprovisions of the second section of the act, entitled "An act responding to the gulating the grants of land, and providing for the disposal of the lands of the United States, south of the state of Tennessee," and the acts supplementary thereto, it shall then be lawful for the said be allowed to be allowed to locate a quantity of land equal to that to which he was entitled under the abovementioned provisions, on of the United States, which shall have been offered at sing unsold, public sale, in the said district, and that shall then remain unsold; The register, and it shall be the duty of the said register and receiver to issue the resister. and it shall be the duty of the said register and receiver to issue the register, a donation certificate to the said William Coleman, for the land cate to William coleman, &c. so located by him.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That Edwin Lewis be Edwin Lewis entitled to the right of pre-emption in five acres of land, situate right of pre-emption in five acres of land, situate right of pre-emption in five acres which five acres were heretofore used for an encampment for the daries of a tract troops of the United States, so soon as the same shall cease to be wherean he resides, heretofore used for that purpose; the said five acres to be paid for at the used for an encampment, as same price, on the same terms and conditions are accomplement, as same price, on the same terms and conditions, as are provided soon as it shall for lands granted by right of pre-emption in the Mississippi ter
for that purpose; the same terms and conditions, as are provided soon as it shall for lands granted by right of pre-emption in the Mississippi ter
for that purpose; ritory.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That Samuel Mims be, confirmed in his and he is hereby, confirmed in his title to a tract of land, containing five hundred and eighty-four acres, granted by the British ing 584 acres, government of West Florida to William Clark, so as not to de-British government of west Florida to William Clark, so as not to de-British government of west Florida, or any other person or persons, of when of West Florida, kee to their legal remedy, if any they have, for the recovery of said as not to deprive and from said Mims, his heirs or assigns.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That Joseph Wilson be, remedy, kee and he is hereby, authorized to enter, with the register of the authorized to him enter, with the coffice his certificate of pre-emption right, granted to him enter, with the

land office, his certificate of pre-emption right, granted to him enter, with the by the board of commissioners for the district east of Pearl river, land office, his note. Mississippi territory for the quantity of four hundred and certificate of n the Mississippi territory, for the quantity of four hundred and pre-emption right, &c. for eighty acres of land, lying on the Tombigbee river, in said tersighty acres of land, lying on the Tombigbee river, and that payment be made therefor, at the same price, and bee river, &c. on the same terms and conditions, as are provided by law for ther lands granted in right of pre-emption in said territory. [Approved, March 3, 1811.]

[†See chap. 340, vol. 3, passim.]

HAP. 317. [CVII.] An act to increase the salaries of the judges of the circuit court for the district of Columbia.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- 200 dolls, per ann. additional ives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That,

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so the cases for judges of the circuit court for the district of Columbia, the time della per son. of two hundred dellars now are the columbia to the columbia to the columbia the columbia to in addition to the compensation heretofore allowed by law to the to each of the said court, and the sum of four hundred dollars per antimore of the circuit court for the discourt for the dis trict of Colum-bia; the first quarterly payment to be made on the first day of April ment to be made next. [Approved, March 3, 1811.]

> CHAP. 318. [CVIII.] An act making appropriations for carrying into effect a treaty between the United States and the Great and Little Osage maious of Indians, concluded at fort Clarke, on the tenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eight, and for other purposes.

Appropriation of 5,000 della. annuity of 1,000

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, and a permanent for the purpose of carrying into effect a treaty between the United States and the Great and Little Osage nations of Indians, Great Osage, and of soo dolls, concluded and signed at fort Clarke, on the Missouri, on the tenth and or so cools to the Little of day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eight, the Indians, conformably to the treaty of fore priated; and the further annual sum of one thousand dollars to Charle, See. Printed, the Great Osage nation, and of five hundred dollars to the Little page 439, vol. 1.] Osage nation, to be paid annually to the said nations; which annuities shall be permanent.

pristed for pay one of six hun-ing John Eugene dred and eighty dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated the sum allowed for paying John Eugene Leitensdorfer the sum allowed him by thim by the act the act passed on the thirteenth day of February, one thousand [† see ante, ch. eight hundred and eleven. †

289.]
The sums appropriated to be paid out of unappropriated money in the

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the several sums appropriated by this act, shall be paid out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated. [Approved, March 3, 1811.]

CHAP. 319. [CIX.] An act concerning invalid pensioners.

the list of inva-lid pensioners,

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-The secretary of tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That was directed to place the persons named on following a page of the secretary of war be, and he is hereby, directed to place the sons named on following a page of the secretary of war be, and he is hereby, directed to place the following named persons, whose names have been transmitted to congress, pursuant to the act of the tenth of April, eighteen hur-[telepante, chaps dred and six, ton the pension list of invalid pensioners of the United States, according to the rates, and to commence at the times, hereinafter mentioned; that is to say:

n the pension list, &c.

Names of persons, &c. who are to be placed cents per month, to commence on the fifth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and ten.

> Samuel Mears, jung. at the rate of two dollars and fifty cent per month, to commence on the tenth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and ten.

> Ebenezer Brown, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the third day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eleven.

Elisha Capron, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the first day of January, one thousand Names of person, Soc. who such thundred and ten.

William Woodruff, at the rate of five dollars per month, to list, &c. commence on the twenty-fourth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and ten.

Levi Tuttle, at the rate of one dollar and twenty-five cents per month, to commence on the seventh day of January, one thou-

sand eight hundred and eleven.

Nathaniel Austin, at the rate of three dollars and seventy-five cents per month, to commence on the tenth day of April, one

thousand eight hundred and ten.

Isaac Vincent, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-second day of March, one thousand eight hundred and ten.

John Griggs, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the seventh day of April, one thousand

eight hundred and ten.

Patrick Hart, at the rate of three dollars per month, to commence on the thirtieth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and ten.

William Burke, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the tenth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

John Long, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the seventeenth day of April, one thousand eight

hundred and ten.

Vincent Tapp, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the sixth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and ten.

James Batson, at the rate of three dollars per month, to commence on the thirteenth day of February, one thousand eight

hundred and eleven.

John Brown, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the first day of December, one thousand eight hundred and ten.

James Campin, at the rate of thirteen dollars thirty-three and one-third cents per month, to commence on the twenty-fifth day

of March, one thousand eight hundred and nine.

Samuel Wells, at the rate of three dollars and seventy-five cents per month, to commence on the twenty-second day of July, me thousand eight hundred and seven.

Daniel M'Elduff, at the rate of thirteen dollars and thirty-three ents per month, to commence on the twenty-first day of July,

me thousand eight hundred and eleven.

Edward Miller, at the rate of five dollars per month, to comnence on the third day of May, one thousand eight hundred and ine.

Daniel Fielding, at the rate of three dollars and thirty-three ents per month, to commence on the nineteenth of September,

me thousand eight hundred and nine. Vol. 4.

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Bect. 2. And be it further enacted, That the persons of the penson of following persons, already placed on the pension list of the the ted States, whose claims for an increase of pension mave transmitted to congress, pursuant to the act aforesaid, " be a Ann, ch. as | creased to the sums herein respectively annexed to their mil the said increase to commence at the times hereinafeer increased that is to say:

John Lincoln, three dollars per month, to commende on t fifteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and this.

Dan Culver, five dollars per month, to commence on the that

day of June, one thousand eight hundred and ten. Joseph Whittemore, ten dollars per month, to commente di the twelfth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and this

Peter Hemmenway, five dollars per month, to commence to the eighth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and ten.

Benjamin Mastic, five dollars per month, to commence on the eleventh day of May, one thousand eight hundred and nine.

Elisha Rice, five dollars per month, to commence on the thirty-first day of March, one thousand eight hundred and ten.

William Bailey, two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the third day of July, one thousand eight hundred and

Jared Knapp, five dollars per month, to commence on the nineteenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and ten-

Bolomon Reynolds, five dollars per month, to commence on the sixteenth day of January, one thousand tight hundred and eleven.

Bamuel Loomis, three dollars and seventy-five cents per month. to commence on the seventh day of February, one thousand eight hundred and eleven.

Eleazer Hudson, three dollars and seventy-five cents per month, to confinence on the fifteenth day of February, one thou-

sand eight hundred and eleven.

Job Bartram, fifteen dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-fifth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and nine.

George Shell, five dollars per month, to commence on the timeteenth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and ten.

Isaac Richards, two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the fourteenth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and ten.

James Patton, thirteen dollars and thirty-three cents per month, to commence on the sixth day of March, one thousand eight hun-

Robert Coddington, five dollars per month, to commence on the sixth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and ten.

Isaac Cotheall, five dollars per month, to commence on the sixth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and ten.

Seybert Odam, five dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-seventh day of October, one thousand eight hundred and ten.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That John Calhoun be placed on the said pension list, at the rate of fifteen dollars per John Calhoun month, to commence on the sixth day of February, one thousand Blackburn to be eight hundred and ten; and that Benjamin Blackburn be placed placed on the pension list, at the rate of five dollars per month, from the mentioned. first day of April, one thousand eight hundred and ten.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That there be paid, out 53 dolls. and 75 of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to pension, &c. to Abram Gamble, of the state of Maryland, who was placed on the Abram Gamble. pension list from the eighteenth day of January, one thousand &c. eight hundred and nine, the sum of fifty-three dollars and seventy-five cents, for arrears of pension from the twenty-fifth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eight, when he first completed his testimony under an irregular commission, to the said eighteenth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and nine, being ten months and twenty-three days.

CMAP. 320. [CX.] An act making further appropriations to complete the fortalications commenced for the security of the ports and harbors of the United States."

[Approved, March 3, 1811.]

[* Obsolete.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representalives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, 131,046 tolk m for the purpose of completing the fortifications commenced for said for completing the fortifications commenced for said for completing the security of the ports, towns, and harbors, of the United States, cataga commenced for the security of the security dollars and thirty cents, to be paid out of any moneys in the trea- &c. sury, not otherwise appropriated. [Approved, March 3, 1811.]

CHAP. 321. [CXI.] An act for allowing a reasonable compensation to the persons who have taken an account of the several manufacturing establishnexts and manufactures within the United States.†

[† Obsolete.]

BECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-the secretary of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the secretary of the treasury be, and he hereby is, authorized to be compensation for the hereby is a support of the treasury be. llow such reasonable compensation as he shall deem adequate, vices of the perior the services of each of those persons who took, under his direction, in pursuance of an act, entitled "An act further to alter manufacturic establishment amend An act providing for the third census or enumeraion of the inhabitants of the United States,"‡ an account of the Province moth everal manufacturing establishments and manufactures within herein to authorize the secretary heir several districts: Provided, however, That nothing herein ry to expend, contained shall authorize the secretary of the treasury to expend, our the fundamental forms. of the fund already appropriated for taking the enumeration taking the of the inhabitants of the United States, a sum exceeding thirty habitants, a sur bousand dollars. [Approved, March 3, 1811.]

1811. [See orig. act, of 39th March, 1906; ante, ch. 19. See, also, ch. 725, post.]

CHAP. 322. [CXII.] An act in addition to the "Act to regulate the laying out and making a road from Cumberland, in the state of Maryland, to the state of Ohio."

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-

tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, 50,000 dolls. ad- in addition to the pnexpended balance of the sum heretofore apditional appro-printed for laying out and making a road from Cumberland, ingtheroadfrom in the state of Marvland, to the state of Ohio, the sum of fifty ing the road from in the state of Maryland, to the state of Ohio, the sum of fifty Ohio between thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, to be Cumberland and thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, to be Brownsville, &c. paid out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, and to be expended under the direction of the president of the United States, in making said road between Cumberland, in the state of Maryland, and Brownsville, in the state of Peansyl-The so,000 dollar vania, commencing at Cumberland; which sum of fifty thousand to be replaced out of the fund reserved for laying out out of the fund reserved for laying out out of the land dollars shall be replaced out of the holo, by virtue of the seventh ing roads to the section of an act, passed on the thirtieth day of April, one thousand of the seventh ingreate of Onle, be section of an act, passed on the thirtieth day of April, one thousand of Onle, and other thousand of On sand eight hundred and two, entitled "An act to enable the people of the eastern division of the territory northwest of the river Ohio to form a constitution and state government, and for the admission of such state into the union, on an equal footing with [+ch.500,vol.5.] the original states, and for other purposes."

The president authorized to permit deviathe act laying out, &c. a road from Cumber-Brownsville.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized and empowered to permit such deviations from the courses run and established by the commissioners, under the authority of " An act to regufrom Cumber. late the laying out and making a road from Cumberland, in the land to Ohio, &c. late of Maryland, to the state of Ohio," as, in his opinion, shall Provisor no de-viation from the be deemed expedient: Provided, That no deviations shall be made principal points from the principal points established on said road between Cumbetween Cumberland and Brownsville. [Approved, March 3, 1811.]

> CHAP. 323. [CXIII.] An act providing for the final adjustment of claims to lands, and for the sale of the public lands, in the territories of Orleans and Louisiana, and to repeal the act passed for the same purpose, and approved February sixteenth, one thousand eight hundred and eleven

[§ See act of 25th April, 1812; chap. 390, post.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That 'Allowances and the following allowances and compensations shall be made to the Allowances and the following as a pointed for the purpose of ascertaining the ricers appointed for spectaining the rights of persons claiming lands in the territories of Orleans and the rights of persons claiming the sons claiming lands in the refor all their services, including those rendered since their serleans and Louisi- ries, respectively, ceased; that is to say: To each of the commisana, as specified; sioners, and to each of the clerks of the boards, fifty cents for each claim, duly filed according to law, which remained undecided on the first day of July, one thousand eight hundred and nine, and on which a decision has been made subsequent to that day, or shall hereafter be made, whether such decision be in tavor of, or against, the claim: which allowance of fifty cents shall

he paid at the treasury of the United States, from time to time, and on receipt of the transcripts of the decisions and of the reports of claims not finally confirmed, as the same may be transmitted by the boards, respectively, to the secretary of the treasury, according to law. To each of the said commissioners and To each commissioner and clerks, a further allowance of five hundred dollars, to be paid elerks after the completion of the business of each of the boards, re- soo dolls. &c. spectively, to the officers then in office. And to each of the At the rate of translators, at the rate of six hundred dollars a year, and not to each of the exceed, in the whole, for each, the term of eighteen months: translators, &c. Provided always, That the abovementioned allowance of fifty Proviso; the alcounts for each claim decided upon, shall not be made to any of cents, ice. not to be made to any the commissioners who may be absent at the time of such deciof the commissioners. sion; the attendance of each to be certified by the clerk, or by a be absent, &ce. majority of the board: And provided also, That no allowance Provision on a shall be made to any agent heretofore employed by the secretary agent employed of the treasury, for any period of time subsequent to the time of the treasury when such agent ceased to act, or when the board ceased to requent, &c. ceive evidence.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the two principal Thetwo principal deputy surveyors of the territory of Orleans shall, and they are veryors of the territory of Orleans hereby authorized, in surveying and dividing such of the public authorized, in surveying territory of the public authorized. lands in the said territory, which are or may be authorized to be the rabic lands, surveying, &c. to surveyed and divided, as are adjacent to any river, lake, creek, adjacent to bayou, or water course, to vary the mode heretofore prescribed vary the mode heretofore prescribed by law, so far as relates to the contents of the tracts, and to the scribed, so far as relates to the contents of the tracts. far as practicable, of fifty-eight poles in front, and four hundred traces, and to lay out the same into tracts, as content of the traces, and to far as practicable, of fifty-eight poles in front, and four hundred by such and sixty-five poles in depth, of such shape, and bounded by such be lines, as the nature of the country will render practicable, and values, to most convenient: Provided, however, That such deviations from the ordinary mode of surveying shall be made with the approbation given by tion of, and in conformity with, the general instructions which the surveyor of the public lands south of the state of Tennessee. angles and boundary lines, and to lay out the same into tracts, as contents of the south of the state of Tennessee.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That, for the disposal of be established: the lands of the United States lying in the eastern land district of the territory of Orleans, a land office shall be established at New Orleans; and that, for the disposal of the lands of the Uni- At New Orleans. ted States, lying south of Red river, in the western land district of the territory of Orleans, a land office shall be established at Opelousas; and that, for the disposal of the lands of the United At Opelousas. States lying north of Red river, in the western land district of posalof lands of ling north of Red river, in the western land district of posalof lands of ling north of Red the territory of Orleans, a land office shall be established, which river, a land office, &c. shall be kept at such place as the president of the United States may direct. The register of the western land district of the the western land district of the territory of Orleans shall act as register of the land office of Opelousas, and as one of the commissioners for ascertaining the rights of persons claiming lands in any part of the said western land office of Opelousas, &c., A register of the land district. And, for the land office north of the Red river, A register to be a register, and, for each of the said three offices, a receiver of appointed for the land office north. public moneys, shall be appointed, who shall give security in the of Hed river,

territory of Or-

same manner, in the same sums, and whose compens and a reselver, emoluments, duties, and authority, shall, in every respect, he see for each of the three offices; same, in relation to the lands which shall be disposed of at the togive security, offices, as are or may be provided by law, in relation to the Sc. as province, onlines, as at receivers of public moneys in the several effices on the territory of blished for the disposal of the lands of the United states in a Maistappi.

(*Section. 300, territory of Mississippi. *

ed in the prosi-dent, for n no in the president of the United States, by the eleventh sensi-lation to hands lying in the west of the act, entitled "An act supplementary to an act, entitled consistent of the Consistency of the act, entitled "An act supplementary to an act, entitled" SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the powers waste unistifies An act for ascertaining and adjusting the titles and claims tement to the land within the territory of Orleans, and the district of Lo public lands by ana," passed on the twenty-first day of April, one thous eight hundred and six, in relation to the public lands lying in the [TAnte, ch. 39.] western district of the territory of Orleans, and all the that visions made by the same section, for the sale of said lands, as for obtaining patents for the same, shall be, and the same a hereby, in every respect, extended to the public leads lying in the eastern district of the territory of Orleans.

Every person

for cultivation this section to

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That every person and who, by virtue of a French or Spanish grant, recognized by a Spanish grant, recognized by a Spanish grant, but a few of the Third States on a lain confirmed by se laws of the United States, or under a claim confirmed by recognises, see laws of the United States, or many a process of accertaining to consimed by the commissioners appointed for the purpose of accertaining to commissioners, rights of persons claiming lands in the territory of Orleans, owns of land border a tract of land bordering on any river, creek, beyon, or water ingonany river, and not exceeding in the said territory, and not exceeding in depth forms. cceding so arpens in depth, to arpens, French measure, shall be entitled to a preference in heto entitled to a be entitled to a preference in the purchaser of any vacant tract of land adjacent to coming the purchaser of any vacant tract of land adjacent to coming the purchaser of any vacant tract, not exceeding forty arpens, Remain chaser of any vacant tract adjacent, and back of, his own tract, not exceeding forty arpens, Remain cent, &c. to his macasture, in depth, nor in quantity of land that which is contained. own, notexceed ed in his own tract, at the same price, and on the same torms and conditions, as are or may be provided by law for the other The principal public lands in the said territory. And the principal departy our eyes assured assured surveyor of each district, respectively, shall be, and he is heretracuclaimed by by, authorized, under the superintendence of the surveyor of the virtue of the section to be set. spublic lands south of the state of Tennessee, to cause to be surveyed; and veyed the tracts claimed by virtue of this section; and in the river, lake, creek, bayon, son of bends in cases where, by reason or bends in the tract, and of adjacent claims cannot obtain a tract equal in of a similar nature, each claimant rannot obtain a tract equal in trac quantity the new quantity to the adjacent tract already owned by him, to divide the reason the vaccent land applicable to that which between the accuse land, see, be-ewenthe slain. the vacant land applicable to that object between the several claiments, in such manner as to him may appear most equitable Provise; the right of pre-emption granted by right of pre-emption granted by right of pre-emption, sc. not to this section, sc. not to include lands at include lands at fit for cultivation, bordering on another river, creek, beyou, bordering on motion and the course. And every person entired to the benefit of the to the benefit of section shall, within three years after the date of this act, deliver this section to deliver, for, to the register of the proper same pince, a market of land he wishes to the register of ing the situation and extent of the tract of land he wishes to office, a notice purchase, and shall also make the payment and payments for the in writing, starting the situation same, at the time and times which are, or may be, prescribed by to the register of the proper land office, a notice in writings, star

lety for the disposal of the other public lands in the said territoty; the time of his delivering the notice aforesaid being considered as the date of the purchase. And if any such person shall make the fail to deliver each notice within the said period of three years, If notice or thanks such payment or payments at the time abovement indices or to make such payment or payment on the payment, his right of pre-emption shall cease and become void; and the painted, his right of pre-emption shall cease and become void; and the same of the control of the contr the land may thereafter be purchased by any other person in the same manuer, and on the same terms, as are or may be provided the lab by law for the sale of other public hads in the said terrisory.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That the land offices the land established by virtue of the third section of this act, shall be established by these acc. of the opened on the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred act, to be opened on the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred act, to be opened on the 1st Jan.

and swelve, for the sale of all the public lands, with the exception of section No. sixteen, of the salt springs, and land contilands, except guous thereto, and of the tracts reserved for the support of semi-springs, &c. and naries of learning, as hereinafter provided, which shall have been for the support of seminates of previously surveyed, and the surveys thereof returned, according of seminates of learning. &c. previsibly surveyed, and the surveys thereof returned, according seminaries to law, to the registers of the land offices, respectively; and on which have been the first day of February, one thousand eight hundred and twelve, veryed, &c. for the sale of such of the public lands which, from the nature of the late late to the country, cannot be surveyed in the ordinary way, and are labels such law and late the country, cannot be surveyed in the ordinary way, and are labels such law and late the country. embraced by the provisions of the second section of this act, as as cannot be a shall have, at least eix weeks previous to the said first day of diany ay, as the said first day of diany ay, as head by the February, one thousand eight hundred and twelve, been advertised for sale by the surveyor of the public lands south of the sale of the state of Tennessee, with the approbation of the president of the been advertise. state of Tennessee, with the approbation of the president of the been advantable.

United States.* The public sales for the land, subdivided into post.] quarter sections in the ordinary way, shall be held for one calenthe public sales, acc. so be calenthat mouth, under the superintendence of the register and receiver held for one calenheld for one calenheld for one calenof each land office, respectively, and of either the surveyor of intentions of public lands south of Termessee, or of his principal deputy sure the register. veyor in the district, who shall, each, receive six dollars for each server, see. No tract to land shall be sold sold for a loss price than the standard public sales for a less price than that which is, or may price than the standard public takes for a less price than the land in t be, prescribed by law for the sale of public lands in the Missis-similar merrio sippi verritory. And, from and after the first day of February, Mer the one thousand eight hundred and twelve, any tract which has been tract of tr thus offered for sale at public sale, and remains unsold, as well sublicable, and remaining an remaining and sale, and trace to the second sublicable and trace shows that the second sublicable and trace shows that the second sublicable and trace shows the second sublicable and the se section of this act, the sale of which is authorized by this section, may be disposed of at private sale, by the register of the act, may be land office, for the same price which is, or may be, prescribed by private sale, by the register of the act, may be disposed of at private sale. It is a may be disposed of at private sale. It is a may be disposed of at private sale. It is a may be disposed of at private sale. It is a may be disposed of at private sale. It is a may be disposed of this view of this section, to be disposed of this section. the lands sold by virtue of this section, shall, in every other resold, as every other resold, as the same terms of payment, and conditions, in other report, on the same manner, and under the same regulations, as are, or may be, prescribed by law for the sale of public lands in the Mississippi territory: Provided, however, That in case of an application territory. [† See et. 340, being made, at the same time, for the purchase, at private sale, or of the same trace of land, by two or more persons, one of whom more persons. of the same tract of land, by two or more persons, one of whom more persons applying tor the same tract of land at the time same tract, pr did actually inhabit and cultivate such tract of land at the time same tract proof passing this act, and still continues to inhabit and cultivate given to the per-

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1811. eon inhabiting, Provise; until congress decide, no tract to be offered for sale, the claim to which has been daily presented to the register, &c. and filed, &c. nor any tract located for major gene ral La Fayette,

In addition to cated south of Red river, an-other township for the use of a seminary of learning to be

The surveyor

president diof the Ohio.
[* See chap. 809, vol. 3.] A land office to be established for the disposal of the lands of the United States in the territory of Louisiana, &c. A register and receiver, &cc. to be appointed, who are to give the compensa-tions, and per-form the duties, &c. as provided in relation to

Ol:io. [† See chap. 209, vol. 3.] The president may direct so lic land in the territory of Louislana, as shall have been surveyed, &cc. All the lands surthe highest

bidder, &c.

the same at the time of such application, the preference shall be given to the person thus inhabiting and cultivating such tract of land. And provided also, That till after the final decision of congress thereon, no tract of land shall be offered for sale, the claim to which has been, in due time, and according to law, presented to the register of the land office, and filed in his office, for the purpose of being investigated by the commissioners appointed for the purpose of ascertaining the rights of persons claiming lands in the territory of Orleans; or which shall have been located by or for major general La Fayette, according to law.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That, in addition to the the township re-township already reserved for that purpose, by law, in the west-served, to be loern district of the territory of Orleans, and which shall be located south of Red river, another entire township shall be located by the secretary of the treasury north of Red river, for the use of a seminary of learning, and also an entire township in the ter-Red river, and one in the territory of Louisiana, for the support of a seminary of learning tory of Louisians, for the support of a seminary of learning ans, &c.

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That the surveyor genegeneral to cause ral shall cause such of the public lands in the territory of Louisic lands in the siana, as the president of the United States shall direct, to be surterritory of Louisiana as the veyed and divided, in the same manner, and under the same regulations and limitation as to expenses, as is provided by law veyed and divided in relation to the lands of the United States northwest of the in relation to the lands of the worth of Kentucky river.* regulations and limitation as to expenses, as is provided by law in relation to lands northwest river Ohio, and above the mouth of Kentucky river.*

SECT. 9. And be it further enacted, That, for the disposal of the lands of the United States lying in the territory of Louisiana, a land office shall be established, which shall be kept at such place as the president of the United States may direct; and a register and receiver of public moneys shall be appointed for said office, who shall give security in the same manner, in the same sams, and whose compensations, emoluments, duties, and authority, shall, in every respect, be the same, in relation to the lands which scenity, receive shall be disposed of at their office, as are or may be provided for by law in relation to the register and receiver of public moneys in the several offices established for the disposal of the lands of the United States northwest of the river Ohio, and above the registers, &c. morthwest of the mouth of Kentucky river.

Sect. 10. And be it further enacted, That the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized, whenever he shall may direct so much of the public lands lying in the territory of Louisiana, as shall have been surveyed in conformity with the eighth section of this act, to be offered for sale. such lands shall, with the exception of the section "number sixteen," which shall be reserved in each township for the support of schools within the same, with the exception also of a tract cpt No. 16, and reserved for the support of a seminary of learning, as provided for the support for by the seventh section of this act, and with the exception learning, &c. to also of the salt springs and lead mines, and lands contiguous thereto, which, by the direction of the president of the United States, may be reserved for the future disposal of the said states, shall be offered for sale to the highest bidder, under the direc-

tion of the register of the land office, and the receiver of public moneys, and of the principal deputy surveyor, and on such day The sales to remain open three or days as shall, by public proclamation of the president of the weeks, &c.

United States, be designated for that purpose. The sales shall sold for not less remain open for three weeks, and no longer. The lands shall be fixed by law for sold for a price not less than that which has been, or may be, the public lands northwest of the river Ohio, only and in every other rever other rever other revery other reand above the mouth of Kentucky river. And shall, in every eyest, to be sold wher respect, be sold in tracts of the same size, on the same same size, son the same size of the same size, son the same size of the same size, son the same size of size of size son the same size of size son the same size, son the same size of size son the same size, son the same size, son the same size of size son the same size, son the same size, son the same size of size son the same size of size son the same size, son the same size of size son the same size of size son the same size, son the same size of the same size, son the same size of size of the same size of the said public sales shall, each, receive six dollars for each ecive, each, of dolls. for every day's attendance on the said sales. All the lands which have day's attendance been thus offered for sale, at public sale, remaining unsold at the Lands offered at closing of the public sales, may be disposed of at private sale, by remaining unsold at the public sales, may be disposed of at private sale, by remaining unsold of the public sales, may be prescribed by law for the sale of public lands in the state private sale, for the sale of public lands in the state private sale, for the sale of public lands in the state private sale, for the sale of public for sale, the claim to be which has been, no tract of land shall be offered for sale, the claim to the sales of the sale of the claim to the sales of the sale of the sale of the sales the recorder of land titles in the district of Louisiana, and the claim to which has been filed in his office, for the purpose of being investigated by the duty presented to the recorder, commissioners appointed for ascertaining the rights of persons and filed, for the purpose of the rights of persons and filed, for the recorder, the rights of persons and filed, for the rights of persons are rights of persons and filed, for the rights of persons and filed, for the rights of persons are rights of persons and filed, for the rights of persons are rights of persons and filed, for the rights of persons are rights of persons and filed, for the rights of persons are rights of persons are rights of persons and filed, for the rights of persons are rights of laiming lands in the territory of Louisiana. And patents shall ratents for land the obtained for all lands sold in the territory of Louisiana, in na, obtained in the same manner, and on the same terms, as is or may be proint on the same manner as for that sold in orded by law for land sold in the state of Ohio.

[1] See ch. 209,

SECT. 11. And be it further enacted, That the claim of the cor- The claim of the poration of the city of New Orleans, to the common adjacent New Orleans to hereto, and within six hundred yards from the fortifications of the common adjacent, see to he same, as confirmed by the act, entitled "An act respecting although the reliaims to lands in the territories of Orleans and Louisiana," all linguishment to hall be deemed valid, although the relinquishment of the said you doo yards corporation to any claim beyond the said distance of six hundred till after the expiration of the period of six months prescribed by the act last mentioned. nonths prescribed by the act last mentioned.

SECT. 12. And be it further enacted, That all the navigable all navigable rivers, &c. in invers and waters in the territories of Orleans and Louisiana shall the territories of Orleans and Orleans a

De, and forever remain, public highways.

SECT. 13. And be it further enacted, That a sum, not exceed-public highng forty thousand dollars, be, and the same is hereby, appro-ways.

Priated, for the purpose of carrying this act into effect, which opposed for sum shall be paid out of unappropriated moneys in the treasury.

SECT. 14. And be it further enacted, 'That the act, entitled the set into effect.

'An act providing for the final adjustment of claims to lands, ing for the final adjustment of the sale of the public lands in the territories of Orleans can be considered.

The set providing this into the sale of the public lands in the territories of Orleans can be considered.

and Louisiana," approved February the sixteenth, eighteen to tries of Orleans and Louisiana, of 16th Feb. and the same is hereby, repealed.

[Approved, Murch 3, 1811.] [Approved, 1811.] [Approved, 1811.] [Approved, 1811.]

ACTS OF THE TWELFTH CONGRESS

OF

THE UNITED STATES:

PASSED AT THE FIRST SESSION, WHICH WAS BEGUN AND HELD AT THE CITY OF WASHINGTON, IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, 05 MONDAY, THE 4TH OF NOVEMBER, 1811, AND ENDED ON THE 6TH OF JULY, 1812.

James Madison, President. George Clinton, Vice President, and President of the Senate. Wm. H. Crawford, President of the Senate, pro tempore, from the 26th of March. H. Clay, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

[Obsolete.]

- CHAP. 324. [I.] An act to authorize the transportation of certain documents free of postage."

Nov. 1811, and

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That Members of con the members of congress, the secretary of the senate, and the clerk tary of the serior of the house of representatives, be, and they are hereby, respectively. the house, and tively, authorized to transmit, free of postage, the several mesthorized to transmit, freed post-mit, freed post-age, the message days of November, in the year one thousand eight hundred and of the president of the president of the sth and 7th Nov. 1811, and eleven, and the documents accompanying the same, printed by the documents, order of the senate and by order of the house of representatives; to any post office within the United States, and territories thereof, to which they may direct, any law to the contrary notwithstanding. [Approved, November 18, 1811.]

chap. \$35, post.]

[† See act of 3d Rarch, 1813; CHAP. 325. [II.] An act to alter the time of holding one of the terms of the district court in the district of Maine.†

After the 28th 1811, the

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, from and after the passing of this act, the district court of the district court of Maine whehold United States for the district of Maine, shall be holden at Wisen at Wiscanet casset, within said district, on the second Tuesday of September, Twenday of sep annually, instead of the first Tuesday of said month, any thing, tember, annual in any former act to the contrave natural lateral in any former act. in any former act, to the contrary notwithstanding.

[Approved, November 28, 1811.]

CHAP. 326. [III.] An act making a further appropriation for the support of a library.

1,000 dolls, year-

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representaly, torfive years, appropriated for tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, purchasing books in addition to the balance of the former appropriations made to congress, in ad-gitton, &c. purchase books for the use of congress, there shall be appropri-

ated the sum of one thousand dollars, yearly, for the term of five years; to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not other- The money to be wise appropriated, and expended under the direction of a joint reasury, &c. committee, to consist of three members of the senate and three under the direction of nembers of the house of representatives, to be appointed every the of a join session of congress, during the continuance of this appropriation. [Approved, December 6, 1811.]

CHAP. 327. [IV.] An act extending the time for opening the several land offices established in the territory of Orleans.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That so much of the sixth section of an act, entitled "An act provides of the continuous of the final adjustment of claims to lands, and for the sale mentioned, as of the public lands in the territories of Orleans and Louisiana, ral land offices and to repeal the act passed for the same purpose, and approved of Orleans to be February sixteenth, one thousand eight hundred and eleven," copened on the last Jans and in the territory of Orleans to be a directs that the several land offices established in the territory Feb. 1818, repealed.

Orleans shall be opposed on the first day of January and on Panis, ch. 383.] of Orleans shall be opened on the first day of January, and on [Ante, ch. 888.] the first day of February, one thousand eight hundred and twelve, be, and the same is hereby, repealed.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the said land offices The land office referred to, to be shall, respectively, be opened on such day or days as the president opened on such of the United States shall, by proclamation, designate for that den may design purpose; and the public land shall, in every other respect, be of- mation, &c. fered for sale at the said offices in the same manner as is directed by the aforesaid act. [Approved, December 12, 1811.]

CHAP. 328. [V.] An act for the relief of Abraham Whipple, late a captain in the navy of the United States.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the secretary of the navy be, and hereby is, directed to place the navy directupon the navy list of invalid pensioners of the United States, duplace Abraham Whipple, late a captain in the navy of the United the navy list of States, who has been so disabled in the line of his duty, while ers; and he is to in service, that he is unable to support himself by labor; and monthly pay of a captain in the navy, to commence from the first day of January, are thousand eight hundred and the agreeably to the provisions. one thousand eight hundred and ten, agreeably to the provisions contained in "An act for the better government of the navy of the United States." [Approved, December 12, 1811.]

[‡Ch-187, vol-3.]

CHAP. 329. [VI.] An act allowing further time for completing the payments on certain lands, held by right of pre-emption, in the Mississippi territory.§

[§See ante, sec. 8, chap. 102.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That

1811 nechasers of solite lands by right of pro-Mississippi tertil 1st Jan. 1813, to complete the

all the purchasers of public lands, by right of pre-emptions in the Mississippi territory, who have made payment of their first instalment of the purchase money, be allowed until the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, to complete ritory, who have paid their the payments on their lands, respectively, any law to the contrary first instalment, notwithstanding. [Approved, December 12, 1811.]

CHAP. 330. [VII.] An act for the relief of Josiah H. Webb.

ans, while carrying the mail from Athens to New Orleans, allowed sodolls. annually, for life, &c.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That Josiah H. Webb, Josiah H. Webb, who was wounded in the Creek nation of Inwho was wound dians, while employed in carrying the mail of the United States at the Creek dians, while employed in carrying the mail of the United States are not not indicated by the control of the co from Athens, in Georgia, to New Orleans, be, and he is hereby, allowed the sum of fifty dollars, payable, annually, out of the treasury of the United States, to commence on the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and nine, and continue during his natural life. [Approved, December 12, 1811.]

> CHAP. 331. [VIII.] An act to authorize the surveying and marking of certain roads in the state of Ohio, as contemplated by the treaty of Brownstown, in the territory of Michigan.

The president authorized to appoint three commissioners, to explore, survey, and mark, the most eligible course for the road described,

The commissioners to make **out** accurate transmit the

3 dolls, to each commissioner, and 1 doll. 50 cts. to each as-sistent, for every day necessarily employed in ex-ploring, &c. ploring, &c. 6,000 dolls, ap-propriated for compensating

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the president of the United States be, and hereby is, authorized to appoint three commissioners, who shall explore, survey, and mark, by the most eligible course, a road from the foot of the rapids of the river Miami of Lake Erie, to the western line of the Connecticut Reserve, and a road to run southwardly, from [*See the treaty, page 308, vol. I.] Lower Sandusky, to the boundary line established by the treaty The road mentioned to be 60 feet in width. The said commissioners shall make out accurate plats of such surveys, accompanied with field notes, and certify and transmit the same to the president of the United States, who, if he approves of said surveys, shall cause the plats thereof to be deposited in same to the pre- of said surveys, shall cause the place the said roads sident, who, we the office of the treasury of the United States; and the said roads shall be considered as established and accepted, pursuant to the [†Seethetreaty, treaty held at Brownstown, in the territory of Michigan, on the twenty-fifth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

The roads to be opened and be it further enacted, That the aforesaid roads at the president shall be opened and made under the direction of the president of the shall direct. the United States, in such manner as he shall direct.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the said commissioners shall, each, be entitled to receive three dollars, and, their necessary assistants one dollar and fifty cents, for each and every day which they shall be necessarily employed in the exploring, surveying, and marking, said roads; and for the purpose of compensating the aforesaid commissioners and their assistants, and for opening and making said roads, there shall be, and hereby is, appropriated the sum of six thousand dollars, to be paid out of the communication of the comm my moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, December 12, 1811.] making the

CHAP. 332. [IX.] An act for the apportionment of representatives among the several states, according to the third enumeration.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, from and after the third day of March, one thousand eight hun-After the addred and thirteen, the house of representatives shall be composed house of representatives. of members elected agreeably to a ratio of one representative for component every thirty-five thousand persons in each state, computed according to the rule prescribed by the constitution of the United ratio of States;* that is to say: Within the state of New Hampshire, six; every 35,000 within the state of Massachusetts, twenty; within the state of Versus in estate, as specific the state of Rhode Island, two; within the state of See the su of Connecticut, seven; within the state of New York, twenty-art. 1, sec. 2, e seven; within the state of New Jersey, six; within the state of 1.] Pennsylvania, twenty-three; within the state of Delaware, two; within the state of Maryland, nine; within the state of Virginia, twenty-three; within the state of North Carolina, thirteen; within the state of South Carolina, nine; within the state of Georgia, six; within the state of Kentucky, ten; within the state of Ohio, six; within the state of Tennessee, six.

[Approved, December 21, 1811.]

CHAP. 333. [X.] An act for completing the existing military establishment.† [† See the act the end of

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the military establishment, as now authorized by law, be immediately completed.

diately completed.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That there be allowed and able bodied man paid to each effective, able bodied man, recruited or re-enlisted enlisted, &c. The payment of for that service, for the term of five years, unless sooner discharbalt the bounty ged, the sum of sixteen dollars; but the payment of one-half of the said bounty shall be deferred, until he shall be mustered and shoncommissioned officer or soldier shall be discharged from the service, who shall have obtained from the commanding officer of this company, battalion, or regiment, a certificate that he had faithalt performed his duty whilst in service, he shall, moreover, be fully performed his duty whilst in service, he shall, moreover, be that they had faithfully performed and paid, in addition to the aforesaid bounty, three formed duty, the allowed and paid, in addition to the aforesaid bounty, three formed duty, the said and the latter and representatives of those noncommissioned officers or addition, and soldiers, who may be killed in action, or die in the service of the they are killed, or die in the service when the service when the service of the they are killed, or die in the service when the service when the service of the they are killed, or die in the service when the sound the service when the sound the service when the service when the service when the sound the service when paid to each effective, able bodied man, recruited or re-enlisted enlisted, &ce Tipited States, shall, likewise, be paid and allowed the said addithey are killed.

or die in the sertional bounty of three months' pay, and one hundred and sixty the lare to go to
their heirs. &c.
acres of land, to be designated, surveyed, and laid off, at the to be designated.

the public ex-pense, &co. (* See act of 6th May, 1018; chap. 400, post.)

1811-12. public expense, in such manner, and upon such terms and conditions, as may be provided by law.*

[Approved, December 24; 1811.]

[†Expired.]

The president authorized, in

CHAP, 334. [XI.] An act authorizing the president of the United States to raise certain companies of rangers, for the protection of the frontier of the United States.+

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the president of the United States, whenever he shall have satisfactory evidence of the actual or threatened invasion of any state, threatened inva or territory of the United States, by any Indian tribe or tribes, be, and he is hereby, authorized to raise, either by the acceptor serritory by any Indian tribe, &c. to raise, &c. not exceeding ance of volunteers or enlistment for one year, unless sooner discharged, as many companies as he may deem necessary, not exsix companies, six companies, six companies, section the ceeding six, t who shall serve on foot, or be mounted, as the service en, &c. in his opinion may require, shall not be under the service, in such manner, and be under April, 1812; etc. be armed, equipped, and organized, in such manner, and be under April, 1812; etc. be armed, equipped, and restrictions, as the nature of the service, in in his opinion may require, shall act on the frontier as rangers, his opinion, may make necessary.

> BECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That each of the said companies of rangers shall consist of one captain, one first, one second, lieutenant, one ensign, four sergeants, four corporals, and sixty privates.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That when the said rangers arm and equip themselves, and provide their own horses, equip them. gers arm and equip dictionary and properties are they shall be allowed, each, one dollar per day, and without a eter 1 doll. per horse, seventy-five cents per day, as full compensation for their day, and 75 cts.

Wildows a horse, services, rations, or forage, as the case may be. The commiscommissioned sioned officers shall receive the same pay and rations as officers officers to receive of the same grade in the army of the United States.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the officers, non-Officers, &c. raised pursuant to this act, to this act to be shall be entitled to the like compensation in case of disability, compensation in by wounds and otherwise, incurred in the service, as officers, east of disabilicase of disability, &c. a officers noncommissioned officers, and privates, in the present military and privates in establishment, and, with them, shall be subject to the rules and tablishment, &c. articles of war, which have been established, or may hereafter the provisions The provisions articles of war, winds and the provisions of the act, entitled of the military by law be established; and the provisions of the act, entitled of the act fixing by law be established; and the provisions of the act, chutacuthe military peace establish. "An act fixing the military peace establishment of the United ment, so far. &c. States," so far as they may be applicable, shall be extended to sons, &c. within the intent, &c. all persons, matters, and things, within the intent and meaning of this act, &c. [sch. 269, vol.3.] of this act, in the same manner as if they were inserted at large. This act shall take effect, and be in force, from This act shall take effect, and be in force, from This act to con- in the same. tunul in force until the 2d Aug. and after the passage thereof, and continue in force for one year, 1813. See chap, and from thence to the end of the next session of congress.

may appoint all the officers pro- senate, the president of the United States is hereby authorized recess, see, to be to appoint all the officers proper to be appointed under this act; abbanitted, see. which appointments shall be submitted to the senate, at their next session, for their advice and consent.

[Approved, January 2, 1812.7

Organization of each company of rangers, etc.

When the rangers arm and

the same pay, &c. as officers in the army, &c. Officers, &c. 551, post. president

CHAP. 335. [ZII.] An act to authorize the laying out and opening a public road, from the line established by the treaty of Greenville, to the Morth Bend, in the state of Ohio.

1812.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representaauthorized to
tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That cause to be open
the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorthe point where
ized to cause to be opened, a road from the point where the United
the United States roadface. United States' road from Vincennes to the former Indian bounvincennes &
dary line, established by the treaty of Greenville * atribes the line dary line, established by the treaty of Greenville,* strikes the referred to, to the North Band, said line, to the North Bend in the state of Ohio.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That, for the purpose of ty, per 300, defraying the expenses of opening the said road, there is hereby Not exceeding appropriated a sum of money, not exceeding eight hundred dol-pristed for defeating the said to be supposed to the said to the said to be supposed to the said to the said to be supposed to the lars, payable out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise fixing the expenses of opening the read, 8c. 1812.] appropriated. [Approved, January 8, 1812.]

CHAP. 336. [XIII.] An act for the relief of John Burnham.

[†Private and obsolete.]

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That there be paid to John Burnham, out of any moneys in the trea-to be paid to John surry, not otherwise appropriated, the sum of one hundred and Burnham, with twenty-six dollars and seventy-two cents, and the interest on the in addition, & same since the thirtieth day of May, one thousand seven hundred ereda reimand ninety-six, which, in addition to the sum allowed him by money advanced the act of that date, is to be considered as a reimbursement of by him for his rangement by him oddered. the money by him advanced for his ransom from captivity in the state of the state o Algiers. [Approved, January 10, 1812.]

CHAP. 337. [XIV.] An act to raise an additional military force.

[§ See the sofe at the end of ch. 760, post.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That 10 regts. of in-there be immediately raised ten regiments of infantry, two re-finity, and 1 of giments of artillery, and one regiment of light dragoons, to be hight dragoons, to be immediate enlisted for the term of five years, unless sooner discharged.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That a regiment of infantry shall consist of eighteen captains, eighteen first lieutenants, a regime infantry. eighteen second lieutenants, eighteen ensigns, seventy-two sergeants, seventy-two corporals, thirty-six musicians, and eighteen hundred privates, which shall form two battalions, each of nine companies. A regiment of artillery shall consist of twenty cap- Organisation of tains, twenty first lieutenants, twenty second lieutenants, forty artillery. cadets, eighty sergeants, eighty corporals, one hundred and sixty artificers, forty musicians, and fourteen hundred and forty privates, which shall form two battalions, each of ten companies. The regiment of cavalry shall consist of twelve captains, twelve first lieutenants, twelve second lieutenants, twelve cornets, twenty-four cadets, forty-eight sergeants, forty-eight corporals, twelve saddlers, twelve farriers, twelve trumpeters, and nine hundred

Organisation of

and sixty privates, which shall form two battalions, each of six 1812. companies.

1 colonel, 2 lieut. is. 2 majors, c. to each

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That, to each regiment raised under this act, whether of infantry, artillery, or light diagoons, there shall be appointed one colonel, two lieutenant ca nels, two majors, two adjutants, one quartermaster, one paymester, one surgeon, two surgeon's mates, two sergeant majors, two quartermaster sergeants, and two senior musicians.

2 major gene-rals, with 2 sids each, &cc.

S brigadier ge-merals, with a brigade major

general and in-

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That there shall be appointed two major generals, each of whom shall be allowed two aids, to be taken from the commissioned officers of the line; and five brigadier generals, each of whom shall be allowed a brigade major and an aid, to be taken from the captains and subalterns of and an aid, each, the line; and there shall also be appointed one adjutant general An adjutant go-neral, and an inand one inspector general, each with the rank, pay, and emoluspector general, ments, of a brigadier general; the said adjutant general shall be allowed one or more assistants, not exceeding three, to be taken spector general to be allowed assistants, &c. from the line of the army, with the same pay and emoluments as by this act are allowed to a lieutenant colonel: the said inspector general shall be allowed two assistant inspectors, to be taken from the line of the army, each of whom shall receive, while acting in said capacity, the same pay and emoluments as by this act are allowed to a lieutenant colonel: there shall also be appointed such number of hospital surgeons and mates, as the

Hospital surgeons, &c. to be appointed.

service may require, with one steward to each hospital. SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That when an officer is is detached to serve as brigade major or aid, or as assistant to the serve as brigade major, sid, &cc. has detached to serve as brigade major or aid, or as assistant to the major, sid, &cc. adjutant general, or inspector general, on the appointment of a blarank.

Serve as brigade major or aid, or as assistant to the major or as adjutant general, on the appointment of a general officer, or as adjutant or quartermaster, on the appointment of the serve as adjutant or quartermaster. general officer, or as adjutant or quartermaster, on the appointment of a colonel, he shall not thereby lose his rank.

Pay, &c. of ma-

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That the major generals, for generals, and the side; and respectively, shall be entitled to two hundred dollars monthly pay, the of bright generals, pay, with twenty dollars allowance for forage, monthly, and fifteen rations per day. Their aid de camp shall, each, be entitled to twenty-four dollars monthly, in addition to their pay in the line, and ten dollars monthly for forage, and four rations. The brigadier generals, respectively, shall be entitled to one hundred and four dollars monthly pay, twelve rations per day, and sixteen dollars per month for forage, when not found by the public.

Other officers, cadets, privates, &c. to receive the like pay, rations, forage, ec. as officers, privates, ecc. of the existing --the existing mi-litary establish-

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That all other officers, cadets, noncommissioned officers, musicians, artificers, and privates, authorized by this act, shall receive the like pay, forage, rations, clothing, and other emoluments, as the officers of the same grade and corps, cadets, noncommissioned officers, musicians, artificers, and privates, of the present military establishment.

ch ration to esusist of the articles, &c.

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That each ration shall consist of one pound and a quarter of beef, or three-quarters of a pound of pork, eighteen ounces of bread or flour, one gill of rune, whiskey, or brandy, and at the rate of two quarts of salt, four quarts of vinegar, four pounds of soap, and one pound and a half of candles, to every hundred rations.

SECT. 9. And be it further enacted, That every noncommissioned officer, musician, and private, of the artillery and in-Noncommissioned officer, musician, and private, of the artillery and in-Noncommissioned officers, fantry, shall receive, annually, the following articles of uniform private, &c. of clothing; to wit: one hat, one coat, one vest, two pair of woollen, and infantry, to and two pair of linen, overalls, one coarse linen frock and trow-receive, annusers, for fatigue clothing, four pair of shoes, four shirts, two pair of short stockings one blanket one stock and specified. of socks, two pair of short stockings, one blanket, one stock and clasp, and one pair of half gaiters: And the secretary of war is The secretary of hereby authorized to cause to be furnished to the paymasters of paymasters to be the respective districts, such surplus of clothing as he may deem surplus obthing. expedient, which clothing shall, under his direction, be furnished for the soldiers to the soldiers, when necessary, at the contract prices, and ac-prices, &c. counted for by them out of their arrears of monthly pay.

SECT. 10. And be it further enacted, That the officers, non-The officers, price of the said corps, water, &c. to be commissioned officers, musicians, and privates, of the said corps, governed by the shall be governed by the rules and articles of war, which have rules and articles of war, ec. been established by the United States in congress assembled, or by such rules and articles as may be hereafter, by law, estab-

lished.

SECT. 11. And be it further enacted, That the commissioned Commissione officers who shall be employed in the recruiting service, shall be officers employed in the recruiting service, shall be of in recruiting entitled to receive, for every effective able bodied man who shall ceive two dolls be duly enlisted by him, for the term of five years, and mustered, tive able bodies (and between the ages of eighteen and forty-five years) the sum man day ealist of two dollars: Provided, nevertheless, That this regulation so Proviso; the refar as respects the age of the recruit, shall not extend to musiling age, not to
cians, or to those soldiers who may re-enlist into the service: extend to musicians, &c. And provided also, That no person under the age of twenty-one Proviso; persons years shall be enlisted by any officer, or held in the service of si, not to be entired. States, without the consent, in writing, of his parent, out the written guardian, or master, first had and obtained, if any he have; and consent of the parent, see. if any officer shall enlist any person contrary to the true intent of the parent, see. and meaning of this act, for every such offence he shall forfeit trary to this and pay the amount of the bounty and clothing which the person amount of the so recruited may have received from the public, to be deducted clothing, &c. out of the pay and emoluments of such officer.

SECT. 12. And be it further enacted, That there shall be allowed and paid to each effective able bodied man, recruited as aforesaid, to serve for the term of five years, a bounty of sixteen dollars; but the payment of eight dollars of the said bounty shall be deferred until he shall be mustered, and have joined some military corps of the United States for service. And whenever any noncommissioned officer, or soldier, shall be discharged from the service, who shall have obtained from the commanding officer of his company, battalion, or regiment, a certificate that he had faithfully performed his duty whilst in service, he shall, moreover, be allowed and paid, in addition to the said bounty, three months' pay, and one hundred and sixty acres of land; and the affects of the soldiers who may be killed in action, or die in the service of the shall and representatives of those noncommissioned officers or baddiers who may be killed in action, or die in the service of the SECT. 12. And be it further enacted, That there shall be allow- 16 dolls. bounty soldiers who may be killed in action, or die in the service of the or dying, See. United States, shall likewise be paid and allowed the said addito receive the
tional bounty of three months' pay, and one hundred and sixty, additional bounty, to be dealg-

1812.

Arrears of pay less, &cc.

CKD:nsc.

Officers, pribled by wounds, in service, to be placed on the list of invalid pension Ts, &c. Proviso; the compensation for wounds, &cc. ed officer, not to exceed half the cer to receive more than the half pay of a sions to noncommissioned offidisabilities to entitle the perance propor-Widows and children of com-mission d offiyears. In case the wition of the five years, the half pay is to go to Proviso; the half serve the full term; and may be tried by a court martial and punished, although, &c.
P rooms, &c. enticing soldiers to desert, or pur-chasing their arms, uniform elothing, &c. and commanders

acres of land; to be designated, surveyed, and laid off, at the subfated, surveyed, lic expense, in such manner, and upon such terms and conditions, as may be provided by law.

SECT. 13. And be it further enacted, That the said corps shall not to exceed two months, un- be paid in such manner, that the arrears shall, at no time, exceed two months, unless the circumstances of the case shall render it unavoidable.

Sect. 14. And be it further enacted, That if any officer, noncommissioned officer, musician, or private, shall be disabled by wounds, or otherwise, while in the line of his duty in public service, he shall be placed on the list of invalids of the United States, at such rate of pension, and under such regulations, as to a commission- are or may be directed by law: Provided always, That the compensation to be allowed for such wounds or disabilities, to a commonthly pay, missioned officer, shall not exceed, for the highest rate of disability, half the monthly pay of such officer, at the time of his being disabled or wounded; and that no officer shall receive more The rate of pen- than the half pay of a lieutenant colonel; and that the rate of compensation to noncommissioned officers, musicians, and privates, shall not exceed five dollars per month: Ana proviaca ausu, and ecced 5 dollar per all inferior disabilities shall entitle the person so disabled to re-Provisor interior ceive an allowance proportionate to the highest disability.

SECT. 15. And be it further enacted, That if any commissioned officer in the military establishment of the United States shall, while in the service of the United States, die by reason of any wound received in actual service of the United States, and leave eers dying of widow, or if no widow, a child or children, under sixteen years in actual service, of age, such widow, or if no widow, such child or children, shall to receive half the monthly pay be entitled to and receive half the monthly pay to which the deto which the de-ceased was enti- ceased was entitled at the time of his death, for and during the thed, &c. for five term of five years. But in case of the death or intermarriage of In case the wifore the expira- the half pay for the remainder of the time shall go to the child or children of such deceased officer: Provided always, That each half pay shall cease on the decease of such child or children.

SECT. 16. And be it further enacted, That if any noncommisthe death of the sioned officer, musician, or private, shall desert the service of the the death of the sioned officer, musician, or private, snatt desert the service of the shidden. Noncommission United States, he shall, in addition to the penalties mentioned in vace, &c. deserting the service liable, in addition to serve for and during serting the service liable, in addition to penalties and articles of war, be liable to serve for and during such a period as shall, with the time he may have served preand such soldier shall and may be tried by a court martial, and punished, although the term of his enlistment may have elapsed previous to his being apprehended or tried.

SECT. 17. And be it further enacted, That every person not subject to the rules and articles of war, who shall procure or entice a soldier in the service of the United States to desert; or who shall purchase from any soldier his arms, uniform clothing, of vessels receive or any part thereof; and every captain or commanding omcer of vessels of board soldiers, knowing any ship or vessel, who shall enter on board such ship or vessels, who shall enter on board such ship or vessels. series, &c. lia as one of his crew, knowing him to have deserted, or otherwise carry away, any such soldier and the series are also carry away, any such soldier and the series are also carry away. carry away, any such soldier, or shall refuse to deliver him up

to the orders of his commanding officer, shall, upon legal conviction, be fined at the discretion of any court having cognizance of dolls. and to line the same, in any sum not exceeding three hundred dollars, and exceeding one

be imprisoned any term not exceeding one year.

SECT. 18. And be it further enacted, That every officer, non- Officers, pricommissioned officer, musician, and private, shall take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation; to wit: " I, A B, do 80- Form of the lemnly swear, or affirm, (as the case may be,) that I will bear onthe true faith and allegiance to the United States of America, and that I will serve them, honestly and faithfully, against their enemies or opposers whomsoever; and that I will observe and obey the orders of the president of the United States, and the orders of the officers appointed over me, according to the rules and articles of war."

SECT. 19. And be it further enacted, That there shall be ap- A judge advocate to each division a judge advocate, who shall be entitled vision, with the to the same pay and emoluments as a major in the infantry; or, must of a major if taken from the line of the army, shall be entitled to thirty dol- &cc. lars per month in addition to his pay, and the same allowance

for forage as is allowed by law for a major of infantry.

SECT. 20. And be it further enacted, That where any commissioned sioned officer shall be obliged to incur any extra expense in tra- to incur extra velling and sitting on general courts martial, he shall be allowed velling and sitting on general courts martial, he shall be allowed velling and sitting on general red, not exceeding one dollar and twenty-five cents per day to the allowed a reasonable compensation, not exceeding one pensation, not exceeding one dollar ner day to such as shall be entitled to forage. dollar per day to such as shall be entitled to forage.

SECT. 21. And be it further enacted, That no noncommission- No noncommised officer, musician, or private, during the term of his service, private, school be arrested on mesne process or taken or charged in eye. ing his term of shall be arrested on mesne process, or taken or charged in exeing his term of
cution for any debt or debts contracted before enlistment, which
any debt under
were, severally, under twenty dollars at the time of contracting
the same, nor for any debt whatever contracted after enlistment, or
Sect. 22. And be it further enacted, That whenever any officontracted after
the contract of the contracted after the contract of the co

cer or soldier shall be discharged from the service, except by way wards.

of punishment for any offence, he shall be allowed his pay and charged, &c., except by the punishment for any offence, he shall be allowed his pay and charged, &c., except by way wards.

of punishment for any offence, he shall be allowed his pay and charged, &c., except by way wards. be sufficient for him to travel from the place of discharge to the his pay and raplace of his residence, computing at the rate of twenty miles to place of residence.

a day.

SECT. 23. And be it further enacted, That the subsistence of subsistence of the officers of the army, when not received in kind, shall be estimated at 20.

mated at twenty cents per ration.

SECT. 24. And be it further enacted, That there shall be appear ration.

pointed to each brigade one chaplain, who shall be entitled to the with the pay, some pay and emoluments as a major in the infantry.

same pay and emoluments as a major in the infantry.

SECT. 25. And be it further enacted, That no general, field, or no general, staff officer, who may be appointed by virtue of this act, shall be officer, appointed to receive any pay or emoluments until he shall be called edual this act, to be intiinto actual service, nor for any longer time than he shall contelled into actual service, applicable of the staff of t tinue therein. [Approved, January 11, 1812.]

dence, at the rate of 20 miles

netual acryice,

CHAP. 338. [XV.] An act directing the terms on which lands sold at set 1812. sale. and that revert for failure in payment, shall again be sold.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-Notract of public lives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That lie lands sold at no tract or tracts of the reserved sections or other public lands reverting to the of the United States, that have been, or may hereafter be, sold account of failno complete the payment of the purchase money, revert to be private sale for a the United States, shall hereafter be sold at private sale, at a private sale for a private sale. [Approved, January 14, 1812.]

[* Obsolete.]

nance stores,

CHAP. 339. [XVI.] An act authorizing the purchase of ordnance and ordnance stores, camp-equipage, and other quartermaster's stores, and small

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senage and house of representaappropriated for the sum of one million five hundred thousand dollars be, and the ordinance, ordagain, and the purchase of ordinance, ordagain, and the propriated for the number of ordinance, ordagain, and the propriated for the number of ordinance. tion of the president of the United States, of ordnance and ordcamp equipage, nance stores, camp equipage, and other quartermaster's stores. for the use of the army of the United States.

400,000 dolls, ap-

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the sum of four hunpropriated for the purchase of dred thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated the purchase of the purchase, under the direction of the purchase, under the direction of the purchase, under the direction of the same into of ordnance and United States, of saltpetre and sulphur, for making the same into of the United States. [Approved, January 14, 1812.]

> CHAP. 340. [XVII.] An act to alter the time of holding the district courts of the United States for the North Carolina district.

the sessions of the district courts in North

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, Instead of the instead of the time heretotore established by law for the second of the district courts of the United States, in the North Carolina half because and be holden district, the said courts shall hereafter commence and be holden carolina to com-on the following days, in each year; that is to say: At Edenton, mence and be in and for the district of Albemarle, on the third Monday of on the following days, in each year; that is to say: At Edenton, April, and third Monday of October; at Newbern, in and for the district of Pamptico, on the first Monday after the third Monday of April, and third Monday of October; at Wilmington, in and for the district of Cape Fear, on the second Monday after the third Monday of April, and third Monday of October, any thing [†See act of 9th contained in any former act or acts† to the contrary notwith te, hap 183.] standing. And all actions, suits, process, pleadings, recogniste, he iss.] standing. And an actions, suite, process, process, process, process, and all other proceedings, of what nature or kind soever, ned and return civil or criminal, commenced or to be commenced, and make adaccordingly. returnable to any of the said courts, in the month of February next, shall be continued, respectively, and shall be returned to

and have day in, the term of said courts next to be holden by virtue of this act, and the same proceedings shall be had thereon, with the same effect and power they would have had if this alteration had not been made.

Sacr. 2. And be it further enacted, That if the judge of the If the district district courts aforesaid should fail to attend on the first day of the term the term of any of the said courts, respectively, it shall and may the marshal may be lawful for the marshal of the district, and he is hereby authorized, to adjourn the said court or courts, until the next succeeding and if the said judge does not attend before the expiration of the second day of the term of the said court or courts, respectively, it shall and may be lawful for the marshal aforesaid to the marshal may adjourn the end with the judge does not attend before the expiration of the second day, &c. adjourn the said court or courts to the term next in course, any adjourn the courts the term next in course, any adjourn the courts the term next in course, any adjourn the courts the term next in course, any adjourn the courts the term next in course, any adjourn the courts to the contrary notwithstanding, next in course, co. [Approved, January 23, 1812.]

CHAP. 341. [XVIII.] An act to continue in force, for a further time, the [*Obsolete, See Arst section of the act, entitled "An act further to protect the commerce the orig. act, of and seamen of the United States against the Barbary powers."*

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That so much of the act, passed on the twenty-fifth day of March, The lat see of the act further one thousand eight hundred and four, entitled "An act further to protect the commerce and seamen of the United States against seamen of the Barbary powers," as is contained in the first section of the United States against the Barbary powers," as is contained in the first section of the United States against the Barbary powers, as is contained in force, for the said act, and which was revived and continued in force, for the continued until time therein mentioned, by an act, entitled "An act to revive the the March, 1813. and continue in force, for a further time, the first section of the [+ch.309,vol.3.] act, entitled 'An act further to protect the commerce and seamen of the United States against the Barbary powers,"‡ passed [tAnte, ch. 230.] on the twelfth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and ten, be, and the same is hereby, continued in force until the Froviso; the additional duty laid by the said timed to be collected on all such goods, wares, and mer-lected on all such goods, wares, and mer-lected on all such goods. Rec images to be collected on all such goods. Rec images to be collected on all such goods. Rec images to be collected on all such goods. Rec images to be collected on all such goods. Rec images to be collected on all such goods. Rec images to be collected on all such goods. Rec images to be collected on all such goods. Rec images to be collected on all such goods. Rec images to be collected on all such goods. Rec images to be collected on all such goods. Rec images to be collected on all such goods. Rec images to be collected on all such goods. Rec images to be collected on all such goods. Rec images to be collected on all such goods. chandise, liable to pay the same, as shall have been imported previous to that day. [Approved, Fanuary 31, 1812.] previous to that day. [Approved, January 31, 1812.]

CHAP. 342. [XIX.] An act to empower the secretary of the treasury to decide on the case of the ship Eliza Ann, belonging to Ezekiel Hubbel, and the case of the ship Mary and Frances, belonging to Nathaniel Goddard (6 Private and

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the secretary of the treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized the same decision on the case of the ship Eliza Ann, of New York, purchased by Ezekiel Hubbel Ke. and on the ship Eliza Ann, of New York, purchased by Ezekiel Hubbel of William Lyman, the acting agent of Joshua Jones and Ederal R. Jones, of New York, trading under the firm of Joshua would have made had application been and Sone and the case of the ship Mary and Frances, of eating been Jones and Son; and the case of the ship Mary and Frances, of eation bren made to him pre-

1812.

wious to the re-moving of the disability incur-red by Ez: kiel Hubbel and Na-Proviso; nothing erein to restrict the secretary of the treasury from requiring antisfactory proof of the fair-ness of every Not exceeding 1,400 dulls, ap-propriated, &c., to render (fiectual the decision of the secretary of the treasury, should it be in favor, &c.

Boston, owned by Nathaniel Goddard, as he would have a had application been made to him previous to the removin the disability incurred by the said Ezekiel Hubbel and the Nathaniel Goddard: Provided, however, That nothing h contained shall be so construed as to restrict the secretary of the treasury from requiring satisfactory proof of the fairness of every act having relation to these transactions.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That a sum, not exceeding one thousand four hundred dollars, be, and the same is head appropriated, out of any moneys in the treasury, not other appropriated, to render effectual the decision of the secretary the treasury, should it be in favor of the said Ezekiel He and Nathaniel Goddard, or either of them.

[Approved, January 31, 1818.]

CHAP. 343. [XX.] An act to alter the times of holding the district courts *.સુન્મ. within and for the district of Connecticut.

The district cordingly.

. balt SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senure and notice of the United States of America in congress assembled. That the district court within and for the district of Connecticut, stall SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatourt of Connect the district court within and lor the fourth Tuesdays of February, here tieutobeholden hereafter be holden on the fourth Tuesdays of February, note that the contrary note the contrary note. nereafter on the arthurs of August, and November, in each year, any law to the contrary not August, and November, and that all actions, suits, writs, process, pleasing, and November, and actions, or other proceedings, commenced, or to be commenced, or which he commenced, or which he commenced is a suits for commenced or which he commenced is a suits for commenced or which he commenced is a suits for commenced or which he commenced is a suits for commenced or which he commenced is a suits for commenced or which he commenced is a suits for commenced in the commenced or which he commenced is a suits for commenced in the commenced is a suits for commenced in the commenced is a suits for commenced in the commenced in the commenced is a suits for commenced in the commenced in the commenced in the commenced is a suits of the commenced in the commenced or other proceedings, commenced, or to be commenced, or which suits, &c. com-menced or pend. are now pending in the district court in said district, may be log, &c. may be turned to, and shall be continued to, the district court, to be becontinued ac- holden on the fourth Tuesday of February, one thousand eight hundred and twelve, as is herein provided.

[Approved, February 6, 1814.]

1813; sec. 18, chap. 480, post.] The president authorized to aceept the services of not exceeding 50,000 voluntrers.
The volunteers to be clothed, &c. at their own expense, and armed, &c at the expense of the Unit d States, &c. Commissioned

manner pre-scribed by law in the several states, &cc. Proviso; where any company, battalion, &ce. already organ-ized, tender vo-

manded by the

[Repealed, by CHAP. S44. [XXI.] An act authorizing the president of the United States act of 39th Jan. to accept and organize certain volunteer military corps.*

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to accept of any company or companies of volunteers, either of artillery, cavalry, or infantry, who may associate and offer themselves for the service, not exceeding fifty thousand men; who shall be clothed, and in case of cavalry, furnished with horses, at their own expense, and armed and equipped at the officers to be ap expense of the United States, after they shall be called into service; and whose commissioned officers shall be appointed in the manner prescribed by law in the several states and territories to which such companies shall, respectively, belong: Provided, That where any company, battalion, regiment, brigade, or division, militia, already organized, shall tender their voluntary served to the United States, such company, battalion, regiment, brighter they are to con. or division, shall continue to be commanded by the officers hold; ing commissions in the same at the time of such tender; and

vacancy thereafter occurring, shall be filled in the mode : mointed out by law in the state or territory wherein the said officers holding company, battalion, regiment, brigade, or division, shall have the time, &c.

been originally raised.*

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That any company, bat-bay company, battalion, regiment, brigade, or division, thus offering itself for the liable to be called upon to do military duty at any time the president of the United States shall judge proper, years, &c. within two years after he shall have accepted the control of the United States. within two years after he shall have accepted the same; and shall be bound to continue in service for the term of twelve months after they shall have arrived at the place of rendezvous, months after they shall have arrived at the place of rendezvous, thisless sooner discharged; and when so called into service, and subject to the whilst remaining therein, shall be under the same rules and re-same rules and gulations, and be entitled to the same pay, rations, forage, and entitled to the same pay, rations, forage, and entitled to the emoluments, of every kind, bounty and clothing excepted, with as the regular transfer. the regular troops of the United States: Provided, That, in lieu Proviso, is lieu of clothing, every noncommissioned officer and private in any of clothing, every noncommiscompany, who may thus offer themselves, shall be entitled, when and private of

called into service, to receive, in money, a sum equal to the cost the volunters, of the clothing of a noncommissioned officer or private, (as the same may be) in the regular troops of the United States.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the president of the The president United States be, and he hereby is, authorized to organize the companies so tendering their service as aforesaid, into battalions, organize the number of volunteers shall render such organization, in his unit called into actual correct, such actual correct, and companies and divisions, as soon as the squadrons, for the control of volunteers shall render such organization, in his unit called into actual correct, such actual correct, and control of volunteers and control of volunteers. judgment, expedient; but, until called into actual service, such the volunteers companies are not to be considered as exempt from the perform-milidaduty, &c. ance of militia duty, as is required by law, in like manner as

before the passage of this act.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That, in case any volunteer in actual teer abovementioned, while in actual service, shall sustain any any damage, by injury done to his horse, or such other equipment as injury done to shall have been furnished at his own expense, or by loss of the without fault, same, without any fault or negligence on his part, a reasonable kec. on his part, be it to be allowed and paid to such your times. United States may direct, shall be allowed and paid to such vo-

lunteer, for each and every such-loss or damage.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That if any officer, noncommissioned officer, musician, or private, shall be disabled by vounds in public serwounds, or otherwise, while in the line of his duty in public service, he shall be placed on the list of invalid pensioners of the
United States, at such rate of pension, and under such regulaions, as are, or may be, directed by law: Provided planes.

Officers, privates, &c. dhaoblicers, privates, &c. d ions, as are, or may be, directed by law: Provided always, That commissioned the compensation to be allowed for such wounds or disabilities, seed half his o a commissioned officer, shall not exceed, for the highest rate monthly pay; and no officer to so disability, half the monthly pay of such officer, at the time of receive more than the half pay of a lieutenant colonel: And that the that the sion to private, the colone of the pay of a lieutenant colonel. The colone of previous to provide the colone of the provide the prov ate of pension to noncommissioned officers, musicians, and priscent to resceed acts, shall not exceed five dollars per month: And provided also, Proviso; proportiant all inferior disabilities shall entitle the person so disabled tionate allow ance for inferior meeter inferior. receive an allowance proportionate to the highest disability. Cashilities.

pense, &c. in setual service not less than a month, and obcate, &c. to be presented with a musket, pis-tols &c. as a public testimoky, &c.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That the heirs and more-The heirs, Sec. sentatives of any noncommissioned officer or soldier, who may and any noncess and noncess an raissioned officers of the littled in action, or die in the actual service of the littled ear or soldier, killed in action. States, shall be entitled to receive one hundred and sixty ares accentible to of land; to be designated, surveyed, and laid off, at the public tobe designated, expense, in such manner, and upon such terms and conditions, the public expense, in such manner, and upon such terms and conditions, as may be provided by law. as may be provided by law.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That upon the discharge selection of any noncommissioned officer or soldier, who shall have been some of any noncommission of any noncommissioned officer or soldier, who shall have been some of the soldier of t soldier, accepted accepted under the provisions of this act, and shall have been under this act, in actual under this act, and who has been in actual service for a period not less than one month, and shall have obtained, from the commanding officer of his company, battalion, or regiment, a certificate that he had faithfully performed his duty while in service, such noncommissioned officer or soldier, if attached to the artillery or infantry, shall be presented with a musket, bayonet, and other personal equipments; or, if attached to the cavalry, with the sabre and pistols furnished him by the United States; as a public testimonial of the promptitude and zeal with which he shall have volunteered in support of the rights and honor of the country.

1,000,000 dolls

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That the sum of one mil-Sect. 8. And be it further enacted, That the sum of one mil-defray the expenses which may be incurred under the provisions of this act, to be paid out under this act,

of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated. of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, February 6, 1812.]

"See act of 16th CHAP. 345. [XXII.] An act for the revision of former confirmations, and April, 1814; for confirming certain claims to land in the district of Kaskaskia. chap. 649, post.]

receiver of the land office at Kaskaskia, and such other per son as the president may apconfirmations vernors of the northwest and

The commissions ers and elerkap

The compensa tion, &c. to be

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That Theregister and the register, and receiver of public moneys, of the land office at Kaskaskia, and such other person as the president of the United States shall appoint for that purpose, be, and they are hereby, authorized to examine and inquire into the validity of claims to dent may appoint, authorized in the district of Kaskaskia, which are derived non-ized to inquire into the validity mations made, or pretended to have been made, by the governors of claims to land in the district of of the northwest and Indiana territory, respectively. They was a shall in relation to the claims aforesaid, made by the go. have, in every respect, the same powers which had been vested in the commissioners appointed to ascertain the claims to land Indiana territories, &c. and to employ a clerk, the treasury, to be by him laid before congress, at their next opinion, &c. seesion, their opinion on each of the claims aforesaid. session, their opinion on each of the claims aforesaid.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the commissioner pointed by this and clerk, appointed by this act, and such agent as may be apart, act, to reseries so dolls. pointed on behalf of the United States, by the secretary of the pointed on behalf of the United States, by the secretary of the treasury, shall, each, receive five hundred dollars, in full for the services performed by them under this act; which compensation, and also the contingent charges for office rent, fuel, stationery, princed for sur. and summoning witnesses on the part of the United States, shall be paid but of the moneys appropriated by law for surveying the

public lands of the United States.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the decisions made the decisions by the commissioners, heretofore by the commissioners, heretofore appointed for the purpose of commissioners examining the claims of persons to lands in the district of Kasclaims to lands kaskia, in favor of such claimants, to town or village lots, outlots, Kaskaskia, infaor rights in common, to commons and common fields, as entered vot Sec. as entered in the transcripts of decisions, bearing date the thirty-first day entered of December, one thousand eight hundred and nine, which have sec. confirmed, been transmitted by the said commissioners to the secretary of 8ce. the treasury, according to law, be confirmed to all such rightful claimants, according to their respective rights thereto: Provided, Proviso; nothing That nothing herein contained shall be construed to confirm any herein to confirm any particular decision heretofore made in favor of any individual, heretofore made or to affect the right of any other individual claiming the same in favor of any land, but such conflicting claims shall be decided, according to affect the right law, by the proper tribunal. [Approved, February 20, 1812.]

1812.

CHAP. 346. [XXIII.] An act making an appropriation for the expenses incident to the six companies of mounted rangers, during the year one thousand eight hundred and twelve.*

[Obsolete.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the sum of one hundred and eight thousand seven hundred and 108,772 dolls.apseventy-two dollars be, and the same is hereby appropriated for the pay, subsistence, and forage, during the year one thousand series, it for the eight hundred and twelve, of the six companies of mounted ransers, to be raised for the service of the United States, pursuant transcriptors are not resided if the content of the United States in the pursuant to the to an act, entitled "An act authorizing the president of the Uni- act mentioned. ted States to raise certain companies of rangers for the protection of the frontier of the United States;"† that is to say:

For the pay of the officers, noncommissioned officers, and pri- For the pay of the officers and vates, of the said companies, the sum of one hundred and four privates.

thousand eight hundred dollars.

For the subsistence of the officers, the sum of two thousand For the subsistence of the offi-

six hundred and twenty-eight dollars.

For forage, the sum of one thousand three hundred and forty- For forage.

The sums to be paid out of any moneys in the paid out of unaptreasury of the United States, not otherwise appropriated. [Approved, February 20, 1812.] sury.

propriated moneys in the trea-

CHAP. 347. [XXIV.] An act authorizing the secretary of the treasury to locate the lands reserved for the use of Jefferson college, in the Mississippi territory.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The secretary of the secretary of the treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized powered to locate, in one body, the thirty-six sections of body, he say land reserved for the use of Jefferson college, in the Mississippi sections of land

1612. tue of Jefferson college, in the Mississippi territory, on any lands not sold,

territory, by an act, entitled "An act regulating the grants of land, and providing for the sale of the lands of the United States south of the state of Tennessee," * passed on the third day of March, one thousand eight hundred and three, on any bands within the said territory, not sold, or otherwise disposed of, and (P See sec. 18. Within the Salu territory, and extinguished. shap. 340, vol.3.) to which the Indian title has been extinguished.

[Approved, February 20, 1812.]

CHAP. 348. [XXV.] An act for the more convenient taking of affidavits and bail, in civil causes depending in the courts of the United States.

The circuit court of the United States, United States, in any district in which the pre-sent provision for taking bail and affidavits in civil causes is inadequate, or, Sec. to appoint discreet persons CTSOMS edgments, &cc. The acknowledgments, &c. to have the same force, &c. as if taken before a judge, &cc. and persons swear-ing falsely liable to the same pun-

The like fees allowed for tak-ing bail, &c. as allowed by the

In any cause be-fore a court of the United position taken a court of the state, &c.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That it shall be lawful for the circuit court of the United States, to be holden in any district in which the present provision, by law, for taking bail and affidavits in civil causes, (in cases where such affidavits are, by law, admissible) is inadequate, or, on account of the extent of such district, inconvenient, to appoint such and so many discreet persons, in different parts of the district, as such court shall deem necessary, to take acknowledgments of bail and affidavits; which acknowledgments of bail and affidavits shall have the like force and effect as if taken before my judge of said court; and any person swearing falsely in and by any such affidavit, shall be liable to the same punishment as if the same affidavit had been made or taken before a judge of said court.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the like fees shall be allowed for taking such bail and affidavit as are allowed for allowed by the like services, by the laws of the state, in which any such affidavit or bail shall be taken.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That in any cause before a court of the United States, it shall be lawful for such court, in the time the court its discretion, to admit in evidence any deposition taken in permay admit in evidence any deposition taken in permay admit in permay admit in permay admit in permay admit in the petuam rei memoriam, which would be so admissible in a court position taken in perpetuation of the state wherein such cause is pending according to the laws beyond February 20, 1812.] be admissible in thereof. [Approved, February 20, 1812.]

> CHAP. 349. [XXVI.] An act making appropriations for the support of the military establishment of the United States, for the year one thousand eight hundred and twelve.†

Sums appropri-ated for defraying the expenses of the military establishment,

that is to say:

1813, &c.

[†Obsolete,]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, for defraying the expenses of the military establishment of the United States, for the year one thousand eight hundred and twelve, for the Indian department, and for the expense of foru-Sec. for the year fications, magazines, arsenals, and armories, the following sums, including the sum of one million five hundred thousand dollars already appropriated, by the first section of the act, entitled "An act authorizing the purchase of ordnance and ordnance stores camp equipage, and other quartermaster's stores, and small (tAnte, ch. 339.) arms," t be, and the same hereby are, respectively, appropriated;

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For the pay of the army of the United States, eight hundred and sixty-nine thousand nine hundred and sixty-eight dollars.

For forage, one hundred and four thousand six hundred and For forage. twenty-four dollars.

For subsistence, six hundred and eighty-five thousand five For subsistence. hundred and thirty-two dollars and five cents.

For clothing, two hundred and ninety-three thousand eight For clothing. hundred and four dollars.

For bounties and premiums, seventy thousand dollars.

For the medical and hospital department, fifty thousand dol- For the medical

partment

For ordnance and ordnance stores, one million one hundred For ordnance and ordnance and thirty-five thousand dollars.

For fortifications, arsenals, magazines, and armories, includ- For fortifies ing two thousand dollars for such a number of additional mili- kc. including. tary storekeepers as may be required, two hundred and ninetysix thousand and forty-nine dollars and seventy-five cents.

For the quartermaster general's department, including camp For the quarter matter general's equipage, fuel, tools, barracks, quarters, wagons, and transportadepartment, ite. tion, seven hundred and thirty-five thousand dollars.

For the purchase of horses for the dragoons and light artillery, For the purchase of horses, &c. one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

For contingencies, fifty thousand dollars.

For contingencies, fity mousand domain.

For purchasing maps, plans, books, and instruments, two for purchasing maps, plans, &c.

thousand five hundred dollars.

For the salary of the clerks employed in the military agents' Forekerks in the offices, and in the office of the inspector of the army, three thousestices, &c. sand five hundred dollars. For the Indian department, one hundred and sixty-four thou- for the Indian department.

For expenses of calling into actual service, in the years one For expenses of thousand eight hundred and nine, one thousand eight hundred tund service the and ten, and one thousand eight hundred and eleven, the militia into an indiana, Indiana, of the Louisiana and Indiana territories, and state of Kentucky, and Kentucky, and Kentucky, and Kentucky, and Kentucky, and Kentucky, and Islo, 1810, and 1811. sand five hundred dollars.

thirty-two thousand eight hundred dollars. SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the several sums, spe- The sums appropriated to be cifically appropriated by this act, shall be paid out of any moneys propriated to in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, February 21, 1812.] treasury.

CHAP. 350. [XXVII.] An act making appropriations for the support of an additional military force.

BECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, 'That, for defraying the necessary expense, to the first day of January sums appropri-next, of the troops to be raised by virtue of an act, entitled "An ing the necessary act to raise an additional military force," passed on the the lat Jan. 1813, eleventh day of January, one thousand eight hundred and twelve, of the troops to be raised by virthe following sums be, and the same hereby are, respectively, the of the act appropriated; that is to say:

1812.

For pay, one million four hundred and six thousand dight. hundred and fifty-one dollars and ninety-five cents-

For pay. For forage.

For forage, one hundred and fifty-four thousand four hundred and thirty-five dollars and thirty cents.

For subsistence.

For subsistence, one million seventy-four thousand and nitety-seven dollars and sixty-seven cents.

For clothing.

For clothing, eight hundred and sixty-three thousand two hundred and forty-four dollars.

For bounties and premiums.

For bounties and premiums, four hundred and forty-two thousand two hundred and sixty dollars.

For the purchase of horses, &c.

For the purchase of horses for the dragoons, and for the purchase of horses for the transportation of heavy artillery, amountnition, and baggage, two hundred and eighty-two thousand dol-

For the quarter-

For the quartermaster general's department, including harness mastergeneral's and other equipage, quarters, fuel, tools, and transportation, four hundred and eight thousand seven hundred and sixty, dollars.

For the medical and hospital department.

For the medical and hospital department, one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars.

For contingen-The sums appro-priated to be paid out of unappro-

For contingencies, three hundred and fifty-five thousand nine hundred and eleven dollars and seventeen cents.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the several sums specifically appropriated by this act, shall be paid out of any briated moneys moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, February 21, 1812.]

CHAP. 351. [XXVIII.] An act for the relief of captain Selah Benton.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That Selah Benton, who served as a captain, &cc. in Selah Benton, who served as a captain in the American army in the revolutionary war, be placed on the pension list, and that the revolution there be paid to him, in the same manner that other pensions ary war, to be placed on the are paid, the sum of twenty dollars per month, to commence pension list, at the rate of 20 the rate of 30 dols, per month, from the first day of July, one thousand eight hundred and eleven.

This act to be in 21st Feb. 1812.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That this act shall commence, and be in force, from and after the passage thereof.

[Approved, February 21, 1812.]

CHAP. 352. [XXIX.] An act to establish a land district in the Illinois territory, east of the district of Kaskaskia, and to attach certain public lands to the district of Jeffersonville.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-A new land distriet formed of tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, The art of the pub ic lands include so much of the public lands of the United States, heretofore ed within the land district of kaskaskia, as lies east of the Rankaskin, see and the public lands the surveyor general, sween the Vincennes comes and Ras-

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and Kaskaskia districts, and not heretofore attached to any district, form a new land district. For the disposal of the said makin district, lands, a land office shall be established at Shawneetown, under A land office to the direction of a register of the land office and receiver of Shawneetown, public moneys, to be appointed for that purpose; who shall reside at the place, give security in the same manner, in the same sums, The register and and whose compensation, emoluments, and duties, and authority, side at shawneetown to the lands which town give security in the same in whation to the lands which town give security and the same in whation to the lands which town give security and the same in whation to the lands which town give security and the same in whation to the lands which town give security and the same in whation to the lands which town give security. shall, in every respect, be the same in relation to the lands which town, give socus shall be disposed at their office, as are, or may be, by law, prosumes register vided in relation to the registers and receivers of public moneys the land officer in the several offices established for the disposal of the lands of the Ohio. the United States northwest of the river Ohio.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the said lands shall The lands to be be disposed of in the same manner, and on the same terms and so in the disposed of in the same manner. conditions, as are, or may be, provided by law for the sale of of Kashakia public lands in the district of Kaskaskia: Provided, That no proviso; no ract tracts of land excepted from the sales by virtue of any former excepted by former act, shall be sold by virtue of this act. And provided also, That sold by virtue of this act. a tract of not less than six miles square shall be reserved by the Provinc; the president of the United States for the use and support of the six miles for the sait works on

public salt works on Saline creek.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That so much of the lands so much of the attached to the district of Vincennes, by virtue of the first section the district of the distric of an act, entitled "An act providing for the sale of certain lands Vincennes, &c. to be attached to the Indiana territory, and for other purposes," passed on the district of the district of the district of thirtieth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and ten, as and be offered at lies east of the second principal meridian established by the surthere, &c. veyor general, shall be attached to, and become a part of, the [*Ante, ch. 200.] district of Jeffersonville, and shall be offered at public sale at the land office for the said district, under the superintendence of the register and receiver of public moneys for the said land office, and shall be sold in every other respect in the same manner, and on the same terms and conditions, as are provided by the abovementioned act, except that the public sales for the said lands The public sales shall remain open only for six days.

[Approved, February 21, 1812.]

only six days.

CHAP. 353. [XXX.] An act making appropriations for the support of the many of the United States, for the year one thousand eight hundred and [† Obsobrté.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, for defraying the expenses of the navy, during the year one sums appropriated for defraying the expenses thousand eight hundred and twelve, the following sums, in-ing the expense thousand dollars already of the navy during the expense of the navy during the sum of the navy during the nav cluding therein the sum of four hundred thousand dollars already appropriated, by the act, entitled "An act authorizing the purchase of ordnance and ordnance stores, camp equipage, and other quartermaster's stores, and small arms," t be, and the same here- [Ante, ch. 39.] by are, respectively, appropriated; that is to say:

For the pay and subsistence of the officers, and pay of the sea- For the pay and men, one million one hundred and twenty-three thousand three the officers and

hundred and forty-one dollars.

For medicines,

For provisions, five hundred and fifty-nine thousand seven For provisions. hundred and fifty-seven dollars. For medicines, instruments, hospital stores, and all expenses

on account of the sick, forty thousand dollars.

For repairs of vessels.

For repairs of vessels, three hundred and fifteen thousand dollars

For freight, store rent, &c.

For freight, store rent, and all other contingent expenses, one hundred and fifteen thousand dollars.

For the expenses of navy yards,

For the expenses of navy yards, comprising docks, and other improvements, pay of superintendents, storekeepers, clerks, and laborers, sixty thousand dollars.

For ordnance stores, &cc.

For ordnance and ordnance stores, comprising cannon, carronades, muskets, pistols, and other small arms, cannon ball, and shot of every description, two hundred and eighty thousand dollars.

For the purchase of saltpetre and sulphur, &c. For pay and sub-sistence of the

For the purchase of saltpetre and sulphur, and for making the same into powder, one hundred and eighty thousand dollars.

For pay and subsistence of the marine corps, including promarine corps, see visions for those on shore, and forage for the staff, one hundred and fifty-four thousand three hundred and forty-six dollars and eighty cents.

For clothing for themarine corps.

For military stores for the

marine corps.

For clothing for the same, forty-nine thousand two hundred and eighty-one dollars and sixty cents.

For military stores for the same, one thousand seven hundred and seventy-seven dollars and fifty cents.

For medicines, &c. on account of the marine

For medicines, medical services, hospital stores, and all other expenses on account of the sick belonging to the marine corps, three thousand five hundred dollars.

For quartermas ter's and barrackmaster's stores, &c.

For quartermaster's and barrackmaster's stores, officer's travelling expenses, armorer's and carpenter's bills, fuel, premiums for enlisting men, musical instruments, bounty to music, and other contingent expenses of the marine corps, twenty thousand dollars.

For the relief of the legal repre-sentatives of

For the relief of the legal representatives of David Valenzin, deceased, being the amount of a former appropriation for that David Valensin, object, carried to the surplus fund, two thousand six hundred and sixty-five dollars and seventy cents.

The sums appropriated to be propriated to b appropriated moneys in the treasury.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the several sums, specifically appropriated by this act, shall be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, February 24, 1812.]

[* See the orig. act, ante, chap. 147: See, also, the note at the end of chap. 760,

CHAP. 354. [XXXI.] An act supplementary to "An act to raise, for a limited time, an additional military force," passed on the twelfth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

post.]
When, in the opinion of the president, it is expedient to int the light and accourre-

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of represents. tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That whenever, in the opinion of the president of the United States, it is expedient to mount the light artillery, or any part thereof, and accounted ments are to be horses and accountements shall be provided to equip the whole, when the map or such part as he may direct; and when the noncommissioned

officers, musicians, artificers, and privates, are so equipped, the officers shall be entitled to the same forage as is now provided commissioned for the officers of the same grade in the regiment of light drabed, who officers goons: Provided, The officers furnish their own horses and action be entitled to courrements, and actually keep in service the same number of the same forage, horses, to entitle them to the aforesaid allowance for forage, or regt. of light dragoom. Proviso; if the dragoom. Proviso; if the dragoom of the said their own horses, to entitle them to the aforesaid allowance for forage, or regt. of light dragoom. Proviso; if the said their own horses, to entitle the said their own horses, light artillery are ordered to be mounted, there shall be provided be and settally loop in service the said light artillery are ordered to be seen to see the same number of the

one saddler and one farrier to each company, who shall be entiber, &c.
tled to the same pay and emoluments as are now provided for artiflety are or
saddlers and farriers in the regiment of light dragoons.

saddlers and farriers in the regiment of light dragoons.

ment of light dragoons.

[Approved, February 24, 1812.] der and a farrier to be provid-

any, with the same pay and emoluments, &c. [Private.]

CHAP. 355. [XXXII.] An act for the relief of Thomas O'Bannon.*

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- Thomas O'Bantives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That windraw his Thomas O'Bannon be permitted to withdraw his entry on the office of Madison land office of Madison county, Mississippi territory, from the southeast quarter of section two, township two, range one, west; two section two and the money paid by him on the said entry shall be placed to placed to his credit on any purchase he shall or may have made of public purchase, &c. land in the same district: Provided, It shall satisfactorily appear pears to the reto the register of the said office, that the range two, west, has two west, has been marked range one. been, by error of the surveyor, marked range one.

[Approved, February 24, 1812.]

range onc.

CHAP. 356. [XXXIII.] An act making appropriations for the support of government, for the year one thousand eight hundred and twelve. [† Obsolete.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, for the expenditure of the civil list, in the present year, including the contingent expenses of the several departments and offices; jets mendoned for the compensation of the several loan officers and their clerks, and for books and stationery for the same; for the payment of amnuities and grants; for the support of the mint establishment; for the expense of intercourse with foreign nations; for the support of lighthouses, beacons, buoys, and public piers; for deraying the expenses of surveying the public lands, and for satislying certain miscellaneous claims, the following sums be, and the same are hereby, respectively, appropriated; that is to say:

For compensation granted by law to the members of the senate For members of and house of representatives, their officers and attendants, estimated for a session of four months and a half continuance, two

numbered and one thousand four hundred and twenty-five dollars. For the expense of firewood, stationery, printing, and all other for the contincontingent expenses of the two houses of congress, fifty thousand of congress. lollars.

library, &c.

For the presi-dent and vice president.

For the secreta ry of state, elerks, &cc.

For a clerk on old records in the department of state.

For additional compensation to partment of cording 15 per

For contingent expenses of the department of For printing and

. For the sceretary of the treasu-

For translating foreign languages, &c. in the office of the secretary of the

For the comp-troller, clerks,

For contingent expenses of the comptroller's office. For the auditor, clerks, &c.

For all contingent expenses of the library of congress, and for For contingent the librarian's allowance, for the year one thousand eight itundred and twelve, eight hundred dollars.

For compensation to the president and vice president of the

United States, thirty thousand dollars.

For compensation to the secretary of state, clerks, and persons employed in that department, including the sum of one thousand four hundred and seventy-eight dollars, in addition to the sum allowed for the compensation of his clerks by the act of the see same, ch. twenty-first of April, one thousand eight hundred and six,# twelve thousand nine hundred and thirteen dollars.

For compensation to a clerk on old records, in the said department, for the year eighteen hundred and eleven, and the year eighteen hundred and twelve, fifteen hundred and seventy-four dollars.

For additional compensation to the clerks in the said department, not exceeding fifteen per centum, in addition to the sum allowed by the act, entitled "An act to regulate and fix the compensation of clerks, and to authorize the laying out certain pub-[† Ante ch.41.] lic roads, and for other purposes,"† one thousand seventy-two dollars and fifty cents.

For the incidental and contingent expenses of the said department, one thousand three hundred and fifty dollars.

For printing and distributing the laws of the first session of distributing the the twelfth congress, and printing the laws in newspapers, five thousand five hundred dollars.

For printing and binding five hundred copies of the census of pies of thecensus one thousand eight hundred and ten, four thousand six hundred For printing and binding five hundred copies of the census of dollars. For compensation to the secretary of the treasury, clerks, and

persons employed in his office, including the sum of one thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars for clerk hire, in addition to the sum allowed by the act of the twenty-first of April, one thou-[4 See ante, etc. sand eight hundred and six,‡ and the further sum of seven hundred and fifty dollars, to make good a deficiency in the appropriation of the year one thousand eight hundred and eleven, seventeen thousand and seventy-four dollars and eighty-one cents.

For expense of translating foreign languages, allowance to the person employed in transmitting passports and sealetters, and for stationery and printing, in the office of the secretary of the treasury, one thousand dollars.

For compensation to the comptroller of the treasury, clerks, and persons employed in his office, including the sum of eat thousand six hundred and thirty-nine dollars, for compensation to his clerks, in addition to the sum allowed by the act of the twenty-first of April, one thousand eight hundred and six, 5 thir teen thousand nine hundred and seventy-eight dollars and fifty cents.

For expense of stationery, printing, and incidental and poatingent expenses of the comptroller's office, five hundred doctors.

For compensation to the auditor of the treasury, clerks, and persons employed in his office, eleven thousand seven hundred and seventy-one dollars.

For expense of stationery, printing, and incidental and contingent expenses of the auditor's office, five hundred dollars.

For compensation to the treasurer, clerks, and persons em-auditor's office. ployed in his office, five thousand seven hundred and seventy- er, clerks, &c. seven dollars and forty-five cents.

For expense of stationery, printing, and incidental and con-expenses in the treasurer's office, three hundred dollars.

For compensation to the register of the treasury, clerks, and Forthe register, persons employed in his office, fifteen thousand seven hundred

and fifty-two dollars and two cents.

For additional compensation to the clerks in the treasury department, not exceeding fifteen per centum, in addition to the the clerks in the
sum allowed by the act, entitled "An act to regulate and fix the
compensation of clerks, and to authorize the laying out certain tent. public roads, and for other purposes,"* six thousand six hundred [* Anu. ch. 4L] and thirty-four dollars and seven cents.

For compensation to the messenger of the register's office for for stamping and arranging ships' registers, ninety dollars. stamping and arranging ships' registers, ninety dollars.

For expense of stationery, printing, and all other incidental for contingent and contingent expenses in the register's office, including books register's office. for the public stocks, and for the arrangement of the marine records, two thousand eight hundred dollars.

For fuel, and other contingent and incidental expenses of the Ror fuel, See, for the treasury detreasury department, four thousand dollars.

For the purchase of books, maps, and charts, for the use of Rorthepurchase. the treasury department, four hundred dollars.

For compensation to a superintendent, employed to secure the buildings and resords of the treasury department, during the year education should be secured to buildings and resords of the treasury department, during the year education should not a superintendent of the treasury department. watchmen, the repairs of two fire engines, buckets, lanterns, watchmen, &c. and other incidental and contingent expenses, one thousand one

For defraying the expense of stating and printing the public For stating and printing the public secounts, for the year one thousand eight hundred and twelve, public accounts. : welve hundred dollars.

For compensation to the secretary of the commissioners of the For the secretary of the commissioners of the commissioners. inking fund, two hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation to the secretary of war, clerks, and persons for the secretamployed in his office, including the sum of one thousand two clerks, &c. a undred dollars, for clerk hire, in addition to the sum allowed by The act of April twenty-first, one thousand eight hundred and ix, eleven thousand three hundred and twenty-five dollars.

For expense of fuel, stationery, printing, and other continuent cent expenses in the office of the secretary of war, one thousand office of the secretary follars.

For compensation to the accountant of the war department, For the account lerks, and persons employed in his office, including the sum of ant of the war wo thousand dollars for clerk hire, in addition to the sum allowd by the act of the twenty-first of April, one thousand eight hunred and six, twelve thousand six hundred and ten dollars.

For additional compensation to the clerks in the war depart- For additional ment, not exceeding fifteen per centum, in addition to the sum compensation to

numbered dollars.

1812. war department, not exceeding 15 per cent. [* Ante, ch. 41.]

allowed by the act, entitled " An act to regulate and that pensation of clerks, and to authorize the laying our cent lic roads, and for other purposes,"* two thousand two h and twenty-six dollars.

For contingent expenses in the accountant's office. For clerks em-

paymaster's office.

For contingent expenses in the office of the accountant war department, one thousand dollars.

For compensation to the clerks employed in the payment? office, including the sum of three hundred and twelve dollar for deficiency in the appropriation of the year one thousand whit hundred and eleven, and a further sum of one thousand two him dred dollars, in addition to the sum heretofore appropriated for that object, four thousand nine hundred and twelve dollars.

For contingent expenses in the sam . For the purvey-or, clerks, &c.

For contingent expenses in the said office, two hundred dillers. For compensation to the purveyor of public supplies, clarks, and persons employed in his office, and for expense of sentimery, store rent, and fuel, for said office, including the sum of five hundred dollars for compensation to clerks, in addition to the sum allowed by the act of the twenty-first of April, one thousand eight

[+ See ance, ch. hundred and six, + five thousand one hundred dollars. For compensation to the secretary of the navy, clerks, and persons employed in his office, eight thousand six hundred and

41.] For the secretary of the navy, clerks, &c.

eighty-five dollars. For expenses of stationery, fuel, printing, and other contingent For expenses of stationery, fuel, printing, and continued to the expenses in the said office, two thousand dollars.

For compensation to the accountant of the national description to the accountant of the national description to the accountant of the national description.

navy's office. For the accountant of the navy, çlerks, &c.

For compensation to the accountant of the navy, clerks, and persons employed in his office, ten thousand one hundred an ten collars.

For contingent expenses in the fice.

For contingent expenses in the office of the accountant of the accountant's of navy, one thousand dollars.

tompensation to the clerks in the navy department, not exceeding fifteen per centum, in addition to the summer.

allowed by the act. entitled "An act to the summer." pensation of clerks, and to authorize the laying out certain pub-[t Ante, ch. 41.] lic roads, and for other purposes,"t one thousand nine hardred and thirty-five dollars.

For the postmaster general ral.

For compensation to the postmaster general, assistant postter general, as sistant postmas master general, clerks, and persons employed in the postmaster general's office, including the sum of two thousand seven hun dred and forty-five dollars, for compensation to clerks, in add tion to the sum allowed by the act of the twenty-first of April [6 Sec ante, ch. one thousand eight hundred and six, seventeen thousand no hundred and seventy-five dollars.

For the expense of fuel, house rent for the messenger, can the general post dles, stationery, chests, &c. incident to the postmaster general office, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For fuel, &c. for

For additional compensation to the clerks employed in postmaster general's office, not exceeding fifteen per centum, addition to the sum allowed by the act, entitled "An act to reference to reference to the sum allowed by the act, entitled "An act to reference to the sum allowed by the act to the sum allowed by the act to the sum allowed by the act to the act to the sum allowed by the act to the act late and fix the compensation of clerks, and to authorize the in ing out certain public roads, and for other purposes," | one the

For additional compensation to the clerks enployed in the postmaster general's office, not exce ding 15 per c.nt. [1 Ante, ch. 41.]

sand four hundred and one dollars and seventy-five cents. For compensation to the several loan officers, thirteen hour sand two hundred and fifty dollars.

For the several loan officers.

- after companies on to the clerks of the commissioners of loans, the for allowances to certain loan officers in lieu of clerk hire, Forthe clerk; of and to defray the authorized expense of the several loan offices, ere of loans, &c. fifteen thousand dollars.

*For compensation to the surveyor general and his clerks, three For the surveyor general and his clerks, three For the surveyor or general and clerks. thousand two hundred dollars.

Director.

Treasurer.

Melter and re-

Assayer. Chief coiner.

finer.

For ecompensation to the surveyor of the lands south of Ten- for the surveyor of the lands are seen, clerks employed in his office, and for stationery, and south of Tennes. other contingencies, including the sum of fifteen hundred dollars see, elseks, &c. for clerk hire, in addition to the sums heretofore appropriated for that object, four thousand seven hundred dollars. For the officers

For compensation to the officers of the mint, viz: The director, two thousand dollars:

The treasurer, one thousand two hundred dollars: The assayer, one thousand five hundred dollars:

The chief coiner, one thousand five hundred dollars:

The melter and refiner, one thousand five hundred dollars:

The engraver, one thousand two hundred dollars:

Engraver. One clerk at seven hundred dollars, and one clerk at five Clerks. hundred dollars.

For wages to the persons employed in melting, coining, car- For the wages of penter's, millwright's, and smith's work, including the sum of ed in the mint. one thousand dollars allowed to an assistant coiner and die forger, who also oversees the execution of the iron work, and of six hundred dollars allowed to an assistant engraver, eight *thousand five hundred dollars.

For repairs of furnaces, cost of rollers and screws, timber, bar For contingeniron, lead, steel, potash, and for all other contingencies of the establishment. mint, three thousand three hundred and fifty dollars.

For an allowance for wastage in the gold and silver coinage, Foran allowance for wastage, &c. three thousand dollars.

For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of For the governthe territory of Orleans, thirteen thousand dollars.

e territory of Orleans, thirteen thousand dollars.

For clerk hire, expense of stationery, and other contingent exof Orleans.

For clerk hire, expense of stationery, and other contingent exof Orleans. penses of said territory, one thousand eight hundred and fifty removal exdollars.

For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of For the governor the Mississippi territory, including the sum of six hundred dol- of the Mississiplars for clerk hire, in the year one thousand eight hundred and pi territory. eleven, nine thousand six hundred dollars.

For expense of stationery, office rent, and other contingent For contingent territorial exexpenses of said territory, three hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of For the governor, judges, &c. e Indiana territory, six thousand six hundred dollars. the Indiana territory, six thousand six hundred dollars.

For expense of stationery, office rent, and other contingent ex- territory. peases of said territory, three hundred and fifty dollars. For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of for the governor, judges, and

the Michigan territory, six thousand six hundred dollars. For expense of stationery, office rent, and other contingent ex- for contingent

For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of for the governor, judges, &c.

of the Louising penses of said territory, three hundred and fifty dollars.

the Louisiana territory, six thousand six hundred dollars.

or, judg s, &c. of the Michigan

1812.

For the governor, judges, &cc. of the Illinois territory.
For contingent territorial ex-

For demands not otherwise provided for, admitted at the treasury, &cc.

For the judges, and the attorney general, &cc.

For expense of stationery, office tent, and other contingent ex-For contingent penses of said territory, three hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary of the Illinois territory, six thousand six hundred dollars.

For expense of stationery, office rent, and other continuent expenses of said territory, three hundred and fifty dollars.

For the discharge of such demands against the United States, on account of the civil department, not otherwise provided for, as shall have been admitted in due course of settlement at the treasury, two thousand dollars.

For compensation granted by law to the chief justice, the msociate judges, and district judges, of the United States, incliding the chief justice and two associate judges for the district of Columbia, to the attorney general, and to the district studen of the territory of Orleans, including the sum of one thousand dollars for the payment of the additional salaries for the year one thousand eight hundred and eleven, allowed to the judges of the district of Columbia, by the act of the third of March, one thou-[*Ante,ch.317.] sand eight hundred and eleven, * sixty thousand nine hundred and fifty dollars.

For district attorn y s. For the compen-

sation to the se-

ral marshals of Maine, &c.

For the like compensation granted to the several district attorneys of the United States, three thousand four hundred dollars.

For compensation granted to the several marshale for the districts of Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, New Jersey, North Carolina, Kentucky, Ohio, East and West Tennessee, and Orleans, two thousand two hundred dollars.

For the expenses of courts, jurors, and witnesses, in aid of the funds arising from fines, &c.

For defraying the expenses of the supreme, circuit, and district, courts of the United States, including the district of Columbia, and of jurors, and witnesses, in aid of the funds arising from fines, forfeitures, and penalties, and for defraying the expenses of prosecutions for offences against the United States, and for the safe keeping of prisoners, forty thousand dollars.

son, deceased,

For the payment of a balance due for the salary of Robert H. for the salary of Harrison, deceased, formerly a judge of the supreme court of Robert H. Harrish and Things of the supreme court of Robert H. Harrish and Things of the supreme court of Robert H. Harrish and Things of the supreme court of Robert H. Harrish and Things of the supreme court of Robert H. Harrish and Things of the supreme court of Robert H. Harrish and Things of the supreme court of Robert H. Harrish and Things of the supreme court of th the United States, the same having heretofore been carried to the surplus fund, five hundred and fifty-six dollars and sixteen cents. For the payment of sundry pensions granted by the late and

For the payment of sundry pen-nons, &c. For the annual allowance to the invalid pension-

present government, nine hundred and sixty dollars. For the payment of the annual allowance to the invalid pensioners of the United States, from the fifth of March, one thousand eight hundred and twelve, to the fourth of March, one thou-

sand eight hundred and thirteen, ninety-eight thousand dollars. For the support of lighthouses, For the maintenance and support of lighthouses, beacons, buoys, and public piers, stakeages of channels, bars, and shoals, beacous, buoys, and certain contingent expenses, ninety-three thousand one hundred dollars and sixty-seven cents.

For surveying the public land.

For defraying the expense of surveying the public land within the several territories of the United States, forty-eight thousand six hundred and twenty dollars.

For surveying the coast of the United States.

For surveying the coast of the United States, being the balance of a former appropriation, carried to the credit of the surthis find, forty white thousand two hundred and eighty-four 1812. dollars sind twenty-five cents.

Ror expenses of intercourse with foreign nations, seventy-three For foreign intercourse. floursand dollars.

For the contingent expenses of intercourse with foreign na- For contingent tions, one hundred thousand dollars.

For expenses of intercourse with the Barbary powers, fifty For intercourse with the Barthousand dollars.

bary powers.

For the relief and protection of distressed American seamen, For the roller, See, of American fifteen thousand dollars.

For defraying the expenses of regulating, laying out, and forthe expenses of regulating, making, a road from Cumberland, in the state of Maryland, to laying out, one. Ohio, agreeably to an act of congress, passed the twenty-ninth Comberland to Ohio, according to the conference of t day of March, one thousand eight hundred and six,* being so [* See ante, much of a former appropriation, carried to the surplus fund, at the 19.] the close of the year one thousand eight hundred and eleven, three thousand seven hundred and eighty-six dollars and sixty

For expenses of prosecuting claims and appeals in the courts For prosecuting of Great Britain, in relation to captures of American vessels, and peals in the defending causes elsewhere, four thousand dollars.

For the discharge of such miscellaneous claims against the tion to capture, cc.

United States, not otherwise provided for, as shall have been charge of mischarge of mischarge of mischarge of mischarge of deliberation of settlement at the treasury, four thought claims, foc. ad-

sand dollars.

courts of Great Britain, in rela-

For defraying the expenses authorized by the eleventh section For defraying of the act of March the second, eighteen hundred and eleven, the expenses as entitled "An act for establishing trading houses with the Indian like of the act for establishing trading houses with the Indian like of the act for establishing trading houses with the Indian like to of the act for establishing trading houses with the Indian like the act for establishing trading houses with the Indian like the act for establishing trading houses with the Indian like the act for establishing trading houses with the Indian like the act of the tribes," to be drawn, annually, by the president of the United ing trading houses with the States, for the payment of agents, assistant agents, and clerks, Indian tribes, including the sum of eleven thousand sixty-two dollars and fifty [†Ante,ch, 307.] cents, which had accrued, by said act, for the year eighteen hundred and eleven, twenty-five thousand eight hundred and twelve dollars and seventy-six cents.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the several appro- The preceding priations hereinbefore made, shall be paid and discharged out of appropriations to be paid out of the fund of six hundred thousand dollars, reserved by an act the fund reserved, Sec. making provision for the debt of the United States,‡ and out of [‡ See chap, \$1/vol.25] any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, February 26, 1812.]

CHAP. 357. [XXXIV.] An act to authorize the secretary of the treasury, under the direction of the president of the United States, to purchase of Winslow Lewis his patent right to the new and improved method of lighting lighthouses, and for other purposes.

BECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the secretary of the treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized The secretary of and empowered, under the directions of the president of the powered to purchase of Winslow Lewis his patent right to low Lewis his

1812. patent right to the plan of light-ing lighthouses, by reflecting and magnifying an-terns, if, &c.

Proviso; the sum allowed not to exceed, annual-ly, the appropri-ation for supplying the light-house establish-ment with oil, &c. and Lewis &c. on the new plan, and to fur-nish, and deliver over, &ce. war-ranting, &cc.

the plan of lighting lighthouses, by reflecting and magnifying lanterns, if the same shall be proved to be a discovery made by him; and to contract with the said Winslow Lewis for fitting up and keeping in repair, any or all the lighthouses in the United States, or the territories thereof, upon the new and improved plan of the reflecting and magnifying lanterns; or to contract with the said Winslow Lewis for such sum as he may think for the interest of the United States: Provided, The sum so to be allowed shall not, in any case, annually exceed the appropriation made for supplying the lighthouse establishment with oil, in any given year, which has passed for a term not exceeding seven years, the said Lewis covenanting, with sufficient sureties, to fit up and to fit up, Sc. all keep in repair all the lighthouses in the United States, or terribilitioners, with summer and the lighthouses. tories thereof, on the new and improved plan of lighting lightd to fur houses by reflecting and magnifying lanterns; and the same to furnish and keep in repair for a term of years not less than seven, at the sole expense of the said Winslow Lewis, and to deliver over, at the expiration of the term aforesaid, all the lighthouses fitted up according to the new and improved plan, to the United States, in good repair, he, the said Winslow Lewis, warranting the same to remain in good repair for seven years more, from and after the expiration of the said contract.

Not exceeding oo ooo dolls. ap-propriated for earrying this act into effect.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That a sum, not exceeding sixty thousand dollars, be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, to carry this law into effect. [Approved, March 2, 1812.]

te, chap. 259.]
The postmaster
general authorized to repair
and finish, for office depart-ment and the atent office, the postmaster ge-neral's report. [† See ante, ch. 269.]

The general ing, as soon as, 13,247 dolls. 61

[*Obsolete. See CHAP. 358. [XXXV.] An act supplementary to "An act providing for the orig. act, of 38th April, 1810; an accommodation of the general post office and patent office, and for other purposes."**

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representaand finish, for the uccommodal tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That tion of the post office denant. the postmaster general, under the direction of the president of the United States, be authorized to repair and finish, in a suitapatent office, the cond ble manner for the accommodation of the post office department stories of the stories of the building purchased and the patent office, the two stories of the building purchased thority of the act for the government, by authority of the aforesaid act, being the referred to, &c. first and second stories, including also sundry repairs on the plet stated in the outside, and in the garret, of said building appear the principles. outside, and in the garret, of said building, upon the principles stated in the report of the postmaster general, dated January fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and twelve.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That, as soon as the repost office and the city post of pairs can be properly made, and before the commencement of fice to be remove the next annual session of congress, the general post office, and of the build. the city post office, shall be removed to said public building.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That, for the purpose of section deliding.

See appropriate completing the aforesaid work, there be appropriated, from any edfor completion moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, the sum of the building.

the building. thirteen thousand two hundred and forty-seven dollars and sixthirteen thousand two hundred and forty-seven dollars and sixty-one cents, including the sum of two thousand three hundred dollars, now in the treasury, and also the sum of one thousand

three hundred and ninety-three dollars and seventy cents, now in the hands of Thomas Munroe, superintendent of the city of Washington, being unexpended balances of the sum of twenty thousand dollars, authorized by the act of April twenty-eighth, one thousand eight hundred and ten,* to which this act is a sup-[*See sinte, see. 3, ch. 250.] plement. [Approved, March 7, 1812.]

CHAP. 359. [XXXVI.] An act for the relief of the board of commissioners west of Pearl river.†

[† Obsolete.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the proper accounting officers at the treasury be, and they are The proper achereby, directed to audit and settle the accounts of the board of at the treasury hereby, directed to audit and settle the accounts of the board of at the treasury directed to anomissioners west of Pearl river, in the Mississippi territory, directed to anomissioners west of Pearl river, in the Mississippi territory, directed to anomissioners west of the accounts of the board of commissioners west of the allowers west of April, one thousand eight hundred and six, except for the alloweach of them 6 dolls per day. eighty-four days already provided for. [Approved, March 10, 1812.]

CHAP. 360. [XXXVII.] An act making a further appropriation for the defence of our maritime frontier.

[† Obsolete.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the sum of five hundred thousand dollars be, and the same is soo oo dolls. in hereby, appropriated, in addition to the sums already appropriated for ated, for the purposes of fortifying and defending the maritime defending the frontier of the United States; and that the same be paid out of maritime fro any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, March 10, 1812.]

CHAP. 361. [XXXVIII.] An act giving further time for registering claims to land in the western district of the territory of Orleans §

| § Sce act of 27th Feb. 1813; chap. 503, post.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That Persons claim every person or persons claiming lands in the western district of western district the territory of Orleans, who are actual settlers on the land which ing actual set they claim, and whose claims have not been heretofore filed with there are the claims have not the register of the land office for the said district, shall be allowed until the first day of November next to deliver notices in the Nov. 1818, to
deliver notices,
writing, and the written evidences of their claims, to the registent have not her filed, &c.
allow.duntiltne
in the Nov. 1818, to
deliver notices,
&c. to the register of the land office at Opelousas; and the notices and evidences, trat Opelousas, so delivered within the time limited by this act, shall be recorded to be recorded as if ed in the same manner, and on payment of the same fees, as if delivered b force the recorded as if the land of the land o the same had been delivered before the first day of July, one 1808. thousand eight hundred and eight; but the rights of such persons The rights of persons neglect as shalls neglect so doing, within the time limited by this act, lig to deliver

1812. ecome void, so

shall, so far as they are derived from, or founded on, any, act of congress, ever after be barred and become void, and the evadences of their claims never after admitted as evidence in 197 court of the United States against any grant derived from be

[* See ante, sec. United States.* 5, ch.01.] SECT. 2. And receiver at Opereceiver to report to the secreany the claims filed, with the substance of the evidence, and their opinion,

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted. That the register and receiver of public moneys of the said land office at Opelousas, shall the same powers have the same powers, and perform the same duties, in relation duties. &c. to the claims thus filed before the first day of November next, as if notice had been given before the first day of fore the lat July, one thousand eight hundred and eight, except that their 1905, except, &c. July, one thousand eight hundred and eight, except that their as if notice of the same had been given before the first day of Theregister and decisions shall be subject to the revision of congress. And it shall be the duty of the said register and receiver to make, to the secretary of the treasury, a report of all the claims thus filed with the register of the land office, together with the substance of the evidence in support thereof, with their opinion, and such Thereport, with remarks thereon as they may think proper; which report, a list of the claims &c. to be laid before con- and receiver, ought to be confirmed, shall be laid by the secretary of the treasury before congress, at their next session, for The register and their determination thereon. The said register and receiver shall receiver empowered to appoint have power to appoint a clerk, whose duty shall be the same, in a clerk his durelation to the claims filed as aforesaid, as was required of the clerk to the board of commissioners for adjusting claims to land in the said district; and the said register, receiver, and clerk, shall, each, be allowed fifty cents for each claim filed according to this act, and on which a decision shall be made, whether such decision be in favor of, or against, the claim; which allowance of fifty cents shall be in full compensation for their services under this act. [Approved, March 10, 1812.]

The register, receiver, and clerk, each, to be allowed 50 cents for each claim filed, &c. in full, &c.

> CHAP. 362. [XXXIX.] An act to alter the time of holding the circuit courts of the United States at Knoxville, in the district of East Tennessee, in the state of Tennessee.

So much of the 1st sec. of the act mentioned e sessions of Oct. annually, ealed.

SECT. 1. Beit enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That as provides that so much of the first section of an act, entitled "An act to amend the circuit courts an act, entitled an act establishing circuit courts, and abridging shall be held at a Rnoxville on the the jurisdiction of the district courts of the districts of Kentucky, third Monday of Tennessee, and Ohio,"† passed on the twenty-second day of [tante,ch.142.] March, eighteen hundred and eight, as provides that the sessions of the said circuit courts shall be held at Knoxville, in East Pennessee, on the third Monday of October annually, shall be, and March, 1812, the circuit courts that the said circuit courts shall be held at Knoxville, in the district beheld at Knoxville, on the second Monday in October, annually, cond Monday in October, annually, cond Monday in October, annually, cond to be proceeded on, accordingly, exc. Continued, and to be proceeded on, accordingly, exc. Continued. ted States, to be held at Knoxville on the third Monday of Oc-

cordingly.

mber next, shall be returned, and held continued to, and be proceeded upon, on the second Monday in October next, in the same manner they would have been if this change had not been made. [Approved, March 10, 1812.]

CHAP. 363. [XL.] An act respecting the enrolling and licensing of steam

SECT. 1. Be is enacted by the senate and house of representa- After the 18th times of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, steam boat, emfrom and after the passing of this act, a steam boat employed, in a river of the United States, or need wholly or in part by an alien, resident within the wholly or in part by an alien, resident within the wholly or in part by an alien, resident, for part by an alien, resident, for the United States, may and shall be enrolled and licensed, as if the resident, for may be enrolled. and subject to, all the conditions, limitations, and provisions, contained in the act entitled 6 An act for appelling and license and active, &c. tained in the act, entitled "An act for enrolling and licensing except that no ships or vessels to be employed in the coasting trade and fishtonia to be except, and for negulating the same," * except that, in such case, a citizen is to be required. no oath or affirmation shall be required that the said boat belongs [ch. 15, vol. 1] to a citizen or citizens of the United States.

Sect. 2. And be it further enacted, That the owner or owners The owners of such ateam boat, upon application for enrolment or license, upon application to the collection of the district to and for the upon for enrolment. shall give hand to the collector of the district, to and for the use to enrolment, of the United States, in the penalty of one thousand dollars, with the boat shall not be employed in other sufficient surety, conditioned that the said boat shall not be employed in other waters &ce. ployed in other waters than the rivers and bays of the United States. [Approved, March 12, 1812.]

CHAP. 364. [XLI.] An act authorizing a loan for a sum not exceeding eleven

SECT. 1. Re it enacted by the senate and house of representations of the United States of America in congress assembled The president of the United States o tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The president the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, author-bried to borrow, on the credit of the United States, a sum not credit of the United States, as an interest not exceeding the condition of dollars, at an interest not exceeding 11,000,000 dollars, at an interest not ex six per centum per annum, payable quarter yearly, to be applied, at an int rest and addition to the moneys now in the treasury, or which may be per cent per received from other sources, to defray any of the expenses which fra; any of the have been, or may, during the present session of congress, be ized by law during the present session of congress, be ized by law during the present session of congress, be in the present session of congress. authorized by law, and for which appropriations have been, or ing the present may, during the present session of congress, be made by law: gress, &c. Provided, That no engagement nor contract shall be entered into, proviso; the United States from reimbursing any be preclude the United States from reimbursing any be precluded sum or sums thus borrowed, at any time after the expiration of from reimbursing any sum bortwelve years, from the first day of January next.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause to be constituted certificates of stock, signed by the register of the treasections.

sury, or by a commissioner of loans, for the sum to be borrowed female, see

1812.

not to be sold

under par.

by virtue of this act, or for any part thereof, bearing an interest of six per centum, and reimburseable as aforesaid; which stock. thus created, shall be transferable in the same manner as is provided by law for the transfer of the existing public debt of the It is a good exe- United States: and it is hereby further declared, that it shall be power toborrow deemed a good execution of the said power to borrow, for the tificates of stock president of the United States to cause the said certificates of to be sold, &c. stock, or any part thereof, to be sold: Provided, That no such Proviso; stock stock shall be sold under par.

So much of the annual appro-priation of \$,000,000 dolls. debt, as may be wanted, &c. propriated to pay the interest and reimburse the principal, of by this act; and the commission-

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That so much of the funds constituting the annual appropriation of eight millions of dollars, for the payment for the payment of the principal and interest of the public debt of the public of the United States of the public debt of the United States, as may be wanted for that purpose, after satisfying the sums necessary for the payment of the interest, and such part of the principal, of the said debt as the United States are now pledged annually to pay or reimburse, is hereby pledged the principal, of and appropriated for the payment of the interest, and for the reimbursement of the principal, of the stock which may be creers of the sink-ing fund to cause ated by virtue of this act; it shall, accordingly, be the duty of the sums that the commissioners of the sinkthe commissioners of the sinking fund, to cause to be applied and to be applied ac paid out of the said fund, yearly, such sum and sums as may be cordingly, &c. annually wanted to discharge the interest accruing on the said stock, and to reimburse the principal as the same shall become due, and may be discharged in conformity with the terms of the loan; and they are further authorized to apply, from time to time, such sum or sums out of the said fund as they may think proper, towards redeeming by purchase, and at a price not above par, the The faith of the principal of the said stock, or any part thereof. And the faith pledged to establish sufficient revenues for making up any deficiency that may hereafter take place in the funds hereby appropriated for paying the said interest and principal sums, or any of them, in manner aforesaid.

Any of the banks in the district of Columbia may iend any part of

rowed, &c.

revenues for making up any deficiency, &c.

> SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any of the banks in the district of Columbia to lend any part of the sum authorized to be borrowed by virtue of this act, any thing in any of their charters of incorporation to the contrary notwithstanding. [Approved, March 14, 1812.]

[* See the note at the end of ch. 760, port; and see the orig. act, of 1812; antc, ch. 337.]

The noncom. missioned officers, privat s, dragoons to recive th. same ing as provided for the artillery and infantry, ex-shoes. cept, &c.

The noncom-missioned officers, privates, CHAP. 365. [XLII.] An act supplementary to "An act to raise an additional military force."

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the noncommissioned officers, musicians, and privates, of the light dragoons, shall receive the same uniform clothing as is now provided by law for the artillery and infantry, excepting one pair of gaiters and four pairs of shoes, in lieu of which each person shall be annually entitled to receive one pair of boots and two pair of

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the noncommissioned officers, musicians, and privates, of the regiment of light artillery, shall receive the same clothing as the light dragoons, when

ordered to be mounted.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That all the officers, exceive the same clothing as the tepting general officers, who may be appointed during the present session of congress, under the "Act to raise an additional All officers, except general officers, or military force,"* shall take rank in such manner as the president care, appointed of the United States shall direct, without regard to priority of menines to of the United States shall direct, without regard to priority of mentioned, to appointment. [Approved, March 17, 1812.] appointment. [Approved, March 17, 1812.]

[* Ante, ch. 337.]

CHAP. 366. [XLIII.] An act repealing the tenth section of the act to incorporate the subscribers to the bank of the United States.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- The 10th section tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That corporate the the tenth section of the act, entitled "An act to incorporate the subscribers to the bank of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That corporate the the subscribers to the bank of the United States of the United States and States are the subscribers to the bank of the United States are the United States and States are the United States are the subscribers to the bank of the United States," shall be, and the United States, same is hereby, repealed. [Approved, March 19, 1812.]

CHAP. 367. [XLIV.] This is an act relating entirely to the district of Columbia. See act of 18th April, 1814; sec. 1, chap. 657, post.

CHAP. 368. [XLV.] An act to alter the times of holding the circuit courts of the first district.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, in lieu of the terms now established by law, the circuit court of Thecircuit court the first circuit shall annually be holden as follows: At Ports- cuit to be holden mouth, on the first day of May, and at Exeter, on the first day eiffed, in lieu, of October, within and for the district of New Hampshire; at &c. Newport, on the fifteenth day of June, and at Providence, on the fifteenth day of November, within and for the district of Rhode Island; and at Boston, on the fifteenth day of May, and the fifteenth day of October, within and for the tistings.

And whenever any of the said days shall happen on a when anyof the Sunday, then the said court, hereby directed to be holden on said days specified happen on a Sunday, the court to be held the said court the said

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That all actions, suits, the next day.

Actions, suits, writs, processes, and other proceedings, which now are pending writs, &c. re-turnable, and to in said court, or which now are, or may hereafter be, commenced be tried acc acfor, or be returnable to, the said court, at the proper term thereof, cordingly. now established by law, within and for the respective districts aforesaid, shall depend, have day, be returnable to, heard, tried, and determined, in the said court, at the first term thereof, which shall hereafter be holden within and for the respective districts aforesaid, according to the provisions of this act, any thing in any former act or acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

[Approved, March 26, 1812.]

1815. at the end of quartermaster general, depu-ces, assistants, master general and deputies to be appointed by the line or not, &c. The quartermaster general entitled to the rank, pay. &c. of a brigadier general, &c. [† See ante, chap. 147.] Pay, &cc. of de-

CHAP. 369, [XLVI.] An agt to establish a quartermaster's department, and for other purposes."

set the end of chap. 760, post. Sec. also, among set also, post 1 tives of the United States of America in congress assembled. That chap. 415, post 1 there be, and hereby is, established a quartermaster's department for the army of the United States, to consist of a quartermaster general, four deputy quartermasters, and as many satisfact the puty quartermasters as, in the opinion of the president of the United States, the public service may require; the quartermaster general, and deputy quartermasters, to be appointed by the president, by and with the advice and consent of the senate; and be appointed by the assistant deputy quartermasters by the president alone. And and anate, the assistant deputy quartermasters by the president alone. The president alone number of deputy quartermasters, not exceeding four, to be exceeding four taken from the line or not, at his discretion, as in his judgment the public service may require.

Sect. 2. And he it further enacted. That the districtions is the discretion of the construction of the public service may require. the assistant deputy quartermasters by the president alone. SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the quarterinaster

general shall be entitled to the rank, pay, and emolutionts, of a brigadier general, (under the act of the twelfth of April, one thousand eight hundred and eight, †) with forage for two additional horses; the deputy quartermasters, when not taken from the line, shall be entitled to receive sixty dollars per month, five rations per day, and forage for two horses; but if taken from puty quarterthe line, then such additional pay and emoluments as shall be Pay, &c. of the equal to the foregoing provision; the assistant deputy quartermasters, when not taken from the line, shall be entitled to and receive forty dollars per month, three rations per day, and forage for one horse; but if taken from the line, then such additional pay and emoluments as shall be equal to the foregoing provision.

his deputies. rected, &c. to urchase mili tary stores, &c.

The quarter-master general to account as often as required, and, at least, once in three months, &c.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That, in addition to The quarter DECT. 3. And to the field, it shall be the duty of the quartermaster that denuties. general, his deputies, and assistant deputies, when thereto directed by the secretary of war, to purchase military stores, camp equipage, and other articles, requisite for the troops, and, generally, to procure and provide means of transport for the army, its stores, artillery, and camp equipage. That the quartermaster general shall account as often as may be required, and, at least, once in three months, with the department of war, in such manner as shall be prescribed, for all property which may pass through his hands, or the hands of the subordinate officers in his department, or that may be in his or their care or possession, and for all moneys which he or they may expend in discharging their respective duties; that he shall be responsible for the regularity and correctness of all returns in his department, and that he, his deputies, and assistant deputies, before they enter on the execution of their respective offices, shall severally take an oath faithfully to perform the duties thereof.

A commissary general of pur-chases, deputies, &c. to be ap-pointed by the president and senate. SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That there shall be a commissary general of purchases, and as many deputy commissaries, as, in the opinion of the president of the United States, the public service may require, to be appointed by the president, by and with the advice and consent of the senate.

E Eggs. 5. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the commissary general of purchases, under the direction and Theorems - supervision of the secretary of war, to conduct the procuring damp, and and providing of all arms, military stores, clothing, and, gene-the secretary mily all articles of supply requisite for the military service of the proming of the United States; and it shall be the duty of the deputy complete, service, when directed thereto, either by the secretary of war, series, when directed thereto, either by the secretary of war, saries, when directed thereto, either by the secretary of war, saries, when directed thereto, either by the secretary of war, saries, when directed thereto, either by the secretary of war, saries, when directed the commissary general of purchases, or, in cases of necessity, purchase action to the commanding general, quartermaster general, or deputy military services quartermasters, to purchase all such of the aforestid articles as , may be requisite for the military service of the United States.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That neither the quer- Neither the termaster general, nor the commissary general, shall, directly or general are indirectly, be concerned or interested in carrying on the business eral to be con-of trade or commerce, or be owner, in whole or in part, of any more, nor in sea vessel; nor shall either of them purchase, by hisself, or the purchasing public lands, nor amother in trust for him, public lands, or any other public promise any entering public lands, nor party, or be concerned in the purchase or disposal of any public ed by law, Sec. securities of any state, or of the United States, or take, or analy and the party of the lands securities of any state, or of the United States, or take, or apply alty of apon to his own use, any emolument or gain, for negotiating or transment not exacting any business in the said department, other than what shall ceeding five be allowed by law; and if either the said quartermaster general, from, and incapacitation for. or commissary general, shall offend against any of the prohibi- office. tions of this act, the parties so offending shall, upon conviction, for feit to the United States the penalty of three thousand dollars, and may be imprisoned for a term not exceeding five years, and shall be removed from office, and be forever thereafter incapable of holding any office under the United States.*

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That the salary of the s, obap. 418 commissary general of purchases shall be three thousand dollars Salary of the per annum; and the compensation to a deputy commissary shall commissary sh not exceed two and one-half per centum on the public moneys per annum, a compensation disbursed by him, nor, in any instance, the sum of two thousand a depay nor to dollars per annum.

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That the commissary Thecommission general of purchases shall, before he enters upon his duties, give chases to give bond, with sufficient surety, to be approved of by the secretary dolts and deput of swar in the swar of first houseand dollars. of war, in the sum of fifty thousand dollars, and the deputy each, in 10,000 commissaries, each, in the sum of ten thousand dollars, with condollars, with condollars, with conto be lodged
to be lodged with the comptroller
troller. of the treasury.

SECT. 9. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the After the 31st last day of May next, so much of the act, entitled "An act to much of the act establish the office of purveyor of public supplies," as relates to office of purveyor of public supplies, "as relates to office of purveyor of public supplies, lates to the appointment and services of a purveyor of public supplies, lates to the appointment and services of a purveyor of public supplies, lates to the appointment and services of a purveyor of public supplies, lates to the appointment and services of a purveyor of public supplies, lates to the appointment and services of a purveyor of public supplies, lates to the appointment and services of a purveyor of public supplies, lates to the appointment and services of a purveyor of public supplies, lates to the appointment and services of a purveyor of public supplies, lates to the appointment and services of a purveyor of public supplies, lates to the appointment and services of a purveyor of public supplies, lates to the appointment and services of a purveyor of public supplies, lates to the appointment and services of a purveyor of public supplies, lates to the appointment and services of a purveyor of public supplies, lates to the appointment and services of a purveyor of public supplies, lates to the appointment and services of a purveyor of public supplies, lates to the appointment and services of a purveyor of public supplies, lates to the appointment and services of a purveyor of public supplies, lates to the appointment and services of a purveyor of public supplies and lates to the appointment and services of a purveyor of public supplies are a public supplies. be, and the same is hereby, repealed; and, in the mean time, the pointment and a services of a purveyor shall deliver over to the commissary general, or one purveyor, reof his deputies, the public stores and property of all sorts in his [chap. see, possession, who shall receipt to him for the same.

SECT. 19. And be it further enacted, That all letters and the commission packets, to and from the quartermaster general, and commissary general, &c. t

general, shall be free from postage.

Litters, &c. to

SECT. 11. And be it further enacted, That there be allowed.

1812. for the compensation of the necessary clerks in the quarternasand from the artermaster and commissary ter general's office, a sum not exceeding fifteen hundred dollars general, free, a year; and for the compensation of the clerks of the commis-Not exceeding 1.500 dolls. a
year allowed for
clerks in the sary general, a sum not exceeding seventeen hundred dollars per annum, with such books and stationery as may be necessary to quartermaster general's office; and not exceed-ing 1,700 dolls. for the clerks of the commissary general, with books, Scc.

the quartermaster general's and commissary general's departments. SECT. 12. And be it further enacted, That the quartermaster y general be authorized to appoint a principal wagon master, and as BOOK 1, Sec. The quarterman many wagon masters as he may judge necessary for the service of the army, not exceeding one to each brigade, whose duty snau therized to appoint a principal be, under the direction of the quartermaster general, or any of wagon master, and other means and conduct the wagons, and other means and conduct the of transport necessary and proper for the military service of the United States.

Wagon masters not to be con-cerned in wagons, &c. except as agents, &c.

wagons, &cc.

SECT. 13. And be it further enacted, That no wagon master shall, directly or indirectly, be concerned or interested in any wagon, or means of transport, employed in the service of the United States, nor in the purchase or sale of any horses, harness, wagons, or other means of transport, procured for, or belonging to, the United States, except as agent for the United States.

Pay, &c. of wagon masters.

SECT. 14. And be it further enacted, That the principal wagon master shall be entitled to receive forty dollars per month, three rations per day, and forage for one horse; and each wagon master shall be entitled to receive thirty dollars per month, two rations per day, and forage for one horse. Sect. 15. And be it further enacted, That the quartermaster

The quartermaste, general appoint a prin-cipal forage master, &c. to provide and de-

general be authorized to appoint one principal forage master, and as many assistant forage masters, as the nature of the service may require, not exceeding one to each brigade, whose duty liver out forme. shall be, under the direction of the quartermaster general, or any of his deputies, to provide and deliver out forage necessary and proper for the military service of the United States; nor shall any forage master be, directly or indirectly, concerned in the purchase or sale of any article of forage procured for or belonging to the United States, except as an agent for the United States.

No forage master to be conourchase or sale of forage, except as agent, Pay, &c. of for-

age masters.

Sect. 16. And be it further enacted, That the principal forage master shall be entitled to and receive forty dollars per month, three rations per day, and forage for two horses; and that the other forage masters shall be entitled to and receive thirty dollars per month, two rations per day, and forage for one horse.

Four conductors the president,

SECT. 17. And be it further enacted, That there shall be four of artillery, to be appointed by conductors of artillery, who shall be appointed by the president alone, each of whom shall be entitled to the pay and emoluments of a lieutenant of artillery.

This act to go into operation on the 1st of April, 1812. So much of the act mentioned,

SECT. 18. And be it further enacted, That this act shall go into operation on the first day of April next; and that so much as respects the appointment of the act fixing the military peace establishment of the United military agents. States, as respects the appointment of military agents and assisting chap. 209, ant military agents,* be, and the same is hereby, repealed, from vol. 3.]

and after that day; but all those agents shall continue to perform their respective duties in the mean time, and until the deputy The military and assistant deputy quartermasters shall be appointed and ready time to control to enter on the execution of their respective offices; to whom the the mean time. said military agents and assistant military agents shall then deliver all the public stores and property in their possession.

SECT. 19. And be it further enacted, That all persons attached to the public service by virtue of this act, shall be subject service by this act, shall be subject to service by this act, subject to service by this act is service by the service by this act is service by the service by the service by this act is service by the service by this act is service by the service b

SECT. 20. And be it further enacted, That the president may, The president and he hereby is, authorized, in the recess of the senate, to apquartermanter point the quartermaster general, deputy quartermasters, commissary general, and deputy commissaries, or any of them; which see in the recess, see, to be
appointments shall be submitted to the senate at their next sessubmitted at the
next session. sion, for their advice and consent.

[Approved, March 28, 1812.]

1812.

CHAP. 370. [XLVII.] An act concerning the naval establishment.*

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-chap. 763, pool. tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The president the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorempowered to cause to be immediately repaired, equipped, and put into actual service, the frigates Chesapeake, Conlation, and
Adams, to be stellation, and Adams; and that a sum, not exceeding three hun-put into actual dred thousand dollars, be, and is hereby, appropriated for that Not exceeding 300,000 dolls purpose.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the officers and seaThe officers and
on of the navy may be increased so far as more he person. men of the navy may be increased so far as may be necessary to seamen of the navy may be inofficer, man, and equip, the vessels so to be put into service, any creased, so far,

law to the contrary notwithstanding.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the sum of two hunannually, for three years, viz: one thousand eight hundred and twelve, one thousand eight hundred and
thirteen, and one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, be appropriated towards the purchase and supply of a stock of every description of timber required for ship building and other navy purposes; and that the first appropriation thereof be made in the
purchase of timber suitable for rebuilding the frigates Philadelphia, General Greene, New York, and Boston. phia, General Greene, New York, and Boston.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the sums herein spe-gates mentioned. cifically appropriated shall be paid out of any moneys in the trea-propriated to be

sury, not otherwise appropriated.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That as soon as it shall be treasury. deemed compatible with the good of the public service, the gun parible, &c. the boats now in commission be laid up, and, with those not in commission to mission, be distributed in the several harbors of the maritime began based up. Rec. for the distributed in the several harbors of the maritime began beautiful to be distributed in the most exposed harbors are und used as circumstances may require.

Sect. 6. And be it further enacted, That the pursers in the frontier, Rec. Furriers in the

vary of the United States shall be appointed by the president of properties by the

[*See, in relation to the 38 see, of this act,

appropriated moneys in the

1812. president and enate; and no person to act as purser, who has not been first nominated, &ce. exc.pt, &c.

the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the senate; and that, from and after the first day of May mest; no person shall act in the character of purser, who shall not have been thus first nominated and appointed, excepting pursuation distant service, who shall not remain in service after the first day of July next, unless nominated and appointed as aforesaid. And

Every purser to every purser, before entering upon the duties of his office, shall give bend in the penalty of 10,000 give bond, with two or more sufficient sureties, in the penalty of dolls. &c. ten thousand dollars, conditioned faithfully to perform all the duties of purser in the navy of the United States.

[Approved, March 30, 1812.]

CHAP. 371. [XLVIII.] An act granting to the corporation of the city of New Orleans the use and possession of a lot in the said city.

The right of the United States to a space 150 by 135 feet of a vacame lot of ground in New Orleans, Sec. vested in the orporation of that city.

for conveying water into the city, &cc.

Proviso; if the space is not ocenpied within not to affect the claims of individuals, &cc.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That all the right and claim of the United States to the use, possession, and occupancy, of a space of one hundred and fifty by one hundred and twenty-five feet of a vacant lot of ground, in the city of New Orleans, bounded by Bienville and Customhouse streets, and by Levee street and the high road, be, and the same The corporation is hereby, vested in the corporation of the said city. And the authorized to use the said corporation is authorized to use, possess, and occupy, the steam engines same, for the purpose of erecting on considerations. kept in operation, a steam engine, or engines, for conveying water into the said city, and all buildings necessary to the said purpose: Provided, That if the said space of ground shall not be occupied for the said purpose within the term of three years, three years from from and after the passing of this act, or shall, at any time there-the 3d April, 1913, or cause to be so occupied, for the term of three years, the lili, or cases to after, cease to be so occupied, for the term of three years, the three years, the right of the United States thereto shall remain unimpaired; and this act or claims of any individual or individuals, if any such there be.

[Approved, April 3, 1812.]

[* Expired.]

CHAP. 372. [XLIX.] An act laying an embargo on all ships and vessels is the ports and harbors of the United States, for a limited time.

An embargo, for 90 days from the 4th April, 1818, laidon all vessels within the limits of the United States, cleared, or not cleared, bound to a fo-

Sect. 1. Be it enucted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That an embargo be, and hereby is, laid, for the term of ninety days from and after the passing of this act, on all ships and vessels a the ports and places within the limits or jurisdiction of the United States, cleared or not cleared, bound to any foreign port or reign port; and ted States, cleared or not cleared, bound to any foreign port or no clearances to be furnished, ex. place; and that no clearance be furnished to any ship or vessel bound to such foreign port or place, except vessels in ballast, The president to with the consent of the president of the United States; and that give instructions to the office revenue, see cers of the revenue, and of the navy, and revenue cutters, of the United States, as shall appear best adapted for carrying the same into full effect: Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be Provisojuothia construed to prevent the departure of any foreign ship or vessel, we'the departure either in ballast or with the goods, wares, and merchandise, on reign vessel, see, beard of such foreign ship or vessel when notified of this act.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted. That during the continu- puring the continuance of this act, no registered or sealetter vessel shall be allowed act no registere to depart from any one port of the United States to any other dorseletter vessel to be allowed. within the same, unless the master, owner, consignee, or factor, low d to depart without first of such vessel, shall first give bond, with one or more sureties, to giving bond, &c. the collector of the district from which she is bound to depart, in a sum of double the value of the vessel and cargo, conditioned that the goods, wares, or merchandise, with which she shall be laden, shall be relanded in some port of the United States.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That if any ship or ves-Any vessel, during the continuance of this act, depart from any port ance of this act, of the United States, without a clearance or permit, or if any ship departing withor vessel shall, contrary to the provisions of this act, proceed to he was freeze a foreign port or place, or trade with, or put on board of, any port or insign other ship or vessel, any goods, wares, or merchandise, of foreign the provisions of or domestic growth or manufacture, such ships or vessels, goods, this act, such wares, and merchandise, shall be wholly forfeited, and, if the same goods, &c. to be wares, and merchandise, shall be wholly forfeited, and, if reighter, or not sized, the shall not be seized, the owner or owners, agent, freighter, or not sized, the former of owners, except such offence field ignite. factors, of any such ship or vessel, shall, for every such offence, forfelt double the value, and forfeit and pay a sum equal to double the value of the ship or never thereafter vessel and cargo, and shall never thereafter be allowed a credit dit, for and the for duties on any goods, wares, or merchandise, imported by him knowingly concerned to the into any of the ports of the United States; and the maserial section of the ports of the United States; and the maserial section of the ports of the United States; and the maserial section of the ports of the United States; and the maserial section of the ports of the United States; and the maserial section of the ports of the United States; and the maserial section of the ports of the United States; and the maserial section of the ports of the United States; and the maserial section of the ports of the United States; and the maserial section of the ship or never thereafter be allowed as credit dit, for and the section of the ship or never thereafter be allowed as credit dit, for and the section of the ship or never thereafter be allowed as credit dit, for and the section of the ship or never thereafter be allowed as credit dit, for and the section of the ship or never thereafter be allowed as credit dit, for and the section of the ship or never thereafter be allowed as credit dit, for and the section of the ship or never thereafter be allowed as credit dit, for any section of the ship or never thereafter be allowed as credit dit, for any section of the ship or never thereafter be allowed as credit dit, for any section of the ship or never thereafter be allowed as credit dit, for any section of the ship or never thereafter be allowed as credit dit, for any section of the ship or never thereafter be allowed as credit dit, for any section of the ship of the ter or commander of such ship or vessel, as well as all other persons who shall knowingly be concerned in such prohibited foreign dolls. and his voyage, shall, each. respectively, forfeit and pay a sum not ex- to be inadmised. ceeding twenty thousand, nor less than one thousand, dollars, for bie, &c. every such offence, whether the vessel be seized and condemned or not; and the oath or affirmation of any master or commander, knowingly offending against the provisions of this section, shall ever thereafter be inadmissible before any collector of the customs of the United States.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That all penalties and for- Penalties, &c. feitures arising under, or incurred by, virtue of this act, may be arising under sued for, prosecuted, and recovered, with costs of suit, by action recovered, with obt, by action of debt, in the name of the United States of America, or by in-ofdet, or by indetunent, &c. dictment or information, in any court having competent juris- and to be distributed and accounted counted for as for, in the manner prescribed by the act, entitled "An act to prescribed by the act manner prescribed by the act to prescribed by the act, and the act to prescribed by the act, entitled "An act to prescribed by the act prescribed by inety-nine; and such penalties may be examined, mitigated, or The penalties may be examined. emitted, in like manner, and under like conditions, regulations, ed, mitigated and restrictions, as are prescribed, authorized, and directed, by ed by the set he act, entitled "An act to provide for mitigating or remitting mentioned. he forfeitures, penalties, and disabilities, accruing in certain cases herein mentioned," passed the third day of March, one thou- [+ Chap. 361. vol. 2.]

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1812.

Provise; penal-ties, &c. incur-red by virtue of this act

sand seven hundred and ninety-seven, and made perpetual by an act passed the eleventh day of February, one thousand eight hundred: Provided, That all penalties and forfeitures which dall have been incurred by virtue of this act, previous to the expiraprevious to its have been incurred by virtue of this act, previous to the experiment of the experiment to the experiment in full force and the experiment in the experim ed, in like manner as if this act had continued in full force and virtue. [Approved, April 4, 1812.]

> CHAP. 373. [L.] An act for the admission of the state of Louisiana into the union, and to extend the laws of the United States to the said state.

Whereas the representatives of the people of all that part of

The people of Whereas the representatives of the people of all that part of the that part of Louisians, the territory or country ceded, under the name of Louisians, have been supported by the control of the people of all that part of the people of limits described, by the treaty made at Paris, on the thirtieth day of April, one form d, on the 22d Jan. 1812. s constitution and state govern-ment, which has been transmit-ted to congress, and by them approved. [See page 134, vol. 1.]

thousand eight hundred and three,* between the United States and France, contained within the following limits; that is to say: beginning at the mouth of the river Sabine; thence, by a line to be drawn along the middle of said river, including all islands to the thirty-second degree of latitude; thence, due north, to the northernmost part of the thirty-third degree of north latitude; thence, along the said parallel of latitude, to the river Mississippi; thence, down the said river, to the river Iberville; and from thence, along the middle of the said river, and lakes Maurepas and Ponchartrain, to the gulph of Mexico; thence, bounded by

the said gulph, to the place of beginning; including all islands within three leagues of the coast; † did, on the twenty-second day

of January, one thousand eight hundred and twelve, form for

themselves a constitution and state government, and give to the said state the name of the state of Louisiana, in pursuance of an act of congress, entitled "An act to enable the people of the territory of Orleans to form a constitution and state government,

[†Limits en-larged. See act of 14th April. 1812; chap. 380,

and for the admission of the said state into the Union, on an [HAnte,ch. 208.] equal footing with the original states, and for other purposes:"‡ And the said constitution having been transmitted to congress, and by them being hereby approved; therefore,

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the said state shall be one, and is hereby declared to be one, of the United States of America, and admitted into the union on an equal footing with the original states, in all respects whatever, by the name and title of the state of Louisiana: Provided, That Proviso; it is a by the name and title of the state of Louisiana: *Provided*, That condition upon which the said state is inof Louisiana is incorporated in the union, that the river Mississippi, and the natorier Mississippi, according to the union, that vigable rivers and waters leading into the same, and into the stepi, &c. shall gulph of Mexico, shall be common highways, and forever free, becommon high as well to the inhabitants of the same and into the same as well to the inhabitants of the same as well to the inhabitants. ways, and foret- as well to the inhabitants of the said state as to the inhabitants of the said state as to the inhabitants of the united States, without out any toll, see of other states, and the territories of the United States, without as well to the inhabitants of the said state as to the inhabitants

any tax, duty, impost, or toll, therefor, imposed by the said states and that the above condition, and also all other the condition. and terms contained in the third section of the act, the title

whereof is hereinbefore recited, shall be considered, deemed,

The state of Louisiana deof the United States of Ame-

[§Secante, chap. 298.]

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and taken, fundamental conditions and terms, upon which the 1812.

said state is incorporated in the union.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That, until the next gene- Until the next ral census and appointment of representatives, the said state shall Louisiana entitle be entitled to one representative in the house of representatives presentative in of the United States; and that all the laws of the United States, the way of the United States, and that all the laws of the United States, the way of the united States, and unit where within the United States.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the said state, to- countains, Sec. gether with the residue of that portion of country which was ciad district, &c. comprehended within the territory of Orleans, as constituted by the act, entitled "An act erecting Louisiana into two territories, and providing for the temporary government thereof,"* shall be [*Ch.301, vol.3.] one district, and be called the Louisiana district; and there shall be established in the said district a district court, to consist of A district court, one judge, who shall reside therein, and be called the district resident judge, judge; and there shall be, annually, four stated sessions of the said Four stated sessions of the sively, on the third Monday of every third calendar month thereafter. The said judge shall, in all things, have and exercise the Thejudge to exame jurisdiction and powers which, by the act, the title whereof jurisdiction, ac. is in this section recited, were given to the district judge of the arritory of Orleans; and he shall be allowed an annual compention of three thousand dollars, to be paid quarter yearly, at the of Orleans, and treasury of the United States. The said judge shall appoint a dollar per annual derk of the said court, who shall reside, and keep the records of vol. 3.]

the court, in the city of Orleans, and shall receive for the services performed by him the same fees heretofore allowed to the reside, &c. in orleans, &c. [15.8c c. a.]

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That there shall be appoint a district a person learned in the law, to act relief to be appropriated in the said district.

pointed in the said district, a person learned in the law, to act pointed to be as attorney for the United States, who shall, in addition to his annually in ad stated fees, be paid six hundred dollars annually, as a full com- diction to stated fees. pensation for all extra services. There shall also be appointed a marshal for the said district, who shall perform the same A marshal to be appointed, &c. duties, be subject to the same regulations and penalties, and be to be paid 300 della sannally. entitled to the same fees to which marshals in other districts are besides the entitled for similar services; and shall, moreover, be paid two hundred dollars annually, as a compensation for all extra services.

Sect. 5. And be it further enacted, 'That nothing in this act Notking in this shall be construed to repeal the fourth section of an act, entitled the continued to repeal the fourth section of an act, entitled to laying and "An act for laying and collecting duties on imports and tonnage collecting duties on imports and tonnage collecting duties on imports and within the territories ceded to the United States, by the treaty tonnage within of the thirtieth of April, one thousand eight hundred and three, seeded, &c. between the United States and the French republic; and for other purposes;" and that the collection district shall be and remain [90h.886, vol.5.]

as thereby established.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That this act shall com- This act to be in mence and be in force from and after the thirtieth day of April, son April, 1814 eighteen hundred and twelve. [Approved, April 8, 1812.]

CHAP. 374. [LI.] An act for the relief of Thomas Ocr. : SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-

tives of the United States of America in congress ussembled, That Thomas Orr be, and he is hereby, confirmed in the purchase of

purchase of the southeast quar-ter of section number 11, &c. in the 3. ubenmetrt, &cc.

of 188 dolls. 85 stalment, &c.

If Thomas Ort pays the ba-haces, &c. as prescribed, &c., he, or his heirs, will be entitied to a patent.

the southeast quarter of section number eleven, township seven, and range two, in the Steubenville district, at the rate of eight dollars per acre, and that the sum of three hundred and twenty in the 3- more will district the collars paid by the said Thomas Orr, on account of the purchase and sao dolls.

The said by him, money of the said quarter section, on the fourteenth day of the placed of the placed and six, shall, by the restricted to the restricted to the said quarter section. gister and receiver of public moneys of the land office for the district aforesaid, be placed to his credit, and be considered the first instalment of the purchase money due on said quarter sec-The further sum tion; and that the further sum of one hundred and fifty-eight drew, &c. mbe fourth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and eleven, on phaced to the eredit of Thousand of the purchase money of said quarter section shall dollars and eighty-five cents, paid by Martin Andrews, on the mas orr, aspart by the register and receiver aforesaid, be placed to the credit of the said Thomas Orr, and be considered as part of the second instalment, which shall become due and payable, on account of the purchase money of the said quarter section, on the fourth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen; and if the said Thomas Orr shall pay the balance of the said second instalment on the said fourth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, and the balance of the purchase money due on said quarter section, in two equal annual instalments, in the same manner as is provided by law for the purchasers of public lands, the said Thomas Orr, his heirs, or assigns, shall

[Approved, April 8, 1812.]

(* Private and obsolete.)

CHAP. 375. [LII.] An act for the relief of Thomas Wilson.

be entitled to a patent for the said quarter section.

artic the accou son for extra comp. neation for rations fur-

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The accounting the accounting officers of the department of war be, and they oncers of the war be, and they war department of war be, and they war department are hereby, authorized and required to audit and settle the acnt count of Thomas Wilson, for extra compensation for rations of Thomas Wil- furnished the detachments of the troops of the United States, at new posts in Louisiana, and that they allow him for any unforeseen and unavoidable expenses which he shall adduce evidence to prove he incurred in furnishing the said rations.

[Approved, April 8, 1812]

at the end of ch. 760, post; and see orig. set, ante, orig. act, ante, eh. 337. The president of the United

CHAP. 376. [LIII.] An act in addition to the act, entitled "An act to reside an additional military force," passed January the eleventh, one thousand eight hundred and twelve.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of represental tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That

the president of the United States be, and he hereby is, empowered to cause to be enlisted, for the term of eighteen months, be enlisted for unless sooner discharged, such part of the light dragoons, artillers, and infantry, authorized by the act, entitled "An act to the light dragoons artillers, and infantry authorized by the act, entitled to An act to the light dragoons. raise an additional military force,"* as he may deem expedient: 800 ma artillery. Provided. The whole number, so to be enlisted for eighteen by the act mentioned. months, shall not exceed fifteen thousand, any thing in the said 'Ante, ch. 337.] recited act to the contrary notwithstanding.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the noncommissioned mentils not to officers, musicians, and privates, so to be enlisted, shall be entitled to the bounty of sixteen dollars, and the same pay, clothing, The noncommisand rations, the same provisions for wounds or disabilities, and privates, &c. to to all other allowances, (the bounty in land excepted,) provided bounty of 18 by the said before recited act, for the noncommissioned officers, the bounty in musicians, and privates, who may be raised under the same, and [1] see ante, ch. shall be held to perform the same duties, and be subject to the 337.]

CHAP. 377. [LIV.] An act for the relief of the officers and soldiers who served in the late campaign on the Wabash.

same rules and regulations. [Approved, April 8, 1812.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- The officers and SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That volunteers and the officers, according to the rank assigned them by governor legal presentatives, and which they held on the seventh day of November, who were killed one thousand eight hundred and eleven, the noncommissioned or died of their officers, and soldiers, of the volunteers and militia, and the legal supplies on the wash, for the composing the army that served in the late campaign on the Wabash against the hostile Indians, shall receive the same compensation as allowed by law to the militia of the United States that service, for the same states that service, for the same compensation which is allowed by law to the militia of the United States that service, for the same states that service, for the same compensation which is allowed by law to the militia of the United States that service, for the same compensation which is allowed by law to the militia of the United States that service, for the same compensation which is allowed by law to the militia of the United States that service, for the same compensation where killed into account the same compensation which is allowed by law to the militia of the United States that service, for the same compensation where killed into account the same compensation where killed into sation which is allowed by law to the militia of the United States tual service, &c. when called into the actual service of the United States.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the officers, accord- The widows or ing to the rank which they held as aforesaid, the noncommis-officers and solsioned officers and soldiers, of the volunteers or militia, who diers who were served in the said campaign, and who were killed or died of wounds received in said service, leaving a widow, or if no Walsah, &c. to widow about here is the said service wildow about here is the said or shill be a shi widow, shall have left a child or children, under the age of six-monthly pay to which the detection years, such widow, or if no widow, such child or children, eccased was enshall be entitled to, and receive, the half of the monthly pay to five years. which the deceased was entitled at the time of his death, or receiving the wound of which he died, for and during the term of five years; and in case of the death or intermarriage of such in case of the widow, before the expiration of the term of five years, the half marriage of the pay, for the remainder of the term, shall go to the child or chil-widow, the half dren of such deceased officer or soldier, whilst under the age of under 16, &c. sixteen years; and in like manner the allowance to the child or children of such deceased, where there is no widow, shall be paid no longer than while there is a child or children under the age Proviso; no aforesaid: Provided, That no greater sum shall be allowed in any greater sum, in any case, to the rase to the widow, or to the child or children, of any officer, than the half pay of a lieutenant colonel. he half pay of a lieutenant colonel.

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Officers and gri-vages, who serv-ed on the Wa-jach, and disa-bled by known wounds, &c. to be placed on the list of invalids, at such rate of mension as the pension as the resident may direct, upon sa-diffectory proof, &c. Proviso; the rate of compensation for wounds, &ce. not to exceed half the monthly pay of the offi-eer, &c. and to privates, &c. not ore than 5 ties in propor-Persons b. long-

ter, or, &c.
The heirs of persons killed, and persons wounded, in the cam-paign of the Wa-bash, and who were purchasers of public lands, &c. allowed a further time of three years to complete their payments, &c.

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bash, entitled

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That every officer, accordofficer and priving to the rank which he held as aforesaid, noncommissioned cer, and private, of the volunteers and militia, who served in the said campaign, and who have been disabled by known wounds received in said service, shall be placed on the list of invalids of the United States, at such rate of pension as shall be directed by the president of the United States, upon satisfactory proof of such wound and disability being produced, to the secretary of war, agreeably to such rules as he may prescribe: Provided, That the rate of compensation for such wounds and disabilities shall never, for the highest disability, exceed half the monthly pay of such officer, at the time of being so wounded or disabled, and that the rate of compensation to a noncommissioned officer and private, shall never exceed five dollars per month; and all infedolls permonth. rior disabilities shall entitle the person so disabled to receive a sum in proportion to the highest disability; but no pension of a eced half the pay of a lieutenant colonel half pay of a lieutenant colonel.

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SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That any person or perwho have lest sons belonging to the said army, who may have had a horse or SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That any person or perhorses killed or lost, during the late battle on the Wabash, shall be entitled to, and receive, the value thereof: Provided, That the proviso; the proof of the value of such horse or horses shall be by affidavit of lue of a borse to the quartermaster of the corps to which the owner may have bebe by affidavit of the quartermaster of two other credible witnesses.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That, to the heirs or legal representatives of every person who was killed, and to every person who was wounded, in the said campaign, who were purchasers of public lands of the United States, and whose lands had not, before the seventh of November, one thousand eight hundred and eleven, been actually sold or reverted to the United States, for the nonpayment of part of the purchase money, 2 further time of three years shall be allowed, in addition to the time allowed by former laws, to complete their payments; which further time of three years shall commence from the respective times when their payments should have been completed according to former laws. [Approved; April 10, 1812.]

[* Expired.]

CHAP. 378. [LV.] An act to authorize a detachment from the militia of the United States.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to require of the executives of the several states and terriseveral states to tories, to take effectual measures to organize, arm, and equip, take measures according to law, and hold in readiness to march at a moment's warning, their respective proportions of one hundred thousand militia, officers included, to be apportioned by the president of the United States, from the latest militia returns in the department of war; and, in cases where such returns have not been made, by such other data as he shall judge equitable.

The president anthorized to require the exeto equip, &c.
their respective
proportions of
100,000 militia,
to be apportioned by the president, &ce.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the detachment of militia aforesaid shall be officered out of the present militia offi- The desirable of the present militia officers, or others, at the option and discretion of the constitutional out of the saltianthority in the respective states and territories; the president of cohers, at the the United States apportioning the general officers among the option, see, respective states and territories, as he may deem proper: and the aportion du commissioned officers of the militia, when called into actual service, shall be entitled to the same pay, rations, and emoluments, since officers, see the officers of the army of the United States as the officers of the army of the United States.

the officers of the army of the United States.

Sc. as the offSect. 3. And be it further enacted, That the said detachment the the said detachment the said detachme shall not be compelled to serve a longer time than six months serve longer after they arrive at the place of rendezvous; and, during the time than sk months after they arrive at the place of rendezvous; and, during the time than sk months after the serve and of their service, the noncommissioned officers, musicians, and entitled to the privates, shall be entitled to the same pay and rations as is provided by law for the militia of the United States when called into

actual service.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the president of the The president United States be, and he hereby is, authorized to call into actual may call into actual trail service any service any part, or the whole, of said detachment, in all the part, or the exigencies provided by the constitution;* and the officers, non-detectment, in commissioned officers, musicians, and privates, of the said decies, &c. tachment, shall be subject to the penalties of the act, entitled art. 1, sec. 8, c. "An act for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the 14, page 64, vol. union, suppress insurrections, and repel invasions, and to repeal the act now in force for those purposes,"† passed the twenty-[†ch. 277, vol. eighth day of February, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-2.] five; and if a part only of said detachment shall be called into actual service, they shall be taken from such part thereof as the president of the United States shall deem proper.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That no noncommissioned Moneounnissioned officer, officer, musician, or private, belonging to the aforesaid detach-privates, &c. be ment of militia, who shall be ordered into actual service by the detachment, &c. president of the United States, shall be subject to corporal punish-not to be subject to whipping, &c. ment by whipping, any thing contained in any act to the contrary

notwithstanding.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That in lieu of whipping, scoppage of pay, as provided by several of the rules and articles of war, as now confinement, etc. substituted used and practised, stoppage of pay, confinement, and depriva-for whipping. tion of part of the rations, shall be substituted in such manner as

is bereinafter provided.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That any noncommission- specification of ed officer or private, belonging to the aforesaid detachment of lieu of whiteping militia, who shall, while in actual service, be convicted before &c. any court martial of any offence, which, before the passing of this act, might or could have subjected such person to be whipped, shall, for the first offence, be put under such stoppages of pay as such court martial shall adjudge, not exceeding the one-half of one month's pay for any one offence; but such offender may, moreover, at the discretion of such court martial, be confined under guard, on allowance of half rations, any length of time, not exceeding ten days for any one offence, or may, at the discretion of such court martial, be publickly drummed out of the army.

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SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That the sum of the milisosocials lion of dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, to be same defraying paid off on moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriaexpenses incur-ted by virtue of ated, towards defraying any expense incurred by virtue of the provisions of this act.

This act to be in SECT. 9. And be it further enacted, That this act shall conforce until the acts April, 1814. tinue and be in force, for the term of two years from the passing thereof, and no longer. [Approved, April 10, 1812.]

[Expired.]

CHAP. 379. [LVI] An act to prohibit the exportation of specie, goods, wares, and merchandise, for a limited time.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-

act laying an embargo, it is unlawful to exner what ver, eeding 10.000

tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That During the continuance of the it shall not be lawful, during the continuance of the act, entitled "An act laying an embargo on all the ships and vessels in the unmwrul to ex. ports and harbors of the United States, for a limited time," to export from the United States, or the territories thereof, in goods, &c. under any manner whatever, any specie, nor any goods, wares, or Filine, and may merchandise, of foreign or domestic growth or manufacture; and if any person shall, with intent to evade this law, export, or at-[TAnte, ch. 372.] tempt to export, any specie, goods, wares, or merchandise, from the United States or the territories thereof, either by land or water, such specie, goods, wares, and merchandise, together with the vessel, boat, raft, cart, wagon, sleigh, or other carriage, in which the same shall have been exported or attempted to be exported, shall, together with the tackle, apparel, horses, mules, and oxen, be forfeited, and the owner or owners of such specie. goods, wares, or merchandise, and every other person knowingly concerned in such prohibited exportation, on conviction thereof, shall, each, respectively, forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding Provise; nothing ten thousand dollars for every such offence: Provided, however, in this section to That nothing in this section contained shall be construed to parture of ves-bell primiting to prevent the departure of vessels, which, according to the act last departs) the act above mentioned, are or may be permitted to depart, in the

[\$Seeante, chap. manner and under the restrictions provided by the said act-SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful accumay employ the landornaval for the president of the United States, or such other person as the landor naval for the president of the United States, or such other person as forces, or militia, for privent he shall have empowered for that purpose, to employ any parting the illegal departur of any of the land or naval forces, or militia of the United States, or of vessel, or the illegal exportation the territories thereof, as may be adjudged necessary for the graph species purpose of preventing the illegal departure of any ship or vessel, such as the illegal departure of any ship or vessel, such or the illegal exportation of any specie, or of any goods, wares, or merchandise, contrary to the provisions of this, or of the last abovementioned, act, and for the purpose of detaining, taking possession of, and keeping in custody, any such ship or vessel, specie, goods, wares, or merchandise.

Penalties, &c.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That all penalties and overed, forfeitures. incurred by virtue of this act, shall and may be profor rentification of this section of the section of "An act laying an embarge on all the ships and vestels in the ports and harbors of the United States, for a limited time,"* and harpo, etc. injurgo, etc. also, that the penalties and forfeitures incurred by virtue of this ['Association] act may be recovered subsequently to the expiration thereof, in the same manner as if this act had continued in full force and virtue. [Approved, April 14, 1812.]

CHAP. 380. [LVII.] An act to enlarge the limits of the state of Louisians. † [1For former than 1.5]. [1.5].

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, in case the legislature of the state of Louisiana shall consent lacoustic therete, all that tract of country comprehended within the fol-maconenis, lowing bounds, to wit: Beginning at the junction of the Iberville described to form with the river Mississippi; thence, along the middle of the Iber- partofiles ville, the river Amite, and of the lakes Maurepas and Ponchertrain, to the eastern mouth of the Pearl river; thence, up the eastern branch of Pearl river, to the thirty-first degree of north latitude; thence, along the said degree of latitude, to the river Mississippi; thence, down the said river, to the place of beginning; shall become and form a part of the said state of Louisiama, and be subject to the constitution and laws thereof, in the same manner, and for all intents and purposes, as if it had been included within the original boundaries of the said state.

SECT 2. And he it further enacted, That it shall be incumbent The teg upon the legislature of the state of Louisiana, in case they consent to the incorporation of the territory aforesaid within their vide by law, a limits, at their first session, to make provision by law for the their first session, to the necessariation of the said territory in the legislature of the state, presentation upon the principles of the constitution, and for the securing territory, &c. to the people of the said territory equal rights, privileges, beneples of the said territory equal rights. fits, and advantages, with those enjoyed by the people of the situation, for the intention, the control parts of the state; which law shall be liable to revision, sion, and also in the manmodification, and amendment, by congrese, and also in the manmodification, and also in the manmodification. ner provided for the amendment of the state constitution, but shall not be liable to change or amendment by the legislature of the state. [Approved, April 14, 1812.]

CHAP. 381. [LYIII.] As act giving further time for registering claims to [1500 setof 27th land in the eastern district of the tearitory of Orleans.] Feb. 1813; chap. 803, port.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That fands in the east every person or persons claiming lands in the eastern district of ericans being the territory of Orleans, who are actual settlers on the land actual settlers which they claim, and whose claims have not been heretofore chains have not been heretofore chains have not been filed, &c. filed with the register of the land office for the said district, allowed until the first day of November next to deliver distrementation notices in writing, and the written evidences, of their claims, to &c. the register of the land office at New Orleans; and the notices livered within

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1812. by this act, to be recorded, &c.

The rights of tice, &c. to be barred, &c.

and evidences so delivered, within the time limited by this act, the time limited shall be recorded in the same manner, and on payment of the same fees, as if the same had been delivered before the first day of July, one thousand eight hundred and eight; but the rights The rights of of July, one thousand eight hundred and eight; Dut the region neglect of such persons as shall neglect so doing, within the time limited by this act, shall, so far as they are derived from, or founded on, any act of congress, ever after be barred and become void, and the evidences of their claims never after admitted as evidence in any court of the United States, against any grant derived from the United States.*

the treasury to lay the report, gress, &cc.

receiver empow-ered to appoint a clerk; his du-

The r gister, receiver, and clerk, each, to be allow d 50 cents for each claim filed, &s. infull, &c.

Section Section Sect. 2. And be it further enacted, I nat the regions and receiver at New Orleans to have receiver of public moneys of the said land office at New Orleans, in SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the register and decision shall be subject to the revision of congress. And it Theresister and receiver to report to the secretary of the treasury a report of all the claims thus filed with sury all the the register of the land office, together with the substance of the evidence in support thereof, with their opinion and such remarks The secretary of thereon as they may think proper; which report, together with a list of the claims which, in the opinion of the register and receiver, ought to be confirmed, shall be laid, by the secretary of the treasury, before congress, at their next session, for their de-Theregisterand termination thereon. The said register and receiver shall have power to appoint a clerk, whose duties shall be the same, in relation to the claims filed as aforesaid, as was required of the clerk to the board of commissioners for adjusting claims to lands in the said district; and the said register, receiver, and clerk, shall, each, be allowed fifty cents for each claim filed according to this act, and on which a decision shall be made, whether such decision be in favor of, or against, the claim; which allowance of fifty cents shall be in full compensation for their services under this act. [Approved, April 14, 1812.]

[† See the note at the end of eb. 760, post.]

CHAP. 382. [LIX.] An act for the organization of a corps of artificers.†

A corps of arti-ficers to be at-tached to the general's depart-ment, etc. Organization of

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That there shall be attached to the quartermaster general's department, and subject to the orders of the officers thereof, a corps of artificers, to consist of one superintendent, to be appointed by the president of the United States, four assistants, two master mathe corps of ar-sons, two master carpenters, two master blacksmiths, two master boat builders, two master armorers, two master saddle and harness makers, twenty house carpenters, five ship carpenters, twenty blacksmiths, sixteen boat builders, sixteen armorers, twelve saldle and harness makers, and twenty-four laborers, to be selected from the privates of the army, when authorized thereto by the commanding general, or engaged from among the citizens by the superintendent.

BECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the pay of the superinstendent of artificers shall be forty-five dollars per month, three Pay, &c. of the rations per day, and forage for one horse; that the pay of the of artificers, four assistants be, each, thirty dollars per month, and two rations assistants, &c. per day; that the pay of the twelve master workmen be, each, thirty dollars per month, and one ration and one-half of a ration per day; that the pay of the other workmen be, each, sixteen dollars per month, and one ration and one-half of a ration per day.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty The superintenof the superintendent of artificers to render a correct report, once dent to report once a month, to each month, of the corps, to the quartermaster general, and on the quartermaster oath to make out the pay roll thereof; which pay roll shall be make out the examined by the quartermaster general, or, in his absence, by ke. execute all one of the deputy quartermasters, and by him be countersigned; orders, &c. and faithfully, and without delay, to execute all such orders as he may receive from the secretary of war, any officer of the quartermaster's department, or from the officer commanding in the field or garrison to which his corps, or any part thereof, may be attached.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That this corps shall be The corps to be engaged for and during the term of three years, unless sooner three years, discharged by the president of the United States.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That, for defraying the so,000 dolls. ap. expense that may be incurred in the execution of this act, the propriated for deliraying the sum of thirty thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, aperse that propriated, to be paid out of any money in the treasury, not under this act, otherwise appropriated. [Approved, April 23, 1812.]

CHAP. 383. [LX.] An act for the relief of William Hubbell.*

[*Private and

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the proper accounting officers of the treasury department be, and they are hereby, authorized and required to allow to William treasury department be, and they are hereby, authorized and required to allow to William treasury departments, one of the collectors of the excise tax, the sum of one mentraguired to allow William thousand and eighty-two dollars fifty-one and an half cents, as a Habbell, collector of the excise tax, the sum of one mentraguired to allow William thousand and eighty-two dollars fifty-one and attainment against to of the excise to of the excise. credit (on account of uncollected revenue and stationery) against to of the state credit (on account of uncollected revenue and stationery) against the judgments which have been obtained by the United States account of uncollected revenue and stationery) against the order of the state of th against the said William Hubbell. [Approved, April 23, 1812.] collected revenue and station-

CHAP. 384. [LXI.] An act to authorize the secretary for the department of war to exchange lands with the Ursuline Nuns of the city of New Or-

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the secretary for the department of war be, and he is hereby, The secretary of authorized and empowered, to exchange the lot of ground, situto exchange the ate in the city of New Orleans, on which the military hospital of leans on which the United States stands, with the Ursuline Nuns of said city, the military to be considered to the city of New Orleans on which the United States stands, with the Ursuline Nuns of said city, the military to be considered to the city of the military to the city of the city of the city of the military to the city of the military to the city of the c

ne pui enjeatly situa-ed for a military ospital of equal

war authorized to make and re-ceive deeds, &c.

whose convent adjoins, of is near, the same, but making or lots of ground, in said city of New Orleans, or its w owned by the said nuns as, in the opinion of said secretaryet he conveniently situated for a military hospital, and of equ with the said lot on which the said hospital now stands, i ing the value of said hospital.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That, in case of such es serve seem, see ized and empowered to make, execute, and deliver, in behalf of of the logical the United States, to the said Ursuline Nuns, or to such persons he may declare or persons as they may designate a sheet or persons as they may design the persons as the persons are persons as the perso change, the secretary for the department of war is hereby authoror persons as they may designate, a deed, or other instrument in writing, therein and thereby conveying to them all the right and title of the United States, in and to the said lot of ground at said, reserving, however, to the United States, the use of said hospital, for such time as he shall judge necessary; and the secretary for the department of war is hereby also authorized to take and receive from the said Ursuline Nuns, or from such person or persons as may be authorized in their behalf for that purpose, a deed or deeds, or other instrument in writing, conveying to the United States a good and sufficient title to the lot or lots of ground, which he may agree to take in exchange; and which deed or deeds, or other instrument in writing, shall contain the accessary covenants to secure to the United States in case of any failure of title thereto. [Approved, April 23, 1812.]

CHAP. 385. [LXII.] An act to authorize the granting of patents for land, according to the surveys that have been made, and to grant donation rights to certain claimants of land in the district of Detroit, and for other purposes.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That patents shall be granted to the persons whose claims to land have been confirmed in the district of Detroit, in confermity to the surveys which have been made under the direction of the surveyor general, and the general plat of which has been returned to the secretary of the treasury, notwithstanding the surveys shall not, in every respect, correspond with the description of the tracts as confirmed by the commissioners for adjusting land claims in the said district: Provided, That the confirmation of the commissioners, and certificate of the registers, shall, in every other respect, be conformable to law.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That every person whose Persons whose claims have been claims have been confirmed by the commissioners aforesaid, to a southwest Rec. to a tract of land tract of land bordering on the river Detroit, and whose tract, as Detroit, and confirmed, does not extend in death sights. confirmed, does not extend in depth eighty arpens, French measure, shall be entitled to a donation of any vacant tract of land adjacent to, and back of, the land confirmed to him as afteresaid adjacent to, and back of, the land confirmed to him as alteresaids vacan adjacent Provided, That such donation shall not exceed forty arpeas, eccding 40 arguments in depth, and that commained in the tract already confirmed to him, nor shall, in any case, the in the tract already confirmed to him, nor shall, in any case, de tract confirmed as aforesaid, and that allowed as a donation,

Patents to be granted to persons whose chims to hand troit, &cc. al-though the sur-veys do not cordescription, &c. Proviso; the &c. to by, in every other re ect, conformewhose tract does not extend, &c. to be entitled to

attecher; exceed eighty arpens, French measure, in depth; and 1812. at all cases where, by reason of bends in the said river, and of where from all accent parior claims, each claimant cannot obtain a tract equal river, are care in quantity to the tract already confirmed to him, the vacant land obtain a next in such manner as shall appear to the commissioners for adjusting the claims most equitable. And every person claiming a divised the character in virtue of this section shall, on or before the first day &c. of December next, deliver to the register of the land office at ing admission. Detroit a motice, in writing, of the situation and extent of his virtue of this rection, to claim, which he shall fale in his office on receiving twenty-five hotice to the cents from the party or parties for each claim; and if such per-register on or before the lat son shall neglect to deliver such notice within the time limited, Dec. 1812, &co his right to a donation, under this section, shall become void become voi And the commissioners for adjusting claims to land in the said The commis district shall, as soon as may be after the first of December next, justing claims proceed to examine and decide, according to the provisions of the to examine this section, on the claims filed as aforesaid; and when it shall give a concerning the cate, dec. appear to the said commissioners that the claimant is entitled to a chonation of land, they shall give a certificate, stating the circumustances of the case, and that the claimant is entitled to receive a patent for such a tract of land by virtue of this section. which tract shall be surveyed in conformity with the decision of the commissioners, at the expense of the party, under the direction of the surveyor general, by such of his assistants residing in the said district as the said surveyor general shall appoint for that purpose. The expense of surveying shall be the same, The expense of and the plats of surveys and transcript of the decisions of the the same as dicommissioners in favor of claimants shall be made and transmitsection of the ted to the secretary of the treasury in the same manner; and the set regulating the granted by the commissioners shall be entered with last in the control of the land office, and considerates of the register of the land office, and considerates of the register of the land office, and considerates of the register of the land office, and considerates of the register of the land office. the register of the land office, and certificates of the register be run granted to the party or parties on payment of the same fees, and patents granted, in every respect, in the same manner, as is directed by the third section of an act, entitled "An act regulating the grants of land in the territory of Michigan,"* passed the ["Ame, ch. sq.] third day of March, one thousand eight hundred and seven.

Sucr. 3.† And be it further enacted, That the heirs of Joseph [† Private.] The heirs of Joseph Harrison, late of Detroit, deceased, be permitted to enter, with seph Harrison, the register of the land office for the district of Detroit, their enter, with the claim to any tract or tracts of land in the said district; and such elaim to any entry shall have the same effect, and the commissioners shall have the same effects. the same powers, and act thereon in the same manner, as if the triet of Detroit, entry had been made before the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and nine; and in case of a decision in favor of their claim or claims, a patent or patents shall be granted for the lands so claimed and confirmed to them, any law to the con-

tracy motwithstanding. [Approved, April 23, 1812.]

... at that it at

CHAP. 386. [LXIII.] An act making provision for certain persons claims 1812. lands under the several acts for the relief of the refugees from the British provinces of Canada and Nova Scotia.

d specified

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representae quantities of tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the following persons, claiming lands under the act, entitled "An under the acts act to revive and continue in force an act, entitled Ar act for the refugees from the British provinces of Canada from Canada and the relief of the refugees from the British provinces of Canada Nova Scotia, &c. and Nova Scotia, ** passed on the sixteenth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and fine the sixteenth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and four, shall, respectively, be entitled to the following quantities of land; that is to say: Charlotte Hazen, widow of Moses Hazen; Chloe Shannon, wife of James Noble Shannon, and relict of Obadiah Ayer, deceased; the heirs of Elijah Ayer and the heirs of Israel Ruland, respectively, nine hundred and sixty acres; Elijah Ayer, jun. and the heirs of Anthony Burk, respectively, three hundred and twenty acres. And that the following persons, claiming lands under the act, entitled "An act further to provide for the refugees from the British [tAnte,ch.237.] provinces of Canada and Nova Scotia, and for other purposes, "t

hundred and ten, shall, respectively, be entitled to the following quantities of land; that is to say: The heirs of James Boyd, two thousand two hundred and forty acres; the heirs of Nathaniel Reynolds, the heirs of Edward Antill and Joshua Sprague, respectively, nine hundred and sixty acres; Robert Sharp, John Fulton, and John Morrison, each, six hundred and forty acres; James Sprague, David Dickey, John Taylor, and the heirs of Gilberts Seamans, deceased, respectively, three hundred and The many to be twenty acres; which several tracts of land shall be located within the boundaries of the fractional townships, reserved and set apart for the purpose of satisfying the claims of the refugees from Canada and Nova Scotia; and the locations shall be made, and be made, and patents granted, in the manner, and on the conditions, pre-patents granted, patents granted by scribed by former laws, except as to the time for making the locations; which locations shall be made on the day or days that the secretary of the treasury shall judge most convenient for the claimants, and shall designate for the purpose.

passed on the twenty-fourth day of February, one thousand eight

located within of the tractional former laws, ex cept, &c.

[Approved, April 23, 1812.]

[‡ See chap. 457, post.]

CHAP. 387. [LXIV] An act giving further time to the purchasers of public lands northwest of the river Ohio, to complete their payments.;

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That every person who, prior to the first day of April, one thousand Every person who, prior to the first day of April, one thousand who prior to the eight hundred and eight, had purchased any tract or tracts of had purchased land of the United States, not exceeding, in the whole, six hundred and forthy acres at any of the land officer established for the ed any tract of hand, not exceeded and forty acres, at any of the land offices established for the ing 640 acres, at disposal of the public lands northwest of the river Ohio, and northwest of the offices whose lands have not already been actually sold or reverted to been sold or re. the United States for nonpayment of part of the purchase money,

shall be allowed the further term of three years from the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, for verted &c. 11.

the payment of the residue of the principal and interest, due on lat Jan. 1816, for the payment of account of such purchase, to be paid in four equal annual pay-the residue, &c. ments, the first whereof to be on the said first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen: and in case of failure in encoffailure in paying any of the said annual payments, at the time when the time, &c. the same shall become due, the tract of land shall be forthwith ad-tract to be advertised and offered for sale, in the manner, and on the terms and fered for sale. conditions, heretofore prescribed for the sale of lands purchased of the United States, and not paid for within the limited time. [Approved, April 23, 1812.]

CHAP. 388. [LXV.] An act for the relief of Aaron Greeley.*

[* Private and obsolete.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the accounting officers of the treasury be, and they are hereby, officers of the authorized and required to settle the claim of Aaron Greeley, measury required and allow him at the rate of three dollars per mile for each claim of Aaron Greekey, and aboundary line, common to any two private surveys he may have low him 3 dollars to the settle the claim of Aaron Greekey, and aboundary line, common to any two private surveys he may have low him 3 dollars. made in the district of Detroit; and that they also allow him at boundary line, the same rate for each line run by him in the said district, not same rate for the boundary of any survey, but run in order to connect the each line run to connect the same rate for surveys into a general plat: Provided, That the aforesaid allow-vey, &c. the allowance shall be in full for his services as assistant surveyor in the full, &c. district aforesaid. [Approved, April 24, 1812.]

of government therein mentioned."†

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That an act, passed on the twentieth day of February, one thousand ing for a limited eight hundred and four, entitled "An act continuing for a limited time the salaries of the officers of government therein mentions government, see ed." shall be and continue in force for the term of three years, the end of the salaries of the officers of the salaries of and to the end of the next session of congress thereafter, and the session of the lath congress.
[Sch.365, vol.3.] no longer.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That, for paying the salaof the secretaries of state, treasury, war, and navy, the cents appropriate for the United States, the accountants of the war and navy departments, the postmaster general, and the first assistant postmentioned. master general, in addition to the sums already appropriated by the "Act making appropriations for the support of government for the year one thousand eight hundred and twelve," (5 there be [6Ante, ch. 356.] appropriated the further sum of seven thousand seven hundred and fifty-two dollars and fifty cents, to be paid out of any monews in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

Approved, April 24, 1812.

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. 1812. [PSec set of | 14th April, 1614; chap. 673, post.]

CHAP, 300. [LXVII.] An act for ascertaining the titles and claims to dead in that part of Louisiana which lies east of the river Mississippi and and of New Orleans.*

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-

tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, Two land districts to be laid for the purpose of ascertaining the titles and claims to lands in off, and Pearl richat tract of country which lies south of the Mississippi cerritory to form the oundary be ry, east of the river Mississippi and island of New Orleans, and west of the river Perdido, and a line drawn with the general course thereof to the southern boundary of the said Minsissippi territory, the lands within the said limits shall be laid of into two land districts, between which Pearl river shall be the boun-A commissioners dary; and for each of which districts a commissioner for land claims shall be appointed by the president of the United States, with the advice and consent of the senate. The said commissioners shall, respectively, have power to appoint a clerk, who shall be a person capable of translating the French and Spanish languages, and who shall, in addition to the other duties required of him by this act, perform the duties of translator, when And the said commissioners required by the commissioner. and clerk shall, before entering on the duties of their appointments, respectively, take an oath or affirmation, truly and faithfully to execute the duties imposed on them by this act.

trict, to be appresident and aioners empow-ered to appoint clerks, capable of translating. ₿.c.

for each dis-

The commissioners and clerks to take an outh Sec.

The commisrioners and elerks to attend in the parishes,

Twenty days no-tice to be given of the time and place, &c.

Rach commissioner to keep on office, &c.

the establish-ment of the of-

fices allowed to deliver notice

claims, &c. Persons claim

ing, &cc. by wir-

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That, for the more convenient ascertainment of the titles and claims to lands as aforesaid, it shall be the duty of each of the said commissioners, respectively, and their clerks, to attend in each of the several parishes in his district, at such time and place therein as he shall appoint, for the purpose of receiving notices and evidences of titles and claims to lands within the same; and when the commissioners shall have appointed the time and place for his attendance in any parish, he shall cause public notice thereof to be given to the inhabitants of the same, for at least twenty days previous to the time of his commencing the business of this appointment therein.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That each commissioner, after he shall have attended for a reasonable and sufficient length of time in each parish of his district, for the claimants of lands within the same to have delivered the notices and evidences of their claims, shall establish his office at such place in his district as he shall judge most convenient, and of which he shall give public notice; and every person claiming lands within his district, who shall have neglected, or by any circumstance have been prevented from delivering a notice and evidence of his claims, during the time the commissioner attended in the parish in which the lands he may claim are situate, shall be at liberty, at any Six months after time before the end of six months from and after such office shall have been established, to deliver a notice and the evidence of his claims; and it shall have the same effect as if delivered in the parish wherein the lands claimed are situated.

*Sect. 4. And be it further enacted, That every person claiming lands in the tract of country aforesaid, by virtue of any grant,

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order of survey, or other evidence of claim whatsoever, derived ` 1812. from the French, British, or Spanish governments, shall deliver French, British, to the commissioner for land claims, when attending for the grants, &c. to purpose, in the parish in which the lands claimed may lie, a no-notice to the tice in writing, stating the nature and extent of his claims, to- &c. gether with a plat (in case a survey shall have been made) of the tract or tracts claimed; and shall deliver to the commissioner, when attending as aforesaid, for the purpose of being recorded, every grant, order of survey, deed, conveyance, or Grants, &c. to be delivered to the other written evidence of his claim, and the same shall be re-commissioner for recording, corded by the clerk, in books to be kept for that purpose, on his &c. receiving from the party or parties at the rate of twelve and an half cents for every hundred words contained in such written evidence of their claim: Provided, however, That where lands Proviso; where are claimed by virtue of a complete French, British, or Spanish ed by virtue of grant, it shall not be necessary for the claimant to have any other French, British, evidence of his claim entered at large on the record, except the grants, not neoriginal grant or patent, together with the order of survey, and entered any other evithe plat; all the other conveyances or deeds may be abbreviated dence entered at large on the rein the entry; but the chain of title, and the date of every transfer, cord, except the shall appear on the record. And if such person shall neglect to original grant, stop the stop that the deliver such notice in writing of his claim, together with the ing to deliver plat (in case the lands claimed shall have been surveyed) as written notices, their claim. aforesaid, or cause to be recorded such written evidence of the never after to be recognised, &c. same within the time and times as aforesaid, his claim shall never after be recognised or confirmed by the United States; nor shall any grant, order of survey, deed, conveyance, or other written evidence, which shall not be recorded as above directed, ever after be considered or admitted as evidence in any court of the United States, against any grant which may hereafter be derived om the United States.*

['See chap.
673, post.]

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That the said commission- The commission- slopers cappo from the United States.*

ers shall have power, in their respective districts, to inquire into the justice and validity of the claims filed with them as aforesaid: and validity of the claims filed with them as aforesaid: It shall be their duty to ascertain, in every case, whether the the claims lands claimed have been inhabited and cultivated; at what time such inhabitation and cultivation commenced; when surveyed, and by whom and what authority; and into every other matter respecting the claims which may affect the justice and validity thereof; and for that purpose shall have power to administer oaths, and to compel the attendance of, and examine, witnesses, and such other testimony as may be adduced; to have access to all records of a public nature, relative to the granting, sale, transfer, or titles, of lands within their respective districts, and to take transcripts from such record or records, or any part thereof; and the evidence thus adduced and obtained, shall, by The evidence adduced, &c.

the clerk, be entered in a book to be kept for that purpose. SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That the powers vested the clerk, by law in the surveyor of the lands of the United States south south of the of the state of Tennessee, shall extend over all the public lands on the said tract of country.

in the said tract of country.

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The commiseretary of the treasury, who is to lay them before congress,

The commis-

SECT 7. And be it further enacted, That the said commissioners shall, respectively, under such instructions as the secretary sioners, &c. to of the treasury may, with the approbation of the president of the prepar, &c. ab of the treasury may, with the approbation of the president of the sures from the United States, transmit to them in relation thereto, prepare, and strace from the records of claims and the decreption of the president of the records of claims and decreption there is the records of claims and the decreption there is the records of claims and the r filed as aforesaid, in which the claims shall be arranged into classes, according to their respective merits, and other circumstances whereby they may be diversified; the abstracts shall contain the substance of the evidence adduced in support of, or obtained respecting, the claims, and shall contain such other information and remarks as may be necessary to a proper decision thereon; which abstracts the commissioners shall, respectively, as soon as may be, report to the secretary of the treasury, and shall, by him, be laid before congress, at the next session thereafter, for their determination thereon.

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That the said commissincers required to collect and resistoners be, and they are hereby, authorized and required to colport ocongress, lect and report to congress, at their next session, a list of all the actual settlers on land in said districts, respectively, who have no tual settlers, who have no claims derived from the claims to land derived either from the French, British, or Spa-British. French, nish, governments, and the time at which such settlements were or Spanish go-veraments, &c.

made.

Each commissioner allowed 1.500 dolls. a at the rate of 1.000 dolls. Proviso; not more than 18 months' compensation to the Commissioner and clerk east of Pearl river, nor mor than two years', &c. to the commis sioner and clerk west, &c.
Additional al-&c. on making report to the se cretary of the treasury.

SECT. 9. And be it further enacted, That each of the said commissioners shall be allowed, as compensation for his services in year, each clerk relation to the said claims, at the rate of fifteen hundred dollars a year; and each of the clerks at the rate of one thousand dollars a year: Provided, 'That not more than eighteen months' compensation be thus allowed to the commissioner and clerk for the district east of Pearl river; nor more than two years' compensation be allowed to the commissioner and clerk for the district west of Pearl river; and the commissioner for the eastern district, on making his report to the secretary of the treasury, as aforesaid, shall be entitled to receive, in addition, seven hundred lowance, in full, and fifty dollars, and his clerk five hundred dollars; and the commissioner for the western district, on making his report aforesaid, shall receive one thousand dollars, and his clerk seven hundred and fifty dollars; and the said allowances shall be in full for their services under this act. [Approved, April 25, 1812.]

> CHAP. 391. [LXVIII.] An act for the establishment of a general land office in the department of the treasury.

> SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That there shall be established in the department of the treasury an office, to be denominated the general land office; the chief officer of which shall be called the commissioner of the general land office, whose duty it shall be, under the direction of the head of the department, to superintend, execute, and perform, all such acts and things, touching or respecting the public lands of the United States, and other lands patented or granted by the United States, as have heretofore been directed by law to be done

A general land office to be esta-bished in the treasury depart-Duties of the

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or performed in the office of the secretary of state, of the secretary and register of the treasury, and of the secretary of war, or which shall hereafter by law be assigned to the said office.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That there shall be in the chief clerk to be said office an inferior officer, to be appointed by the said princi- appointed his pal officer, to be employed therein as he shall deem proper, and to be called the chief clerk of the general land office, who, in all cases, when the said principal office shall become vacant, during such vacancy, shall have the charge and custody of the seal, and of all records, books, and papers, belonging to the said office.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the said principal office to be taken by all cer, and every other person to be appointed and employed in the persons employsaid office, shall, before he enters on the duties of his office or id, &c. appointment, take an oath or affirmation, truly and faithfully to execute the trust committed to him.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the said commis- The commissioner shall cause a seal of office to be made and provided for a seal to be prothe said office, with such device as the president of the United States shall approve; and copies of any records, books, or papers, copies of rebelonging to the said office, under the signature of the said com- signature and missioner, or, when the office shall be vacant, under the signature and seal, to be competent evidence, of the chief clerk, and the said seal, shall be competent evidence. in all cases in which the original records, books, or papers, could be evidence.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That the said commistioner shall, forthwith after his appointment, be entitled to the sioner nisked to the custody, and shall take charge of the said seal, and also of all the scal, records, &c. remaining in records, books, and papers, remaining in the offices of the secre. tary of state, of the secretary and register of the treasury, and state. &c. conof the secretary of war, touching or concerning the public lands lie lands, &c. of the United States; and the said records, books, and papers, shall become, and be deemed, the records, books, and papers, of the said office.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That the said commis- The commis-SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That the said commissioner shall, when required by the president of the United States, quired, &c. to or either house of congress, make a plat of any land surveyed any land surveyed any land surveyed any land surveyed any land surveyed. The United States, and give such information, &c. mation respecting the public lands, and concerning the business of his office, as shall be directed.

Sect. 7. And be it further enacted, That in all cases in which In cases where land has heretofore, or shall hereafter, be given by the United land is given for states for military services, warrants shall be granted to the particle granted by rants shall be recorded in the said land office, in books to be kept ended in the for the number and shall be leasted as in such as a land office, &c. for the purpose, and shall be located as is or may be provided by

law; and patents shall afterwards be issued accordingly.

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That all patents issuing Patents to be isform the said office shall be issued in the name of the United of the United States, and under the seal of the said office, and be signed by the seal of the land president of the United States, and countersigned by the complex signed, but the seal of the United States, and countersigned by the complex signed, and countersigned by the seal of the United States, and countersigned by the complex signed, and countersigned by the seal of the seal missioner of the said office, and shall be recorded in the said office, in books to be kept for the purpose.

1812. to public lands ke. who is to audit and settle the comptroller,

No person ap-

The commis-sioner to be appointed by th president and

anditor, &c. [* See chap. 365, yol. 8.]

The commis The commissioner to have the same privilege as the comparoller, with respect to letters. &c. free of post-[FSee sec. 24, ch. 262, ante.]

The commissioner may em-ploy clerks; their annual comp-neution not to exceed 7,000 dolls. &c.

SECT. 9. And be it further enacted, That all returns veli perform relative to the public lands, heretofore directed to be made to the see tary of the treasury, shall hereafter be made to the said coms sioner, who shall have power to audit and settle all public tecounts relative to the public lands: Provided, That it shall be Provisor the commissioner to duty of the said commissioner, upon the settlement of any such certify balances account, to certify the balance, and transmit the account, with a vouchers and certificate, to the comptroller of the treasury, his examination and decision thereon.

SECT. 10. And be it further enacted, That no person appear under this act, to ed to an office instituted by this act, or employed in any each be engaged, directly or indirectly or indioffice, shall, directly or indirectly, be concerned in the purchase of purchase of pub. any right, title, or interest, in any public land, either in his alm lic lands, &c. under penalty of right, or in trust for any other person, or in the name or right of models and re any other person in trust for himself, nor shall take or receive any fee or emolument for negotiating or transacting the business And any person offending in the premises against of the office. the prohibitions of this act, shall forfeit and pay one hundred doilars; and, upon conviction, shall be removed from office.

SECT. 11. And be it further enacted, That the commissioner of the said land office shall be appointed by the president of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the senates His salary equal and shall receive an annual salary, equal to the salary of the auditor of the treasury,* payable quarterly; and the sum of two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars is hereby appropriated for the said compensation during the year one thousand eight hundred and twelve, to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated: And the said commissioner shall have the same privilege with the comptroller of the treast ry,† of sending and receiving letters and packages, and also first certificates and patents for land, free of postage.

SECT. 12. And be it further enacted, That the commissioner of the land office shall be authorized to employ a sufficient number of clerks: Provided, That their annual compensation shall not exceed, in the whole, seven thousand dollars; and the said compensation shall be paid in the following manner, during the year one thousand eight hundred and twelve; that is to say: Three thousand eight hundred dollars shall be paid, out of the moneys appropriated for the compensation of clerks, during said year, in the office of the secretary of the treasury; one thousand four hundred dollars shall be paid out of the moneys appropriated for the compensation of clerks, during said year, in the office of the secretary of state; and three hundred dollars shall be paid out of the moneys appropriated for the compensation of clerks, during said year, in the office of the secretary of war.

[Approved, April 25, 1812.]

CHAP. 392. [LXIX.] An act to revive, and continue in force, "An act to provide for persons who were disabled by known wounds received in the reserving set, of 10th April,

1806; ante, chap.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the act, entitled "An act to provide for persons who were disavide for persons
bled by known wounds received in the revolutionary war," who were dispassed on the tenth of April, one thousand eight hundred and wounds received
six, shall be, and the same is hereby, revived, and continued in the revoluforce for and during the space of six years from the passage of vived and continued for six
the end of the next session of convery ser, see, this act, and from thence to the end of the next session of con-year, &c. [†Ante, ch. 28.] gress thereafter, and no longer.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the agents for the Agents for the payment of invalid pensioners of the United States shall, in future to give future, be required to give bond with two or more sureties, to bond, ac. be approved by the secretary for the department of war, in a sum not exceeding five thousand dollars, for the faithful discharge of

the duties confided to them, respectively.

[Approved, April 25, 1812.]

CHAP. 393. [LXX.] An act authorizing the departure of ships and vessels from the ports and harbors of the United States, in certain cases. I [‡ Obsolete.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That any ship or vessel which heretofore has been, or which hereafter Vesselschartered and laden on account of the government of count of the government. the United States, shall be permitted to depart from the ports united States to and harbors of the United States, and the territories thereof, any depart, see, thing in any former law to the contrary notwithstanding.

[Approved, April 27, 1812.]

CHAP. 394. [LXXI.] An act authorizing the appointment of an additional [650e act of 9th April, 1814; ch. judge of the district court for the district of New York.

637, pust.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the district court in the New York district shall consist of two The district judges, to wit: of the present judge of said district, so long as your in New he shall continue in office, and such other district judge or on int of two judges, as may, from time to time, be appointed, who shall reside and sec. in said district, and, severally, exercise like powers, as may be exercised by the present judge of said district, and receive the same compensation whereto he is entitled.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the senior judge of Thesenior judge the district, when present, shall preside in said district court, and in case of differwhenever the judges shall differ in opinion in any cause, the or- to puvail. der or judgment of court in every such case shall be made and rendered in conformity with the opinion of the presiding judge. The sourt may And said court may be held, and the business thereof proceeded judge, &c.

The senior judge, toge

with, by one judge in the absence of the other. And the scaior The senior judge of the district for the time being is hereby designated, and with a justice of is to be deemed, the district judge, who, together with one of the the supreme court, is to compose the circuit court of pose the circuit the United States in said district; but, in the absence of said senior judge from said court, his place may be supplied by the other judge of the district.

Four additional aessions annually
of the district post.]
A clerk to be appointed by the district judges, Utica, &ce.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That there shall be held. annually, four additional sessions of the district court for the court for New Mork, in which at October, and at Salem, on the third Tuesday of Septem[e Altered. See April and October; at Geneva, on the third Tuesday of October. A clerk and March, ber; and at Salem, on the third Tuesday of Said district. who district of New York; to wit: at Utica, on the first Tuesdays of shall be appointed by the district judges of said district, who shall reside at Utica, and attend said court at the places aforesaid, and do all the duties of said office of clerk, which may accrue at or from the sessions of the court at said places, both in [†See chap. 186, and out of court, and be allowed the same fees and compensation vol. 3.] as by law is allowed to clerks of the district courts. judges may allot themselves as they shall think fit, for the purpose of their holding, separately, the several stated and special courts to be held by virtue of this or any other act for the district of Nevr York. [Approved, April 29, 1812.]

[‡ Sec the note at the end of

ch. 760, post.]

CHAP. 395. [LXXII.] An act making further provision for the corps of engineers.t

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-

Officers to be added to the corps of entives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That there be added to the corps of engineers two captains, two first lieutenants, two second lieutenants, with the usual pay and emoluments, according to their grades, respectively, and one paymaster, to be taken from the subalterns of engineers, with the pay and

A company of bombardiers, sappers, and miners, to be formed, to be officered from the corps of engineers, &c.

emoluments of a regimental paymaster; and that there be attached to the said corps, either from the troops now in service, or by new enlistments, as the president of the United States may direct, four sergeants, four corporals, one teacher of music, four musicians, nineteen artificers, and sixty-two men, which noncommissioned officers, musicians, artificers, and men, together with the artificers and men already belonging to the corps of engineers, shall be formed into a company, to be stiled a company of bombardiers, sappers, and miners, and be officered from the corps of engineers, according as the commanding officer of that corps may, with the approbation of the president of the United States, direct; and the said noncommissioned officers, musicians, artificers, and men, shall be allowed the same pay and emoluments as are allowed to the noncommissioned officers, musicians, arti-

Noncommissioned officers, artificers, &c. al-lowed the same pay, &c. as in as are allowed to the noncommissioned officers, the reiment of ficers, and men, in the regiment of artillerists. The military

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the military academy academy to con-sist of the corps shall consist of the corps of engineers, and the following profesof engine ri, and the following profession and in addition to the teachers of the French language and to the teachers. to the teachers drawing already provided, viz; one professor of natural and experimental philosophy, with the pay and emoluments of lieutenant colonel, if not an officer of the corps, and, if taken from the drawing of a corps, then so much in addition to his pay and emoluments as turalisad experi shall equal those of a lieutenant colonel; one professor of matheral philosophy, a professor of matics, with the pay and emoluments of a major, if not an officer aprofessor of the corps, and, if taken from the corps, then so much in addiation in addiation to his pay and emoluments as shall equal those of a major. tion to his pay and emoluments as shall equal those of a major; and professors, see one professor of the art of engineering in all its branches, with the pay and emoluments of a major, if not an officer of the corps, and, if taken from the corps, then so much in addition to his pay and emoluments as shall equal those of a major; each of the foregoing professors to have an assistant professor, which assistant professor shall be taken from the most prominent characters of the officers or cadets, and receive the pay and emoluments of separate from the academy.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the cadets, heretofore to exceed 250. appointed in the service of the United States, whether of artillery, cavalry, riflemen, or infantry, or that may in future be appointed as hereinafter provided, shall at no time exceed two hundred and fifty: that they may be attached, at the discretion of the president of the United States, as students to the military academy, and be subject to the established regulations thereof; that they shall Regulations, concerning the arranged into companies of noncommissioned officers and organizations, privates, according to the directions of the commandant of enqualifications, gineers, and be officered from the said corps, for the purposes of vice, of cadets. military instruction; that there shall be added to each company of cadets four musicians; and the said corps shall be trained and taught all the duties of a private, noncommissioned officer, and officer; be encamped at least three months of each year, and taught all the duties incident to a regular camp; that the candidates for cadets be not under the age of fourteen, nor above the age of twenty-one years; that each cadet, previously to his appointment by the president of the United States, shall be well versed in reading, writing, and arithmetic, and that he shall sign articles, with the consent of his parent or guardian, by which he shall engage to serve five years, unless sooner discharged; and all such cadets shall be entitled to and receive the pay and emoluments now allowed by law to cadets in the corps of engineers.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That when any cadet when a cadet SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That when any cadet when a cade shall receive a regular degree from the academical staff, after receive a regular degree from the academical staff, after receive a regular degree, &c. going through all the classes, he shall be considered as among the candidates for a commission in any corps, according to the duties he may be judged competent to perform; and in case there sion, &c. and when there is no shall not, at the time, be a vacancy in such corps, he may be attached to it at the discretion of the president of the United States, by brevet of the lowest grade, as a supernumerary officer, with the usual pay and emoluments of such grade, until a vacancy shall happen: Provided. That there shall not be more than one supernumerary shall happen: Provided, That there shall not be more than one supernumerary supernumerary officer to any one company at the same time.



1812. 88,000 dolls. appropriated for erecting buildings, providing apparatus, a library, &c.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, to be paid out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, for erecting buildings, and for providing an apparatus, a library, and all necessary implements, and for such contingent expenses as may be necessary and proper, in the judgment of the president of the United States, for such an institution.

So much of the 26th sec, of the act fixing the to the corps of engineers, re-

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That so much of the twenty-sixth section of the act, entitled "An act fixing the maimilitary peace tary peace establishment," passed the sixteenth day of March, confines the so one thousand eight hundred and two, as confines the selection of commander. &c. the commander of the corps of engineers to the said corps, be, and the same is hereby, repealed. [Approved, April 29, 1812.]

> CHAP. \$96. [LXXIII.] An act granting to the governor of the state of Louisians, for the time being, and his successors in office, a lot of ground and the buildings thereon, in the city of New Orleans.

house, &c. theregovernor of Louisiana, &c. benefit of the

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The right of the all the right and claim of the United States to the use, posses-United States to all the right and occupancy of a space, of three hundred and thirty-six a lot of ground, sion, and occupancy of a space, of three hundred and thirty-six as described and by two hundred and twenty feet, of a lot of ground in the city the government of New Orleans, bounded by Chartres and Levee streets, and by Thoulouse street, and the lot of the widow Castillon, together for the use and with the house on the above described lot, known by the name of the government house, and the other buildings thereon, be, and the same are hereby, vested in, and conveyed to, the governor of the state of Louisiana for the time being, and his successors in Proviso; this act Louisiana, forever: Provided, however, That this act shall not claims of indimot to affect the claim or claims of any individual. such there be. [Approved, April 29, 1812.]

[*Private and obsolete.]

viduals, &c.

state.

CHAP. 397. [LXXIV.] An act for the relief of Charles Minifie.

The comptroller of the treasury required to set-tle the account of Charles Mian additional

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the comptroller of the treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to settle the account of Charles Minifie, for a cargo of masts, yards, bowsprits, spars, and other ship building matenifi , for a cargo rials, delivered by him at the navy yard in Washington, for the of masts, &c. and to allow him public service, in the month of April, one thousand eight hundred and three; and if, in his judgment, the said Charles Minifie has not heretofore received a just and adequate compensation therefor, he allow the said Charles Minifie such additional sum as he may deem just and equitable. [Approved, May 1, 1812]

> CHAP. 398. [LXXV.] This is an act relating entirely to the district of Co lumbia. See act of 18th April, 1814; sec. 1, chap. 657, post.

CHAP. 399. [LEXVI.] This is an act relating entirely to the district of Co-lumbia. See act of 18th April, 1814; sec. 1, chap. 657, post.

1812.

CHAP. 400. [LXXVII.] An act to provide for designating, surveying, and granting, the military bounty lands.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatines of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, author- The president to ized to cause to be surveyed a quantity of the public lands of the cause to be sur United States, fit for cultivation, not otherwise appropriated, and exclings 000,000 to which the Indian title is extinguished, not exceeding, in the liciand, 800. whole, six millions of acres; two millions to be surveyed in the 2,000,000 in each territory of Michigan, two millions in the Illinois territory, north of Michigan, Illinois river, and two millions in the territory of Loui-linois, and Loui-lino siana, between the river St. Francis and the river Arkansas; the The lands to be said lands to be divided into townships, and subdivided into sectionships, and tions and quarter sections, (each quarter section to contain, as subdivided, Sec. near as possible, one hundred and sixty acres,) in the manner prescribed by law for surveying and subdividing the other public lands of the United States, the same price to be allowed for surwaying as is fixed for surveying the other public lands in the same territory. And the lands thus surveyed, with the exception of The lands sur-the salt springs and lead mines therein, and of the quantities of exceptions men land adjacent thereto, as may be reserved for the use of the same apart for satisfy by the president of the United States, and the section number ing the bounties sixteen in every township, to be granted to the inhabitants of such mised to non-commissioned township for the use of public schools, shall be set apart and reserved for the purpose of satisfying the bounties of one hundred sets mentioned. and sixty acres, promised to the noncommissioned officers and soldiers of the United States, their heirs and legal representatives, by the act, entitled "An act for completing the existing military establishment,"* approved the twenty-fourth day of De- [Ante, ch. 555.] cember, one thousand eight hundred and eleven, and by the act, entitled "An act to raise an additional military force," † approved [Ante, ch. 327.] the eleventh day of January, one thousand eight hundred and twelve.t

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the secretary for the Fre secretary of department of war, for the time being, shall, from time to time, war to issue issue warrants for the military land bounties to the persons en-military land bounties, &c. -titled thereto by the two last mentioned acts, or either of them: Provided always, That such warrants shall be issued only in the warrants to be names of the persons thus entitled, and be, by them or their issued in the representatives, applied for within five years after the same persons entitled, to sons shall have become entitled thereto; and the said warrants within five

shall not be assignable or transferrable in any manner whatever.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That every person in whose Persons whose favor such warrants shall have been issued, shall, on delivery of have issued, on the same at the office of the secretary of the treasury, or of such at the general and officer as may at the time have, by law, the superintendother officer as may at the time have, by law, the superintend- entitled to dia ence of the general land office of the United States at the seat of by lot, one of the government, be entitled to draw, by lot, in such manner as the sc in etc.

1812. and a patent to be granted without fec.

officer at the head of the land office, under the direction of the president of the United States, may prescribe, one of the quarter sections surveyed by virtue of the first section of this act, in either of the said territories which the person in whose favor such warrant has issued may designate. And a patent shall thereupon be granted to such person, for such quarter section, without requiring any fee therefor.

No claim for military land bounties assign-able, &c. until after a patent, All sales, mort-All sales, more gages, contracts, acc. made prior to granting a patent, with intent to alienate, &c. any claim to military land bounties, ec. de-clared null and

void, &cc.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That no claim for the military land bounties aforesaid shall be assignable or transferrable in any manner whatever, until after a patent shall have been granted in the manner aforesaid. All sales, mortgages, contracts, or agreements, of any nature whatever, made prior thereto, for the purpose, or with intent, of alienating, pledging, or mortgaging, any such claim, are hereby declared, and shall be held, null and void; nor shall any tract of land, granted as aforesaid, be liable to be taken in execution or sold on account of any such sale, mortgage, contract, or agreement, or on account of any debt contracted prior to the date of the patent, either by the person originally entitled to the land, or by his heirs or legal representatives, or by virtue of any process, or suit at law, or judgment of court, against a person entitled to receive his patent as aforesaid.

[Approved, May 6, 1812.]

[*See act of 14th Feb. 1815; chap. 725, post.]

CHAP. 401. [LXXVIII.] An act in addition to the act to regulate the laying out and making a road from Cumberland, in the state of Maryland, to the state of Ohio.*

30,000 dolls. additional appro-priated for lay-ing out and making the road from Cumberland to Ohio) betwen Cum-berland and

· Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, in addition to the unexpended balance of the sum heretofore appropriated for laying out and making a road from Cumberland, in the state of Maryland, to the state of Ohio, the sum of thirty thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, to be paid out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropri-Brownsville, &c. ated, and to be expended, under the direction of the president of the United States, in making said road between Cumberland, in the state of Maryland, and Brownsville, in the state of Pennsyl-The 30,000 dolls; vania, commencing at Cumberland; which sum of thirty thouto be paid out of the fund reserved for laying out the fund reserved for laying out and making roads to the state of Ohio, by virtue of the seventh

section of an act, passed on the thirtieth day of April, one thou-

sand eight hundred and two, entitled "An act to enable the peo-

ple of the eastern division of the territory northwest of the river Ohio to form a constitution and state government, and for the admission of such state into the union on an equal footing with

for laying out and making ds to the state of Ohio by the act mentioned.

[†Ch.300,vol.3.] the original states, and for other purposes."† [Approved, May 6, 1812.]

[1 Obsolete.]

CHAP. 402. [LXXIX.] An act for the relief of the citizens of Venezacia i

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That

the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause to be purchased such provisions as he shall deem The president authorized to adviseable, and to tender the same, in the name of the government of the United States, to that of Venezuela, for the relief of to be purchased, e citizens who have suffered by the late earthquake.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That a sum, not exceeding relief of the citizens who have suffered by the late earthquake. the citizens who have suffered by the late earthquake.

fifty thousand dollars, be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, sens who have fifty thousand dollars, be, and the same to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appearation this act.

Summer on by the cartiquake.

Not exc. diag.

So,000 dolla. ag.

[Approved, May 8, 1812.] propriet d to carry this act into effect.

CHAP. 403. [LXXX.] An act to alter and establish certain post roads.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and congress assembled, That The post routes tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The post routes mentioned, to be discontinued:

From Jacksonborough, in South Carolina, by Barnwell Court-

house, to Augusta, in Georgia.

From Rahway to New Providence; and

From Baskenridge to Somerset, in New Jersey.

From Fort Stoddert to Natchez, in the Mississippi territory.

From Galliopolis to Chilicothe, in Ohio.

From Salisbury to Lincolnton, in North Carolina.

From Peytonsburg to Danville.

From Salisbury, by Andover, New Chester, and Bridgewater, to Plymouth; thence, by Holderness, Hew Hampton, and Sandbornton, to Salisbury, in New Hampshire.

From Baltimore, by Queenstown, to Centreville, in Maryland.

From Buchanan to Beverly, in Virginia.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the following post The post roads mentioned, established. roads be established:

In New Hampshire. From Hopkinton, through Warner, Brad- In New Hamp-ford, Fishersfield, Wendell, and Newport, to Cornish, in the shire. county of Cheshire.

From Concord, in the county of Rockingham, through Weare, Dearing, Hancock, and Packersfield, to Keene, in the county of Cheshire.

From Gilmanton to Meredith.

From Concord, by Loudon, Gilmanton, Meredith, and New Holderness, to Plymouth; thence, by New Hampton, Sandborn. ton, Northfield, and Centerbury, to Concord.*

Massachusetts. From Blue Hill to Sedgwick.

From Kennebunk to Arundel.

From Readfield, by Fayette, to Livermore.

Rhode Island. From Providence, through Gloucester, to in Rhode Island. Pomfret, in the state of Connecticut.

Connecticut. From Canton, in Hartford county, by New 12 Connecticut, Hartford and Torrington, to Goshen, in Litchfield county.

From Hartford, through Bristol, Plymouth, Watertown, Woodbury, Southbury, and Newtown, to Danbury.

New York. From Jamaica, through the Alley, and by the maney York.

Discontinued.

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head of Cow Neck, to Hempstead Harbor, and, through Cyster 1812. Bay, to Huntington. This is declared to be an alteration of the existing post route.

From Tripp's Hill, by Montgomery Courthouse, to Shelder's,

in the county of Oneida.

From Madison, by Cazenovia, to Manhus.

From Rome, through Constantia and Mexico, to Oswego. From Kinderhook, in New York, by Spencer town, to West Stockbridge, in Massachusetts.

In New Jersey.

New Yersey. From Morristown to Easton, in Pennsylvania. From Scotch Plains to New Providence. From Salem, by Hancock's Bridge, and New Canton, to Greenwich, in Cumberland county.

In Pennsylvania.

Pennsylvania. From Bedford, by Stoystown, and Ligoniers, to Greensburg.

From Pittsburg, by Baldwin's Mills, Steubenville, and Cadiz, to Cambridge, in the state of Ohio.

From Quakertown, by Saucona, to Northampton.

From Belfont, by the counties of Clearfield and Jefferson, to Venango.

From Bear Gap, by Danville, to Washington.

From New Alexandria to Pittsburg.

From Greensburg to New Castle, in the county of Mercer. Ohio. From New Lisbon, by Wayne Courthouse, Richland Courthouse, and Knox Courthouse, returning by Coshocton Courthouse, and Canton, to New Lisbon.

From Chilicothe, by Fayette Courthouse, Green Courthouse, and Dayton, to Easton; returning from Green Courthouse, by

Clinton Courthouse, and Greenfield, to Chilicothe.

From Urbana to Springfield.

From Galliopolis to Athens, in Ohio.

From Huron to Danbury.

In Maryland,

In Ohio.

Maryland. From Princess Ann to the corner where the roads from the Point and Pocomoke intersect.

From Annapolis, by Broad Creek, in Kent Island, and

Queenstown, to Centreville.

In Virginia.

Virginia. From Dunkirk to New Kent Courthouse.

From Front Royal to Waynesborough.

The post road from Stannardsville, in Orange county, to Port Republican, in Rockingham, is declared to be altered so as to pass over the South Mountain at Brown's turnpike on the same.

From Paris, in Fauquier county, to Gibson's store. From Staunton, by Pendleton Courthouse, to Beverly.

From Halifax Courthouse to Danville, and from Beverly to Clarksburg.

In Kentucky. [*See sec. 1, eh. Sterling.*

Kentucky. From Washington, by Flemingsburg, to Mount

From Grayson to Butler Courthouse.

From Russellville to Isbellville, in Christian county.

From Nicholasville, by the mouth of Hickman and Bellisses Mill, to Danville, Kentucky.

In Tennessee. Tennessee. From Carthage to New Glasgow, in Kentucky.

· From Hopkinsville, in Kentucky, to Clarksville, in Tennessee; and from thence, by Dickson Courthouse, and M'Allister's Cross Roads, to Columbia, in Tennessee.

North Carolina. From Charlotte, by Beattysford, Lincoln- In North Care ton,* and Morgan, to Wilkesboro', and to pass by Mountmoriss ('Discontinued, once in every two routes.

From Statesville to Salisbury.

The mail from Fayetteville to Salisbury shall go by Rockingham, Wardesboro', Allentown, and Henderson, to Salisbury, and return by M'Cauley's store, to Fayetteville.

South Carolina. From Charleston, by Giveham's Ferry, on In South Caro-Edisto river; and from thence to Barnwell Courthouse, and, by line.

the White Ponds, to Edgefield Courthouse.

From Wellington to Beckley's store, being an alteration of the present route past Vienna.

From Coosawhatchie, by Lower Three Runs, to Augusta, in

Georgia.

From Darlington Courthouse to Sumpter Courthouse, by Carter's Crossing.

Georgia. From Savannah to Louisville.

In Georgia.

From Milledgeville, by Twigs Courthouse, to Pulaski Courthouse.

From Augusta to Campbelltown. From Louisville to Saundersville.

From Fort Stoddert, by Amite Inthe Missipalpool Partitory. Mississippi Territory. Courthouse, to Pinckneyville.

From Natchez, by Wilkinson Courthouse, to lake Ponchartrain.

Indiana Territory. From Laurenceburg, by Madison and In the Indiana territory. Charlestown, to Jeffersonville.

From Laurenceburg, by Franklin Courthouse, to Wayne Courthouse.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the postmaster ge- The postmaster neral cause a survey to be made of the main post road from analy to be Robinstown, in the district of Maine, to St. Mary's, in Georgia, post road from post causing the courses, distances, and all remarkable objects to be Robinstown, in Maine, to St. Mary's, in Ceorgia, most road from causing the courses, distances, and all remarkable objects to be Robinstown, in Maine, to St. Mary's, in variation of the compass every evening, when the weather is fair: Georgia, &c. variation of the compass every evening, when the weather is fair: and that there be not less than one surveyor, two chain carriers, and two men with object staves, employed in making the same survey, who shall be sworn to execute the work: Provided, That Province; the exthe same can be done at an expense not exceeding two dollars eeed 2 dolls. per per mile. And the postmaster general is hereby authorized to mile, &c. procure proper instruments for the purpose: Provided, That the expense do not exceed three hundred dollars: And the expense ment not to extend the surveys and instruments be paid out of the moneys which may be in his hands for postage.

[Approved, May 11, 1812.]

CHAP. 404 [LXXXI.] An act for the relief of John Thompson.†

[† Private and obsolete.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That

1812. 20,000 dolls. appropriated for defraying the expens that may be incurred under this

SECT. 10. And be it further enacted, That, for defraying the expense that may be incurred in the execution of this act, the sum of twenty thousand dollars be, and the same is heroby, appropriated, to be paid out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated. [Approved, May 14, 1812.]

[* For the original boundaries, see act of 7th April, 1798; ch.

CHAP. 407. [LXXXIV.] An act to enlarge the boundaries of the Mississippi territory.*

annexed to the governed by the laws and ordinances in force therein. e inhabitants annexed to be entitled to one representative,

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That All that portion all that portion of territory lying east of Pearl river, west of the of territory ly-ing east of Pearl Perdido, and south of the thirty-first degree of latitude, be, and river, west of the same is hereby, annexed to the Mississippi territory, to be governed by the laws now in force therein, or which may hereafter Mississippi ter. governed by the laws and ordinances of the United States, relative thereto, in like manner as if the same had originally formed a part of said territory; and, until otherwise provided by law, the inhabitants of the said district hereby annexed to the Mississippi territory shall be entitled to one representative in the general assembly thereof. [Approved, May 14, 1812.]

[†Obsolete.]

CHAP. 408. [LXXXV.] An act making additional appropriations for the support of government for the year one thousand eight hundred and twelve.†

government for the year 1813. [t See ante, ch. 356.]

For defraying the expenses of scription certifi-2812: see ante, chap. 364.]

gest of the manu-factures of the United State

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, Additional sums in addition to the sums appropriated by the act making appropriated for the support of priations for the support of government for the year one thoupriations for the support of government for the year one thousand eight hundred and twelve, the following sums be, and the same are hereby, respectively, appropriated; that is to say:

For defraying the expenses of printing the subscription certiprinting the sub-ficates, and issuing the same to the subscribers to the loan of eater, &c. to the eleven millions of dollars, authorized by the act of congress passloan of 11,000,000 ed on the fourth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and
15 to ought to be twelve, \$\sigma\$ including cost of paper and other expenses incident to the
14th of March, eleven millions of dollars, authorized by the act of congress passreceiving of the subscriptions; also for cost of paper, and printing of the certificates, of funded six per cent. stock, to be issued for the amount of the said loan, and other expenses attending the Forth expenses funding of the same, five thousand dollars.

For the expenses of making a digest of the manufactures of the United States, under the joint resolution of both houses of [] wee Resolution No. 2, post.]
Additional for For compensation to the marshals and assistant marshals in

For compensation to the marshals and assistant marshals compensation to taking an account of the manufactures of the United States, and account of the manufactures of the United States, and account of the sum heretofore appropriated for that purpose. taking an account of the manufactures of the United States, in

Recturers, &c. forty thousand dollars.

The season of firewood, stationery, printing, and other confirewood, &c. contingent expenses, of the two houses of congress, in addition

to the sum heretofore appropriated for that purpose, eight thou- 1812.

sand eight hundred dollars.

For paying Aaron Greely, assistant surveyor in the district of Aaron Greely, assistant surveyor in the Michigan territory, assistant surveyor in the district of Detroit, for surveying private claims in the Michigan territory, assistant surveyor in the district of Detroit, for surveying pursuant to an act of congress, passed the twenty-fourth day of rict of Detroit, for surveying private claims in the Michigan territory, &c.

five hundred sixty-five dollars and ninety-three cents.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the several sums thus Anto, ch. 382. The sums appropriated shall be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not priated to be paid out of unappropriated shall be paid out of unappropriated shall be paid out of unappropriated may 16 1812.

otherwise appropriated. [Approved, May 16, 1812.]

in the treasury.

CHAP. 409. [LXXXVI.] An act making further provision for the army of the United States.+

[† See the note at the end of chap. 760, post.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the president of the United States be, and he hereby is, author- The president ized and empowered to appoint so many district paymasters as, appoint as many in his judgment, the service may require; and if such paymasters district paymasters as the service may require; and if such paymasters derives the service may require. are taken from the line of the army, they shall, respectively, re- quire, &c. ceive thirty dollars per month, in addition to their pay in line: Provided, The same shall in no case exceed the pay and Provisor the pay emoluments of a major; and if not taken from the line, they shall matter not to exceed that of a major, &c.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the president of the The president United States be, and he hereby is, authorized and empowered appoint a payto appoint a paymaster to each regiment on the peace establishregiment on the ment, who shall receive the same pay and emoluments as a captain of the regiment to which he belongs: Provided, That all dis-proving district and regimental paymasters shall be subject to the rules and paymasters subject to the United States as the set to the rules and articles of war, and give such bonds to the United States as the set to the rules and articles of secretary for the department of war may direct, for the faithful and articles performance of their duties. And it shall be the duty of the The comma performance of their duties. And it shall be the duty of the The command-commanding officer, when requested by the paymaster, to furnish furnish a sol. a capable noncommissioned officer or soldier to aid him in the dier, &c. to aid discharge of his duty, who, while so employed, shall receive &c. double pay.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the president of the The president authorized to United States be, and he hereby is, authorized to appoint, from appoint, &c. as many subinspecture as the captains and subalterns of the line of the army, so many subinspectors as the service may require, not exceeding one to each quire, &c. not brigade; and such subinspectors shall each receive twenty-four exceeding, &c.

dollars per month in addition to his pay in the line.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That each brigade major, Each brigade provided by law, shall be allowed twenty-four dollars per month between 24 dollars in addition to his pay in the line.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That the general command- The general ing the army of the United States shall be allowed a secretary, commanding the army, to be to be taken from the line of the army, who shall receive twentyfour dollars are most in all listen as his army is all listen as his army for the secretary, &c. four dollars per month in addition to his pay in the line, and shall be allowed forage for two horses.

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1812.

of light artille entitled to 12 drivers, to b de day in the ranks, when,

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That, in addition to the Each company noncommissioned officers and privates allowed to the regimen of light artillery, each company shall be entitled to twelve driver whisted for five of artillery, who shall be enlisted for five years, unless some Jeans unless, unless, unless some see and liable to discharged, and receive the same pay, rations, and clothing, as the privates of the army: Provided, Such drivers of artillery shall at all times, be liable to do duty in the ranks when the company shall not be mounted.

So much of the set m ntioned, assurborizes the for establishing rules and articles for the government of the armies infliction of for poreal punits of the United States," as authorizes the infliction of corporeal punits. men by stripes punishment by stripes or lashes, be, and the same hereby is, repealed. [Approved, May 16, 1812.]

> CHAP. 410. [LXXXVII.] This is an act relating entirely to the district of Columbia. See act of 18th April, 1814; sec. 1, chap. 657, post.

CHAP. 411. [LXXXVIII.] An act to authorize the president of the United States to ascertain and designate certain boundaries.

The surveyer general, &c. re-quired to cause to be surveyed, so much of the western and north rn bonn-

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representetives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the surveyor general, under the direction of the president of the United States, be, and he is hereby, authorized and required, (as soon as the consent of the Indians can be obtained,) to cause to be surveyed, marked, and designated, so much of the western dari sof the state and northern boundaries of the state of Ohio, which have not divided the state already been ascertained, as divides said state from the territories from the serri-tori sot Indiana of Indiana and Michigan, agreeably to the boundaries as estab-and Michigan, lished by the act. entitled "An act to enable the people of the eastern division of the territory northwest of the river Ohio w

runs from the sou herly ex-treme of lake boundary lines not to exceed five dolls for every mile, &c. lands. [Approved, May 20, 1812.]

form a constitution and state government, and for the admission of such state into the union on an equal footing with the original vol. 3.]
A plat or plan to sand eight hundred and two; and to cause to be made a plat or blanch of the boundary line or thought the plan of so much of the boundary line or thought the plan of so much of the boundary line or thought the plan of so much of the boundary line or the plan of so much of the boundary line or the plan of so much of the boundary line or the plan of so much of the boundary line or the plan of so much of the boundary line or the plan of so much of the boundary line or the plan of so much of the boundary line or the plan of so much of the boundary line or the plan of so much of the boundary line or the plan of so much of the boundary line or the plan of so much of the plan of so much of the boundary line or the plan of so much of the boundary line or the plan of so much of the boundary line or the plan of so much of the boundary line or the plan of so much of the boundary line or the plan of so much of the boundary line or the plan of so much of the boundary line or the plan of so much of the boundary line or the plan of so much of the boundary line or the plan of so much of the boundary line or the plan of so much of the boundary line or the plan of so much of the boundary line or the plan of so much of the boundary line or the plan of so much of the boundary line or the plan of so much of the boundary line or the plan of the plan of so much of the boundary line or the plan of boundary line as extreme of lake Michigan to lake Erie, particularly noting the place where the said line intersects the margin of said lake, whole expense of surveying and marking the said boundary line whole expense of surveying and marking the said boundary line whole expense of surveying and marking the said boundary line whole expense of surveying and marking the said boundary line surveyed and marked, which shall be naid out of the more

surveyed and marked, which shall be paid out of the more

appropriated for defraying the expense of surveying the pub

[t Private and obsolete.]

CHAP. 412. [LXXXIX.] An act for the relief of John N. Stout.

The accounting officers of the united States of America in congress assembled, The divisite the accounting officers of the treasury department be, and the

are hereby; directed to adjust and settle the account of John N. Stout, of Kentucky, and allow him the sum of eighty-seven dol- N. Stout, and allow him stydelike lars fifteen cents, for his fees and compensation as a gaoler, for is cents, see f committing, subsisting, and releasing, Archibald Hamilton, a pri-sisting, subsisting, and releasing, Archibald Hamilton, a pri-sisting, successor of the United States. [Approved, May 20, 1812.]

CHAP. 413. [XC.] An act to extend the right of suffrage in the Illinois ter. ritory, and for other purposes.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, Upon the admis apon the admission of the Illinois territory into the second grade into the second of territorial government, in conformity with the provisions of grade of territorial government, the act, entitled "An act for dividing Indiana into two separate whit maje of a governments,"* each and every free white male person who shall years, who has have attained the age of twenty-one years, and who shall have resided year paid a county or territorial tax, and who shall have resided one work for meaning and territory previous to any general election, and be, at herofoth legislative council the time of any such election, a resident thereof, shall be entitled and house of resident thereof, shall be entitled and house of resident thereof, shall be entitled and house of resident thereof. to vote for members of the legislative council and house of re- &c. [*Ante, ch. 184.] presentatives for the said territory.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That so soon as the go-As soon as the rernor of the said territory shall divide the same into five disterritory living it into five distints to the said territory shall divide the same into five distints for the said territory shall divide the same into five distints for the said territory shall divide the same into five distints for the said territory shall divide the same into five distints for the said territory shall divide the same into five distinct for the said territory shall divide the same into five distinct for the said territory shall divide the same into five distinct for the said territory shall divide the same into five distinct for the said territory shall divide the same into five distinct for the said territory shall divide the same into five distinct for the said territory shall divide the same into five distinct for the said territory shall divide the same into five distinct for the said territory shall divide the same into five distinct for the said territory shall divide the same into five distinct for the said territory shall divide the same into five distinct for the said territory shall divide the same into five distinct for the said territory shall divide the same into five distinct for the said territory shall divide the said t ricts, the citizens thereof, entitled by this act to vote for repretriets, the citizens thereof, entitled by this act to vote for repretriets, the citizens, the left centatives to the general assembly, shall, in each of the said one member of listricts, elect one member of the legislative council, who shall the legislative council in each council in each council by the ordinance for the government of the Northwestern val. 1.] erritory,† and shall hold their offices four years, and no longer,

my thing in the ordinance to the contrary notwithstanding. SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the citizens of the The citizens entitled to one, &c., said territory, entitled to vote for members of the territorial may at the time.

legislature by this act, may, at the time of electing their repre-legate to son-sentatives to the general assembly thereof, also elect one delegate to congress for the said territory, who shall possess the same

powers heretofore granted to the delegates from the several teritories of the United States.1

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the sheriffs of the counties which now are, or hereafter may be, established aft an election not the said territory, respectively, shall, within forty days next for adelegate to the said territory a certified copy of the returns from the turns, ke, and everal districts or townships of their respective counties; and the governor to the shall be the duty of the governor for the time being to give settifice. t shall be the duty of the governor, for the time being, to give, cate, &cc. o the person having the greatest number of votes, a certificate of his election.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That each and every 1.000 dolls for it by every heriff, in each and every county, that now is, or hereafter may thereff who need to be expected in said territory, who shall neglect or refuse to do to perform the erform the duties required by this act, shall forfeit one thousand by this set, &c. lollars, to be recovered, by an action of debt, in any court of

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That the general assem-

record within the said territory; one-half to the use of the terrimolety of the tory, and the other half to the use of the person suing for the forfeiture to the person suing, same.

The general asterritory em-powered to appresentatives of the several comties, &c.

Proviso; not more than 12.

representatives until there are

white inhabit-

bly of the said territory shall have power to apportion the representatives of the several counties which now are, or hereafter may be, established therein, according to the number of free white male inhabitants, above the age of twenty-one years, in such counties: Provided, That there be not more than twelve, nor less nor less than 7, than seven, of the whole number of representatives, until there entatives shall be six thousand free male white inhabitants, above the age of twenty-one years, in said territory, after which time the numanushove 21, &c. ber of representatives shall be regulated agreeably to the ordinance for the government of the territory northwest of the river

[Sec page 475, Ohio.* [Approved, May 20, 1812.]

[†Private and CHAP. 414. [XCI.] An act for the relief of Thomas and William Streshly,†

ly, late collectors of internal æç.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The accounting the accounting officers of the treasury department be, and they officers of the treasury directs are hereby, authorized and directed to settle the accounts of ed to settle the accounts of accounts of Thomas Streshly and William Streshly, respectively, late colmas Streshly and lectors of the internal revenue in the district of Ohio, by allowing to said Thomas such further credits for all accounts of uncollectrevenue, &c. by ed revenue as he shall satisfactorily prove to have been delivered over by him to other collectors, and such sum as he shall appear to be entitled to for his attendance as a witness in behalf of the United States; carrying the balance, if any, which may appear due to said Thomas, to the credit of said William, in his account with the United States. [Approved, May 22, 1812.]

1812; ante, chap. 369.]

[tSee orig. act, of 88th March, CHAP. 415. [XCII.] An act to amend an act, entitled "An act to establish a quartermaster's department, and for other purposes."

commissary ge-neral, nor their respective departments, &c. except, &cc.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That Neither the quarter master general, the commissary general, nor any or either of their deputies or assistant deputies, shall be deputies, &c. to concerned, directly or indirectly, in the purchase or sale, for commercial pur-commercial purposes, of any article intended for, making a part poses, in the purchase or sale of sale of or appertaining to, their respective departments, except for, any article intended for their and on account of, the United States; nor shall they, or either of and on account of, the United States; nor shall they, or either of them, take or apply to his or their own use, any gain or emolument for negotiating or transacting any business in their respective departments, other than what is or may be allowed by law.

The quartermas-

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the quartermaster ter general m-powered to appoint, one princi-point one princi-pal barrackmaster, and as many deputy barrackmasters as may, par particumany from time to time, be necessary, not exceeding one to each separate barrack or cantonment; which said principal barrackmaster shall be entitled to receive the same pay, rations, and emo-deputies as may luments, as the principal foragemaster; and each of his deputies, &c. not exceedthe same pay, rations, and emoluments, as is by law allowed to

a deputy foragemaster.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That, in addition to the war may make allowance made to the quartermaster general and commissary an additional allowance, respectively, in and by the act hereby amended, it shall quartermaster and may be lawful for the secretary for the department of war and commissary general for office for the time being, to allow to them, respectively, such sums as, (*Ante, ch. 360.] in his opinion, shall have been actually and necessarily expended in their several departments for office rent, fuel, candles, and extra clerk hire.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the quartermaster Thequarterms general, the deputy quartermasters, and the assistant deputy patter, ke. to quartermasters, shall, before they, or either of them, enter upon enter into bond, ke. the duties of their appointment, respectively enter into bond, with sufficient security, to be approved of by the secretary of war, conditioned for the faithful expenditure of all public moneys, and accounting for all public property, which may come to their Thequartermashands, respectively; and the quartermaster general shall not be liable for money, liable for any money or property that may come into the hands to that may of the subordinate officers of his department. of the subordinate officers of his department.

Sect. 5. And be it further enacted, That the sixth section of The sixth section the attained the act hereby amended be, and the same is hereby, repealed. regarded. [fAnte,ch.389.]

[Approved, May 22, 1812.]

CHAP. 416. [XCIII.] An act supplementary to an act, entitled "An act for the admission of the state of Louisiana into the union, and to extend the laws of the United States to the said state."‡

[‡ See orig. act, of 8th April,1818; ante, chap. 373.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That all causes, actions, indictments, libels, pleas, processes, and proceedings, whatsoever, returnable, commenced, depending, or in
pediatrict court
the district court any manner existing, in the district court established in the teriory of Orleans, in and by the act, entitled "An act erecting bibliody the Louisiana into two territories, and providing for the temporary Louisiana into government thereof," be, and the same are hereby, transferred to the district court established by the act to which this is a supthe district court established by the act to which this is a supthe district court established by the act to which this is a supthe district court established by the act to which this is a supthe district court established by the act to which this is a supthe district court established by the act to which this is a supthe district court established by the act to which this is a supthe district court established by the act to which this is a supthe district court established by the act to which this is a supthe district court established by the act to which this is a supthe district court established by the act to which this is a supthe district court established by the act to which this is a supthe district court established by the act to which this is a supthe district court established by the act to which this is a supthe district court established by the act to which the act to which this is a supthe district court established by the act to which this is a supthe district court established by the act to which this is a supthe district court established by the act to which the district court established by the act to which the district court established by the act to which the act to which the district court established by the act to which the district court established by the act to which the act to plement, and may be proceeded in, shall exist, and have like ed by the act re-incidents and effects, as if they had been originated, and been [50h,301.vol s.] proceeded in, in the court established by the act to which this is a supplement.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the dockets, books, The dockets, books, Sec. to records, papers, and seal, belonging to the said district court of become the the Orleans territory, shall be transferred to, and become the dockets, books, ec. of the did dockets, books, records, and papers, of the district court of the Louisiana. Louisiana district.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the eighth section of the act referred the act aforesaid, entitled "An act erecting Louisiana into two to, and all acts

territories, and providing for the temporary government therewithin the purview of this act, and also all acts within the purview of this act, and the one to which this is a supplement, be, and the same are hereby, re-[Ch.391,vol.3.] pealed. [Approved, May 22, 1812.]

[†Private and ebsolete.]

CHAP. 417. [XCIV.] An act for the relief of Ninian Pinkney.

the settlement of his account, 743 dolls. 60

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The secretary of the secretary of war be, and he is hereby, directed to allow to war directed to Nini Ninian Pinkney, a captain in the army of the United States, in an Pinkney, a captain. Se, in the settlement of his account, the sum of seven hundred and forty-three dollars and sixty cents, for services rendered as brigade inspector, from the twentieth of August, one thousand eight huninspector, from the twentieth of August, one thousand eight nun-view trad-red and eight, to the thirty-first of May, one thousand eight as brigade in-spector, &c. hundred and ten. [Approved, May 28, 1812.]

CHAP. 418. [XCV.] An act providing for the government of the territory of

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The territory of the territory heretofore called Louisiana shall hereafter be called Louisiana to be Louisiana to be Missouri, and that the temporary government of the territory of Missouri shall be organized and administered in the manner hereinafter prescribed.

The executive SECT. 2. And of it further charter, a trace in the said terriedin agovernor, shall be vested in a governor, who shall reside in the said terriedin agovernor. SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the executive power tory; he shall hold his office during the term of three years, unless sooner removed by the president of the United States; shall be commander in chief of the militia of the said territory; shall have power to appoint and commission all officers, civil and of the militia, whose appointments are not herein otherwise provided for, which shall be established by law; shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed; shall have power to grant pardons for offences against the said territory, and reprieves for those against the United States, until the decision of the president of the United States thereon shall be made known; shall have power, on extraordinary occasions, to convene the general assembly, and he shall, ex officio, be superintendent of Indian affairs.

Secretary, to reritory, &cc.

Duty of the se-

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That there shall be a secretary, whose commission shall continue in force for four years, unless sooner revoked by the president of the United States; he shall reside in the said territory; it shall be his duty, under the direction of the governor, to record and preserve all the proceedings and papers of the executive, and all the acts of the general assembly, and to transmit authentic copies of the same, every In case of a va-cancy, the office of governor to be executed by vacancy of the office of governor, the government of the said territory shall be executed by the secretary.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the legislative power shall be vested in a general assembly, which shall consist of the The legislative governor, a legislative council, and an house of representatives. a general assembly shall have power to make laws in all cases, Powers of the both civil and criminal, for the good government of the people general as of the said territory, not repugnant to or inconsistent with the constitution and laws of the United States; and shall have power to establish inferior courts, and to prescribe their jurisdiction and duties; to define the powers and duties of justices of the peace, and other civil officers, in the said territory, and to regulate and fix the fees of office, and to ascertain and provide for payment of the same, and for all other services rendered to the said territory, under the authority thereof. All bills having passed by a majority in the house of representatives, and by a majority in the legislative council, shall be referred to the governor for his assent, no legislative but no bill or legislative act whatever shall be of any force with without the goout his approbation.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That the legislative council The legislative shall consist of nine members, to continue in office five years, sist of nine unless sooner removed by the president of the United States: members, to continue in office five years, sist of nine unless sooner removed by the president of the United States: members, to Any five of them shall be a quorum. The members of the legis-office five years, lative council shall be nominated and appointed in the manner following: as soon as representatives shall be elected they shall Manner of momibe convened by the governor as hereafter prescribed, and when nating and appeared, shall nominate eighteen persons, residents in the said terrilegislative country one year preceding their nomination, holding no office of ell, for. profit under the territory or the United States, the office of justice of the peace excepted, and each possessing, in his own right, two hundred acres of land therein, and return the names to the president of the United States, nine of whom the president, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, shall appoint and commaission to serve as aforesaid; and when a vacancy shall happen Method of filling in the legislative council, by death or removal from office, the vacancies in the house of representatives shall nominate two persons, qualified as cil, &c. aforesaid, for each vacancy, and return their names to the president of the United States, one of whom he, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, shall appoint and commission for the residue of the term; and every five years, four months at least before the expiration of the time of service of the members of the legislative council, the house of representatives shall nominate eighteen persons, qualified as aforesaid, and return their names to the president of the United States, nine of whom shall be appointed and commissioned as aforesaid, to serve as members of the legislative council five years, if not sooner removed. No Members of the person shall be a member of the legislative council who hath not i gislative council who hath not en must be as attained to the age of twenty-five years.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That the house of repre- The house of representatives to sentatives shall be composed of members elected every second year be composed of by the people of the said territory, to serve for two years. For members electroners are served every five hundred free white male inhabitants there shall be one peles, &c.

representative, and so on progressively with the number of free One representatwo for every white male inhabitants, shall the right of representation increase, soo free white male inhabitants

until the number of the representatives shall amount to twenty-five, antis, and so on, after which the number and proportion of representatives shall Qualifications of be regulated by the general assembly. No person shall be eligirepresentatives. ble or qualified to be a representative who shall not have attained to the age of twenty one years, and who shall not have resided in the territory one year next preceding the day of election, and who shall not be a freeholder within the county in which he may be elected; and no person holding an office under the United States, or any office of profit under the territory, shall be a repre-

cy, &c. the go-verner to issue a writ, &c.

electors.

In case of vacancy by death, resignation, removal, or sentative. otherwise, of a representative, the governor shall issue a writ to the county, whenever a vacancy may be, as aforesaid, to elect Qualifications of another person to serve the residue of the term. That all free white male citizens of the United States, above the age of twentyone years, who have resided in said territory twelve months next preceding an election, and who shall have paid a territorial or county tax, assessed at least six months previous thereto, shall be entitled to vote for representatives to the general assembly of said territory.

The governor to lay off the terri-

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That, in order to carry the tory into conversame into operation, the governor of the said territory shall cause Sec. and cause 13 to be elected thirteen representatives, and for that purpose shall to be cheed, &c. proceed, as circumstances may require, to lay off the parts of the said territory to which the Indian title hath been extinguished, into convenient counties, on or before the first Monday in October next, and give notice thereof throughout the same, and shall appoint the most convenient time and place within each of the said counties for holding the elections, and shall nominate a proper officer or officers to preside at and conduct the same, and to return to him the names of the persons who shall have been Subsequent elected. All subsequent elections shall be regulated by the gene-tions to be regu-lated by the ge-ral assembly, and the number of representatives shall be deter-neral assembly, mined and the experiencement made in the manner hereinhefers mined, and the apportionment made, in the manner hereinbefore prescribed.

The general as-sembly to meet once in each year, &c. Method of proceeding, &c. in the council and house, &c.

The representatives to be conveniently by the governor in the governor in the governor in St. Louis, on the first Monday in December next; and the first Monday in December next; and the first general assembly shall be convened by the governor, as may be convenient, at St. Louis, after the members of the legislative council shall be appointed and commissioned. The general assembly shall meet once in each year, at St. Louis, and such meeting shall be on the first Monday in December, annually, unless they shall by law appoint a different day. The legislative council, and house of representatives, when assembled, shall each choose a speaker and its other officers, and determine the rules of its proceedings. Each house shall sit on its own adjournments from day to day. Neither house shall, during the session, without consent of the other, adjourn for more than two days, nor to any other place than that where the two houses shall

from arrest during their attendance at their respective houses,

Privilege of the be sitting. The members of the general assembly snall, in an amendation of the peace, be privileged general assembly cases except treason, felony, or breach of the peace, be privileged

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and in going to, and returning from, the same; and for any speech of debate in either house, they shall not be questioned in any

other place.

SECT. 9. And be it further enacted, That all and every free Every free white male person who, on the twentieth day of December, in son, who was an inhabitant on inhabitant on the year one thousand eight hundred and three, was an inhabitant the soft Dec. of the territory of Louisiana, and all free white male citizens of otherwise qualithe United States, who, since the said twentieth day of December, capable of holding the year one thousand eight hundred and three, emigrated, or ing any office, who hereafter may emigrate, to the said territory, being other-for members, who hereafter may emigrate, to the said territory, being other-for members, the said territory being other for members, the said territory being the said territory be wise qualified according to the provisions of this act, shall be gate, &c. capable to hold any office of honor, trust, or profit, in the said territory, under the United States, or under the said territory, and to vote for members of the general assembly, and a delegate to congress, during the temporary government provided for by this act.

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SECT. 10. And be it further enacted, That the judicial power The judicial shall be vested in a superior court, and in inferior courts and power to be justices of the peace. The judges of the superior court and jus-rior court, &c. tices of the peace shall hold their offices for the term of four years, unless sooner removed; the superior court shall consist of three The superior judges, who shall reside in the said territory, any two of whom court to consist shall constitute a court; the superior courts shall have jurisdic- jurisdiction of tion in all criminal cases, and exclusive jurisdiction in all those the superior court, &cc. that are capital; and original and appellate jurisdiction in all civil cases of the value of one hundred dollars: the said judges shall hold their courts at such times and places as shall be prescribed [*See act of 27th by the general assembly.* The sessions of the superior and in-506, post.] ferior courts shall continue until all the business depending shall be disposed of, or for such time as shall be prescribed by the general assembly. The superior and inferior courts shall, respectively, appoint their clerks, who shall be commissioned by the court to appoint their clerks, who shall be commissioned by the court to appoint their courts to appoint their clerks, &c. vernment of the said territory, unless sooner removed by the court.

SECT. 11. And be it further enacted, That all free male white qualifications of persons of the age of twenty-one years, who shall have resided gurors. one year in the said territory, and are not disqualified by any egal proceeding, shall be qualified to serve as grand or petit urors in the courts of the said territory; and they shall, until Manner of sethe general assembly thereof shall otherwise direct, be selected in such manner as the said courts shall respectively prescribe, so is to be most conducive to an impartial trial, and least burthenome to the inhabitants of the said territory.

SECT. 12. And be it further enacted, That the governor, secre- The governor, ary, and judges, for the territory of Missouri, authorized by this judges, and ict, and all general officers of the militia, during the temporary general officers of militia, to be covernment thereof, shall be appointed and commissioned by the appointed, 800 by the president resident of the United States, by and with the advice and con- and senate. ent of the senate; and the governor, secretary, and judges, shall, espectively, receive for their services the compensations estabished by law, to be paid quarter yearly out of the treasury of

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The governor. peeretary, judges, &c. to take un oath,

Before whom the oath is to be taken.

the United States. The governor, secretary, judges, members of the legislative council, members of the house of representatives, justices of the peace, and all other officers, civil and military, before they enter on the duties of their respective offices, shall take an oath or affirmation to support the constitution of the United States, and for the faithful discharge of the duties of their office; the governor before a judge of the supreme or a district court of the United States, or a judge of the said territory; the secretary and judges before the governor; the members of the legislative council and house of representatives before a judge of the said territory; and the justices of the peace and all other officers before such person as the governor shall appoint and direct.

The citizens of the territory en-

The powers, privileges, &c. of the delegate the same as those of any other delegate.

SECT. 13. And be it further enacted, That the citizens of the said territory, entitled to vote for representatives to the general See to electione assembly thereof, shall, at the time of electing their representatives to the said general assembly, also elect one delegate from the said territory to the congress of the United States; and the delegate so elected shall possess the same powers, shall have the same privileges, and compensation, for his attendance in congress, and for going to, and returning from, the same, as heretofore have been granted to, and provided for, a delegate from any ter-[* See chap, 265, ritory of the United States.*

SECT. 14. And be it further enacted, That the people of the to the people of said territory shall always be entitled to a proportionate representation in the general assembly; to judicial proceedings according to the common law, and the laws and usages in force in the said territory; to the benefit of the writ of habes corpus. In all criminal cases the trial shall be by jury of good and lawful men of the vicinage. All persons shall be bailable, unless for capital offences, where the proof shall be evident or the presumption great. All fines shall be moderate, and no cruel or unusual punishment shall be inflicted. No man shall be deprived of his life, liberty, or property, but by the judgment of his peers, and the law of the land. If the public exigencies make it necessary, for the common preservation, to take the property of any person, or to demand his particular services, full compensation shall be made for the same. No ex post facto law, or law impairing the obligation of contracts, shall be made. No law shall be made which shall lay any person under restraint, burthen, or disability, on account of his religious opinions, professions, or mode of worship, in all which he shall be free to maintain his own, and not burthened for those of another. Religion, monlity, and knowledge, being necessary to good government and the happiness of mankind, schools, and the means of education, shall be encouraged and provided for from the public lands of the United States in the said territory, in such manner as congress may deem expedient.

Schools, &c. to be encouraged and provided for, &c.

The general as-sembly no: to interfer with the primary dis-posal of the soil by the United States, &c.

SECT. 15. And be it further enacted, That the general assembly shall never interfere with the primary disposal of the soil by the United States in congress assembled, nor with any regulation congress may find necessary to make for securing the title in the bona fide purchasers: No tax shall ever be imposed on

lands the property of the United States. The lands of nonresident proprietors shall never be taxed higher than those of residents. The Mississippi and Missouri rivers, and the navigable The Mississippi waters flowing into them, and the carrying places between the rivers, carrying same, shall be common highways, and forever free to the people places, &c. to be common of the said territory, and to the citizens of the United States, forever free, &c. without any tax, duty, or impost therefor.

SECT. 16. And be it further enacted, That the laws and regu- Laws, &c. in lations in force in the territory of Louisiana, at the commence- inconsignent, ment of this act, and not inconsistent with the provisions thereof, &c. shall continue in force until altered, modified, or repealed, by the general assembly. And it is hereby declared that this act shall This act not to not be construed to vacate the commission of any officer in the waste the commission of any said territory, acting under the authority of the United States, officer in the but that every such commission shall be and continue in full force as if this act had not been made. And so much of an act, entitled An act further providing for the government of the territory of Louisiana,"* approved on the third day of March, one
thousand eight hundred and five, and so much of an act, entitled
hundred and five, and so much of an act, entitled
had act for erecting Louisiana into two territories and providing for the temporary government thereof,"† approved the twenty-sixth of March, one thought eight hundred and four, as is
repugnant to this act, shall from and after the first Monday in

December next, be repealed: On which first Monday in December next this act shall commence and have full force: Pro
"An act for erecting Louisiana into two territories and providinto operations, (*Ch. 391,yol.3.)

The state of the territories and providinto operations, (*Ch. 391,yol.3.)

The state of the territories and providinto operations, (*Ch. 391,yol.3.) cember next this act shall commence and have full force: Pro- Proviso; so much vided, So much of it as requires the governor of said territory to guire the governor mental duties previous to the said first Monday of De- form certain duties previous to the said first Monday of De- form certain duties previous to the said first Monday of De-

[Approved, June 4, 1812.] from the 4th June, 1812.

CHAP, 419. [XCVI.] An act for the relief of William Garrard.

cember next shall be in force from the passage thereof.

[‡ Private and obsolete.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the proper officers of the treasury department be, and they are The proper of hereby, authorized and required to pay to William Garrard the sury required to additional sum of one thousand five hundred dollars, in consideration of his services as a land commissioner in the territory ditional sum of of Orleans; which shall be paid out of any money in the treasury, comideration of his services as a not otherwise appropriated. [Approved, June 10, 1812.] not otherwise appropriated. [Approved, June 10, 1812.]

sioner, &c.

CHAP. 420. [XCVII.] An act to extend the time for exporting, with privilege of drawback, goods, wares, and merchandise, entitled thereto by law. The time during

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representalaying an embargo continues in the time during which the act, entitled "An act laying an embargo on all ships and vessels in the ports and harbors of the senate within which goods, bargo on all ships and vessels in the ports and harbors of the senate exported to be emitted to be emitted. not be computed as making part of the term of twelve ca- [Ante, ch. 372.]

1812.

lendar months, during which goods, wares, or merchandise, imported into the United States, must be re-exported in order to be entitled to a drawback of the duties paid on the importation [Approved, June 10, 1812.]

[*See orig set, CHAP. 421. [XCVIII.] An act supplemental to an act, entitled ** An act for of 3d Feb. 1809; ante, chap. 184.]

dividing the Indiana territory into two separate convergments are

in the general of chancery, &c.
upon any suit,
&c. pending on
the 1st March,
1809, may sue writs of execution, &c.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That Persons in whose it shall and may be lawful for any person or persons, in whose favor final judg-mentsordeeres, favor there now are, or hereafter may be, rendered any final judgment or judgments, decree or decrees, in the general court, or court of chancery, of the territory aforesaid, upon any suit or suits, pleas, process, or proceedings, which were pending in the said courts on the first day of March, one thousand eight hundred out of the office of the clerk, &c. and nine, to sue out of the office of the clerk of the general court, or court of chancery, aforesaid, without delay, any writ or writs of execution, upon the judgments or decrees aforesaid, and to cause the said judgments or decree to be fully executed by the same officers, and in the same manifest, as if the Indiana territory had remained undivided. [Approve, June 10, 1812.]

> CHAP. 422. [XCIX.] An act making further provision for settling the claims to land in the territory of Missouri.

habitants, &c.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The rights, ti. the rights, titles, and claims, to town or village lots, and belonging sc. to town common field lots, and commons, in, adjoining, and belonging sc. in and adjoin to, the several towns or villages of Portage des Sioux, St. ing. Sc. to the ing, &c. to the several towns of villages of Lorage actions, St. Louis, St. Ferdinand, Villa a Robert, Carondelet, while for to the 20th Arkansas, in the territory of Missouri, which lots have been firmed to the in- inhabited, cultivated, or possessed, prior to the twentieth day of inhabited, cultivated, or possessed, prior to the twentieth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and three, shall be, and the same are hereby, confirmed to the inhabitants of the respective towns or villages aforesaid, according to their several right Provise, nothing or rights in common thereto: Provided, That nothing herein herein to affect the rights of any persons whose claiming the same londs or any part thereof whose claiming the same londs or any part thereof whose claiming the same londs or any part thereof whose claiming the same londs or any part thereof whose claiming the same londs or any part thereof whose claims have sons whose claims have claiming the same lands, or any part thereof, whose claims have confirmed, accommissioners for adjusting and settling claims to land in the said territory. And it shall be the

The principal deputy surveyor to survey, &c. the out boundary lines of the

towns, Sect so as (where the same has not already been done according to law) sections, Sec. into out plats, the out boundary lines of the said several towns or villages, so as the purposal or posal or by the t states, t respectively, belonging. And he shall make out plats of the And he shall make out plats of the surveys, which he shall transmit to the surveyor general, who shall forward copies of the said plats to the commissioner of the

duty of the principal deputy surveyor for the said territory, as

soon as may be, to survey, or cause to be surveyed and marked,

general land office, and to the recorder of land titles: the expense of surveying the said out boundary lines shall be paid by the United States out of any moneys appropriated for surveying the public lands: Provided, That the whole expense shall not ex- Province the ceed three dollars for every mile that shall be actually surveyed not we receed 3 and marked.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That all town or village All town or vil lots, outlots, or common field lots, included in such surveys, rightfully owner which are not rightfully owned or claimed by any private indies, or held as commons belonging to such towns or villages, duals, &c. or that the president of the United States may not think proper to reserve for military purposes, shall be, and the same are hereby, reserved for the support of schools in the respective towns or villages aforesaid: Provided, That the whole quantity of land whole quantity contained in the lots reserved for the support of schools in any reserved for one town or village, shall not exceed one-twentieth part of the to exceed 1-20th whole lands included in the general survey of such town or vil- part, &c. lage.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That every claim to a Every claim to a donation of donation of lands in the said territory, in virtue of settlement lands in the terand cultivation, which is embraced by the report of the commis-ri, in virtue of sioners, transmitted to the secretary of the treasury, and which, embraced by the by the said report, shall appear not to have been confirmed, commissioners, merely because permission, by the proper Spanish officer, to educate permissioners, and not confirmed, to settle, has not been duly proven; or because the tract claimed, by the Spanish although inhabited, was not cultivated on the twentieth of December, one thousand eight hundred and three; or not to have been proven, or, been confirmed on account of both said causes; the same shall appears that the tract so claimed was inhabited, was inhabited by the claimant, or some one for his use, prior to the seth Dec. 1803, the twentieth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and the tract claimed was inhabited, because the tract claimed was inhabited. the twentieth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and &c. subject, &c. three, as aforesaid, and cultivated in eight months thereafter; subject, however, to every other limitation and restriction prescribed by former laws in respect to such claims: and in all cases where in the said report, or other records of the board, a claim has not that claims to land have not been confirmed merely on the ground been confirmed that the claim was for a greater quantity than eight hundred that it was for a greater quantity than eight hundred. arpens, French measure, every such claim, to the extent of eight ty, ke, it is to be hundred arrens, shall be confirmed. hundred arpens, shall be confirmed.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the recorder of appears. land titles for the said territory shall, without delay, make an extract from the books of the said board of commissioners of all souriso make an the claims to land which are, by the preceding section, directed to be confirmed, a copy of which he shall transmit to the commissioner of the general land office; and he shall furnish the principal deputy surveyor with a proper description of the tracts so to be confirmed, wherein the quantity, locality, boundaries, and connexion, when practicable with each other, and those face turnish the denire that have been confirmed by the board of commissioners, when the denire the description face turnish the denire that have been confirmed by the surveys, as hereinsafter directed, shall have been returned to the said recorder's caus, &c. after directed, shall have been returned to the said recorder's cates, &c. office, it shall be his duty to issue, for each tract to be confirmed

ex ent of 800

April 19 miles

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as aforesaid, to the person entitled thereto, a certificate in favor of the party, which shall be transmitted to the commissioner of the general land office; and if it shall appear, to the satisfaction of the said commissioner, that such certificate has been fairly obtained, according to the true intent and meaning of this act, then, in that case, patents shall be granted in like manner as is provided by law for the other lands of the United States. SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That the principal deputy

Patents to be granted, &c.

The principal deputy surveyor to survey, &c. so much of the lands in the Misthe claims to firmed, &c.

surveyor shall survey, or cause to be surveyed, under the direction of the surveyor general, so much of the lands in the said souri territory territory, to which the Indian title has been extinguished, as the start direct, see president of the United States may direct, into townships of six and slow the lands miles square, by lines running due north and south, and others which are directed to be con- crossing these at right angles; and also the lands, the claims to which are directed to be confirmed by the third section of this act; and the lands, the claim to which have been confirmed by the board of commissioners, where the same has not already been surveyed under the authority of the United States. And deputy surveyor the said principal deputy surveyor shall make out a general and to make out a connected plan of all the to make out a connected plat of all the surveys directed by this act to be made, metal and connected plat of all or which have already been made, under the authority of the the surveys, and United States, which he shall transmit to the surveyor general, who shall transmit copies of the said plat or plats to the recorder of land titles, and the commissioner of the general land office. The expense of The expense of surveying shall be paid by the United States:
surveying to be paid by the United Provided, The same shall not, in the whole, exceed three dolted States, pro-tidedit do a not lars a mile for every mile that shall be actually surveyed and exceed 3 dolls-marked.

surveyor gene-

free access, &c. pers in the reorder's office, &c. and may

\$5 cents to the recorder for the each tract, &c.

Persons claimtual stilen whose chims

Sect. 6. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where, where by reason of the indefinite description of the local situation and get escription, you cannot be accertained by the commissioners, the same cannot be ascertained by the tained by the the training of the recorder of principal deputy surveyor, it shall be the duty of the recorder of surveyor, the land titles, on the application of the said principal deputy, to furfurnish such pre-cise description nish such precise description thereof as can be obtained from the records in his office and the books of the said board of commis-For more correctly ascertaining such tracts, the locality and boundaries of any such tracts, the said principal deputy to have and papers in the recorder's office, relating to land claims, and be permitted to take copies, or such extracts, therefrom, or any of them, as he may think proper and necessary for the discharge of take copies, &c. his duty in executing such surveys. And the said recorder shall be allowed twenty-five cents for the description of each tract which he shall furnish to the principal deputy surveyor as aforesaid.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That every person or perterritory of Miss sons claiming lands in the territory of Missouri, who are actual settlers on the lands which they claim, and whose claims have not been heretofore filed with the recorder of land titles for the have not been nerectories med with the first day of December ed until the first day of Ser. 1813, to de- next, to deliver notices, in writing, and the written evidences, of

their claims to the said recorder; and the notices and evidences, so delivered within the time limited by this act, shall be recorded &cc. to the rein the same manner, and on payment of the same fees, as if the The notices, &cc. same had been delivered before the first day of July, one thou- sec. sand eight hundred and eight; but the rights of such persons as The rights of shall neglect so doing within the time limited by this act, shall, fig to deliver so far as they are derived from, or founded on, any act of congress, ever after be barred and become void, and the evidences tic. of their claims never after admitted as evidence in any court of the United States against any grant derived from the United States.*

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That the said recorder of the recorder of land titles shall have the same powers, and perform the same have the same duties, in relation to the claims thus filed before the first day of powers, &c. in relation to

December next, and the claims which have been heretofore filed, set the board of but not decided on by the commissioners, as the board of commissioners had, by former laws respecting claims, filed prior to laws, &c. exthe first day of July, one thousand eight hundred and eight, ex- cept, &c. cept that all of his decisions shall be subject to the revision of congress. And it shall be the duty of the said recorder to make the recorder to the commissioner of the general land office a report of all the alims to take a report of the commissioner of the general land office a report of all the laims which shall be thus filed before the first day of December filed to the commissioner of the general land. next, and of the claims which have been already filed, but not the general land office, &c. decided on by the said commissioners; together with the substance of the evidence in support thereof, with his opinion, and such remarks as he may think proper; which report, together The report, and with a list of the claims which, in the opinion of the said recorder, a list of the ought to be confirmed, shall be laid, by the commissioner of the great, the. general land office, before congress, at their next session, for their determination thereon. The said recorder, in addition to The resorder at his salary, as fixed by law, shall be allowed fifty cents for each lowed 50 cents claim which has been filed, but not decided on by the commis- filed, in addition scioners; or which shall be filed according to this act, and on which ther sam of soo dolls. after his he shall make a decision, whether such decision be in favor of, report, &c. torbe or against, the claim; and a further allowance of five hundred dol- eleck hire. lars, which shall be paid after he shall have made his report to the commissioner of the general land office; which allowance of fifty cents for each claim decided on, and five hundred dollars, on the completion of the business, shall be in full compensation for his services, including clerk hire, respecting the claims to be decided on according to this act. [Approved, June 13, 1812.]

[*See chap. sog.

CHAP. 423. [C.] This is an act relating entirely to the district of Columbia. See act of 18th April, 1814; sec. 1, chap. 657, post.

CHAP. 424. [CI.] This is an act relating entirely to the district of Columbia. See act of 18th April, 1814; sec. 1, chap. 657, post.

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[* Obsolete. See, the treaty of peace and amity, page 693, vol. 1.]

exist between Great Britain, &c. and the United States, &c. The president authorized to use the whole force to carry the declaration into effect, and to issue commissions to private armed vessels, Sec.

CHAP. 425. [CII.] An act declaring war between the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and the dependencies thereof, and the United States of America, and their territories.*

Ther. 1. Be it enucted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, War declared to war be, and the same is hereby, declared to exist between United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and the dependencies thereof, and the United States of America, and their territories; and that the president of the United States is hereby; authorized to use the whole land and naval force of the United States to carry the same into effect, and to issue to private armed: vessels of the United States commissions, or letters of marque and general reprisal, in such form as he shall think proper, and under the seal of the United States, against the vessels, goods, and effects, of the government of the said United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and the subjects thereof.

[Approved, June 18, 1812.]

[† Private and obsolete.]

CHAP. 426. [CIII.] An act for the relief of Clement B. Penrose.†

the seat of government.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The proper officers of the treasury be, and they are hereby, auers of the treasury required to thorized and required to allow and pay unto Clement B. Penpay Clement B. rose, one of the commissioners for ascertaining the rights of per-dolls for having sons claiming lands in the territory of Louisiana, the sum of five brought the report of the land hundred dollars, as a full compensation for having brought to the for Louisiana to seat of government the report of the said commissioners.

[Approved, June 20, 1812.]

[t Private.]

CHAP. 427. [CIV.] An act authorizing the discharge of William Peck from his imprisonment.‡

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-

William Peck, late marshal and acting super-visor of internal revenue for Rhode Island, Scc. confined on a judgment in favor of the Unidischarged Proviso; William Peck first to convey all his estate for the benefit of the United States,

tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That William Peck, late marshal and acting supervisor of the internal revenue and direct tax, for Rhode Island district, and who is confined in prison at Providence, on a judgment obtained against and states, to be him in favor of the United States, be discharged from his imprisonment: Provided, however, That he shall first assign and convey all the estate, real and personal, which he may now own, or be entitled to, to some person or persons, for the use and benefit of the United States, under the direction of the secretary of the treasury, for the purpose of satisfying any judgment that has, or may hereafter be, obtained against him for any moneys due by him to the United States: And provided also, That any estate, real or personal, which the said William Peck may hereafter acquire, shall be liable to be taken in the same manner as if he had not been imprisoned and discharged.

Proviso; fature estate to be lia-

[Approved, June 24, 1812.]

HEAP. 428. [CV.] An act for the relief of lieutenant colonel William D.

1812.

Private and

bett. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That he accounting officers of the department of war in the settlement of the account of lieutenant colonel William D. Beall, allow him he pay and emoluments of adjutant and inspector of the army, tank and near New Orleans, from the seventeenth of June, until the wenty-fourth of November, in the year one thousand eight hundred and nine, to be paid out of any money in the treasury not the time mentioned.

Tune 24. 1819.1 therwise appropriated. [Approved, June 24, 1812.]

HAP. 429. [CVI.] This is an act relating entirely to the district of Columbia. See act of 18th April, 1814; sec. 1, chap. 657, post.

HAP. 430. [CVII.] An act concerning letters of marque, prizes, and prize [† See treaty of peace and amity, page 693, vol. 1:

BECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa.

21. And additional act, of 27th Jan.

13. Calp. 478.

ives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That post.] he president of the United States shall be, and he is hereby, au- The president horized and empowered to revoke and annul at pleasure all let-empowered to ers of marque and reprisal which he shall or may at any time marque, &c. which he may rant, pursuant to an act, entitled "An act declaring war between grant in pursuant to an act, entitled "An act declaring war between grant in pursuant. he United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and the de-mentioned endencies thereof, and the United States of America, and their :rritories."t

[Ante, ch. 428.]

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That all persons applying Persons applying retrest of marque and reprisal, pursuant to the act aforesaid, marque, sec. to hall state in writing the name, and a suitable description of the the name of the the name of the state. onnage and force, of the vessel, and the name and place of resi-vessel, &c. lence of each owner concerned therein, and the intended number of the crew; which statement shall be signed by the person or The statement ersons making such application, and filed with the secretary of tob sig d, see, tate, or shall be delivered to any other officer or person who the secretary of take, &c. hall be employed to deliver out such commissions, to be by him fansmitted to the secretary of state.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That before any com- Bonds, &cc. to be aission of letters of marque and reprisal shall be issued as afore- to the number of aid, the owner or owners of the ship or vessel for which the men on board ame shall be requested, and the commander thereof, for the time eing, shall give bond to the United States, with at least two esponsible sureties, not interested in such vessel, in the penal am of five thousand dollars; or if such vessel be provided with nore than one hundred and fifty men, then in the penal sum of en thousand dollars; with condition that the owners, officers, and Condition of each bond. rew, who shall be employed on board such commissioned vesil, shall and will observe the treaties and laws of the United tates, and the instructions which shall be given them according) law for the regulation of their conduct; and will satisfy all

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damages and injuries which shall be done or committed contrary to the tenor thereof by such vessel, during her commission, and to deliver up the same when revoked by the president of the United States.

Vessels and proowners, officers, and crews, &c.

Property to be distributed acten agreement; or, if no agree-ment, then a

payment of a reasonable salvage, &c.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That all captures and prizes perty captured by the second of vessels and property shall be forfeited, and shall accrue to the accrue to the owners, officers, and crews, of the vessels by whom such captures and prizes shall be made; and, on due condemnation had, shall be distributed according to any written agreement which shall be cording to write made between them; and if there be no such agreement, then one moiety to the owners, and the other moiety to the officers ment, then a moiety to the moiety to the movern and a may be, according to the rules prescribed for the distribution of prize money, by the act, entitled "An act for the better government, kee.

[*Ch. 187, vol.3.] ment of the navy of the United States,"* passed the twenty-third are thousand eight hundred.

Recaptured vessels, goods, &co.

SECT. 5. And be it further enactea, I nat an vessels, goods, &co.

to be restored on effects, the property of any citizen of the United States, or of per-SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That all vessels, goods, and sons resident within and under the protection of the United States, or of persons permanently resident within and under the protection of any foreign prince, government, or state, in amity with the United States, which shall have been captured by the enemy, and which shall be recaptured by vessels commissioned as aforesaid, shall be restored to the lawful owners, upon payment by them, respectively, of a just and reasonable salvage, to be determined by the mutual agreement of the parties concerned, or by the decree of any court having competent jurisdiction, according to the nature of each case, agreeably to the provisions heretofare established by law. And such salvage shall be distributed among the owners, officers, and crews, of the vessels commissioned as aforesaid, and making such recaptures, according to any written agreement which shall be between them; and in case of no such agreement, then in the same manner, and upon the principles, hereinbefore provided in case of capture.

Salvage to be distributed among the own-ers, officers, and crews, &c.

Prizes to b

District courts to have exclusive original cognizance of prizes brought into the United States, &c.

If captures are made without

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That, before breaking bulk adjudication, be of any vessel which shall be captured as aforesaid, or other disposal or conversion thereof, or of any articles which shall be found on board the same, such captured vessel, goods, or effects, shall Into ports of the be brought into some port of the United States, or into some port United States, or into some port of a friendly na- of a nation in amity with the United States, and shall be proceeded against, before a competent tribunal, and, after condemnation and forfeiture thereof, shall belong to the owners and captors thereof, and be distributed as aforesaid: And in the case of all captured vessels, goods, and effects, which shall be brought within the jurisdiction of the United States, the district courts of the United States shall have exclusive original cognizance thereof as in civil causes of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction; and the said courts, or the courts, being courts of the United States, into which such cases shall be removed, and in which they shall be finally decided, shall and may decree restitution, in whole or in part, when the capture shall have been made without just cause. And if made without probable cause, or otherwise unreasonably,

may order and decree damages and costs to the party injured, and for which the owners and commanders of the vessels making probable causes such captures, and also the vessels, shall be liable.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That all prisoners found &c. on board any captured vessels, or on board any recaptured vessel, shall be reported to the collector of the port in the United to the collector to the collector of the port in the United to the collector of the port in the United to the collector to the collector. States in which they shall first arrive, and shall be delivered into marshal, &c. he custody of the marshal of the district, or some civil or miliary officer of the United States, or of any state in or near such port, who shall take charge of their safekeeping and support, at he expense of the United States.

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That the president of the The president to United States shall be, and he is hereby, authorized to establish tions for privaand order suitable instructions for the better governing and directing the conduct of the vessels, so commissioned, their officers and crews, copies of which shall be delivered, by the collector of the customs, to the commanders, when they shall give bond as uforesaid.

SECT. 9. And be it further enacted, That a bounty shall be a bounty of so paid by the United States, of twenty dollars for each person on person on board board any armed ship or vessel, belonging to the enemy, at the enemy, of equal commencement of an engagement, which shall be burnt, sunk, or or inferior force, destroyed, &c. destroyed, by any vessel commissioned as aforesaid, which shall be of equal or inferior force, the same to be divided as in other :ases of prize money.*

SECT. 10. And be it further enacted, That the commanding Commanding officer of every vessel having a commission, or letters of marque ficers to keep and reprisal, during the present hostilities between the United journals, containing a true States and Great Britain, shall keep a regular journal, containing and exact ac true and exact account of his daily transactions and proceedings transactions, &c. with such vessel and the crew thereof; the ports and places he shall put into or cast anchor in, the time of his stay there, and the cause thereof; the prizes he shall take; the nature and probable value of such prizes; the times and places when and where taken, and how and in what manner he shall dispose of the same; the ships or vessels he shall fall in with; the times and places, when and where he shall meet with them, and his observations and remarks thereon; also of whatever else shall occur to him or any of his officers or mariners, or be discovered and found out by examination or conference with any mariners or passenzers of or in any other ships and vessels, or by any other ways or means whatsoever, touching or concerning the fleets, vessels, und forces, of the enemy, their posts and places of station and lestination, strength, numbers, intents, and designs: And such The command-commanding officer shall, immediately on his arrival in any port privateer, on arof the United States, or the territories thereof, from or during of the United he continuance of any voyage or cruise, produce his commis- States, to produce his commis- duce his comion for such vessel, and deliver up such journal so kept as mission, deliver up for such vessel, and deliver up such journal so the way of the way verified on foresaid, signed with his proper name and hand writing, to the sex verificant, sec. ollector or other chief officer of the customs, at or nearest to uch port; the truth of which journal shall be verified by the ath of the commanding officer for the time being; and such col-

1812. &c. to order an office of the customs to go on board and take an account of offic rs and men, &c.
No private agmed vessel to be permitted to sail ed up, and a cortificate obtained, &c.

Commanding
officers of privateers to exhibit their journals, &c. to public armed vessels of the Unit d States, &c.

Vessels having betters of ment does not correspond &c. or refusing to produce such ble to have their

Owners, &c. of letters of olating any of the laws of the revenue, &c. to forfeit the commission, a. d liapinalties, &c.

lector or other chief officer of the customs shall, immediately on the arrival of such vessel, order the proper officer of the customs to go on board and take an account of the officers and men, the number and nature of the guns, and whatever else shall occur to him, on examination, material to be known; and no such vessel shall be permitted to sail out of port again, after such arrival, until such journal shall have been delivered up, and a certificate permused to sail out of portagain, obtained, under the hand of such collector or other chief officer until the journal has been deliver of the customs, that she is manned and armed according to her commission; and upon delivery of such certificate, any former certificate of a like nature, which shall have been obtained by the commander of such vessel, shall be delivered up. SECT. 11. And be it further enacted, That captains and com-

manders of vessels having letters of marque and reprisal, in case of falling in with any of the vessels of war or revenue of the United States, shall produce, to the commanding officer of such vessels, their journals, commissions, and certificates, as aforesaid; and the commanding officers of such ships of war or revenue shall make, respectively, a memorandum in such journal, of the day on which it was so produced to him, and shall subscribe his name to it: and, in case such vessel, having letters of marque as aforesaid, shall put into any foreign port where there reig port where is an American consul, or other public agent of the United States, there is an American consul, rican consultive the commander shall produce his journal, commission, and cerare to produce tificate aforesaid, to such consul or agent, who may go on board their journal. See, to such con- and number the officers and crew, and examine the guns, and if sul, Acc.
The consul, &c. the same shall not correspond with the commission and certifito report to the cate, respectively, such consul or agent shall forthwith commu-secretary of the navy if hearms nicate the same to the secretary of the navy.

SECT. 12. And be it further enacted, That the commanders versels having of vessels having letters of marque and reprisal as aforesid, narque, &c., ne- neglecting to keep a journal as aforesaid, or wilfully making gleeting to keep fraudulent entries therein, or obliterating any material transacmaking fraudu-tions therein, where the interest of the United States is in any manner concerned, or refusing to produce such journal, commisjournal, &c. lie sion, or certificate, pursuant to the preceding section of this act, ble to have their then, and in such cases, the commissions or letters of marque vok d, and to forfiit 1,000 dols, and reprisal of such vessels shall be liable to be revoked; and such commanders, respectively, shall forfeit, for every such of A moiety of the fence, the sum of one thousand dollars; one moiety thereof to the informer, &c. use of the United States, and the other to the informer.

SECT. 13. And be it further enacted, That the owners or commarque, &c. vi- manders of vessels having letters of marque and reprisal z aforesaid, who shall violate any of the acts of congress for the collection of the revenue of the United States and for the prevention of smuggling, shall forfeit the commission or letters of marque and reprisal, and they, and the vessels owned or commanded by them, shall be liable to all the penalties and forfeitures attaching to merchant vessels in like cases.

So much of any act as robibits

Sect. 14. And be it further enacieu, line the importation of goods, wares, and mermention or acts as prohibits the importation of goods, wares, and manufacture, of the doof British goods, of the growth, produce, and manufacture, of the do-

minions, colonies, and dependencies, of the United Kingdom of 1812. Great Britain and Ireland, or of goods, wares, and merchandise, has the same may prohibite imported from the dominious, colonies, and dependencies, of the importation of United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, be, and the same used from the is hereby, repealed, so far as the same may prohibit the impor- enemy, &co. tation or introduction into the United States, and their territories, of such goods, wares, and merchandise, as may be captured from the enemy and made good and lawful prize of war, either by ressels having letters of marque and reprisal, or by the vessels of war and revenue of the United States. And all such goods, Prize goods to pay the same duwares, and merchandise, when imported or brought into the ties as if imported the continue of the c United States, or their territories, shall pay the same duties, to ry course to be secured and collected in the same manner, and under the trade, &c. same regulations, as the like goods, wares, and merchandise, if imported in vessels of the United States from any foreign port or place, in the ordinary course of trade, are now, or may at the time be, liable to pay.*

ne be, liable to pay.*

SECT. 15. And be it further enacted, That all offences commitmitted by any ted by any officer or seaman on board any such vessel having on board vessels letters of marque and reprisal, during the present hostilities having letters of against Great Britain, shall be tried and punished in such mannage, kee to be tried and punished when committed by unished as if committed by any person belonging to the public ships of war ingto public of the United States: Provided always, That all offenders who ships of war, See shall be accused of such crimes as are cognizable by a court eraceused of erimes eganizate, shall be confined on board the vessel in which such of ble by a court fence is alleged to have been committed, until her arrival at some engineer of the states. fence is alleged to have been committed, until her arrival at some confined on port in the United States, or their territories; or until she shall until her arrival meet with one or more of the public armed vessels of the United at some por States abroad, the officers whereof shall be sufficient to make a states, or until the meets with court martial for the trial of the accused; and upon application one or more of made, by the commander of such vessel, on board of which the vessels abroad offence is alleged to have been committed, to the secretary of &c. the navy, or to the commander or senior officer of the ship or ships of war of the United States abroad as aforesaid, the secresary of the navy, or such commander or officer, is hereby authorized to order a court martial of the officers of the navy of the United States, for the trial of the accused, who shall be tried by the said court.

SECT. 16. And be it further enacted, That an act, entitled The act laying "An act laying an embargo on all the ships and vessels in the and an embargo, &c. ports and harbors of the United States, for a limited time," taking of specify the same of passed the fourth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and far repealed so so far as they relate to ships and vessels having commissions or letters of marque and reprisals, or sailing under the same, be, and they hereby are, respectively, repealed.

SECT. 17. And be it further enacted, That two per centum on Two percent on the nett amount the nett amount (after deducting all charges and expenditures) of prize money.

de note money of the prize money arising from captured vessels and cargoes, and p.id over to

[* See chap. 577,

1812. and on the nett amount of the salvage of vessels and cargoes rethe collector, or captured by the private armed vessels of the United States, shall no the consul. be secured and paid over to the collector, or other chief officer of the customs, at the port or place in the United States at which such captured or recaptured vessels may arrive; or to the consul, or other public agent of the United States, residing at the port or place, not within the United States, at which such captured [1.8 eachap. 487. or recaptured vessels may arrive.* And the moneys arising therefrom shall be held, and hereby is pledged by the governarising from the 2 per cent, paid ment of the United States, as a fund for the support and mainover, to be held as a fund for the tenance of the widows and orphans of such persons as may be support of wid-ows and orphans slain, and for the support and maintenance of such persons as of persons slain, may be wounded and disabled, on board of the private armed and for the maintenance of vessels of the United States, in any engagement with the enemy, persons who may be wounded, &c. to be assigned and distributed in such manner as shall hereafter by law be provided. [Approved, June 26, 1812.]

[† See the note

at the end of ch. 760, post.]

CHAP. 431. [CVIII.] An act for the more perfect organization of the army of the United States.†

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The infantry of the infantry of the army of the United States shall consist of the army to consist of 25 regiments, and that a regiment shall consist of one ments and each colonel, one lieutenant colonel one major one adjustent colonel, one lieutenant colonel, one major, one adjutant, one regiment of the officers, &c. spe-cified and ten paymaster, one quartermaster, one surgeon, two surgeon's mates, companies. one sergeant major, one quartermaster's sergeant, two principal musicians, and ten companies.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That each company shall consist of one captain, one first lieutenant, one second lieutenant, one ensign, four sergeants, six corporals, two musicians, and

ninety privates.

mentioned and 90 privates. A riding master to the regiment

Each company to consist of the

officers, &c.

dragoons men-tioned.

sword the same as that of a ridthe same as a The military

establishment military force under the act mentioned, in-corporated.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That, to the regiment of of eavalry men-cavalry, authorized by the act, passed January eleventh, one thousand eight hundred and twelve, entitled "An act to raise an [#Ante,ch.337.] additional military force," there shall be added one riding master; mate to the region and, to the regiment of light dragoons authorized by the act, passed April twelfth, one thousand eight hundred and eight, entitled tioned.
[§Ante,ch.147.] "An act to raise, for a limited time, an additional military force," §
Organization of One Surgeon's mate

Organization of a troop of cavalry, &c.
The pay, &c. of a master of the or light dragoons, shall consist of one captain, one first lieutenant, one second lieutenant, one cornet, four sergeants, six corporals, ing master, and two musicians, one master of the sword, one saddler, one farrier, one blacksmith, and sixty-four privates; and the pay and emolument of a master of the sword shall be the same as those of a riding master, and the pay and emolument of a blacksmith, shall be the April, 1808, and same as those of a farrier.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That the military establishment authorized by law previous to the twelfth day of April, one corporated. [I See chap. 200, thousand eight hundred and eight, and the additional military

force raised by virtue of the act of the twelfth of April, one thousand eight hundred and eight,* be, and the same are hereby, in-[**See ante, ch. corporated; and that, from and after the passing of this act, the After the path promotions shall be made through the lines of artillerists, light motions to be artillery, dragoons, riflemen, and infantry, respectively, according to the lines, &c. ing to established rule. [Approved, June 26, 1812.]

CHAP. 432. [CIX.] An act to ascertain the western boundary of the tract reserved for satisfying the military bounties allowed to the officers and soldiers of the Virginia line on continental establishment.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the president of the United States shall be, and he is hereby, au-The president &c. to appoint thorized, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, to three commisappoint three commissioners on the part of the United States, with commisto act with such commissioners as may be appointed by the state some to be a pointed by the state some to be appointed by the state some to be appointed by Virginia: and the commissioners thus appointed shall have full girls. The commissioners are appointed by Virginia: power and authority to ascertain, survey, and mark, according to seems empowered to ascertain, true intent and meaning of the condition touching the militain, &c. the tary reservation, in the deed of cession from the state of Virboundary line of
ginia to the United States,† of the land northwest of the river the Virginia reservation, &c.

Ohio, the westwardly boundary line of said reservation, between [† See page 473,
vol. 1.] the little Miami and Scioto rivers.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the commissioners The commissioners of the appointed by the United States shall meet at Xenia in the state United States to of Ohio, on the fifth day of October next, for the purpose of on the sho of oascertaining the said line, unless otherwise directed by the presitor of the United States; and in case they shall not be met by not met within commissioners appointed on the part of the state of Virginia, to within six days after the said fifth day of October next, the compressioners within six days after the said fifth day of October next, the compressioners within six days after the said fifth day of October next, the compressioners within six days after the said fifth day of October next, the compressioners appointed on the part of the United States the United States within six days after the said fifth day of October next, the compressioners appointed on the said fifth day of October next, the compressioners appointed on the said fifth day of October next, the compressioners appointed on the said fifth day of October next, the compressioners appointed to sure the said fifth day of October next, the compressioners appointed to sure the said fifth day of October next, the compressioners appointed to sure the said fifth day of October next, the compressioners appointed to sure the said fifth day of October next, the compressioners appointed to sure the said fifth day of October next, the compressioners appointed to sure the said fifth day of October next, the compressioners appointed to sure the said fifth day of October next, the compressioners appointed to sure the said fifth day of October next, the compressioners appointed to sure the said fifth day of October next, the compressioners appointed the said fifth day of October next, the compressioners appointed the said fifth day of October next, the compressioners appointed the said fifth day of October next, the compressioners appointed the said fifth day of October next, the compressioners appointed the said fifth day of October next, the compressioners appointed the said fifth day of October next, the compressioners appointed the said fifth day of October next, the compressioner missioners appointed on the part of the United States shall pro-ry line, &c. ceed to ascertain, survey, and distinctly mark, the said boundary line, according to the true intent and meaning of the said act of cession; in measuring the said line, whether accompanied by the In measuring commissioners on the part of Virginia or not, or in case of distoractions in the line, its interactions, if any, of said line, former authorized agreement, they shall note the intersections, if any, of said line, former authorized agreement, they shall note the intersections, if any, of said line, former authorized agreement, they shall note the intersections, if any, of said line, former authorized agreement, they shall note the intersections, if any, of said line, former authorized agreement, they shall note the intersections of the line of the with any surveys heretofore authorized by the United States, all and water courses, the quality of the land over which the line passes, be noted, &c., to and any other matter which, in their opinion, requires notice. The said commissioners shall make a plat of said line, its inter- The commisreturned by the said commissioners to the commissioner of the general land office, accompanied by a written report, on or before the general land office, accompanied by a written report, on or before office, with a the fifth day of January next, unless the time of meeting shall written report, and the fifth day of January next, unless the time of meeting shall written report. have been prolonged by the president of the United States, who to be laid before shall lay copies of the same before both houses of congress at

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the commissioners The commisaforesaid shall have power to engage a skilful surveyor, who eved to employ a shall employ chain carriers and a marker, and shall be allowed who is to employ

four dollars for every mile actually surveyed and marked under chain carriess, direction of the said commissioners, in performance of the duties see to be allowed assigned them; and the commissioners appointed on the mast of every mile, see the United States shall, each, receive five dollars for each de part of the Unipart o and commissioners shall be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated by law.

Until the boundary line is esta-blished by con-

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That until the westwardly boundary line of the said reservation shall be finally established, sent, &c. the boundary desig. by the agreement and consent of the United States and the state nated by the act of Virginia, the boundary line designated by an act of congress held as the pro- passed on the twenty-third day of March, one thousand eight per one, &c. passed on the proper one, &c. is see chap. 386, hundred and four, * shall be considered and held as the proper boundary line of the aforesaid reservation.

The secretary of state to transmit state to transma a copy of this act within 30 days, &cc.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the secretary of state to transmit an authenticated copy of this act to the governor of Virginia within twenty days after its passage. [Approved, June 26, 1812.]

CHAP. 433. [CX.] An act confirming claims to lands in the Mississippi territory, founded on warrants of survey granted by the British or Spanish government.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-

territory, by viror Spanish war-rant, &c. grant-ed prior to the 27th day of Oct. 1795, and, on that day, actu-ally resident, &c. and whose claims have been

tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That every person, and the legal representative of every person, claim-Persons, &c. every person, and the legal representative of every person, water chiming lands in the Mississippi territory, by virtue of a British or the Mississippi territory. Spanish warrant or order of survey, granted prior to the twentyseventh day of October, one thousand seven hundred and ninetyfive, who were, on that day, actually resident in the said testtory, and whose claims have been regulary filed with the proper register of the land office east and west of Pearl river, according to law, and reported to congress, agreeably to the fourth section filed reported of the act, entitled "An act concerning the sale of the lands of in their rights. the United States, and for other purposes," passed on the thirty-[†Ante,ch. 144.] first day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eight, be, and

entitled, &c. certificates of con-firmation, &c. t nus to be granted, if, &c.

they are hereby, confirmed in their rights to land so claimed. The register and And the register and receiver of public moneys for the district receiver to make out to claimants within which the lands may lie, are authorized and required to make out, to such claimant or claimants, entitled thereto by the commissioner of the general land office, and padirected to the commissioner of the directed to the commissioner of the general land office, and padirected to the commissioner of the directed to the commissioner of the general land office; and, if it shall appear to the satisfaction of the said commissioner that such

> certificates have been fairly obtained, according to the true intest and meaning of this act, then and in that case patents shall be

granted in like manner as is provided by law for the other land Proviso; so per- of the United States: Provided, That no person shall be entitled son to be entitled. to the benefit of this act who shall not appear, by the report made this act, who does not appear, to congress as aforesaid, or by the records of the boards of conducts not appear, to

missioners for the said territory, to have been a resident of said territory on the twenty-seventh day of October, one thousand to a resident of the seven hundred and ninety-five; nor shall any person be entitled territory on the to the benefit thereof who has received a donation grant from the archorder, 1798; United States: Provided also, That not more than six hundred Proviso; not more than six hundred Proviso; not more than 640 and forty acres shall, by virtue of this act, be granted to any one claim.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this act wothing in this contained shall be construed to affect the decisions of the courts decision of the of justice in the said territory, heretofore made, respecting the specting the claims, or any part thereof, embraced by the preceding section, be prevent a law. or to prevent a judicial decision between the holder of a British diesa decide patent, legally and fully executed and recorded with the register holders of a Briwhose claims are confirmed by the preceding section, where such are confirmed, claims interfere.

[Approved Func 30, 1812.] claims interfere. [Approved, June 30, 1812.]

CHAP. 434. [CXI.] An act to authorize the issuing of treasury notes.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, author- The president to ized to cause treasury notes, for such sum or sums as he may notes to be lessthink expedient, but not exceeding, in the whole, the sum of five endings, 200.0 millions of dollars, to be prepared, signed, and issued, in the of dollars. manner hereinafter provided.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the said treasury The notes to be notes shall be reimbursed by the United States at such places, within a year, respectively, as may be expressed on the face of the said notes, at the places, mentioned, &c. one year, respectively, after the day on which the same shall have been issued: from which day of issue they shall bear inbear an interest, at the rate of five and two-fifths per centum a year, payof s and solve able to the owner and owners of such notes, at the treasury, or the day of issue, by the proper commissioner of loans, at the places and times respectively designated on the face of said notes for the payment of principal.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the said treasury The treasury notes shall be, respectively, signed, in behalf of the United States, notes to be signed by persons to be appointed for that purpose by the president of the suppointed by the United States: two of which persons shall sign each note, and who are to receive 1 doll. 35 shall, each, receive, as a compensation for that service, at the rate end for every loof one dollar and twenty-five cents for every hundred notes thus signed by them, respectively; and the said notes shall likewise be The notes to ! countersigned by the commissioner of loans for that state where the commis-

the notes may respectively be made payable.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the secretary of the treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized, with the approbation under the direction of the president of the United States, to cause to be issued such dent, to cause a portion of the said treasury notes as the president may think notes to be issued. expedient, in payment of supplies, or debts due by the United of supplies or States, to such public creditors, or other persons, as may choose debts, to such such as the control of supplies or such as the control of supplies o

Vol. 4. 3 N borrow on the notes, &c.

1812. to receive such notes in payment, as aforesaid, at par: And the The secretary of secretary of the treasury is further authorized, with the approthe treasury and bation of the president of the United States, to borrow, from time to time, not under par, such sums as the president may think expedient, on the credit of such notes. And it shall be a good execution of this provision to pay such notes to such bank or banks as will receive the same at par and give credit to the treasurer of the United States for the amount thereof, on the day on which the said notes shall thus be issued and paid to such bank or banks, respectively.

The notes trans ferrable by de-livery and assignment, &c.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That the said treasury notes shall be transferrable by delivery, and assignment endorsed thereon by the person to whose order the same shall, on the

face thereof, have been made payable.

The treasury notes to be received in paytaxes, public lands, &c. On ev ry pay-ment ftr asury notes, &c. er dit to be given for principal and in-ter st. &c. the intere t to be computed at the

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That the said treasury notes, wherever made payable, shall be every where received in payment of all duties and taxes laid by the authority of the United States, and of all public lands sold by the said authority. On every such payment, credit shall be given for the amount of both the principal and the interest which, on the day of such payment, may appear due on the note or notes thus given in payment. And the said interest shall, on such payments, be computed at the rate of one cent and one-half of a cent per day day on every too on every hundred dollars of principal, and each month shall be computed as containing thirty days.

Persons making payment to the United States in treasury notes, into the hands of a collector, &cc. to give du licate certificates, &c. tor, on payment, &c. to receive credit, &c.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That any person making payment to the United States in the said treasury notes, into the hands of any collector, receiver of public moneys, or other public officer or agent, shall, on books kept according to such forms as shall be prescribed by the secretary of the treasury, give duplicate certificates of the number and respective amount of principal and interest of each and every treasury note thus paid by such person; and every collector, receiver of public moneys, or other public officer or agent, who shall thus receive any of the said treasury notes in payment, shall, on payment of the same into the treasury, or into one of the banks where the public moneys are, or may be, deposited, receive credit both for the principal and for the interest, computed as aforesaid, which, on the day of such last mentioned payment, shall appear due on the note or notes The collector to thus paid in: And he shall be charged for the interest accrued be charged with on such note or notes from the day on which the same shall have tim freedving been received by him in payment, as aforesaid, to the day on paying over the which the same shall be paid by him as aforesaid: Provided always, That no such charge or deduction shall be made with respect to any bank into which payments as aforesaid may be made to the United States, either by individuals or by collectors, receivers, which receive the noise paid as or other public officers or agents, and which shall specie, and give credit to the treasurer of the United credit to the treasurer of the United including the interest accrued. States for the amount thereof, including the interest accrued and due on such notes on the day on which the same shall have been thus paid into such bank on account of the United States.

such charge or deduction to be made with rewhich receive

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That the commissioners The commissinking fund of the sinking fund be, and they are hereby, authorized and di-

rected to cause to be reimbursed and paid the principal and interest of the treasury notes which may be issued by virtue of rested to cause the principal strains act, at the several time and times when the same, according interest of the treasury notes to the provisions of this act, should be thus reimbursed and to be reimbursed and the said commissioners are further authorized to dec. The commissioners are further authorized to the commissioners are further authorized. make purchases of the said notes, in the same manner as of other alon 15 author make evidences of the public debt, and at a price not exceeding par, purchase of the forthe amount of the principal and interest due at the time of the amount of purchase on such notes. So much of the funds constituting the interest due annual appropriation of eight millions of dollars, for the principal and interest of the public debt of the United States, as may of dollars is may be amounted for the public debt of the United States, as may be seened for be wanted for that purpose, after satisfying the sums necessary of dolls. is may be wanted for that purpose, after satisfying the sums necessary of deed, &c. for for the payment of the interest and such part of the principal of the payment of the said debt as the United States are now pledged annually to indurement of pay and reimburse, is hereby pledged and appropriated for the principal of the not; and payment of the interest, and for the reimbursement or purchase treasury appropriated for the principal of the principal of the principal of the not signal. of the principal, of the said notes. And so much of any moneys priated for making up any in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, as may be necessary deficiency, see. for that purpose, is hereby appropriated for making up any deficiency in the funds thus pledged and appropriated for paying the principal and interest as aforesaid.

SECT. 9. And be it further enacted, That a sum of twenty 20,000 dolls, appropriated for thousand dollars, to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, the expense of not otherwise appropriated, be, and the same is hereby, approsing the treasury notes appriated, for defraying the expense of preparing, printing, engravatorized by this approach to the same is hereby. ing, signing, and otherwise incident to the issuing of the treasury

notes authorized by this act.

SECT. 10. And be it further enacted, That if any person shall Imprisonment and hard last than falsely make, forge, or counterfeit, or cause, or procure to be for not less than 3, nor more than 3, nor more than falsely made, forged, or counterfeited, or willingly aid or assist 10 years, and fine in falsely making, forging, or counterfeiting, any note, in imita-soo dolls for tion of or nurror to be a second to the content of the counterfeiting to be a second to the counterfeiting to the coun tion of, or purporting to be, a treasury note aforesaid; or shall forging counterfalsely alter, or cause or procure to be falsely altered, or willingly passing or utteraid or assist in falsely altering, any treasury note issued as afore- mg any forged, counterfaired. said; or shall pass, utter, or publish, or attempt to pass, utter, or or falsely alters publish, as true, any false, forged, or counterfeited, note, pur-ed, treasury porting to be a treasury note as aforesaid, knowing the same to be falsely forged or counterfeited; or shall pass, utter, or publish, or attempt to pass, utter, or publish, as true, any falsely altered treasury note, issued as aforesaid, knowing the same to be falsely altered, every such person shall be deemed and adjudged guilty of felony, and, being thereof convicted by due course of law, shall be sentenced to be imprisoned and kept to hard labor for a period not less than three years, nor more thant en years, and be fined in a sum not exceeding five thousand dollars.

[Approved, June 30, 1812.]

CHAP. 435. [CXII.] An act for imposing additional duties upon all goods, wares, and merchandise, imported from any foreign port or place, and for other purposes.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That

1812. any foreign port or place. An addition of 10 per cent. to States, &c. Additional duty of 1 doll. socts. per ton on ves-sets belonging wholly or in part to the subjects

powers, &cc.

an additional duty of one hundred per centum upon the per-Additional duty manent duties now imposed by law, upon goods, wares, and merchandise, imported into the United States, shall be levied ment duty a now and collected upon all goods, wares, and merchandise, which imported from shall, from and after the passing of this act, be imported into the United States from any foreign port or place.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That an addition of ten per centum shall be made to the several duties imposed by this act, in respect to all such goods, wares, and merchandise, as goods, he imported in ships not of the United Control or vessels not of the United Control

or vessels not of the United States.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That on all ships or vessels belonging wholly or in part to the subjects of foreign powers, which shall be entered in the United States, or the territories thereof, there shall be paid an additional duty, at the rate

of one dollar and fifty cents per ton.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the additional du-The additional dates laid by this act shall be levied and collected in the same lected under the manner, and under the same regulations and allowances, as to sapprentised by drawbacks, mode of security, and time of payment, respectively, law, &cc. as are prescribed by law in relation to the duties now in force, on the articles on which the said additional duties are laid by

1 See chap. 198, this act. vol. 3.] This act to con-

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That this act shall contime in force on tinue in force so long as the United States shall be engaged in war with Great Britain, and until the expiration of one year af-Proviso; the adter the conclusion of peace, and no longer: Provided, however, dictional duties to (F) That the additional duties laid by this act shall be collected on all such goods, wares, and merchandise, as shall have been previously imported. [Approved, July 1, 1812.]

he collected on all goods, &c. previously im-ported.

CHAP. 436. [CXIII.] This is an act relating entirely to the district of Columbia. See act of 18th April, 1814, sec. 1, chap. 657, post.

[† Private and obsolete.]

CHAP. 437. [CXIV.] An act for the relief of James Wilkinson.;

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, from the sixteenth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and two, brigadier general Wilkinson be, and he hereby is, allow-March, 1802, for ed for the transportation of his baggage, and for fuel, the same tion of baggage, emolument and compensation as has been, and now is, allowed compensation as to the other brigadier generals in the service of the United w allowed States. [Approved, July 1, 1812.]

to other briga-dier generals, &c.

CHAP. 438. [CXV.] An act to facilitate the transfer of the stock created under an act passed on the tenth of November, one thousand eight hundred and three.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the atock created under the act, entitled " An act authorizing the creation of a stock to the amount of eleven millions two hun- The stock ere dred and fifty thousand dollars, for the purpose of carrying into set authorizing effect the convention of the thirtieth of April, one thousand eight shock, to for hundred and three, between the United States of America and entrying into the French republic, and making provision for the payment of ventual, to be the same."* from and after the passing of this act shall be trong to the same. the same,"* from and after the passing of this act, shall be transted States and the French republic, &c. to be States are or shall be transferrable from the books of the United public, &c. to be States are or shall be transferrable from the books of one other stocks. Expression of the treasure of the books of any commissioner, and from the books of one other stocks. Expression of the treasure of the books of the books of the treasure of the books of the commissioner to those of another commissioner, or to those of the treasury. [Approved, July 1, 1812.]

CHAP. 439. [CXVI.] An act for the relief of Anna Young, heiress and representative of colonel John Durkee, deceased.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representaThe accounting tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That was department the accounting officers of the department of war be, and they are required to settle hereby, authorized and required to settle the account of colonel col. John Durkee, deceased, and to allow Anna Young, his sole and to allow his representative, his seven years' half pay, and interest sole heires, &c. thereon, to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not other- half pay, see wise appropriated. [Approved, July 1, 1812.]

CHAP. 440. [CXVII.] This is an act relating entirely to the district of Columbia. See act of 18th April, 1814; sec. 1, chap. 657, post.

CHAP. 441. [CXVIII.] An act giving validity to the sale of certain tracts of public lands sold in the western district of the territory of Orleans, now state of Louisiana.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That sold in Jamary the sale of the several tracts of public lands sold in the month of sales under the January, one thousand eight hundred and twelve, at the public superintendence. sales, held under the superintendence of the register of the land and principal office and the principal deputy surveyor of the western district of the western district of the western of the territory of Orleans, (now state of Louisiana,) be, and the leans mad good same is hereby, made good and valid, to all intents and purposes, The purchasers any law to the contrary notwithstanding: And the purchasers of of the tracts on completing the the said tracts shall, severally, on completing the payment of the the said tracts shall, severally, on completing the payment of the payment of the purchase money, purchase money, according to law, be entitled to receive a patent to be entitled to or patents for the lands so purchased and paid for, as in case of receive patents, sec. other lands sold by the United States; the first instalment of the ment of the purpurchase money shall be considered as due and payable at ten chase money to be considered as due and payable at ten chase money to be considered. days after the receiver of public moneys for the district within the lands lie, shall have entered on the discharge of the discharge of the discharge of the duties of his office. [Approved, July 1, 1812,] duties of his office. [Approved, July 1, 1812.]

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CHAP. 442. [CXIX.] An act supplementary to "An act authorizing the president of the United States to raise certain companies of rangers for the protection of the frontier of the United States."*

[* See orig. act, of 2d Jan. 1813; ate, chap. 334.]

The president authorized to raise one aidipublic service,

11,350 dolls. ap-propriated for defraying the

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to raise one additional company of rangers, when he may tions company deem it necessary for the public service, under the same provi-of rangers, when it sions, conditions, and restrictions, of the act to which this is a supplement.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That, for defraying the expenses thereof, the sum of eleven thousand two hundred and expenses of the fifty dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, to be paid puny of rangers out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, July 1, 1812.]

CHAP. 443. [CXX.] An act authorizing the president of the United States to lease, for a term of years, any part of the reservations of public ground in the city of Washington.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to take possession of the whole of the reservations of public grounds in the city of Washington, and lease them out, for a term not exceeding ten years, on such terms and conditions as in his judgment may best effect the improvement of the said grounds, for public walks, botanic gardens, or other public purposes. [Approved, July 5, 1812.]

The president authorised to take possession of the whole of the rearryations
of public grounds
in the city of
Washington,
and lease them out, &cc.

> CHAP. 444. [CXXI.] An act making an appropriation for the purpose of discharging all the outstanding claims for the construction and repair of the capitol and the president's house; for the compensation of the late surveyor of the public buildings, and for furniture for the different apartments of the capitol, and for other purposes.+

|† Chiefly obse-lete.]

14,573 dolls. appropriated for satisfying all outstanding claims for service, and materials, &c. for the consuruction and repair of the capitol and pre-sident's house, for compensa-tion of the surthe partments of the espitol,

Not exceeding 1,000 doil appropriated for

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, for the purpose of satisfying all outstanding claims for services performed and materials furnished for the construction and repair of the capitol and president's house, including therein the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars for the compensation of the late surveyor of the public buildings, to the first day of July, one thousand eight hundred and eleven, when his duties in that capacity ceased; for furniture for the different apartments veryor of the of the capitol, and for contingent expenses relating thereto; the public buildings, sum of fourteen thousand five hundred and seventy-three dollars of the capitol, and for contingent expenses relating thereto; the be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, to be applied to the discharge of the claims beforementioned, and to no other purpose whatsoever.

SECT 2. And be it further enacted, That a sum, not exceeding one thousand dollars, be, and the same is hereby, appropriated for the purpose of enabling the president of the United States to return to their native country the two Italian sculptors, lately enabling the preemployed on the public buildings, and to close the original con-to their native tract made with them on behalf of the United States.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the superintendent lately employed, of the city of Washington be authorized to contract for the com- The superintendent of the pletion of the sculpture in the south wing of the capitol, under city of Washing the direction of the president of the United States, and that the comparter to converte the compart of four thousand dollars be appropriated towards the president of the completion. sum of four thousand dollars be appropriated towards defraying of the sculpture in the south the expense of the same.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That a sum, not exceeding four thousand dollars, be, and the same is hereby, appropriated,
ated for the completing the sculpture and the work on the galdoor dolls. a
leries of the senate chamber the militar of the senate chamber t leries of the senate chamber, the railing of the stairs, and minor completing the works, deficient in the east part of the north wing of the capitol, work on the and for temporary repairs to the roof.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That the aforesaid sums the raining of the stairs, &c. shall be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise The rums appropriated. [Approved, July 5, 1812.]

appropriated. [Approved, July 5, 1812.]

country the two Italian sculptors

CHAP. 445. [CXXII.] An act concerning invalid pensioners.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the secretary of war be, and he is hereby, directed to place the Thesecretary of following named persons on the pension list of invalid pension-place the pension for the United States, who shall be entitled to, and receive, pension the second pensions, according to the rates, and commencing at the times, rates for menherein mentioned; that is to say:

Samuel Allen, at the rate of two dollars per month, to com-Names of persons directed to be mence on the fifteenth of November, one thousand eight hun-placed on the dred and eleven.

Nehemiah Leavitt, at the rate of two dollars and fifty-cents per month, to commence on the twenty-eighth of December, one thousand eight hundred and eleven.

William Powers, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the seventh of January, one thousand eight hundred and twelve.

William Cushing, at the rate of ten dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-fifth of November, one thousand eight hundred and eleven.

William Leaver, alias Lavear, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the sixth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and eleven.

Oliver Russel, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the sixth day of April, one thousand

eight hundred and eight.

Joel Fox, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the twenty-seventh of February, one thousand eight hundred and eleven.

Isaac Durand, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per

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msion list, and

month, to commence on the thirty-first of August, one thousand

Rames of persons eight hundred and eleven-directed to be placed on the Aaron Peck, at the rate Aaron Peck, at the rate of three dollars thirty three and the third cents per month, to commence on the twentieth of lay, one thousand eight hundred and eleven.

Hezekiah Bailey, at the rate of five dollars per month, to canmence on the nineteenth of January, one thousand eight hundred

and twelve.

Nathan Ford, at the rate of two dollars per month, to commence on the seventeenth of October, one thousand eight hundred and eleven.

Jonas Hobart, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the sixteenth day of November, one

thousand eight hundred and ten.

John Philips, at the rate of four dollars per month, to commence on the tenth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and eleven.

Elisha Fanning, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the twenty-sixth December, one thousand eight hundred and eleven.

Samuel Leonard, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the ninth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eleven.

Sylvester Tilton, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the third of February, one thousand eight hundred and twelve.

Mahlon Ford, at the rate of twenty dollars per month, to commence on the seventh day of March, one thousand eight hundred and twelve.

Randolph Clarkson, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the sixteenth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and twelve.

Stephen Carter, at the rate of three dollars and seventy-five cents per month, to commence on the sixteenth day of Februa-

ry, one thousand eight hundred and eleven.

George Pierson, at the rate of two dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-seventh January, one thousand eight hundred and twelve.

Andrew Bartle, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the twelfth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and eleven.

Philip Krugh, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the ninth day of December, one thou-

sand eight hundred and eleven.

Andrew Johnson, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the fifteenth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and twelve.

John Harbeson, at the rate of three dollars thirty-three and one-third cents per month, to commence on the twenty-fifth February, one thousand eight hundred and twelve.

Edward Leary, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the first day of August, one thousand eight hundred and eleven.

Daniel M'Carty, at the rate of four dollars per month, to commence on the sixteenth February, one thousand eight hundred mensor per and eleven.

Thomas Rogers, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per seems month, to commence on the fourth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eleven.

Beuben Plunket, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the seventh June, one thousand eight hundred and eleven.

James Bridget, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the seventh day of October, one thousand eight hundred and eleven.

Michael Reap, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the twentieth day of April, one thou-

sand eight hundred and eleven.

Henry Weems, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the fifteenth November, one thousand eight hundred and eleven.

Malcolm Reys, at the rate of four dollars per month, to commence on the fifteenth November, one thousand eight hundred and eleven.

James Armstrong, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the fifteenth November, one thousand eight hundred and eleven.

John Martin, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the fifteenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eleven.

Robert Elder, at the rate of three dollars thirty-three and a third cents per month, to commence on the nineteenth July, one thousand eight hundred and eleven.

Jasper Tomiton, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the tenth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and eleven.

Robert Patterson, at the rate of twenty-five dollars per month. to commence on the twelfth of July, one thousand eight hundred and eleven.

Virgil Poe, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the twenty-third September, one thousand eight hundred and eleven.

John Jacobs, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the fifth July, one thousand eight hundred and eleven.

Thomas Hickman, at the rate of two dollars per month, to commence on the twelfth of January, one thousand eight hundred and twelve.

Joseph Shaw, at the rate of two dollars per month, to commence on the thirteenth January, one thousand eight hundred and twelve.

Joseph Todd, at the rate of two dollars per month, to commence on the fourteenth January, one thousand eight hundred and twelve.

Dennis Laughlan, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents

VOL. 4. 3 O per month, to commence on the twenty-fourth August, one thou-

Names of persons sand eight hundred and eleven.

placed on the

George Adams, at the rate of five dollars per month, to compension list, and mence on the twenty-ninth January, one thousand eight hundred and twelve.

Samuel Newell, at the rate of eight dollars per month, to commence on the second of March, one thousand eight hundred and

eleven.

Thomas Wyatt, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the twenty-fourth of July, one thousand eight hundred and eleven.

Perry Floyd, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the fifteenth of February, one thousand

eight hundred and twelve.

John Kirk, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month. to commence on the twenty-first of September, one thousand eight hundred and eleven.

James Crawford, at the rate of six dollars per month, to commence on the twelfth of September, one thousand eight hundred

and eleven.

William Haile, at the rate of one dollar sixty-six and twothird cents per month, to commence on the nineteenth of November, one thousand eight hundred and eleven.

Joseph Gilmore, at the rate of one dollar and seventy-five cents per month, to commence on the ninth day of October, one

thousand eight hundred and ten.

Ethelred Cobb, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the nineteenth November, one thousand eight hundred and eleven.

John Taylor, at the rate of three dollars and seventy-five cents per month, to commence on the twelfth of March, one

thousand eight hundred and twelve.

John Reynolds, at the rate of three dollars per month, to commence on the thirteenth July, one thousand eight hundred and

Henry M'Farlane, at the rate of two dollars per month, to commence on the eleventh February, one thousand eight hundred and nine.

John Elliott, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the twenty-sixth December, one thousand eight hundred and eleven.

John Williams, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the second March, one thousand eight hundred and

twelve.

Thomas Scotland, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the tenth December, one thousand eight hundred and ten.

Luke Guyant, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-first September, one thousand eight hundred and nine.

Daniel Evans, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the thirtieth March, one thousand eight hundred and twelve.

Daniel Rady, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the sixteenth April, one thousand eight Names of persons directed to be placed on the placed on the John Jordan, at the rate of seven dollars and fifty cents per rates of pension list, and rates of pension list, and

month, to commence on the fourteenth December, one thousand ke eight hundred and eleven.

Jacob Seay, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the sixteenth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and

cleven.

Amos Lewis, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the twenty-ninth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and eleven.

Benjamin Fry, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the seventeenth day of September, one thousand eight

hundred and ten.

Benjamin Codington, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the twenty-fifth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and twelve.

John Johnson, at the rate of three dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the sixth day of January, one thousand

eight hundred and twelve.

Patrick Coleman, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the twelfth day of April, one thousand eight hundred

John Garner, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the twenty-ninth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and twelve.

John Bair, at the rate of eight dollars per month, to commence on the eighth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eleven.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the pensions of the The pensions following named persons, already placed on the pension list of of the persons the United States, whose claims for an increase of pension have errased, as specta-fied, &c. been transmitted to congress, pursuant to the act for that purpose,* be increased to the sums herein, respectively, annexed to [* See ante, ch. their names; the said increase to commence at the times herein-25. mentioned, and to be instead of the pensions they at present receive; that is to say:

Joshua Haynes, at the rate of four dollars per month, to commence on the sixteenth March, one thousand eight hundred and

Nathaniel Leavitt, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the sixteenth March, one thousand eight hundred and eleven.

Ebenezer Carlton, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the thirteenth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and twelve.

Robert B. Wilkins, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the twentieth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

James Crummet, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the nineteenth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and twelve.

The pensions of the persons named so be inereased, as specified. Sec.

Jotham Nute, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the eighth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

William Warren, at the rate of seven dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the fourth of November, one thou-

sand eight hundred and eleven.

Jonathan Stevens, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the seventh of February, one thousand eight hundred and eleven.

Luke Aldrich, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the twenty-sixth of October, one thou-

sand eight hundred and eleven.

Gustavus Aldrich, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the sixteenth of December, one thousand eight hundred and eleven.

Levi Chadburn, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the nineteenth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and twelve.

Stephen Barnum, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the third of July, one thousand eight hundred and ten.

Gershom Donnan, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the third day July, one thousand eight hundred and ten.

Daniel Bouton, at the rate of fifteen dollars per month, to commence on the fourteenth March, one thousand eight hundred and ten.

Israel Dibble, at the rate of three dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-second of June, one thousand eight hundred and eleven.

Heber Smith, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the seventh of October, one thousand eight hundred and eleven.

Nathan Hawley, at the rate of four dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-second of August, one thousand eight hundred and eleven.

David Hurd, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the seventh of October, one thousand eight hundred and eleven.

Amos Skeel, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-first of June, one thousand eight hundred and eleven.

Moses Raymond, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the eighth November, one thousand eight hundred and eleven.

Isaac Buell, at the rate of three dollars and seventy-five cents per month, to commence on the fifteenth of November, one thousand eight hundred and eleven.

Ransford Avery Ferris, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the second of March, one thousand eight hundred and twelve.

Azel Woodworth, at the rate of five dellars per month, to commence on the thirteenth of February, one thousand eight hundred and twelve.

Jonathan Woolley, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the sixteenth day of May, one thousand eight hun- The pensions dred and nine.

named to be in

Joseph Tyler, at the rate of five dollars per month, to com- fied, &c. mence on the eleventh day of May, one thousand eight hundred and nine.

Nehemiah Pierce, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the eleventh day of May, one thousand eight hundred and nine.

Samuel Eyers, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the eleventh day of May, one thousand eight hundred and nine.

Oliver Darling, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the eleventh day of May, one thousand eight hundred and nine.

Ebenezer M'Ilvein, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the eleventh day of May, one thousand eight hundred and nine.

Daniel Russell, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the eleventh day of May, one thousand eight hundred and nine.

Asa Gould, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the sixteenth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and

William Hazletine, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the twelfth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and nine.

Daniel Brown, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the eleventh day of May, one thousand eight hundred and nine.

Amasa Grover, at the rate of two dollars per month, to commence on the sixteenth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and nine.

Joseph Huntoon, at the rate of thirteen dollars thirty-three and one-third cents per month, to commence on the twentysecond of September, one thousand eight hundred and eight.

Philo Stoddart, at the rate of three dollars thirty-three and one-third cents per month, to commence on the seventh of October, one thousand eight hundred and eleven.

Daniel Staunton, at the rate of three dollars and seventy-five cents per month, to commence on the twelfth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and ten-

Elijah Knight, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the first day of August, one thousand eight hundred and nine.

Nicholas Barth, alias Barrette, at the rate of eleven dollars and twenty-five cents per month, to commence on the twenty-fourth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and twelve.

Aaron Stiles, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the sixteenth of November, one thousand eight hundred and eleven.

Morris De Camp, at the rate of four dollars per month, to

The pensions of the persons reased, as speci-Red, &c.

commence on the seventeenth of April, one thousand eight hundred and twelve.

Ambrose Lewis, at the rate of three dollars and seventy-five cents per month, to commence on the ninth of March, one thousand eight hundred and eleven. [Approved, July 5, 1812.]

CHAP. 446. [CXXIII.] An act confirming grants to lands in the Mississippi territory, derived from the British government of West Florida, not subsequently regranted by the government of Spain or of the United States.

whose lands congress, &cc.

prevent a judi-

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-Citizens claim.

SECT. 1. But enacted by the sende during lands in the Mississippi territory by legally citizens of the United States claiming lands in the Mississippi and fully executed; derived the British government of West Florida, whose lands have whose lands and the Spanish government, or not been subsequently regranted by the Spanish government, or and whose claims have been regularly filed according to law, with Ec. and are em the proper register of the land office in the said territory, and braced in the report laid before are embraced in the report of the commissioners laid before consort laid before gress, according to law, be, and they are hereby, confirmed in their claims, see their respective claims, according to the said grants: Provided, Provise; nothing That nothing in any law of the United States shall be construed in any law to to prevent a judicial decision of controversies under the respective claims aforesaid. [Approved, July 5, 1812.]

> CHAP. 447. [CXXIV.] An act to admit the entry of vessels of the United States on certain conditions.

Superseded. See act of 14th April, 1814; ch. 644, post.] It is lawful to admit to entry been laden in the ports of India, whose masters, &c. hav. b en compelled to give bond to land their car goes in a port of the U. ited States. goes to be sement, &c.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That it shall be lawful to admit to entry any vessel or vessels of the United States which may have been laden in any of the ports of India, and whose master, supercargo, or owner, may have been compelled to give bond, under penalty that their respective cargoes shall be landed in some port of the United States: Provided, That the duties on such cargoes be secured or paid agreeably to Proviso; the du- law, and their cargoes be deposited in public stores, under the care of the collector of the port where such vessel or vessels may goes to be se-cured or juidideposited in public stores, the confector of the port where such arrive, there to remain at the risk and che tuture dispo-sition of governing prelation to the said vessels and cargoes. arrive, there to remain at the risk and charge of the owner or owners thereof, subject to the future disposition of government

[Approved, July 5, 1812.]

[† Chiefly obsolete.]

CHAP. 448. [CXXV.] An act making a further appropriation for the defence of the maritime frontier, and for the support of the navy, of the United States †

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That

the sum of five hundred thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, in addition to the sums already appropriated, for the purposes of fortifying and defending the ports, printed for fortifying, kc. the harbors, and maritime frontier, of the United States.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That, for the support of the maritime frontier, &c. the navy of the United States, that the following sums, in addition appropriated for the sums heretofore appropriated for that object, be, and the support of the navy, &c.

same is hereby, appropriated; that is to say:

For the purpose of putting and keeping in service, when re- For keeping in service the first paired, the frigates Constellation, Chesapeake, and Adams, se-gatesmentioned venty-one thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

For the repairs of vessels which may be damaged in action For the repairs with the enemy, or by the other operations of war, four hundred of vossels, &c.

thousand dollars.

For the purpose of purchasing, equipping, and putting into ror purchasing, service, and keeping and employing therein, such vessels of war such vessels of as may be captured from the enemy by the vessels of war of the war captured from the enemy United States, as, in the opinion of the president of the United as may be calculated. States, shall be calculated for the public service, four hundred lie service, sec. and twenty-eight thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That no part of the several sums hereby appropriated shall be applied to any other purate those above specified, any thing contained in any act the specific purposes to the contrary notwithstanding.

of congress to the contrary notwithstanding.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the several sums The sums appropriated be paid out of any moneys in the trea-out of unapprosury, not otherwise appropriated. [Approved, July 5, 1812.]

CHAP. 449. [CXXVI.] An act authorizing the secretary of the treasury to suspend the payment of certain bills drawn by John Armstrong, late minister of the United States at the court of France, upon the treasury of the United States.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the secretary of the treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized The secretary of the treasury reand required to cause to be suspended the payment, at the treasury required to cause to be suspended the payment, at the treasury of the United States, of certain bills drawn by John Arm-drawn by Island of the payment of the p strong, late minister of the United States at the court of France, drawn by John in favor of the cashier of the French treasury, amounting to one claims arising hundred and fifteen thousand five hundred and thirty-four francs under the Louisand forty-one hundredths of a franc, for certain claims, arising them in favor of the certain claims, arising them in favor of the certain claims, arising them. under the Louisiana convention, in favor of citizens of the United States, ted States, which the French government, by virtue of an agree- until satisfactoment entered into with said minister, had assumed to pay, ry proof, &c. until satisfactory proof shall have been exhibited to the accounting officers of the treasury, that the said bills, or a sum equal thereto, have been applied for the purpose of discharging the claims of citizens of the United States against the government of France, which have been liquidated and awarded to them, under the provisions of the convention of the thirtieth day of

1812. See the convention, page 143, vol. 1.]

April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and three, between the United States and the French republic.* [Approved, July 6, 1812.]

CHAP. 450. [CXXVII.] An act to compensate for his services the president

pro tempore of the senate, acting as such when the office of vice president of the United States shall be vacant. SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The president of the president pro tempore of the senate, who has acted, or may hereafter act, as such when the office of vice president shall be

vacant, shall receive, during the period of his services, the same

compensation as is allowed by law to the speaker of the house

of representatives. [Approved, July 6, 1812.]

tempore toreceive. &c. the same compensa. tion as the speak-

The president

authorized to

CHAP. 451. [CXXVIII.] An act for the safekeeping and accommodation of prisoners of war.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorauthorized to make such regulations and arrangements for the safe-lations, &c. for keeping, support, and exchange, of prisoners of war, as he may support &c. of deem expedient, until the same shall be otherwise provided for prisoners of war, by law; and, to carry this act into effect, one hundred thousand expedient, &c. 100,000 dolls ap- dollars be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, to be paid out propriated for earrying this act of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Appropriated Fulls 6.1]

[Approved, July 6, 1812.]

CHAP. 452. [CXXIX.] An act to prohibit American vessels from proceeding to, or trading with, the enemies of the United States, and for other purposes.

Owners of ves-sels to give bonds, upon

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That no ship or vessel, owned in whole or in part by a citizen or citizens of the United States, shall be permitted to clear out or bonds, upon clearing out for depart from any port or place within the minus of a foreign port, a foreign port, a foreign port or place, till the foreign port or place, till the foreign freighter, master, or commander, shall have given bond, with sufficient security, in the amount of such ship or vessel and cargo, not to proceed to, or trade with, And if any ship or vessel, the enemies of the United States. owned as aforesaid, shall depart from any port or place within

Vessels depart-ing without giv-ing bond, &c., forfeited.

said, such ship or vessel, and cargo, shall be forfeited to the use Theowners, &c. of the United States; and the owner or owners, freighter, factor, to forfeit a sum or agent, master or commander, shall, severally, forfeit and pay augues; and a sum equal to the value of such ship or vessel and cargo; and

the limits of the United States, or territories thereof, for any foreign port or place, without giving bond, with security aforethe said master or commander, if privy thereto, and being thereof convicted, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one thousand masters, &c. prity, &c. liable to dollars, and imprisoned for a term not exceeding twelve months, of fine and imprisonment, &c. in the discretion of the court.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That if any citizen or citi-citizens or inzens of the United States, or person inhabiting the same, shall habitants, transtransport, or attempt to transport, over land or otherwise, in any any wagon, seeing, &c. in wagon, cart, sleigh, boat, or otherwise, naval or military stores, nitions of war, arms, or the munitions of war, or any article of provision, from the whole to be any place of the United States, to any place in Upper or Lower persons aiding Canada, Nova Scotia, or New Brunswick, the wagon, cart, sleigh, to forfeit a same boat, or the thing by which the said naval or military stores, equal in value. arms, or munitions of war, or articles of provision, are transport- fine and impried, or attempted to be transported, together with such naval or military stores, arms, or munitions of war. or provisions, shall be forfeited to the use of the United States, and the person or persons aiding or privy to the same shall, severally, forfeit and pay, to the use of the United States, a sum equal in value to the wagon, cart, sleigh, boat, or thing by which the said naval or military stores, arms, or munitions of war, or articles of provision, are transported, or are attempted to be transported; and shall, moreover, be considered as guilty of a misdemeanor, and be liable to be fined in a sum not exceeding five hundred dollars, and imprisoned for a term not exceeding six months, in the discretion of the court: Provided, That nothing herein contained Proviso; nothing shall extend to any transportation for the use, or on account, of to any transthe United States, or the supply of its troops or armed force.

Sect. 3. And be it further enacted, That the collectors of the United States, several ports of the United States be, and the same are hereby, The collectors of the purts. &c. authorized to seize and stop naval or military stores, arms, or authorized to the munitions of war, or any articles of provision, and ship or available. vessel, wagon, cart, sleigh, boat, or thing by which any article ry stores, &c. prohibited as aforesaid is shipped or transported, or attempted to be shipped or transported, contrary to the provisions of this act.

portation for the

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That no ship or vessel No vessels be belonging to any citizen or citizens, subject or subjects, of any zens or subjects state or kingdom in amity with the United States, except such kingdom in amity at the passage of this act aball below to the state of kingdom in amity. state or kingdom in amity with the United States, except such kingdom in amity as, at the passage of this act, shall belong to the citizen or citizens, subject or subjects of such state or kingdom, or which shall passage of this act, belong to hereafter be built in the limits of a state or kingdom in amity such citizens or with the United States, or purchased by a citizen or citizens, subminute of subjects, of a state or kingdom in amity with the United within the limits of such state or States aforesaid, from a citizen or citizens of the United States, to be undirectly to be underectly to shall be admitted into any port or place of the United States, un- into any port, any ship or vessel, belonging to a citizen or citizens, subject or Vessels b 1 agsubjects, of any state or kingdom in amity with the United States, or subjects of as aforesaid, except such ships and vessels as are above excepted. at test or kingdom in amity, which shall, from and after the first day of November next, enter, see not excepted, which shall, from any port or place aforesaid, the same, with see with the cargoes, to be her cargo, shall be forfeited to the use of the United States.

before the 1st Sept. 1812, permitt d'o enter and depart, &c.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That any British packet, British peckets, or vessel with despatches, destined for the United States, and from any port or which shall have departed from any port or place in the United the United King. King dom, Sec. on or Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or its dependencies, on or before the first day of September next, shall not be liable to be captured or condemned, but the same shall be permitted to enter and depart from any port or place in the United States: Proviso; nothing Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to

berein to affect of truce. The president authorized to

cartels, or flags affect any cartel, or vessel with flag of truce. SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to give, at any give, at any United States ue, and he is hereby, time within six months after the passage of this act, passports months &c. ransports for the for the safe transportation of any ship or other property belongtion of property ing to British subjects, and which is now within the limits of the United States.

and imprisonment.

Citizens or residents, &c. redents, &c. receiving a license a citizen of the United States, or residing therein, who shall refrom the British series accept on above a license from the government of Great SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That every person, being wernment, &c. ceive, accept, or obtain, a license from the government of Great merchandise, Britain, or any officer thereof, for leave to carry any merchandise, sec, to the Brit. or send any vessel, into any port or place within the dominions tish dominions, or send any vessel, into any port or place within the dominions to forfeit twice of Great Britain, or to trade with any such port or place, shall, the value, &c. of Great Direction, or conviction, for every such offence, forfeit a sum equal to twice the value of any such ship, merchandise, or articles of trade, and shall, moreover, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and be liable to be imprisoned, not exceeding twelve months, and to be fined, not exceeding one thousand dollars.

[Approved, July 6, 1812.]

[*See orig. act, of 6th July, 1798; ch. 83, vol. 3.]

CHAP. 453. [CXXX.] An act supplementary to the act, entitled "An act respecting alien enemies."*

Nothing in the specting alien enemies to extend to any treaty which has expired, e.c.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representaprovise contain-ed in the set re- tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That nothing in the proviso contained in the act, entitled "An act respecting alien enemies,"† approved on the sixth day of July, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight, shall be extended, when the president's proclama. or construed to extend, to any treaty, or to any article of any treaty, which shall have expired, or which shall not be in force, at the time when the proclamation of the president shall issue.

[Approved, July 6, 1812.]

CHAP. 454. [CXXXI.] An act making additional appropriations for the military establishment, and for the Indian department, for the year one thou-[† Obsoletc.] sand eight hundred and twelve.‡

Additional sums

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representaappropriated for defraying expenses incurred, and to be incurred, under under the acts mentioned, ecc. the several acts, entitled "An act to establish a quartermaster's [sanc.,ch.369.] department, and for other purposes," and an act to amend the [MAnte, ch. 416.] same, "An act making further provision for the corps of engi-

neers,"# and "An act making further provision for the army of the United States,"† for the Indian department, and for satis- ["Ante, ch. 499.] fying certain outstanding claims, there be, and hereby is, appropriated, to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, in addition to the sums already appropriated for the said objects, respectively, the following sums: that is to say:

For the pay of the army, seventy-two thousand five hundred For the pay of the army. and ninety-six dollars.

For forage, four thousand seven hundred and twenty-two For forage. dollars.

For subsistence, six thousand two hundred and fifty dollars. For subsistence, For clothing, three thousand seven hundred and forty-five For elothing.

dollars. For clerk hire and stationery, in the offices of the quartermas- and stationery in the offices of

ter general, and commissary general of purchases, three thousand quartermast general, &c. one hundred and fifty dollars.

For the salary of the commissary general of purchases, and for salary of the commissary general of purchases, and for salary of the commissary general of purchases, six thousand five huneral of purchases, so. dred dollars.

For contingent expenses of the Indian department, comprising For contingent the employment of temporary agents, presents to the Indians, and indian department. transportation, twenty thousand dollars.

For the payment of such balances as have been, or may be, For the payment ascertained, from actual settlements made by the accountant of &c. as cannot be the department of war, and which cannot be discharged out of or existing appropriate. any existing appropriations, five thousand dollars.

[Approved, July 6, 1812.]

CHAP. 455. [CXXXII.] An act fixing the time for the next meeting of congress.

This act provides that the next meeting of congress shall take place on the first Monday of November, 1812. Approved, July 6, 1812.]

CHAP. 456. [CXXXIII.] An act respecting the pay of the army of the United States.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the officers, noncommissioned officers, musicians, and privates, of The officers, private, and the army of the United States, shall receive the same pay, for the army of the United States, shall receive the same pay, for the same rage, rations, clothing, and other emoluments, as the officers of pay, forage, rather than the officers of pay, forage, rather and other emoluments, as the officers of pay, forage, rather than the offi the same grade and corps, noncommissioned officers, musicians, officers, privates, and privates, are entitled to by the act, entitled "An act to raise, to by the act to for a limited time, an additional military force," passed April raise, for a limited time, an additional military force, passed April raise, for a limited time, an additional military force, and passed April raise, for a limited time, an additional military force, and passed April raise, for a limited time, an additional military force, and passed April raise, for a limited time, an additional military force, and passed April raise, for a limited time, an additional military force, and passed April raise, for a limited time, and additional military force, and additional military for twelfth, one thousand eight hundred and eight; and to the aid de officer store tor, and adjutant, there shall be allowed forage for one horse only, or, in lieu thereof, ten dollars per month; and to the brigade

majors, under the act passed January the eleventh, one thousand 1812.

eight hundred and twelve, there shall be allowed forage for one horse, or, in lieu thereof, ten dollars per month; and the pay of

a quartermaster sergeant shall be nine dollars per month.

[Approved, July 6, 1812.]

CHAP. 457. [CXXXIV.] An act supplementary to the act, entitled "An act giving further time to the purchasers of public lands northwest of the river Ohio to complete their payments."*

[* See orig. act, of 23d April, 1812; ante, chap. 387.]

The provisions of the act referto the purcha-sers of the frae-Sec. classed together for sale, according to the act mentioned, notwithstanding, &c. [† Ch. 388, vol. 3] [† It ought to be the 26th.]

April, 1808, en-

nefi of the act

and section re-ferred to, in

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the provisions of the act to which this act is a supplement shall red to, extended be, and they are hereby, extended to the several purchasers of the fractional sections which were, by the direction of the secretary of the treasury, classed together for sale, according to the ninth section of an act, entitled "An act making provision for the disposal of the public lands in the Indiana territory, and for other purposes,"† passed on the twentieth‡ of March, one thousand eight hundred and four, notwithstanding the quantity of land contained in any one tract, composed of such fractional sections, so classed together, and purchased by a single contract, shall exceed six hundred and forty acres.

Assignees of criginal purchasers, of lands signees of any original purchaser of land from the United States, purchased prior to the 1st of the lands being purchased prior to the first day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eight, shall be entitled to the benefit of the provisions of the act to which this act is a supplement, and the last preceding section, in every case where it shall apevery case where, &c. [§Ante, ch.387.] pear to the satisfaction of the register and receiver of public moneys of the district within which the land may lie, that the assignment by which he or they so claim was bona fide made prior to the passing of the aforesaid act, that the whole lands claimed by virtue of such assignment does not exceed six hundred and forty acres, unless it comes within the provision of the preceding section, and that the lands, or some one tract thereof, is inhabited and cultivated by or for the use of the assignee or assignees.

In eases where tracts, &c. pur-chased prior to the 1st of April, 1808. not exce 1ing 640 acres, unl. ss, see, bave, since the 1st of April, 1812, or fault of payment, the per-sons claiming, &c., may re

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That in every case where any tract or tracts of land, purchased prior to the first day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eight, not exceeding six hundred and forty acres, unless such tract shall come within the provision of the first section of this act, has, since the first day man have before of April last, reverted, or that may, before the first day of Au-the tst of Aug.

1812, r verted, gust next, revert, to the United States, for default of payment, the person or persons claiming such tract or tracts, whether as an assignte or an original purchaser, may again re-enter the same; and all moneys which such assignee or original purchaser may nave paid to be placed to credit, to and required assert of public moneys of the district in which the lands may lie; and such repurchaser or repurchasers shall be allowed the same bette time of payment, &c. all moneys which such assignee or original purchaser may have

ast to which this is a supplement, as though no such reversion had occurred: Provided, Such assignee or assignees, original pur- Proviso; applichaser or purchasers, shall make, to the proper land officer, application for such re-entry, on or before the first day of Septem-officer for w ber next, and that the lands so re-entered shall not have been fore the lat resold previous to such application.

[Approved, July 6, 1812.] not been re

CHAP. 458. [CXXXV.] An act authorizing a subscription for the old six per cent. and deferred stocks, and providing for an exchange of the same.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That a subscription to the full amount or the old six per cente and deferred stocks be, and the same is hereby, proposed to the proa subscription to the full amount of the old six per cent. and de- Books to B prietors thereof; for which purpose books shall be opened at the subscription treasury of the United States, and by the several commissioners cont. a. d.d. of loans, on the first day of October next, to continue open till United States the seventeenth day of March annuing inclusionals the foundation the seventeenth day of March ensuing, inclusively, the fourteen last days of each quarter excepted, for such part of the abovementioned stocks as shall, on the day of subscription, stand on the books of the treasury and of the several commissioners of loans, respectively; which subscription shall be effected by a The subscription transfer to the United States, in the manner provided by law for tion to be effected by a transfer such transfers, of the credit or credits standing on the said books, to the United States, in the and by a surrender of the certificates of the stock subscribed.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That for such part of the fer of credits, amount of old six per cent. or deferred stock, thus subscribed, the Terms upon as shall remain unredeemed on the day of such subscription, which subscription which subscription which subscribes shall be entered to the respective subscribers, on the books made. of the treasury, or of the commissioners of loans where such subscription shall have been made, and the subscriber or subscribers shall be entitled to receive a certificate or certificates, purporting that the United States owe, to the holder or holders thereof, his, her, or their, assigns, a sum to be expressed therein, equal to the unredeemed amount of the principal of the old six per cent. or deferred stocks, subscribed as aforesaid, bearing an interest of six per centum per annum, payable quarter yearly, from the first day of the quarter during which such subscription shall have been made, transferrable in the same manner as is provided by law for the transfers of the stock subscribed, and subject to redemption, at the pleasure of the United States, at any time after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-four: Provided, That no reimbursement shall be made Proviso; no reimbursement, except for the whole amount of the stock standing, at the time, except for the to the credit of any proprietor, on the books of the treasury, or whole amount of stock stand of the commissioners of loans, respectively, nor till after at least of any propri-six months' previous public notice of such intended reimburse- etor, &c. nor till after six ment.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the same funds which provious public police, &c. retofore have been, and now are pledged by law for the funds. heretofore have been, and now are, pledged by law for the pay- dy pledged, to

1812. redemption of principal, &c.

sioners of the sinking fund to cause to be paid, &c. the sums The commiswanted to discharge the an-nual interest acact, and to ap-ply the proper sums towards redcenning the principal, &c. Such part of the eight millions of dolls, vested by missioners, as may be necestinue appropri-

subscribe to the

[See orig. act, of the 14th

March, 1812;

ment of the interest and for the redemption or reimbursement remain pledged, of the stock which may be subscribed by virtue of the provisions for the payment of this act, shall remain pledged for the payment of the interest of this act, shall remain pledged for the payment of the interest accruing on the stock created by reason of such subscription, and for the redemption or reimbursement of the principal of the same. It shall be the duty of the commissioners of the sinking fund to cause to be applied and paid, out of the said fund, yearly and every year, such sum and sums as may be annually wanted to discharge the annual interest accruing on the stock which may be created by virtue of this act. The said commissioners are such created by hereby authorized to apply, from time to time, such sum and virtue of this sums out of the said fund as they may think proper, towards redeeming by purchase, or by reimbursement, in conformity with the provisions of this act, the principal of the said stock. And such part of the annual sum of eight millions of dollars, vested by law in the said commissioners, as may be necessary and wanting for the above purposes, shall be and continue appropriated to may be neces-lary, &c. to eon. the payment of interest and redemption of the public debt, until the whole of the stock which may be created under the provisions of this act shall have been redeemed or reimbursed.

Nothing in this act act to alter, abridge, &c. the contained shall be construed in anywise to alter, abridge, or imprights of creditors who do not pair, the rights of those creditors of the United States who shall SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this act not subscribe to the loan to be opened by virtue of this act.

[Approved, July 6, 1812.]

CHAP. 459. [CXXXVI.] An act supplementary to the act, entitled "An act authorizing a loan for a sum not exceeding eleven millions of dollars."

ploy, Acc. agents for selling, in may be allowed to the agents, &c. Not exceeding 8,500 dolls, ap-propriated for paying the amount of com-

ante, chap. 364.] Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The secretary of the secretary of the treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized to the treasury authorized to embed the treasury authorized to embed to embe States, an agent or agents for the purpose of selling, in conforany part of the mity with the provisions of the act, entitled "An act authorizing stock created by the act mention a loan for a sum not exceeding eleven millions of dollars," any ed. (†Ante,ch.364.) part of the stock created by virtue of the said act.

1-8th of 1 per cent. on the amount sold thus sold, may, by the secretary of the treasury, by sion, not exceeding one-eighth of one per cent. on the amount thus sold, may, by the secretary of the treasury, be allowed to such agent or agents; and a sum, not exceeding five thousand five hundred dollars, to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, is hereby appropriated for paying the amount of such commission or commissions as may be thus allowed. [Approved, July 6, 1812.]

[| See the note at the end of ch. 760, post.]

missions, &c.

CHAP. 460. [CXXXVII.] An act making further provision for the army of the United States, and for other purposes.‡

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That Two additional the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, author-heigadier gene. ized, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, to appoint two brigadier generals, in addition to those already au- rate may be a thorized by law, who shall each be entitled to the same number president and of aids and brigade majors as are allowed to a brigadier general under the act of congress, passed the eleventh of January, one thousand eight hundred and twelve.* And the said brigadier [* See anto, chap. 537.] generals, aids, and brigade majors, shall be entitled to receive generals, aids, the same pay and emoluments as are by law allowed to officers the same pay, of the same grade.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That to any army of the The president may appoint a United States, other than that in which the adjutant general, inspector general, quartermaster general, and paymaster of the any army other army, shall serve, it shall be lawful for the president to appoint the which the adjuone deputy adjutant general, one deputy inspector general, one serves, &c. ube deputy quartermaster general, and one deputy paymaster general then from the line of the army; ral, who shall be taken from the line of the army, and who shall, pay, &c. each, in addition to his pay and other emoluments, be entitled to fifty dollars per month, which shall be in full compensation for his extra services. And that there shall be, to each of the assistant depoforegoing deputies, such number of assistant deputies (not ex- us to each department, as the ceeding three to each department) as the public service may service may require to be taken. require, who shall, in like manner, be taken from the line, and enfrom thelias; who shall, each, be entitled to thirty dollars per month, in addition to his pay and other emoluments, which shall be in full compensation for his extra services: And provided also, That the Provise; the provi president of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized educappoint any to appoint any of the officers named in this act during the recess named, in the of the senate, to be submitted to the senate, at their next meet- mitted, &c. ting, for their advice and consent.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That all letters and letters, &c. to packages to and from the adjutant general and inspector general jutant and in-

shall be free from postage.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the president is The president authorized to hereby authorized to confer brevet rank on such officers of the confer brevet rank on such officers of the confer brevet rank on such officers of the confer brevet rank on the officers who distinguish themselves by gallant actions, or metritorious conduct, or who shall have served ten years in any one selves, &c. or grade: Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be so construed as to entitle officers so brevetted to any additional pay or employed the province of the same pay and emoluments to which officers of the same grades when commanding separate pay and emoluments to which officers of the same grades in graphs are commanded. same pay and emoluments to which officers of the same grades ingreparate posts, &c. are now, or hereafter may be, allowed by law.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That the officers who officers who do shall not take waiters from the line of the army, shall receive from the line, to the pay, clothing, and subsistence, allowed to a private soldier, see of a private for as many waiters as they may actually keep, not exceeding many waiters, the number allowed by existing regulations.

the number allowed by existing regulations.

[Approved, July 6, 1812.]

1812.

Perpended, by 1815; sec. 18, chap. 480 post. Where volun-teers offer their erview and r she act m ntioned, the president may appoint and commission the offirers, Sc. [†Ante, ch. 344.] CHAP. 461. [CXXXVIII.] An act supplementary to the act, entitled " An act authorizing the president of the United States to accept and organize certain volunteer military corps."*

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-Sec orig. act.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representaall old Feb. 1813; tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That in all cases where volunteers have offered, or hereafter shall offer, their services to the United States, under the act, entitled "An act authorizing the president of the United States to accept and organize certain volunteer military corps,"† it shall be lawful for the president of the United States to appoint and commission officers thereto, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, any thing in the said act to the contrary notwithstand-Provisor prior to ing: Provided, That, prior to the issuing of such commissions, the some the volunteers aforesaid shall have signed an enrolment, binding themselves to service, conformably to the provisions of the act to which this is a supplement.

lunteers must have signed an envolument, Sce.

The president authorised to form the corps of volunt ers in-

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the president be, and he is hereby, authorized to form the corps of volunteers tobarcations, &c. into battalions, squadrons, regiments, brigades, and divisions, and to appoint thereto, by and with the advice and constant the senate, general, field, and staff, officers, conformably with the military establishment of the United States, and who shall be entitled to the pay and emoluments of officers of a similar grade and corps in the army of the United States.

The president may appoint the officers authorized by this act in the ree as &c. to be submitted, &c.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the president of the United States, in the recess of the senate, to appoint all the officers authorized by this act; which appointments shall be submitted to the senate, at their next session, for their advice and consent.

In case the vo lunteers, &c. de-liver their stand of arms, &ce. in good order, they dolls in lieu, &c.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That, in case the volunteers, when their term of service shall have expired, shall deliver their stand of arms and accoutrements, in good order, to the proper officer, they shall be entitled to receive, in lieu thereof, ten dollars for every stand of arms so delivered.

[Approved, July 6, 1812.]

RESOLUTIONS.

[No. 1.] Resolution granting permission to the judges of the supreme court of the United States to use the books in the library of congress.

Resolved, by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the presi-The president of the senate and dent of the senate and the speaker of the house of representatives for the time being be, and they are hereby, authorized to thorized to grant grant the use of the books in the library of congress to the ooks in the li. judges of the supreme court of the United States, at the times, and on the same terms, conditions, and restrictions, as members gress to the judges of the su- of congress are allowed to use said books.

[Approved, March 2, 1812.]

the speaker of the house aubrary of congress to the

Resolved, by the senate and house of representatives of the The secretary United States of America in congress assembled, That the sedirect divides cretary of the treasury be directed to employ a person to digest, offers and reduce to such form as shall be deemed most conducive to to methorm, &c.c. a statement of the interests of the United States, a statement of the number, the number, nature, extent, situation, and value, of the arts and manufactures are and manufactures of the United States, together with such other details, connected United States, together with such other details, connected United States, with these subjects, as can be made from the abstracts and other such other de documents and returns reported to him, by the marshals and be made from other persons employed to collect information, in conformity the abstract, because to the second section of the act of the first of May, one thousand the marshals, we marshals, we marshals, the marshals and the marshals are the marshals and the marshals are the marshals and the marshals are eight hundred and ten,* and such other information as has [Ante, ch. 263.] been, or may be, obtained; which the subject will admit of; and that he report the same to congress.

Approved, March 19, 1812.]

[No. 3.] Resolution, requesting the state of Georgia to assent to the formation of two states of the Mississippi territory.

Resolved, by the senate and house of representatives of the The legislature United States of America in congress assembled, That the legis-quested to give lature of the state of Georgia be, and they are hereby, requested law, to the formation of two states of the states of Mississippi territory: Provided, In the opinion of congress a Mississippi te Mississippi territory: Providea, in the opinion of congress de ritory, providivision of said territory, for that purpose, should hereafter be congress decire expedient. expedient. [Approved, June 17, 1812.]

[No. 4.] Resolution, requesting the president of the United States to recommend a day of public humiliation and prayer.

It being a duty, peculiarly incumbent in a time of public calamity Motive of the and war, humbly and devoutly to acknowledge our dependence request. on Almighty God, and to implore his aid and protection: Therefore,

Resolved, by the senate and house of representatives of the A joint com-United States of America in congress assembled, That a joint mittee of both houses to wait committee of both houses wait on the president of the United on the resident, and request that he recommend a day of public humiliation and prayer, to be observed by the people of the United States, militation and prayer, to be observed by the people of the United States, with religious solemnity, and the offering of fervent supplications prayer to be obtained to Almighty God for the safety and welfare of these states, his people with religious solemniting to be an arrest to be obtained to the safety and welfare of these states, his legious solemniting to the safety and welfare of these states, his legious solemniting to the safety and welfare of these states, his legious solemniting to the safety and welfare of these states, his legious solemniting to the safety and the safety and welfare of these states, his legious solemniting to the safety and welfare of these states, his legious solemniting to the safety and welfare of these states, his legious solemniting to the safety and the safety and welfare of these states, his legious solemniting to the safety and welfare of these states, his legious solemniting to the safety and welfare of these states, his legious solemniting to the safety and welfare of these states, his legious solemniting to the safety and welfare of these states, his legious solemniting to the safety and welfare of these states, his legious solemniting to the safety and welfare of the safety an blessing on their arms, and the speedy restoration of peace.

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ACTS OF THE TWELFTH CONGRESS

OF

THE UNITED STATES:

PASSED AT THE SECOND SESSION, WHICH WAS BEGUN AND WELD AT THE CITY OF WASHINGTON, IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, OR MONDAY, THE 2D OF NOVEMBER, 1812, AND ENDED ON THE 30 OF MARCH, 1813.

James Madison, President. Wm. H. Crawford, President, pro tempore, of the Senate. H. Clay, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

[*Obsolete.] CHAP. 466. [CXLIII.] An act to authorize the transportation of certain documents free of postage.*

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The members of the members of congress, the secretary of the senate, and clerk congress, score of the house of representatives, be, and they are hereby, respectary of the sosame, and clerk tively, authorized to transmit, free of postage, the message of the house, are the president of the United States, of the fourth of November. therized to the president of the United States, of the fourth of November, one thousand eight hundred and twelve, and the documents acpresident the companying the same, printed by order of the senate, and by
and the documents acthe United States and territories thereof, to which they may direct, any law to the contrary notwithstanding.

[Approved, November 12, 1812.]

CHAP. 467. [CXLIV.] An act further to prolong the continuance of the mint at Philadelphia.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the act, entitled "An act concerning the mint," approved March the third, one thousand eight hundred and one, is hereby revived and continued in force and operation, for the further term of five years, after the fourth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen. [Approved, December 2, 1812.]

The act concerning the mint reviv. d, and continued until the 4th March, [† Ch. 346, vol.

menta, &c.

CHAP. 468. [CXLV.] An act making an appropriation to defray expenses incurred, or to be incurred, under an act, entitled "An act to authorizes detachment from the militia of the United States;" and the act, entitled "An act for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the union, suppress insurrections, and repel invasions, and to repeal the act now in force for those purposes," passed the twenty-eighth day of February, one thousand seven hundred and ninery-five.‡

[#Obsolete.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-2,000,000 dolls. SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representation appropriated to-wards detraying tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That wards detraying the same is herebythere. any expense in the sum of one million of dollars be, and the same is hereby

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appropriated towards defraying any expense incurred, or to be incurred, under an act, entitled "An act to authorize a detach- act to authorize ment from the militia of the United States,"* passed the tenth from the militia, day of April, one thousand eight hundred and twelve; and also, [Ante, ch. 278,] under an act, entitled "An act for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the union, suppress insurrections, and repel invasions, and to repeal the act now in force for those purposes,"† passed the twenty-eighth day of February, one thou- [+ Ch. 277, vel. sand seven hundred and ninety-five, to be paid out of any moneys *1 in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, December 12, 1812.]

CHAP. 469. [CXLVI.] An act increasing the pay of noncommissioned officers, musicians, privates, and others, of the army, and for other pur-Poses.t

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa
chap. 760, post.]

Des of the United States of America in concerns. tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, from and after the thirty-first day of December, eighteen hun-After the sist dred and twelve, the monthly pay of the noncommissioned offi-monthly pay of the noncommissioned offi-monthly pay of the noncommissioned offi-monthly pay of the noncommissioned cers, musicians, privates, drivers, bombadiers, matrosses, sap-th noncommis pers, miners, artificers, saddlers, farriers, and blacksmiths, who privates &c. a have enlisted, or shall hereafter enlist, in the service of the United States, shall, during the continuance of the war between the United States of America, and their territories, and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and the dependencies thereof, be as follows, to wit: To each sergeant major and quar-specification of termaster sergeant, twelve dollars; to each sergeant and principal monthly pay. musician, eleven dollars; to each corporal, ten dollars; to each musician, nine dollars; to each private, driver, bombadier, matross, sapper, and miner, eight dollars; to each artificer, saddler, farrier, and blacksmith, not attached to the quartermaster general's and ordnance department, thirteen dollars.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That, during the continu- During the continuancy of the ance of the war with Great Britain, no noncommissioned officer, war with Great musician, private, driver, bombadier, matross, sapper, miner, artificer, saddler, farrier, or blacksmith, enlisted in the service of the fact to servi United States, during his continuance in service, shall be arrested, restforders, each or subject to arrest, or to be taken in execution, for any debt contracted before or after enlistment.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That every noncommissioned officers, sioned officer, musician, and private, who shall, after the promulgation of this act, be recruited in the regular army of the United
States, may, at his option, to be made at the time of enlistment,
engage to serve during the present war with Great Britain, inor for five years,
stead of the term of five years; and shall, in case he makes such at option, bec. option, be entitled to the same bounty in money and land, and to all other allowances, and be subject to the same rules and regulations, as if he had enlisted for the term of five years. [Approved, December 12, 1812.]

1812-13. CHAP. 470. [CXLVII.] An act concerning the district and territorial judges of the United States.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, District and ter hereafter, it shall be incumbent upon the district and territorial ritorial judges of the United States to reside within the districts and to reside within judges of the United States to reside within the districts and territories, respectively, for which they are appointed; and that Judges not to be it shall not be lawful for any judge appointed under the authority engaged in the practice of the of the United States, to exercise the profession or employment Persons offending against this law. And any person offending against the injunction or prohiset deemed guilt bition of this act, shall be deemed guilty of a high misdemeanor.

[See supplementary act, of 3d March, 1813; chap. 519, post.]

CHAP. 471. [CXLVIII.] An act to increase the navy of the United States.

The president authorized, as &cc. four ships of not less than 74 guns, and six

Complement of officers on board

the seventy-

fours.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the president of the United States shall be, and he hereby is, authorized, as soon as suitable materials can be procured therefor, soon, &c. to thorrzeu, as soon as surrange in the state of the state o not less than seventy-four guns, and six ships to rate forty-four to rate 44 guns. guns each.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That there shall be employed on board each of the said ships of seventy-four guns each, one captain, six lieutenants, one captain, one first lieutenant, and one second lieutenant, of marines, one surgeon, one chaplain, one purser, and three surgeon's mates.

Warrant officers on board the seventy-fours; to be appointed by the president.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That there shall be emplayed in each of the said ships, carrying seventy-four gurs, the following warrant officers, who shall be appointed by the president of the United States: one master, one second master, three master's mates, one boatswain, one gunner, one carpenter, one Fetty officers; to sailmaker, and twenty midshipmen; and the following petty officers, the captains of the ships.

The ships.

Tively in which the captains of the ships, respectively.

one sailmaker's mate, one cooper, one steward, one master t arms, one cook, one coxswain, one boatswain's yeoman, one gu ner's yeoman, one carpenter's yeoman, ten quarter gunners, eigh A schoolmaster, quartermasters, and one clerk; and one schoolmaster, also to

tively, in which they are to be employed, viz. one armorer, su boatswain's mates, three gunner's mates, two carpenter's mates

Complement of men on board

appointed by the captain. SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the crews of each the seventy-four gun ships, &c. the said ships of seventy-four guns, shall consist of two hundre able seamen, three hundred ordinary seamen and boys, the sergeants, three corporals, one drummer, one fifer, and six marines.

Pay of the

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That the pay of the school master shall be twenty-five dollars per month and two ratio per day.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That the sum of two millions five hundred thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, \$5,000,000 dollars appropriated, out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise building and appropriated, for the building and equipping of the aforesaid ships of war. ships of war. [Approved, January 2, 1813.]

CHAP. 472. [CXLIX.] An act directing the secretary of the treasury to remit fines, forfeitures, and penalties, in certain cases.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That in all cases where goods, wares, and merchandise, owned by a Incase where citizen or citizens of the United States, have been imported into from Great Britain and Ireland, which goods, wares, and merchandise, were shipped on board vessels which departed therefrom between the twenty-third day of June last, and the fifteenth day of September last, and the persons interested in such goods, wares, or interested have there. merchandise, or concerned in the importation thereof, have therefine, &c. under
by incurred any fine, penalty, and forfeiture, under an act, entitled "An act to interdict the commercial intercourse between tioning for rethe United States and Great Britain and France, and their determs of the the United States, and Great Britain and France, and their detectary of the pendencies, and for other purposes,"* and an act, entitled "An rected to remit act concerning the commercial intercourse between the United [*Ante, ch. 195.] States and Great Britain, and France, and their dependencies, and for other purposes,"† and the act supplementary to the act [+Ante,ch.364.] last mentioned,‡ on such person or persons petitioning for relief, [‡Ante,ch.866.] to any judge or court proper to hear the same, in pursuance of the provisions of the act, entitled "An act to provide for mitigating or remitting the fines, forfeitures, and penalties, in certain cases therein mentioned;" and on the facts being shown, on in- [sch.361,vol.] quiry had by said judge or court, stated and transmitted as by goods, wares, and merchandise, at the time of their shipment, because of the shipment of the sh were bona fide owned by a citizen or citizens of the United States, and shipped, and did depart from some port or place in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, owned as aforesaid, between the twenty-third day of June last, and the fifteenth day of September last, the secretary of the treasury is hereby directed to remit all fines, penalties, and forfeitures, that may have been incurred under the said acts, in consequence of such shipment, importation, or importations, upon the costs and costs and charges that have arisen, or may arise, being paid, and on pay-duties, to be ment of the duties which would have been payable by law on paid, &c. such goods, wares, and merchandise, if legally imported; and also to direct the prosecution or prosecutions, if any shall have Prosecutions to been instituted for the recovery thereof, to cease and be discontinued: Provided, nevertheless, That no case in which the pur-Proviso; cases chase of such goods, wares, and merchandise, was made, after were purchased war was known to exist between the United States and Great known to exist

not entitled to this act.

Britain, at the port or place where such purchase was made, shall be entitled to the benefits of this act.

[Approved, January 2, 1813.]

CHAP. 473. [CL.] An act approving the report of the commissioners appointed by the secretary of war to ascertain and settle the exterior line of the public land at West Point, in the state of New York.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That Thereport of the report of the commissioners appointed by the secretary of appointed by the war to settle the exterior line of the public land at West Point, settle the ex. in the state of New York, with the adjoining proprietor, conto nettle the ex- in the state of New York, with the adjoining proprietor, conterior line of the formably to an act to authorize the secretary of war to ascertain West Point &c. and settle, by the appointment of commissioners, the exterior line of the public land at West Point with the adjoining propri-[*Ante, ch. 284.] etor, * be, and the same is hereby, approved.

[Approved, January 5, 1813.]

CHAP. 474. [CLI.] An act authorizing the president of the United States to establish post routes in certain cases.

The president rect the postmaster general to send a mail be tween the headquarters of any army and such may think proper; and the route to be an

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That authorized to the president of the United States, during the existence of the war in which the United States are engaged, or of any war in which they may be engaged, shall be, and is hereby, authorized to direct the postmaster general to send a mail between the post office as he headquarters of any army of the United States and such post office as he may think proper; and the route or road on which route to be an established post the same shall be conveyed, shall, to all intents and purposes, be road, so long as the mail shall be sent on the same, conformably to the authority hereby given.

[Approved, January 14, 1813.]

Thee act of 4th March. 1814; sec. 2, ch. 608, post.] CHAP. 475. [CLII.] An act providing navy pensions in certain cases.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-

of the navy or marines killed. &c. entitled to half the monthly pay of the de-ceased, for five years.

tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That Widows or chil- if any officer of the navy or marines shall be killed or die, by reason of a wound received in the line of his duty, leaving a widow, or, if no widow, a child or children, under sixteen years of age, such widow, or if no widow, such child or children, shall be entitled to receive half the monthly pay to which the deceased was entitled at the time of his death, which allowance shall continue for and during the term of five years: but in case the arm or intermating of the death or intermarriage of such widow, before the expira-bec. the half pay tion of the said term of five years, the half pay for the remainder of the half pay for the remainder dren, see.

Shall go to the child or children of the said deceased officer: pay to cease on Provided, That such half pay shall cease on the death of such

In case of the death or inter: child or children; and the money required for this purpose shall be paid out of the navy pension fund, under the direction of the the death of the paid out of the navy pension fund, under the direction of the the death of the paid out of the navy pension fund, under the direction of the the death of the paid out of the navy pension fund, under the direction of the the death of the paid out of the navy pension fund, under the direction of the the death of the paid out of the navy pension fund, under the direction of the the death of the paid out of the navy pension fund, under the direction of the the death of the paid out of the navy pension fund, under the direction of the the death of the paid out of the navy pension fund, under the direction of the paid out of the navy pension fund, under the direction of the the death of the paid out of the navy pension fund, under the direction of the paid out of the navy pension fund, under the direction of the paid out of the navy pension fund, under the direction of the paid out of the navy pension fund, under the direction of the paid out of the navy pension fund, under the direction of the navy pension of the commissioners of that fund. [Approved, January 20, 1813.]

pension fund

CHAP. 476. [CLIII.] An act making certain partial appropriations for the year one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.*

[*Obsolete.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the sum of one million of dollars be, and the same is hereby, 1,000,000 of dol appropriated towards defraying the expenses of the military establishment of the United States, during the year one thousand the expenses of the military eight hundred and thirteen; and that the sum of one million of tablishment design to the part of the part dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated towards defraying the year
ing the expenses of the navy during the year one thousand eight for defraying the
hundred and thirteen. hundred and thirteen.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the following sums sums appropriated towards be appropriated for the purposes herein recited; that is to say: defraying the Towards defraying the compensation granted by law to the members of members of the senate and house of representatives, their officers, congress, &c. and attendants, during the year one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, fifty thousand dollars.

Towards defraying the contingent expenses of the house of Towards defra representatives, during the year one thousand eight hundred gent expenses the bouse of re

and thirteen, ten thousand dollars.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the several appropriations hereinbefore made, shall be paid and discharged out of out of unappropriated out of prize moneys in the treasury.

[Approved, January 20, 1813.]

CHAP. 477. [CLIV.] An act supplementary to the act, entitled "An ast for the more perfect organization of the army of the United States."

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- 10, the origin tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That 1812; ante, chap the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, to appoint one additional major to the first regiment of light dragoons, joint one additional major to the first regiment of light dragoons, joint one additional major to the first regiment of light artillary, each regiment of light artillary. the regiment of light artillery, each regiment of infantry, and the region, see rifle regiment, in the army of the United States, who shall receive the like pay, rations, forage, and other emoluments, as officers of the same grade and corps of the present military establishment.

SECT 2. And be it further enacted, That there be appointed, Athird lieute-in manner aforesaid, one third lieutenant to each troop or com- point do each pany in the army of the United States, who, if of cavalry or army, see. light dragoons shall receive the monthly pay of thirty dollars, and of other corps, twenty-three dollars, and be allowed the same forage, rations, and other emoluments, as second lieutenants of the same corps to which they belong.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That there be allowed to An additional each troop or company in the army of the United States, one in each troop or

1813.

additional sergeant, who shall receive the like pay, clothing, racompany in the tions, and other emoluments, as sergeants of the present military establishment.

24 dolls, on ac-count of pay, 8cc. to be advanced Feb. 1813, &cc.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That, in order to complete the present military establishment to the full number authorized to each able bodied man enlist by law, with the greatest possible despatch, there shall be paid died man enlist by law, with the greatest possible despatch, there shall be paid to each effective able bodied man, who shall be duly enlisted into the service of the United States, after the first day of February next, to serve for the term of five years, or during the war, an advance, of twenty-four dollars, on account of his pay, in addition to the existing bounty, one-half of such advance to be paid at the enlistment of the recruit, and the other half when he shall be mustered and have joined some military corps of the tounty of 180 United States, for service; and a bounty of one hundred and sixty acres of land, as heretofore established by law.

Bounty of 160

Commissioned

listed without

Persons per munder of the tour, &ce serving the

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That the commissioned officers employed in the recruiting service, shall be employed in the recruiting service, shall be entitled to receive for every effective able bodied man, who shall ceive 4 dolls, for entitled to receive for every effective able bodied man, who shall man enlist be duly enlisted after the first day of February next, by them, for the term of five years or during the war, and mustered, and between the ages of eighteen and forty-five years, the sum of Proviso; the regulation respect four dollars: Provided, nevertheless, That this regulation, so far ing age, not to as respects the age of the recruit, shall not extend to musicians, cians or soldiers or to those soldiers who may re-enlist into the service: And prowho re-milist. Proviso; persons vided also, That no person under the age of twenty-one years under the age of shall be enlisted by any officer, or held in the service of the United States, without the consent, in writing, of his parent, guardian, or master, first had and obtained, if any he have; and if Officeries listing any officer shall enlist any person contrary to the true intent and betton contrary to this act, for every such offence he shall forfeit and feit and pay the amount of the bounty and clothing which the person so ty and elothing recruited may have received from the public, to be deducted out acc. of the pay and emoluments of such officer.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any person, during the time he may be performing a tour of mimay be enlisted, litia duty, to enlist in the regular army of the United States, and exonerated from the recruiting officers are hereby authorized to enlist any such person, in the same manner, and under the same regulations, as if he were not performing such militia duty; and every person who shall enlist, while performing a tour of militia duty as aforesaid, shall be thereby exonerated from serving the remainder of said tour; and the state to which he may belong shall not be required to furnish any other person to serve in his stead.

[Approved, January 20, 1813.]

CHAP. 478. [CLV.] An act in addition to the act concerning letters marque, prizes, and prize goods.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, The Vessels and pro-perty captured all prizes of vessels and property, captured by private armed

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See orig. act, of 26th June. 1812; ante, chap. 430.]

thips, commissioned under the authority of the United States, which may be condemned in any district or circuit court of the by private amed United States, shall be sold at public auction, by the marshal slipe, condemned of the district in which the same shall be condemned, within attention by the marshal, &c. sixty days after the condemnation thereof, sufficient notice of division sixty days after the condemnation thereof, sufficient notice of division in notice, &c. being first given, on notice, &c. being first given, on such terms of credit, and in such lots or &c. proportions, as may be designated by the owner or owners, or agent of the owner or owners, of the privateer which may have captured the same: *Provided*, That the term of such credit shall provises the not exceed ninety days: And the said marshal is hereby directed not to exceed no to take and receive, from the purchaser or purchasers of such marshal to reprize vessel and property, the money therefor, or his, her, or celve the money, their, promissory notes, with endorsers, to be approved by the owner or owners of the privateer, to the amount of the purchase,

payable according to the terms thereof.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That, upon all duties, being paid, the costs, and charges, being paid according to law, the said marshal upon the owner to the owner. shall, on demand, deliver and pay over to the owner or owners ere and the officers and the privateer, or to the agent of such owner or owners of the ke, the proportions of prize privateer, which may have captured such prize vessel and promote to which proportions of the funds received on actions of the sale thereof, and of the proportion of the directed the proportion of the sale thereof, and of the proposes of the proposes of the sale thereof. count of the sale thereof, and of the promissory notes directed thed, Sec. to be taken as aforesaid, to which the said owner or owners may be entitled, according to the articles of agreement between the said owner or owners, and the officers and crew of the said privateer; and a just and equal proportion of the proceeds of the sale, as aforesaid, shall, on demand, be also paid over, by the said marshal, to the officers and crew of the said privateer, or to their agent or agents. And if there be no written agreement, written agree it shall be the duty of the marshal to pay over, in manner as ment, the maraforesaid, one moiety of the proceeds of the sale of such prize over one moiety of the proceeds of the sale of such prize of the proceeds of the sale be distributed according to law, or to any agreement by them made: Provided, The said officers and crew, or their agent or Provisor the officers and orew, agents, shall have first refunded, to the owner or owners, or to be first refunded the agent of the owner or owners, of the privateer aforesaid, the any advances, full amount of advances, which shall have been made by the owner or owners of the privateer, to the officers and crew thereof.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That, for the selling prize The marshales ritted to a comproperty, and receiving and paying over the proceeds, as afore-mission of one said, the marshal shall be entitled to a commission of one per length of one cent. and no more, first deducting all duties, costs, and charges, which may have accrued on said property: Provided, That on costs, occ. no case of condemnation and sale of any one prize vessel and marshal's commission not to cargo, shall the commissions of the marshal exceed two hundred exceed 250 dolls. and fifty dollars.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of The marshal, the marshal, within fifteen days after any sale of prize property, to within 18 days after any sale of

dolls. &cc.

file, in the office of the clerk of the district court of the district whereprize property, in such sale may be made, a just and true account of the sales of rer account in such prize property, and of all duties and charges thereon, togeththe one is the disc er with a statement, thereto annexed, of the promissory notes taken on account thereof, which account shall be verified by the chith Webe marshal of the said marshal; and if the said marshal shall wilfully neglect, account see he or refuse, to file such account, he shall forfeit and pay the sum of five hundred dollars, for each omission or refusal as aforesaid, to be recovered in an action of debt, by any person linerested in such sale, and suing for the said penalty, on account of the party or parties interested in the prize vessel or property sold as aforesaid, in any court having cognizance thereof.

Owners of pri-vate armed ves-sels, &c. may, before libel, remove any capfrom the port into which she port, subject,

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That the owner or owners of any private armed vessel or vessels, or their agent or ageilis, may, at any time before a libel shall be filed against any captbred vessel or her cargo, remove the same from any port into which was first brought such prize vessel or property may be first brought to any other boars other nort in the United Section 1 port in the United States, to be designated at the time of the removal as aforesaid, subject to the same restrictions, and complying with the same regulations, with respect to the payment of duties, which are provided by law in relation to other vessels arriving in port with cargoes subject to the payment of duties: Provided, That before such removal the said captured property shall not have been attached at the suit of any adverse claimant, or a claim against the same have been interposed in behalf of the United States. [Approved, January 27, 1813.]

Provisor if the captured pro-perty has not been attached,

CHAP. 479. [CLVI.] An act authorizing the admission, under certain cir-Superseded, by act of 14th April, 1814; ch. sumstances, of vessels owned by citizens of the United States of America, with their cargoes, from British ports beyond the Cape of Good Hope.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That in all cases where goods, wares, and merchandise, bona fide the goods, ke bona fide the goods, waters, and incremandise, bona fide the goods, ke bona fide the goods, waters, and incremandise, bona fide the goods, ke bona fide the goods, have been imported into the United States from British ports beyond the from British. Cape of Good Hope, for the carroes of which vessels bonds base from British ports beyond the Cape of Good Hope, for the cargoes of which vessels bonds have cape of Good Hope, and bonds been required, at the port or place of shipment from, and have have been given been given by the owners, agents, consignees, or supercargoes, of such vessels, that the cargoes thereof shall be delivered or series of the landed at some port or place in the United States; and the person or persons interested in such goods, wares, or merchandise, or concerned in the importation thereof, have incurred thereby any fine, penalty, and forfeiture, or have delivered the same into the possession or custody of the United States, on such person petitioning for relief to any judge or court proper to hear the same, in pursuance of the provisions of the act, entitled ... An payin of act to provide for mitigating and remitting the nines, interceived, so therein mentioned;"† and on the facts being shown on inquiry had by said judge or court, stated facts being shown, on inquiry had by said judge or court, stated and transmitted, as by said act is required, to the secretary of

for landing in the United any fi es that may have be n incurred, on per to the provisions of the act mentioned, and to delt r up pos-session, etc. on paym of

the treasury; in all such cases wherein it shall be proved, to his atisfaction, that said goods, wares, and merchandise, at the time of their shipment, were bona fide owned by a citizen or citizens of the United States, and for the landing or delivery of which, at some port or place in the United States, bonds were required and given as aforesaid, the secretary of the treasury is hereby directed to remit all fines, penalties, and forfeitures, which may have been incurred in consequence of such shipment, importation, or importations, to deliver up possession of the said vessels, goods, wares, and merchandise, to the owner or owners thereof, upon the costs and charges that have arisen, or may arise, being paid, and the duties payable on such goods, wares, and merchandise, or which would have been payable if they had been legally imported, being paid, or secured to be paid, according to law, as if the same had been imported and entered at the time of the release thereof; and also to direct the prosecution or prosecutions, if any shall have been instituted for the recovery of such fines, proviso; nothing penalties, and forfeitures, to cease and be discontinued: Provided, in this act to come the such fines. That nothing in this act contained shall extend, or be construed said to a cents of the extend, to a remission of, or exemption from, any fine, penalty, see for a radio or forfeiture, which has been, or may be, incurred for a breach than the present of any law or laws of the United States, other than such as prohibit the admission into the United States of goods, wares, and specified,

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merchandise, imported as aforesaid. [Approved, January 27, 1813.]

CHAP. 480. [CLVII] An act in addition to the act, entitled "An act to ["See orig. act, of 11 h Jan. 1813; raise an additional military force," and for other purposes."

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-note at the end of ch. 700, post. tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, not exceeding in addition to the present military establishment of the United pregiment of States, there be raised such number of regiments of infantry, not emissed for one year, &c. exceeding twenty, as, in the opinion of the president, may be necessary for the public service, to be enlisted for the term of one year, unless sooner discharged.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That each of the said regiments shall consist of one colonel, one lieutenant colonel, two majors, one adjutant, one paymaster, one quartermaster, one surgeon, two surgeon's mates, one sergeant major, one quartermaster sergeant, two principal musicians, and ten companies.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That each company shall cach company consist of one captain, one first lieutenant, one second lieutenant, one third lieutenant, one ensign, five sergeants, six corporals, two musicians, and ninety privates.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful The president for the president of the United States, in the recess of the se-ficer for the se-ficer for the president of the United States, in the recess of the se-ficer for the president nate, to appoint such of the officers authorized by this act, as mitted, sec. may not be appointed during the present session; which appointments shall be submitted to the senate at their next session, for their advice and consent.

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Officers, pri-vates, &c. to re-ceive the same pay, &c. as the officers, &c. of the present milicary establishmenti except,

The officers. privates, &c. to be governed by the rules and articles of war.

Commissioned every person ca-

Provise; the re-gulation respect-ing the age of twenty-one to be enlisted, without consent of parents, &c.
Any officer enlisting persons contrary to this act, forfeits the

Sixteen dollars

Arrears never to exceed two months, unless, acc,

Disabled officers, musicians, and privates, to be placed on the list of invalids, compensation for wounds, &cc. sioned officer. xceed

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That all the officers, noncommissioned officers, musicians, and privates, authorized by this act, shall receive the like pay, forage, rations, clothing, and other emoluments (the land and bounty excepted,) as the officers of the same grade and corps, noncommissioned officers, musicians, and privates, of the present military establishment-

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That the officers, noncommissioned officers, musicians, and privates, of the regiments hereby authorized to be raised, shall be governed by the rules and articles of war, which have been established by the United States in congress assembled, or by such rules and articles as

may be hereafter by law established.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That the commissioned officers to reselve 3 dolls for officers, who shall be employed in recruiting the force authorized by this act, shall be entitled to receive, for every person enlisted by them into this service, for the term specified, and approved by the commanding officer of the regiment, and between the ages of eighteen and forty-five years, the sum of two dollars: Provided, nevertheless, That this regulation, so far as respects the age of the recruit, shall not extend to musicians, or to those the recent not the age of the recent, shall be service: And provided also, to extend to mu soldiers who may re-enlist into the service: And provided also, No person under That no person under the age of twenty-one years shall be enlisted by any officer, or held in the service of the United States, without the consent, in writing, of his parent, guardian, or master, first had and obtained, if any he have; and if any officer shall enlist any person contrary to the true intent and meaning amount of boan of this act, for every such offence he shall forfeit and pay the ty and clothing, amount of the bounty and clothing. amount of the bounty and clothing, which the persons so recruited may have received from the public, to be deducted out of the pay and emoluments of such officer.

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That there shall be allowbounty to each man the payment of eight to each man recruited as aforesaid, a bounty of sixment of sight to each man recruited as aforesaid, a bounty of sixment of sight to each man recruited as aforesaid, a bounty of sixment of sight to each man recruited as aforesaid, a bounty of sixment of sight to each man recruited as aforesaid, a bounty of sixment of sight to each man recruited as aforesaid, a bounty of sixment of sight to each man recruited as aforesaid, a bounty of sixment of sight to each man recruited as aforesaid, a bounty of sixment of sight to each man recruited as aforesaid, a bounty of sixment of sight to each man recruited as aforesaid, a bounty of sixment of sight to each man recruited as aforesaid, a bounty of sixment of sight to each man recruited as aforesaid, a bounty of sixment of sight to each man recruited as aforesaid, a bounty of sixment of sight to each man recruited as aforesaid, a bounty of sixment of sight to each man recruited as aforesaid, a bounty of sixment of sight to each man recruited as aforesaid, a bounty of sixment of sight to each man recruited as aforesaid, a bounty of sixment of sight to each man recruited as aforesaid, a bounty of sixment of sight to each man recruited as aforesaid, a bounty of sixment of sight to each man recruited as aforesaid, a bounty of sixment of sight to each man recruited as aforesaid as afor shall be deferred until he shall be mustered, and have joined

some military corps of the United States.

SECT. 9. And be it further enacted, That the said regiments shall be paid in such manner, that the arrears shall at no time exceed two months, unless the circumstances of the case shall render it unavoidable.

SECT. 10. And be it further enacted, That if any officer, noncommissioned officer, musician, or private, shall be disabled, by wounds or otherwise, while in the line of his duty in public service, he shall be placed on the list of invalids of the United States, at such rate of pension and under such regulations as are or may be directed by law: Provided always, That the compensation to be allowed for such wounds or disabilities, to a commishalf he monthly sioned officer, shall not exceed, for the highest rate of disability, pay, No. No officer to re-half the monthly pay of such officer, at the time of his being dis-ceive more than the monthly pay of such officer, at the time of his being dis-tient, col, and heart to pri-the rate to pri-the rate to pri-part not to ex-seed 5 dolls, per month, see tion to noncommissioned officers, musicians, and privates, shall Province inferior not exceed five dollars per month; And provided also, That all disabilities to be nferior disabilities shall entitle the person so disabled to receive

in allowance proportionate to the highest disability.

SECT. 11. And be it further enacted, That if any commis- widows or childen of commisioned officer shall, while in the service of the United States, stoned officers lie, by reason of any wound received in actual service of the wounds received. United States, and leave a widow, or, if no widow, a child or in actual service, entitled to half the hildren, under sixteen years of age, such widow, or, if no widow, the monthly by for five years. uch child or children, shall be entitled to and receive half the nonthly pay to which the deceased was entitled at the time of is death, for and during the term of five years: but, in case of In case the wihe death or intermarriage of such widow, before the expiration marries, before,
of the said term of five years, the half pay for the remainder of to go to the child he time shall go to the child or children of such deceased officer: dren, &c. Provided always, That such half pay shall cease on the decease of such child or children.

SECT. 12. And be it further enacted, That if any noncommis- Noncommisioned officer, musician, or private, shall desert the service of the musicians, or Jnited States, he shall, in addition to the penalties mentioned in ing the service he rules and articles of war, be liable to serve for and during the time of enuch a period as shall, with the time he may have served pre-listment, &c. vious to his desertion, amount to the full term of his enlistment; and such soldier shall and may be tried by a court martial, and ounished, although the term of his enlistment may have elapsed revious to his being apprehended or tried.

SECT. 13. And be it further enacted, That every officer, non- officers, privates, commissioned officer, musician, and private, shall take and sub- oath, &cc. erribe the following oath or affirmation, to wit: " I, A B, do so- Form of the emnly swear or affirm, (as the case may be), that I will bear oath. rue faith and allegiance to the United States of America; and hat I will serve them honestly and faithfully against their enenies or opposers whomsoever; and that I will observe and obey the orders of the president of the United States, and the orders of the officers appointed over me, according to the rules and artiles of war."

SECT. 14. And be it further enacted, That where any commis- Extra expense inounced officer shall be obliged to incur any extra expense, in tra-commissioned relling and sitting on general courts martial, he shall be allowed willing and sita reasonable compensation for such extra expense actually incur- ting on g neral courts martial, red, not exceeding one dollar and twenty-five cents per day to to be allowed, officers who are not entitled to forage, and not exceeding one dollar per day to such as shall be entitled to forage.

SECT. 15. And be it further enacted, That whenever any officers and solver or soldier shall be discharged from the service, except by from service to way of punishment for an offence, he shall be allowed his pay and rations to and rations, or an equivalent in money, for such term of time as travel to their shall be sufficient for him to travel from the place of discharge dence, &c. to the place of his residence, computing at the rate of twenty miles to a day.

SECT. 16. And be it further enacted, That there shall be ap-A chaplain to be pointed to each brigade one chaplain, who shall be entitled to each origade, see. the same pay and emoluments as a major in the infantry.

SECT. 17. And be it further enacted, That no field or staff offi- No field or staff

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tled to receive pay or . molu-ment till called into actual ser-

Acts concerning volunteer military corps, re-

herein to depriv volunteer offi-cers and men, &cc. of any rights, &cc.

cer, who may be appointed by virtue of this act, shall be entitled to receive any pay or emoluments until he shall be called into actual service, nor for any longer time than he shall continue therein.

Sect. 18. And be it further enacted, That the act, entitled "An act authorizing the president of the United States to accept pealed. [*Ante, ch. 344.] and organize certain volunteer military corps,"* and the act, en-

titled "An act supplementary to the act, entitled "An act authorizing the president of the United States to accept and organize [tAnte,ch.461.] certain volunteer military corps,"† be, and the same are hereby, Provise nothing repealed, from and after the first day of February next: Provid-

ed, That nothing herein contained shall be so construed as to deprive the officers and men who may have entered the service as volunteers, under the said acts, of any rights, immunities. or privileges, therein secured, or the United States of the services of such volunteers, agreeably to the provisions of said acts.

[Approved, January 29, 1813.]

[‡ Private.]

CHAP. 481. [CLVIII.] An act for the relief of John Binnion.

John Binnion permitted to withdraw his entries, made on the 18th Sept. 1810, in the land

pears to the re ceiver that the entries were made in mistake, &c.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That John Binnion be permitted to withdraw his entries, made on the eighteenth day of September, eighteen hundred and ten, in the land office of Madison county, Mississippi territory, for the northcontent Manison west, includest, and southeast, quarters of section No. thirty-county, &c. and four, township No. three, of range No. two, east, and that the tobe placed to moneys paid by him on the said entries shall be placed to his credit, &c. west, northeast, and southeast, quarters of section No. thirtycredit on any purchase he shall or may have made of public land Proviso; if it ap- in the same district: Provided, It shall appear to the satisfaction of the register and receiver of public moneys of the said land office, that the entries for the said quarter sections were made in mistake for other quarter sections intended to have been purchased by said Binnion. [Approved, Junuary 27, 1813.]

[§ Private and obsolete.]

CHAP. 482. [CLIX.] An act for the relief of the Bible Society of Philadelphia.6

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That ing on certain stereotype plates, imported during the last year into the port of imported by the Philadelphia, on board the ship Brilliant, by the Bible Society of Philadelphia, for the purpose of printing editions of Bills and Bills and Philadelphia, for the purpose of printing editions of Bills and Bill Bible, be, and the same are hereby, remitted, on behalf of the United States, to the said society; and any bond or security given for the securing of the payment of the said duties shall be cancelled. [Approved, February 2, 1813.]

: CHAP. 483. [CLK.] An act supplementary to an act, entitled "An act to provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws, suppress insurrections, and repel invasions, and to repeal the act now in force for those purposes," and to increase the pay of volunteer and militia corps."

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[* See original act, of 23th Fe-bruary, 1795; chap. 277, vol.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, in every case in which a court martial shall have adjudged and Fines imposed determined a fine against any officer, noncommissioned officer, tal to be error musician, or private, of the militia, for any of the causes specified to the confidence of the course specified to the course of the fied in the act to which this act is a supplement,† or in the fourth treasury, &c. [†See chap. 277, section of an act, entitled "An act to authorize a detachment vol. 2.] from the militia of the United States,"‡ all such fines, so assess- [‡Ante, ch. 378.] ed, shall be certified to the comptroller of the treasury of the United States, in the same manner as the act to which this act is a supplement directed the same to be certified to the supervisor of the revenue.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the marshals shall Marshals to pay pay all fines which have been levied and collected by them, or two months after respective deputies, under the authority of the acts herein the treasury referred to, into the treasury of the United States, within two deducting five months after they shall have received the same deducting five per cent, &c. months after they shall have received the same, deducting five per centum for their own trouble; and in case of failure, it shall be the duty of the comptroller of the treasury to give notice to the district attorney of the United States, who shall proceed against the said marshal in the district court, by attachment, for the recovery of the same.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the noncommission- Noncommission of officer ed officers, musicians, and privates, of volunteer and militia corps, musicians, an who, subsequent to the thirty-first day of December, one thou-lunteer and mi sand eight hundred and twelve, shall have been, or may here-litta corps, endafter be, called out, while in the service of the United States monthly pay, stations, and shall, during the continuance of the present war between the forage, see, as those of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and the dependance and the United States of America, and their tering, &c. ritories, be entitled to and receive the same monthly pay, rations, and forage, and furnished with the same camp equipage, as are or may be provided by law for the noncommissioned officers, musicians, and privates, of the army of the United States.

[Approved, February 2, 1813.]

CHAP. 484. [CLXI.] An act for the relief of Jared Shattuck.

[Private and obsolete.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That there be paid to Jared Shattuck, out of any moneys in the trea- 33,864 dolls. and sand eight hundred and sixty-four dollars and fifty-five cents, the amount decreed on the third of March, one thousand to him in an eight hundred and six, by the supreme court of the United States, amicable suit to the said Jared Shattuck, for his damages in an amicable suit Maley, master of the United States' schooner states' schooner states' schooner

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Experiment, whose appearance was entered and defence conducted by the attorney of the United States for the district of Pennsylvania, in pursuance of instructions given to him from the executive of the United States, in the capture by said Maley of Also interest at the ship Mercator, in the year eighteen hundred; and also the 6 per cent. on sum of twenty-five thousand five 44 cents, from hundred and seventeen dollars and forty-four cents, from the 34 of March, third day of March, one thousand eight hundred and six. third day of March, one thousand eight hundred and six.

[Approved, February 2, 1813.]

'CHAP. 485. [CLXII.] An act giving the right of pre-emption in the purchase of lands to certain settlers in the Illinois territory.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-

tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That

districts estab lished in the titled to a pre-ference in becoming pur-chasers, &c.

Proviso: not more than one

Proviso; lands reserved, or directed to be sold in town lots, &c. not to be sold under this act. Persons chim-ing a preference in purchasing to deliver notice in writing to the register of the hand office, &c.

quarter section to one indivi-

dual, &c.

Where it apference, they may enter the quarter sections with the register, on producing receipts, &c.

Persons, &c. in every person, or legal representative of every person, who babing mid cultivating tracts has actually inhabited and cultivated a tract of land, lying in of land in the either of the district of land. either of the districts established for the sale of public lands in the Illinois territory, which tract is not rightfully claimed by any illinois territor the linnois territory, which tract is not right-unity claimed by any sy, not right-unity other person, and who shall not in local representations and territoriamed, &c. entory; every such person, and his legal representatives, shall be entitled to a preference in becoming the purchaser from the United States of such tract of land, at private sale, at the same price, and on the same terms and conditions, in every respect, as are or may be provided by law for the sale of other lands sold at private sale in said territory, at the time of making such purchase: Provided, That no more than one quarter section of land shall be sold to any one individual in virtue of this act; and the same shall be bounded by the sectional and divisional lines run, or to be run, under the direction of the surveyor general for the division of the public lands: Provided also, That no lands reserved from sale by former acts, or lands which have been directed to be sold in town lots, and out lots, shall be sold under this act. SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That every person claim-

ing a preference in becoming the purchaser of a tract of land in virtue of this act, shall make known his claim, by delivering a notice in writing, to the register of the land office for the district in which the land may lie, wherein he shall particularly designate the quarter section he claims; which notice the register shall file in his office, on receiving twenty-five cents from the person delivering the same. And in every case where it shall appear, to bears to the sadisfaction of the satisfaction of the register and receiver of public moneys of
register, &c.
the land office, that any person, who has delivered his notice of
entitled to a preclaim, is entitled, according to the provisions of this acr. to a claim, is entitled, according to the provisions of this act, to a preference in becoming the purchaser of a quarter section of land, such person, so entitled, shall have a right to enter to same, with the register of the land office, on producing his ceipt from the receiver of public moneys for at least one-tweetieth part of the purchase money, as in case of other public lands sold at private sale: Provided, That all lands to be sold under act to be entered this act shall be entered with the register, at least two weeks be

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district wherein the land lies: and every person having a right of with the rigispreference in becoming the purchaser of a tract of land, who before the public
shall fail so to make his entry with the register, within the time Persons having
prescribed, his right shall be forfeited, and the land by him claimed shall be offered at public sale, with the other public lands in
the district to which it belongs. [Approved, February 5] 1813.] fore the time of the commencement of the public sales, in the 1813.

CHAP. 486. [CLXIII.] An act authorizing a loan for a sum not exceeding sixteen millions of dollars.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, author- The president ized to borrow, on the credit of the United States, a sum not borrow, on the exceeding sixteen millions of dollars, to be applied, in addition eredit of the United States, a to the moneys now in the treasury, or which may be received sum not exceed ing 16,00,000 from other sources, to defray any of the expenses which have of dolls, to defray any of the expenses which have been, or, during the present session of congress, may be, author-expenses, &c. ized by law, and for which appropriations have been, or, during the present session of congress, may be, made by law: Provided, Provided, Provided, That no engagement nor contract shall be entered into, which may be reimshall preclude the United States from reimbursing any sum or burned twelve years after the sums thus borrowed, at any time after the expiration of twelve list of January, 1814. years from the first day of January next: And it is hereby further declared, That it shall be deemed a good execution of the Sale of the cersaid power to borrow, for the president of the United States to agood execution cause to be sold the whole or any part of the certificates of stock of the power to borrow. issued for the sums to be borrowed by virtue of this act.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the president of the The president United States do cause to be laid before congress, on the first laid before con-Monday in February, eighteen hundred and fourteen, or as soon of all the moneys thereafter as congress may be in session, an account of all the obtained by the moneys obtained by the sale of the certificates of stock, by virtue cates, &c. of the power given him by the preceding section, together with a statement of the rate at which the same may have been sold.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the secretary of the The secretary treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized to employ, with the of the treasury, approbation of the president of the United States, an agent or president, to emagents, for the purpose of obtaining subscriptions to the loan authorized by this act, or of selling any part of the stock created tions to the loan, &c. by virtue thereof. A commission not exceeding one-quarter of commission to one per cent on the amount thus sold, or for which subscrip-agents. tions shall have been thus obtained, may, by the secretary of the treasury, be allowed to such agent or agents; and a sum, not 40,000 dolls. apexceeding forty thousand dollars, to be paid out of any moneys propriated to pay commission and defray other expenses. ated, for paying the amount of such commission or commissions, as may be thus allowed, and also for defraying the expenses of printing and issuing the subscription certificates and certificates

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of stock, and other expenses incident to the receiving of subscriptions, and completing the loan authorized by this act.

the payment of the interest and principal of stock created by virtue of this act.

the annual epropriation of constituting the annual appropriation of eight millions of dollars millions of dollars SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That so much of the funds millions of dollar for the payment of the principal and interest of the public debt of the payment for the Duited States, as may be wanted for that purpose, after debt, pledgedfor of the United States, as may be wanted for that purpose, after satisfying the sums necessary for the payment of the interest and such part of the principal, of said debt, as the United States are

Commissioners of the sinking fund to cause the sums annually wanted to be paid, &c.

now pledged annually to pay or reimburse, is hereby pledged and appropriated for the payment of the interest, and for the reimbursement of the principal, of the stock which may be created by virtue of this act: it shall, accordingly, be the duty of the commissioners of the sinking fund to cause to be applied and paid, out of the said fund, yearly, such sum and sums as may be annually wanted to discharge the interest accruing on the said stock, and to reimburse the principal, as the same shall become due and may be discharged in conformity with the terms of the loan; and they are further authorized to apply, from time to time, such sum or sums, out of the said fund, as they may think proper, towards redeeming, by purchase, and at a price not above par, the principal of the said stock, or any part thereof. The faith of the the faith of the United States is hereby pledged, to establish suf-United States
pledged to estable ficient revenues for making up any deficiency that may hereafter tion summer take place in the funds hereby appropriated for paying the said

up any deficien-

Banks in the dis-trict of Columbia authorized to

interest, and principal sums, or any of them, in manner aforesaid. SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, I hat it shall be lawful for any of the banks in the district of Columbia to lend any part of the sum authorized to be borrowed by virtue of this act, any thing in any of their charters of incorporation to the contrary notwithstanding. [Approved, February 8, 1813.]

\$86, post, also, actof4th March, 1814; chap, 668, post.]

[See set of 3d CHAP. 487. [CLXIV.] An act regulating penaions to persons on board private armed ships.*

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The 2 per cent. the two per centum reserved in the hands of the collectors and reserved in the hands of the collectors and hands of the collectors and the hands of the collectors are the hands of the collectors. Retors and con-sub, use paid the dead of the paid to the treasurer, under the like results and prize into the treasure, reconstitute goods," shall be paid to the treasury, under the like regulations afted, 82. 430.] provided for other public money, and shall constitute a fund for the purposes provided for by the seventeenth section of the beforementioned act.

The secretary of cers, seamen, &ce. of private armed vasels, wounded. &cc. n the pension list. [‡ See see. 8, ch. 187, vol. 3.]

Rates of pen-

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the secretary of the the navy required to place office navy be authorized and required to place on the pension list, under the like regulations and restrictions as are used in relation to the navy of the United States, any officer, seaman, or maris, who, on board of any private armed ship or vessel bearing? commisssion of letter of marque, shall have been wounded, or otherwise disabled, in any engagement with the enemy; allowing to the captain, a sum not exceeding twenty dollars per month

to lieutenants and sailing master, a sum not exceeding twelve dollars, each, per month; to marine officer, boatswain, gunner, carpenter, master's mate, and prize masters, a sum not exceeding ten dollars, each, per month; to all other officers, a sum not exceeding eight dollars, each, per month, for the highest rate of disability, and so in proportion; and to a seaman, or acting as a marine, the sum of six dollars per month, for the highest rate of disability, and so in proportion; which several pensions shall be The pensions to paid, by direction of the secretary of the navy, out of the fand the fun above provided, and from no other.

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SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That the comminding Commanding of ficers to only officer of every vessel having a commission, or letters of marque the name, and and reprisal, shall enter in his journal the name and rank of any some in their officer, and the name of any seaman, who, during his cruize, journals, sec. shall have been wounded or disabled as aforesaid, describing the manner and extent, as far as practicable, of such wound or disability.

SECT: 4. And be it further enacted, That every collector shall collectors to transmit, quarterly, to the secretary of the navy, a transcript of transmit quarterly arranged such journals as may have been reported to him, so far as it gives of the secretary of the officers and create and the decretary of the officers and create and the decretary of the officers and create a a list of the officers and crew, and the description of wounds and the may, and disabilities, the better to enable the secretary to decide on claims for pensions. [Approved, February 13, 1813.]

CHAP. 488. [CLXV.] An act confirming certain claims to lands in the district of Vincennes.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That all the decisions of the register and receiver of public moneys The decisions of the register and for the district of Vincennes, made in favor of persons claiming receiver for the district of Vincennes, made in favor of persons claiming receiver for the district of Vincennes, made in favor of persons claiming receiver for the district of Vincennes, and the decisions received to the decisions of the register and receiver of public moneys The decisions of the register and receiver of public moneys and the register and receiver of public moneys the decisions of the register and receiver of public moneys the decisions of the register and receiver of public moneys the decisions of the register and receiver of public moneys the register and receiver and recei donation lands in said district, as entered in a list of claims which, district of Vinterior opinion of the said register and receiver, ought to be con-of persons elsing in the opinion of the said register and receiver, ought to be con-of persons elsing donation firmed, in pursuance of the act, entitled "An act providing for lands &c. entered in a list the sale of certain lands in the Indiana territory, and for other the purposes,"* passed on the thirtieth day of April, one thousand of the set mentioneight hundred and ten, which list is a part of their report to the ["Ante, ch. 360.] secretary of the treasury, bearing date of the twenty-seventh day of May, one thousand eight hundred and twelve, be, and the same are hereby, confirmed.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the following persons, specific quantities of land con whose claims, according to the aforesaid report, are not embraced firmed to the by the provisions of the above recited act, but which, neverthe- persons me tioned, &c. less, in the opinion of the register and receiver ought to be confirmed, shall be, and their claims are hereby, confirmed, respectively, to the following quantities of land, that is to say: the heirs of Francis Peltier, the heirs of Bernice Lefevre, and the heirs of Jean Btt. Valecour, respectively, four hundred acres; Rene Campeau, Francois Cardinal, the heirs of Joseph Pancake, the heirs of Jacob Howell, the heirs of Alexander Wilson, the heirs of Daniel Sullivan, and the heirs of Jacob Tevebaugh, respectively, one hundred acres.

post.]
Persons, &cc.
whose claims
are confirmed, &c. entitled to receive certificates authoriz ing the issuidg of patents.

The register to receive 1 dollar for each certificate, &c.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the several persons Persons whose whose claims are confirmed by this act, are hereby authorized elaims are confirmed may once to enter their locations with the register of the land office at their locations. Vincennes, on any part of the tract set apart for that purpose in with the righter vinctimes, on any part of the fact, entitled "An aet respecting any part of the tract set apart claims to lands in the Indiana territory and state of Ohio," and act. ["Ante, eh. 48.] in conformity to the provisions of that act: Provided, That such particular to be locations shall be made prior to the first day of October next; locations shall be made prior to the first day of October next; made prior to the 190 and the right of any person who shall neglect to locate prior to [†5ce chap. 700, that day shall become void and forever be barred.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That every person, or the legal representative of every person, whose claim to a tract of land is confirmed by this act, shall, whenever his claim shall have been located and surveyed, be entitled to receive, from the register of the land office at Vincennes, a certificate, stating that the claimant is entitled to receive a patent for such tract of land, by virtue of this act; for which certificate the register shall receive one dollar; and which certificate shall entitle the party to a patent for the said tract of land, which shall issue in like manner as is provided by law for the other lands of the United States. [Approved, February 13, 1813.]

[†See the note at the end of chap. 760, post.]

CHAP. 489. [CLXVI.] An act making provision for an additional number of general officers.t

Six major generals to be appointed in addition, &cc.
Two aids de majors, &c.

camp allowed to

The officers auact, to receive the same pay, &c. as those of the same grade in the present military establishment.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the president be, and he is hereby, authorized, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, to appoint six major generals in addition to those already authorized by law; each of whom shall be allowed two aids de camp, to be taken from the officers Six brigadier ge-norals; brigade of the line; and six brigadier generals, who shall be allowed a brigade major, and one aid de camp each, to be taken also from the officers of the line.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the officers authorized by this act shall receive the same pay, forage, rations, and other emoluments, as the officers of the same grade of the present military establishment. [Approved, February 24, 1813.]

[§ Private and obsolete.]

CHAP. 490. [CLXVII.] An act for the relief of Reuben Attwater.

500 dolls. to be paid out of the

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the sum of five hundred dollars be paid, out of any moneys in treasury to Reu- the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, to Reuben Attwater, ben Attwater, as an additional allowance for his services, whilst acting as seallowane whilst acting as seere cretary of the Michigan territory, and commissioner of land tary of the Michigan territory, claims, and as a full compensation for all his ex officio services. [Approved, February 24, 1813.]

CHAP. 491. [CLXVIIL] An act for the relief of John Redfield, junior.*

1813.

[Private.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representaives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That John Redfield, junior, of the city of New York, an insolvent John Redfield, lebtor, now, and for a long time passed, confined in gaol for for debts due to lebts due to the United States, which he is wholly unable to states, &c. tobe 2ay, be henceforth discharged from arrest and imprisonment, discharged, &c. or and on account of the said debts, and all costs and charges ouching the same: Provided always, That all property, real, Proviso; the property and future personal, or mixed, which the said John Redfield, junior, now property of John Redfield, junior, and nothing in execution for and on account of the said debts and the costs; this act to Innum and nothing in this act shall be construed to impair the right of the United States. he United States to any estate which the said Redfield has as- to any estate he may have igned or conveyed to any person or persons whatever, nor to conveyed, &c. revent the recovering of said estate for the satisfaction of said lebts and costs: Provided also, That nothing in this act shall Proviso; nothing perate to discharge any person or persons whatever, except said charge any persedfield, who may now be liable to the United States, in any some second se

CHAP. 492. [CLXIX.] An act authorizing the issuing of treasury notes for the service of the year one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

nanner or form, either in whole or in part, for said debts and

osts. [Approved, February 24, 1813.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representaives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That he president of the United States be, and he is hereby, author-The president to cause treasury notes, for such sum or sums as he may notes for hink expedient, but not exceeding in the whole the sum of five to be prepared nillions of dollars, to be prepared, signed, and issued, in the and issued. nanner hereinafter provided.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the president of the of 5,000,000 dolla. Inited States be, and he is hereby, authorized, in addition to may be issued. he amount authorized by the next preceding section of this act, o cause treasury notes, for such sum or sums as he may think apedient, but not exceeding in the whole the further sum of five nillions of dollars, to be prepared, signed, and issued, in the nanner hereinafter provided: Provided, That the amount of Provise; the amount borrow noney borrowed or obtained by virtue of the notes which may ed by virtue of he issued by virtue of this section, shall be deemed and held to der this section me in part of the sum of sixteen millions of dollars, authorized part of the be be borrowed by virtue of the act to that effect, passed during 10,000,000 of collaboration in the sum of sixteen millions of dollars, authorized part of the beborrowed by virtue of the act to that effect, passed during 10,000,000 of collaboration in the sum of sixteen millions of dollars, authorized part of the beautiful to the sum of sixteen millions of dollars, authorized part of the beautiful to the sum of sixteen millions of dollars, authorized part of the beautiful to the sum of sixteen millions of dollars, authorized part of the beautiful to the beautiful to the sum of sixteen millions of dollars, authorized part of the beautiful to the beautiful to the sum of sixteen millions of dollars, authorized part of the beautiful to the beautiful to the sum of the sixteen millions of dollars, authorized part of the beautiful to the sixteen millions of the si he present session of congress.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the said treasury The notes to be tes shall be reimbursed by the United States of such 1 notes shall be reimbursed by the United States, at such places, the places exrespectively, as may be expressed on the face of the said notes, after they issue, me year respectively after the day on which the same shall have &c. been issued; from which day of issue they shall bear interest, at sand 2-sths per the rate of five and two-fifths per centum a year, payable to the from the day of t swner and owners of such notes, at the treasury, or by the proper issue, &c.

commissioner of loans, or by the officer designated for that fur pose, at the places and times respectively designated on the face of said notes, for the payment of the principal.

The notes to be signed by person to be appointed by the president,

Compensation for signing, &c.

The notes to be countersigned,

Compensation for countersigning, &c.

The secretary of

The secretary, &cc. may borrow on the credit of the notes, &c.

Or sell, öcc.

The notes may be paid to such banks as will re-ceive them at par and give credit, &cc.

The secretary of the treasury may employ agents for selling the notes, &c.

Commission to the agents.

Not exceeding

The notes trans-ferrable by de-livery and as-

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the said treasury notes shall be respectively signed, in behalf of the United States, by persons to be appointed for that purpose by the president of the United States, two of which persons shall sign each note, and shall each receive, as a compensation for that purpose, at the rate of one dollar and twenty-five cents for every hundred notes thus signed by them respectively; and the said notes shall likewise be countersigned by the commissioner of loans for that state where the notes may respectively be made payable, or by the register of the treasury, if made payable in the district of Columbia, or by a person to be appointed for that purpose by the president of the United States, if made payable in a state for which there is no commissioner of loans; which person or persons thus appointed, shall also receive, as a compensation for that service, at the rate of one dollar and twenty-five cents for every hundred notes

thus signed by him or them respectively.

therreasury may pay the notes for treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized, with the approbation of the president of the United States, to cause to be issued such portion of the said treasury notes as the president may think expedient, in payment of supplies, or debts due by the United States, to such public creditors or other persons as may choose to receive such notes in payment, as aforesaid, at par: and the secretary of the treasury is further authorized, with the approbation of the president of the United States, to borrow, from time to time, not under par, such sums as the president may think expedient on the credit of such notes; or to sell, not under per, such portion of the said notes as the president may think expedient: And it shall be a good execution of this provision, to pay such notes to such bank or banks as will receive the same a par, and give credit to the treasurer of the United States for the amount thereof, on the day on which the said notes shall thus be issued and paid to such bank or banks respectively.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That the secretary of the

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That the secretary of the treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized, with the approbation of the president of the United States, to employ an agent or agents for the purpose of selling any portion of the notes which may be issued by virtue of this act: a commission not exceeding one-quarter of one per cent. on the amount thus sold, may, by the secretary of the treasury, be allowed to such agent or agents and a sum, not exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars, to be part propriated for paying commission or commissions. as may be thus allowed.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That the said treasury notes shall be transferrable by delivery, and assignment, enclored thereon by the person to whose order the same shall, on the fact thereof, have been made payable.

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That the said treasury notes, wherever made payable, shall be every where received in

syment of all duties and taxes laid by the authority of the Unied States, and of all public lands sold by the said authority: on traces laid by the United States, very such payment credit shall be given for the amount of both published, see, be principal and the interest, which, on the day of such payment, en for principal any appear due on the note or notes thus given in payment: and and interest on he said interest shall, on such payments, be computed at the rate bethod of comone cent and one-half of a cent per day, on every hundred puting interest, lollars of principal, and each month shall be computed as conaining thirty days.

SECT. 9. And be it further enacted, That any person making Persons paying

syment to the United States, in the said treasury notes, into the the treasury notes to the ands of any collector, receiver of public moneys, or other public United States, Sec. to give do afficer or agent, shall, on books kept according to such forms as placed cates, Sec. shall be prescribed by the secretary of the treasury, give dupliate certificates of the number and respective amount of princial and interest of each and every treasury note thus paid by such person; and every collector, receiver of public moneys, or other collectors, &ce. public officer or agent, who shall thus receive any of the said thetreasury, its treasury notes in payment, shall, on payment of the same into for principal and the treasury, or into one of the banks where the make into for principal and interest here. the treasury, or into one of the banks where the public moneys interest, see are or may be deposited, receive credit both for the principal and for the interest, computed as aforesaid, which, on the day of such last mentioned payment, shall appear due on the note or notes thus paid in; and he shall be charged for the interest ac- And to be charged to the interest according to the same of interest from the day on which the same the receipt until shall have been received by him in payment as aforesaid to the the payment, acc. day on which the same shall be paid by him as aforesaid: Pro- Proviso; no deduction with repided always, That no such charge or deduction shall be made which need which need to be made which need to be with respect to any bank into which payments, as aforesaid, may the notes as spebe made to the United States, either by individuals or by collec- eredit, &c. tors, receivers, or other public officers or agents, and which shall receive the same as specie, and give credit to the treasurer of the United States for the amount thereof, including the interest acrued and due on such notes on the day on which the same shall ave been thus paid into such bank on account of the United States.

SECT. 10. And be it further enacted, That the commissioners The commissioners of the of the sinking fund be, and they are hereby, authorized and shiking fund and the sinking fund and the sinking fund and the sinking fund are the sinking fund and the sinking fund and the sinking fund are the sinking fund and the sinking fund and the sinking fund are the sinking fund and the sinking fund are the sinking fund are the sinking fund and the sinking fund are the sinking fun directed to cause to be reimbursed and paid the principal and the treasury interest of the treasury notes which may be issued by virtue of notes principal and interest, to this act, at the several time and times when the same, according be reimbursed, this act, at the several time and times when the same, according be and to make to the provisions of this act, should be thus reimbursed and purchases, &c. paid; and the said commissioners are further authorized to make purchases of the said notes, in the same manner as of other evidences of the public debt, and at a price not exceeding par, for the amount of the principal and interest due at the time of purchase of such notes. So much of the funds constituting the an- so much of the nual appropriation of eight millions of dollars, for the payment minimal appropriation of the principal and interest of the public debt of the United 8,000,000 of 8,000,000 of 6,000,000 of 6,000 of 6,000,000 of 6,000,000 of 6,000,000 of 6,000,000 of 6,000,000 of 6,000 of 6,000,000 of 6,000 of 6,00

Appropriation for making us any deficience

40,000 dolls. appropriated for defraying the expense of issuing the treasury notes.

Imprisonment, hard labor, and fine, for falsely making, forging counter friting, &c. treasury
notes issued in
virtue of this

pledged annually to pay and reimburse, including therein the interest and principal which may become payable upon any loan or loans which may be contracted by virtue of any law passed during the present session of congress, is hereby pledged and appropriated for the payment of the interest, and for the reimbursement or purchase of the principal, of the said notes; and so much of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, as may be necessary for that purpose, is hereby appropriated for making up any deficiency in the funds thus pledged and appropriated, for paying the principal and interest as aforesaid; and The secretary of the secretary of the treasury is hereby authorized and directed, the treasury for that purpose, to cause to be paid to the commissioners of the total commissi sinking fund such sum or sums of money, and at such time and sams necessary times, as will enable the said commissioners faithfully and punc-to pay principal and interest, see tually to pay the principal and interest of the said notes.

SECT. 11. And be it further enacted, That a sum of forty thousand dollars, to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, be, and the same is hereby, appropriated for defraying the expense of preparing, printing, engraving, signing, and otherwise incident to the issuing of, the treasury notes

authorized by this act.

SECT. 12. And be it further enacted, That if any person shall falsely make, forge, or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be falsely made, forged, or counterfeited, or willingly aid or assist in falsely making, forging, or counterfeiting, any note in imitation of, or purporting to be, a treasury note aforesaid; or shall falsely alter, or cause or procure to be falsely altered, or willingly aid or assist in falsely altering, any treasury note issued as aforesaid; or shall pass, utter, or publish, or attempt to pass, utter, or publish, as true, any false, forged, or counterfeited, note, purporting to be a treasury note as aforesaid, knowing the same to be falsely made, forged, or counterfeited; or shall pass, utter, or publish, or attempt to pass, utter, or publish, as true, any falsely altered treasury note, issued as aforesaid, knowing the same to be falsely altered; every such person shall be deemed and adjudged guilty of felony, and, being thereof convicted, by due course of law, shall be sentenced to be imprisoned and kept to hard labor for a period not less than three years, nor more than ten years, and be fined in a sum not exceeding five thousand dollars. [Approved, February 25, 1813.]

[* Private and obsolete.]

y to John

CHAP. 493. [CLXX.] An act for the relief of John Dixon and John Murray.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The secretary of the secretary of the treasury be, and he hereby is, authorized to pay to John Dixon, out of any money in the treasury, not other-Dixon, &c. 329 dolls. 84 cents, with 6 per cent. wise appropriated, the sum of three hundred and twenty-nine dollars and eighty-four cents, with six per centum per annum interest for the dollars and eighty-four cents, with six per centum per annum time specified.

interest thereon, from the first day of January, one thousand seven of a final settle-ment certificate, hundred and eighty-five, being the amount of a final settlement sec.

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certificate, number five hundred and ninety-six, issued by Andrew Dunscomb, late commissioner of accounts for the state of Virginia, on the twenty-third day of December, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-six, to Lucy Dixon, who transferred the same to John Dixon.

1213.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the accounting offi-The accounting cers of the treasury be, and they hereby are, authorized and distreasury it can rected to settle the account of John Murray, representative of second of John Doctor Henry Murray, and that he be allowed the amount of Murray, to allow him the three loan office certificates, number thirteen thousand nine hun-amount of three dred and seventy-five, for two hundred dollars; number thirteen the thousand nine hundred and seventy-six, for two hundred dollars; sided, to number six thousand four hundred, for six hundred dollars; with interest from the twenty-ninth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-two, issued in the name of Henry Murray, signed Francis Hopkinson, treasurer of loans, and countersigned Thomas Harwood; and that the amount due be paid to the said John Murray, out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated. [Approved, February 25, 1813.]

CHAP. 494. [CLXXI.] An act for the relief of Royal Converce.*

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That Royal Converce, now imprisoned in the town of Burlington, in Boyal Converce, the country of Chittenden, and district of Vermont, shall be, and Burlington, Very is hereby, released and discharged from all claim and demand of mort, the said the United States, to or upon a certain judgment or sentence bejudges, for interpretation of the United States, for interpretation of the United States, for interpretation of the United States, the contrary to began and holden at Rutland, within and for the said district of from all claim, the said district of the United States, the contrary to began and holden at Rutland, within and for the said district of Vermont, on the third day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twelve, recovered or rendered for the sum of five hundred and twenty-eight dollars, with costs, at their suit, for importing into the United States, to wit: into the said Vermont district, certain goods, wares, and merchandise, contrary to law. [Approved, February 25, 1813.]

CHAP. 495. [CLXXII.] An act to impose a duty on the importation of iron

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- Iron wire imtives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That ported after the iron wire, which, from and after the passage of this act, shall to be subject to be imported into the United States, and the territories thereof, brass locks, &ce, shall be subject to the same duty as is paid on the importation of iron, steel, or brass locks, hinges, hoes, anvils, and vices.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That an addition of ten per cent to the per centum shall be made on the rate of duty hereby directed to invested and the per centum shall be made on the rate of duty hereby directed to invested and the per centum shall be made on the rate of duty hereby directed to invested and the per centum shall be made on the rate of duty hereby directed to invested and the per centum shall be made on the rate of duty hereby directed to invested and the per centum shall be made on the rate of duty hereby directed to invested and the per centum shall be made on the rate of duty hereby directed to invested and the per centum shall be made on the rate of duty hereby directed to invested and the per centum shall be made on the rate of duty hereby directed to invested and the per centum shall be made on the rate of duty hereby directed to invested and the per centum shall be made on the rate of duty hereby directed to invested and the per centum shall be made on the rate of duty hereby directed to invested and the per centum shall be made on the rate of duty hereby directed to invested and the per centum shall be made on the rate of duty hereby directed to invested and the per centum shall be made on the rate of duty hereby directed to the per centum shall be made on the rate of duty hereby directed to the per centum shall be made on the rate of duty hereby directed to the per centum shall be made on the rate of duty hereby directed to the per centum shall be made on the rate of duty hereby directed to the per centum shall be made on the rate of duty hereby directed to the per centum shall be made on the per centum shall be made on the rate of duty hereby directed to the per centum shall be made on the per cent be collected on the importation of iron wire as aforesaid, in ships the United

or vessels not of the United States.

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SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the duty laid by this The daty laid act shall be levied and collected in the same manner, and under by this act to be some regulations and allowances, as to drawbacks, mode of manner as the duties now in force on the duties now in force on the articles hereinbefore enumerated.

[Approved, February 25, 1813.]

The president authorized to raise ten additional companies of rangers, &c. in lieu of one of the regiments,

&c.

[* See act of 3d CHAP. 496. [CLXXIII.] An act to raise ten additional companies of rangers.*
Aug. 1815; chap.
500, post.] SECT. 1. Be it enucted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to raise ten additional companies of rangers, on the same provisions, conditions, and restrictions, as those authorized to be raised by "An act authorizing the president of the United States to raise certain companies of rangers for the protection of the [†Ante, ch.334.] frontier of the United States,"† which said companies shall be in lieu of one of the regiments authorized to be raised by the "Act in addition to the act, entitled "An act to raise an addi-[See act of 34th ninth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.]

160, 1814; chap.

403, post.] [t Ante, ch. 480] tional military force, and for other purposes,"‡ passed the twenty-

CHAP. 497. [CLXXIV.] An act to alter the time for the next meeting of congress.

This act provides that the next meeting of congress shall be Approved, February on the fourth Monday of May, 1813. 27, 1813,]

CHAP. 498. [CLXXV.] An act directing the secretary of the treasury to remit certain fines, penalties, and forfeitures, therein mentioned.

Where goods, &c. have been imported, &c. from the depen-dencies of Great Britain, &cc.

Sect. 1. Re it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That in all cases where goods, wares, and merchandise, have been imported or introduced into the United States (the same not having been clandestinely imported or introduced) from the dependencies of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, ration of war, since the declaration of war by the United States against the sau or shipped prior to ad F.b. 1811, kingdom, or which were shipped from the said kingdom prior to ad F.b. 1811, kingdom, or which were shipped from the said kingdom prior to ad F.b. 1811, kingdom, or which were shipped from the said kingdom prior to ad F.b. 1811, kingdom, or which were shipped from the said kingdom prior to ad F.b. 1811, kingdom, or which were shipped from the said kingdom prior to ad F.b. 1811, kingdom, or which were shipped from the said kingdom prior to ad F.b. 1811, kingdom, or which were shipped from the said kingdom prior to ad F.b. 1811, kingdom, or which were shipped from the said kingdom prior to ad F.b. 1811, kingdom, or which were shipped from the said kingdom prior to ad F.b. 1811, kingdom since the declaration of war by the United States against the said persons concern to the second day of February, one thousand eight hundred and edhayc incurred eleven whomber the en nave meurred any fine, &c. on eleven, whereby the person or persons interested in such goods, their petition. their petitioning, &c the se wares, or merchandise, or concerned in the importation or introreally, on duction thereof, into the United States, hath or have incurred any ed to respit &c. fine, penalty, or forfeiture, under an act, entitled "An act to m terdict the commercial intercourse between the United States and Great Britain and France, and their dependencies, and for other [MARIE, ch. 193.] purposes;" and an act, entitled "An act concerning the commercial intercourse between the United States and Great Britain and : Brance, and their dependencies, and for other purposes;"* and the act supplementary to the act last mentioned, on such person or [Ante, ch. 262.] persons petitioning for relief to any judge or court, proper to hear the same, in pursuance of the provisions of the act, entitled "An act to provide for mitigating or remitting the forfeitures. penalties, and disabilities, accruing in certain cases therein mentioned,"; and on the facts being shown, on inquiry had by the [1 Ch. 301, 101. said judge or court, stated and transmitted, as by the said act is required, to the secretary of the treasury; in all such cases, wherein it shall be proved, to his satisfaction, that the said goods, wares, and merchandise, at the time of their importation or introduction into the United States were bona fide American property, that they were not clandestinely imported or introduced, and that they were imported or introduced since the declaration of war aforesaid, the secretary of the treasury is hereby directed to remit all fines, penalties, and forfeitures, that may have been incurred under the said acts, in consequence of such importation or introduction into the United States, upon the costs and charges costs, charges, that have arisen, or may arise, being paid, and on payment of and duties, to be paid. the duties that would have been payable by law, on such goods, wares, and merchandise, if legally imported; and also, to direct the prosecution or prosecutions, if any shall have been instituted Prosecutions to for the recovery of the said fines, penalties, and forfeitures, to case. cease and be discontinued.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the duties payable on the goods, wares, and merchandise, embraced by the provisions of the act, entitled "An act authorizing the admission, under certain circumstances, of vessels owned by citizens of the United States of America, with their cargoes, from British ports beyond the Cape of Good Hope," shall not, in any case, be paid, or pestpone the secured to be paid, in such manner as to postpone the payment of such duties beyond the time and times at which the said duties beyond the times at which the said duties beyond the times at which the said times at which the said duties beyond the times at which the said times at which the said duties beyond the times at which the said times at which the said times at the said times at the times at the ti of such duties beyond the time and times at which the said duties &c. ([Ante, ch. 473.] should have become payable if the goods, wares, and merchandise, had been imported and entered at the time of passing this act, any thing in the act abovementioned to the contrary notwithstanding. [Approved, February 27, 1813.]

CHAP. 499. [CLXXVI.] An act in addition to an act regulating the post office establishment

office establishment [[] See sec. 3, 4, 5, of act of \$7,00 SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa747, post.] tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the postmaster general be, and he is hereby, authorized to con- The postmaster tract for carrying mails of the United States in any steam boat general authorized to control is determined to control or boats, which are or may be established to ply between one for carrying mails in any post town and another post town: Provided, That such contract steam boat, &c. but not formore shall not be made for a longer period than four years: And pro- than four years. vided also, That the pay for such service shall not be at a greater provise; the pay rate, taking into consideration distance, expedition, and frequency, &c. than for carthan is paid for carrying the mail by stages, on the post road or rying the mail by stages, &c. troads adjacent to the course of such steam boats, and that such

contracts shall secure the regular transportation of the mail 1813. throughout each year. [Approved, February 27, 1813.]

> CHAP. 500. [CLXXVII.] An act authorizing the appointment of additional officers in the respective territories of the United States.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That An atterney of there shall be appointed, in the respective territories of the United States, a person learned in the law, to act as attorney of to be appointed for ach territhe United States, who shall, besides the usual fees of office,* [* Soc chap. 125, vol. 3.] receive an annual salary of two hundred and fifty dollars, payable quarter yearly, at the treasury of the United States; and there shall also be appointed, in each of said territories, a marshal, who shall receive the same fees and compensation as is allowed by law to the marshal of the district of Kentucky.† [Approved, February 27, 1813.]

A marshal for

ches, &c.

CHAP. 501. [CLXXVIII.] An act to establish certain post roads in the state of Louisiana.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the following post roads be established from Natchez, in the Pestronds estab-lished from Nat-Mississippi territory, by Concordia, to Catahoula, and, from thence, by Rapids, to Nachitoches; from St. Francisville, by St. Helena, and St. Tammany, to Madisonville.

[Approved, February 27, 1813.]

CHAP. 502. [CLXXIX.] An act to encourage vaccination.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The president to the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorappoint an agent to preserve the ized to appoint an agent to preserve the genuine vaccine matter, ized to appoint an agent to preserve the genuine vaccine matter, and to furnish the same to any citizen of the United States, whenever it may be applied for, through the medium of the post office; and such agent shall, previous to his entering upon the execution of the duties assigned to him by this act, and before he shall be entitled to the privilege of franking any letter or package as herein allowed, take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation, before some magistrate, and cause a certificate thereof to be filed in the general post office: " I, A B, do swear (or affirm, as the case may be) that I will faithfully use my best exertions to preserve the genuine vaccine matter, and to furnish the same to the citizens of the United States; and also, that I will abstain from every thing prohibited in relation to the establishment of the post office of the United States." And it shall be the

matter, &c.
It may be furnished to citizens through the medium of the post office, &c.
The agent to ke an oath,

Form of the outh.

The agent to transmit a copy of the said agent to transmit to the several postmasters in the United States a copy of this act: and he shall also forward to them a public notice, directing how and where all application postmasters; for ward a public ahall be made to him for vaccine matter.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That all letters or packages, not exceeding half an ounce in weight, containing vaccine
matter, or relating to the subject of vaccination, and that alone,
shall be carried by the United States' mail free of any postage,
to and from the either to or from the agent who may be appointed to carry the agent provisions of this act into effect: Provided always, That the said Provise; the agent, before he delivers any letter for transmission by the mail, "Vaccination" shall, in his own proper hand writing, on the outside thereof, &c. furnish, endorse the word "Vaccination," and thereto subscribe his name, specimen of his name, signature, &c. and shall previously furnish the postmaster of the office where he shall deposite the same with a specimen of his signature; and if it the agent said agent shall frank any letter or package, in which shall be feet decounted contained any thing relative to any subject other than vaccinanot relating to
tion, he shall, on conviction of every such offence, forfeit and
vaccination, he
pay a fine of fifty dollars, to be recovered in the same manner as dollars, &c. pay a fine of fifty dollars, to be recovered in the same mainer as other fines or violations of law establishing the post office: Pro-Provise; the discharge and appointment of an another in his stead, be at the discretion of the president of the president.

The same mainer as provise; the discretion of the appointment of an agent to be at of another in his stead, be at the discretion of the president of the president. the United States. [Approved, February 27, 1813.]

CHAP. 503. [CLXXX.] An act giving further time for registering claims to lands in the eastern and western districts of the territory of Orleans, now state of Louisiana.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That every person or persons claiming lands in the eastern or western Persons claim-district of the territory of Orleans, now state of Louisiana, who eastern or west-are actual settlers on the land which they claim, and whose claims en district of Louisiana, being have not been heretofore filed with the register of the land office actual attlers, for the district wherein the lands lie, shall be allowed until the have not been first day of January next, to deliver notices in writing, and the eduntil the lat written evidences of their claims, in the said districts, respectively. written evidences of their claims, in the said districts, respec-liver notices in tively, to the register of the land office at New Orleans and Ope-writing, &c. lousas; and the notices and evidences so delivered, within the The notices, &c. time limited by this act, shall be recorded in the same manner, &c. and on payment of the same fees, as if the same had been delivered before the first day of July, one thousand eight hundred and eight; but the rights of such persons as shall neglect so do- The rights of ing, within the time limited by this act, shall, so far as they are persons neglectderived from, or founded on, any act of congress, ever after be notices, &c. to be harred, &ce, barred and become void, and the evidences of their claims never after admitted as evidence in any court of the United States against any grant derived from the United States.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That every person or Persons who persons who had filed his or their notice of claims to land lying of claims, &c. within either of the said districts with the proper register of the his have not exhibited testimoland office, according to former laws, but have not exhibited any nr, &c. allowed

1614, to deliver

testimony or written evidence in support of the same, and whose claim has not been confirmed by the commissioners appointed to ascertain and settle claims to lands in the said districts, shall be allowed until the first day of January next, to deliver the written evidence, or other testimony, in support of his or their claim. the notice of which had been filed as aforesaid, to the register of the land office at New Orleans, for lands lying in the eastern district, and the register of the land office at Opelousas, for lands lying in the western district; and every written evidence of claim. the notice whereof had been filed as aforesaid, for lands lying in the said districts, delivered, within the time limited by this section, to the said registers, shall, by them, respectively, be recorded in the same manner as was directed, and on receiving the same fees allowed, by former acts for recording evidence of claim to lands in the same districts; and the right of any such persons neglecting to deliver the evidence of their claims as abovementioned, shall become barred and void, in so far as the same is derived from the United States, and the evidence thereof be incapable of being admitted in any court whatsoever against any grant derived from the United States.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the register and receiver of public moneys of the said respective land offices at

New Orleans and Opelousas, shall have the same powers and per-

missioners, for ascertaining and adjusting claims to lands in the same districts, would have had or should have performed, if such notice had been filed, and such evidence delivered, before the first day of July, one thousand eight hundred and eight; except that their decisions shall be subject to the revision of congress.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of

Written evi dence, &c. to be recorded, &c.

The right of persons n glecting to deliver evi-dence, &c. to become barred,

The register and receiver at New Orleans and Opelousas to have the same pow-ers, &c. in relaform the same duties, in every respect, in relation to the claims filed, see, as the board of that may be filed according to the first section of this act, and commissioners would have had. See, if notice had see, if notice had see, if notice had and the evidence in support thereof shall have been delivered, before the let according to the second section of this act, as the board of com-July, 1808; ex-

The register and receiver to and receiver to make a report of the register and receiver of each of the said land offices, respectians filed, to tively, to make, to the commissioner of the general land office, a re-

er of the general port of all the claims filed with the register as aforesaid, with the substance of the evidence in support thereof, and of the claims formerly filed, in support of which evidence shall have been received. with the substance of such evidence, and also their opinion, and

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That the register and reappoint a clerk, whose duties shall be the same, in relation to the aforesaid claims, as were required of the clerk to the board of commissioners for the same districts; and the said registers, receivers. and clerks, shall each be allowed fifty cents for each claim on which

shall be laid by the commissioner of the general land office before congress, at their next session, for their determination there-

such remarks respecting the claims as they may think proper to The report, &c. make; which report, together with a list of the claims, which, in congress, &c. the opinion of the register and receiver, ought to be confirmed,

The register and receiver empow ered to appoint ceiver for each of the aforesaid land offices shall have power to Registers, receivers, and clerks, each al-

a decision shall be made, in their respective districts, whether such decision be in favor or against the claims; which allowance lowed so cents of fifty cents shall be in full compensation for their services un- for every decider this act. And a further sum of fifty cents shall be allowed so cents allowed on each claim decided as aforesaid, to defray the expense of to defray the making translations from the French and Spanish languages.

[Approved, February 27, 1813.]

CHAP. 504. [CLXXXI.] This is an act relating entirely to the district of Columbia. See act of 18th April, 1814; sec. 1, chap. 657, post.

CHAP. 505. [CLXXXII.] An act to continue in force, for a limited time, the and seamen of the United States against the Barbary powers."

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That so much of the act passed on the twenty-fifth day of March, of the act passed on the twenty-fifth day of March, of the act passed the twenty-fifth day of March, of the act passed the twenty-fifth day of March, of the act passed the twenty-fifth day of March, of the act passed the twenty-fifth day of March, of the act passed to the twenty-fifth day of March, of the act passed to the twenty-fifth day of March, of the act passed to the twenty-fifth day of March, of the act passed to the twenty-fifth day of March, of the act passed to the twenty-fifth day of March, of the act passed to the twenty-fifth day of March, of the act passed to the twenty-fifth day of March, of the act passed to the twenty-fifth day of March, of the act passed to the twenty-fifth day of March, of the act passed to the twenty-fifth day of March, of the act passed to the twenty-fifth day of March, of the act passed to the twenty-fifth day of March, of the act passed to the act passed to the twenty-fifth day of March, of the act passed to the twenty-fifth day of March, of the act passed to the twenty-fifth day of March, of the act passed to the twenty-fifth day of March, of the act passed to the twenty-fifth day of March, of the act passed to the twenty-fifth day of March, of the act passed to the twenty-fifth day of March, of the act passed to the twenty-fifth day of March, of the act passed to the twenty-fifth day of March, of the act passed to the twenty-fifth day of March, of the act passed to the twenty-fifth day of March, of the act passed to the twenty-fifth day of March, of the act passed to the twenty-fifth day of March, of the act passed to the twenty-fifth day of March, of the act passed to the twenty-fifth day of March, of the act passed to the twenty-fifth day of March, of the act passed to the twenty-fifth day of March, of the act passed to the twenty-fifth day of March, of the act passed to the twenty-fifth day of March, of the act passed to the twenty-fifth day one thousand eight hundred and four, entitled "An act further to protect the commerce and to protect the commerce and seamen of the United States against seamen of the United States the Barbary powers," as is contained in the first section of the sagainst the Barbary powers, and which was continued in force, for the time therein sontinued in mentioned, by an act, entitled "An act to continue in force for sa March, 1816. a further time the first section of the act, entitled 'An act further 'tchap. 309, to protect the commerce and seamen of the United States against the Barbary powers," passed on the thirty-first day of January, [*Ante, ch. 341.] one thousand eight hundred and twelve, be, and the same is hereby, continued in force until the first day of April, one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, and thence to the end of the next ensuing session of congress: Provided, however, That the Provise; the additional duty laid by said section shall be collected on all such laid by the section goods, wares, and merchandise, liable to pay the same, as shall to be collected have been imported previous to the end of that session of congress. import d previous, &c.

[Approved, February 27, 1813.] vious, &c.

CHAP. 506. [CLXXXIII.] An act authorizing the discharge of Daniel Updike from his imprisonment.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- Daniel Updike, tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That son, &c. on a Daniel Updike, of North Kingstown, in the county of Washington, judgm nt in ta-and state of Rhode Island, now confined in prison in said county, ted States to be discharged, &c. on a judgment obtained against him in favor of the United States, be discharged from his imprisonment: Provided, however, That Proviso he must he shall first assign and convey all the estate, real or personal, his estate for the which he may now own or be entitled to, to some person or persons, United States, for the use and benefit of the United States, under the direction &c. of the secretary of the treasury, for the purpose of satisfying said judgment: And provided also, That any estate, real or per- Proviso; future sonal, which the said Daniel Updike may hereafter acquire, shall catale liable, the

be liable to be taken in satisfaction of said judgment, in the same 1813. manner as if he had not been imprisoned and discharged.

[Approved, March 3, 1813.]

CHAP. 507. [CLXXXIV.] An act for the regulation of seamen on board the public and private vessels of the United States.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That After the war from and after the termination of the war in which the United with Great Bri-States are now engaged with Great Britain, it shall not be lawful to employ on board any of the public or private vessels of the United States any person or persons except citizens of the United States, or persons of color, natives of the United States.

tain, none but citizens, &c. to be employed on board the public or private ves-sels of the United States. When this act

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That from and after the has taken effect, it shall not be lawful to emful to employ any ploy as aforesaid any naturalized citizen of the United States, zen, unless, &c. unless such citizen shall produce to the commander of the public vessel, if to be employed on board such vessel, or to a collector of the customs, a certified copy of the act by which he shall have been naturalized, setting forth such naturalization, and the time thereof.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That in all cases of private In cases of private versels sall vessels of the United States sailing from a port in the United ing to a foreign wade as herectofore. ing to a foreign vessels of the United States sailing from a port in the United port the list of States to a foreign port, the list of the crew, made as heretofore the crew to be examined by the directed by law, shall be examined by the collector for the district from which the vessel shall clear out, and, if approved of No person to be by him, shall be certified accordingly. And no person shall be employed, un admitted or employed as aforesaid, on board of any vessel aforehas been entered in the list of the said, unless his name shall have been entered in the list of the crew, approved and certified by the collector for the district from which the vessel shall clear out as aforesaid. And the said collector, before he delivers the list of the crew, approved and cerlist of the crew, tified as aforesaid, to the captain, master, or proper officer, of the &c. is to cause vessel to which the same belongs, shall cause the same to be reed, &c.
The record to be corded in a book, by him for that purpose to be provided; and open for inspection, and a certified copy thereof shall be admitted in evidence, in any court in which any question may arise, under any of the provisions of this act.

less his name erew, approved and certified, The collector, before be delivers the

The president SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the president of the authorized to United States be, and he hereby is, authorized, from time to SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the president of the time, to make such further regulations, and to give such directions to the several commanders of public vessels, and to the several collectors, as may be proper and necessary, respecting are not repugcollectors aforesaid: Provided, That nothing contained in such regulations or directions shall be repugnant to any of the provisions of this act.

gulations, &c. respecting the proofs of citi-zenship, &c. provided they

Seamen not citi-zens excluded from taking SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the time when this act shall take effect, no seaman or other seafaring

man, not being a citizen of the United States, shall be admitted or received as a passenger on board of any public or private place or private vessel of the United States, in a foreign port, without permission, which is writing, from the proper officers of the country of which such writing permission, or scafaring man may be subject or citizen.

seaman or seafaring man may be subject or citizen.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the The complete time when this act shall take effect, the consuls or commercial peace, see may agents of any nation at peace with the United States shall be jections to the admitted, (under such regulations as may be prescribed by the contractor or president of the United States,) to state their objections to the proper commander or collector as aforesaid, against the employment &c. of any seaman or seafaring man on board of any public or private vessel of the United States, on account of his being a native subject or citizen of such nation, and not embraced within the description of persons who may be lawfully employed, according to the provisions of this act; and the said consuls or commercial Complete. agents shall also be admitted, under the said regulations, to be when proof of present at the time when the proofs of citizenship, of the per-investigated, accordingly. sons against whom such objections may have been made, shall be investigated by such commander or collector.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That if any commander commander public ves of a public vessel of the United States shall knowingly employ, who knowingly or permit to be employed, or shall admit or receive, or permit histories person to be admitted or received, on board his vessel, any person dolls. See whose employment or admission is prohibited by the provisions of this act, he shall, on conviction thereof, forfeit and pay the sum of one thousand dollars for each person thus unlawfully em-

ployed or admitted on board such vessel.

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That if any person shall, The masters and owners of private contrary to the prohibitions of this act, be employed or be receiv-vessels to forfeit and on board of any private vessel, the master or commander, and playing &c. pro-nibited persons, hibited persons, hibited persons, and the provided of the provided property of the provided provid the owner or owners of such vessel, knowing thereof, shall, re- &c. spectively, forfeit and pay five hundred dollars for each person thus unlawfully employed or received, in any one voyage; which sum or sums shall be recovered, although such seaman or person shall have been admitted and entered in the certified list of the crew aforesaid by the collector for the district to which the vessel may belong; and all penalties and forfeitures arising under, Penalties, &c. or incurred by virtue of, this act, may be sued for, prosecuted, ed by action of debt, &c. and recovered, with costs of suit, by action of debt, and shall accrue and be, one moiety thereof to the use of the person who a moiety to the shall sue for the same, and the other moiety thereof to the use &c. of the United States.

SECT. 9. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this act commanders of contained shall be construed to prohibit any commander or master public or private of a public or private vessel of the United States, whilst in a American segforeign port or place, from receiving any American seaman in men in foreign
conformity to law, or supplying any deficiency of seamen on jeen to leave the supconformity to law, or supplying any deficiency of seamen on jeen to leave the supcountry not under board such vessel, by employing American seamen, or subjects biblion, to of such foreign country, the employment of whom shall not be prohibited by the laws thereof.

1813. whose govern-ments have not prohibited the employment of native citizens,

SECT. 10. And be it further enacted. That the provisions of The provisions this act shall have no effect or operation with respect to the emorphism of this act not to operate with respect to the city ployment, as seamen, of the subjects or citizens of any foreign nation which shall not, by treaty or special convention with the government of the United States, have prohibited, on board of her public and private vessels, the employment of native citizens of the United States, who have not become a citizen or subject of such nation.

by treaty, &cc.

Nothing in this SECT. 11. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this act to prevent any arrangement contained shall be so construed as to prevent any arrangement between the United States and any foreign nation, which may take place under any treaty or convention, made and ratified in the manner prescribed by the constitution of the United States.

Continued residence of 5 years in the United States necessary to qualify a person to become a minima. citizen, &c.

SECT. 12. And be it further enacted, That no person who shall arrive in the United States, from and after the time when this act shall take effect, shall be admitted to become a citizen of the United States, who shall not, for the continued term of five years, next preceding his admission as aforesaid, have resided within the United States, without being, at any time during the said five years, out of the territory of the United States.

fine, for forging falsely make, forge, or counterfeit, or cause, or procure to be of citizenship.

of citizenship.

of citizenship. as true, any false, forged, or counterfeited certificate of citizenship, or shall make sale or dispose of any certificate of citizenship to any person other than the person for whom it was originally issued, and to whom it may of right belong, every such person shall be deemed and adjudged guilty of felony; and, on being thereof convicted by due course of law, shall be sentenced to be imprisoned and kept to hard labor for a period not less than three, or more than five, years, or be fined in a sum not less than five hundred dollars, nor more than one thousand dollars, at the discretion of the court taking cognizance thereof.

No spit for any forfeiture unde this act, unless commenced within 3 years,

SECT. 14. And be it further enacted, That no suit shall be brought for any forfeiture or penalty incurred under the provisions of this act, unless the suit be commenced within three years from the time of the forfeiture. [Approved, March 8, 1813.]

[Seeact of 19th CHAP. 508. [CLXXXV.] An act giving further time to purchasers of public Feb. 1814; chap. lands to complete their payments. 602, post.]

purchased any tracts of land,

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That Persons who, every person who, prior to the first day of April, one thousand prior to the list apply to the list apply that eight hundred and nine, had purchased any tract or tracts of land every person who, prior to the first day of April, one thousand of the United States, not exceeding in the whole six hundred and forty acres, unless the tract purchased be a fractional section or sections, or fractional sections classed with an entire section, at any of the land offices established for the disposal of the public lands, and whose lands have not already been actually sold, or reverted to the United States, for nonpayment of part of the purchase money, shall be allowed the further term of three years, ther term of 3 from and after the expiration of the period already given by law, * complete the for completing the payment of the said purchase money, which seeme, chap further term of three years shall be allowed only on condition, let condition on First. That all arrears of interest on the purchase money shall which the farther term is the term is have been paid on or before the time shall have expired, accord- allowed. ing to former laws, for completing the payment of the purchase money: *Provided*, That in all cases in which the time for completing the payment of the pleting the payment of the purchase money may have expired, but the later to be the payment of the purchase money may have expired, but the later to be the later to be the later to be the purchase money may have expired. or shall expire, before the first day of June next, the interest June, 1813. may be paid on or before that day. Second, That the residue ad condition on which the furof the sum, due on account of the principal of such purchase, shall ther term is be paid, with interest thereon, in three equal annual payments, to wit: One-third of the said sesidue, with interest which may then be due thereon, within one year; another third of said residue, with interest, within two years; and the remaining third of said residue, with interest, within three years after the expiration of the time for completing the payment on account of such purchase, according to former laws; and in case of failure, in paying in paying to the land to be either the arrears or interest, or any of three instalments of printiple in paying &cc. cipal, with the accruing interest, at the time and times abovemen-sold; and to retioned, the tract of land shall be forthwith advertised and offered vert, &c. for sale, in the manner, and on the terms, directed by law in case of lands not paid for within the limited term; and shall revert in like manner, if the sum due, with interest, be not at such sale bidden and paid: Provided, That the benefit of this act shall not neft of this act shall not neft of this act shall not neft of this act extend to any person or persons, on account of any purchase of persons on account of the land offices norther west of the river Ohio prior to the first day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eight. [Approved, March 3, 1813.]

Provise the benefit of this act shall not neft to extend to any purchase of persons on account of purchases made at land offices norther to the sand eight hundred and eight. [Approved, March 3, 1813.]

CHAP. 509. [CLXXXVI.] An act allowing further time for delivering the evidence in support of claims to land in the territory of Missouri, and for regulating the donation grants therein.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That every person or persons who had filed a notice of claim to any Persons who had filed a notice of tract of land lying within the district of Louisiana (now territory olaim to any of Missouri) with the recorder of land titles, according to law, within the district of land and have not exhibited any testimony or written evidence in the recorder of the same, and whose claim has not already been er, and have no confirmed, shall be allowed until the first of January next, to exhibited testimony, &c. and only. deliver to the recorder of land titles for said territory the written whose elaim has evidence, or produce other testimony, in support of his or their firmed, silowed claim, notice whereof had been filed as aforesaid; and the written until 1st Jan, to deliver evidence delivered to the said recorder within the time limited written written by this section in support of claims. evidence delivered to the said recorder within the time limited written evidence &c. by this section, in support of claims filed as aforesaid, shall be The written evidence delivered by him recorded in the same manner, and on receiving the same within the time fees allowed by former acts for recording written evidence of berecorded, &c. to be claims to lands in the said district; and the rights of any such persons neglect.

1813. ing to deliver evidence, &cc. to become void, in so far, &c.

The recorder, Same powers, in relation to the claims, &c. as the board of

The recorder to report to the commissioner of

comprise, Scc.

Persons whose elaim to a dont

Proviso; the grant not to be for more land than was claimed by the party nor, &c.

The principal deputy surveyor of the territory to survey, &c. a tract of 640 acres to each claimant of a donation tract. whose claim has been confirmed, except, &c.

The tracts to consist of unperson neglecting to deliver the evidence of their claims within the time abovementioned shall become barred and void, in so far as the same was derived from the United States, and the evidence thereof be incapable of being admitted in any court whatsoever.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the recorder of land titles for the said territory shall have the same powers, and perwiform the same duties, in every respect, in relation to the claims, whereof notice had been filed as aforesaid, and the written evidence in support thereof shall have been delivered, or other teswould have had timony produced within the time limited by this act, as the board within the time limited by this act, as the board delivered before of commissioners for ascertaining the rights of persons claiming the 1st of July, lands in said district would have had, or should have performed. if the evidence of such claims had been delivered before the first day of July, one thousand eight hundred and eight, except that his decision shall be subject to the revision of congress.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the said recorder to make, to the commissioner of the general office all claims land office, a report of all the claims which had been filed, and filed, &c. with his opinion, &c. in support of which evidence shall be received as aforesaid, with the substance of such evidence, together with his opinion, and The report, &ce. such remarks as he may think proper; which report, together with a list of the claims which, in the opinion of the said recorder, ought to be confirmed, shall be laid before congress, at their next session, for their determination thereon.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That every person whose sion of a tract of claim to a donation of a tract of land in said district has been land has been successful to the confirmed by the board of commissioners, appointed for ascermissioners, &c. taining the rights of persons claiming lands in said district, and ar by the recording is embraced in their report transmitted to the secretary of the third to a grant treasury, or which has been confirmed by the recorder of land titles, under the third section of the act, entitled " An act making further provision for settling the claims to land in the terri-[Ance, ch. 432.] tory of Missouri, " approved on the thirteenth of June, one thousand eight hundred and twelve, shall be entitled to a grant for six hundred and forty acres, notwithstanding a less quantity shall have been allowed to him by the decision of the said commissioners, or recorder of land titles: Provided, That in no case shall the grant be for more land than was claimed by the party in his notice of claim, nor for more land than is contained within the acknowledged and ascertained boundaries of the tract claimed.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That the principal deputy surveyor for the said territory shall survey, or cause to be surveyed, under the direction of the surveyor general, a tract of six hundred and forty acres of land, to each claimant of a donation tract, whose claim has been confirmed as aforesaid, except as provided by the last preceding section, where the quantity claimed by the party was less than six hundred and forty acres, and where the ascertained boundaries of the tract claimed does not include six hundred and forty acres, in which cases the survey shall contain only the land claimed; and the tracts thus to be surveyed shall consist of unappropriated lands, and shall, in every

case, contain the improved lands, by virtue of the settlement on, and cultivation of, which the claimant's right to a donation has and contain the improved, lands, been confirmed. And in all cases where, by reason of adjacent kee, prior claims, or the contiguity of the improvements of the persons entitled to donation grants, each claimant cannot obtain a obtain 640 acres the vacant lands applicable by divided. to the object shall be divided between the claimants, in such manner as shall appear to the principal deputy surveyor most equitable. And whenever plats of the surveys shall have been returned when plats of by the principal deputy surveyor to the office of the recorder of turned, the reland titles, it shall be the duty of the recorder to issue, for each conditiones, &c. tract, according to the survey returned to him, a certificate in favor of the party, to each person entitled thereto, which shall be transmitted to the commissioner of the general land office. And if it shall appear to the satisfaction of the said commissioner that such certificate was fairly obtained, according to the true intent and meaning of this act, then, in that case, patents shall Patents to be be granted in like manner as is provided by law for other lands granted, &c. of the United States.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That the said recorder of The recorder, in land titles. in addition to his salary, as fixed by law, shall be salary allowed allowed fifty cents on each claim which had been filed, and in claim filed and claim filed and the said recorder. support of which evidence shall have been received, according on which be makes a decito the first section of this act, and on which he shall make a de-sion, &c. cision, whether such decision be in favor of, or against, the claim; and a further allowance of five hundred dollars, which shall be A further allow-paid after he shall have made his report to the commissioner of ance of soo dolls. the general land office; which allowance of fifty cents for each The 50 ets. and claim decided on, and five hundred dollars on the completion of 500 dolls. to be the business, shall be in full compensation for his services, including clerk hire, respecting the claims to be decided on according to this act. [Approved, March 3, 1813.]

CHAP. 510. [CLXXXVII.] An act to alter the times of holding the district court in the respective districts of New York and Massachusetts.

BECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- Instead, &c. the tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, New York to be instead of the first Tuesdays of April and October, the district on the 2d Tuesday to the district of New York, directed by law to be holden to Tuesday of May, and the Tuesday of May, and the Tuesday of States of New York, directed by law to be holden to Tuesday of States of New York, directed by law to be holden to Tuesday of States of New York, directed by law to be holden to Tuesday of States of New York, directed by law to be holden to the new York of New York, directed by law to be holden to the new York of New Yo at Utica, shall be holden on the second Tuesday of May, and the Septfourth Tuesday of September, yearly.*

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That all actions, suits, Actions, suits, process, and proceedings, commenced or to be commenced, or process, &c. may be returnnow pending in said district court, and liable to be discontinued, ed, and to be continued, according prejudice from the foregoing alterations, may be return-cordingly. ed to, and shall be continued to, the district court, to be holden in pursuance of this act, in such manner as that the same shall suffer no discontinuance or prejudice by virtue of this act.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the respective terms The terms of the of the district court of Massachusetts district, which are now re-

[* See ch. 637,

quired by law to be holden at Salem, within said district, shall hereafter be holden at Boston, within said district, at the respec-Salem, to be holden hereafter tive times now prescribed by law; and that all writs and processes, of whatsoever nature or kind, that have been or may be cesses, &c. reterminable according issued, and made returnable to the said court at Salem, shall be returnable and returned to the said court at Boston, any thing in any former law to the contrary notwithstanding.

[Approved, March 3, 1813.]

[* Private and '

CHAP. 511. [CLXXXVIII.] An act for the relief of Washington Lee.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The proper so-counting officer of the department of war be, and he counting officer of the department of war be, and he of the depart-ment of war di-rected to allow to Washington Lee, now a captain rected to allow in the army of the United States, in the settlement of his account Washington
Lee, in the settement of his
secount, &c. the

the nineteenth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and same compensa-tion provided for ten, until the sixth day of February, one thousand eight hundred judge advocates and twelve, the same compensation which is provided for judge advocates, when taken from the line, by an act passed the eleventh day of January, one thousand eight hundred and twelve, entitled

[†Ante, oh. 837.] "An act to raise an additional military force."

[Approved, March 3, 1813.]

[t Obsolete.]

CHAP. 512. [CLXXXIX.] An act to encourage the destruction of the armed vessels of war of the enemy.‡

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, During the war during the present war with Great Britain, it shall be lawful for with Great Brit min it is declar- any person or persons, to burn, sink, or destroy, any British armed lawful to burn, sink, &c. ed vessel of war, except vessels coming as cartels or flags of truce; any British arm- and, for that purpose, to use torpedoes, submarine instruments, ed vesselof war, and except, &c. and or any other destructive machine whatever: and a bounty of oneto use torpedoes, or any other uest uctive instances as burnt, sunk, or destroyed, &c. for that pure half the value of the armed vessel so burnt, sunk, or destroyed, bounty of one- and also one-half the value of the guns, cargo, tackle, and apparath the value of the guns, cargo, tackle, and apparath there rel, shall be paid, out of the treasury of the United States, to for out of the guns of the g such person or persons who shall effect the same, otherwise than by the armed or commissioned vessels of the United States.

[Approved, March 3, 1813.]

CHAP. 513. [CXC.] An act the better to provide for the supplies of the arm of the United States, and for the accountability of persons intrusted with the same.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representathe act to provide for exeting tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That vide for exeting tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That and repairing the third section of the act, entitled "An act to provide for the paid after that execting and repairing of assemble and magazines, and for other pealed after 31st erecting and repairing of arsenals and magazines, and for other perposes," passed on the second day of April, one thousand 1813. even hundred and ninety-four, be, and the same is hereby, re- [*Chap. 190, vol. paled, from and after the thirty-first day of March, one thousand

ight hundred and thirteen.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That there shall be a su-A superintender printendent general of military supplies, who shall reside at the ent general of military supplies at of government, and receive an annual salary of three thouspies, sic. Salary of special solutions of delivers of salary of special salary of salary of supplies. and dollars;† and whose duty it shall be, under the direction of dolls. the secretary for the war department, to keep proper accounts of parises of the secretary for the war department, to keep proper accounts of perises death all the military stores and supplies of every description, purchased research or distributed for the use of the army of the United States, and duty, 1813; the distributed for the use of the army of the United States, and say, post, of the secretary post, and say, post, of the secretary for the use of the army of the United States, and say, post, of the secretary post, of the secretary for the use of the secretary for the sec of the volunteers and militia in their service; to prescribe the forms of all the returns and accounts of such stores and supplies purchased, on hand, distributed, used, or sold, to be rendered by the commissary of ordnance and officers in his department, by the commissary general of purchases and his deputies, by the several officers in the quartermaster general's department, by the regimental quartermasters, by the hospital surgeons and other officers belonging to the hospital and medical department, and by all other officers, agents, or persons, who shall have received, distributed, or been intrusted with, such stores and supplies, as aforesaid; to call to account all such persons; to audit and settle all such accounts, and, in case of delinquency, to transmit the account, and to state the value of the articles unaccounted for by such delinquency, to the accounting officers of the treasury, for final settlement and recovery of such value; to transmit all such orders, and, generally, to perform all such other duties, respecting the general superintendence of the purchase, transportation, safekeeping, and accountability of military supplies and stores, as aforesaid, as may be prescribed by the secretary for the war department.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the commissary gene- The commissary ral of purchases and his deputies, the several officers in the quar-general of purchases, sec. to termaster's department, the regimental quartermasters, the com-render quarter missary of ordnance, his assistant and deputies, the principal superintrodent hospital surgeons and officers belonging to the hospital and metary applies. dical departments, and all other officers, agents, or persons, who shall have received, or may be intrusted with, any stores or supplies, of any description whatever, for the use of the army of the United States, and of the volunteers or militia in their service, shall render quarterly accounts of the disposition and state of all such stores and supplies to the superintendent aforesaid; and shall also make such other returns respecting the same, and at such other times, as the secretary for the war department may prescribe: Provided, however, That the accounts and returns thus Provisor the serendered shall relate to the articles of supply only, which may dered to relate have been received and disposed of, or as may remain on hand, only to the artist and shall not embrace the specie accounts for moneys disbursed ceived and disposed of, &c. by such officers, agents, or other persons; which specie accounts specie accounts shall be rendered, as heretofore, to the accountant for the war heretofore, &c. department.

money in advance from the wardeportm nt, terly accounts to the accountant, &c. within three months by the superinterdent general and accountant, &c.

The secretary of define the spe-cies, as well as the amount, of supplies, to be purchased by purchased the commissary general's and quart master general's d part-ments, &c. and prescribe gene-ral regulations for the trans-

The superintendent general of military supplies to be appointed by the president and senate, &c.

The superintendent general, to employ clerks, provided the annual compen-sation does not exceed 7,000 8,000 dolls. appropriated for paying clerks, &c.

The president may appoint special commis-saries, or authorize officers department, to supply subsist-ence for the army, who mit may be necessary from the want of contractors,

SECT. 4. And be it further engeted, That the officers, agants, officers, agents, or other persons, who may receive moneys in advance from the war department, shall render quarterly accounts to the accountant of the said department, of their specie receipts and disbursements, and shall, moreover, make such other monthly summary statements thereof to the secretary for the said department, as he may prescribe. And the quarterly accounts of supplies, or of moneys account of supplies a moneys rendered as aforesaid, shall be, respectively, settled by the superintendent general of military supplies, and by the accountant of the war department, according to their respective authorities, within three months after the time when such accounts shall have, respectively, been rendered to them. SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That the secretary for the

mindirected to war department shall be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to define and prescribe the species, as well as the amount, of supplies to be respectively purchased by the commissary general's and quartermaster general's departments, and the respective duties and powers of the said departments respecting such purchases; and also to adopt and prescribe general regulations for the transportation of the articles of supply from the places of purchase to the several armies, garrisons, posts, and recruiting places, portation of er-ticles of supply, for the safekeeping of such articles, and for the distribution of an adequate and timely supply of the same to the regimental quartermasters, and to such other officers as may, by virtue of Theseeresary to such regulations, be intrusted with the same. And the secretary allowages, &c. aforesaid is also authorized to fix and make reasonable allowances for the store rent, storage, and salary of storekeepers, necessary for the safekeeping of all military stores and supplies.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That the superintendent general of military supplies shall be appointed by the president, with the advice and consent of the senate; but the president is hereby authorized to make the appointment during the recess of the senate; which appointment shall be submitted to the senate at their next meeting, for their advice and consent.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That the superintendent general of military supplies shall be authorized to employ a sufficient number of clerks: Provided, That their annual compensation shall not exceed, in the whole, seven thousand dollars; and the sum of eight thousand dollars is hereby appropriated for paying the said compensation, and that of the superintendent aforesaid, during the year one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, empowered, as he may deem it expedient, either to appoint, for the time being, a special comin the quarter missary or commissaries, for the purpose of supplying by pur chase or contract, and of issuing, or to authorize any officer of officers in the quartermaster general's department to supply and issue, as aforesaid, the whole or any part of the subsistence of the army, in all cases where, either from the want of contractors, or from any deficiency on their part, or from any other contingensy, such measure may be proper and necessary in order to ensure the subsistence of the army, or of any part thereof; and such Pay, &c. of me special commissaries shall, each, whilst employed, be entitled to ries, &c.

the pay and emoluments of a deputy quartermaster general.

SECT. 9. And be it further enacted, That the president of the The president authorized to United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to appoint not appoint not en exceeding six assistant commissaries, to be attached to such are ant commissaries, my, or to reside at such places, respectively, as the secretary for purpose of rectiving and direct, for the purpose of receiving from cribinal discretions and direct, for the purpose of receiving and discretions are the commissaries. the commissary general of purchases, or from his deputies, and ing and other supplies, &c. of distributing to the regimental quartermasters, and to such officers as may, by the secretary aforesaid, be designated, the clothing and other supplies purchased by the commissary general aforesaid, or his deputies, and destined for the use of the troops belonging to the army, or in the vicinity of the place to which such assistant commissaries may respectively be attached. And said assistant commissaries shall, whilst employed, be en- Pay, &c. of as titled to the pay and emoluments of a deputy quartermaster ge- series.

neral. [Approved, March 3, 1813.]

CHAP. 514. [CXCI.] An act for the relief of Lewis Chacherie.

[* Private and obsolete.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- The proper officers of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the proper officers of the treasury department be, and they are required to be the checken of the treasury department be. And they are required to Lewis Charles 1400. hereby, authorized and required to pay to Lewis Chacherie the delta additional additional sum of fourteen hundred dollars, in consideration of for his services his services as translator of the French and Spanish languages Trench and Spatto to the board of commissioners for the western land district of of commissioners. the territory of Orleans, now state of Louisiana, which shall be western land die paid out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated. [Approved, March 3, 1813.]

CHAP. 515. [CXCII.] An act to authorize the secretary of the treasury to provide new certificates of registry.†

[†See the act of 31st Dec. 1792;

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-vol. 2.] lives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That t shall be the duty of the secretary of the treasury to cause to The secretary of the provided blank certificates of registry, and such other papers eause blank certificates of registry, and such other papers eause blank certificates of registry, and such other papers eause blank certificates of registry, and with such the papers of the trial provided, keep parks, as he may direct; and from and after the thirty-first day provided, keep for the provided, keep for the papers of the provided, keep for the papers of the provided and fourteen, no certificate to increase of registry shall be issued, except such as shall have been such except as rovided and marked as aforesaid; and the ships or vessels of provided by this are United States, which shall have been duly registered as such, by the papers of the pa te respective collectors, on departure of any such ship or vesal, after the said thirty-first day of December, one thousand ficance.

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eight hundred and fourteen, from any district to which such shin or vessel shall belong, to issue a new certificate accordingly, and to retain and deface the former certificate.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That a sum not exceeding 10,000 dolls, as ten thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, carry this actinout of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, under the same is hereby, appropriated, [Approved, March 3, 1813.] chap. 777, post. to carry this act into effect.

[Obsolete.]

CHAP, 516. [OXCIII.] An act rewarding the officers and crew of the frigute Constitution, and the officers and crew of the Wasp.*

80,000 dolls. as eapt. Hull, &c. for the capture and destruction of the British frigate Guerriere. eapt. Bain-bridge, &c. for the capture and destriction of 25,000 dolls. to eapt. Jones, &c. for the capture of the Froite. appropriated,

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled. That the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorprize money to lized to have distributed, as prize money, to captain Isaac Hull, of the frigate Constitution, his officers, and crew, the sum of fifty thousand dollars, for the capture and destruction of the British frigate Guerriere; and the like sum, in like manner, to captain William Bainbridge, his officers, and crew, for the capture and destruction of the British frigate Java; and the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars, in like manner, to captain Jacob Jones, of the sloop of war Wasp, his officers, and crew, for the capture of the British sloop of war Frolic: and that the sum of one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars, out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, be, and the same is hereby, appropriated for the purposes aforesaid.

[Approved, March 3, 1813.]

I' See the note at the end of ch. 760, post.]

CHAP. 517. [CXCIV.] An act for the better organization of the general staff of the army of the United States.†

The adjutant general's, inspec tor general's, and quartermas for general's departments to

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the adjutant general's, inspector general's, and quartermaster general's, departments, shall consist of the following officers; that is to say: an adjutant and inspector general, with the rank, pay, and emoluments, of a brigadier general, and not exceeding eight adjutants general, sixteen assistant adjutants general, eight topographical engineers, eight assistant topographical engineers, eight inspectors general, sixteen assistant inspectors general, eight quartermasters general, eight deputy quartermasters general, and thirty-two assistant deputy quartermasters general.

The president may assign a brigadier gene-ral to the prin-cipel army of the United States; in which case be is to act as ad-jutant and inter general at-

gedier.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the president of the United States be, and is hereby, authorized, if he shall deem it expedient, to assign one of the brigadiers general to the principal army of the United States, who shall, in such case, act as adjutant and inspector general, and as chief of the staff of such array: and the quartermaster general attached to the principal aray shall, as heretofore, have the brevet rank, and the pay and emohave the brevet luments, of a brigadier general.

SECT. S. And be it further enacted, That all the other adjutants general shall have the brevet rank, and the pay and emolu- Rank, pay, Etc. ments, of a colonel of cavalry; all the other inspectors general and the nay Bank, to of inquartermasters general shall have the brevet rank, and the pay species and and emoluments, of a colonel of infantry; the assistant adjutants general. general, assistant inspectors general, deputy quartermasters general, assistant adjutants general, assistant inspectors general, deputy quartermasters general, assistant adjutants and topographical engineers, shall have the brevet rank, tanks general, assistant inspectors general, assistant inspectors general, assistant inspectors general. sistant topographical engineers, and assistant deputy quartermasters general, shall have the brevet rank, and the pay and emolu-

ments, of a captain of infantry.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the assistant adju-Assistant adjutants general, the assistant inspectors general, and the assistant &c. to be taken topographical engineers, shall be taken from the line. The ad-Adjutants general jutants general, inspectors general, quartermasters general, de-ral, section the puty quartermasters general, topographical engineers, and assistant deputy quartermasters general, may be taken from the line or not, as the president may deem expedient. And officers taken officers transfrom the line, and transferred to the staff, shall receive only the line to the staff, pay and emoluments attached to the rank in the staff; but their to receive only the pay, &c. attransfer shall be without prejudice to their rank and promution rathed to the rank in the staff; in the line according to their said rank and seniority; which their transfer to promotion shall take place according to usage, in the same manjudice, &c. ner as if they had not been thus transferred.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty The secretary of the secretary of the war department, and he is hereby authorized to prepare ized, to prepare general regulations, better defining and prescribing the respective duties and powers of the several officers in the adjutant general, inspector general, quartermaster general, and the adjutant general, ordnance, departments, of the topographical engineers, inspector neers, of the aids of generals, and generally of the general and partments. regimental staff; which regulations, when approved by the presi-Theregulations, dent of the United States, shall be respected and obeyed, until see to be reall altered or revoked by the same authority. And the said general object see, and regulations, thus prepared and approved, shall be laid before consumpress.

gress at their next session.

Sect. 6. And be it further enacted, That the number of assist- Assistant deputy commissaries of ant deputy commissaries of ordnance shall not exceed sixteen, ordnance not to and that they shall, respectively, be entitled to the brevet rank, and to the pay and emoluments, of a first lieutenant of infantry.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That, for the better super- A physician and intendence and management of the hospital and medical estab-surgion general, with an annual Hishment of the army of the United States, there shall be a phy-mlary of 3.500 dolls, and an aician and surgeon general, with an annual salary of two thousand apothecary general, with an annual salary of two thousand apothecary general, with an annual salary of salary of eighteen hundred dollars; whose respective duties and powers shall be prescribed by the president of the United States.

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That the forage, wagon, Each quarter and barrack, masters, shall be appointed as heretofore: but each attached to any quartermaster general, attached to any separate army, command, separate army, under direction or district, shall be authorized, with the approbation, and under see authorized to appoint as the direction, of the secretary of the war department, to appoint many torage

as many such officers, and to employ as many artificers, mecha

the rvice renics, and laborers, as the public service may require. SECT. 9. And be it further enacted, That the assistant deput

quires. Assistant d puty qua termasters quartermasters general may be appointed, and officers taken from the appointed by the line and transferred to the staff may be thus transferred, by the president the president alone; but, &cc. the president of the United States alone. But all other new appointments authorized by this act shall be made by the presi dent of the United States, with the advice and consent of the Provise; during senate: Provided, That, during the recess of the senate, such the recess appointments may be made by the president alone; in which case the made by the president alone, the same shall be laid before the senate at their next session, for their advice and account their advice and consent.

SECT. 10. And be it further enacted, That every act, and every part of any act, of congress now in force, within the purview and meaning of this act, be, and the same are hereby, repealed.

Acts, and parts of acts, within the purview of this act, repeal-

SECT. 11. And be it further enacted, That all letters and packets to and from the adjutant and inspector general, adjutants general, inspectors general, quartermasters general, commissary general of ordnance, physician and surgeon general, and apothecary general, which relate to their official duties, shall be free from postage.

Letters and packets to and from the adjutant and inspec-tor general, &c. free of postage.

SECT. 12. And be it further enacted, That the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to appoint any of the officers authorized by an act, entitled "An act making provision for an additional number of general officers,"* passed the ditional number twenty-fifth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, during the recess of the senate, to be submitted to the eas, &c. [PAnte, ch. 499.] senate at their next session for their advice and consent; and that [PAnte, ch. 499.] senate at their next session for their advice and consent; and that [PANte, ch. 499.] senate at their next session for their advice and consent; and that [PANte, ch. 499.] senate at their next session for their advice and consent; and that [PANte, ch. 499.] senate at their next session for their advice and consent; and that [PANte, ch. 499.] senate at their next session for their advice and consent; and that [PANte, ch. 499.] senate at their next session for their advice and consent; and that [PANte, ch. 499.] senate at their next session for their advice and consent; and that [PANte, ch. 499.] senate at their next session for their advice and consent; and that [PANte, ch. 499.] senate at their next session for their advice and consent; and that [PANte, ch. 499.] senate at their next session for their advice and consent; and that [PANte, ch. 499.] senate at their next session for their advice and consent; and that [PANte, ch. 499.] senate at their next session for their advice and consent; and that [PANte, ch. 499.] senate at their next session for their advice and consent; and that [PANte, ch. 499.] senate at their next session for their advice and consents at the ch. 499.] senate at their next session for their advice and consents at the ch. 499.] senate at the ch. 499.] senate at the ch. 499.] until he shall be called into actual service, nor for any longer time than he shall be continued therein.

The president appoint any of the officers authorized by the act making proof general offieers, in the retill call d into actual service, nor, &cc.

[Approved, March 3, 1813.]

CHAP. 518. [CXCV.] An act to revive and continue in force "An act declaring the consent of congress to an act of the state of Georgia, passed the twelfth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and four, establishing the fees of the harbor master and health officer of the ports of Savannah and St. Mary's.1

(† Obsolete. Sec the act continued, of 2d March, 1811; ante, chap.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the act of congress, passed the second day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eleven, entitled "An act declaring the consent of congress to an act of the state of Georgia, passed the twelfth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and four, establishing the fees of the harbor master and health officer of the ports of Savannah and St. Mary's," be, and the same is [sante,ch.313.] hereby, revived, and continued in force for one year, and from thence to the end of the next session of congress, and no longer.

The act of the 2d March, 1811, declaring the consent of congress to an act Georgia, &c. re-vived and con-tinued until 3d March, 1815

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[Approved, March 3, 1813.]

HAF. 519. [CXCVI.] An act supplementary to the act for increasing the

1813.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representaves of the United States of America in congress assembled, That he president be, and he is hereby, authorized to have built six six sloops of cops of war, and to have the same manned, equipped, and com-manned, and issioned, for service; and that the president be authorized to equipped, for ave built, or procured, such a number of sloops of war, or other Armed vessels med vessels, to be manned, equipped, and commissioned, as also to be equ the public service may require, on the lakes.*

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the president be, The president and he is hereby, authorized to appoint such officers, and to emappoint officers ploy the number of seamen which may be necessary, for such and employ sea ploy the number of seamen which may be necessary, for such and emplantation which may be necessary. vessels as are authorized by law to be put in commission, any

law to the contrary notwithstanding.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That, for the building or 900,000dolls, approcuring said vessels, and for the payment of two hundred thou-procuring the sand dollars for vessels already procured on the lakes, by direc-vessels, &c., tion of the president, that the sum of nine hundred thousand dollars, out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, be, and the same is hereby, appropriated.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the sum of one hun- 100,000 dolls. apdred thousand dollars be appropriated for the purpose of estabhishing a dockyard, for repairing the vessels of war, in such dockyard, &c. in central and convenient place on the seaboard as the president of convenient place on the seaboard, &c. in the seaboard, &c.

the United States shall designate.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That the president be, The president and he is hereby, authorized to contract for the building any of the six forty-four gun ships authorized by law: Provided, That the building be under inspection of an agent appointed by the secretary of the navy.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That the president of the &c. United States be authorized to sell or dispose of such and so authorized to harry of the gunboats belonging to the United States as may sell so many of the gunboats as have become unfit for service, or as, in his judgment, may no have become unfit for service. longer be necessary to be retained by the government.

'[Approved, March 3, 1813.]

CHAP. 520. [CXCVII.] An act making appropriations for the support of the navy of the United States, for the year one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.†

[†,Obsolete.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- sams appropriates of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, ing the expense for defraying the expenses of the navy, during the year one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, the following sums be, and the 1813. same hereby are, respectively, appropriated; that is to say:

For the pay and subsistence of the officers, and pay of the sea- For pay and subsistence of men, one million six hundred and sixty-eight thousand dollars; the officers, and and for pay due to the officers and crews of the public ships and pay of the sea other vessels in commission for the year one thousand eight hundred and twelve, three hundred and sixty-five thousand dollars.

For provisions, seven hundred and seventy-five thousand del-1813. For provisions. lars.

For medicines,

For medicines, instruments, hospital stores, and all expenses on account of the sick, one hundred thousand dollars.

For repairs, &cc. For freight, store rent, &c.

For repair of vessels, six hundred and forty thousand dollars. For freight, store rent, and all other contingent expenses, two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

For navy yards, pay of superin-tendents, esc.

For expenses of navy yards, comprising docks, and other improvements, pay of superintendents, storekeepers, clerks, and laborers, ninety thousand dollars.

For ordnance,

For ordnance, and for ordnance and military stores, one hundred thousand dollars.

For pay and subsistence of the marine cerps, &cc.

For pay and subsistence of the marine corps, including provisions for those on shore, and forage for the staff, two hundred and forty-five thousand three hundred and ninety-one dollars and seventy cents.

For clothing for the marine COUPS.

For clothing for the same, seventy-one thousand seven hundred and eighty-eight dollars and ten cents.

For military stores for the marine corps. For medicines, Sec. for the ma-

For military stores for the same, twenty-seven thousand six hundred and eight dollars and seventy-five cents.

rine corps.

For medicines, medical services, hospital stores, and all other expenses on account of the sick belonging to the marine corps, twenty thousand dollars.

For guarter easter's and barrackmaster* stores, &cc.

For quartermaster's and barrackmaster's stores, officers' travelling expenses, armorer's and carpenter's bills, fuel, premiums for enlisting men, musical instruments, bounty to music, and other contingent expenses of the marine corps, forty-six thousand dollars.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the several sums The sums appropriated by this act, shall be paid act to be paid out of the trea moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Antroped. May specifically appropriated by this act, shall be paid out of any

[Approved, March 3, 1813.]

[* Obsolete.]

CHAP. 521. [CXCVIII.] An act making an appropriation for alterations and repairs in the capitol.*

Not exceeding Not exceeding 8,000 dolls. ap-propriated, to be applied, &c. in repairs or altera-tions in the chamber of the house of repre-

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That a sum, not exceeding five thousand dollars, shall be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, to be applied, under the direction of the president of the United States, in such repairs or alterations in the chamber of the house of representatives as may be necessary for their accommodation in their future sessions, having in view as well the increased number of the members, as the better lighting, ventilating, and warming, the chamber; which sum shall be paid out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That five hundred dollars 800 dolls, appro priated to repair be appropriated to repair the roof of the capitol, to be paid out the roof of the capitol see of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated. of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, March 3, 1813.]

CHAP. 522. [CXCIX.] An act making appropriations for the support of the military establishment and of the volunteer militia in the actual service of the United States, for the year one thousand eight hundred and thirteen. [*Obsolete.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, for defraying the expenses of the military establishment of the sums appropriated States, including the volunteers and militia, in their ing the expenses actual service, for the year one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, for the Indian department, and for the expense of fortification, for the Indian department, and for the expense of fortification, for the Indian department, and for the expense of fortification, for the Indian department, and for the expense of fortification, for the Indian department, and for the expense of fortification, for the Indian department, and for the expense of fortification, for the Indian department, and for the expense of fortification, for the Indian department, and for the expense of fortification, for the Indian department, and for the expense of fortification in the indian department, and for the expense of fortification in the indian department, and for the expense of fortification in the indian department, and for the expense of fortification in the indian department, and for the expense of fortification in the indian department in the indi tions, arsenals, and armories, the following sums, including the sum of one million of dollars already appropriated by the first section of the act, entitled "An act making certain partial appropriations for the year one thousand eight hundred and thirteen," † [+Ante,ch.476] be, and the same are hereby, respectively, appropriated; that is to say:

For the pay of the army of the United States, including the For the pay of pay of the artificers and laborers in the quartermaster general's the army, the and ordnance departments, and of the private servants kept by officers, and for the pay of the volunteers and militia in the actual service of the United States, five million one hundred and

sixty-eight thousand eight hundred and three dollars.

For forage to officers, one hundred and nine thousand two For forage to

hundred and twenty-four dollars.

For the subsistence of the army, and volunteers and militia, For subsistence two million nine hundred and seventy-seven thousand five hundred and thirty-one dollars.

For clothing, two million fifteen thousand eight hundred and For clothing.

eighty-four dollars.

For bounties and premiums, five hundred and fifty-seven recounties. thousand seven hundred and forty dollars.

For camp and field equipage, two hundred and seventy thou-

sand dollars.

For the medical and hospital department, two hundred thou- For the medical and hospital desand dollars.

For ordnance and ordnance stores, nine hundred and twenty- per ordnance. eight thousand dollars.

For fortifications, four hundred and ninety-seven thousand for fartificadollars.

For arsenals, magazines, and armories, three hundred and for arrectals, magazines, &c.

fifty-two thousand two hundred and eight dollars. For the quartermaster general's department, including fuel, For the quartermatter general's
straw, barrels, quarters, tools, and all the expenses incident to department, &c.

transportation, two million three hundred thousand dollars. For contingencies, three hundred and five thousand three hun-ror consingencies.

dred and seventeen dollars.

For purchasing books, maps, and plans, two thousand five For purchasing books, Ec. hundred dollars.

For the salary of the commissary general of purchases, three For the commisthousand dollars.

For the salary of the clerks employed in the offices of the Formaries of elerks, &c. adjutant general, of the commissary general, and of the quartermaster general, eight thousand dollars.

1813. For books, &ce,

For the purchase of books and apparatus for the military acas demy, twelve thousand dollars.

For the Indian department.

For the Indian department, one hundred and sixty-four thousand five hundred dollars.

For the repay-ment of \$27 dolls, balance due the state of Maryland, &c.

For the repayment of the sum of five hundred and twentyseven dollars, being a balance due the state of Maryland, of moneys paid by that state to the United States, as the purchase money of public arms, which have not been fully supplied.

The sume appro-priated by his act to be paid out of unappro-priated moneys in the treasury.

Sect. 2. And be it further enacted, That the several sums specifically appropriated by this act, shall be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, March 3, 1813.]

[* Obsolete.]

CHAP. 523. [CC.] An act making appropriation for the support of government for the year one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Sums appropri-ated for the ex-punditure of the eivii list, &c. for 1813.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, for the expenditure of the civil list in the present year, including the contingent expenses of the several departments and offices, for the compensation of the several loan officers and their clerks, and for books and stationery for the same; for the payment of annuities and grants; for the support of the mint establishment; for the expense of intercourse with foreign nations; for the support of lighthouses, beacons, buoys, and public piers; for defraying the expenses of surveying the public lands; and for satisfying certain miscellaneous claims, the following sums be, and the same are hereby, respectively, appropriated; that is to say:

For compensa-tion of member of congress, their officers, &c.

For compensation granted by law to the members of the senate and house of representatives, their officers, and attendants, estimated for a session of four months and a half continuance, one hundred and ninety-six thousand two hundred and fifty-five dollars.

For contingent exp. uses of congress.

For the expense of firewood, stationery, printing, and all other contingent expenses of the two houses of congress, fifty-two thousand dollars.

For contingent expens a of the library of con-gress, &cc.

For all contingent expenses of the library of congress, and for the librarian's allowance for the year one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, eight hundred dollars.

For the presi-dent and vice president.

For compensation to the president and vice president of the United States, thirty thousand dollars.

For the secretary of state, clerks, &c.

For compensation to the secretary of state, clerks, and persons employed in that department, including a deficiency of one thousand one hundred and twenty-five dollars, in last year's appropriation, fifteen thousand two hundred and fifty-eight dollars.

For a clerk on old records, &c.

For compensation to a clerk on old records in the said department, for the year eighteen hundred and thirteen, one thousand one hundred and fifty dollars.

For a messenger to the patent

For compensation to a messenger to the patent office, two hundred dollars.

For additional

For additional compensation to the clerks in the said departthe clerks in the ment, not exceeding fifteen per centum, in addition to the sum

allowed by the act, entitled "An act to regulate and fix the compensation of clerks, and to authorize the laying out certain department of state, not expended to and for other purposes,"* one thousand and se-seeding is per continuous and fifty four cents. renty-two dollars and fifty-four cents.

Ante, ch. 41.]

For the incidental and contingent expenses of the said de-For contingent expenses of the said de partment, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For printing and distributing the laws of the second session for printing and of the twelfth congress, and printing the laws in newspapers, law, it. neluding the sum of six thousand two hundred and eighty-two dollars, to make good a deficiency in the appropriation for this bject in the year one thousand eight hundred and twelve, thireen thousand six hundred and twenty-two dollars.

For compensation to the secretary of the treasury, clerks, and For the secretary persons employed in his office, including a deficiency of ten dol- 17, clerks, 600. ars in last year's appropriation, thirteen thousand three hundred and nine dollars and eighty-one cents.

For expense of translating foreign languages, allowance to the foreign lanperson employed in transmitting passports and sealetters, and guages, &c., for stationery and printing in the office of the secretary of the reasury, one thousand dollars.

For compensation to the comptroller of the treasury, clerks, froller of the and persons employed in his office, including the sum of two treasury, clerks, :housand eight hundred and eighty-nine dollars, for compensaion to his clerks, in addition to the sum allowed by the act of the wenty-first of April, one thousand eight hundred and six, t fifteen [+Aste, ch. 41.] thousand eight hundred and sixty-six dollars.

For expense of stationery, printing, and incidental and con-For contingent expenses of the comptroller's office, eight hundred dol-comptroller's office, &cc. ars.

For compensation to the auditor of the treasury, clerks, and For the auditor of the treasury, persons employed in his office, twelve thousand two hundred derks, &c. and twenty-one dollars.

For expense of stationery, printing, and incidental and con-Forcontingent expense of stationery office, five hundred dollars. tingent expenses of the auditor's office, five hundred dollars.

For compensation to the treasurer, clerks, and persons em- For the treasurer ployed in his office, including the sum of one thousand dollars, for er, clerks, &c. compensation to his clerks, in addition to the sum allowed by the act of the twenty-first of April, one thousand eight hundred and six,‡ seven thousand two hundred and twenty-seven dollars [# Ante, ch. 41.] und forty-five cents.

For expenses of stationery, printing, and incidental and con- For contingent expenses of the treasurer's office, one thousand three ressurer's

For compensation to the commissioner of the general land For the commisoffice, clerks, and persons employed in his office, including the sion rof the geum of five hundred and eighty-five dollars and twenty-four clarks, &c. ents, for extra services of clerks, and for the service of a mesenger during the year one thousand eight hundred and twelve, en thousand nine hundred and ninety-five dollars.

For expense of stationery, printing, and incidental and continer for contingent expenses of the commissioner's office, including four hun-office of the commissioner's office, including four hun-office of the commissioner's ired and seventy-four dollars and twenty cents, to defray those missioner, &c.

undred dollars.

expenses in the year one thousand eight hundred and twelve, 1813. seven hundred and twenty-four dollars and twenty cents.

For vollum, and printing land

For the expense of vellum, and printing land patents, including the sum of fifteen hundred and six dollars and twenty-five cents, for defraying the expense incurred for that object in the year one thousand eight hundred and twelve, four thousand three hundred and six dollars and twenty-five cents.

For the register of the treasury, clerks, &c.

For compensation to the register of the treasury, clerks, and persons employed in his office, sixteen thousand and fifty-two dollars and two cents.

Additional to the clerk in the tres not exceeding 15 per cent.

For additional compensation to the clerks in the treasury desury department, partment, not exceeding fifteen per centum, in addition to the sum allowed by the act, entitled "An act to regulate and fix the compensation of clerks, and to authorize the laying out certain [*Ante, ch. 41.] public roads, and for other purposes,"* six thousand six hundred

For the messen.

and thirty-four dollars and nine cents. For compensation to the messenger of the register's office,

ger of the registers, ninety dollars. For expense of stationery, printing, and all other incidental expenses in the register's office, and contingent expenses in the register's office, including books for the public stocks, and for the arrangements of the marine records, two thousand eight hundred dollars.

For fuel, &c. for

For fuel and other contingent and incidental expenses of the the treasury department, four thousand dollars.

For books, maps,

For the purchase of books, maps, and charts, for the use of the treasury department, four hundred dollars.

For a superintendent, to se-

For compensation to a superintendent, employed to secure the buildings and records of the treasury department, during the trestury; include year one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, including the exing expense of watchmen, the repairs of two fire engines, buckets, lanterns, and other incidental and contingent expenses, one thousand one hundred dollars.

For stating and printing and pr

elerks, &c.

For the secretary of the commission is of the sinking fund, two hundred and fifty dollars. Sorthe secretary of war, For compensation to the secretary of the commissioners of the For compensation to the secretary of war, clerks, and persons

employed in his office, including the sum of three thousand nine hundred and sixty dollars for clerk hire, in addition to the sum allowed by the act of April twenty-first, one thousand eight hun-[†Ante, ch.41.] dred and six,† fifteen thousand two hundred and ten dollars.

For contingent exp uses in the offic of the se-cretary of war.

For expense of fuel, stationery, printing, and other contingent expenses in the office of the secretary of war, two thousand dollars.

For the accountant of the war icparment, clerks, &cc.

For compensation to the accountant of the war department, clerks, and persons employed in his office, including the sum five thousand dollars for clerk hire, in addition to the sum # lowed by the act of the twenty-first of April, one thousand eight

[tAnte, ch. 41.] hundred and six, t fifteen thousand nine hundred and ten dollars-Additional to the For additional compensation to the clerks in the war departdepartment, not ment, not exceeding fifteen per centum, in addition to the sum allowed by the act, entitled "An act to regulate and fix the compensation of clerks, and to authorize the laying out certain exceeding 15 public roads, and for other purposes,"* two thousand two hun- ["Ante, et. 41.] dred and twenty-six dollars.

For contingent expenses in the office of the accountant of the for contingent expenses in the war department, one thousand dollars.

ployed in the

For compensation to the clerks employed in the paymaster's For clerks e office, nine thousand and ninety dollars.

fice, nine thousand and ninety dollars.

For compensation to a messenger for the paymaster's office, por a messanger four hundred and ten dollars.

to the paymas-

For contingent expenses in the said office, five hundred dol-For contingent

To Doyle Sweeny, for compensation for his services as clerk to Doyle Sween in the office of purveyor of public supplies, in the year one thou-as a clerk in the sand eight hundred and ten, one hundred and twenty-five dollars. of burvey-

For compensation to the secretary of the navy, clerks, and For the secreta-persons employed in his office, including the sum of one thou-clerks, &c. sand six hundred dollars clerk hire, in addition to the sum allowed by the act of the twenty-first April, one thousand eight hundred and six,† eleven thousand four hundred and ten dollars. [+Ante, ch. 41.7

For expenses of stationery, fuel, printing, and other contingent For contingent expenses in the said office, two thousand dollars.

cierks, &c

For compensation to the accountant of the navy, clerks, and navy, persons employed in his office, ten thousand four hundred and for the navy, clerks. ten dollars.

expenses in the

For contingent expenses in the office of the accountant of the For contingent navy, one thousand dollars.

For additional compensation to the clerks in the navy depart-Additional for ment, not exceeding fifteen per centum, in addition to the sum the lerks in the allowed by the act, entitled "An act to regulate and fix the comment, of exceeding 15 per ceeding 15 per ceeding 15 per pensation of clerks, and to authorize the laying out certain pub- cent. lic roads, and for other purposes," tone thousand nine hundred [tane, ch. 41.] and thirty-five dollars.

For compensation to the postmaster general, assistant post-for the postmaster general genera general's office, including the sum of three thousand five hundred and twelve dollars, for compensation to clerks, in addition to the sum allowed by the act of the twenty-first of April, one thousand eight hundred and six, inineteen thousand five hundred and six- [sante, ch. 41.] ty-seven dollars.

For the expense of fuel, house rent for the messenger, candles, For fuel, house stationery, chests, &c. incident to the postmaster general's office, general post

wo thousand eight hundred dollars.

For additional compensation to the clerks employed in the Additional for clerks in the postmaster general's office, not exceeding fifteen per centum, in the clerks in the general didition to the sum allowed by the act, entitled "An act to reing 15 per cent." Julate and fix the compensation of clerks, and to authorize the aying out certain public roads, and for other purposes,"[one []Ante, ch. 41.] housand four hundred and one dollars and seventy-five cents.

For compensation to the several loan officers, thirteen thousand For loan officers. wo hundred and fifty dollars,

1813. missioners of loans, &c.

Por compensation to the clerks of the commissioners of louns, Forchyks to the including a sum of two thousand dollars, in addition so the amount heretofore allowed by law, and for allowance to certain loan officers, in lieu of clerk hire, and to defray the authorized expense of the several loan officers, seventeen thousand dollars.

For the surveyor general and his clerks.

For compensation to the surveyor general, and his clerks, three thousand two hundred dollars.

For the surveyor of the lands south of Tennessee, clerks,

For compensation to the surveyor of the lands south of Tennessee, clerks employed in his office, and for stationery, and other contingencies, including the sum of one thousand five hundred dollars, for clerk hire, in addition to the sums heretofore appropriated for that object, four thousand seven hundred dol-

For the officers of the mint:

For compensation to the officers of the mint, viz:

The director, two thousand dollars.

Treasurer. Assayer. Chief coiner. The treasurer, one thousand two hundred dollars. The assayer, one thousand five hundred dollars. The chief coiner, one thousand five hundred dollars.

Melter and refiner. Engraver. Clerks.

The melter and refiner, one thousand five hundred dollars.

The engraver, one thousand two hundred dollars.

One clerk, at seven hundred dollars; and One clerk, at five hundred dollars.

For wages to persons employed in melting, coining, &c.

For wages to the persons employed in melting, coining, carpenter's, millwright's, and smith's work, including the sum of one thousand dollars, allowed to an assistant coiner and die forger, who also oversees the execution of the iron work, and of six hundred dollars, allowed to an assistant engraver, eight thousand five hundred dollars.

For contingen-cies of the mint.

For repairs of furnaces, cost of rollers and screws, timber, bar iron, lead, steel, potash, and for all other contingencies of the mint, five thousand three hundred and four dollars and sixty-two cents.

For wastage.

For an allowance for wastage in the gold and silver comage, three thousand dollars.

For the gover-nor, &c. of the Mississippi territory. For contingent

For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of the Mississippi territory, nine thousand dollars.

For the gover-nor, judges, &c. of the Indiana territory. territorial ex-

For expense of stationery, office rent, and other contingent expenses, of said territory, three hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of the Indiana territory, six thousand six hundred dollars.

For contingent territorial ex Po, the governor, judges, &ce. of the Mi.souri

for contingent for contingent territorial ex-

penses. For the gover-

nor, judges, &c. of the Illinois

territory.

For expense of stationery, office rent, and other contingent expenses, of said territory, three hundred and fifty dollars.

For the governor, judges, &c. the Michigan territory, six thousand six hundred dollars. For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of

For expense of stationery, office rent, and other contingent expenses, of said territory, three hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of the Missouri territory, six thousand six hundred dollars.

For expense of stationery, office rent, and other contingent expenses, of said territory, three hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of the Illinois territory, six thousand six hundred dollars,

For expense of stationery, office rent, and other contingent expenses, of said territory, three hundred and fifty dollars.

For the discharge of such demands against the United States, penses, on account of the civil department, not otherwise provided for, otherwise groats shall have been admitted, in due course of settlement, at the admitted at the treasury, two thousand dollars.

For compensation granted by law to the chief justice, the assation of justice and sation of justice are sation are sation and justice are sation are sationare a sociate judges, and district judges, of the United States, includ- of the atte ing the chief justice and two associate judges of the district of general, &c. Columbia, and to the attorney general, including the sum of nine hundred and fifty-three dollars and eighty-four cents, for the salary of the additional district judge of the state of New York, for the year eighteen hundred and twelve, and a further sum of one thousand four hundred and fifty dollars, to make good a deficiency in the appropriation for the year eighteen hundred and twelve, for the compensation of the attorney general, and of the district judge of Louisiana, sixty-five thousand four hundred and three dollars and eighty-four cents.

For the like compensation granted to the several district attor- For district neys of the United States, three thousand four hundred dollars. attorneys,

For compensation granted to the several marshals for the dis- For compensation of the metric tricts of Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, New Jersey, North shale of Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, New Jersey, North shale of Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, New Jersey, North shale of Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, New Jersey, North shale of Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, New Jersey, North shale of Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, New Jersey, North shale of Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, New Jersey, North shale of Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, New Jersey, North shale of Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, New Jersey, North shale of Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, New Jersey, North shale of Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, New Jersey, North shale of Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, New Jersey, North shale of Maine, New Hampshire, New Hampsh Carolina, Kentucky, Ohio, East and West Tennessee, and Loui- &c. siana, two thousand two hundred dollars.

For defraying the expenses of the supreme, circuit, and dis-ror defraying trict, courts of the United States, including the district of Co-courts, jurors, lumbia, and of jurors and witnesses, in aid of the funds arising aid of the funds arising red of the funds. from fines, forfeitures, and penalties, and for defraying the ex- arising from fines, see. penses of the prosecutions for offences against the United States, and for the safekeeping of prisoners, forty thousand dollars.

For the payment of sundry pensions, granted by the late and Forthe payment of sundry pen-

present government, eight hundred and sixty dollars. For the payment of the annual allowance to the invalid pen-sioners of the United States, from the fifth of March, one thou-valid pensioners. sand eight hundred and thirteen, to the fourth of March, one because thousand eight hundred and fourteen, ninety-eight thousand dol-

lars. For expenses incident to the receiving the subscriptions to the For expens Ioan of eleven millions of dollars, authorized by the act of the incident to the loan of fourth* of March, one thousand eight hundred and twelve,* two [1.000.000, &c. [*] It shouldbe thousand dollars, in addition to the sum already for that purpose the set ante, ch. 304.] appropriated.

For the maintenance and support of lighthouses, beacons, For the maintenance buoys, and public piers, stakeages of channels, bars, and shoals, name and sapport of light and certain comingent expenses, including twenty-four thousand bouses, beacons, buoys, &c. dollars for completing the fitting up of all the lighthouses with Winslow Lewis's improvements, ninety-nine thousand three hundred and forty-nine dollars and fifteen cents.

For erecting lighthouses at the mouth of the Mississippi river, For erecting and at or near the pitch of Cape Lookout, in North Carolina; lighthouses at the mouth of being the balance of a former appropriation carried to the surplus fund; thirty-four thousand nine hundred and ninety-five dollars and fifty cents.

1813. lighbouse at Nawhawn

For building a lighthouse at Nawshawn island, near Tarpaulin Forbuilding a Cove, in Massachusetts, being the amount of a former appropriation carried to the surplus fund, two thousand four hundred and seventy-five dollars.

For erecting a beacm, and plac-ing moys, near the estrance of vanah river.

For erecting a beacon, and placing buoys, near the entrance of Savannah river, being an expense incurred under the act of the sixteenth of July, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight, carried to the surplus fund, two thousand four hundred and ninety-four dollars and eighty-nine cents.

Foresecting two light on lake Eric, &c.

For erecting two lights on lake Erie, viz: on or near Bird Island, and on or near Presqu'isle, being the balance of a former appropriation carried to the surplus fund, one thousand five hundred and ninety dollars.

For placing buoys and beacons sear the entrance of Beverly harbor,

For placing buoys and beacons at or near the entrance of the harbor of Beverly, in Massachusetts, being the balance of a former appropriation carried into the surplus fund, three hundred and forty-one dollars and ninety-five cents.

For rebuilding Baldhad lighthouse.

For rebuilding the Baldhead lighthouse, in North Carolina, fifteen thousand dollars.

For placing a buoy at the entrance of Barn-stable hartor. For the support of sick and dis-abled seamen.

For placing a buoy at the entrance of Barnstable harbor, one hundred dollars.

For surveying the public land, &c.

For the support of sick and disabled seamen, in addition to the funds already appropriated by law, twenty thousand dollars.

For defraying the expense of surveying the public land within the several territories of the United States, sixty-one thousand two hundred and sixty dollars.

For thepayment of a claim for taking the se cond consus, &c.

For the payment of a claim for taking the second census or enumeration of the inhabitants of the United States, the sum appropriated for that object having been heretofore carried to the surplus fund, two hundred and seventy-seven dollars and twelve cents.

For the support, For the support, &c. of prisoners dred and fifty thousand dollars. For the support and safekeeping of prisoners of war, one hun-For bringing the votes for president and vice president of the

For bringing the votes of p esi-dent and vice United States to the seat of government, one thousand nine hunpresident to the dred and eleven dollars and fifty cents. seat of govern-

For paying the bounties which may become payable to the Por paying boun. For paying the bounted while the print with the ninth this mowners of private armed vessels, in conformity with the ninth section of the act of the twenty-sixth of June, one thousand eight [*Ante, ch. 430.] hundred and twelve,* ten thousand dollars.

For making the road from Cumberland, in the state of Mary-For making the road from Cumberiand to Ohio, land, to the state of Ohio, to be repaid out of the five per cent. ore. (7 Set sec. 7, ch. fund reserved for that purpose,† one hundred and forty thousand dollars. dollars.

For pensions to the widows or child on of officers and soldiers kill d in the

For pensions to the widows or children of officers and soldiers killed, in the campaign of one thousand eight hundred and eleven, on the Wabash, from the seventh of November, one thousand campaign on the eight hundred and eleven, to the thirty-first of December, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, five thousand five hundred and seventeen dollars and twenty-seven cents.

For expenses of foreign intor-COULTS C.

For expenses of intercourse with foreign nations, thirty-five thousand four hundred dollars.

For the contingent expenses of intercourse with foreign nations, fifty thousand dollars.

For expenses of intercourse with the Barbary powers, fifty foreign interthousand dollars.

For the relief and protection of distressed American seamen, For the relief of fifteen thousand dollars.

American sea-

For expenses of prosecuting claims and appeals in the For prosecuting courts of France and Denmark, in relation to captures of Amecolams and appeals in the rican vessels, and defending causes elsewhere, four thousand and Denmark, and Denma

For the discharge of such miscellaneous claims against the For miscellaneous United States, not otherwise provided for, as shall have been otherwise provided for, admitted in due course of settlement at the treasury, four thou-viet for, admitsand dollars.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the several appropriations ations hereinbefore made, shall be paid and discharged out of to be paid out the fund of six hundred thousand dollars, reserved by an act served, sec. making provision for the debt of the United States,* and out of [*Ch.61,vol.20] any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, March 3, 1813.]

CHAP. 524. [CCI.] An act for the relief of Susannah Wiley.†

[† Private and bsolete.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The proper active proper accounting officers of the treasury department be, and of the treasury they are hereby, authorized to pay, unto Susannah Wiley, of department authorized to pay Georgetown, in the district of Columbia, out of any money in to Susannah Wiley 500 dolls. the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, the sum of five hundred additional, as a tollars, in addition to the sum heretofore allowed by law, as a tion for the serfull compensation for the services of her late husband, David husband David Wiley, who was employed by the postmaster general to make a employed, &c. survey of the main post road leading from St. Mary's, in the state to make a survey of the main of Georgia, to the city of Washington.

[Approved, March 3, 1813.]

CHAP. 525. [CCII.] An act altering the time for holding the district court in the district of Maine.‡

\$ See act of

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That for Maine appointed to be holden at Wiscasset on the first Tuesday in March, to be holden at Wiscasset on the first Tuesday in March, to be March, shall, from and after the first day of April next, be holden held, after the 1st April, 1813, at Wiscasset on the last Tuesday of February, annually, any law on the last Tuesday of February. to the contrary notwithstanding. [Approved, March 3, 1813.] day of February.

1813. CHAP. 526. [CCIII.] An act vesting in the president of the United States the power of retaliation.* (*Chaplete.)

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled. That in all and every case wherein, during the present war between war, &c. anyvithe United States of America and the United Kingdom of Great bass and basges Britain and Ireland, any violations of the laws and usages of war, among civilized nations, shall be, or have been, done and perpetrated by perpetrated by those acting under authority of the British gothe rity, on any vernment, on any of the citizens of the United States, or persons in the land or naval service of the United States, the president of the United States is hereby authorized to cause full and amdent authorized ple retaliation to be made, according to the laws and usages of to cause retains. war among civilized nations, for all and every such violation as aforesaid.

citizens, or peror naval service of the United In cases where any outrage or act of cruelty, with the British government, &c. on citizens, or those under the protection, of the Uni-ted States, the

president to

a British subjects, &cc.

der British au-

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where any outrage or act of cruelty or barbarity shall be, or has been, tised by any In practised by any Indian or Indians, in alliance with the British government, or in connexion with those acting under the authority of the said government, on citizens of the United States, or those under its protection, the president of the United States is hereby authorized to cause full and ample retaliation to be done and executed on such British subjects, soldiers, seamen, or macause retaliation rines, or Indians in alliance or connexion with Great Britain, being prisoners of war, as if the same outrage or act of crueky or barbarity had been done under the authority of the British government. [Approved, March 3, 1813.]

[† Private. See CHAP. 527. [CCIV.] An act for the relief of Nathaniel G. Ingraham, Alexact of 19th June, ander Phonix, and William Nexsen, junior.; 1813; chap. 531, post.]

ties to convey all their estate, &c. in satisfac tion of any judgment, &cc.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That N. G. Ingraham, Nathaniel G. Ingraham, Alexander Phoenix, William Nexsen, William Nexten, junior, of the city and state of New York, confined in the debt-jun confined in or's prison of the city and county of New York, on certain judg-Tork on judgof the United States, to bedie from their imprisonment, on payment by them, respectively, of charged states, to be costs of suit: Provided, however That the costs of suit: Provided, however that the costs of suits of the costs of suits of the costs of suits. them, shall first assign and convey all the estate, real and personal, which they, or either of them, own, or whereto they may be entitled, to some person or persons, under the direction of the secretary of the treasury, to be by him designated for that purpose, to be holden for the satisfying of any judgment or judgments obtained against them, or either of them, by the United States, or any debt or debts due from them, or either of them, Nothing in this to the United States; and nothing in this act shall be construed act to impair the right of the United States to any estate which said ted States to any Ingraham, Phænix, and Nexsen, or either of them, may have assigned or conveyed to any person or persons whatever, or to prevent the recovery of such estate for satisfying said judgment

parties may have assigned, &c.

and debts: And provided also, That all such estate, real or peronal, that said Ingraham, Phonix, and Nexsen, or either of Province further estate of the mehern, now have, or hereafter may acquire, shall be liable for the ties liable, be minfaction of said judgments and debts, in the same manner as i they had not been imprisoned and discharged; and nothing in No person ex his act shall operate to discharge from said judgments, or debts, Phonix and person or persons, except said Ingraham, Phonix, and Mexsen discharged. Mexsen, who may be liable therefor, in whole or in part, in any manner or form whatever. [Approved, March 8, 1813.]

CHAP. 528. [CCV] An act for the relief of the representatives of Samuel Lapsley, deceased.*

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the accounting officers of the treasury be, and they are hereby, The accounts authorized and directed to settle the account of John Lysle and treasury elite Margaret his wife, late Margaret Lapsley, widow and adminis- account of John Lysle and treasury elite Margaret his wife, late Margaret Lapsley, widow and adminis- account of John Lysle and the settle his wife, late Margaret Lapsley, widow and administratrix of Samuel Lapsley, deceased, and that she be allowed the Lysle and Mar garet his wife, amount of two final settlement certificates, No. 78,446, for one see, and allowed the tree amount of two final settlement certificates. thousand dollars, and No. 78,447, for one thousand three hun-of two final dred and sixty dollars, and interest from the twenty-second day interest, &c. of March, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-three, issued with in the name of Samuel Lapsley, by the commissioner of army accounts for the United States, on the first day of July, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-four, and that the amount due be paid out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, to the said John Lysle and Margaret his wife, administratrix as aforesaid, to be disposed of and distributed according to law. [Approved, March 3, 1813.]

RESOLUTIONS.

[No. 1.] Resolution relative to the brilliant achievements of captains Hull, Decatur, Jones, and lieutenant Elliot.

Resolved, by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled. That the presi-. dent of the United States be, and he is hereby, requested to pre- The president sent to captain Hull, of the frigate Constitution, captain Decatur, agreeted to professe of the frigate United States, and captain Jones, of the sloop of Hull, Decatur, and Jones, a gold medal, with suitable emblems and demedal, &c. vices; and a silver medal, with like emblems and devices, to each A silver medal, commissioned officer of the aforesaid vessels, in testimony of the mission defices high sense entertained by congress of the gallantry, good confidence of the constitution, United duct, and services of the captains, officers, and crews, of the States, and Wasp, &c aforesaid vessels, in their respective conflicts with the British frigates the Guerriere and the Macedonian, and sloop of war A silver medal, Frolic: and the president is also requested to present a silver see to the near-medal, with like emblems and devices, to the nearest male relative of licentary tive of licentenant Bush, and one to the nearest male relative of Fank. 3 **Z** Vol. 4.

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lieutenant Funk, in testimony of the gallantry and merit of those deceased officers, in whom their country has sustained a loss much to be regretted.

The president requested to pre-sent lieutenant Elliot, of thena vy, an elegant sword, &c.

SECT. 2. And be it further resolved, That the president of the United States be, and he hereby is requested to present to lieutenant Elliott, of the navy of the United States, an elegant sword, with suitable emblems and devices, in testimony of the just sense entertained by congress of his gallantry and good conduct in boarding and capturing the British brigs Detroit and Caledonia, while anchored under the protection of fort Erie.

[Approved, January 29, 1813.]

[No. 2] Resolution requesting the president of the United States to cause to be prepared and laid before congress a system of military discipline.

The president requested to cause to be pre military disci-pline for the in-fantry of the ar-my and militia,

Resolved, by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the presibefore congress, dent of the United States be, and he is hereby, requested to cause to be prepared and laid before congress, as soon as practicable, a military system of discipline for the infantry of the army and militia of the United States. [Approved, March 3, 1813.]

> [No. 3.] Resolution requesting the president of the United States to present medals to captain William Bainbridge and the officers of the frigate Constitution.

The president requested to Wm. Bain-bridge, &c. a gold medal, &c. A silver medal, resent to capt. Sec. to each con of the frigate Constitution, Kc.

Resolved, by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, requested to present to captain William Bainbridge, of the frigate Constitution, a gold medal, with suitable emblems and devices; and a silver medal, with suitable emblems and devices, to each commissioned to each com- officer of the said frigate, in testimony of the high sense entertained by congress of the gallantry, good conduct, and services of captain Bainbridge, his officers and crew, in the capture of the British frigate Java, after a brave and skilful combat.

[Approved, March 3, 1813.]

ACTS OF THE THIRTEENTH CONGRESS

THE UNITED STATES:

PASSED AT THE FIRST SESSION, WHICH WAS BEGUN AND HELD AT THE CITY OF WASHINGTON, IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, ON MONDAY, THE 24TH OF MAY, 1813, AND ENDED ON THE 2D OF AU-GUST, IN THE SAME YEAR.

James Madison, President. E. Gerry, Vice President, and President of the Senate. H. Clay, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

CHAP. 529. [I.] This is an act relating entirely to the district of Columbia. See act of 18th April, 1814; sec. 1, chap. 657, post.

CHAP. 530. [II.] An act for the government of persons in certain fisheries. [] Sceact of 29th July, 1813; chap. 563, post.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the master or skipper of any vessel of the burthen of twenty tons The master or or upwards, qualified according to law for carrying on the bank skipper of any vessel of 30 tons and other cod fisheries, bound from a port of the United States, qualified for to be employed in any such fishery, at sea, shall, before proceedof fisheries,
ing on such fishing voyage, make an agreement in writing or
print with every fisherman who may be employed therein, (except only an apprentice or servant of himself or owner) and, in
addition to such terms of shipment as may be agreed on, shall,
in such agreement, express whether the same is to continue for
one voyage or for the fishing season, and shall also express that
the fish or the proceeds of such fishing voyage or voyages, which
there is the fisherman shall be divided among them in
ther, &c. may appertain to the fishermen, shall be divided among them in ther, &c. proportion to the quantities or number of said fish which they may respectively have caught; which agreement shall be endorsed to be endorsed, or countersigned by the owner of such fishing vessel or his agent. &c. by the owner of the fishing season, in any fishing vessel, and signed an agreement, and therefor, as aforesaid, shall thereafter, and while such to the same pentages and the parformed desert or absent alties as desert. agreement remains in force and to be performed, desert or absent alties as desert himself from such vessel without leave of the master or skipper thereof, or of the owner or his agent, such deserter shall be liable to the same penalties as deserting seamen or mariners are subject to in the merchant service, and may, in the like manner, and upon the like complaint and proof, be apprehended and detained;† and all costs of process and commitment, if paid by the [†See sec. 7, ch. master or owner, shall be deducted out of the share of fish, or proceeds of any fishing voyage, to which such deserter had or Flahermen have shall become entitled. And any fisherman, having engaged him- ing engaged, Sec.

1813. and neglecting their duty, &c. besides being answerable for damages, to for-feit their hares of any public allowance, &cc.

self as aforesaid, who shall, during such fishing voyage, refuse or neglect his proper duty on board the fishing vessel, being thereto ordered or required by the master or skipper thereof, or shall otherwise resist his just commands, to the hindrance or detriment of such voyage, besides being answerable for all damages arising thereby, shall forfeit, to the use of the owner of such vessel, his share of any public allowance which may be paid upon such voyage.

Where an agree-ment has been the owner, &cc. and are sold, the vessel to be liable for six months after

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That where an agreement ment has been signed, &c. and or contract shall be so made and signed, for a fishing voyage, or the fish care to the fish car the fish caught for the fishing season, and any fish, which may have been caught ar delivered to on board such vessel during the same, shall be delivered to the owner or to his agent for cure, and shall be sold by said owner or agent, such vessel shall, for the term of six months after such monan arrer the sale for the skipper's and every fisher san's share, &c. fisherman's share of such fish, and may be proceeded against in the same form, and to the same effect, as any other vessel is by law liable and may be proceeded against for the wages of seamen

Upon process for the value of shares of fish deis to produce a count of g a ral supplies, &c.

or mariners in the merchant service. And upon such process for the value of a share or shares of the proceeds of fish delivered and sold as aforesaid, it shall be incumbent on the owner or his agent to produce a just account of the sales and division of such fish, according to such agreement or contract; otherwise the said vessel shall be answerable, upon such process, for what may be the highest value of the share or shares demanded. But in all cases the owner of such vessel or his agent, appearing to answer

to such process, may offer thereupon his account of general supplies made for such fishing voyage, and of other supplies therefor made, to either of the demandants, and shall be allowed to produce evidence thereof in answer to their demands, respectively; and judgment shall be rendered upon such process for

Proviso: when process is issued again t any veswill gire bond, &ce. the vessel

the respective balances which, upon such an inquiry, shall appear: Provided always, That when process shall be issued against any vessel liable as aforesaid, if the owner thereof, or his agent, will give bond to each fisherman in whose favor such process shall be instituted, with sufficient security, to the satisfaction of two justices of the peace, one of whom shall be named by such owner or agent, and the other by the firsherman or fishermen pursuing such process, or if either party shall refuse, then the justice first

appointed shall name his associate, with condition to answer and pay whatever sum shall be recovered by him or them on such process, there shall be an immediate discharge of such vessel:

erman from having his action at common law for his share or

Proviso; nothing Provided, That nothing herein contained shall prevent any fishprovision normal brems of fish, or the proceeds thereof, as aforesaid.

[Approved, Jun

[Approved, June 19, 1813]

CHAP. 531. [III.] An act for the relief of Alexander Phoenix and William Nexsen, junior.*

Private. See set of 3d March, 1813; ante, chap.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That

Alexander Phonix and William Nexsen, junior, of the city of New York, insolvent debtors, now, and for a long time past, con-New York, insolvent dectors, now, and sor a long time past, confining and william fined in gaol for debts due to the United States, which they are Negaca, junios, wholly unable to pay, be henceforth discharged, and remain free discharged, and imprisonment and arrest, for and on account of the said be discharged, debts, and all judgments, suits, costs, and charges, touching the same: Provided always, That all property, real, personal, or Previse; present and the said Alawandar Phasnix and William Nexaena and tutter promixed, which the said Alexander Phoenix and William Nexsen, perty liable, &c. junior, now have, or hereafter may have or acquire, shall be and remain liable for the payment and satisfaction of the debts, costs, and charges, aforesaid, in the same manner as if this act had never been made: And provided further, That nothing in this Proviso; nothing act contained shall be construed to impair the right of the United pair the right of States to any estate which the said Alexander Phoenix and Wil- the United States liam Nexsen, junior, have assigned or conveyed to any person or which the parpersons whatever; nor to prevent the recovery of the said estate, ed. nor to distance of the satisfaction of the debts, costs, and charges, aforesaid; charge any person shall operate to discharge therefrom any person or persons, Nexsen, junior. except the said Alexander Phoenix and William Nexsen, junior, who may now be liable for the same to the United States, either in whole or in part, in any manner or form whatever.

[Approved, June 19, 1813.]

CHAP. 532. [IV.] An act to amend the "Act in addition to the act, entitled amended of the "An act to raise an additional military force, and for other purposes."

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-note at the end tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That of chap. 760, post] five of the regiments which were authorized to be raised by "An Five of the regiact in addition to the act, entitled "An act to raise an additional ments author military force, and for other purposes," passed the twenty-ninth ments need, may be enlisted for day of January, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, may, the war, &c. and the limited to the at the discretion of the president of the United States, be enlisted defence of the for and during the war, unless sooner discharged, and be limit[7Ants, ch. 489.] ed, as to service, to the defence of the seaboard of the United States, or of such part thereof as the president may elect and determine.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That each man recruited Each man remander the authority of this act, be allowed the same bounty, in this act slowed the same bounty, in this act slowed the same bounty, in this act slowed the same bounty, in the same bounty, or for the war; and that the officers, noncommissioned listed for five years, or for the war; and that the officers, noncommissioned listed for five years, &c., as men expensed, officers, priced to the same pay, officers, priced clothing, subsistence, and forage, be entitled to the same benefits, on the same be subject to the same rules and regulations, and be placed, in regular troops. every respect, on the same footing, as the other regular troops of the United States. [Approved, July 5, 1813.]

29th Jan. 1813; ante, chap. 480;

CHAP. 533. [V.] An act for the relief of Thomas Sloo.‡

[‡ Private and obsolete.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That missioner for inquiring into the validity of claims to land

the proper officers of the treasury be, and they are hereby, au-The proper of the treat thorized and required to allow and pay unto Thomas Sloo, one sary to pay Tho- of the commissioners appointed to examine and inquire into the validity of claims to land in the district of Kaskaskia, the sum of five hundred dollars, out of any moneys in the treasury, not claims to land in the district of otherwise appropriated, in full compensation for his services in taking testimony under direction of the board, and for conveying the report of the commissioners to the seat of government.

[Approved, July 5, 1813.]

Repealed, by act of 27th Feb. 1815; sec. 1, ch. 744, post.]

CHAP. 534. [VI.] An act authorizing the president of the United States to cause to be built barges for the defence of the ports and harbors of the United States.*

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, The president to for the protection of the ports and harbors of the United States, cause to be built the president shall cause to be built, without delay, such number protection of the of barges as he may deem necessary, to be armed, equipped, and bors of the Unit. manned, as he may direct of a size not less than formal and her than the manned of the may direct of a size not less than formal and the may direct of a size not less than formal and the may direct of a size not less than formal and the may direct of a size not less than formal and the may direct of a size not less than formal and the may direct of a size not less than formal and the may direct of a size not less than formal and the may direct of a size not less than the may direct of a size not les long, and capable of carrying heavy guns.

250,000 dolls. appropriated for the purpose.

ted States, &c.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That, for the purpose aforesaid, the sum of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, to be paid out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, July 5, 1813.]

[†See former act, of 19th Dec. 1809; ante, ch. 228.

to issue mi-

CHAP. 535. [VII.] An act further extending the time for issuing and locating military land warrants.†

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The secretary of the secretary of war be authorized to issue military land warrants war authorized to such persons as have or shall, before the first day of March, litary land warrants to persons one thousand eight hundred and sixteen, produce to him satis-who, is fore the lat March, 1816, factory evidence of the validity of their claims; which warrants, produce evidence of the va. with those heretofore issued and not yet satisfied, shall and may lidity of their be located, in the name of the holders or proprietors thereof. be located, in the name of the holders or proprietors thereof, prior to the first day of October, one thousand eight hundred and sixteen, on any unlocated parts of the fifty quarter townships and the fractional quarter townships reserved by law for original holders of military land warrants. And patents shall be granted for the land located under this act, in the same manner as is directed by rected by former former acts for granting military lands. [Approved, July 5, 1813.]

may be located in the name of the holders, &c. prior to 1st Oct. 1816, &cc. Patents to be granted as di-

claims, &c. The warrants

[† Obsoléte.]

CHAP. 536. [VIII.] An act to reward the officers and crew of the sloop of war Hornet; and lieutenant Elliot and his officers and companions. ‡

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That

the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to have distributed, as prize money, to captain James The president authorized to Lawrence, late of the sloop of war Hornet, his officers, and crew, cause tobe distributed strong their widows and children, the sum of twenty-five thousand to dolls. apprise dollars, for the capture and destruction of the British brig Pea
cock; and to lieutenant Elliot, and his officers and companions, core, his officers, and crew, or their widows and children, the sum of twelve thousand dol
for the Hornet, for the capture capture. lars, for the capture and destruction of the British brig Detroit; &c. of the British brig Perand that the sum of thirty-seven thousand dollars be, and the coek. lars, for the capture and destruction of the Drillish Drig Fea-and that the sum of thirty-seven thousand dollars be, and the cock. Tolievt. Efflot, same is hereby, appropriated to the purpose aforesaid, to be paid his officers and companions, Sc. 13,000 dolls. for

[Approved, July 13, 1813.] the empture, &c. propriated, &cc.

CHAP. 537. [IX.] An act freeing from postage all letters and packets to and from the superintendent general of military supplies.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- Letters, &c. to SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and notice of the United States of America in congress assembled, That perintendent geall letters and packets to and from the superintendent general of supplies, relating military supplies, which relate to his official duties, shall be free from postage. from postage. [Approved, July 13, 1813.]

CHAP. \$38. [X.] An act to relinquish the claims of the United States to certain goods, wares, and merchandise, captured by private armed vessels.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That all right and claim which may have accrued to the United States, All right and under an act, entitled "An act to prohibit the commercial into the United States, all right and under an act, entitled "An act to prohibit the commercial into the United States and Great Britain and the acts mentioned, and their dependencies, and for other purposes," and goods, &c. the mact, entitled "An act concerning the commercial intercourse property of Britain and the United States and Great Britain and France, and this ubjects, between the United States, and Great Britain and France, and this ubjects. between the United States, and Great Britain and France, and shipped since the declaration their dependencies, and for other purposes,"† and an act supple- of war, &c. an mentary to the last mentioned act, to goods, wares, and mer-vate armed vets chandise, being the property of British subjects, and shipped ed, &c. relinfrom the ports of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and gained in all cases where they Ireland, since the declaration of war by the United States against have been con-demned for the that kingdom, which have been captured by private armed vessels of the United States, on the high and open seas, and with- apport, &c.

Ante, ch. 1984

Out the territorial limits and jurisdiction of the United States, [+Ante, ch. 1984]

Ante, ch. 1984 and have been libelled and claimed, by or in behalf of the owners and other persons interested in the said private armed vessels, in some court of the United States having competent jurisdiction thereof, be, and the same are hereby, relinquished in all cases where such goods, wares, and merchandise, being the property of British subjects, and captured as aforesaid, shall have been, or shall be, condemned as prize of war, for the benefit of the captors, by the final judgment of any court of the United States, having jurisdiction as aforesaid; all suits, libels, or prosecutions, suits, libels, &c. instituted or commenced in behalf of the United States, for the behalf of the

1813. United States, tinued on pay-ment of the costs, &c.

•

In all cases

to any capture made in violation instructions of the president, &c. of the 28th Aug. 1818, &c.

ing him to re-mit, &c. to affect the claims of captors, &c. [* Ante, ch. 472.]

All goods, &c. captured and B. belled, &c. to ning let-

recovery of any forfeiture or penalty, accrued by reason of an infraction of any of the three acts first abovementioned, affecting any goods, wares, or merchandise, the property of British subjects, and which have been captured as aforesaid, and libelled in behalf of the captors, shall be discontinued on payment of the costs accrued on such suits or libels, by or on behalf of the said owner or owners. But in all cases where goods, wares, and where goods, see libelled are merchandise, thus libelled, shall not be condemned as aforesaid not condemned for the benefit of the captors, the right and claim of the United the capture, the States to the forfeiture of such goods, wares, and merchandise, ted senter to the shall, notwithstanding the discontinuance of the suits and libels for feiture, set. in behalf of the said states, remain unimpaired, and such for feitures paired, sec. may, after a final decision against the captors, be recovered or remitted in conformity with the provisions of the several laws now in force, in the same manner as if such suits or libels had Province nothing not been discontinued: Provided, That nothing herein contained shall extend to or embrace any capture made by such private armed of the additional vessels in violation of the additional instructions of the president of the United States, to the public and private armed vessels thereof, of the twenty-eighth day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and twelve, (c) after the captor shall have been apprized thereof, or by any such private armed vessel which was in any port of the United States subsequent to the said proclamation, and prior to such capture. SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That no decision which

No future decision was be it jurther enacted, That no decision which sion made by the may hereafter be made by the secretary of the treasury, under treasury, under the act, entitled "An act directing the secretary of the treasury the scheet to remit fines, forfeitures, and penalties, in certain cases." shall to remit fines, forfeitures, and penalties, in certain cases,"# shall be held as affecting the claim of any person or persons claiming as captors any goods, wares, or merchandise, the forfeiture of which to the United States shall have been remitted by such decision.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That all goods, wares, and merchandise, captured and libelled as aforesaid, shall pay pay the same duties, to be secured and collected in the same manner, duties as provide the same duties, to be secured and collected in the same manner, of by the set as is provided by the act "concerning letters of margue, prizes. as is provided by the act "concerning letters of marque, prizes, ters of marque, and prize goods," with respect to the like goods, wares, and (tAnte, ch. 490.) merchandise, when captured from the enemy, and made prize of war. [Approved, July 13, 1813.]

> (c) Additional instruction to the public and private armed vessels of the United States.

> The public and private armed vessels of the United States are not to interrupt any vessels belonging to citizens of the United States, coming from British ports to the United States, laden with British merchandise, in consequence of the alleged repeal of the British orders in council; but are, on the contrary, to give aid and assistance to the same; in order that such vessels and their cargoes may be dealt with on their arrival as may be decided by the competent authorities.

By command of the president of the United States of America, (Signed) JAS. MONROE, secretary of state. Washington city, August 28, 1812.

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HAP. 539. [MI.] This is an act relating entirely to the district of Columbia. See act of 18th April, 1814; sec. 1, chap. 657, post.

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CHAP. 540. [XII.] This is an act relating entirely to the district of Columbia. See act of 18th April, 1814; sec. 1, chap. 657, post.

CHAP. 541. [XIII.] An act providing for the further defence of the ports and harbors of the United States.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-tives of the United States of America in confess assembled, That the president be, and he is hereby, authorized, whenever the The president same shall be deemed necessary for the defence and security of when necessary any of the ports and harbors of the United States, to cause to be hulks for to be hired or purchased, hulks, or other means of impediment to the chared and sunk. entrance of the ships or vessels of the enemy, to be sunk, with with the consent of the authority the consent of the proper authority of the state in which such of the state. port or harbor may be, and the same to be removed whenever in the moved when it is opinion it may be done with safety to such ports or harbors. may be done SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That, to defray any ex-

pense which may be incurred under this act, the sum of two hun-appropriated to declay any exdended and fifty thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appense under this act. propriated, to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated. [Approved, July 16, 1813.]

CHAP. 542. [XIV.] An act concerning suits and costs in courts of the United States.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- When there are tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That see against perwhenever there shall be several actions or processes against perlegally be joined in one action or process, touching any demand or matter in dispute before a court of the United States, or of the territories thereof, if judgment be given for than one action. the party pursuing the same, such party shall not thereon recover the costs of more than one action or process, unless special cause for several actions or processes shall be satisfactorily shown wh on motion in open court.

SECT. 2. Be it further enacted, That whenever proceedings against any ve shall be had on several libels, against any vessel and cargo which which might be might legally be joined in one libel, before a court of the United one, see court on States, or of the territories thereof, there shall not be allowed one their only to be allowed, unthereon more costs than on one libel, unless special cause for less, &c. In proceeding libelling the vessel and cargo severally shall be satisfactorily on swernlibel and cargo severally shall be satisfactorily on swernlibelling the vessel and cargo severally shall be satisfactorily on swernlibelling the vessel and cargo severally shall be satisfactorily on swernlibelling the vessel and cargo severally shall be satisfactorily on swernlibelling the vessel and cargo severally shall be satisfactorily on swernlibelling the vessel and cargo severally shall be satisfactorily on swernlibelling the vessel and cargo severally shall be satisfactorily on swernlibelling the vessel and cargo severally shall be satisfactorily on swernlibelling the vessel and cargo severally shall be satisfactorily on swernlibelling the vessel and cargo severally shall be satisfactorily on swernlibelling the vessel and cargo severally shall be satisfactorily on swernlibelling the vessel and cargo severally shall be satisfactorily on swernlibelling the vessel shall be satisfactorily on swernlibelling the vessel shall be satisfactorily on swernlibelling the satisfactorily of the satisfactorily on swernlibelling the satisfactorily of the satisfactorily o shown as aforesaid. And in proceedings on several libels or ineargo, &c. series
formations against any cargo, or parts of cargo or merchandise, the same cause seized as forfeited for the same cause, there shall not be allowed in more than by the court more costs than would be lawful on one libel or one libel or one libel or allowed, &c.

information, whatever may be the number of owners or con-Allowance. signees therein concerned: but allowance may be made on one costs incidents

ings are had

libel or information for the costs incidental to several claims 1813. Provise: In case Provided, That in case of a claim of any vessel or other property of a chain of any vessel of other property vessel, he seized on behalf of the United States, and libelled or informed as forfeited, on against as forfeited under any of the laws thereof, if judgmen vor of claimant shall pass in favor of the claimant, he shall be entitled to the his own costs. same upon paving only his own costs. judgment in fa-vor of claimant same upon paying only his own costs. SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That whenever causes of

may make such orders, &c. pro-per for avoiding unnecessary costs or delay,

Any attorney, proctor, &c. mul-tiplying pro-ceedings so as unreasonably, &c. may be re excess of costs.

Whenevercauses SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That whenever causes of like nature, like nature, or relative to the same question, shall be pending sec. the court before a court of the United States, or of the territories thereof. before a court of the United States, or of the territories thereof it shall be lawful for the court to make such orders and rules. concerning proceedings therein, as may be conformable to the principles and usages belonging to courts, for avoiding unnecessary costs or delay in the administration of justice; and accordingly, causes may be consolidated as to the court shall appear reasonable. And if any attorney, proctor, or other person admitted to manage and conduct causes in a court of the United States, or of the territories thereof, shall appear to have multiplied the proceedings in any cause before the court, so as to increase costs quired a satisfy unreasonably and vexatiously, such person may be required, by order of court, to satisfy any excess of costs so incurred.

[Approved, July 22, 1815.]

[Private and obsolete.]

CHAP. 543. [XV.] An act for the remission of certain duties to the Pennsylvania Academy of the Fine Arts.*

The duties pay-able on a box of paintings and engravings, owned by the Pennsy Ivania Acade my of the Fine Arts, imrud from Halifax to Bos-ton, in 1813, remitted.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That all duties due and payable to the United States on a large box of paintings and engravings, owned by the Pennsylvania Academy of the Fine Arts, imported from Halifax to Boston, in the year eighteen hundred and twelve, on board the cartel ship Agnes, be, and the same are hereby, remitted.

[Approved, July 22, 1813.]

habed for a tles. New Hampakire to contain five collection dis-

tricts.

Massachusetts to contain eigh-

districts.

[†Repealed, in part, by act of 9th Jan. 1815; see. 2, chap. 703, post. See also, act of 9th Aug.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled. That. tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, for the purpose of assessing and collecting direct taxes and internal duties, there shall be, and are hereby, designated and estabing and sollecting direct axes lished the following collection districts, to with

The state of New Hampshire shall contain five collection districts, as follow: The first district shall consist of the county of Rockingham; the second of the county of Strafford; the third of the county of Hillsborough; the fourth of the county of Cheshire;

and the fifth of the counties of Grafton and Coos.

The state of Massachusetts shall contain eighteen collection districts, as follow: The first district shall consist of the county of Washington; the second of the county of Hancock; the third of the county of Lincoln; the fourth of the county of Kennebec; the fifth of the county of Somerset; the sixth of the county of Oxford; the seventh of the county of Cumberland; the eighth of the county of York; the ninth of the county of Essex; the tenth of the county of Middlesex; the eleventh of the county of Suffolk; the twelfth of the county of Norfolk; the thirteenth of the county of Plymouth; the fourteenth of the county of Bristol; the fifteenth of the counties of Barnstable, Dukes, and Nantucket; the sixteenth of the county of Worcester; the seventeenth of the counties of Hampshire, Franklin, and Hampden; and the eighteenth of the county of Berkshire.

The state of Vermont shall contain six collection districts, as Vermont to con follow: The first shall consist of the counties of Bennington and tain six collection districts. Rutland; the second of the county of Windham; the third of the counties of Windsor and Orange; the fourth of the counties of Addison and Chittenden; the fifth of the counties of Franklin and Grand Isle; and the sixth of the counties of Caledonia, Es-

sex, and Orleans.

The aforesaid counties, comprised in the said districts con-the counties tained in the state of Vermont, shall be taken to comprehend districts in Ver-

such territory as was included in the said counties, respectively, hend the territory to the formation of the county of Jefferson in said state.

The state of Rhode Island shall contain three collection disfermation of Jefferson, &c. tricts, as follow: The first shall consist of the counties of New-Rhode Island to contain three port and Bristol; the second of the country of Providence; and collection districts. the third of the counties of Washington and Kent.

The state of Connecticut shall contain seven collection districts, Connecticut to as follow: The first shall consist of the county of Litchfield; the collection dissecond of the county of Fairfield; the third of the county of New men. Haven; the fourth of the county of Harford; the fifth of the county of New London; the sixth of the county of Middlesex; and the seventh of the counties of Windham and Tolland.

The state of New York shall contain twenty-eight collection New York to districts, as follow: The first shall consist of the counties of eight collection Suffolk, Queens, and Kings; the second of the city and county districts. of New York; the third of the county of Westchester; the fourth of Duchess county; the fifth of the counties of Orange and Rockland; the sixth of the counties of Ulster and Sullivan; the seventh of the county of Schoharie; the eighth of the county of Columbia; the ninth of the county of Rensselaer; the tenth of the county of Washington; the eleventh of the county of Saratoga; the twelfth of the counties of Essex, Clinton, and Franklin; the thirteenth of the counties of Albany and Schenectady; the fourteenth of the county of Montgomery; the fifteenth of the county of Herkimer; the sixteenth of the county of Oneida; the seventeenth of the counties of Lewis, Jefferson, and St. Lawrence; the eighteenth of the county of Otsego; the nineteenth of the county of Chenango; the twentieth of the county of Madison; the twenty-first of the counties of Tioga, Broome, and Steuben; the twenty-second of the counties of Onandago and Cortland; the twenty-third of the counties of Cayuga and Seneca; the twenty-fourth of the county of Ontario; the twenty-fifth of the

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counties of Gennessee, Niagara, Chautaque, Cataraugus, and Allegheny; the twenty-sixth of the county of Richmond; the twenty-seventh of the county of Greene; and the twenty-eighth of the county of Delaware.

The state of New Jersey shall contain six collection districts, The state of New Jersey shall contain six contains as follow: The first shall consist of the counties of Bergen and Marries the Essex; the second of the counties of Sussex and Morris; the third of the counties of Somerset and Hunterdon; the fourth of the counties of Middlesex and Monmouth; the fifth of the counties of Burlington and Gloucester; and the sixth of the counties

Pennsylvania to contain twenty-three collection

of Salem, Cumberland, and Cape May. The state of Pennsylvania shall contain twenty-three collection districts, as follow: The first shall consist of the city of Philadelphia; the second of the county of Philadelphia; the third of the counties of Chester and Delaware; the fourth of the county of Montgomery; the fifth of the county of Bucks; the sixth of the county of Lancaster; the seventh of the counties of York and Adams; the eighth of the counties of Northampton and Wayne; the ninth of the county of Berks; the tenth of the county of Dauphin; the eleventh of the counties of Cumberland and Franklin; the twelfth of the county of Northumberland; the thirteenth of the counties of Mifflin and Huntingdon; the fourteenth of the counties of Bedford, Somerset, and Cambria; the fifteenth of the counties of Fayette and Greene; the sixteenth of the county of Washington; the seventeenth of the counties of Allegheny and Armstrong; the eighteenth of the counties of Westmoreland and Indiana; the nineteenth of the counties of Centre, Clearfield, Potter, Jefferson, and M'Kean; the twentieth of the county of Luzerne, having the same limits as it had before the counties of Susquehannah and Bradford were laid off; the twenty-first of the counties of Lycoming and Tioga, the same having the limits as it had before the county of Bradford was laid off; the twentysecond of the counties of Mercer, Butler, and Beaver; and the twenty-third of the counties of Crawford, Venango, Erie, and Warren.

The state of Delaware shall contain three collection districts, Delaware to conin three colmetion districts, as follow: The first shall consist of the county of New Castle; the second of the county of Kent; and the third of the county of Sussex.

Maryland to con-tain nine collec-tion districts.

The state of Maryland shall contain nine collection districts, as follow: The first shall consist of the counties of Somerset, Worcester, and Dorchester; the second of the counties of Talbot, Queen Anne, and Caroline; the third of the counties of Kent, Cecil, and Hartford; the fourth of the city and county of Baltimore; the fifth of the counties of Anne Arundel and Prince George; the sixth of the counties of Calvert, St. Mary's, and Charles; the seventh of the counties of Montgomery and Frederick; the eighth of the county of Washington; and the ninth of the county of Allegheny.

Virginia to con

The state of Virginia shall contain twenty-six collection districts, as follow: The first shall consist of the counties of Lee, Russell, Washington, Wythe, and Grayson; the second of the escenties of Montgomery, Tazewell, Giles, Monroe, and Botecourt; the third of the counties of Greenbriar, Kanhawa, Cabell, and Mason; the fourth of the counties of Harrison, Wood, and Randolph; the fifth of the counties of Monongalia, Ohio, and Brookes the sixth of the counties of Bath, Pendleton, Hardy, and Hampshire; the seventh of the counties of Rockbridge and Augusta; the eighth of the counties of Rockingham and Shenandoah; the ninth of the counties of Frederick, Berkley, and Jefferson; the tenth of the counties of Bedford, Patrick, Henry, and Franklin; the eleventh of the counties of Campbell, Charlotte, Pittsylvania, and Halifax; the twelfth of the counties of Mecklinburg, Lunenburg, Brunswick, and Nottaway; the thirteenth of the counties of Prince Edward, Buckingham, Cumberland, and Amelia; the fourteenth of the counties of Powhatan, Chesterfield, Dinwiddie, and Prince George; the fifteenth of the counties of Greensville, Sussex, Southampton, and Surry; the sixteenth of the counties of the Isle of Wight, Nansemond, Norfolk, and Princess Anne; the seventeenth of the counties of Elizabeth City, Warwick, York, James City, and New Kent; the eighteenth of the counties of Charles City, Henrico, Goochland, and Hanover; the nineteenth of the counties of Amherst, Nelson, Albemarle, and Fluvannah; the twentieth of the counties of Orange, Madison, and Culpepper; the twenty-first of the counties of Fauquier, Prince William, and Stafford; the twentysecond of the counties of Loudon and Fairfax; the twenty-third of the counties of Spottsylvania, Louisa, and Caroline; the twenty-fourth of the counties of King George, Westmoreland, Richmond, Northumberland, and Lancaster; the twenty-fifth of the counties of King William, King and Queen, Essex, Middlesex, Gloucester, and Matthews; and the twenty-sixth of the counties of Accomack and Northampton.

The state of North Carolina shall contain thirteen collection North Carolina districts, as follow: The first shall consist of the counties of Currituck, Camden, Pasquotank, Perquimans, Gates, Chowan, and districts. Hertford; the second of the counties of Bertie, Martin, Northampton, and Halifax; the third of the counties of Washington, Tyrrel, Hyde, Pitt, Edgecombe, and Beaufort; the fourth of the counties of Green, Craven, Carteret, Jones, Lenoir, Johnston, and Wayne; the fifth of the counties of Warren, Franklin, Nash, and Granville; the sixth of the counties of Onslow, New Hanover, Duplin, Sampson, Brunswick, Bladen, and Columbus; the seventh of the counties of Cumberland, Robertson, Montgomery, Richmond, Anson, and Moore; the eighth of the counties of Wake, Orange, and Person; the ninth of the counties of Rockingham, Caswell, Guilford, and Stokes; the tenth of the counties of Rowan, Randolph, and Chatham; the eleventh of the counties of Lincoln, Mecklenburg, and Cabarrus; the twelfth of the counties of Buncomb, Haywood, Burke, and Rutherford; the thirteenth of the counties of Surry, Wilkes, Iredell, and Ashe.

The state of Ohio shall contain nine collection districts, as Ohio to contain nine collection follow: The first shall consist of the counties of Hamilton, But-districts. ler, Warren, Clinton, and Clermont; the second of the counties



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of Greene, Montgomery, Preble, Miami, and Champaigne; the third of the counties of Pickaway, Franklin, Madison, Delaware, Knox, Licking, and Fairfield; the fourth of the counties of Ross. Athens, Gallia, Sciota, Adams, Highland, and Fayette; the fifth of the counties of Washington, Muskingum, Tuscarawas, and Guernsey; the sixth of the counties of Belmont and Jefferson; the seventh of the counties of Columbiana and Starke; the eighth of the counties of Trumbull and Ashtabula; the ninth of the counties of Giauga, Cayahoga, and Portage.

Kentucky to

The state of Kentucky shall contain ten collection districts, as contain ten col-lection districts. follow: The first district shall consist of the counties of Clark, Estill, Montgomery, Bath, Fleming, Greenup, and Floyd; the second of the counties of Fayette, Jessamine, and Woodford; the third of the counties of Scott, Harrison, Pendleton, Campbell, Boone, Gallatin, and Franklin; the fourth of the counties of Bourbon, Nicholas, Bracken, Mason, and Lewis; the fifth of the counties of Livingston, Caldwell, Christian, Breckenridge, Ohio, Grayson, Muhlenburg, Henderson, Hopkins, and Union; the sixth of the counties of Barron, Warren, Logan, Butler, and Cumberland; the seventh of the counties of Mercer, Garrard, Madison, and Clay; the eighth of the counties of Bullitt, Jefferson, Henry, and Shelby; the ninth of the counties of Lincoln, Rockcastle, Knox, Pulaski, Wayne, Adair, and Casey; and the tenth of the counties of Hardin, Nelson, Washington, and Green.

South Carolina to consist of nine collection districts.

The state of South Carolina shall consist of nine collection districts, as follow: The first shall consist of the district of Charleston; the second of the districts of Colleton and Beaufort; the third of the districts of Barnwell, Orangeburg, Lexington, and Richland; the fourth of the districts of Edgefield and Abbeville; the fifth of the districts of Pendleton and Greenville; the sixth of the districts of Laurens, Newberry, and Fairfield; the seventh of the districts of Spartanburg, Union, York, and Chester; the eighth of the districts of Lancaster, Sumpter, Kershaw, and Chesterfield; and the ninth of the districts of Georgetown, Horry, Marion, Marlborough, Darlington, and Williamsburgh.

Tennessee to contain six col-

The state of Tennessee shall contain six collection districts, as lection districts. follow: The first shall consist of the counties of Washington, Sullivan, Green, Hawkins, and Carter; the second of the counties of Claiborne, Grainger, Jefferson, Knox, Cocke, Sevier, and Blount; the third of the counties of Anderson, Campbell, Roan, Bledsoe, Rhea, Overton, White, Warren, and Franklin; the fourth of the counties of Smith, Jackson, Sumner, and Wilson; the fifth of the counties of Davidson, Williamson, Rutherford. Bedford, and Lincoln; and the sixth of the counties of Maury, Giles, Hickman, Humphreys, Stewart, Dixon, Montgomery, and Robertson.

Georgia to con-tain six collec-tion districts.

The state of Georgia shall contain six collection districts. as follow: The first shall consist of the counties of Chatham, Bryan, Liberty, M'Intosh, Glynn, Camden, Wayne, Effingham, Bullock, and Tatnall; the second of the counties of Scriven, Burke, Richmond, Jefferson, Washington, and Montgomery; the third of the counties of Columbia, Warren, Hancock, and Greene, the fourth of the counties of Lincoln, Wilkes, Elbert, and Franklin; the fifth of the counties of Oglethorpe, Jackson, Clark, and Morgan; and the sixth of the counties of Laurens, Pulaski, Wilkinson, Telfair, Twiggs, Baldwin, Jones, Putnam, and Jasper,

formerly called Randolph.

And the state of Louisiana shall contain four collection dis- Louisiana to tricts, as follow: The first shall consist of the counties of Con-lection districts. cordia, Ouachitta, Natchitoches, and Rapides; the second of the counties of Lefourche, Opelousas, and Attakapas; the third of the counties of Orleans, German Coast, Acadia, Iberville, and Point Coupee; and the fourth of the parishes of Feliciana, East Baton Rouge, Saint Helena, and Saint Tammany.

The several counties and districts heretofore enumerated, shall The counties, be held, in reference to this act, to be such, and with the same to be held as be held, in reference to this act, to be such, and with the same boundaries, as they had at the time of taking the third census or denumeration of the people of the United States; and where any denumeration of the people of the United States; and where any denumeration of the people of the United States; and where any denumeration of the people of the United States; and where any denumeration of the people of the United States; and where any denumeration of the people of the United States; and where any denumeration of the people of the United States; and where any denumeration of the said collection of the said collection districts omposing any one of the said collection districts, such deconsidered as part of such collection district; and if such new county shall have been, or here-life a new county after shall be, formed out of counties lying in different collection districts, then the secretary of the treasury shall determine to different different districts, the action of such collection districts it shall belong.

Sect. 2. And be it further enacted, That one collector and one one of principal assessor shall be appointed for each of the said collectors, and reside within the same; and if the appointment of the said collectors, dentured the many of them, shall not be made during the present session of congress the many denture of the said collectors, dentured the many of them, shall not be made during the present session of congress the many denture of the said collectors.

or any of them, shall not be made during the present session of congress, the president of the United States shall be, and is The president hereby, empowered to make such appointment during the recess during the record the senate, by granting commissions, which shall expire at cess, &c. the end of their next session.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That each of the principal Principal assessors shall divide his district into a convenient number of their districts assessment districts, within each of which he shall appoint one districts. respectable freeholder to be assistant assessor: Provided, That Assistant assessor the secretary of the treasury shall be, and hereby is, authorized Provinc; the so to reduce the number of assessment districts in any collection distreasury authorized to reduce trict in any state, if the number shall appear to him to be too the number of great; and each assessor, so appointed, and accepting the appoint. Each assessor to ment, shall, before he enters on the duties of his appointment, acribe an oath. take and subscribe, before some competent magistrate, or some collector to be appointed by this act, (who is hereby empowered to administer the same,) the following oath or affirmation, to wit: "I, A B, do swear or affirm, (as the case may be), that I will, Form of the to the best of my knowledge, skill, and judgment, diligently and faithfully execute the office and duties of assessor for (naming the assessment district) without favor or partiality, and that I will do equal right and justice, in every case in which I shall act as assessor." And a certificate of such oath or affirmation shall be A certificate of delivered to the collector of the district for which such assessor the cath to be delivered to the

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collector, &c. Every assessor acting without having taken the oath, to for-

shall be appointed; and every assessor, acting in the said office, without having taken the said oath or affirmation, shall forfeit and pay one hundred dollars, one moiety to the use of the United States, and the other to him who shall first sue for the same, feit 100 dolls, 80c. to be recovered, with costs of suit, in any court having competent jurisdiction.

The secretary of the treasury to

The principal

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the secretary of the establish regular treasury shall establish regulations suitable and necessary for carfor carrying this rying this act into effect; which regulations shall be binding on each assessor in the performance of the duties enjoined by or under this act; and also frame instructions for the said assessors; pursuant to which instructions, and whenever a direct tax shall son to be laid by the authority of the United States, the said principal and to inquire assessors shall, respectively, on such day as may be fixed by law after all lands, awelling houses, laying such a tax, direct and cause the several assistant assessors and enumerate, in the district, to inquire after and concerning all lands, lots of ground, with their improvements, dwelling houses, and slaves, made liable to taxation, under any direct tax so laid by the authority of the United States, by reference as well to any lists of assessment or collection taken under the laws of the respective states, as to any other records or documents, and by all other lawful ways and means, and to value and enumerate the said objects of taxation in the manner prescribed by this act, and in conformity with the regulations and instructions abovementioned. SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That whenever a direct

When a direct tax is laid, it is to be assessed, of lands, &ce, at the rate each is

Proviso; proper-ty belonging to the United States, to a state, or permanently exempted by the laws of the state, exempted from valuation, &c.

The assistant assessors to protheir districts, and require the owners or mana-gers of land, dwelling houses, and slaves, &c. to deliver writ-ten lists, &c.

tax shall be laid by the authority of the United States, the same shall be assessed and laid on the value of all lands, lots of ground worth in money. With their improvements, dwelling houses and slaves; which several articles, subject to taxation, shall be enumerated and valued by the respective assessors, at the rate each of them is worth in money: Provided, however, That all property of whatever kind, coming within any of the foregoing descriptions, and belonging to the United States, or any state, or permanently or specially exempted from taxation by the laws of the state wherein the same may be situated, shall be exempted from the aforesaid enumeration and valuation, and from the direct tax aforesaid.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That the respective assistant assessors shall, immediately after being required as aforesaid by the principal assessors, proceed through every part of their respective districts, and shall require all persons owning, poswillinghomes, sessing, or having the care or management of any lands. lots of ground, dwelling houses, or slaves, lying and being within the collection district where they reside, and liable to the direct tax as aforesaid, to deliver written lists of the same, which lists shall be made in such manner as may be directed by the principal assessor, and, as far as practicable, conformably to those which may be required for the same purpose under the authority of the respective states.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That if any person 18 not prepared, accressed, shall not be prepared to exhibit a written list when to disclose particulars, &c. the required, and shall consent to disclose the particulars of any and officer is make all the lands, lots of ground, with their improvements, dwelling houses, and slaves, taxable as aforesaid, then, and in such case, it shall be the duty of the officer to make such list, which being distinctly read and consented to, shall be received as the list of

such person.

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That if any such person If any person de shall deliver, or disclose, to any assessor appointed in pursuance any assessor, of this act, and requiring a list or lists as aforesaid, any false or fraudulent list, which is act, and requiring a list or lists as aforesaid, any false or fraudulent list, and required to the state of the sta fraudulent list, with intent to defeat or evade the valuation or with intent to evade, Ke, he enumeration hereby intended to be made, such person so offend-will be fired, and have to pay and have to pay ing, and being thereof convicted before any court having compe-consand charges tent jurisdiction, shall be fined in a sum not exceeding five hundred dollars, nor less than one hundred dollars, at the discretion of the court, and shall pay all costs and charges of prosecution; and the valuation and enumeration required by this act shall, in all such cases, be made as aforesaid, upon lists according to the form above described, to be made out by the assessors, respect in case of false tively, which lists the said assessors are hereby authorized and assessors may required to make, according to the best information they can ob- mis s, &c. and tain, and for the purpose of making which they are hereby authorpeal from such
ized to enter into and upon all and singular the premises respecvaluation. tively; and from the valuation and enumeration so made, there shall be no appeal.

SECT. 9. And be it further enacted, That in case any person is absent when shall be absent from his place of residence, at the time an assessor the assessor shall call to receive the list of such person, it shall be the duty of leave a written such assessor to leave, at the house, or place of residence, of such note, &c. person, a written note or memorandum, requiring him to present to such assessor, the list or lists required by this act, within ten

days from the date of such note or memorandum.

SECT. 10. And be it further enacted, That if any person, on If any person being notified or required as aforesaid, shall refuse or neglect to ed, refus a or give such list or lists as aforesaid, within the time required by list, &c. the this act, it shall be the duty of the assessor for the assessment assessment assessor is to district, within which such person shall reside, and he is hereby lands, &c. and authorized and required, to enter into and upon the lands, dwell-lists on his own view. Ex. ing houses, and premises, if it be necessary, of such person so view, &s. refusing or neglecting, and to make, according to the best information which he can obtain, and on his own view and information, such lists of the lands, lots of ground with their improvements, dwelling houses, and slaves, owned, possessed, or under the care or management of such person, as are required by this act; which lists, so made, and subscribed by such assessor, shall The lists made, be taken and reputed as good and sufficient lists of the persons the avesso to and property for which such person is to be taxed, for the pur- and sufficient, poses of this act; and the person so failing or neglecting, unless The person failing case of sickness or absence from home, shall, moreover, for ingo forfeit 100 feel in the case of sickness or absence from home, shall, moreover, for ingo forfeit 100 feel in the case of sickness or absence from home, shall, moreover, for including the case of the case feit and pay the sum of one hundred dollars, to be recovered, for ke the use of the United States, with costs of suit, in any court having competent jurisdiction.

SECT. 11. And be it further enacted, That whenever there Whenever, in shall be, in any assessment district, any property, lands, lots of district, the rolls ground, dwelling houses, or slaves, not owned or possessed by, any property, and owned.

or under the care or management of, any person or persons See by any per- within such district, and liable to be taxed as aforesaid, and no district, stable to list of which shall be transmitted to the principal assessor, in the be taxed, and no manner provided by this act, it shall be the duty of the assessor to the principal and required, to assessor, &c. the enter into and upon the real estate, if it be necessary, and take district is required. ed to enter upon such view thereof, and of the slaves of such absent persons, of the eague, take view, Re. and to which lists are required, and to make lists of the same accord-make lists, &c. ing to the form prescribed by this act; which lists, being subscribed by the said assessor, shall be taken and reputed as good and sufficient lists of such property, under and for the purposes of this act.

SECT. 12. And be it further enacted, That the owners, pos-

Owners, &c. of lands, &c not lying in the district wher they

sessors, or persons having the care and management, of lands, lots of ground, dwelling houses, and slaves, not lying or being act, (provided the assessment district in which the said objects of taxation lie or be, is therein distinctly stated) at the time and in the manner prescribed, to the assessor of the assessment district wherein such persons reside. And it shall be the duty of the assistant assessors, in all such cases, to transmit such lists, the list, See to at the time and in the manner prescribed for the transmission of principal as the lists of the objects of taxation lying and being within their respective assessment districts, to the principal assessor of their collection district, whose duty it shall be to transmit them to the principal assessor of the collection district wherein the said objects of taxation shall lie or be, immediately after the receipt thereof; and the said lists shall be valid and sufficient for the purposes of this act; and on the delivery of every such list, the person making and delivering the same, shall pay to the assistant assessor one dollar, one-half whereof he shall retain to his own use, and the other half thereof he shall pay over to the principal assessor of his district for the use of such principal assessor.

Assistant assessors to transmit the principal as is to transmit them to the principal assessor of the district where the pro-perty lies, &c.

the as ista sessor for each one dollar, &c. The lists to be taken with re-ference to the

The person making and de-

liv ring such lists, to pay to

act of congress, The assistant assessors to arand make two general lists,

The first list to exhibit, &c.

The second list to exhibit, &c.

shall be taken with reference to the day fixed for that purpose by day fixed by the the act or acts of congress laying the tax or taxes; and the assistant assessors respectively, after collecting the said lists, shall proceed to arrange the same, and to make two general lists, the first of which shall exhibit, in alphabetical order, the names of all persons liable to pay a tax under the authority of the United States, residing within the assessment district, together with the value and assessment of the objects liable to taxation within such district, for which each such person is liable to pay a direct tax and whenever so required by the principal assessor, the amoust of direct tax, payable by each person on such objects under the state laws imposing direct taxes; and the second list shall Exhibit in alphabetical order, the names of all persons residing out of the collection district, owners of property within the district, to gether with the value and assessment thereof, or amount of direct tax The forms of the due thereon, as aforesaid. The forms of the said general list general lists to shall be devised and prescribed by the principal assessor, and

SECT. 13. And be it further enacted, That the lists aforesaid

lists taken according to such form shall be made out by the assistant assessors, and delivered to the principal assessor within the principal as sixty days after the day fixed by the act of congress requiring to be delivered. lists from individuals. And if any assistant assessor shall fail to &c. perform any duty assigned by this act, within the time prescribed assistant asses by his precept, warrant, or other legal instructions, not being preduty, the duty, the country of the prescribed assistant asses by his precept, warrant, or other legal instructions, not being preduty, the duty, the duty the prescribed assistant asses by his precept, warrant, or other legal instructions, not being preduty, the duty the prescribed assistant asses by his precept, warrant or other legal instructions, not being prevented therefrom by sickness or other unavo dable accident, every privated by sickness see to such assessor shall be discharged from office, and shall, moreover, be discharged forfeit and pay two hundred dollars, to be recovered, for the use dollars, to of the United States, in any court having competent jurisdiction. with costs of suit.

aforesaid, the principal assessor in each collection district shall, he principal assessor in each by advertisement in some public newspaper, if any such there district is to be in such district, and by written notifications to be publickly where the lists of the most public places in each assessment where the lists of the most public places in each assessment where the lists of the most public places in each assessment where the lists of the most public places in each assessment. posted up in at least four of the most public places in each assessed, and that, may be examined, and that, ment district, advertise all persons concerned of the place where appeals will be appeals will be the said lists, valuations, and enumerations, may be seen and examined; and that, during twenty-five days after the publication of the notification as aforesaid, appeals will be received and determined by him relative to any erroneous or excessive valuations or enumerations by the assessor. And it shall be the duty of The principal the principal assessor in each collection district, during twenty- the 25 days. to five days after the date of public notification to be made as afore-cedings of the said, to submit the proceedings of the assessors, and the lists by assessors, and the lists by lists, to the in them received or taken as aforesaid, to the inspection of any and persons, &c.

all persons who shall apply for that purpose; and the said prin
The principal cipal assessors are hereby authorized to receive, hear, and deter- assessors are hereby authorized to receive, hear, and determine, in a summary way, according to law and right, upon any determine peals, &c. and all appeals which may be exhibited against the proceedings of the said assessors: Provided always, That the question to be Provise; the determined by the principal assessor, on an appeal respecting the determined on valuation of property, shall be, whether the valuation complained appeal to be wheth r th vaof be or be not in a just relation or proportion to other valua-bation complained of be or tions in the same assessment district. And all appeals to the benot in a just principal assessors, as aforesaid, shall be made in writing, and others, &c.

SECT. 14. And be it further enacted, That, immediately after After the value the valuations and enumerations shall have been completed, as been completed

shall specify the particular cause, matter, or thing, respecting in writing, &c.
which a decision is requested; and shall moreover state the
ground or principle of inequality or error complained of; and the
principal assessor shall have power to re-examine and equalize
the valuations as shall appear just and equitable; but no valuamine and qualitions: tion shall be increased without a previous notice of at least five but no increase days to the party interested to appear and object to the same, if without pre- he judge proper; which notice shall be given by a note in mine and qualhe judge proper; which notice shall be given by a note in writ-

as the principal assessor shall designate for that purpose. SECT. 15. And be it further enacted, That whenever the quotas whenever the or portions of direct tax payable by the states, respectively, shall rect tax payable be laid and apportioned by law on the counties or state districts, and such county or counties, state district or districts, shall contain more than tain more than one assessment district, then and in that case, the one assessment

ing, to be left at the dwelling house of the party by such assessor

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ered, &c. to revisc and qualize the valuations,

principal assessors shall have power, on examination of the lists principal assest rendered by the assistant assessors, according to the provisions of this act, to revise, adjust, and equalize, the valuations of lands, lots of ground with their improvements, dwelling houses, and slaves, between such assessment districts, by deducting from or adding to either such a rate per centum as shall appear just and equitable.

After hearing principal asses sors are to make out lists. con-

SECT. 16. And be it further enacted, That immediately after equalizing value hearing appeals, and adjusting and equalizing the valuations, according to the provisions of the preceding section, the principal assessors, respectively, shall make out lists containing the sums mining the ums payable according to the assessments aforesaid and according to the provisions of this act, upon every object of taxation within their respective districts, so as to raise upon the county or counties, state, district or districts, contained within the collection districts established by this act, for which they are respectively appointed, the quota of the direct tax laid by the United States, which shall have been imposed on such county or counties, state, district or districts, by the law laying such direct tax; which lists shall contain the name of each person residing within the collection district liable to pay the direct tax, or of the person residing within the said district, and having the care or superintendence of property lying within the said district, which is liable to the payment of said tax, where such person or persons are known, together with the sum payable by each such person or persons aforesaid, on account of the said direct tax as afore-And where there is any property within any collection said. district, liable to the payment of the direct tax, not owned or occupied by or under the superintendence of any person resident therein, there shall be a separate list of such property, specifying the sums payable, and the names of the respective proprietors, where known.

The lists to commin the name of each person, Lc.

Where there is any property not owned or occupied. &c. there is to be a sepa-rate list, &c.

Each collector to be furnished with a list withthe principal as sessors hav ceiv d the lists from the assistant, &c.

three receipts, tion, c. Two of the re on : ggregate one to be transsecretary the other to the comptroller, of the treasury. Lach collector to give bond in double the

SECT 17. And be it further enacted, That each of the collectors, to be appointed as aforesaid, shall, within sixty days from in 60 days after the day on which the principal assessors shall have received the lists from the assistant assessors, be furnished by the principal assessors with one or more of the lists prepared, in conformity with the preceding sections, by the principal assessor, signed and Each collector, certified by such assessor. And each collector, on receiving a on receiving a list as aforesaid, shall subscribe three receipts, one of which shall be given on a full and correct copy of such list, which list and Alist and receipt receipt shall remain with the principal assessor, and be open to the principal as- the inspection of any person who may apply to inspect the same; open for inspec- and the other two receipts shall be given on aggregate statements of the lists aforesaid, exhibiting the gross amount of taxes to be eript to be given collected in each county or state district contained in the collecstatements, acc tion district; one of which aggregate statements and receips shall be transmitted to the secretary, and the other to the comp troller, of the treasury.

SECT. 18. And be it further enacted, That each collector, before receiving any list as aforesaid, for collection, shall give bond, with one or more good and sufficient sureties, to be approved by the comptroller of the treasury, in at least double the amount of the taxes assessed in the collection district for which he may be amount of the appointed; which bond shall be payable to the United States, &c. The bond to be with condition for the true and faithful discharge of the duties payable to the of his office, according to law, and particularly for the due col-with condition, lection and payment of all moneys assessed upon such district; &c. The bond to be and said ond shall be transmitted to, and deposited in, the office deposited in the office of the of the comptroller of the treasury.

SECT. 19. And be it further enacted, That the taxes so as- The taxes a sessed shall be and remain a lien upon all lands and other real lien, &c. fortwo estate, and all slaves of the individuals who may be assessed for are due, see the same, during two years after the time it shall become due and payable; and the said lien shall extend to each and every Extent of the part of all tracts or lots of land or dwelling houses, notwithstand-

ing the same may have been divided or alienated in part.

SECT. 20. And be it further enacted, That each collector shall collector may hand and seal, as many deputies as he may think proper, assign-powers, &c. ing to each such deputy, by that instrument of writing, such portion of his collection district as he may think proper; and also to revoke the powers of any deputy, giving public notice thereof in that portion of the district assigned to such deputy. each such deputy shall have the like authority in every respect, thority, &c. to collect the tax so assessed within the portion of the district assigned to him, which is by this act vested in the collector himself; but each collector shall, in every respect, be responsible collectors to be both to the United States and to individuals, as the case may be, their deputies, for all moneys collected, and for every act done, as deputy col- &c. lector, by any of his deputies, whilst acting as such: Provided, Proviso; nothing That nothing herein contained shall prevent any collector from vent the colleccollecting, himself, the whole or any part of the tax so assessed ing the whole, and payable in his district.

SECT. 21. And be it further enacted, That each of the said The collectors to give notice collectors, or his deputies, shall, within ten days after receiving that the tax has his collection list, advertise, in one newspaper printed in his coland state the lection district, if any there be, and by notifications to be posted at which they up in at least four public places in his collection district, that the will attend, &ce. said tax has become due and payable, and state the times and places at which he or they will attend to receive the same, which shall be within twenty days after such notification; and with respect to persons who shall not attend, according to such notifications, it shall be the duty of each collector, in person, or by decide to duty of the collectors, it is the collectors, it is the collectors, in person, or by decide to the duty of the collectors, it is the collectors, in the puty, to apply once at their respective dwellings, within such to apply at their dwellings once, district, and there demand the taxes payable by such persons; &c. which application shall be made within sixty days after the reshall not be then paid, or within twenty days thereafter, it shall days after application, the collect the said taxes of the taxes are shall not be then paid, or within twenty days thereafter, it shall days after application, the collect the said taxes by distress and sale of the goods, chattels, or collectors may proceed to collect the said taxes by distress and sale of the goods, chattels, or collectors may proceed to collect the said taxes by distress and sale of the goods, chattels, or collectors may proceed to collectors may pr effects, of the persons delinquent as aforesaid, with a commission of eight per centum upon the said taxes, to and for the use of Proviso; tools, such collector: Provided, That it shall not be lawful to make &c. exempted

And Each deputy to

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distress of the tools or implements of a trade or profession. beasts of the plough necessary for the cultivation of improved lands, arms, or household furniture, or apparel necessary for a family.

When goods, chattels, exc. cannot be found to satisfy the ing advertised, be sold for the amount, &c. the collector is to purchase it in behalf of the United States.

SECT. 22. And be it further enacted, That whenever goods. chattels, or effects, sufficient to satisfy any tax upon dwellinghouses or lands, and their improvements, owned, occupied, or houses, &c. the superintended, by persons known and residing within the same collection district, cannot be found, the collector, having first advertised the same for thirty days in a newspaper printed within anuch of the property as will
pay the taxes,
and so per cent. at least ten public places within the same, a notification of the
and if it cannot

and if i intended sale, thirty days previously thereto, shall proceed to sell at public sale so much of the said property as may be necessary to satisfy the taxes due thereon, together with an addition of twenty per centum to the said taxes. And if the property so advertised for sale, cannot be sold for the amount of the tax due thereon, with the said additional per centum thereto, the collector shall purchase the same in behalf of the United States, for the amount aforesaid: Provided, That the owner or superintendent of the property aforesaid, after the same shall have been as aforesold, shall be allowed to pay the amount of the tax thereon, with

Proviso; the owner may pre-vent th. sale, after advertisethe tax and ten per cent.

ment, by paying said advertised for sale, and before it shall have been actually an addition of ten per centum on the same, on the payment of which the sale of the said property shall not take place: Provided Proviso; the owners, their beirs, &c. may also, That the owners, their heirs, executors, or administrators. redeem the pro- or any person in their behalf, shall have liberty to redeem the lands and other property sold as aforesaid, within two years from the time of sale, upon payment to the collector, for the use paid by the purchaser, his heirs or assigns, of the amount paid by such chaser, with in of the purchaser, his heirs or assigns, of the amount paid by such chaser, at the purchaser, with interest for the same, at the rate of twenty per rate of 30 per centum per annum; and no deed shall be given in pursuance of such sale, until the time of redemption shall have expired; and the collector shall render a distinct account of the charges incur-The collector red in offering and advertising for sale such property, and shall render a distinct red in offering and advertising if any there he of the aforepay into the treasury the surplus, if any there be, of the aforecharged, &c. pay into the treasury the surplus, if any there be, of the afore-and pay the sur- said addition of twenty per centum, or ten per centum, as the plus of the 30 per case may be, after defraying the said charges.

perty sold, within 3 years, upon payment of the amount No deed until demption exthe treasury.
Where the taxes owners of the property may pay the tax with an addition of

10 per cent.

SECT. 23. And be it further enacted, That, with respect to prohave not been perty lying within any collection district, not owned, occupied, days on property or superintended, by some person residing therein, and on which triet not owned, the tax shall not have been paid to the collector within ninety But by a person the tax shall not have been paid to the collection which he shall have received the collection the collector is to transmit lists lists from the principal assessor, the collector shall transmit lists of the same to one of the collectors within the same state, to be the same dais of the same to one of the collectors within the same state, to be nated by the see designated for that purpose by the secretary of the treasury. And treasury, which the collector who shall have been thus designated by the secretary of the treasury, shall transmit receipts, for all the lists reecipts, give no tice, see anothe ceived as aforesaid, to the collector transmitting the same, and the collectors thus designated in each state by the secretary of the treasury, shall cause notifications of the taxes due as aforesaid, and contained in the lists thus transmitted to them, to be

sublished for sixty days, in at least one of the newspapers pubfished in the state; and the owners of the property on which such tastes may be due, shall be permitted to pay to such collector the said tax, with an addition of ten per centum thereon: Provided, Such payment is made within one year after the day Province; the on which the collector of the district, where such property lies, be made within had notified that the tax had become due on the same.

SECT. 24. And be it further enacted, That when any tax, as when the tax aforesaid, shall have remained unpaid for the term of one year unpaid for a as aforesaid, the collector in the state where the property lies, and year, &c. the collector desi who shall have been designated by the secretary of the treasury mated by the secretary of the treasury mated by the secretary of the treasury of the secretary of the property as the property secretary of the property satisfy the taxes due thereon, together with an addition of twenty the laxes, with per centum thereon. If the property advertised for sale cannot addition of secretary of the property the United States, for the amount aforesaid. And the collector is to purchase it shall render a distinct account of the charges incurred in offer- in behalf at the sing and advertising for sale such property, and pay into the treation render a distinct account of the charges incurred in offer- The collector is to render a distinct account of the charges incurred in offer- the collector is the collector in the collector in the collector is the collector in the collector in the collector is the collector in the collector in the collector is the collector in the collector in the collector is the collector in the collector in the collector is the collector in the collector in the collector is to purchase it i sury the surplus, if any, of the aforesaid addition of ten or the charge, and twenty per cent. as the case may be, after defraying the said pay the surplus of the 10 or of the to grant the surplus of the 10 or of charges.

SECT. 25. And be it further enacted, That the collectors designated as aforesaid, by the secretary of the treasury, shall de-designated by posite with the clerks of the district courts of the United States, the nestury to deposite with the respective states, and within which district the property the clerks of the likes, correct lists of the tracts of lands or other real property sold correct lists of the virtue of this act, for nonpayment of taxes, together with the bold, &c. together with the sold, &c. together with the sold, &c. together with the sold. names of the owners, or presumed owners, of the purchasers of ther with the the same at the public sales aforesaid, and of the amount paid by such purchasers for the same. The owners, their heirs, executer the owners, their heirs, see tors, or administrators, or any person in their behalf, shall have may redeem the liberty to redeem the lands or other property sold as aforesaid, within two within two years from the time of sale, upon payment to the years, upon payment of the sear, upon payment of the sear, upon payment of the sear to be years. clerk aforesaid, for the use of the purchaser, his heirs or assigns, amount paid by of the amount paid by such purchaser for the said land or other with a per real property, with interest for the same, at the rate of twenty and a commission of five per centum per annum, and of a commission of five per centum cont. to the on such payment, for the use of the clerk aforesaid. The clerks to shall, on application, pay to the purchasers the moneys thus paid any the money, for their use, and they shall give deeds for the lands or property better use. for their use, and they shall give deeds for the lands or property to the purchasers entitled to the same, in all cases where the same shall not have been redeemed within two years as aforesaid, by the original owners thereof, or their legal representatives; and the said clerks shall be entitled to receive from The clerks to The purchaser the sum of two dollars for every such deed, to be dolls, for every paid on the delivery thereof to such purchasers; and in all cases deed. where lands may be sold under this act, for the payment of taxes Lands sold, &c. belonging to infants, persons of insane mind, married women, or hants, usine persons beyond sea, such persons shall have the term of two women, &c., may

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years after their respective disabilities shall have been removed, or their return into the United States, to redeem lands thus sold, on their paying into the clerk's office aforesaid, the amount paid by cusabilities of such persons are the purchaser, together with ten per cent. per annum thereon; and on their paying to the purchaser of the land aforesaid a compensation for all improvements he may have made on the premises subsequent to his purchase, the value of which improvements to be ascertained by three or more neighboring freeholders, to be appointed by the clerk aforesaid, who, on actual view of the premises, shall assess the value of such improvements, on their oaths, and make a return of such valuation to the clerk aforesaid immediately.

The collectors to trunsmit to the treasury monthly statements of collections, and pay over quarterly or sooner, &c.

Proviso; one year and three to collectors designated by the secretary of the treasury, &cc.

Each collector and allow d eredit, &c.

cases of insolvency, &c. Each collector of the United The comptroll r of the treasury

marshal, &c.

SECT. 26. And be it further enacted, That the several collecthe secretary of tors shall, at the expiration of every month after they shall respectively commence their collections, transmit to the secretary of the treasury a statement of the collections made by them, respectively, within the month, and pay over quarterly or sooner, if so required by the said secretary, the moneys by them respectively Each of the col- collected within the said term. And each of the said collectors lectors to complete the collection of all sums assigned to him for collection, &c. within lection as aforesaid, shall pay over the same into the treasury, six months, &c. and shall render his final account to the treasury department, within six months from and after the day when he shall have received the collection lists from the principal assessor: Pravided, however, That the period of one year and three months from months allowed the said day shall be allowed to the collector designated in each state as aforesaid, by the secretary of the treasury, with respect to the taxes contained in the list transmitted to him by the other collectors as aforesaid.

Sect. 27. And be it further enacted, That each collector shall to be charged with the whole amount of taxes by him receipted, amount of taxes, whether contained in the lists delivered to him by the receipted, whether contained in the lists delivered to him by the principal assessor or transmitted to him by other collectors, and he shall be allowed credit for the amount of taxes contained in the lists transmitted in the manner above provided to other collectors, and by them receipted as aforesaid; and also for the taxes of such persons as may have absconded or become insolvent, subsequent to the date of the assessment, and prior to the day when the tax ought, according to the provisions of this act, to have been col-Proviso; as to pro for due pro for due comptroller of the treasury, that due diligence was used by the comptroller of the treasury, that due diligence was used by the collector, and that no property was left from which the tax could have been recovered. And each collector designated in each state designated by the secretary of the treasury, shall receive credit the treasury, to for the taxes due for all tracts of land, which, after being offered for tracts pur for sale by him in the manner aforesaid, shall or may have been chased in behalf purchased by him in behalf of the United States.

SECT. 28. And be it further enacted, That if any collector shall fail either to collect or to render his account, or to pay over in rants of distress the manner or within the times hereinbefore provided, it shall be quin coll ctore the duty of the comptroller of the treasury, and he is hereby authorized and required, immediately after such delinquency, to

issue a warrant of distress against such delinquent collector and his sureties, directed to the marshal of the district, therein expressing the amount of the taxes imposed on the district of such collector, and the sums, if any, which have been paid; and the The marshal to said marshal shall, himself, or by his deputy, immediately proceed to levy and collect the sum which may remain due, by dis- against the detress and sale of the goods and chattels or any personal effects of tor. the delinquent collector; and for want of goods, chattels, or effects, For want of aforesaid, sufficient to satisfy the said warrant, the same may be goods the collector may be come. levied on the person of the collector, who may be committed to mitted to priprison, there to remain until discharged in due course of law; and furthermore, notwithstanding the commitment of the collector to Norwithstand-prison as aforesaid, or if he abscond, and goods, chattels, and ing the commit-ment of the col-effects, cannot be found sufficient to satisfy the said warrant, the said marshal or his deputy shall and may proceed to levy and may proceed by collect the sum which may remain due, by distress and sale of against the surethe goods and chattels, or any personal effects, of the surety or sureties of the deliaquent collectors. And the amount of the The amount of sums committed to any collector for collection, as aforesaid, sums committed to shall, and the same are hereby, declared to be a lien upon the collection, to be a lien upon the same shall be discharged according to law; and for want of goods sureties, until the real state of him and his sureties, until, and shared a collection and shared according to law; and for want of goods sureties, until, and shared a collection and his sureties, until, and shared a collection and his sureties, until, and shared a collection are sureties. and chattels or other personal effects of such collector or his sureke.

Roy want of
ties, sufficient to satisfy any warrant of distress issued pursuant
to the preceding section of this act, the lands and real estate of
such collector and his sureties, or so much thereof as may be
sureties, after
being advertised
may be sold. for at least three weeks, in not less than three public places in the collection district, and in one newspaper printed in the county or district, if any there be, prior to the proposed time of sale, may and shall be sold by the marshal or his deputy; and for all Theconvey lands and real estate sold in pursuance of the authority aforesaid, of the marshals the conveyances of the marshals or their deputies, executed in due form of law, shall give a valid title against all persons claim-title, &c. ing under delinquent collectors or their sureties aforesaid; and all Moneys remainmoneys that may remain of the proceeds of such sale, after satisfying the said warrant of distress, and paying the reasonable costs rant of distress, and charges of sale, shall be returned to the proprietor of the dot of the proprietor of the said. lands or real estate sold as aforesaid.

SECT. 29. And be it further enacted, That each and every col&c. guilty of lector, or his deputy, who shall exercise or be guilty of any ex
liable to sex me. tortion or oppression, under color of this act, or shall demand exceeding 300 other or greater sums than shall be authorized by law, shall be dolls acc liable to pay a sum not exceeding three hundred dollars, to be recovered by and for the use of the party injured, with costs of suit, in any court having competent jurisdiction; and each and Each collector, every collector and his deputies shall, if required, give receipts for to give receipts. all sums by them collected and retained in pursuance of this act.

SECT. 30. And be it further enacted, That there shall be al- compensation lowed and paid for the services performed under this act: To of principal assessors. each principal assessor, two dollars for every day employed in hearing appeals and making out lists agreeably to the provisions

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Compensation of assistant mesors.

of this act, and four dollars for every hundred taxable persons contained in the tax list as delivered by him to the collector: To each assistant assessor, one dollar and fifty cents for every day actually employed in collecting lists and making valuations, the number of days necessary for that purpose being certified by the principal assessor and approved by the comptroller of the treasury, and three dollars for every hundred taxable persons contained in the tax list as completed and delivered by him to Appendentallow the principal assessor: And the assessors, respectively, shall be allowed their necessary and reasonable charges for books and stationery used in the execution of their duties.

ed reasonable charges for books, &c.

The allowances to be paid at the gn asury, to the principal as-\$50.000 dolls. appropriated.

SECT. 31. And be it further enacted, That the allowances made as aforesaid to the assessors, shall be paid at the treasury, to the principal assessors, respectively; for which purpose one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, are hereby appropriated.

Whore no person can be found in a district to for, &c. the pre-sident may ap-point one of the

The deputy Separate accounts to be kept at the treasury of all mo eysreei ed from the direct tax and from internal duties, &c.

The amount of moneys from each state to be distinguished,

SECT. 32. And be it further enacted. That, in cases where no person can be found in any collection district, or assessment district, to serve either as collector, principal assessor, or assistant assessor, respectively, the president of the United States is here-Benuty postmas- by authorized to appoint one of the deputy postmasters in such districts, to serve as collector or assessor, as the case may be; and it shall be the duty of such deputy postmaster to perform, boundaberform accordingly, the duties of such officer.

SECT. 33. And be it further enacted, That whenever a direct tax shall be assessed, or internal duties laid, separate accounts of each shall be kept at the treasury of the United States, of all moneys received from the direct tax, and from internal duties, showing upon what articles, or subjects of taxation, those duties accrued; also the amount of moneys paid to collectors, assessors, assistant assessors, or other officers employed in the collection thereof; distinguishing the amount of moneys received from each state, and from what tax or species of duties received; and distinguishing, also, the amount of moneys paid to the officers The seer tary of in each state; which accounts it shall be the duty of the secretathe treasury to lay the accounts ry of the treasury, annually, in the month of December, to lay before congress. [Approved, July 22, 1813.]

[See he nor at the end of ch.7 0, post.] CHAP. 545. [XVII.] An act to regulare the allowance of forage to officers in the army of the United States.*

&c. an quivaployed.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-Officers entitled tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That to forage, to regeive, in lieu. all officers in the military service of the United States, who are lentin money at by law entitled to forage, shall receive in lieu thereof, when not the rap- of 8 dolla per month drawn in kind, an equivalent in money, at the rate of eight dollars per month for each horse to which they may be entitled: lowanc for more Provided. That no allowance shall be made to any officer for according to the provided of the provid more horses than he shall actually employ in the public service. [Approved, July 22, 1813.] CHAP. 546. [XVIII.] An act to establish the town of Mobile a port of entry.

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SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, from and after the first day of August next, the town of Mobile Aug. 1813, the shall be, and the same is hereby, established the sole port of town of Mobile entry for the district, including the shores, waters, and inlets, of sol port fently the bay and river Mobile, and of the other rivers, creeks, inlets, including the shores, waters. and bays, emptying into the gulph of Mexico, east of the said shores, waters, river Mobile, and west thereof to the eastern boundary of the state of Louisiana. [Approved, July 22, 1813.]

CHAP. 547. [XIX.] An act for the relief of Edwin T. Satterwhite.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- 1814; chap. 639, tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the accountant of the navy department be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to assume the day of the departure of the united States, brig Vixen from a port in the United States, on her last cruize, as the day on which the account of said Edwin T. Satterwhite, the purser of said brig, shall be settled and balanced. And that the accountant of the navy department be authorized to pay to the said Edwin T. Satterwhite such sum as may be due for pay and commissions, previous to the said day of the sailing of the brig Vixen from a port in the United States, if in his judgment any such sum may be due. States, if in his judgment any such sum may be due.

[Approved, July 22, 1813.] of the Vixen, &

CHAP. 548. [XX.] An act for the relief of Alexander Scott.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the secretary for the department of state be directed to cause to state directe be settled the accounts of Alexander Scott, for his trouble and cause the accounts of Alexander Scott, for his trouble and cause the accounts of Alexander Scott to a settled for his conditions and other recursories and in condition to the settled for his sions and other necessaries, and in sending from Porto Cavello trouble, &c. in the port of New York, the crew of the private armed schooner Rosamond, who were confined on board a Spanish armed Cavello to New York, the crew of the private armed schooner to New York, the crew of the private o sundry distressed American seamen from Porto Rico to the port and also, of New York; and that he allow the said Alexander Scott full reimbursement reimbursement for all expenses incurred for the purposes aforesaid, and also such compensation for his trouble therein as may &c. be deemed just and equitable.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That a sum not exceeding Not exceeding 9 000 dolls. ap nine thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, propriated for out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, this age. for the purposes aforesaid. [Approved, July 22, 1813.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, A duty of 4 cents per lb. on sugar states, after the the United States, a duty of four cents per pound.

commencing the business, to make entry and report, in writing, to the collector, &c of every building, pan, boiler, &c.

from and after the first day of January next, there be levied, collected, and paid, upon all sugar which shall be refined within Ev. ty refin r of Sect. 2. And be it further enacted, That every refiner of susugar, Sc. 20
days previous to gar, who shall be such immediately before and on the first day

of January next, shall, on the said day, and every refiner of sugar who shall be and become such after the said day, shall, twenty days at the least previous to commencing the business of refining sugar, make true and exact entry and report in writing to the collector, appointed by virtue of the act, entitled "An act for the assessment and collection of direct taxes and internal (*Anto,ch. 544.) duties."* for the collection district in which shall be the house or building where he or she shall carry on, or intend to carry on, the said business, of every house or building where such business shall be by him or her carried on, or intended so to be,

give bond, with ondition, &c.

and of every pan or boiler, together with the capacity of each, which he or she shall have or employ for the purpose of refining sagar refiners to sugar, and shall also give bond, in the sum of five thousand dol-

Quarterly accounts of refined shall have been refined, and shall, on the first day of April, July, sugar sent out,

to be entered, in a book or paper to be kept for that purpose, all sugar which he or she shall refine, or cause to be refined, and of the quantities; from day to day, by him or her sent out, or caused to be sent out, of the house or building where the same

lars, with condition that he or she shall and will enter, or cause

October, and January, in each year, render a just and true account of all the refined sugar which he or she shall have sent out, or caused or procured to be sent out, from the first time of his or her entry and report aforesaid, until the day which shall first ensue, of the days abovementioned, for the rendering of such account, and thenceforth, successively, from the time when such account ought to have been, and up to which it shall have been, last rendered, until the day next thereafter, of the Original book or days abovementioned, for the rendering of such account, propaper of daily paper of daily above heartenest, for the relatering of such account, propager of daily and the paper of daily and the pape

on the entries from day to day, to be made as aforesaid, have been made; and he or she shall, at the time of rendering each account, pay or secure the duties which by this act ought to be The duties to be paid upon the refined sugar in the said account mentioned: And if any such refiner shall omit to make any such entry or report, he or she shall forfeit and lose every pan or boiler which he or Refiners on the shall have and use for the purpose of refining sugar, and or boilers and ed with costs of suit.

paid or secured at the time of rendering the accounts, &c.
Refiners omit Every refiner to make outh that the accounts renders d have been just and true, &c.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That every such refiner shall, yearly, being thereunto required by the collector aforesaid. make oath or affirmation, according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that the accounts which have been by him or her

rendered of the quantities of refined sugar by him or her sent out, or procured or caused to be sent out, of the house or building, where the same shall have been manufactured, have been just and truc.

1813.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That if any person shall, Persons knowknowingly and with design, falsely swear or affirm touching any false, deemed of the matters hereinbefore required to be verified by oath or guity of wilful affirmation, he or she shall be deemed guilty of wilful and cor-jury. rupt perjury.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That every refiner of sugar Refiners, at each time of rendering an account, as hereinbefore re-rendering an account, quired, make a true and particular report of the buildings, pans, the buildings, and boilers, which he or she, at any time since that of rendering or k-pt, &c.
his or her last account, hath used or kept, and shall then have, since the last use, or keep, for earrying on the said business of refining sugar, of for tining the on pain of forfeiting, for each and every neglect or omission, all and so dollars such pans and boilers, together with the sum of five hundred dollars, to be recovered with costs of suit.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That all refined sugar Refined sugars, which shall have been manufactured or made within the United of paying or secured in manner aforesaid, after the said first day of January ties, are forfeitnext, whereof the duties aforesaid have not been duly paid or ed, and may be secured, according to the true intent and meaning of this act, shall, upon default being made in the paying or securing of the said duties, be forfeited, and shall and may be seized as forfeited, by the collector aforesaid, or officer of the customs.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for Refiners of suevery such refiner of sugar, at his or her option, either to pay, agar may pay the upon the rendering of his or her account as aforesaid, the duties defing their accounts, with a which shall thereby appear to be due and payable, with a deduction of of tion or abatement of six per cent. for prompt payment, or to bond for their common and the common at the common and the common at the common a give bond, with one or more sureties, to the satisfaction of the end of nine collector to whom such account shall be rendered, for the pay-months. ment of the said duties, at the expiration of nine months thereafter: Provided, That no person whose bond for any of the said Proviso; no feduties shall remain unpaid beyond the term allowed for the pay- ture credit until ment thereof, shall be entitled to future credit for any of the said paid. duties, so long as such bond shall remain unpaid.

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That the duties hereby The duties laid laid upon sugar refined within the United States, shall and may upon refined be drawn back upon all such of the said sugar refined within the upon the xport. United States, after the aforesaid first day of January next, which, stim thereof to the said states, after the said states and the said states aforeignment. after the said day, shall be exported from the United States to &c. any foreign port or place: Provided, That no drawback shall be Proviso; no allowed on any exportation as aforesaid, in any instance where diambuck unless the same shall amount to less than twelve dollars.

SECT. 9. And be it further enacted, That, in order to entitle Exporters to the exporter or exporters to the benefit of the said allowance of profiner of indrawback, he, she, or they, shall, previous to the putting or lading spection, at least any of the said refined sugar on board of any ship or vessel for of the intention of the said refined sugar on board of the specific o exportation, give six hours notice, at the least, to the proper Officer of inspection of the port from which the said sugar shall

be intended to be exported, of his, her, or their, intention to ex-

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inspect the packcc. which are to be laden in e presence of e same officer.

port the same, and of the number of packages containing the same, and the respective marks thereof, and the place or places where deposited, and of the place to which, and ship or vessel in which, they, or either of them, shall be so intended to be exported; whereupon it shall be the duty of the said officer to inspect, by himself or deputy, the packages so notified for exportation, and the same, after such inspection, shall be laden on board the same ship or vessel of which notice shall have been given, and in the presence of the same officer or his deputy who shall have inspected the same, which officer, after the same shall have been so laden on board, shall certify to the collector of the customs for the district the quantity and particulars of the refined sugar so laden for exportation. SECT. 10. And be it further enacted, That the said allowance

The allowance of drawback not to be made, un-

hes the exporter make oath or affirmation, that the said sugar, so noticed for exportation and laden on board such ship or vessel, is truly intended to be exported to the place whereof notice shall have been given, and is not intended to be relanded within the United States, and that he or she doth verily believe that the duties thereupon charged by this act have been duly paid, or secured to be paid; and shall also give bond, to the collector of the customs, with two sureties, one of whom shall be the master or other person having the command or charge of the ship or vessel, in which the said sugar shall be intended to be exported, the other such sufficient person as shall be approved by the said collector, in the full value, in the judgment of the said collector, of the sugar so intended to condition of the be exported, with condition that the said sugar (the dangers of the seas and enemies excepted) shall be really and truly exported to, and landed in, some port or place without the limits of the

> United States, and that the said sugar shall not be unshipped from on board the said ship or vessel whereupon the same shall have been laden for exportation, within the said limits, or any ports or harbors of the United States,) (shipwreck or other una-

> shall not be made, unless the said exporter or exporters shall

Exporters to give bond with wo sureties,

voidable accident excepted.) SECT. 11. And be it further enacted, That the said allowance shall not be paid until nine months after the said sugar shall have been so exported: Provided, That whenever the owner of any ship or vessel on board of which any such sugar is laden for exportation, shall make known to the collector, previous to the departure of such ship or vessel from the port where such sugar lector may grant is laden, that such ship or vessel is not going to proceed on the voyage intended, or the voyage is altered, it shall be lawful for the collector to grant a permit for relanding the same.

Drawback pay-able nine months after exporta-Proviso; upon information given that the proceed, or that the voyage is altered, the collanding, &c.

SECT. 12. And be it further enacted, That if any of the said after being shipped for exports- sugar, after the same shall have been shipped for exportation, shall
tion, is unshipbe unshipbe unshipbe unshipbe unshipped for any purpose whatever, either within the lims of the United States, or within four leagues of the coast thereof, or shall be relanded within the United States, from on board less in case of the ship or vessel wherein the same shall have been laden for exclusives, which is immediately to portation, unless the voyage shall not be proceeded on, or shall be made known,

ped within the limits of the United States,

te altered as aforesaid, or unless in case of necessity or distress, to save the ship and goods from perishing, which shall be imme- the vessel, sugar, save the ship and goods from perishing, which shall be infines are are forfeit fately made known to the principal officer of the customs resid-ed, and may be ing at the port nearest to which such ship or vessel shall be at soized, &c. the time such necessity or distress shall arise, then, not only the agar so unshipped, together with the casks, vessels, and cases, containing the same, but also the ship or vessel, in or on board of which the same shall have been so shipped or laden, together with the guns, furniture, ammunition, tackle, and apparel, and also the ship, vessel, or boat, into which the said sugar shall be mshipped or put, after the unshipping thereof, together with her guns, furniture, ammunition, tackle, and apparel, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any officer of the customs, or of inspection.

SECT. 13. And be it further enacted, That the bond to be The bond, in given as aforesaid shall and may be discharged, by producing, case of drawwithin one year from its date if the same shall be shipped to discharged by producing, see any part of Europe or America, and within two years, if shipped a certificate from a consul or from a consul or to any part of Asia or Africa; and if the delivery of the sugar, agent, or of two in respect to which the same shall have been given, be at any charts see testing the delivery place where a consul or other agent of the United States resides) very of the sura certificate of such consul or agent; or, if there be no consul or gar, &cc. agent, then a certificate of any two known and reputable American merchants, residing at the said place; and if there be not two such merchants residing at the said place, then a certificate of my other two reputable merchants, testifying the delivery of the said sugar at the said place; which certificate shall, in each case, The certificate be confirmed by the oath or affirmation of the master or mate, by the oath of or other like officer, of the vessel in which the said sugar shall the mater or or other like officer. have been exported; and when such certificate shall be from any other than a consul or agent, or merchants of the United States, it shall be a part of the said oath or affirmation, that there were Part of the oath we, upon diligent inquiry, to be found two merchants of the Uni-in case of certificates at the said place: Provided always, That in case of merchants death, the oath or affirmation of the party dying shall not be oath or affirmation. detring the oath of animation of the party dying shall be dying not necessary: And provided further, That the said oath or sary; the shirmation, taken before the chief civil magistrate of the place of oath, if taken the said delivery, and certified under his hand and seal, shall be civil magistrate of the same validity as if taken before a person qualified to ado of the place of the same validity as if taken before a person qualified to ado of the place of the same valid tree. minister oaths within the United States. Or such bonds shall be as valid &c. and may be discharged upon proof that the sugar so exported ease of draw-back may be was taken by enemies, or perished in the sea, or destroyed by discharge dupon proof that the sugar was taken by enemies, or perished in the same being left to the sugar was taken independent of the collector of the customs, naval officer, and chief by enemies, or independent of the collector of the customs, naval officer, and chief by enemies, or independent of the collector of the customs, naval officer, and chief by enemies, or independent of the collector of the customs. officer of inspection, or any two of them, of the place from which amination and auch sugar shall have been exported. And in cases where the proof to be left to the judgment tertificates herein directed cannot be obtained, the exporter or of the coll ctor, exporters of such sugar shall, nevertheless, be permitted to offer in cases where such other proof as to the delivery of the said sugar, without the not be obtained, limits of the United States, as he or they may have; and if the the exporter may off to the may allow the same; except when the drawback to be allowed shall when the draw

1813. to 100 dolls. the proofs to be re-ferred to the comptroller, &c.
The collectors, &c. to collect the day is, and to prosecute for the recovery of

amount to one hundred dollars or upwards; in all which case the proofs aforesaid shall be referred to the comptroller of the treasury, whose decision thereon shall be final. SECT. 14. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the

All fines, penal-ties, &c. incurred under this act, may be re-covered in the name of the United States, or of the colle tor. &cc. by bill, plaint, &cc.

them, &c.

duty of the collectors aforesaid, in their respective districts, and they are hereby authorized, to collect the duties imposed by this act, and to prosecute for the recovery of the same, and for the recovery of any sum or sums which may be forfeited by virtue of this act. And all fines, penalties, and forfeitures, which shall be incurred by force of this act, shall and may be sued for and recovered in the name of the United States, or of the collector aforesaid, within whose district any such fine, penalty, or forfeiture, shall have been incurred, by bill, plaint, or information; one moiety thereof to the use of the United States, and the other moiety thereof to the use of the person who, if a collector, shall first discover, if other than a collector, shall first inform, of the cause, matter, or thing, whereby any such fine, penalty, or forfeiture, shall have been incurred; and where the cause of action arises more than or complaint shall arise or accrue more than fifty miles distant from the nearest place by law established for the holding of a nearest estafrom the nearest place by law established for the holding of a
blished place of
blished place of district court within the district in which the same shall arise or
holding additine accrue, such suit and recovery may be had before any court of the state holden within the said district, having jurisdiction in like cases.

Where the court, etc. the recovery may be had before a court of the state, &c.

This act to continge in force mtil the 17th Feb. 1816.

SECT. 15. And be it further enacted, That this act shall continue in force until the termination of the war in which the United States are now engaged with the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and the dependencies thereof, and for one year thereafter, and no longer. [Approved, July 24, 1813.]

CHAP. 550. [XXII.] An act to establish the office of commissioner of the revenue.

of the revenue in the depart-ment of the treacollection of taxes and duties, &c.

post.]

581, post.] The commission r to super-intend the col-lection of the former direct

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, A commissioner for superintending the collection of the direct tax and internal duties, laid by the authority of the United States, there shall be sury, for super- an officer in the department of the treasury, to be denominated intending the commissioner of the revenue who shall be a beautiful to the survey of the revenue who shall be a beautiful to the survey of the revenue who shall be a beautiful to the survey of the revenue who shall be a beautiful to the survey of the revenue who shall be a beautiful to the survey of commissioner of the revenue, who shall be charged, under the direction of the head of the department, with preparing all the forms necessary for the assessors and collectors of the tax and [* see chap. 600, duties aforesaid; with preparing, signing, * and distributing, all the licenses required by any law imposing any of the duties aforesaid; and with the superintendence, generally, of all the offi-[tsog sec. 4, ch. cers employed in assessing and collecting the said tax and duties.]

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the said commissioner of the revenue shall, likewise, superintend the collection of the residue of the former direct tax and internal duties, which may be still outstanding, and shall also execute the services with require these remains may be still outstanding, and shall also execute the services with view respecting respect to lighthouses, and other objects which were usually performed by the former commissioners of the revenue.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the secretary of the treasury to place, also, the collection of the The secretary duties on impost and tonnage under the superintendence of the may place the said commissioner of the revenue, if, in his opinion, the public duties on impost and tonnage under the superintendence of the may place the said commissioner of the revenue, if, in his opinion, the public duties on impost and content of the said con service will be promoted by transferring that duty from the and tonnage under the superintendence of the commissioner.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the compensation of if. &c. the said commissioner of the revenue shall be the same with tion of the comthat of the auditor* of the treasury; and that he shall, for the missioner to be present, be allowed a number of clerks, whose salaries shall not, the auditor, in the whole, exceed four thousand dollars a year.

Sec. 15. And he is further masted (These years).

Sec. 15. And he is further masted (These years).

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That a sum, not exceeding Not exceeding 3,500 dolls, apthree thousand five hundred dollars, to be paid out of any moneys propriated to in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, be, and the same is sioner, &c. for hereby, appropriated, to pay the commissioner and salaries afore-the year 1813. said, for the year one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

said, for the year one thousand eight hundred and unirteen.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That all letters and packets loand to and from the commissioner of the revenue shall be received from the commissioner to be and conveyed by post, free of postage, under the same restrictions received and conveyed by law with respect to other free letters and postage, &c. [7 See ante, see. 24,ch. 262, See, also, sec. 10, of also, sec. 10, of

also, sec. 10, of act of 18th April, 1814; chap. 679,

CHAP. 551. [XXIII.] An act to continue in force for a limited time, certain acts authorizing corps of rangers for the protection of the frontier of the [‡Obsolete.] United States, and making appropriations for the same.‡

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representalives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the act, entitled "An act authorizing the president of the Uni-Act authorizing the president ted States to raise certain companies of rangers for the protection to raise certain of the frontier of the United States," passed January second, rangers, &c. continued the thousand eight hundred and twelve, and also the act supplementation until 3d March, 1815. mentary thereto, passed July first, one thousand eight hundred Ante, ch. 334.] and twelve, be, and the same are hereby, continued in force for one year from and after the passage hereof, and from thence to the end of the next session of congress.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the sum of four 478,141 dolls. apundred and seventy-two thousand one hundred and forty-one pay subsisting lollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, for the pay, fortheyear 1815, ubsistence, and forage, during the year one thousand eight lundred and thirteen, of the seven companies of rangers raised, ir to be raised, for the United States, pursuant to the above reited acts, and of the ten companies of rangers authorized by he act of the twenty-fifth of February, one thousand eight hunhed and thirteen.

For the pay of the officers, noncommissioned officers, and pri- For pay of offiates, of the said companies, the sum of four hundred and fifty-vates. ne thousand one hundred and eighty dollars.

For the subsistence of the officers, eleven thousand one hun- For subsistence of officers.

ired and sixty-nine dollars.

For forage, the sum of nine thousand seven hundred and ninety- For forage.

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two dollars. The said sums to be paid out of any moneys in 1813. the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, July 24, 1813.]

[See act of 15th Dec. 1814; chap. 694 post, by which this act is in part repealed, and supplied.]

upon carriages for the convey-ance of persons, after the 31st Dec. 1813.

CHAP. 552. [XXIV.] An act laying duties on carriages for the conveyance of persons.*

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, Rates and duties from and after the last day of December next, there shall be levied, collected, and paid, the following yearly rates and duties upon all carriages for the conveyance of persons, which shall be kept by or for any person, for his or her own use, or to be let out for hire, or for the conveyance of passengers; to wit: for and upon every coach, the yearly sum of twenty dollars; for and upon every chariot and postchaise, the yearly sum of seventeen dollars; for and upon every phæton and on every coachee having pannel work in the upper division thereof, the yearly sum of ten dollars; for and upon every other four wheel carriage lange ing on steel or iron springs, the yearly sum of seven dollars; for and upon every four wheel carriage hanging upon wooden springs and on every two wheel carriage hanging on steel or iron springs, the yearly sum of four dollars; and for and upon every other four or two wheel carriage, the yearly sum of two dollars: Provided Proviso nothing always, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to charge with a duty, any carriage usually and chiefly employed in husbandry, or for the transportation or carrying of goods, wares, merchandise, produce, or commodities.

with a duty any carriage usually and chiefly em-ployed in hus-bandry, &cc. The duties to be

levied on all carriages usually and chiefly em-ployed for the conveyance of dremed to be-long to the class it most resembles, &c.
Every person
keeping a carriage, &c. to
make and subscribe, in January of each year, a true and exact entry, &c.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the duties aforesid shall be levied and collected upon all carriages usually and chiefly employed for the conveyance of persons, by whatever name or description the same have been or shall hereafter be known In cases of doubt, and called. And in cases of doubt, any carriage shall be deemed to belong to that class to which the same shall bear the greatest resemblance, and shall be subject to duty accordingly.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That every person having or keeping a carriage or carriages, upon which a duty or duties shall be payable, according to this act, shall, yearly and in every year, in the month of January, make and subscribe a true and exact entry of each and every such carriage, therein specifying, distinctly, each carriage owned or kept by him or her, for his or her use, or for hire, with the description and denomination The entry to be riage is liable; which entry shall be lodged with the collected with the appointed by virtue of the act entitled to A - act for the collected with the collected to the act entitled to A - act for the act en thereof, and the rate of duty to which each and every such com-[†Ante,ch.544.] ment and collection of direct taxes and internal duties,"† for district in which such owner or person liable for the payment such duty shall reside. And that it shall be the duty of the lectors aforesaid to attend, within the month of January in year, at one or more of the most public and convenies, give notice thereof, receive each county within their respective districts, and to give public the entries, and,

The collectors to attend at a public and conpetice, at least ten days previous to such day, of the time and stace of such attendance, and to receive such entry, made in the on payment of the duties, grant sanner before directed, at such place, or at any other where he certificate, &c. may happen to be, within the said month of January; and on ender and payment being made of the duty or duties therein sentioned, to grant a certificate for each and every carriage tentioned in such entry, therein specifying the name of the wner, the description and denomination of the carriage, and the um paid, with the time when, and the period for which, such uty shall be so paid: And the forms of the certificates to be so The forms of granted shall be prescribed by the treasury department; and such the certificates ertificates, or the acknowledgments of the collector aforesaid, by the treasury of a credit in his public accounts, shall be the only evidence to The certificates, a exhibited, and admitted, that any duty imposed by this act only evidence, as been discharged: Provided, nevertheless, That no certificate Provise; no certificate of validity any longer than while the carriage, its any longer or which the said certificate was granted, is owned by the per-thanthe carriage for which it was on mentioned in such certificate, unless such certificate shall be granted in what roduced to the collector by whom it was granted, and an entry mentioned in it, hall be thereon made, specifying the name of the then owner of ach carriage, and the time when he or she became possessed of ie same.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That any and all persons Persons who ho shall commence the having or keeping of any carriage sub-keeping of entert to duties, after the month of December, shall and may, at month of December, shall and may at month of December. ry time during the month in which they shall so commence the ber, any time during the month in which they shall so commence the ber, any time during the month in which they wing or keeping of such carriage, make like entry in manner in which they commence, see. commence, see commence the time at which he of the proportion of the commence the keeping of such carriage to the end of the of duties, see entitled to certificate the commence the keeping of such carriage to the end of the certification of duties, see entitled to certificate the certificate of the shall be entitled to and may demand like certificates, sub-Devertheless, to the conditions before and hereinafter pro-

be CT. 5. And be it further enacted, That any person having Persons making Esteping any carriage subject to duty, who shall make an untrue an untrue or defective entry, to evade the whole or any part of the duty to lose the sum to lose the sum paid, &c.

The and truly payable according to this act, shall lose the sum paid, &c.

The analysis of the sum paid, &c. pursuant to such untrue or defective entry; and where such In case of defective or defective entry hath been made, or where no entry shall be or defective entry hath been made, or where no entry shall be an eglect of payment after enactive entry, or new such person shall, moreover, in addition thereto, at any time some after entry, personal application and demand, at the house, and 25 per cent. For the benefit of the officer, be liable, and shall pay, the duties by this act imposed, so the payment of the officer, so the payment of the officer. a further sum, for the benefit of such officer, of twenty-five er centum; which duties, with the said addition, shall be col- The duties, &c. sted by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the per- to be collected by distress, &c. n by whom the same shall be due and payable: Provided Proviso; appliways, That such application and demand, shall not be made mand by the coltil sixty days after the day on which any duty shall commence: lector not to be made until 60 days after the day made within the said sixty days after the duty commences; and, if, &c.

days, the owner of the carriage shall be exempted from the pay-1813.

ment of the said sum of twenty-five per centum.

Whereduties are are to be granted, &c.

This act to con-17th Feb. 1816.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where eollected, by distress of other- any duty shall be collected pursuant to this act, whether by distress of otherwise, certificates tress or otherwise, certificates shall be granted for each carriage in manner as before prescribed.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That this act shall continue in force until the termination of the war in which the United States are now engaged with the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and the dependencies thereof, and for one year thereafter, and no longer. [Approved, July 24, 1813.]

CHAP. 553. [XXIV.] An act laying duties on licenses to distillers of spirituous liquors."

See act of 21st [* See act of 21st Dec. 1814; chap. 697, post, by which this act, with some alterations, is con-tinued.] Owners, &c. of stills or imple-ments for disfrom, the collec-tor or his deputy, a license, &cc. before they be gin to use their

The licenses to b granted, for terms mention. ed, &c. on pay-ment of the duties, if not ex-ceeding 5 dolls. and, it above that sum, on bond to pay at the end of four months after the expiration of the term of the licenses, &c.

Persons using stills, &c. without license for the whole time, &c. to forfeit and pay 100 dolls.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That every person who, on the first day of January next, shall be the owner of any still or stills, or other implements in lieu of stills, liquors, to apply used for the purpose of distilling spirituous liquors, or who shall to and obtain have such still or still have such still or stills, or implements as aforesaid, under his superintendence, either as agent for the owner, or on his own account, shall, before the said day, and every person who, after the said day, shall use, or intend to use, any still or stills, or implements as aforesaid, either as owner, agent, or otherwise, shall, before he shall begin to use such still or stills, or other implements in lieu thereof, for the purpose of distilling spirituous liquors, apply for and obtain from the collector appointed by virtue of the act, entitled " An act for the assessment and collec-[†Ante, ch. 844] tion of direct taxes and internal duties,"† for the collection district in which such person resides (or to the deputy of such collector duly authorized) a license for using the said still or stills, or other implements as aforesaid; which licenses, respectively, shall be granted, at the option of the proprietor or possessor of such still or stills, for any or either of the terms mentioned in this act, upon the payment, in money, by such proprietor or possessor, of the duties payable on the said license or licenses, according to the provisions of this act, if the said duties shall not exceed five dollars; and if they shall exceed five dollars, on such proprietor or possessor executing and delivering to the collector, or to his deputy as aforesaid, a bond, with one or more sureties, to the satisfaction of such collector or deputy, conditioned for the payment of said duties at the end of four months after the expiration of the term for which such license or licenses, respectively, shall have been granted. And the said bond shall be taken in the name of the United States of America, and in such form as shall be prescribed by the treasury department. And if any person shall, after the said first day of January next, use, or cause to be used, any still or stills, or other implements as aforesaid, in distilling spirituous liquors, or shall be the owner of, or have under his superintendence, either as agent or otherwise, any still

or stills, or other implements as aforesaid, which shall, after the said day, have been used as aforesaid, without having a license therefor as aforesaid, continuing in force for the whole time during which the said still or stills, or implements as aforesaid, shall have been thus used, every such person shall forfeit and pay the sum of one hundred dollars, together with double the amount of duties which would have been payable for the term during which such still or stills, or implements as aforesaid, shall be thus used, had the said still or stills, or implements aforesaid, been entered according to the provisions of this act, to be recovered with costs of suit.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the licenses aforesaid Terms of licenses shall and may be granted for and during the following terms or of duties. periods, and on the payment, or securing of payment as afore-

said, of the duties undermentioned, namely:

For a still or stills employed in distilling spirits from domestic materials, for a license for the employment thereof for and during the term of two weeks, nine cents for each gallon of the capacity of every such still, including the head thereof; for a license for and during the term of one month, eighteen cents for each gallon of its capacity as aforesaid; for a license for and during the term of two months, thirty-two cents for each gallon of its capacity as aforesaid; for a license for and during the term of three months, forty-two cents for each gallon of its capacity as aforesaid; for a license for and during the term of four months, fifty-two cents for each gallon of its capacity as aforesaid; for a license for and during the term of six months, seventy cents for each gallon of its capacity as aforesaid; for a license for one year, one hundred and eight cents for each gallon of its capacity as aforesaid: Provided, That there shall be paid upon each still Provisog upon employed wholly in the distillation of roots, but one-half the rates ployed wholly of duties abovementioned, according to the capacity of such still. roots, only half

For a still or stills employed in distilling spirits from foreign the rates, &co. materials, for a license for the employment thereof for and during the term of one month, twenty-five cents for each gallon of the capacity of every such still, including the head thereof; for a license for and during the term of three months, sixty cents for each gallon of its capacity as aforesaid; for a license for and during the term of six months, one hundred and five cents for each gallon of its capacity as aforesaid; for a license for one year, one hundred and thirty-five cents for each gallon of its capacity as aforesaid.

And for every boiler, however constructed, employed for the purpose of generating steam in those distilleries where wooden or other vessels are used instead of metal stills, and the action of steam is substituted to the immediate application of fire to the materials from which the spirituous liquors are distilled, for a license for the employment thereof, double the amount on each gallon of the capacity of the said boiler, including the head thereof, which would be payable for the said license if granted for the same term and for the employment on the same materials of a still or stills to the contents of which, being the materials



Collectors to grant hoenees.

Licenses to be marked, signed

The application in writing for a in writing for a license, &c. to state the place of distilling, num-ber and contents of the stills, &c.

or distilling spiother than those pay 150 dolls.

A collector, or authorized deputance into any distillery, &c.

Collectors to collect the duties

All fines, &cc. may be recovered in the name of the United

from whence the spirituous liquors are drawn, an immediate application of fire during the process of distillation is made.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the collectors, within their respective districts, to grant licenses for distilling, which licenses shall be marked with a mark directing the rate of duty thereupon, and shall be signed by the by the commissioner of the revenue, and being countersigned by the venue, counters commissioner of the revenue, and being countersigned by the signal, see collector who shall issue the same or cause the same to be iscollector who shall issue the same or cause the same to be issued, shall be granted to any person who shall desire the same, upon application in writing, and upon payment or securing of payment, as aforesaid, of the sum or duty payable by this act upon each license requested.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the application in writing, to be made by any person applying for a license for distilling as aforesaid, shall state the place of distilling, the number and contents of the still or stills, boiler or boilers, and whether intended to distil spirituous liquors from foreign or domestic Persons making materials. And every person making a false statement in either of the said particulars, or who shall distil spirituous liquors from materials other than those stated in the application aforesaid, as &c. to forfeit and well as to the owner or superintendent of any distillery, still, or stills, with respect to which such false statement shall have been made, or which shall be thus unlawfully employed, shall forfeit and pay the sum of one hundred and fifty dollars, to be recovered with costs of suit.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That every such collector. ty, may apply, or his deputy duly authorized under his hand and seal, shall be at reasonable times, for admit authorized to apply, at all reasonable times, for admittance into or his deputy duly authorized under his hand and seal, shall be any distillery, or place where any still or stills are kept or used. for the purpose within his collection district, for the purpose of examining and See. measuring the said still or stills, boiler or boilers. And every eveners of distillers, &c. refus owner of such distillery, still, or stills, or person having the care, ing to admit the officer, &c. for- superintendence, or management of the same, who shall refuse teit 500 dolls. to admit such officer as aforesaid on to suffice the same. to admit such officer as aforesaid, or to suffer him to examine and measure the said still or stills, boiler or boilers, shall, for every such refusal, forfeit and pay the sum of five hundred dollars.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty and to prosecute of the collectors aforesaid, in their respective districts, and they are hereby authorized, to collect the duties imposed by this act, and to prosecute for the recovery of the same, and for the recovery of any sum or sums which may be forfeited by virtue of this act. And all fines, penalties, and forfeitures, which shall be incurred by force of this act, shall and may be sued for and re-States, or of the covered in the name of the United States, or of the collector collector, by bill, plaint, &c. within whose district any such fine, penalty, or forfeiture, shall have been incurred, by bill, plaint, or information, one moiety thereof to the use of the United States, and the other moiety thereof to the use of the person who, if a collector, shall first discover, if other than a collector, shall first inform, of the cause, matter, or thing, whereby any such fine, penalty, or forfeiture, where the cause of action or com-

plaint shall arise or accrue more than fifty miles distant from the nearest place by law established for the holding of a district court more than 50 miles from the within the district in which the same shall arise or accrue, such nearest place for suit and recovery may be had before any court of the state, court, see the holden within the said district, having jurisdiction in like cases. had before any Secr. 7. And be it further enacted, That this act shall concent of the state, see.

tinue in force until the termination of the war in which the This act to co tinue in force until trib force until 17th Feb. and their dependencies, and for one year thereafter, and no longer. [Approved, July 24, 1813.]

CHAP. 554. [XXV.] An act laying duties on sales at auction of merchandise [*Secart of 23d Des. 1814; chap. 609, post. by Which the duties [*Secart of 23d Des. 1814; chap. 609, post. by Which the duties [*It does not be act and house of representative properties of the secart of 23d Des. 1814; chap. 609, post. by Which the duties [*It does not be act and house of representative properties of the secart of 23d Des. 1814; chap. 609, post. by Which the duties [*It does not be act and house of representative properties of the secart of 23d Des. 1814; chap. 609, post. by Which the duties [*It does not be act and house of representative properties of 23d Des. 1814; chap. 609, post. by Which the duties [*It does not be act and house of representative properties of 23d Des. 1814; chap. 609, post. by Which the duties [*It does not be act and house of representative properties of 23d Des. 1814; chap. 609, post. by Which the duties [*It does not be act and house of representative properties of 23d Des. 1814; chap. 609, post. by Which the duties [*It does not be act and house of representative properties of 23d Des. 1814; chap. 609, post. by Which the duties [*It does not be act and house of representative properties of 23d Des. 1814; chap. 609, post. by Which the duties [*It does not be act and house of representative properties of 23d Des. 1814; chap. 609, post. by Which the duties [*It does not be act and house of representative properties of 23d Des. 1814; chap. 609, post. by Which the duties [*It does not be act and house of representative properties of 23d Des. 1814; chap. 609, post. by Which the duties [*It does not be act and house of representative properties of 23d Des. 1814; chap. 609, post. by Which the duties [*It does not be act and house of 23d Des. 1814; chap. 609, post. by Which the duties [*It does not be act and house of 23d Des. 1814; chap. 609, post. by Which the duties [*It does not be act and house of 23d Des. 1814; chap. 609, post. by Which the duties [*It does not be act and house of 23d Des. 1814;

tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, from and after the first day of January next, there shall be levied, collected, and paid, for the use of the United States, upon all sales by way of auction, as hereinafter described, which shall be made within the United States, the respective rates and duties following, to wit: The sum of one dollar for every hundred Rates and duties upon all sales by dollars of the purchase money arising by sale at auction of goods, way of auction, wares, and merchandise; and the sum of twenty-five cents for Jim. 1814. every hundred dollars of the purchase money arising sale at auction of ships or vessels; and at the same rate for any greater or lesser sum, except as hereinafter excepted; the said respective The duties to be rates and duties to be paid by the auctioneer or person making moneyarising from each sale. such sales at auction, out of the moneys arising from each and every such sale: Provided always, That nothing in this act con-proviso; enumeration of cases to tained shall extend to any sale or sales by auction of goods, which the rates wares, and merchandise, made pursuant to, or in execution of, and duties imany rule, order, decree, sentence, or judgment, of any court of do not extend. the United States, or either of them, or made in virtue or by force of any distress for rent, or other cause for which a distress is allowed by law; or made in consequence of any bankruptcy or insolvency, pursuant to any law concerning bankruptcies or insolvencies; or made in consequence of any general assignment of property and effects for the benefit of creditors; or made by or on behalf of executors or administrators, or made pursuant to the directions of any law of the United States, or either of them, touching the collection of any tax or duty, or disposal by auction of public property of the United States, or of any state; nor to any such sale or sales by auction of ships, their tackle, apparel, and furniture, or the cargoes thereof, which shall be wrecked or stranded within the United States, and sold for the benefit of the ensurers or proprietors thereof.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That no person, after the wo person to a first day of January next, shall exercise the trade or business of n a oran ancan auctioneer, by the selling of any goods, wares, and merchan-tioneer, univas dise, whatsoever, by auction, or any other mode of sale, whereby &c. on pain of the best or highest bidder is deemed to be the purchaser, unless every sale, 400

dolls, and the duties payable,

such person shall have a license, or other special authority, continuing in force pursuant to some law of a state, or issued pursuant to the directions of this act, on pain of forfeiting, for every such sale at auction, the sum of four hundred dollars, together with the sums or duties payable by this act upon the goods, Provisor nothing wares, and merchandise, so sold: Provided, however, That noherein to require a license for the thing herein contained, shall be construed to require a license for sale at auction of any estate, goods. chattels, or other thing, exempted from which, by this act, are not made liable to duty or exempted from duty.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That every person who,

Every person SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That every person who, who has license before the said first day of January next, shall have a license or of moneys for which goods, &c. have been sold, &c.

to give written special authority, pursuant to any law of any state, for exercising notice thereof the said trade or business of an auctioneer, shall, before or upon the said trade or business of an auctioneer, shall, before or upon within so days the said day, and every person who, after the said day, shall specifying see the collector, shall specifying see and to give boad have such special license or authority, shall, within thirty days to render quarterly accounts after the obtaining or receiving of the same, give notice thereof, in writing, under his hand, to the collector appointed by virtue of the act, entitled "An act for the assessment and collection of [Ante, ch. 544] direct taxes and internal duties,"* for the district where such person shall carry on, or intend to carry on, the said trade or business of an auctioneer, specifying in such notice the date or commencement of such license, or other special authority, the term for which the same was granted or given, by whom, and by what law of a state the same was granted or given; and shall also give bond to the United States, in a sum not less than one thousand, nor more than three thousand, dollars, at the discretion of the collector, to be taken by the collector to whom the notice aforesaid shall be given, with condition that he will, on the first day of April, July, October, and January, in each year, while he shall continue to exercise the said trade or business, render to the person or persons who, on behalf of the United States, shall be authorized to receive the same, a true and particular account, in writing, of the moneys or sums for which any goods, wares, · and merchandise, made liable to duty by this act, have been sold at every sale at auction by him made, and of the several articles, lots, and parcels, which shall have sold, the price of each article, lot, or parcel, in every such sale, by whom bought, that is to say: first, from the date of such bond until such of the aforesaid days as shall accrue next thereafter, and thenceforth from the day to which an account shall have been last rendered until such of the said days as shall next thereafter ensue, and so on in succession, from one of the said days to another, so long as he shall continue to exercise his said trade or business; and also shall pay all such sums of money as shall be due to the United States, upon the said sales, according to the true intent and meaning of this act, which sums he is hereby authorized and directed to retain out of the produce of each sale made as aforesaid. And a like notice and bond shall be given in like manner, as often as any such license or special authorities shall have expired and been renew-And if any person shall, after the said first day of January

any sale at anci-

as aforesaid, make any sale or sales at auction without having given bond as aforesaid, within the time for that purpose pre- a state law, scribed, or without renewing such bond upon the expiration and without having renewal of any such license, or special authority, he shall forfeit and forfeit and and pay, for every such sale by him made, the sum of four hun-pay, for every such sale, 400 dolls. dred dollars, together with the sums or duties payable by this act the duties pay upon the goods, wares, and merchandise, so sold.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the several collectors collectors to aforesaid may, within their respective districts, and upon request for not exceed of any person or persons desirous thereof, shall, grant licenses ing a year, with without fee or reward, for a term not exceeding one year, at one time, to exercise the trade or business of an auctioneer; and such licenses, upon like request, may and shall, from time to time, renew: Provided, however, That no such license shall be granted Proviso; no lior renewed, until the person or persons requesting the same shall granted, &c. have become bound to the United States, with one or more sureuntil the persons requesting ties, to the satisfaction of the collector of whom such license shall them have b be requested, in the sum of not more than three thousand, nor less than one thousand, dollars, at the discretion of the collector, with like condition as is hereinbefore prescribed for persons having licenses by virtue of some law of a state: And provided Proviso; no li-further, That no such license shall be granted to carry on the ed, &c. in any said trade or business in any city, town, or county, of any state, been made by in respect to which provision hath been made by any law of such been made by state, for the allowing and regulating of the said trade and busi-state, &c. ness therein.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That every person who Licensed persons in may retain in shall have a license from a collector as aforesaid, continuing in their hands such hereby imposed, all such sum and sums of money as shall be sold by them, in order to the payment of the duties sums as are due and payable upon any goods, wares, and merchandise, by ment of the duties. him sold at auction as aforesaid, according to the true intent and meaning of this act.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That the accounts to be Accounts to be rendered, and duties to be, from time to time, paid as aforesaid duties to be paid, by any auctioneer, shall be rendered and paid to the collector or his deputy. aforesaid, within whose district such auctioneer shall exercise his said trade or business, or to his deputy duly appointed under his hand and seal, and such auctioneer shall make oath or affirm- The auctioneer ation, according to the best of his knowledge and belief, to the the truth of every truth of every account which he shall render before the officer account or person to whom such account shall be rendered, and who is hereby authorized to administer the said oath or affirmation, in default of which such account shall not be deemed to be duly rendered, according to the condition of the bond of such auctioneer; and to the end that such accounts may be accurately kept and rendered, it is hereby made the duty of every auctioneer to enter, from day to day, as often as any sale shall be made, in The suctioneer to book, or on a paper to be kept by him for that purpose, the entries of sales amount and particulars of the respective sales by him made; be submitted for which book or paper shall, at all reasonable times, upon request eximination on made, be submitted for examination to the collector aforesaid, 800 dolls.

within whose district such auctioneer shall be, on pain of forfeiting, for every refusal to comply with such request, the sum of five hundred dollars.

the collector, otherwise, to cause it to be prosecuted.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That if it shall appear to an anctioneer the satisfaction of the collector, within whose district he shall be, ably to the condition of the that an auctioneer hath acted agreeably to the condition of the ably to the condiction of his
bond, &c., It may, bond which he shall have given, and to the directions of this act,
on its expiration, bond which he shall have given, and to the directions of this act,
be delivered up; during the time to which his said bond shall relate, the same have ing expired, then and in every such case, the said collector shall cause such bond to be delivered up; but in case no such account shall be delivered as hereinbefore mentioned, or if it shall appear that any such account was not truly made, or that the party hath acted in any other respect contrary to the true intent and meaning of his bond and of this act, it shall be the duty of such collector as aforesaid, to cause such bond to be prosecuted according to law; In case of a ver- and, in case of a verdict or judgment against the defendant, he diet, see against shall afterwards, upon every sale by him of any goods, wares, he will, after and merchandise at custion the little and merchandise, at auction, be liable to all the penalties which wards, &c. be and merchandise, at auction, be fiable to all the penalties which liable for acting may be incurred by this act, for acting as an auctioneer without as an auctioneer.

without license. license.

per cent, upon the amount of duties, &c.

swearing falsely, &c. to suffer as for wilful and

[* See sec. 16, ch. 36, vol. 2.] If an officer, he forfaits his office, &c.
The collectors to collect the duties, and proserecovery, &c.

of action arises court, the reco-very may be had before the court of a state, &c.

This act to conunue in force Feb. 1816.

Everyanctioneer Sect. 8. And be it further enacted, That every auctioneer, to be allowed a out of the proceeds of the duties which he shall retain and pay Sect. 8. And be it further enacted. That every auctioneer, as aforesaid, shall be allowed a commission of one per centum upon the amount thereof, for his trouble in and about the same.

SECT. 9. And be it further enacted, That if any person shall wilfully swear or affirm falsely, touching any matter hereinbefore corrept perjury, required to be verified by oath or affirmation, he shall suffer the pains and penalties which, by law, are prescribed for wilful and corrupt perjury; * and, if an officer, shall forfeit his office, and be incapable of afterwards holding any office under the United States.

Sect. 10. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the collectors aforesaid, in their respective districts, and they are hereby authorized, to collect the duties imposed by this act, and to prosecute for the recovery of the same, and for the recovery of any sum or sums which may be forfeited by virtue of All fines, &co.
may be recover.
this act. And all fines, penalties, and forfeitures, which shall
ed in the name
of the United
States, or of the collector for the United States, or of the collector for the United States, or of the collector within whose district any such fine, penalty, or forfeiture, shall have been incurred, by bill, plaint, or information; one moiety thereof to the use of the United States, and the other moiety thereof to the use of the person who, if a collector, shall first discover, if other than a collector, shall first inform, of the cause, matter, or thing, whereby any such fine, penalty, or forfeiture, wherethecause shall have been incurred; and where the cause of action or complaint shall arise or accrue more usual may miles from the mearest place by law established for the holding of a district holding adistrict court, within the district in which the same shall arise or accrue, court, the recosuch suit and recovery may be had before any court of the state, holden within the said district, having jurisdiction in like cases.

SECT. 11. And be it further enacted, That this act shall continue in force until the termination of the war in which the United States are now engaged with the United Kingdom of Grea

Britain and Irtland, and the dependencies thereof, and for one 1813. year thereafter, and no longer. [Approved, July 24, 1813.]

CHAP. 555. [XXVI.] Anact to authorize the raising a corps of sea fencibles.* [*Repealed, by act of 87th Feb

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-post. tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The president the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, author-raise not more ized to raise, for such term as he may think proper, not explain the companies of the feet of the feet. ceeding one year, as many companies of sea fencibles as he may distinct on a fer deem necessary not avoid in the season of the s deem necessary, not exceeding ten, who may be employed as one year, and have well on land as on water, for the defence of the ports and har-water, &c. bors of the United States.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That each of the said organisation of companies of sea fencibles shall consist of one captain, one first, sea fencibles. one second, and one third, lieutenant, one boatswain, six gun-

ners, six quarter gunners, and ninety men.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the commissioned Commissioned officers shall receive the same pay and rations as officers of the convenience same grade in the army of the United States; that the boat-certain army swains, gunners, quarter gunners, and men, shall receive the gunners men. swams, gumers, quarter gumers, and men, shall receive the gumert, men, same pay and rations as warrant officers of the same grade and act the same pay as warrant able scamen receive in the service of the United States. able seamen receive in the service of the United States.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the officers, warofficers, boatswains, and men, raised pursuant to this act, the same comshall be entitled to the like compensation in case of disability case of disability. States, as officers, warrant officers, and seamen, in the present case in the naval establishment, and shall be subject to the rules and articles which have been, or may hereafter be, established by law, and article to the rules and article to the rules are discovery and article to the government of the army of the United States.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That this act shall be and This act to continue in force during the present war between the United until the 17th States of America and their territories and the United Kingdom Feb. 1865. States of America and their territories, and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and the dependencies thereof.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That, in the recess of the The president senate, the president of the United States is hereby authorized officer in the to appoint all the officers proper to be appointed under this act, recess, &cc tot which appointments shall be submitted to the senate at their

next session, for their advice and consent. SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That the sum of two hun- 200,000 collars dred thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated early this act to carry this act into effect, to be paid out of any money in the into effect, &c. treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, July 26, 1813.]

CHAP. 556. [XXVII.] An act for the relief of Elisha J. Winter.†

[†Private and obsolete.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That

1813. The proper ac-

counting officers author-

the proper accounting officers be authorized to adjust and liquidate the claim of Elisha J. Winter, of the state of New York, for a pair of horses, with a sleigh and harness, taken from him for the use of the army of the United States, in the month of the claim of the use of the army of the United States, in the month of Elisha J. Winter, for a pair of March last, and, on due examination, to allow him therefor such horses, with a samount as may appear equitable.

Sect. 2. And be it further enacted, That the sum of one

tisfying the claim of Elisha J. Winter.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the sum of one the army, and allow him there hundred and forty-three dollars be, and the same is hereby, apfor, &c. 143 dolls, appro- propriated, out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, for satisfying the claim of the said Elisha J. Winter.

[Approved, July 26, 1813.]

[*Obsolete.]

CHAP. 557. [XXVIII.] An act making an appropriation for finishing the senate chamber and repairing the roof of the north wing of the capitol.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That Not exceeding a sum, not exceeding nine thousand nve numerous, 25,500 dolla appropriated, see and the same is hereby, appropriated, to be applied under the propriated, see and the same is hereby, appropriated, to finishing the so faishing the senate chamber, direction of the president of the United States, to finishing the senate chamber, direction of the president of the United States, to finishing the senate chamber, and repairing the roof of the north wing of the north wing of capitol; which sum shall be paid out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated. [Approved, July 26, 1813.]

[†Obsolete.]

CHAP. 558. [XXIX.] An act to provide for the accommodation of the household of the president of the United States.†

The president

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That cannot be sold the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause to be sold such part of the furniture and equipage belonging to his belonging to his household as may be decayed and out of remay be decayed, pair; and that the sum of fourteen thousand dollars, together 14.000 dolls. and with the proceeds of such sales, be appropriated for the accomthe proceeds of modation of the household of the president of the United States,
printed for the accommodation to be laid out at his discretion and under his direction of the household of the president.

[Approved. July 26, 1813.]

CHAP. 559. [XXX.] An act fixing the time for the next meeting of congress-

This act provides that the next meeting of congress shall be on the first Monday in December, 1813.] [Approved, July 27, 1813.]

[Private.]

CHAP. 560. [XXXI.] An act for the relief of Thomas Denny.‡

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-Thomas Drony, tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That who imported and introduced into the United from the diper. Thomas Denny, who imported and introduced into the United

States, from the dependencies of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, a quantity of card wire, part whereof has dencies of Great Britain, a portion of the twenty-seventh day of February innofcard wire, last past, shall be entitled to, and may avail himself of, all the rine the 3rth feb. 1113, may benefits, privileges, and provisions, of the act, entitled "An act the benefits of directing the secretary of the treasury to remit certain fines, pethe set directing nalties, and forfeitures, therein mentioned," passed on the said the treasury to remit certain fines, pethe set directing the vertain fines, pethe set directing the service of the treasury to remit certain fines, set. the treating the treating to the treasury to remit certain fines, set. [*Ante, chap. [*Ante, ch same conditions, as though the same card wire had been introduced into the United States prior to the passing of the act aforesaid. [Approved, July 28, 1813.]

CHAP. 561. [XXXII.] An act to authorize the transportation of certain documents free of postage.†

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The members of the members of congress, the secretary of the senate, and clerk congress, secretary of the house of representatives, be, and they are hereby, respect of the house. tively, authorized to transmit, free of postage, the message of authorized to transmit, free of postage, the message of authorized to transmit, free of postage, the message of transmit, free one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, and the documents president of the accompanying the same, printed by order of the senate and by accompanying order of the house of representatives, and the report of the companying documents, and the report of the foreign relations on the same, printed by order of the foreign relations of representatives, to any post office within the United tions, &c... States, and the territories thereof, to which they may direct, any law to the contrary notwithstanding.

[Approved, July 28, 1813.]

GHAP. 562. [XXXIII.] An act for the relief of the owners of the ships called the Good Friends, the Amazon, and the United States, and their cargoes; and also of Henry Bryce.‡

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representathe owners of the States of America in congress assembled, That the owners of the ships called the Good Friends, the Amazon, and the United States, and of the cargoes on board said vessels, and the United States, and of the cargoes on board said vessels, and the United States, and of April, one thousand eight the cargoe, &c. hundred and twelve, in the district of Delaware, from Amelia may avail them. Island, with cargoes that were shipped on board said vessels in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, shall be entitled to, and may avail themselves of, all the benefits, privileges, mitfines, &c. in like manner, &c. in the cargoes of the act, entitled "An act directing the secretary of the treasury to remit fines, forfeitures, and penalties, in Great Britain certain cases," passed on the second day of January last past, certain cases," passed on the second day of January last past, of Juneard 16th in like manner, and on the same conditions, as though said ves- of September, sels had departed from the kingdom aforesaid between the [fAnte;ch.472.] twenty-third day of June, and the fifteenth day of September, mentioned in said act, and had arrived within the United States atter the first day of July last.

Henry Bryce, of Charleston, who imported certain goods, &c. in the ship Fernandina, from Amelia Island, &c. enti-tled to the pro-visions of the Fernandin act directing e secretary of the treasury to remit fines, &c. as though the vessel had departed from Great Britain

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That Henry Bryce, of Charleston, South Carolina, who imported certain goods, wares, and merchandise, in the ship Fernandina, into the district of South Carolina, from Amelia Island, in the month of May, one thousand eight hundred and twelve, shall be entitled to, and may avail himself of, all the benefits, privileges, and provisions, of the act, entitled. " An act directing the secretary of the treasury to remit fines, forfeitures, and penalties, in certain cases,"* passed on the second day of January last past, in like manner, and on the same conditions, as though the said vessel had departed from the kingdom of Great Britain between the twentybetween the 23d third day of June and the fifteenth day of September, menof September, tioned in said act, and had arrived within the United States &c. [Approved, July 29, 1813.]

> CHAP. 563. [XXXIV.] An act laying a duty on imported salt; granting a bounty on pickled fish exported, and allowances to certain vessels employed in the fisheries.†

[† This act is limited to 17th Feb. 1816.]

A duty of 20 1st January, 1814, &cc. 56lbs. to the bushel. The duty to be other duties.

Proviso; no drawback, and dit nine months.

rel bounty on all pickled fish, &c. exported Sic. exported after the 31st Dec. 1814.

Proviso; the exporter, in erder to be entitled to the bounty, to make entry with the collector and naval officer,

Proof that the fish are of the fisheries of the United States,

No entry to be received of ple-kled fish not in-spected &c.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, from and after the first day of January next, a duty of twenty centuryer bushed cents per bushed shall be laid, imposed, and collected, upon all on imported on imported salt imported from any foreign port or place into the United salt imported from any foreign port or place into the United In calculating the said duty, every fifty-six pounds of salt shall be computed as equal to one bushel. And the said duty shall be collected in the same manner, and under the same regulations, as other duties laid on the importation of foreign goods, wares, and merchandise, into the United States: Provided, That drawback shall in no case be allowed, and the term of credit for the payment of duties shall be nine months.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That, on all pickled fish 30 cents perbar of the fisheries of the United States, exported therefrom subsequent to the last day of December, one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, there shall be allowed and paid a bounty of twenty cents per barrel, to be paid by the collector of the district from which the same shall be so exported, without any deduction or abatement: Provided always, That, in order to entitle the exporter or exporters of such pickled fish to the benefit of such bounty or allowance, the said exporter or exporters shall make entry with the collector and naval officer of the district from whence the said pickled fish are intended to be exported; and shall specify in such entry the names of the master and vessel in which, and the place where, such fish are intended to be exported, together with the particular quantity; and proof shall be made, to the satisfaction of the collector of the district from which such pickled fish are intended to be exported, and of the naval officer thereof, if any, that the same are of the fisheries of the United States; and no entry shall be received, as aforesaid, of any pickled fish which have not been inspected and marked pursuant to the inspection laws of the respective states where inspection laws are in force, in regard to any pickled fish; and

the casks containing such fish shall be branded with the words "for bounty," with the name of the inspector or packer, the The cash on the species and quality of the fish contained therein, and the name boney," &c. of the port of exportation; and the collector of such district shall, The collector, together with the naval officer, where there is one, grant an order for an inspector to examine the pickled fish as expressed in such entry; and if they correspond therewith, and the said klod fish, lies, officer is fully satisfied that they are of the fisheries of the United States, to lade the same, agreeably to such entry, on board the ship or vessel therein expressed; which lading shall be per- The belief to be formed under the superintendence of the officer examining the der the superintendence of the quantity and quality of examining officers. In the same, who shall make returns of the quantity and quality of examining officers. pickled fish so laden on board, in virtue of such order or per-cer, &c. mit, to the officer or officers granting the same. And the said The exponents exporter or exporters, when the lading is completed, and after make onth, &c. returns thereof have been made as above directed, shall make oath or affirmation, that the pickled fish expressed in such entry, and then actually laden on board the ship or vessel as therein expressed, are truly and bona fide of the fisheries of the United Substance of the States, that they are truly intended to be exported as therein specified, and are not intended to be relanded within the limits of the United States; and shall also give bond, in double the amount of The exporter to the bounty or allowance to be received, with one or more sureties, to the satisfaction of the collector of the port or place from which the said pickled fish are intended to be exported, condi- condition of the tioned that the same shall be landed and left at some foreign port bond. or place without the limits aforesaid; which bonds shall be can-elled as in cases celled at the same periods, and in like manner, as is provided in of drawback. respect to bonds given on the exportation of goods, wares, and [*See see. 21, ch. merchandise, entitled to drawback of duties:* Provided always, Proviso; the That the said bounty or allowance shall not be paid until at least bounty in a to be six months after the exportation of such pickled fish, to be com
six months after the exportation of such pickled fish, to be comafter the exportation of such pickled fish, to be comafter the exportation of such pickled fish, to be comafter the exportation of such pickled fish, to be comafter the exportation of such pickled fish, to be comafter the exportation of such pickled fish, to be comafter the exportation of such pickled fish, to be comafter the exportation of such pickled fish, to be computed from the date of the bond, and until the exporter or ex- action, 800, porters thereof shall produce to the collector, with whom such outward entry is made, such certificates, or other satisfactory proof, of the landing of the same as aforesaid, as is made necessary for cancelling the bonds given on the exportation of goods entitled to drawback: And provided also, That the bounty or Provise; the allowance as aforesaid, shall not be paid unless the same shall paid unless is amounts to 10 amount to ten dollars, at least, upon each entry.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That no bounty, draw- No bounty under back, or allowance, shall be made under the authority of this it is proved that the pickled fish the pickled fish for which the bounty, drawback, or allow-cried with the pickled fish for which the bounty, drawback, or allow-cried with the pickled fish for which the bounty, drawback, or allow-cried with the pickled fish for which the bounty, drawback, or allow-cried with the pickled fish for which the bounty, drawback, or allow-cried with the pickled fish for which the bounty drawback, or allow-cried water that the pickled fish for which the bounty drawback, or allow-cried water that the pickled fish for which the bounty drawback, or allow-cried water that the pickled fish for which the p noe, shall be claimed, was wholly cured with foreign salt, and

In which a duty shall have been secured or paid.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That if any pickled fish are faudulously hall be falsely or fraudulently entered, with intent to obtain the entered, with county or allowance on their exportation, as here provided, when fish, or the value. he said fish are not entitled to the same, the said fish, or the forfeited. ratue thereof, to be recovered of the person making such false mary, shall be forfeited.

After the 31st other cod fish-eries, that has been actually employed, &c. for every ton, if of 20 and not exceeding 30, tons, 3 dolls. 40 cents;

3-8ths to the owner.

lowance on one son, not to ex-

After the 31st Dec. 1814, there is to be paid, twenty, tons, &c. by the col-lector of the district where, &c. 1 doll, 60 cents upon every ton admeasurement, to be accounted for as part of the proceeds of the fares, &c. Proviso; the allowance to be made only to such boats as have been actually employed at sea, &c. for four months, &c. Proviso; the boat must have landed, in the cours, of the preceding seathan 12 quintals for every ton,

The account of weight, &cc. to sworn to, &cc.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the last day of December, one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, Dec. 1814, there is to be paid, on the last day of December, annually, to she annually, to the owner of every vessel, or his agent, by the collector of the vessel, qualified, district where such vessel may belong, that shall be qualified. district where such vessel may belong, that shall be qualified, See, for carrying district where such vesses may be bank and other cod fishon the bank and agreeably to law, for carrying on the bank and other cod fisheries, and that shall actually have been employed therein at sea for the term of four months at the least of the fishing season next preceding, which season is accounted to be from the last day of February to the last day of November in every year, for each if above 30 toms, and every ton of such vessel's burthen, according to her admeasurement as licensed or enrolled, if of twenty tons, and not exceeding thirty tons, two dollars and forty cents; and if above thirty tons, four dollars; of which allowance aforesaid threeeighth parts shall accrue and belong to the owner of such fishing 5-8ths among the Vessel, and the other five-eighths thereof shall be divided by fishermen, &c. him his accept as landed him, his agent, or lawful representative, to and among the several fishermen, who shall have been employed in such vessel during the season aforesaid, or a part thereof, as the case may be, in such proportions as the fish they shall respectively have taken may bear to the whole quantity of fish taken on board such vessel Proviso; the al- during such season: Provided, That the allowance aforesaid on vessel, for a sea- any one vessel, for one season, shall not exceed two hundred and seventy-two dollars.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the last day of December, one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, annually, to the ewiner of every fishing boat of more than five, and less than tons and less than twenty tons, or to his agent or lawful representations. tons and less than twenty tons, or to his agent or lawful representative, by the collector of the district where such boat or vessel may belong, the sum of one dollar and sixty cents upon every ton admeasurement of such boat or vessel, which allowance shall be accounted for as part of the proceeds of the fares of said boat or vessel, and shall accordingly be so divided among all persons interested therein: Provided, however, That this allowance shall be made only to such boats or vessels as shall have been actually employed at sea in the cod fishery for the term of four months at the least of the preceding season: And provided also, That such boat or vessel shall have landed, in the course of said preceding season, a quantity of fish not less than twelve quintals for every ton of her admeasurement; the said quantity of fish to be ascertained when dried and cured fit for exportation, and according to the weight thereof as the same shall weigh at the time of delivery when actually sold; which account of the weight, with the original adjustment and settlement of the fare or fares among the be produced and owners and fishermen, together with a written account of the length, breadth, and depth, of said boat or vessel, and the time she has actually been employed in the fishery in the preceding season, shall, in all cases, be produced and sworn or affirmed * before the said collector of the district, in order to entitle the owner, his agent, or lawful representative, to receive the allowances aforesaid. And if at any time within one year after pay-

If, within one year after the

ment of such allowance, it shall appear that any fraud or deceit has been practised in obtaining the same, the boat or vessel upon payment of the allowance, it which such allowance shall have been paid, if found within the should apply district aforesaid, shall be forfeited, otherwise the owner or action that any fraud, the shall be forfeited to the owner or action the owners, having practised such fraud or deceit, shall forfeit and practised, the pay one hundred dollars, to be sued for, recovered, and distrithe owners to
buted, in the same manner as forfeitures and penalties are to be pay 100 dolls. sued for, recovered, and distributed, for any breach of the act, entitled "An act to regulate the collection of duties on imports and tonnage."*

[* Ch. 128, vol 3.]

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That the owner or owners The own rot of every fishing vessel of twenty tons and upwards, his or their vessel, of 20 agent or lawful representative, shall, previous to receiving the wards, &c. preallowance made by this act, produce to the collector who is au-viously to receiving the althorized to pay the same, the original agreement or agreements lowance. &c. to which may have been made with the fishermen employed on board coll. The collection of the colle such vessel, as is hereinbefore required, and also a certificate, to more made with be by him or them subscribed, therein mentioning the particular the fishermen, the cand also a days on which such vessel sailed and returned on the several certificate, &c. voyages or fares she may have made in the preceding fishing season, to the truth of which he or they shall swear or affirm, before the collector aforesaid.

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That no ship or vessel of No vessel of 20 twenty tons or upwards, employed as aforesaid, shall be entitled to the allowance granted by this act, unless the skipper or master thereof shall, before he proceeds on any fishing voyage, make an agreement in writing, or in print, with every fisherman employed on any fishing voyage, makes a therein, according to the provisions of the act, entitled "An act written agreement of page of the government of tor the government of persons in certain fisheries."†

for the government of persons in certain fisheries."†

Sect. 9. And be it further enacted, That any person who shall have on the line a false declaration, in any oath or affirmation required claration in any oath or affirmation required claration in any oath or affirmation required claration in any by this act, being duly convicted thereof in any court of the Uni- oath, &c. deen ted States having jurisdiction of such offence, shall be deemed ful and corrupt guilty of wilful and corrupt perjury, and shall be punished ac- Perju y, &c.

DECT. 10. And be it further enacted, That this act shall continue in force until the termination of the war in subject of the state of condingly. tinue in force until the termination of the war in which the Uni- until the 17th ted States are now engaged with the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and the dependencies thereof, and for one year thereafter, and no longer. [Approved, July 29, 1813.]

CHAP. 564. [XXXV.] An act supplementary to the acts heretofore passed on the subject of an uniform rule of naturalization.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That persons resident within the United States, or the territories thereof, Persons resident on the eighteenth day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred states, &c. on dred and twelve, who had, before that day, made a declaration, action of their intentions to become citizens of the United States, &c. on the 18th June, 1812, and, before that day, land day, land day, land declaration, action of the United States, and the states of the United States. ted States, or who, by the existing laws of the United States, tion of their intentions to be

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were, on that day, entitled to become citizens without making come citizens, such declaration, may be admitted to become citizens thereof, ar who, &c. may be admitted, &c. notwithstanding they shall be alien enemies, at the times and notwithstanding in the manner prescribed by the laws heretofore passed on that eacmics, &c. subject: Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be taken Provide nothing nothing subject: Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be taken bereint operated or construed to interfere with, or prevent the apprehension and the apprehension and removal of removal, agreeably to law, of, any alien enemy at any time pre-any alien enemy vious to the actual naturalization of such alien.

[Approved, July 30, 1813.]

ax of six mil-

[*See set of 9th CHAP. 565 [XXXVI.] An act to lay and collect a direct tax within the Jan. 1815; chap, 203, post. which imposes a direct

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That

New Hampshire.

A direct tax of a direct tax, of three millions of doll slaid upon the United States, and appositioned spectively, in the manner following:

To the state of New Hampshire, laid upon the United States, and apportioned to the states, re-

a direct tax, of three millions of dollars, shall be, and is hereby,

Manachusetts.

To the state of New Hampshire, ninety-six thousand seven hundred ninety-three dollars and thirty-seven cents.

To the state of Massachusetts, three hundred sixteen thousand two hundred seventy dollars and ninety-eight cents,

Rhode Island.

To the state of Rhode Island, thirty-four thousand seven hundred two dollars and eighteen cents.

Connecticut

To the state of Connecticut, one hundred eighteen thousand one hundred sixty-seven dollars and seventy-one cents.

Vormont.

To the state of Vermont, ninety-eight thousand three hun-

New York.

dred forty-three dollars and seventy-one cents, To the state of New York, four hundred thirty thousand one

hundred forty-one dollars and sixty-two cents.

New Jersey.

To the state of New Jersey, one hundred eight thousand eight hundred seventy-one dollars and eighty-three cents.

Pennsylvania.

To the state of Pennsylvania, three hundred sixty-five thousand four hundred seventy-nine dollars and sixteen cents.

Delaware.

To the state of Delaware, thirty-two thousand forty-six dollars and twenty-five cents.

Maryland.

To the state of Maryland, one hundred fifty-one thousand six hundred twenty-three dollars and ninety-four cents.

Virginia.

To the state of Virginia, three hundred sixty-nine thousand eighteen dollars and forty-four cents.

Kentucky.

To the state of Kentucky, one hundred sixty-eight thousand nine hundred twenty-eight dollars and seventy-six cents.

Ohio.

To the state of Ohio, one hundred four thousand one hundred fifty dollars and fourteen cents.

North Carolina

To the state of North Carolina, two hundred twenty thousand two hundred thirty-eight dollars and twenty-eight cents.

Tennessec.

To the state of Tennessee, one hundred ten thousand eightysix dollars and fifty-five cents.

outh Carelina

To the state of South Carolina, one hundred fifty-one those sand nine hundred five dollars and forty-eight cents.

Georgia.

To the state of Georgia, ninety-four thousand nine hundred thirty-six dollars and forty-nine cents.

And to the state of Louisiana, twenty-eight thousand two 1813. hundred ninety-five dollars and eleven cents.

SEGT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the quotas or portions payable by the states, repectively, shall be laid and apportant able by the states, respectively, shall be laid and apportant apportant and states, as defined, with respect to the boundaries of the said on the several states, as defined, with respect to the boundaries of the said counting, &c. as counting and state districts, by an act, entitled "An act for the defined, &c. by the states, as defined and collection of direct taxes and internal duties,"

**Exercise 1. **Lorent in the manner following:

In the state of New Hampshire. On the county of Rocking In New Hammer, twenty-five thousand two hundred nines and him him him had not been able to the state of New Hammer and the state of New Hammer ham, twenty-five thousand two hundred ninety-eight dollars and eighty-nine cents.

On the county of Strafford, seventeen thousand six hundred

minety-eight dollars and sixty-six cents.

On the county of Hillsborough, twenty thousand two hundred mineteen dollars and sixteen cents.

On the county of Cheshire, nineteen thousand three hundred eighteen dollars and three cents.

On the county of Grafton, eleven thousand nine hundred ten dollars and forty-three cents.

On the county of Coos, two thousand three hundred fortyeight dollars and twenty cents.

In the state of Massachusetts. On the county of Washington, two thousand six hundred twenty-three dollars and fifty-nine

On the county of Hancock, nine thousand one hundred ninety dollars and sixty-five cents.

On the county of Lincoln, thirteen thousand six hundred se-

venty-two dollars. On the county of Kennebeck, nine thousand six hundred

ninety-six dollars and fifty-two cents. On the county of Somerset, three thousand five hundred four

dollars and sixty-three cents. On the county of Oxford, five thousand five hundred fifty-nine

dollars and sixty cents. Un the county of Cumberland, fifteen thousand seven hun-

dred eighty-seven dollars and ninety-nine cents.

On the county of York, fourteen thousand one hundred seventy-five dollars and three cents.

On the county of Essex, forty-one thousand six hundred forty-three dollars and one cent.

On the county of Middlesex, twenty-six thousand four hundred thirty-three dollars and forty-five cents.

On the county of Suffolk, forty-three thousand six hundred seventy-six dollars and eighty-three cents.

On the county of Norfolk, fifteen thousand six hundred twenty-nine dollars and eighty-eight cents.

On the county of Plymouth, fourteen thousand four hundred seventy-eight dollars and sixty-seven cents.

On the county of Bristol, fourteen thousand four hundred sixty-nine dollars and sixteen cents.

On the county of Barnstable, six thousand five hundred fiftythree dollars.

In Vermont.

On the county of Dukes, one thousand one hundred seventy-three dollars and thirty-three cents.

On the county of Nantucket, four thousand nine hundred twenty-four dollars and thirty-one cents.

On the county of Worcester, thirty thousand one hundred

on the counties of Hampshire, Franklin, and Hampden, twenty-nine thousand six hundred thirty-four dollars and five cents.

And on the county of Berkshire, thirteen thousand two hun-

dred seventy-three dollars and fifty-seven cents.

In the state of Vermont. On the county of Windham, eleven thousand eight hundred sixty-seven dollars and eighty-five cents.

On the county of Windsor, fifteen thousand five hundred forty-two dollars and thirty-two cents.

On the county of Orange, eleven thousand seven hundred eighty-four dollars and five cents.

On the county of Caledonia, seven thousand six hundred forty-three dollars and eighty-four cents.

On the county of Orleans, two thousand one hundred twentyeight dollars and ten cents.

On the county of Essex, one thousand one hundred ninety-seven was and ninety-six cents.

On the county of Bennington, eight thousand three hundred ninety dollars and twelve cents.

On the county of Rutland, fourteen thousand thirty-six dollars and eighty-nine cents.

On the county of Addison, ten thousand seventy-nine dollars and eleven cents.

On the county of Grand Isle, one thousand five hundred fiftythree dollars and thirty-seven cents.

On the county of Franklin, five thousand eight hundred nine-

On the county of Franklin, five thousand eight hundred ninety dollars and forty cents.

And on the county of Chittenden, eight thousand two hundred twenty-nine dollars and seventy cents.

In Rhode Island.

In the state of Rhode Island. On the county of Providence, fourteen thousand five hundred sixty dollars.

On the county of Newport, eight thousand fifty-six dollars.
On the county of Washington, five thousand three hundred ninety-four dollars.

On the county of Kent, four thousand two hundred ninety-five dollars.

On the county of Bristol, two thousand three hundred ninety-five dollars and eighteen cents.

In the state of Connecticut. On the county of Litchfield, nineteen thousand sixty-five dollars seventy-two cents.

On the county of Fairfield, eighteen thousand eight hundred

ten dollars and fifty-six cents.

On the county of New Haven, sixteen thousand seven hundred twenty-three dollars and ten cents.

On the county of Harford, nineteen thousand six hundred three dollars and two cents.

On the county of New London, thirteen thousand three hun- 1813. dred ninety-two dollars and four cents.

On the county of Middlesex, nine thousand sixty-four dol-

lars and twenty cents.

On the county of Windham, fourteen thousand five hundred twenty-four dollars and thirty-eight cents.

And on the county of Tolland, six thousand nine hundred

eighty-four dollars and sixty-nine cents.

In the state of New York. On the county of Suffolk, nine In New York. thousand thirty dollars.

On Queens county, nine thousand two hundred fifty dollars.

On Kings county, six thousand nine hundred thirty dollars.

On the city and county of New York, one hundred nine thousand two hundred thirty dollars.

On the county of West Chester, thirteen thousand one hundred twenty dollars.

On the county of Duchess, twenty-four thousand one hundred forty dollars.

On the county of Orange, fifteen thousand dollars.

On the county of Rockland, two thousand six hundred eighty dollars.

On the county of Ulster, ten thousand six hundred seventy dollars.

On the county of Sullivan, two thousand four hundred fifty dollars.

On the county of Scoharie, five thousand six hundred ninety

On the county of Columbia, fourteen thousand six hundred dollars.

On the county of Renselaer, fifteen thousand one hundred ninety dollars.

On the county of Washington, fifteen thousand six hundred fifty-one dollars and sixty-two cents.

On the county of Saratoga, nine thousand eight hundred thirty dollars.

On the county of Essex, two thousand seven hundred dollars. On the county of Clinton, two thousand two hundred eighty dollars.

On the county of Franklin, seven hundred seventy dollars.

On the county of Albany, nineteen thousand four hundred twenty dollars.

On the county of Schenectady, four thousand one hundred dollars.

On the county of Montgomery, sixteen thousand four hundred twenty dollars.

On the county of Herkimer, seven thousand ninety dollars.

On the county of Oneida, thirteen thousand three hundred dollars.

On the county of Lewis, one thousand nine hundred sixty

On the county of Jefferson, four thousand six hundred ten dollars.

On the county of St. Lawrence, three thousand dollars.

On the county of Otsego, eleven thousand six hundred ninety dollars.

On the county of Chenango, six thousand one hundred twenty dollars.

On the county of Madison, seven thousand four hundred

thirty dollars.

On the county of Tioga, one thousand nine hundred thirty dollars.

On the county of Broome, one thousand nine hundred ninety

dellars.

On the county of Steuben, one thousand seven hundred seventy dollars.

On the county of Onandago, seven thousand eight hundred

sixty dollars.

On the county of Cortland, two thousand one hundred seventy dollars.

On the county of Cayuga, nine thousand two hundred ninety dollars.

On the county of Seneca, five thousand dollars.

On the county of Ontario, fourteen thousand two hundred seventy dollars.

On the county of Genessee, four thousand eighty dollars.

 On the county of Niagara, three thousand one hundred ninety dollars.

On the county of Allegheny, four hundred seventy dollars.

On the county of Richmond, two thousand two hundred swenty dollars.

On the county of Greene, seven thousand eight hundred afty

And on the county of Delaware, five thousand four hundred sinety dollars.

In New Jersey.

In the state of New Jersey. On the county of Bergen, seven thousand twenty-seven dollars and thirty cents.

On the county of Essex, nine thousand nine hundred nine dollars and eight cents.

On the county of Sommerset, seven thousand two hundred thirty-three dollars and twenty-eight cents.

On the county of Middlesex, nine thousand one hundred sighty-two dollars and fifty-two cents.

On the county of Sussex, eleven thousand twenty-two dollars

On the county of Morris, eight thousand eight hundred eighteen dollars and twenty-nine cents.

On the county of Hunterdon, twelve thousand two hundred fifty-one dollars and seventy-eight cents.

On the county of Burlington, eleven thousand nine hundred twenty-nine dollars and thirty-six cents.

On the county of Gloucester, eight thousand eight hundred twenty-three dollars and sixty-three cents.

On the county of Monmouth, ten thousand two hundred four dollars and twelve cents.

On the county of Cumberland, four thousand three hundred 1916. fifty-seven dollars and sixteen cents.

On the county of Salem, six thousand five hundred twenty-

eight dollars and seventeen cents.

On the county of Cape May, one thousand sve hundred eighty-four dollars and forty-one cents.

In the state of Pennsylvania. On the city of Philadelphia, in Pennsylvania

seventy-nine thousand five hundred dollars.

On the county of Philadelphia, thirty-eight thousand two hundred thirty dollars.

On the county of Chester, eighteen thousand two hundred

seventy dollars.

On the county of Delaware, seven thousand sixty dollars.

On the county of Montgomery, fifteen thousand three humdred dollars.

On the county of Bucks, sixteen thousand six hundred dollars.

On the county of Lancaster, thirty-seven thousand four hundred dellars.

On the county of York, eleven thousand five hundred forty dollars.

On the county of Adams, five thousand four hundred fifty

On the county of Northampton, eleven thousand one hundred forty dollars.

On the county of Wayne, two thousand six hundred forty dollars.

On the county of Berks, twenty-one thousand five hundred fifty dollars.

On the county of Dauphin, seventeen thousand six hundred

fifty dollars.

On the county of Cumberland, ten thousand three hundred collars.

On the county of Franklin, nine thousand dollars.

On the county of Northumberland, seven thousand five hundred eighty dollars.

On the county of Mifflin, three thousand five hundred dollars. On the county of Huntingdon, three thousand seventy dollars.

On the county of Bedford, two thousand six hundred ten dollars.

On the county of Sommerset, two thousand dollars.

On the county of Cambria, four hundred dollars.

On the county of Fayette, four thousand five hundred dollars.

On the county of Greene, two thousand one hundred thirty dollars.

On the county of Washington, six thousand nine hundred twenty dollars.

On the county of Allegheny, five thousand two hundred tea

On the county of Armstrong, one thousand two hundred fifty dollars,

On the county of Westmoreland, five thousand four hundred forty dollars.

On the counties of Indiana and Jefferson, one thousand three hundred twenty dollars.

On the county of Centre, three thousand one hundred fifty

dollars.

On the counties of Clearfield, Potter, and M'Kean, three hundred dollars.

On the county of Luzerne, having the same limits as before the formation of the counties of Susquehannah and Bradford, two thousand seven hundred twenty dollars.

On the county of Lycoming, having the same limits as before the formation of the county of Bradford, two thousand five hun-

dred dollars.

On the county of Tioga, three hundred eighty-nine dollars and sixteen cents.

On the county of Mercer, one thousand seven hundred ten dollars.

On the county of Butler, one thousand five hundred dollars.

On the county of Beaver, two thousand five hundred ten dollars.

On the county of Crawford, one thousand two hundred sixty dollars.

On the counties of Venango and Warren, eight hundred dollars.

On the county of Erie, seven hundred eighty dollars.

In Delaware.

In the state of Delaware. On the county of New Castle, twelve thousand two hundred eight dollars and eight cents.

On the county of Kent, ten thousand six hundred eighty-two

dollars and seven cents.

And on the county of Sussex, nine thousand one hundred fifty-six dollars and six cents.

In Maryland.

In the state of Maryland. On the county of Sommerset, five thousand five hundred forty dollars.

On the county of Worcester, four thousand nine hundred ten dollars.

On the county of Dorchester, five thousand five hundred ten dollars.

On the county of Talbot, four thousand one hundred forty dollars.

On the county of Queen Anne, five thousand six hundred thirty dollars.

On the county of Caroline, two thousand two hundred fifty dollars.

On the county of Kent, four thousand two hundred thirteen dollars and ninety-four cents.

On the county of Cecil, five thousand nine hundred fifty dollars.

On the county of Hartford, five thousand three hundred fifty dollars.

On the city and county of Baltimore, forty-eight thousand six hundred seventy dollars.

On the county of Anne Arundle, nine thousand eight hundred ten dollars.

On the county of Prince George, seven thousand six hundred ninety dollars.

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On the county of Calvert, two thousand four hundred ten dollars.

On the county of St. Mary, three thousand nine hundred fifty dollars.

On the county of Charles, six thousand seven hundred forty dollars.

On the county of Montgomery, five thousand one hundred ten dollars.

On the county of Frederick, fourteen thousand one hundred seventy dollars.

On the county of Washington, seven thousand three hundred seventy dollars.

And on the county of Allegheny, two thousand two hundred ten dollars.

In the state of Virginia. On the county of Lee, three hun- to virginia. dred forty-seven dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Washington, one thousand eight hundred ninety-four dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Grayson, two hundred thirty-three dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Russell, one thousand three hundred thirtysix dollars.

On the county of Wythe, one thousand five hundred thirtyeight dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Tazewell, one thousand two hundred sixtyseven dollars.

On the county of Botetourt, three thousand one hundred

fourteen dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Montgomery, one thousand three hundred

twelve dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Giles, five hundred forty dollars and fifteen

On the county of Giles, five hundred forty dollars and fifty

On the county of Monroe, one thousand thirty dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Green Brier, one thousand six hundred fifty dollars and forty-four cents.

On the county of Kenhawa, two thousand one hundred sixtyseven dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Cabell, one thousand five hundred forty-six

dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Mason, one thousand one hundred thirty

dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Randolph, five thousand four hundred sixty-

five dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Harrison, two thousand six hundred seventy-two dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Wood, one thousand three hundred thirtyeight dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Monongalia, two thousand nine hundred ninety-two dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Ohio, one thousand nine hundred seven dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Brooke, one thousand one hundred ninety-

five dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Bath, two thousand three hundred five dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Pendleton, one thousand four hundred

twenty-eight dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Hardy, two thousand one hundred twentysix dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Hampshire, three thousand seven hundred

ninety-five dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Rockbridge, three thousand three hundred ninety-one dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Augusta, six thousand seven hundred thirty-

nine dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Rockingham, six thousand one hundred sixty-two dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Shenandoah, five thousand nine hundred

seventy-eight dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Frederick, eleven thousand eight hundred seventy-six dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Berkeley and on the county of Jefferson,

thirteen thousand twenty-two dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Bedford, five thousand two hundred thirtythree dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Patrick, seven hundred seventy dollars and

fifty cents.

On the county of Henry, one thousand three hundred four dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Franklin, two thousand four dollars and

fifty cents.

On the county of Campbell, three thousand eight hundred fifty-two dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Charlotte, four thousand ninety dollars and

fifty cents.

On the county of Pittsylvania, four thousand three hundred sixty-three dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Halifax, six thousand seven hundred eighty-

six dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Mecklenberg, six thousand eight hundred sixty-six dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Lunenberg, three thousand eight hundred

twenty-one dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Brunswick, four thousand eight hundred seventy-nine dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Nottoway, four thousand three hundred

twenty-two dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Prince Edward, four thousand four hundred fourteen dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Buckingham, five thousand seven hundred forty-one dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Cumberland, four thousand seven hundred fifteen dollars and fifty cents.

In Virginia.

On the county of Amelia, five thousand two dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Powhatan, three thousand eight hundred ninety-nine dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Chesterfield, six thousand four hundred

forty dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Dinwiddie and town of Petersburg, eight thousand one hundred ninety-two dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Prince George, two thousand nine hundred

eighty-eight dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Greenville, two thousand six hundred thirtyfive dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Sussex, three thousand nine hundred forty-

five dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Southampton, four thousand six hundred fifty-six dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Surry, two thousand two hundred forty-four

dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Isle of Wight, two thousand six hundred eighty-eight dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Nansemond, three thousand two hundred

three dollars and fifty cents.

On the county and borough of Norfolk, nine thousand eight hundred fifty-seven dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Princess Anne, two thousand four hundred

seventeen dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Elizabeth City, eight hundred thirty-nine

dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Warwick, eight hundred fifty-five dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of York, one thousand three hundred seventy-

three dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of James City, one thousand five hundred twenty-five dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of New Kent, two thousand six hundred

eighty-seven dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Charles City, two thousand one hundred

fifty-four dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Henrico, eight thousand fifty dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Goochland, four thousand five hundred

fifty-five dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Hanover, six thousand forty nine dollars and lifty cents.

On the county of Amherst and on the county of Nelson, nine thousand five hundred thirteen dollars.

On the county of Albemarle, nine thousand four hundred ninety-seven dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Fluvannah, two thousand one hundred thirtyone dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Orange, ave thousand two hundred six dol-1813. lars and fifty cents. to Virginia.

On the county of Madison, four thousand two hundred forty-

seven dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Culpepper, eight thousand six hundred ninety-two dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Fauquier, eight thousand nine hundred

forty dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Prince William, five thousand two hundred fifty-one dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Stafford, three thousand five hundred se-

venty-nine dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Loudon, eight thousand one hundred thirty

dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Fairfax, six thousand three hundred aftyfour dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Spottsylvania, six thousand two hundred

sixty-two dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Louisa, four thousand four hundred twentyfive dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Caroline, seven thousand one hundred four

dollars and fifty cents. On the county of King George, two thousand seven hundred thirty-six dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Westmoreland, three thousand are hundred

and fourteen dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Richmond, two thousand six hundred twenty-four dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Northumberland, three thousand sixteen

dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Lancaster, one thousand nine hundred fifty-

four dollars and fifty cents. On the county of King William, three thousand four hundred

fifty-four dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of King and Queen, two thousand eight hundred sixty dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Essex, three thousand three hundred thir-

ty-six dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Middlesex, one thousand nine hundred

forty-one dollars and fifty cents. On the county of Gloucester, three thousand three hundred

ninety-seven dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Matthews, one thousand six hundred eleven dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Accomac, five thousand one hundred thirty-

nine dollars and fifty cents.

And on the county of Northampton, three thousand one handred seven dollars and fifty cents.

In North Caroli-

In the state of North Carolina. On the county of Currituck, two thousand two hundred four dollars and eighty-six cents.

On the county of Camden, two thousand four hundred sixtytwo dollars and ninety-five cents.

On the county of Pasquetank, three thousand four hundred 1813. minety-three dollars and ninety-six cents.

On the county of Perquimans, two thousand one hundred se-

venty dollars and eighty-five cents.

On the county of Gates, two thousand one hundred thirty-four dollars and twenty cents.

On the county of Chowan, two thousand six hundred fortytwo dollars and seventy cents.

On the county of Hartford, two thousand nine hundred fiftysix dollars and thirteen cents.

On the county of Bertie, five thousand two hundred sixtyseven dollars and twenty-seven cents.

On the county of Martin, two thousand three hundred thirtyfive dollars and twelve cents.

On the county of Northampton, six thousand seven hundred

sixty dollars and eighty-eight cents.

On the county of Halifax, seven thousand seven hundred twenty dollars and ninety-seven cents.

On the county of Washington, one thousand eight hundred fifty dollars.

On the county of Tyrrel, one thousand three hundred ninetyone dollars and forty-eight cents.

On the county of Hyde, two thousand three hundred eightysix dollars and sixty-five cents.

On the county of Pitt, three thousand four hundred ninetysix dollars and forty-two cents.

On the county of Edgecombe, six thousand sixty-six dollars and eighty-nine cents.

On the county of Beamfort, two thousand eight hundred twenty four dollars and sixty-five cents.

On the county of Green, one thousand six hundred forty-five dollars and ninety-four cents.

On the county of Craven, ave thousand five hundred fifty-se-

ven dollars and sixty-five cents. On the county of Carteret, one thousand three hundred se-

venty-three dollars and twelve cents. On the county of Jones, two thousand two hundred thirty-

three dollars seventy-nine cents. On the county of Lenoir, two thousand one hundred seventyeight dollars and ninety cents.

On the county of Johnson, three thousand two hundred sixtythree dollars and fifteen cents.

On the county of Wayne, three thousand thirty-four dollars and thirty-five cents.

On the county of Warren, five thousand five hundred twenty-

five dollars and thirty-three cents. On the county of Franklin, four thousand five hundred seven-

ty-six dollars and ninety-five cents. On the county of Nash, two thousand nine hundred eighty-

eight dollars and thirty-three cents. On the county of Granville, six thousand four hundred fortyfour dollars and thirty-nine cents.

On the county of Onslow, two thousand two hundred thirty-1813. In North Caro- four dollars and eleven cents.

On the county of New Hanover, six thousand six hundred

ninety dollars and eleven cents.

On the county of Duplin, three thousand two hundred thirtyseven dollars and seventy-one cents.

On the county of Sampson, two thousand nine hundred fiftyone dollars and thirty-nine cents.

On the county of Brunswick, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three dollars and sixty-eight cents.

On the county of Bladen, two thousand seven hundred two

dollars and eighty-three cents.

On the county of Columbus, one thousand two hundred thirty-five dollars and fifteen cents.

On the county of Cumberland, five thousand six hundred

thirty-eight dollars and eighty-four cents.

On the county of Robeson, three thousand three hundred twenty-three dollars and fourteen cents.

On the county of Montgomery, two thousand eight hundred

seventy-five dollars and three cents.

On the county of Richmond, two thousand three hundred, eighty-three dollars and thirty-nine cents. On the county of Anson, two thousand seven hundred nine-

ty-two dollars and twenty-seven cents.

On the county of Moore, two thousand three hundred ninetyseven dollars and ninety-two cents.

On the county of Orange, seven thousand three hundred sixty-six dollars and fifty cents.

On the county of Wake, six thousand four hundred fortythree dollars and fifty-four cents.

On the county of Person, two thousand eight hundred fiftyone dollars and fifty-seven cents.

On the county of Rockingham, three thousand nine hundred sixty-two dollars and forty-seven cents.

On the county of Caswell, four thousand sixty-seven dollars and ninety-nine cents.

On the county of Guilford, four thousand four hundred ninety-one dollars and sixty-six cents.

On the county of Stokes, three thousand eight hundred fortytwo dollars and thirty-eight cents.

On the county of Rowan, eight thousand eight hundred seventy-two dollars and thirteen cents.

On the county of Randolph, two thousand seven hundred sixty-four dollars and ninety-five cents.

On the county of Chatham, four thousand three hundred thirty-seven dollars and eighty-three cents.

On the county of Lincoln, five thousand six hundred fiftytwo dollars and sixty-five cents.

On the county of Mecklenburg, five thousand four hundred sixty-three dollars and sixty-three cents.

On the county of Cabarrus, two thousand six hundred fortyfive dollars and seventy cents.

On the county of Buncombe, two thousand eight hundred 1813. sixty dollars and forty-eight cents.

On the county of Haywood, eight hundred six dollars and lina

eighteen cents.

On the county of Burke, two thousand seven hundred sixtyfour dollars and ninety-two cents.

On the county of Rutherford, three thousand nine hundred seventeen dollars and fifty-three cents.

On the county of Surry, three thousand three hundred ninetyseven dollars and eighty-one cents.

On the county of Wilkes, one thousand eight hundred seven

dollars and twenty-eight cents.

On the county of Ashe, seven hundred twenty-four dollars and thirty-four cents.

And on the county of Iredell, three thousand eight hundred twelve dollars and sixty-one cents.

In the state of Ohio. On the county of Ross, three thousand in Ohio. eight hundred seventeen dollars and forty-nine cents.

On the county of Highland, eight hundred seventy-five dol-

lars and twenty-one cents.

On the county of Clinton, four hundred ninety-one dollars and thirty-one cents.

On the county of Madison, four hundred one dollars and thirty-seven cents.

On the county of Champaign, eight hundred twelve dollars and sixty-one cents.

On the county of Greene, one thousand five hundred seventeen dollars and fourteen cents.

On the county of Delaware, six hundred ninety-one dollars and seventy-two cents.

On the county of Franklin, one thousand five hundred seventy-three dollars and ninety cents.

On the county of Tuscarawas, four hundred five dollars and eighty-eight cents.

On the county of Knox, four hundred dollars and thirty-two

On the counties of Columbiana and Stark, two thousand six hundred eighty-seven dollars and forty-two cents.

On the county of Jefferson, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight dollars and forty-two cents.

On the county of Warren, two thousand ninety-nine dollars and fourteen cents.

On the county of Scioto, four hundred twelve dollars and twenty-seven cents.

On the county of Licking, seven hundred eighty-nine dollars and thirteen cents.

On the county of Guernsey, two hundred thirty-seven dollars and forty-four cents.

On the county of Montgomery, one thousand five hundred fifty-six dollars and one cent.

On the county of Washington, one thousand seven hundred forty-two dollars and nine cents.

1813. On the county of Muskingum, one thousand fee hundred forty-seven dollars and forty-eight cents.

On the county of Pickaway, one thousand two hundred two

dollars and eighty-five cents.

On the county of Belmont, one thousand one hundred seventy-one dollars and forty-one cents.

On the county of Adams, one thousand four bundred thirty-

three dollars and forty-one cents.

On the county of Clermont, one thousand six hundred ninety-seven dollars and eighty-eight cents.

On the county of Mamilton, two thousand eight hundred se-

venty-five dollars and seventy-nine cents.

On the county of Miami, four hundred twenty-one dollars and ten cents.

On the county of Preble, three hundred twenty-six dollars

and fifty-two cents.

On the county of Butler, one thousand three hundred fifty-seven dollars and twelve cents.

On the county of Athens, two hundred seventy-two dollars

on the county of Gallia, five hundred two dollars and fifty-

seven cents.

On the county of Portage, one thousand four hundred sixty-

four dollars and sixty-five cents.

On the county of Graugs, eight hundred fifty-two dollars

and twenty-one cents.

On the county of Cayahoga, five hundred eighteen dollars and fifty-four cents.

On the county of Trumbull, including Ashtabulla, two thou-

sand two hundred seventy dollars and four cents.

On the county of Fairfield, one thousand nine hundred twenty-four dollars and sixty-one cents.

And on the county of Fayette, two hundred eighty-three dol-

lars and fifteen cents.

Which several quotas on the counties of the state of Ohio, are exclusively of the taxes on lands lying in the said counties, respectively, and owned by persons not residing in the state.

And on lands owned by persons not residing in the state, sixty-one thousand five hundred twenty-nine dollars and ninety-

one cents.

In Kentucky.

In the state of Kentucky. On the county of Clarke, four thousand eight hundred sixteen dollars and eighty-three cents.

On the county of Estill, three hundred fifty-four dollars and twelve cents.

On the county of Montgomery, two thousand six hundred fifty-eight dollars and ninety-five cents.

On the county of Bath, one thousand two hundred twelve dollars and ninety-two cents.

On the county of Fleming, two thousand four hundred fortyeight dollars and eighty-nine cents.

On the county of Greenup, eight hundred seventy-four dollars and ninety-six cents.

On the county of Floyd, six hundred sixty-five dollars and 1813. sixty cents.

On the county of Fayette, fourteen thousand five hundred eighty-five dollars and twenty-eight cents.

On the county of Jessamine, three thousand three hundred five dollars and ninety-seven cents.

On the county of Woodford, four thousand seven hundred seven dollars and thirty cents.

On the county of Scott, four thousand four hundred fortynine dollars and thirty-seven cents.

On the county of Harrison, two thousand nine hundred fortythree dollars and ten cents.

On the county of Pendleton, seven hundred twenty-one dollars and sixty cents.

On the county of Campbell, one thousand three hundred fiftynine dollars and forty-four cents.

On the county of Boone, one thousand eighty-nine dollars and thirty-one cents.

On the county of Gallatin, one thousand one hundred fortysix dollars and three cents.

On the county of Franklin, four thousand six hundred ninety-

one dollars and sixteen cents. On the county of Bourbon, seven thousand one hundred se-

venty-four dollars and twenty-six cents. On the county of Nicholas, one thousand three hundred twenty-five dollars and seventy cents.

On the county of Mason, five thousand three hundred eleven dollars and nine cents.

On the county of Bracken, one thousand two hundred thirtyfive dollars and three cents.

On the county of Lewis, six hundred fifty-seven dollars and sixty-four cents.

On the county of Livingston, one thousand three hundred sixty-one dollars and eighty-nine cents.

On the county of Caldwell, one thousand three hundred ninety-seven dollars and fifty-eight cents.

On the county of Christian, three thousand four hundred seventy-six dollars and one cent.

On the county of Breckenridge, nine hundred seventy-two dollars and eleven cents.

On the county of Uhio, one thousand two hundred sixtythree dollars and twenty-five cents.

On the county of Grayson, five hundred twenty dollars.

On the county of Muhlenberg, one thousand two hundred thirty-six dollars and sixty cents.

On the county of Henderson, one thousand three hundred two dollars and ninety-six cents.

On the county of Hopkins, nine hundred sixteen dollars and

On the county of Union, seven hundred six dollars and ninety-one cents.

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1813. On the county of Barron, three thousand three hundred forty-

On the county of Warren, three thousand one hundred one dollars and nine cents.

On the county of Logan, four thousand two hundred twelve dollars and ninety-one cents.

On the county of Butler, five hundred ninety-two dollars and thirty-three cents.

On the county of Cumberland, one thousand seven hundred two dollars and six cents.

On the county of Mercer, five thousand eight hundred eighty-five dollars and fifty-four cents.

On the county of Garrard, three thousand four hundred twen-

ty-three dollars and thirty cents.

On the county of Madison, four thousand nine hundred thirtythree dollars and fifty-six cents.

On the county of Clay, five hundred twenty-two dollars and thirty-seven cents.

On the county of Bullitt, one thousand nineteen dollars and forty-three cents.

On the county of Jefferson, eight thousand six hundred thirty-five dollars and eighty-eight cents.

On the county of Henry, two thousand three dollars and seventy-one cents.

On the county of Shelby, five thousand four hundred thirty-

one dollars and ten cents.
On the county of Lincoln, three thousand eight hundred fifty-

ty-two dollars and sixty-eight cents.

On the county of Rockcastle, five hundred sixty dollars and

fifty-five cents.

On the county of Knox, one thousand three hundred eighteen dollars and twenty-two cents.

On the county of Pulaski, one thousand two hundred sixty-two dollars and eighty-two cents.

On the county of Wayne, one thousand three hundred fortythree dollars and six cents.

On the county of Adair, one thousand eight hundred eight dollars and sixty-eight cents.

On the county of Casey, seven hundred one dollars and twenty cents.

On the county of Hardin, two thousand three hundred eightythree dollars and fifty-six cents.

On the county of Nelson, five thousand one hundred four dollars and ninety-eight cents.

On the county of Washington, three thousand eight hundred fifty-eight dollars and forty cents.

And on the county of Greene, two thousand five hundred forty-four dollars and ninety-four cents.

The quotas on the several quotas, on the counties of the state of Kentucty of the taxes on lands lying in the said counties of the taxes on the lands of non-the lands of the state of Kentucty o

And on lands owned by persons not residing in the state, eigh- 1813. teen thousand four hundred ninety-three dollars and fifty-one Onlands of non-resident in Kentents.

The assessment on, and distribution among, the said lands of The assessment which sum, shall be made, any provision in any law to the contrary notwithstanding, by the assessor of that district in the said residents to be state, which includes the town of Frankford, from the list of said sentered for payment of taxes with the auditor of public leades th town accounts of the state of Kentucky, in the year one thousand of Frankford, from the list of lands entered for the list of lands entered for the list of lands entered for the payment of frankford, from the list of lands entered for the payment of frankford, from the list of lands entered for the payment of frankford, from the list of lands entered for the payment of the payment of the said lands being previously advertised, according to the said lands being previously advertised, according to the said lands being previously advertised, according to the said lands being previously advertised. the said lands being previously advertised, according to the said &c. laws, shall be made by the collector of that district, which includes the said town, at the capital therein.

In the state of South Carolina. On the district of Charleston, in South Caroli-

forty-seven thousand five hundred and eighty dollars.

On the district of Colleton, twelve thousand nine hundred eighty-nine dollars and twenty-seven cents.

On the district of Beaufort, fifteen thousand four hundred

twenty dollars and seventy-three cents.

On the district of Barnwell, two thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.

On the district of Orangeburgh, four thousand six hundred and fifty dollars.

On the district of Lexington, two thousand and fifty dollars.

On the district of Richland, three thousand seven hundred dollars.

On the district of Edgefield, five thousand five hundred and seventy dollars.

On the district of Abbeville, four thousand nine hundred dollars.

On the district of Pendleton, two thousand one hundred and seventy dollars.

On the district of Greenville, one thousand four hundred five dollars and forty-eight cents.

On the district of Spartanburg, two thousand two hundred and seventy doclars.

On the district of Union, one thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.

On the district of York, one thousand five hundred and sixty

On the district of Chester, one thousand eight hundred seventy dollars.

On the district of Laurens, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

On the district of Newberry, two thousand two hundred and eighty dollars.

On the district of Fairfield, two thousand eight hundred dol-

On the district of Lancaster, nine hundred and eighty dollars. On the district of Kershaw, three thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars.

On the district of Sumter, six thousand and thirty dollars.
On the district of Chesterfield, one thousand nine hundred and seventy dollars.

On the district of Darlington, two thousand one hundred and

thirty dollars.

On the district of Georgetown, eleven thousand two hundred and eighty dollars.

On the district of Horry, one thousand and sixty dollars. On the district of Marion, three thousand and ten dollars.

On the district of Williamsburg, two thousand three hundred dollars.

And on the district of Marlborough, one thousand three hundred thirty dollars.

In Tennessee.
[*See act of 14th
April, 1814; ch.
645, post.]

In the state of Tennessee.* On the county of Washington, two thousand four hundred ninety-two dollars.

On the county of Sullivan, two thousand two hundred five dollars.

On the county of Greene, three thousand one hundred twentyseven dollars.

On the county of Hawkins, two thousand four hundred sixty-one dollars.

On the county of Carter, one thousand three hundred fortynine dollars.

On the county of Cooke, one thousand six hundred fifty-nine dollars.

On the county of Knox, three thousand two hundred seventy-five cents.

On the county of Jefferson, two thousand three hundred fiftythree dollars and seventeen cents.

On the county of Sevier, one thousand four hundred eighty dollars.

On the county of Blount, two thousand eight hundred fortysix dollars.

On the county of Grainger, two thousand and sixty dollars.

On the county of Claiborne, one thousand five hundred and forty-five dollars.

On the county of Anderson, one thousand two hundred seventy-five dollars.

On the county of Campbell, eight hundred fifty-nine dollars. On the county of Roan, one thousand seven hundred ninety-

On the county of Roan, one thousand seven hundred ninety seven dollars.

On the county of Bledsoe, one thousand and forty-nine dollars. On the county of Rhea, eight hundred and six dollars.

On the county of Smith, five thousand six hundred twenty-six dollars.

On the county of Jackson, two thousand six hundred nine dollars.

On the county of Overton, two thousand seven hundred twenty-five dollars.

On the county of White, one thousand nine hundred forty-four

On the county of Warren, two thousand seven hundred sixty-five dollars.

On the county of Franklin, two thousand seven hundred sixtyseven dollars.

On the county of Bedford, three thousand nine hundred eighty-one dollars.

On the county of Lincoln, two thousand nine hundred forty-eight dollars.

On the county of Sumner, six thousand six hundred sixty dol-

On the county of Davidson, seven thousand five hundred thi ry-nine dollars.

On the county of Williamson, six thousand three hundred fifty-three dollars.

On the county of Rutherford, four thousand nine hundred fifty-eight dollars.

On the county of Wilson, five thousand seven hundred seventythree dollars.

On the county of Maury, five thousand and three dollars.

On the county of Giles, two thousand one hundred ninety-six dollars.

On the county of Hickman, one thousand two hundred forty-seven dollars.

On the county of Humphries, seven hundred and thirty dollars.

On the county of Stewart, two thousand fifty-eight dollars and thirty-eight cents.

On the county of Dixon, two thousand one hundred eightyone dollars.

On the county of Montgomery, three thousand eight hundred seventy-four dollars.

And on the county of Robertson, three thousand five hundred eleven dollars.

In the state of Georgia. On the county of Chatham, nineteen in Georgia. thousand three hundred fifteen dollars and thirty-five cents.

On the county of Bryan, nine hundred fifty-one dollars and seventy-five cents.

On the county of Liberty, three thousand fifty-eight dollars and fourteen cents.

On the county of M'Intosh, one thousand six hundred seventyeight dollars and forty-eight cents.

On the county of Glynn, one thousand seven hundred eighty-four dollars and twenty-three cents.

On the county of Camden, one thousand six hundred sixty-seven dollars and forty-one cents.

On the county of Wayne, two hundred fifty-two dollars and eight cents.

On the county of Effingham, eight hundred forty-six dollars. On the county of Bullock, six hundred forty-one dollars and

eighty-eight cents.

On the county of Tatnall, four hundred seventy dollars and ninety-six cents.

On the county of Scriven, one thousand three hundred fifty dollars and sixteen cents.

1813. In Georgia. On the county of Burke, three thousand six hundred one dol-

lars and sixty-seven cents.

On the county of Richmond, six thousand eight hundred four dollars and eighty-nine cents.

On the county of Jefferson, two thousand one hundred eighty-

eight dollars and seventy-eight cents.

On the county of Washington, two thousand five hundred sixty-five dollars and five cents.

On the county of Montgomery, six hundred seventy dollars

and sixteen cents.

On the county of Columbia, three thousand seven hundred sixty-six dollars and forty-two cents.

On the county of Warren, two thousand three hundred thirty-

five dollars and eleven cents.

On the county of Hancock, four thousand nineteen dollars and seventy-three cents.

On the county of Greene, three thousand seven hundred

twelve dollars and thirty-two cents.

On the county of Lincoln, one thousand four hundred seventythree dollars and twelve cents.

On the county of Wilkes, four thousand six hundred eighty-

two dollars and fifty-one cents.

On the county of Elbert, three thousand two hundred ninety-five dollars and forty-seven cents.

On the county of Franklin, one thousand six hundred forty-

seven dollars and seventy-two cents.

On the county of Oglethorpe, three thousand seven hundred eight dollars and sixty-three cents.

On the county of Jackson, one thousand nine hundred sixty.

seven dollars and forty-four cents.

On the county of Clark, two thousand twenty-four dollars and one cent.

. On the county of Morgan, two thousand twenty-one dollars

and fifty-five cents.

On the county of Laurens, four hundred seventy-five dollars and eighty-eight cents.

On the county of Pulaski, six hundred and sixty-four dollars. On the county of Wilkinson, including the county of Telfair,

five hundred sixty-nine dollars and thirty-three cents.

On the county of Twiggs, eight hundred eighty-six dollars

and fifty-eight cents.

On the county of Baldwin, three thousand ten dollars and

nineteen cents.

On the county of Jones, one thousand five hundred seventy dollars and twenty-seven cents.

On the county of Putnam, two thousand seven hundred fifty dollars and seventy-three cents.

And on the county of Randolph, now called Jasper, two thousand five hundred eight dollars and forty-nine cents.

In Louisiana

In the state of Louisiana. On the parish of Orleans, ten thousand six hundred fifty-seven dollars fifty-five cents.

On the parish of St. Bernard, two hundred thirty-six dollars forty cents.

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On the parish of Plaquemine, three hundred seventy-five dol-

lars fifteen cents.

On the parish of St. Charles, one thousand one hundred sixtyseven dollars seventy-seven cents.

On the parish of St. John the Baptist, eight hundred nine dollars ninety cents.

On the parish of St. James, eight hundred nine dollars ninety

On the parish of Ascension, six hundred thirty-seven dollars eighty-six cents.

On the parish of Assumption, four hundred and ninety-four dollars forty-five cents.

On the parish of La Fourche, interior, four hundred fifty-two dollars.

On the parish of Iberville, five hundred eighty dollars fifty cents. On the parish of West Baton Rouge, three hundred eightyfive dollars fifty-one cents.

On the parish of Feliciana, one thousand three hundred eightythree dollars forty-one cents.

On the parish of East Baton Rouge, one thousand one hundred fifty-four dollars.

On the parish of St. Helena, three hundred fifty-one dollars

On the parish of St. Tammany, two hundred thirty-six dollars forty cents.

On the parish of Point Coupee, one thousand seven hundred ninety-nine dollars twenty-two cents.

On the parish of Concordia, five hundred eight dollars eightytwo cents.

On the parish of Warren, one hundred ninety-one dollars sixty

On the parish of Ouachita, eight hundred thirty-one dollars seventy cents.

On the parish of Rapides, one thousand nine dollars fortyeight cents.

On the parish of Avoyelles, two hundred fourteen dollars eighty-eight cents.

On the parish of Catahoula, one hundred forty-one dollars eighty cents.

On the parish of Nachitoches, one thousand seventy-nine dollars forty-five cents.

On the parish of St. Landrey, one thousand two hundred one dollars four cents.

On the parish of St. Martin, one thousand three dollars eighteen cents. And

On the parish of St. Mary, five hundred eighty-nine dollars

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the amount of taxes The amount of which, by virtue of the provisions of the act for the assessment taxes which, see should be and collection of direct taxes and internal duties, and of this act, hid, &c. on non-residents lands should be laid and collected on nonresidents' lands, so called, in Kentucky and the state of Kentucky and Ohio, shall be ascertained and levied the same manner, and at the same rates, respectively, as they were by the laws



1813.

the year 1811. in 1811 for tax-ation as belonging to nonresi-dents, and since transferred to Proviso; where nonresidents have become residents, &cc. they are to have notice, &c.
If the amount laid exceeds or falls short, &cc. of the quota on nonresidents'

were by the laws of those states in the year eighteen hundred and of those states in eleven; and lands in that year entered for taxation as nonresidents' lands, which, since that time, may have been sold and transferred to residents, or where the owners of such lands may have become residents, and have had their lands entered for the tax to be col- the tax on nonresidents' lands: Provided, In all cases where sales lected as of nonresidents, and transfers shall have been made as aforesaid or where taxation as residents, the tax on the same shall be collected as residents have become residents, if they reside on the lands formerly entered as nonresidents' lands, they shall have notice from the collector, as in other cases of residents. And if the amount thus laid shall, in either of the said states, exceed or fall short of the amount fixed by this act as the quota to be laid on nonresidents' lands in the said states, respectively, the difference shall, nonresidents.

I hands, the differ in the next ensuing direct tax laid by the authority of the Unience is to be deducted or added, ted States, be deducted from, or added to, the quota of such state, as the case may be.

The tax to be assessed and col ed by the act

in the next, &c.

tors in Ohio, to collect the tax tors, ke.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the said tax shall be assessed and collected in the manner provided, and by the officers to be appointed, under and by virtue of the act aforesaid, entitled "An act for the assessment and collection of direct taxes [*Ante,ch. 844.] and internal duties:"* Provided, That there shall be appointed in Provise; six additional collectors, who shall collect the the state of Ohio six additional collectors, who shall collect the tax due from nonresident proprietors of lands in the said state, due from nonre shall have the same districts assigned them by the secretary of the treasury, reside at the same places which are or may be designated for similar officers under the state authority, and, in other respects, shall be under the same rules and regulations, be subject to the same penalties and forfeitures, as are provided by the above recited act.

The principal assessors to issue on the 1st Feb. 1814, &cc. Each state may vary, &cc. the quotas imposed on its severa counties or districts, &cc.

A copy of the state law to be deposited in the office of the secretary of the treasury prior, give notice to principal col-lectors, &c. Each state may ray its quota ry, and be enti-

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That the principal assessors their precepts to the assistant assessors for the purtheir assistants, for carrying into effect this act on the first day of February act into effect per and the assessments shall have reference to that day. next, and the assessments shall have reference to that day.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That each state may vary, by an act of its legislature, the respective quotas imposed by this act on its several counties or districts, so as more equally and equitably to apportion the tax hereby imposed; and the tax laid by this act shall be levied and collected in conformity with such alterations and variations, as if the same made part of this act, provided that an authenticated copy thereof be deposited in the office of the secretary of the treasury prior to the first of April next; in which case it shall be the duty of the said secretary to give notice thereof to the proper principal collectors in such state.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That each state may pay its quota into the treasury of the United States, and thereon shall be entitled to a deduction of fifteen per centum, if paid before adeduction, &c. the tenth day of February next, and of ten per centum, if paid Province notice before the first day of May, in the same year: Provided, That or me mitten of making payment notice of the intention of making such payment be given to the to be given to the secretary of secretary of the treasury one month prior to such payment; and

in case of payment so made, he shall give notice thereof to the principal assessors and collectors of such state; and no further the treasury one month proceedings shall thereafter be had under this act in such state.* prior, &c. Sect. 8. And be it further enacted, That if either the states irth Jan. 1814;

of Chio or Louisiana shall pay its quota according to the provilifether Ohio
sions of the preceding section, the legislature thereof shall be, or Louisiana
and they are hereby, authorized and empowered to collect, of see the legislature
all the purchasers of public lands, under any law of the United sure thereof all the purchasers of public lands, under any law of the United empower of all States, a just and equal proportion of the quota of said states, the purchaser respectively, the compact between the United States and the sec a just and sec a just and sec as just and sec. said states to the contrary notwithstanding.

[Approved, August 2, 1813.]

CHAP. 566. [XXXVII.] An act concerning invalid pensioners.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The secreta the secretary of war be, and he hereby is, directed to place the to place the place th following named persons on the pension list of invalid pension the list of invalid pension. ers of the United States, who shall be entitled to and receive in the rates, pensions according to the rates, and commencing at the times, specified herein mentioned; that is to say:

Benjamin Randall, at the rate of five dollars per month, to Names of percommence on the eleventh day of February, one thousand eight placed on the pension list. hundred and thirteen.

George Hill, at the rate of three dollars and twenty-five cents per month, to commence on the twenty-fifth of February, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Leonard Clarke, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the eighteenth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

George Shannon, at the rate of eight dollars per month, to commence on the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Hezekiah Thorndike, at the rate of three dollars thirty-three and one-third cents per month, to commence on the first of May, one thousand eight hundred and twelve.

Benjamin Brockway, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the eleventh of December, one thousand eight hundred and twelve.

Paul Bebee, at the rate of three dollars and seventy-five cents per month, to commence on the seventh of January, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Zachariah Sherwood, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the thirteenth of December one thousand eight hundred and nine.

Braxton Carter, at the rate of three dollars per month, to commence on the first of January, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

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1813. Names of perplaced on the ension list

Patrick Logan, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the first o January, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Joseph Davidson, at the rate of two dollars fifty cents per month, to commence on the twenty-third of January, one thou-

sand eight hundred and twelve.

John Jourdan, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-sixth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and twelve.

James Russell, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the twenty first day of November, one thousand eight hundred and twelve.

Nathaniel Henry, at the rate of fifteen dollars per month, to commence on the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Abraham Merryfield, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the fifteenth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Joshua Patrick, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the first day of June, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Jonathan Morris, at the rate of ten dollars per month, to commence on the fourteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Samuel White, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the twelfth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

The pensions of the persons

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the pensions of the following named persons, already placed on the pension list of eincressed, &c. the United States, whose claims for an increase of pension have been transmitted to congress, pursuant to the act for that pur-[*Ante, ch. 26.] pose,* be increased to the sums herein, respectively, annexed to their names: the said increase to commence at the times herein mentioned, and to be instead of the pensions they at present receive; that is to say:

Names of persons whose pe sions are to be

Ebenezer Bean, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the ninth of June, one thousand eight hundred and twelve.

Samuel Morrell, at the rate of three dollars and seventy-five cents per month, to commence on the eleventh of September. one thousand eight hundred and twelve.

Moses Trussel, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-fifth of September, one thousand eight hundred and twelve.

Samuel le Count. at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the twentieth of November, one thousand eight hundred and twelve.

Josiah Jones, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-fifth of January, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Stephen Everts, at the rate of five dollars per month, to com-

mence on the eighteenth of May, one thousand eight hundred and twelve.

Amazian Chappell, at the rate of three dollars and seventyfive cents per month, to commence on the seventh of February, one thousand eight hundred and eleven.

Samuel Stillman, at the rate of three dollars and seventy-five cents per month, to commence on the twenty-eighth of Novem-

ber, one thousand eight hundred and twelve.

Israel Dibble, at the rate of four dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the twelfth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and twelve.

Samuel Sawyer, at the rate of four dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence on the twelfth day of December, one thou-

sand eight hundred and twelve.

Jacob Williams, at the rate of two dollars and an half per month, to commence on the eleventh day of January, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Benjamin Tower, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-seventh of January, one thousand eight

hundred and thirteen.

John Talman, alias Tallman, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the first of February, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Younger Grady, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the eighth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eleven. [Approved, August 2, 1813.]

CHAP. 567. [XXXVIII.] An act laying duties on licenses to retailers of wines, spirituous liquors, and foreign merchandise.*

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- post. tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That de lin the sellevery person who shall deal in the selling of any goods, wares, or an interest the growth, produce, or manufacture, of the United States, and except such as are sold by the importer thereof in the original cask, case, box, or package, sold by important the selling of any goods, wares, or in the original cask, case, box, or package, sold by important the selling of any goods, wares, or in the original cask, case, box, or package, sold by important the selling of any goods, wares, or in the original cask, case, box, or package, sold by important the selling of any goods, wares, or in the original cask, case, box, or package, sold by important the selling of any goods, wares, or in the original cask, case, box, or package, sold by important the selling of any goods, wares, or in the original cask, case, box, or package, sold by important the selling of any goods, wares, or in the original cask, case, box, or package, sold by important the selling of any goods, wares, or in the original cask, case, box, or package, sold by important the selling of any goods, wares, or in the original cask, case, box, or package, sold by important the selling of any goods, wares, or in the original cask, case, box, or package, sold by important the selling of any goods, wares, or in the original cask, case, box, or package, sold by important the selling of any goods, wares, or in the original cask, case, box, or package, sold by important the selling of any goods, wares, or in the original cask, case, box, or package, sold by important the selling of any goods, wares, or in the original cask, case, box, or package, sold by important the selling of any goods, wares, or in the original cask, case, box, or package, sold by important the selling of any goods, wares, or in the original cask, case, box, or package, sold by important the selling of any goods, wares, or in the original cask, case, box, or package, sold by important the selling of any goods, wares, or in the selling of any goods, and the selling of any goods, and the selling importer thereof in the original cask, case, box, or package, wherein the same shall have been imported, shall be deemed to be, and hereby is declared to be, a retail dealer in merchandise, within the meaning of this act; that every person who shall deal in the selling of wines, in a less quantity or in less quantities, at one time, than thirty gallons, except the importer in the original result wines in less quantities than thirty gallons, except the importer in the original result wines in less quantities than 50 mlls. Cask, case, box, or package, wherein the same shall have been demented to be, and hereby is declared to be, retail dealer in wines, within the meaning of this act; and that spirituous liquors, in less quantities than twenty gallons at one time, so galls declared to be, and hereby is declared to be, a retail dealer.

Persons who sell distilled spirituous liquors in less quantities than so galls declared to be, are retail dealer.

Persons who sell wines in less quantities than twenty gallons at one time, so galls declared retail dealers.

Persons who sell wines in less quantities than sell distilled spirituous liquors in less quantities than dealers.

Persons who sell wines in less quantities than sell distilled spirituous liquors in less quantities than dealers.

Persons who sell wines in less quantities than sell distilled spirituous liquors in less quantities than dealers.

Persons who sell wines in less quantities than sell wines where the persons who sell distilled spirituous liquors. dealer in distilled spirituous liquors. Provided always, That revision nothing herein contained shall be construed to extend to physicians, &c. as cians, apothecaries, surgeons, or chemists, as to any wines or to wines, &c. spirituous liquors which they may use in the preparation or

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making up of medicines for sick, lame, or diseased persons, or to the sale of domestic spirits sold in quantities not less that five gallons at the place where the same shall have been distilled, and by the person or persons to whom a license for distilling the same shall have been granted, agreeably to the laws of the Uni-*Secact of 18th ted States.*

April, 1814; ch. 879, post. R tall dealers, &c. to obtai lie nses from a collector before they begin to sell, &c.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That every person who, on the first day of January next, shall be a retail dealer in wines. distilled spirituous liquors, or merchandise, as above described or defined, shall, before the said day, and every person who, after the said day, shall become or intend to become such retail dealer as aforesaid, shall, before he shall begin to sell by retail as aforesaid, any wine, distilled spirituous liquors, or merchandise, apply for and obtain from the collector appointed by virtue

year, &c.

in the selling of wines, merchan-dise, etc. by retail, without license, forfeit 150 dolls, buildes the duties, &c.

No license sufficient for selling at more than one place at a time, &c.

of the act, entitled "An act for the assessment and collection of [tAnte,ch.644.] direct taxes and internal duties,"t for the collection district in which such person resides, one or more licenses, as the case may be, for carrying on the business of selling by retail, as aforesaid; The licenses to which licenses, respectively, shall be granted for the term of one be granted for the term of one year, upon the payment, for each license, respectively, of the duty which licenses, respectively, shall be granted for the term of one by this act laid on such license, and shall be renewed yearly. upon the payment of the like sum for each license. And if any Persons dealing person shall, after the said day, deal in the selling of wines, distilled spirituous liquors, or merchandise, by retail, as above described and defined, without having a license therefor, as aforesaid, continuing in force, such person shall, in addition to the payment of the duty, forfeit and pay the sum of one hundred and fifty dollars, to be recovered with costs of suit. And no such... license shall be sufficient for the selling of wines, distilled spirituous liquors, or merchandise, as aforesaid, by retail, at more than one place at the same time; but any person who, by color of such license, shall sell any wines, distilled spirituous liquors, or merchandise, as aforesaid, at more than one place at the same time, shall be deemed to be, in respect to such of the said articles as he or she shall so sell at more than one place at the same time, a retail dealer therein, as the case may be, without license, and shall forfeit and pay the like sum of one hundred and fifty dollars, in addition to the payment of the duty, to be recovered with costs of suit. SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty

The collectors to grant licenses, which are to be marked. &c. and ant licenses, to be signed by the commis-sioner of the revenue, coun-tersigned by the collector, &co.

Proviso; no license to be granted to any person to sell, exc. who is pro-hibited by any

of the collectors aforesaid, within their respective districts, to grant licenses for retailing, which licenses shall be marked with a mark, denoting the rate of the duty thereupon, and shall be signed by the commissioner of the revenue, and, being countersigned by the collector, who shall issue the same, or cause the same to be issued, shall be granted to any person who shall desire the same, upon application in writing, and upon payment of the sum or duty payable by this act upon each license requested: Provided always, That no license shall be granted to any person to sell wines, distilled spirituous liquors, or merchandise as aforesaid, who is prohibited to sell the same by any state.

Secri 4. And be it further enacted, That the following duties

shall be paid on the licenses abovementioned, viz:

On retailers of merchandise, including wines and spirits, if in cities, towns, or villages, containing, within the limits of one mile square, more than one hundred families, twenty-five dollars; of wines alone, twenty dollars; of spirits alone, twenty dollars; of domestic spirits alone, fifteen dollars; of merchandise, other than wines and spirits, fifteen dollars.

If any other place than cities, towns, or villages, containing, within the limits of one mile square, more than one hundred families; on retailers of merchandise, including wines and spirits, fifteen dollars; of wines and spirits, fifteen dollars; of spirits alone, twelve dollars; of domestic spirits alone, ten dollars; of

merchandise, other than wines and spirits, ten dollars.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty The collectors of the collectors aforesaid, in their respective districts, and they dutie impose are hereby authorized, to collect the duties imposed by this act, to prosecute for and to prosecute for the recovery of the same, and for the recovery of the recovery of the same, and for the recovery of the recovery of the same, and for the recovery of the recovery of the same, and for the recovery of the same and the sam very of any sum or sums which may be forfeited by virtue of this act. And all fines, penalties, and forfeitures, which shall be rines, penalties, incurred by force of this act, shall and may be sued for and refer, in the name covered in the name of the United States, or of the collector of the United States, or of the collector states, or of the within whose district any such fine, penalty, or forfeiture, shall information, see. have been incurred, by bill, plaint, or information, one moiety thereof to the use of the United States, and the other moiety thereof to the use of the person who, if a collector shall first discover, if other than a collector shall first inform, of the cause, matter, or thing, whereby any such fine, penalty, or forfeiture, shall have been incurred; and where the cause of action or complaint where the cause shall arise or accrue more than fifty miles distant from the nearest more than 50 place by law established for the holding of a district court, within nearest established the district in which the same shall arise or accrue, such suit and lished place holding a district court, within recovery may be had before any court of the state, holden within the said district begins in the said district begins a said district begins in the said district begins a said district begi the said district, having jurisdiction in like cases.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That this act shall continue This set to a in force until the termination of the war in which the United until the 17 States are now engaged with the United Kingdom of Great Feb. 1816 Britain and Ireland, and the dependencies thereof, for one year

thereafter and no longer. [Approved, August 2, 1813.]

1813. Duties to be p

CHAP. 568. [XXXIX.] An act to provide for the widows and orphans of mi itia slain, and for militia disabled, in the service of the United States.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- The widows and tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, missioned offif any commissioned officer of the militia, or of any volunteer tis or volunteer tis or volunteer tis or volunteer. corps, shall, while in the service of the United States, die by ding of wounds reason of any wound received in actual service of the United to last the States, and leave a widow, or if no widow, a child or children mould pay of under sixteen years of age, such widow, or, if no widow, such five years. child or children, shall be entitled to receive half the monthly

In case the

Proviso; the the children.

officers, privates. Sec. T. 2. And be it further enacted, Rust in any officers, musician, or private, of the militia, or of teers, discibled by known wounds received by known wounds received by known wounds received in the actual service of the United States, while in the line of his in aemals rvice. Valids, &cc.

Proviso; the compensation of a commissioned officer not to exmonthly pay. cer to receive half pay of a lieut. col. disabilities to receive an allow. ate to the highest disability. ance propor-

the 18th June, 1812. The 6th sec. of the act authorising the presiand organize certain volunteer corps, repealed. [†Ante, ch. 344.]

pay to which the deceased was entitled at the time of his death, for and during the term of five years; but in case of the death whole where the marries before, or intermarriage of such widow, before the expiration of the said so, the half pay term of five years, the half pay, for the remainder of the time, shall go to the child or children of such deceased officer: Provided always, That such half pay shall cease on the death of such child half pay to case all ways, and on the death of Or children. SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That if any officer, non-

to be placed duty, he shall, upon substantiating his claim, in the manner deon the list of inscribed by an act, entitled "An act to provide for persons who were disabled by known wounds received in the revolutionary [*Ante, ch. 25.] war,"* passed the tenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and six, be placed on the list of invalids of the United States, at such rate of pension, and under such regulations, as are provided by the said act, or as may hereafter be provided by law: Provided always, That the compensation to be allowed for such wounds or disabilities, to a commissioned officer, shall not exceed, for the highest rate of disability, half the monthly pay of such officer at the time of his being wounded or disabled, and that no officer shall receive more than the half pay of a lieutenant colonel; and that the rate of compensation to noncommissioned The rate to prix officers, musicians, and privates, shall not exceed five dollars per vates, &c. n.t. to exce d 5 dolls, month: And provided also, That all inferior disabilities shall enper month. rior title the persons so disabled, to receive an allowance proportion-disabilities to ate to the highest disability.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the provisions of this The positions act shall be construed to have effect from and after the of this act to have effect from day of June, one thousand eight hundred and twelve. act shall be construed to have effect from and after the eighteenth

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the sixth section of an act, entitled "An act authorizing the president of the United States to accept and organize certain volunteer military corps,"† passed the sixth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and twelve, be, and the same is hereby, repealed.

[Approved, August 2, 1813.]

[t See orig. act, CHAP. 569. [XL.] An act explanatory of an act, entitled "An act to raise of 25th Feb. ten additional companies of rangers."‡ 1813; ante, chap.

Organization of each of the ten additional compani s of rangers, &c.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That each of the ten companies authorized by the act, entitled " An [JAnte, ch. 496.] act to raise ten additional companies of rangers." Shall consist of one captain, one first, one second, one third, lieutenant, one ensign, five sergeants, six corporals, and ninety privates.

[Approved, August 2, 1813.]

CHAP. 570. [XLI.] An act for the relief of the officers and crew of the 1813. late United States' brig Vixen.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That of the navy the accountant of the navy department be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to assume the day of the departure of the brig Vixen on her last cruise, as the day on which the accounts of the officers and crew of the day on which said brig shall be finally settled and balanced: Provided, That are to be finally settled. nothing herein contained shall be construed to deprive the said Provisor nothing her in o its officers and crew of any claims to further payment than is al-prive the officers and crew of caims to further payment, appear to of claims to further payment, be just be just.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the secretary of the The secretary navy be, and he is hereby, authorized to allow and pay unto the officer and the of officers and crew of the said brig, such sum of money as, in his the officers and

juagment, may be due to them for their pay.

[Approved, August 2, 1813.]

CHAP. 571. [XLIL] An act authorizing the payment for wagons and teams, captured or destroyed by the enemy at Detroit.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That Evely person who has sustained damages by the loss of his wagon who lost his every person who has sustained damages by the loss of his wagon, &c. and team, or either of them, without any fault or negligence on his gene, &c. without negligence, or without negligence, while the same were actually employed in the transportation of baggage or supplies for the army under the command of britannoving supplies, &c. for the army the supplier of one thousand dry gen, Hullians. gadier general William Hull, during the summer of one thousand der general will, eight hundred and twelve, and which were captured or destroyed by capture, for by the enemy on the surrender of said army at Detroit, shall be lowed the value of such wagon and team, or either of them, line, &cc. lost as aforesaid; the facts of the loss of the same, as well as the The facts of value thereof, to be ascertained in such manner, and on such evito be ascertained ence, as the president of the United States may direct; to be dent may direct. paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated. [Approved, August 2, 1813.]

Section Section CHAP. 572. [XLIII.] An act for the relief of Joshua Dorsey.

[* Private.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That Joshua Dorsey, confined in the Joshua Dorsey, who is now confined in the gaol of Baltimore gaol of Baltimore county, in the state of Maryland, on a judgment obtained against judgment in fahim in favor of the United States, be discharged from his imprited States, dissonment: Provided, however, That any estate, real or personal, charged, &c. Proviso, any for which the said Joshua Dorsey may have, or hereafter acquire, ture estate lia shall be liable to be taken to satisfy any judgment obtained against him by the United States, in the same manner as if he had not been imprisoned and discharged: And provided also,

That nothing in this act contained shall be so construed as to Proviso; no-thing in this act the discharge, or affect the liability of, any co-obligor, that may the discharge, or have been bound with the said Joshua Dorsey, for the payment affect the liabiof any money to the United States.

[Approved, August 2, 1813.]

CHAP. 573. [XLIV.] An act to authorize the appointment, by the president, or certain officers during the recess of the senate."

[*Obsolete.]

The president authorized to appoint, in the recess, such of-ficers of the five ıcıs menti as may not be appointed dur-Ante, ch. 532. The appointments to be submitted, &c.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That it shall be lawful for the president of the United States, in the recess of the senate, to appoint such of the officers of the five regiments, authorized by the act, entitled " An act in addition to the act, entitled 'An act to raise an additional military force, and for other purposes,"† and the act supplementary thereto,‡ passed the fifth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, as may not be appointed during the present session, which appointments shall be submitted to the senate at their next session, for their advice and consent.

[Approved, August 2, 1813.]

[Frivate.]

CHAP. 574. [XLV.] An act for the relief of Willet Warne.

Willet Warne, confined in pri-son in Philadelphia, on a judg-ment in favor of the United States, dis-charged, &c. Proviso; future estate liable, &c.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That Willet Warne, who is confined in prison, in the city of Philadelphia, on a judgment obtained against him in favor of the United States, be discharged from his imprisonment: Provided, however, That any estate, real or personal, which the said Willet Warne may hereafter acquire, shall be liable to be taken in the same manner as if he had not been imprisoned and discharged.

[Approved, August 2, 1813.]

[] Private and obsolete.]

CHAP. 575. [XLVI.] An act for the relief of George Lyon.]

dolls. per ann.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-The proper officers tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That sury departs the proper officers of the treasury department be, and they are sury depart.
ment required the proper officers of the treasury department be, and they are to pay to George Lyon, a hereby, authorized and required to pay to George Lyon, a clerk elerk in the parent office, a compensation, at the rate of five hundred tent office, a some nation at dollars per annum, from the time his salary was discontinued until the end of the present year, to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, August 2, 1813.]

CHAP. 576. [XLVII.] An act authorizing the sale of sundry lots, the property of the United States, in the borough of Pittsburg.

1813. " See page 680,

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The president authorized to the president of the United States be, and he is hereby authorized to accuse to be sold certain lots of ground in the borough or aim lots of Pittsburg, in the state of Pennsylvania, being the property of burgh, &c. the United States, and the same on which fort Fayette now stands; the proceeds whereof are hereby appropriated, under the appropriated wirection of the president, to the erection of arsenals, armories, the erection of arsenals, &c. and laboratories. [Approved, August 2, 1813.]

CHAP. 577. [XLVIII.] An act for reducing the duties payable on prize goods captured by the private armed vessels of the United States.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That on all goods, wares, and merchandise captured from the enemy, A deduction of and made good and lawful prize of war, by any private armed sent on the ship or vessel of the United States, having a commission for amount of duties allowed on making captures upon the enemy, or letters of marque and reprise goods prise, and brought into the United States, or their territories, United States, there shall be allowed a deduction of thirty-three and one-third per cent. on the amount of duties at present imposed by law.

[Approved, August 2, 1813.]

CHAP. 578. [XLIX.] An act supplementary to the act, entitled "An act [† See orig. act, of 14th May, 1819; ante, chap.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, Not exceeding in addition to the present number allowed by law, as many dedeputy commisputy commissaries of ordnance may be appointed, not exceeding stries of ordnance may be five, as the president of the United States shall deem necessary appointed to the public service; who shall be entitled to the same rank, Their rank, pay, emoluments, rations, and forage, as are provided by the act pay, &c. to which this is a supplement. [Approved, August 2, 1813.]

CHAP. 579. [L.] An act authorizing a loan for a sum not exceeding seven millions five hundred thousand dollars.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, author-The president ized to borrow, on the credit of the United States, a sum not borrow 7,00,000 exceeding seven millions five hundred thousand dollars, to be policie, &c. to deapplied, in addition to the moneys now in the treasury, or which first authorized may be received from other sources, to defray any expenses which years 1913, and here the service of the have been, or which may be, authorized for the service of the

years one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, and one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, and for which appropriations have Province no con been, or may be, made by law during those years: Provided, tract to proclude That no engagement or contract shall be entered into which shall from reimburs preclude the United States from reimbursing any sum or sums thus borrowed, at any time after the expiration of twelve years, from the first day of January next.

The secretary of

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the secretary of the the treasury, with the approbation of the president of the United to cause carrifficates, be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause to be constituted be constituted and sold.

certificates of stock, signed by the register of the treasury, or by a commissioner of loans, for the sum to be borrowed by this act, Proviso; no cer- or for any part thereof, and the same to be sold: Provided, That tificate to be sold at a rate less than eighty-eight 88 dolls, in money for centum, or eighty-eight dollars in money for one hundred dollars in stock. And the secretary of the treasury shall cause of the treasury to be laid before congress, on the first Monday in February, one laid before con- thousand eight hundred and fourteen, or as soon thereafter as of all the moneys congress may be in session, an account of all the moneys obtained by the sale of the certificates of stock in manner aforesaid, together with a statement of the rate at which the same may have been sold.

The secretary obtained, &cc.

The secretary

agents, &c. Not exceeding 23,000 dolls, ap-propriated for paying commisions, and defraying other expenses inci-

So much of the annual appro-priation of 8,000,000 of dolls. &c. as paym nt of inof this act.

The commiscause to be applied, yearly, such sums as

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the secretary of the of the treasury anthorized, &c. treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized, with the approbation annotated, as to employ agents of the president of the United States, to employ an agent or agents, for obtaining subscriptions or for the purpose of obtaining subscriptions to the loan authorized selling the stock, by this act, or of selling any part of the stock created by virtue Not exceeding thereof. A commission not exceeding one-quarter of one per 1-4th of one per cent, commission thus sold, or for which subscriptions shall have been thus obtained, may, by the secretary of the treasury, be allowed to such agent or agents; and a sum not exceeding twenty-two thousand dollars, to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, is hereby appropriated for paying the amount of such commission or commissions as dent to the loan. may be thus allowed, and also for defraying the expenses of printing and issuing the subscription certificates, and certificates of stock, and other expenses incident to the receiving of subscriptions, and completing the loan, authorized by this act.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That so much of the funds. constituting the annual appropriation of eight millions of dollars for the payment of the principal and interest of the public debt may be wanted, of the United States, as may be wanted for that purpose, after satisfying the sums necessary for the payment of the interest and sausiying the sums necessary for the payment of the interest and employers such part of the principal of said debt as the United States are now pledged annually to pay or reimburse, is hereby pledged and appropriated, for the payment of the interest, and for the reimbursement of the principal, of the stock which may be created by virtue of this act. It shall accordingly be the duty of the comsinking fund to missioners of the sinking fund to cause to be applied and paid, out of the said fund, yearly, such sum and sums as may be anmay be waited mually wanted to discharge the interest accruing on the said stock, to discharge interest and prin. and to reimburse the principal, as the same shall become due and

may be discharged in conformity with the terms of the loan; and they are further authorized to apply, from time to time, such edpal; and may sum or sums, out of the said fund, as they may think proper, as they may think proper to towards redeeming by purchase, and at a price not above par, redeeming the the principal of the said stock, or any part thereof. And the faith the stock by purchase, the United States is hereby pledged to establish sufficient. The faith of the United States is hereby pledged to establish sufficient. revenues for making up any deficiency that may hereafter take pledged to establish suffiplace in the funds hereby appropriated for paying the said in- eient revenues for making up terest and principal sums, or any of them, in manner aforesaid.

Sect. 5. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful Anyof the banks for any of the banks in the district of Columbia to lend any part in the district of of the sum authorized to be borrowed by virtue of this act, any lead any part of the sum authorized to be borrowed in any of their charters of incorporation to the contrary ised to be borrowed, &c.

notwithstanding. [Approved, August 2, 1813.]

CHAP. 580. [LI.] An act for the seliof of David Henley.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The proper acthe proper accounting officers of the treasury department be, and they are hereby, authorized and directed to liquidate and settle sury department subsisting between the United States and David to settle the accounts subsisting between the United States and David to settle the united States in Tennessee, the United States and David to settle the united States in Tennessee, the United States and David to settle the united States and David the United Sta the department of war. [Approved, August 2, 1813.]

[* Private and obsolete.]

CHAP. 581. [LII.] An act laying duties on notes of banks, bankers, and certain companies; on notes, bonds, and obligations, discounted by banks, Feb. 1816. See bankers, and certain companies; and on bills of exchange of certain supplies nary act, of 10th Dec. 1814; chap. 683,

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That stamp duties from and after the last day of December next, there shall be le-th-31st Bec. vied, collected, and paid, throughout the United States, the se-1813. veral stamp duties following; viz: For every skin or piece of wellum, or parchment, or sheet, or piece of paper, upon which shall be written or printed any or either of the instruments of writing following; to wit:

On any promissory note or notes payable either to bearer or on notes issued by banks, &c. order, issued by any of the banks or companies, who issue and discount notes, bonds or obligations, either incorporated or not incorporated, which now are, or may hereafter be, established in the United States, or by any banker or bankers, according to the following scale; viz:

If not exceeding one dollar, one cent.

If above one dollar, and not exceeding two dollars, two cents. If above two, and not exceeding three, dollars, three cents.

1813. On notes issued by banks, &c. If above three, and not exceeding five, dollars, five cents.

If above five, and not exceeding ten, dollars, ten cents. If above ten, and not exceeding twenty, dollars, twenty cents.

If above twenty, and not exceeding fifty, dollars, fifty cents. If above fifty, and not exceeding one hundred, dollars, one dollar.

If above one hundred, and not exceeding five hundred, dollars, five dollars.

If above five hundred, and not exceeding one thousand, dollars, ten dollars.

If above one thousand dollars, fifty dollars.

On bonds, notes, Scc. discounted by any bank, bills of ex change, Scc.

On any bond, obligation, or promissory note or notes, not issued by any bank, companies, or banker, as aforesaid, discounted by any such bank, companies, or banker, and on any foreign or inland bill or bills of exchange above fifty dollars, and having one or more endorsers, according to the following scale; viz:

If not exceeding one hundred dollars, five cents.

If above one hundred, and not exceeding two hundred, dollars, ten cents.

If above two hundred, and not exceeding five hundred, dollars, twenty-five cents.

If above five hundred, and not exceeding one thousand, dollars, fifty cents.

If above one thousand, and not exceeding fifteen hundred, dollars, seventy-five cents.

If above fifteen hundred, and not exceeding two thousand,

dollars, one dollar. If above two thousand, and not exceeding three thousand, dollars, one dollar and fifty cents.

If above three thousand, and not exceeding four thousand, dollars, two dollars.

If above four thousand, and not exceeding five thousand, dollars, two dollars and fifty cents.

If above five thousand, and not exceeding seven thousand, dollars, three dollars and fifty cents.

If above seven thousand, and not exceeding eight thousand, dollars, four dollars.

If above eight thousand dollars, five dollars: Provided, That Proviso; nothing nothing herein contained shall be construed to charge with a be in to charge duty, or to require to be stamped, any treasury or other note or with a dury, or duty, or to require to be notes issued for the use or benefit of the United States, in pursuance of any act of congress, or to any draft or bill drawn by the treasurer of the United States, or any check payable at sight upon any bank, company, or banker, as aforesaid, or to charge states, &c. or upon any bank, company, or banker, as aforesaid, or to change, with a duty any second or other copy of a set of exchange.

Sect. 2. And be it further enacted, That, in respect to any The secretary stamp on any of the notes of the banks or companies aforesaid, may agree with now established, or which may hereafter be established, within composition of the United States, it shall be lawful for the secretary of the trea-out on the a-control the a-control famous distriction of the secretary of the treaduty, with any of the said banks or companies, of one and a-half

stamped, treasury or other note issued for

the use, &c. of the United

per centum on the amount of the annual dividend made by such 1813.

banks to their stockholders respectively.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the several duties The duties to aforesaid shall be levied, collected, received, and accounted for, be collected and by, and under the immediate direction and management of, the the collectors appointed under the act, entitled "An act for the ast mentioned to the act menti sessment and collection of direct taxes and internal duties,"* ("Ante, ch. 544.) within their respective districts, subject to the superintendence, control, and direction, of the treasury department, according to the respective authorities and duties of the officers thereof.

SECT. 4. And be it further enucted, That it shall be the duty The commissioner of the reof the commissioner of the revenue to cause to be provided so venue to cause many marks and stamps, differing from each other, as shall corstamps to be respond with the several rates of duty aforesaid; that is to say, one mark or stamp for each distinct rate of duty; with which wellum, paper marks and stamps, respectively, shall be marked or stamped all see on which vellum, parchment, or paper, upon which shall be written or things counterprinted all or any of the several instruments, writings, matters, ed, to be mark and things, hereinbefore enumerated and charged, according to according to the nature and description of each of the said instruments. the nature and description of each of the said instruments, writ- 1200 of duty, &co ings, matters, and things, as are hereinbefore specified and described; which said several marks and stamps shall be notified by The marks and a public notification or advertisement, to be issued by the com-ris d by public missioner of the revenue, and inserted in at least one newspaper advertisement. printed in each state, and for not less than three months before the said last day of December next, to the end that all persons may have due notice thereof; and which said marks and stamps, or any of them, shall or may be altered or renewed, from time The marks and to time, as the said commissioner of the revenue shall think fit, altered as the so that like public notification thereof be made, for a term not of the revenue less than three months before such new stamps or marks shall thinks fit, &c. begin to be used.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That when any person vellum, parelor persons shall deposite any vellum, parchment, or paper, at the deposited at the office of any collector aforesaid, accompanying the same with a office of a sollector, with a list which shall specify the number and denomination of the list, &c to be transmitted to stamps or marks which are to be thereto affixed, it shall be the office of the duty of the said collector to transmit the same to the office of where it is to be the commissioner of the revenue, where such paper, parchment, back to the coland vellum, shall be properly marked or stamped, and forthwith lector, and desent back to the said collector, who shall thereupon collect the duties, and deliver the vellum, parchment, and paper, pursuant to the order of the person from whom it was received.

Sect. 6. And be it further enacted, That if any person or persons shall write or print, or cause to be written or printed, upon any unstamped vellum, parchment, or paper, (with intent fraudu- for fraudulently lently to evade the duties imposed by this act,) any of the matter in imposed by ters and things for which the said vellum, parchment, or paper, this act, in the mode described. is hereby charged to pay any duty, or shall write or print, or cause to be written or printed, any matter or thing upon any vellum, parchment, or paper, that shall be marked or stamped for any lower duty than the duty by this act payable; or shall

write or print, or cause to be written or printed, on vellum, parch-

1813.

ment, or paper, duly stamped, any matters or things in respect whereof a duty is payable as aforesaid, at a distance from the stamps or marks impressed upon the said vellum, parchment, or paper, with intent again to use the said stamp, vellum, parchment, or paper, or with intent fraudulently to evade the duties imposed by this act; or shall write or print, or cause to be written or printed, any matters or things in respect whereof a duty is payable, on any piece of stamped vellum, parchment, or paper. whereon there shall have been before written or printed any other matter or thing in respect whereof a duty is payable by this act, before such vellum, parchment, or paper, shall have been again duly marked or stamped, according to this act; such person, so offending, shall, for every such offence, forfeit the sum of one soo dolls penal-ty, incase of any ty, incase of any electric officer, officer, or person, who, electric officer or employment, is or shall be au-spect of any public office or employment, is or shall be au-spect of any public or instructed to make, write, or print, any instruments or writings by this act charged to pay a duty as aforesaid, shall be guilty of any fraud, or practice to defraud or deprive the United States of any duty by this act payable, by making, writing, or printing, any such instrument or writing, or causing the same to be made, written, or printed, upon vellum, parchment, or paper, not marked or stamped according to this act, (or upon vellum, parchment, or paper, marked or stamped with any mark or stamp which he shall know to be counterfeited,) or by writing or printing any such instrument or other writing upon vellum, parchment, or paper, that shall be marked or stamped for a lower duty as aforesaid, every such clerk, officer, or person, so guilty, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall, instead of the penalty aforesaid, forfeit and pay the sum of five hundred dollars; and, if an officer of the United States, shall, in addition thereto, forfeit his office, and be disabled to hold or enjoy the same for the future.

make any writings, &cc. charge-able with duty, being guilty of fraud, &c.

If the offender is an officer of the United States, he also forfeits his office, &c.

No instrument charged with the evidence unless stamped or marked.

Proviso; if any parchment, are. not stamped ac-cording to this available, &c.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That no instrument or payment of duty, writing whatsoever, charged by this act with the payment of a duty as aforesaid, shall be pleaded or given in evidence in any court, or admitted in any court to be available in law or equity, unless the same shall be stamped or marked as aforesaid: Provided, That if any such instrument or writing shall have been written or printed upon vellum, parchment, or paper, not marked archment, &c. or stamped according to this act, or upon vellum, parchment, or paper, marked or stamped for a lower duty than ought to be act, or stamped paid upon the same, then, and in such case, it shall be lawful for for alower duty, the person or persons holding such instrument or writing, to pay holding it, on paying the duty to the collector within whose collection district such person or and ten dolls. Dersons shall reside, the duty charges he by law on such instru additional to the persons shall reside, the duty chargeable by law on such instrucollector, which ment or writing, together with ten dollars in addition thereto, and endorse a re- which duty, and additional sum of ten dollars, such collector is easist therefor, may render the hereby authorized and required to receive, and, without fee or instrument reward, to endorse a receipt therefor under his hand, upon some part of such instrument or writing; after which endorsement, and not otherwise, such instrument or writing shall be, to all intents

and purposes, as valid and available as if the same had been or were stamped or marked as by this act required. The sums thus received by each collector, in virtue of this section, shall be accounted for, and paid over, in the same manner as other as other moneys received for stamp duties, and in such form, and under received for such regulations, as shall be prescribed by the treasury depart-And if any person, with intent to defraud the United Fine and impri-Ment. And it any person, with intent to defraud the United Fine and imprisonment for States of any sum of moneys directed to be paid by this act, counterfeiting, shall counterfeit or forge, or cause or procure to be counterfeited or endorsement or forged, any receipt or endorsement, provided for and directed directed section, &c. by this section, or shall utter, pass away, vend, or offer in evidence, in any court of justice, any such forged or counterfeit receipt or endorsement, knowing the same to be forged or counterfeit, then every person, so offending, and being thereof convicted in due form of law, shall be adjudged to be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be subject to be fined, in any sum not exceeding one thousand dollars, and to be imprisoned, for any term not exceeding seven years.

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Doc. 1812, no last day of December next, no bank or companies aforesaid, now banktustness destablished, or which shall be hereafter established, which shall be hereafter established, which shall be not no named to the compounded to the com not have compounded for the duty hereby required, shall issue by seample any bank bill or promissory note, unless upon paper duly stamp-friends the ed, and whereon the respective duties shall have been paid; and &c. if the officer of any such bank, or any person or persons employed therein, shall thereafter issue any bill or note not duly stamped as aforesaid, he or they shall forfeit and pay a fine equal to the

value of the bill or note so issued.

SECT. 9. And be it further enacted, That every person who Persons employed shall be employed for the marking or stamping of vellum, parches stamping velment, or paper, as aforesaid, before his acting in the marking an oath. or stamping of the said vellum, parchment, or paper, shall take the following oath or affirmation: I [insert here the name of the Former the cath. person] do solemnly swear (or affirm, as the case may be) that I will, according to the best of my knowledge and skill, faithfully, honestly, and carefully, execute the trust reposed in me, and will truly mark or stamp all vellum, parchment, or paper, which I shall be required or directed to mark or stamp, and will render a true and exact account thereof to the proper officer or officers."

SECT. 10. And be it further enacted, That the said collectors The collectors to observe the dishall, from time to time, for the better execution of their several rections they reducted and trusts, observe and execute such directions as they, treasury departrespectively, shall, from time to time, receive from the depart-ment. ment of the treasury; which department shall take care that the The treasury several parts of the United States shall, from time to time, be department to sufficiently furnished with vellum, parchment, and paper, stamped the several parts or marked as aforesaid, so that the citizens thereof may have it States are sufficiently farmished n their election to buy the same of the officers or persons to be with stamped employed in and about the execution of this act, at the usual or ment, and nost common rates above the said duty, or to bring their own paper, &c. rellum, parchment, or paper, to be marked or stamped as aforeiaid.

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ties on which dolls. vc. are to be allowed a de-duction of 7 and 1-2 per cent. &c.

the treasury at the : xpense of the Unit d

Annual appro-priation for de-traying the ex-

and stamping, &c.
The collectors

to collect the duties and pro-secute for the

recovery of them, &c.

United States, &c, by bill, plaint, or infor-mation, &c.

us of dies

States, &c.

SECT. 11. And be it further enacted, That whenever any per-Persons applying at the office son, other than officers employed in collecting the revenue of the office of the collector of the collector aforesaid, at the office for stamped v.l. he do of such collector, for the purchase, at one time, of any quantity of vellum, parchment, or paper, stamped and marked in the manner aforesaid, the whole amount of the duties on which quantity shall be ten dollars or upwards, such collector shall be, and hereby is, authorized and required, to deliver to such person such quantity of vellum, parchment, or paper, stamped as aforesaid, the said person paying down the amount of the said duties, after deducting therefrom seven and one-half per centum on such amount, which deduction the said collector is hereby authorized and required to allow.

All the paper wanted for the purposes of this SECT 12. And be it further enacted, That all the paper wanted for the purposes of this act, excepting paper for bank notes, shall except for act, except for bank notes, to be furnished by be furnished, at the expense of the United States, by the secretary of the treasury, who is hereby authorized to employ, annuthe secre ary of ally, a sufficient sum for that purpose; which sum, as well as an annual sum of twenty thousand dollars, for defraying the expenses of dies and of stamping the paper, shall be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

SECT. 13. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the collectors aforesaid, in their respective districts, and they are hereby authorized, to collect the duties imposed by this act, and to prosecute for the recovery of the same, and for the recovery of any sum or sums which may be forfeited by virtue of this act. And all fines, penalties, and forfeitures, which shall be All fines, penalties, &c. may be sued for in the name of the incurred by force of this act, shall and may be sued for and recovered in the name of the United States, or of the collector aforesaid, within whose district any such fine, penalty, or forfeiture, shall have been incurred, by bill, plaint, or information; one moiety thereof to the use of the United States, and the other moiety thereof to the use of the person who, if a collector aforesaid, shall first discover, if other than a collector aforesaid, shall first inform, of the cause, matter, or thing, whereby any such Where the same fine, penalty, or forfeiture, shall have been incurred; and where the cause of action or complaint shall arise or accrue more than fifty miles distant from the nearest place by law established for the holding of a district court, within the district in which the same shall arise or accrue, such suit and recovery may be had before any court of the state, holden within the said district, having jurisdiction in like cases.

of action arises more than 50 miles from the near at estab-lished place for holding a disgrict cour., &c. the suit may be had before the court of a state, Xrc.

This act to continue in force until h 17th Fcb, 1816.

SECT. 14. And be it further enacted, That this act shall continue in force until the termination of the war in which the United States are now engaged with the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and the dependencies thereof, and for one year thereafter, and no longer. [Approved, August 2, 1813.]

CHAP. 582. [LIII.] An act making additional appropriations for the support of government during the year one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.*

[*Obsoletc.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, in addition to the sums appropriated by the act making appro- Additional sugas priations for the support of government for the year one thouthe support of government for the year one thouthe support of government for the year one thouthe support of government for the year one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, the following sums be, and they during the year are hereby, respectively, appropriated; that is to say:

For expenses of intercourse with foreign nations, in addition for expenses of to the sum heretofore appropriated, the sum of thirty-eight thou- foreign intersand five hundred dollars.

For the relief and protection of American seamen, in addition for the relief, to the sums heretofore appropriated, the sum of forty thousand seamen. dollars.

For fitting up four rooms in the building purchased by the For fitting up four rooms for United States, where the general post office is held, for the use the superintent of the superintendent general of military supplies, two thousand ent general of military supplies, thirty-nine dollars and twelve and an-half cents.

For books, stationery, furniture, wood, and other contingent For books, stationery, &c. expenses, the sum of one thousand dollars.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the several sums The sums appropriated to Be hereby appropriated shall be paid out of any moneys in the treapping out of the sury, not otherwise appropriated. [Approved, August 2, 1813.] treasury, &c.

CHAP. 583. [LIV.] An act allowing a bounty to the owners, officers, and

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of represen1814; chap. 618. tatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That post.] a bounty of twenty-five dollars be paid to the owners, officers, 25 dolls. bounty and crews, of the private armed vessels of the United States, owners, &c. of commissioned as letter of marque, for each and every prisoner private armed vessels, for every by them captured and brought into port, and delivered to an prisoner delivered agent authorized to receive them in any port of the United ized agent, &c. States; and the secretary of the treasury is hereby authorized The secretary and required to pay, or cause to be paid, to such owners, offi-authorized to cers, and crews, of private armed vessels, commissioned as aforesaid, or their agent, the aforesaid bounty for each prisoner, captured and delivered as aforesaid.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the sum of fifty thou- 50,000 dolls. apsand dollars, out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise propriated. appropriated, be, and the same is hereby, appropriated.

[Approved, August 2, 1813.]

CHAP. 584. [LV.] An act making further provision for the collection of internal duties, and for the appointment and compensation of assessors.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representalives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That

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the collectors appointed under the act, entitled." An act for the

assessment and collection of direct taxes and internal duties,"

1813. appoint dunder the act for the sment, &c. See, charged, tion of the duties [* Ant.; ch. 544.]

shall be charged, under the direction and superintendence of the of direct taxes, treasury department, with the collection, in their several districts, as defined in the said act, of the duties on sales at auction of tion of the tree merchandise, and of ships and vessels; on sugar refined within with the collect the United States. On sugar refined within on licenses to retail dealers in wines, spirituous liquors, and foreign merchandise; on licenses to distillers of spirituous liquors; and on notes of banks, bankers, and certain companies; on notes, bonds, and obligations, discounted by banks, bankers, and certain companies, and on bills of exchange of certain descriptions; and the bonds which the said collectors, under the aforesaid act, are required to give for the true and faithful discharge of their offices, shall be deemed to extend to, and include, the due collection and payment over of the moneys arising within their respective districts from the several duties above recited; and in case of failure in the said due collection and payment, the said bonds shall be deemed to be forfeited to the United States, and may be sued, and judgment recovered thereupon, in the manner pointed out by this act.

The bonds to be given by the col-lectors to include the collec-tion of the duties recited, &c.

The president authorized to divide the territori s, &c. into convenient distriets. appoint collectors, &c.

trict only.

Proviso; the president empowered to ments in the recess, &c.

United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to divide, respectively, the several territories of the United States, and the district of Columbia, into convenient districts, for the purpose of collecting the internal duties above specified, and to nominate, and by and with the advice and consent of the senate appoint, a collec-Proviso; any tor for every such district: Provided, I hat any or the said the president shall think it proper, be erected into one collection district only: And provided also, That if the appointment of the said collectors, or any of them, shall not be made during the present session of congress, the president shall be, and is hereby, empowered to make such appointment during the recess of the senate, by granting commissions, which shall expire at the end of their next session.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the president of the

The duties laid lected in the district of Columbia,

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the several duties by the acts men-tioned, to b call laid by the acts, entitled "An act laying duties on sales at aucterritories, and tion of merchandise, and of ships and vessels;" + "An act laying duties on sugar refined within the United States," t "An act lay-&c. [†Anu-,ch.554.] ing duties on carriages for the conveyance of persons;" (An act [4 Ante ch.540.] laying duties on licenses to retail dealers in wines, spirituous [Anne, ch. 593. liquors, and foreign merchandise;" An act laying duties on [Ante, ch. 553.] licenses to distillers of spirituous liquors;" and "An act laying duties on notes of banks, bankers, and certain companies; on notes, bonds, and obligations, discounted by banks, bankers, and certain companies, and on bills of exchange of certain descrip-[**Ante,ch.581.] tions,"** shall be laid and collected in the several territories of the United States, and in the district of Columbia, in the same manner, and under the same penalties, as is provided by the said acts, respectively; which said acts shall, to all intents and pur

poses, and in every respect and particular, apply and extend to

the several territories of the United States, and to the district 1813.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That each of the collection tors thus appointed within the several territories of the United ries, &c. and in States, and the district of Columbia, and each collector appays its quota pointed in any state, which shall, under the provisions of the act, of direct tax in the tree usy. entitled "An act to lay and collect a direct tax within the United to give bond for the rue and States," pay its quota into the treasury of the United States, faithful x-co-whereby the collection by the several collectors of the quotas of fee, &c. the said direct tax, imposed upon the several counties or districts of such state, shall become unnecessary, shall, within three months after being thereto required, give a bond with sureties, to be approved by the comptroller of the treasury, for the true and faithful execution of his office, and settlement of his accounts according to law, in a sum not less than three thousand dollars; which bond shall be filed in the office of the comptroller the bond to be filed in the office of the treasury, to be by him put in suit for the benefit of the filed in the office of the comptroller trial rof the trial rof the treasury, &c.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That if any collector of Any collector of internal duties SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, I nat II any contector of internal duties internal duties within the United States, or the territories therengelecting or of, shall neglect or refuse, for more than three months, to make more than three up and render, to the proper officer, his accounts of all duties, up and render collected or secured, pursuant to such forms as may be pre-all duties collected or secured, pursuant to such accounts on oath or ketted or secured, according to law, or to verify such accounts on oath or ketted or secured affirmation, if thereto required, or to pay over the moneys which to be deemed for field, and the secured by the bond shall be deemed for feited. shall have been collected, his bond shall be deemed forfeited, judgment to be taken thereon and judgment thereon shall and may be taken at the return at return term, term, on motion to be made in open court by the attorney of the unless, &c. United States, unless sufficient cause to the contrary be shown Proviso; the process must to, and allowed by, the court: *Provided always*, That the writ shave been expensed to the court of the days. or process in such case shall have been executed at least four-before return

teen days before the return day thereof. SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That the amount of all The amount of debts due to the United States by any collector of internal du-United States ties, whether secured by bond or otherwise, shall, and hereby is by any coll-ter, declared to declared to, be a lien upon the lands and real estate of such col-be a lien upon the lector, and of his sureties, if he shall have given bond, from the of himself and sureties, from the of himself and sureties, from the of himself and sureties, from the of himself and sureties from the other sureties from the sur lector, and of his sureties, if he shall have given bond, from the of himself and sureties, from the when a suit shall be instituted for recovering the same; and sureties, from the time of information want of goods and chattels, or other personal effects, of such section collector or his sureties, to satisfy any judgment which shall or forwant of goods and chattels, and the properties of such section and the section and the sureties of such sureties of such sureties of such sureties of the sureties and sureties of the narshals, against all persons claiming under such collector, or his sureties. against all persons claiming under such collector, or his sureties, of the marshals, or their depurespectively.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That there shall be al- commissions allowed to the collectors of direct tax and internal duties the fol- lowed to the col-

ties, &c. to give a valid title, &c.

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lectors of direct

lowing commissions, on the moneys received and accounted for by them, viz: On the moneys arising from the direct tax in each and every collection district, where the quota of such district shall not exceed ten thousand dollars, eight per cent.; where the quota shall exceed ten thousand dollars, and shall not exceed fifteen thousand dollars, seven per cent.; where the quota shall exceed fifteen thousand dollars, and shall not exceed twenty thousand dollars, six per cent.; where the quota shall exceed twenty thousand dollars, and shall not exceed thirty thousand dollars, five per cent.; where the quota shall exceed thirty thousand dollars, and shall not exceed fifty thousand dollars, four per cent.; where the quota shall exceed fifty thousand dollars, three per cent.; and on moneys arising from internal duties, six per cent.: Provided, That the commissions herein allowed for the collection of the direct tax and internal duties, shall, in no case, exceed four thousand dollars to any collector.

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the president of the United States to apportion and distribute, annually, a sum, not exceeding in the whole twenty-five thousand dollars, among such collectors as, for the execution of the public service, it shall appear to him necessary so to compenpublic service, it sate, in addition to the other emoluments to which they are entitled: Provided, That no such allowance or distribution shall exceed two hundred and fifty dollars to any one collector, nor shall be made to any collector whose gross emoluments, other since to exceed than this allowance, shall amount to one thousand dollars a year; nor shall, when added to the other gross emoluments of such

collector, exceed one thousand dollars a year.

SECT. 9. And be it further enacted, That there shall be almeasuring stills lowed to each collector for measuring, according to law, each or boilers, &c. still or hoiler applications still or boiler employed for the purpose of distillation, being under the capacity of one hundred gallons, sixty cents; and for each still or boiler as aforesaid, of the capacity of one hundred gallons or more, seventy-five cents. And the necessary expenses of procuring books, stationery, printed forms, certificates, and stationery, See. of procuring cooks, stationery, Be. to be allowed to other documents necessary for the collection of the internal revenues and direct tax, shall and may be allowed to the collectors in the settlement of their accounts.

SECT. 10. And be it further enacted, That each collector shall be authorized to appoint, by an instrument or instruments under his hand, as many deputies within his collection district, to be by him paid and compensated for their services, as he may deem proper, whose acts, officially and legally performed, shall be as valid and available in every respect as if performed by the collector himself.

SECT. 11. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the to keep accurate duty of the collectors to keep accurate accounts of their official emoluments and expenditures, and the same, after being verified on oath or affirmation, to transmit annually, on the last day of December, or within forty days thereafter, under a penalty of one hundred dollars, to the commissioner of the revenue; and abstracts of the same shall be annually laid before congress by the secretary of the treasury.

Provise; the commission: allowed, in no case to exceed any collector. The president may distribute not acceding 25,000 dolls. an-Bu: ily among such collectors as, for the execution of the sary so to com-pensate, in ad-dition, &c. Proviso; no additional allowone collector, por, &c.

Allowances to

Necessary expenses or pro-curing books,

Each collector may appoint as many deputies as h decms proper, whose acts, vauid, &cc.

The collectors official emoluments and expenditures, to be transmitted, under penalty, Sc. to the com-missioner of the revenue, &c.

SECT. 12. And be it further enacted, That if the appointment of the principal assessors authorized by the act, entitled "An The appointment act for the assessment and collection of direct taxes and internal palastessors duties,"* or of any of them, shall not be made during the pre-the president sent session of congress, the president of the United States shall during the rebe, and he is hereby, empowered to make such appointment dur- ("Ante, ch. 544.) ing the recess of the senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session.

*SECT. 13. And be it further enacted, That the president of The president authorized, the United States shall be, and he is hereby, authorized to aug- where necessary ment, in cases where he may find it necessary, the compensations, fixed by the act aforesaid, for the principal and assistant tions of principal assessors; so, however, as that no principal assessors shall, in any assessors; so, however, as that no principal assessors shall, in any assessors; so, however, as that no principal assessors shall, in any assessors; so, however, as that no principal assessors shall, in any assessors; so, however, as that no principal assessors shall, in any assessors; so, however, as that no principal assessors shall, in any assessors; so, however, as that no principal assessors shall, in any assessors; so, however, as that no principal assessors shall, in any assessors; so, however, as that no principal assessors shall, in any assessors shall shal such case, receive more than three hundred dollars, and no assistant assessor more than one hundred and fifty dollars.

[Approved, August 2, 1813.]

CHAP 585. [LVI.] An act to prohibit the use of licenses or passes granted by the authority of the government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

BECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa
bes of the United States of America in congress assault.

Y citizen or inhabitant tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That any citizen or inhabitant of the United States, or the territories Twice the value of vessel and thereof, who shall obtain or use, either directly or indirectly, a methandisc, license, pass, or other instrument, granted by the government of 1,000 to 5,000 the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or by any of-taining or using ficer or agent thereof, for the protection of any ship, vessel, or from the British merchandise, on the high seas, or elsewhere, or for the admission of any ship, vessel, or merchandise, into any port or place tection of any
ship, &c. whatever; and any citizen or inhabitant as aforesaid, who shall be, either directly or indirectly, concerned or assisting in obtaining, using, granting, or selling, any such license, pass, or instrument, shall, upon conviction, for every such offence, forfeit a sum equal to twice the value of any such ship, vessel, and merchandise, and shall, moreover, be adjudged guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be fined in a sum not exceeding five thousand, nor less than one thousand, dollars; and any ship, vessel, or mer- vessels, &c. chandise, owned in whole or in part, by any citizen or inhabitzens, &c. owned by eitizens, &c. found
ant of the United States, or of the territories thereof, which shall,
five days after the promulgation of this act, in the nearest port,
five days after the promulgation of this act, in the nearest port,
five days after
be found in the waters, or within the jurisdiction, of the United
the promulgation of this act
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aforesaid shall be forfeired the one half to the use of the III is the part, having a States, having or using a license, pass, or other instrument, as in the nearest aforesaid, shall be forfeited, the one-half to the use of the United British license, States, and the other half to any person or persons who shall one-half to the give information thereof, and produce or procure evidence of the the duties payfact; the duties, if any, which may be payable on the importable on the further half to one the duties payfact; the duties, if any, which may be payable on the importable on the from the proceeds of such forseiture: Provided, however, That Provise the from the proceeds of such forseiture: Provided, however, That Provisos the the claim of any such person or persons, as derived from this person, derived act, shall not be admitted to bar, defeat, or affect, any forseiture not to affect any

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accrued to the United States, or to any other person, which shall forfidure incurred by the infraction of any of the United States. other law, &c.

Vere b of the

SECT. 2. And be it have been incurred by reason of an infraction of any other law

United States sailing under a
liouse, &c. to
be hold as sailing
under the Bri-

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That any ship or vessel of the United States, sailing under, or found on the high seas using, a license, pass, or instrument, as described in the preceding section of this act, shall be considered and held as sailing under the

flag of the government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain Commanders of and Ireland; and it shall be lawful for the commanders of the public and private armed ships and vessels of the United States, sels may stop and the territories thereof, to stop and examine any ship or vessel suspected of sailing under of the United States or their territories, on the high seas or elseBritish license, such if found there, which there may be reasonable ground to suspect is sailthere with, to seize and send there with, to seize and send there with the protection of, or using, any such license, pass, or them into port. other instrument, as aforesaid; and if, upon examination, it shall appear that such ship or vessel is sailing under the protection of, or using, any such license, pass, or other instrument, it shall be

> the duty of such commanders, and of each of them, to seize every such ship or vessel, and send the same to any port in the United

Vessels found sailing under British licenses, so found sailing under the protection of, or using, any such li-&c. to be contheir cargoes, and forfeited to the use of the Captors, &c.

cense, pass, or other instrument, as aforesaid, shall, upon due proof thereof, before any court of the United States, or the territories thereof, having competent jurisdiction, be condemned, together with the cargo, and be forfeited to the sole use of the officers and crew of such public or private armed ship or vessel; and all forfeitures which shall accrue, and be recovered, in pursuance of this section, shall be distributed according to the rules prescribed by the existing laws, in cases of prizes made from the Provise; nothing enemy: Provided, That nothing contained in this act shall be so construed as to prevent the acceptance or use of a passport, or any other paper, authorized by the government of the United States, or the acceptance or use of a passport granted by the commander of any ship of war of the enemy to any ship or vessel of the United States, which may have been captured and

act to prevent the use of pass-ports authorized, &c. or passports granted by the commander of an enemy ship to any vessel to convey home captured per-

Every vessel be-lenging to a citi-zen, &c. which shalldepart from the United operation of it; and vessels in Euro e, &c. at the tim of its

enemy to the United States. SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That every ship or vessel belonging, wholly or in part, to a citizen or citizens, inhabitant or inhabitants, of the United States, which shall depart or clear promulgation of out from any port or place within the jurisdiction of the Uni-this act, Sec. to
be subject to the ted States, after the promulgation of this act at such ports ted States, after the promulgation of this act at such port or place, shall be subject to the operation of the same; and that every ship or vessel owned as aforesaid, if the same be in any passage, after part of Europe, of the Mediterranean, or the western coast of Africa, or between the same and the United States, at the passage of this act, after the first day of November next; and if at

given up for the purpose of carrying persons captured by the

Versels to the east of the Cape any port or place to the east of the Cape of Good Hope, or be-

Rea after the list tween the same and the United States, after the first day of January next; and if, in either case, such vessel arrive in the United States previous to the said periods, respectively, then, after her arrival, shall, in like manner, be subject to the operation of this

act: Provided, That if any such ship or vessel be, in either of the foregoing cases, delayed by stress of weather, or other unavoid- Proviso; if any able accident, from returning to the United States within the of the cases specified, bedelayed periods above stated, the same shall not be subject to the ope-byst ess of ration of this act, until a sufficient time shall have elapsed, after weather, &c. a knowledge thereof, for her return to the United States: And in within the provided also, That nothing herein contained shall be so constru
Rec. ed as to arrest or stay any prosecution, or judicial proceeding, Proviso; nothing now pending in any court of the United States or the territories or stay any prothereof, instituted against any citizen or inhabitant of the United sections, &c., States, for using, or against any ship or vessel, belonging wholly citizen, v. sellor in part to any citizen or citizens, inhabitant or inhabitants, of a British lithe United States, for sailing under the protection of, alicense or cense, &c., pass granted by the authority of the government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or by any person or persons acting under the authority of the same.

[Approved, August 2, 1813.]

CHAP. 586. [LVII.] An act to amend and explain the act regulating pensions [See to persons on board private armed ships.*

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- thap 487. The zers tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the act regulating pensions to persons on board private armed private armed ships shall be construed to authorize the secretary of the navy structurants. to place on the pension list, under the restrictions and regulations by of the navy of the navy of the navy of the said act, any officer, seaman, or marine, belonging to any pension is, so private armed ship or vessel of the United States, bearing a say officer, seaman or marine commission of letter of marque, who shall have been wounded, belonging to any officer, seamen, who shall have been wounded, belonging to any officer, seamen, who shall have been wounded, belonging to any officer, seamen, who shall have been wounded, belonging to any officer, seamen, who shall have been wounded. or otherwise disabled, in the line of their duty as officers, scamen, vessel, who or marines, of such private armed ship or vessel.

[Approved, August 2, 1813.]

CHAP. 587. [LVIII.] An act giving further time for registering claims to lands in the late district of Arkansaw, in the territory of Missouri, and for other purposes.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That Persons claimevery person or persons claiming lands in the late district of lare district of
Arkansaw, in the territory of Missouri, who are actual settlers being actual set
on the land which they claim, and whose claims have not been claims have no heretofore filed with the recorder of land titles for the territory been filed, &c. of Missouri, shall be allowed until the first day of January next, the latina 1814, to deliver notices in writing, and the written evidence, of their ten notice and claims, to the recorder of land titles in the territory aforesaid; evidence of their ten notice and the notices and evidences so delivered, within the time recorder, &c. I be notices delivered, &c. to on payment of the same fees, as if the same had been delivered before the lating to the first day of July one thousand eight hundred and before the lat before the first day of July, one thousand eight hundred and July, 1808.

The right of such persons as shall neglect so doing, persons neglect.

1813.

ing to deliver notice &c. barred,

within the time limited by this act, shall, so far as they are derived from, or founded on, any act of congress, ever after be barred and become void, and the evidences of their claims never after admitted as evidence in any claim of the United States against any grant derived from the United States.

The recorder to owers in relation to the claims filed, &c. as the board of commissioners, &c. would have had if notice had been filed. &c. before the 1st July, 1808, ex-cept, &c.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the recorder of land titles for the territory of Missouri, shall have the same powers, and perform the same duties, in every respect, in relation to the claims that may be filed according to the preceding section, as the board of commissioners for ascertaining and adjusting claims to lands in the district of Louisiana would have had, or should have performed, if such notice had been filed, and such evidence delivered, before the first day of July, one thousand eight hundred and eight, except that his decisions shall be subject to the revision of congress.

The recorder to report all claims filed, to the com-missioner of the fice, &c.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the said recorder of land titles to make, to the commissioner general land of of the general land office, a report of all claims filed with said recorder, with the substance of the evidence in support thereof; and also his opinion, and such remarks respecting the claims as he may think proper to make; which report, together with a list of the claims which, in the opinion of the said recorder, ought to be confirmed, shall be laid, by the commissioner of the general land office, before congress, for their determination.

The report, &c. to be laid before congress, &ce.

The recorder to be allowed 50 cents for each decision, &cc. in full &cc.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the said recorder shall be allowed fifty cents for each claim on which a decision shall be made, whether such decision shall be in favor or against the claims; which allowance shall be in full for his services under this act.

Where notice of

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That in every case where filed, &cr. and no notice of the claim shall have been filed under former laws, and estimony pro-duc dibeclaim in which no testimony shall have been produced, the claimants ans allowed unsupposed until the first day of July, one thousand eight til the list July, shall be allowed until the first day of July, one thousand eight 1814, to exhibit hundred and fourteen, to produce, to said recorder, testimony realimony. Rec. in support of such claims; and the said recorder shall, in relation to such claims, have the same powers, and perform the said duties, as are required of him on claims filed under this act.

[Approved, August 2, 1813.]

[Private.]

CHAP. 588. [LIX.] An act for the relief John James Dufour and his associates.*

The farther years allowed to John James Du-four and his associates to pay the money due for a tract of land, &c. [† Ch. 303, vol.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the further time of five years be, and the same hereby is, allowed to John James Dufour and his associates, to pay the money due the United States for a tract of land, appropriated by virtue of an act of congress, entitled "An act to empower John James Dufour and his associates to purchase certain lands,"† approved the first day of May, one thousand eight hundred and two, on the same terms, conditions, and limitations, specified in the above recited act. [Approved, August 2, 1813.]

ACTS OF THE THIRTEENTH CONGRESS

OF

THE UNITED STATES:

RABBED AT THE SECOND SESSION, WHICH WAS BEGUN AND HELD AT THE CITY OF WASHINGTON, IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, OR MONDAY, THE 6TH OF DECEMBER, 1813, AND ENDED ON THE 18TH OF APRIL, 1814.

James Madison, President. E. Gerry, Vice President, and President of the Senate. J. B. Varnum, President pro tempore, of the Senate, from the 17th of December to the 28th of January. John Gaillard, President of the Senate, pro tempore, on the 18th of April. H. Clay, Speaker of the House of Representatives until the 17th of January. Langdon Cheves, Speaker of the House of Representatives from the 25th of January.

CHAP. 589. [LX] An act laying an embargo on all ships and vessels in the ports and harbors of the United States.*

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That Amembargo laid an embargo be, and hereby is, laid on all ships and vessels in the within the juriports and places within the limits or jurisdiction of the United United States, States, and the territories thereof, cleared or not cleared; and cleared or not cleared; that no clearance be furnished to any ship or vessel, except vessels in ballast, with their necessary sea stores, under the imme- in ballast, &c. diate direction of the president of the United States; and that the The president president be authorized to give such instructions to the officers authorized to give instructions of the revenue, and of the navy, and of the private armed vessels for earlying this revenue outless of the United States as shall appear heat act into effect. mal revenue cutters of the United States, as shall appear best idapted for carrying the same into full effect: Provided, That Proviso; nothing pothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent the de-the departure of parture of any foreign ship or vessel, in ballast, with her necessing foreign ship or vessel, in ballast, with her necessing foreign ship sary sea stores, and with the goods, wares, and merchandise, visions military and naval stores, on hoard of such as board where other than provisions, military and naval stores, on board of such of board, who foreign ship or vessel, when notified of this act, whose officers consist d of foand crews shall consist wholly of such foreigners as did belong ing to nations in to nations in amity with the United States at the time of the arrival of said ship or vessel in the United States, and which shall citizens without ansancer. Rec. not have nor take on board for the voyage any citizen of the United States, except such as may produce a passport therefor, to be furnished under the authority and direction of the president of the United States. And all public armed vessels, pos-roreign public sessing public commissions from any foreign power, are not to armed vessels, not liable that be considered as liable to the embargo laid by this act.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That if any person or specie, provipersons shall put, place, or load, on board any ship, vessel, boat, dise, nard or

1813. Repealed, by

4 M Vol. 4.

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or water craft, or into any cart, wagon, sled, or other carriage or

1813. military stores, foreign place, contrary to the provisions of this act, are forfeited, tog ther with the yes el or other vehicle of transportation, &c.

vehicle, or in any other manner attempt to convey any specie, conjugation and goods, wares, merchandise, produce, provisions, naval or military stores, or any kind of live stock, with intent to export, transport, or convey the same without the United States, or the territories thereof, to any foreign place, kingdom, or country, or with intent to convey the same on board any foreign ship or vessel within or without the limits of the United States, or with the intent, in any other manner, to evade the provisions of this act, all such specie, goods, wares, merchandise, produce, provisions, naval or military stores, live stock, and also the ship, vessel, boat, water craft, cart, wagon, sled, or other carriage or vehicle, on board, or on or in, which the same may be so put, placed, or loaded, as aforesaid, and also all horses, mules, and oxen, used or employ-Persons concern- ed in conveying the same, shall be forfeited; and the person or postation, sec. persons so putting, placing, or loading, the same, as aforesaid, and also the aiders and abettors therein, shall, upon conviction, be adjudged guilty of a high misdemeanor, and fined a sum, by the court before which the conviction is had, equal to four times the value of such specie, goods, wares, merchandise, produce, provisions, naval or military stores, or live stock: Provided, however, That this section shall not be construed to extend to any person, not being the owner of person or persons, not being the owner or owners of such specie, th specie, goods, goods, wares, merchandise, produce, provisions, naval or military

stores, who shall first inform and make complaint to the collector of the district of any such offence committed within the same

district; and any informer or informers, not being the owner or

owners aforesaid, upon conviction of the offenders, shall be enti-

ceived by the United States, and shall be entitled to a certificate for that purpose from the court before whom the conviction shall

tour times the value of the goods, &cc.

ed in the trans-

Proviso; this section not to extend to any forms, &c.

Informers, not being owners, &c. entitled to one-hulf thefine, tled to one-half of the fine aforesaid, when the same shall be re-

The owners, Scc. of vessels laden when no-tice of this act is received at the custom houses, to dis-charge the cargo, or give bond not to proceed,

be had.

discharged, or the bond given, within ten days, ca go is forfeit. oc. to take pusvessels, &c. The president may authorize the collectors,

when &c. to grant permission to vers to

sion to vess is,

Sect. 3. And be it further enacted, That the owner or owners, consignee or factor, of any ship, vessel, or boat, which may, at the time when notice of this act shall be received at the several customhouses respectively, be laden in whole or in part, shall, on notice given by the collector, either discharge such cargo, or give bond, with two or more sufficient sureties, in double the value of such vessel and cargo, not to proceed on the intended voyage or trip, until permitted to do so, agreeably to the provi-If the cargo is not sions of this act; and if the cargo shall not be discharged within ten days, or the bond given as aforesaid, the ship, vessel, or boat, and cargo, shall be wholly forfeited. And the several collectors ane collectors authorized, until have been discharged, or the bond given as aforesaid, to take the cargots have possession of such vessels, and to take and to take the cargots have been discharged, may be necessary to prevent their departure.

> SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the president of the United States may authorize the collectors of the customs (when in his opinion it can be done without danger of the embargo being violated, and under such limitations as he may deem expedient) to grant permission to vessels or boats, whose employment

has uniformly been confined to the navigation of bays, sounds, rivers, or lakes, within the jurisdiction of the United States, or employed in the the territories thereof, to take on board, at any time, such arti-cles of domestic or foreign growth as may be designated in such of domestic or permission, bond, with one or more sufficient sureties, being pre- sec bond. &c. viously given to the United States by the owner, owners, con-being veviously given, &c. signee, or factors, of such vessel or boat, and by the master thereof, in an amount equal to three hundred dollars for each ton of the said vessel or boat, that such vessel or boat shall not. during the time limited in the condition of the bond, depart from any district of the United States without having previously obtained a clearance, nor until the master or commander shall have delivered to the collector or surveyor of the port of departure, a manifest of the whole cargo on board, that the said vessel or boat shall not, during the time abovementioned, proceed to any other port or place than that mentioned in her clearance, nor put any article on board of any other vessel or boat, or be employed in any foreign trade; and that, on every voyage or trip, the whole of the cargo shall be landed in a port or place of the United States, or the territories thereof, within the bay, sound, rivers, or lakes, to which the navigation of such vessel is confined; and the burthen of proof of the landing the whole of any such cargo The burthen of in a port or place of the United States, or the territories thereof, landing the carwithin the bay, sound, rivers, or lakes, to which the navigation of such vessel or boat is confined, or in the port or place mentolic layouther the owners, &c. tioned in her clearance, shall, in case of any suit or prosecution owners, &c. instituted on such bond for a breach of the conditions thereof, lie upon the owner or owners, consignee, or factors, of such vessel or boat, or the master thereof, as the case may be: Provided, Provided, Provided, Such prosecution or suit be instituted within two years after such must be instituted. breach shall have been committed.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That if any vessel or boat, Any vessel, not not having received a permission, and a bond not having been having received first given, in the manner provided for in the next preceding taking on beard section, shall take on board any article or articles prohibited by article, &c. to this act such vessel or hoat together with her cargo, shall be even forfeited. this act, such vessel or boat, together with her cargo, shall be cargo, forfeited, wholly forfeited, and the owner or owners, agent, freighter, or &c. to pay a sum factors, master, or commander, of such vessel or boat, shall, lue, &c. moreover, severally forfeit and pay a sum equal to the value of the vessel or boat, and of the cargo put on board the same.

SECT. 6. And be it further enucted, That the person or per- The persons sons, whose names do or may appear as owner or owners of any pear as owners ship or vessel, either on the certificate of registry, enrolment, or on the certificates, of any such ship or vessel, or, if neither registered or at clearance, licensed, on the last clearance or customhouse documents issued, &c. to be reput d the true owners, before the passing of this act, for such ship or vessel shall be to before the passing of this act, for such ship or vessel, shall be &c. reputed as the true owner or owners of such ship or vessel, and be liable to the payment of all penalties which may be incurred by the owners of such ship or vessel, by reason of any violation of any of the provisions of this act: Provided always, That nothing Proviso; nothing in this section to the section contained shall be construed to release any other release any other person or persons from the payment of any penalty incurred by person, &co.

virtue of this act. And in case of any new register or license

In case of a new b ing granted during the continuance of this act, or in case of the

register. &c. or sale of any ship or vessel neither registered or licensed, a bond, ship not registered and with one or more sureties, to the United States, shall, previous to the given previous acc.

the granting any such new register or license, or to recognising vious acc. the sale of such vessel not registered or licensed, be required by the collector, in an amount equal to three hundred dollars of each ton of such ship or vessel, that such ship or vessel shall not, during the continuance of this act, contravene or infringe any of the Proviso; nothing provisions thereof: Provided, That nothing herein contained shall her in to extend to the owners of be construed to extend to the owner or owners of any ship or vessels who have made a bona fide vessel who shall have made a bona fide sale of such ship or vessels who shall have made a bona fide sale of such ship or vessels who shall have made a bona fide sale of such ship or vessels who shall have made a bona fide sale of such ship or vessels who shall have made a bona fide sale of such ship or vessels who shall have made a bona fide sale of such ship or vessels who shall have made a bona fide sale of such ship or vessels who shall have made a bona fide sale of such ship or vessels who shall have made a bona fide sale of such ship or vessels who shall have made a bona fide sale of such ship or vessels who shall have made a bona fide sale of such ship or vessels who shall have made a bona fide sale of such ship or vessels who shall have made a bona fide sale of such ship or vessels who shall have made a bona fide sale of such ship or vessels who shall have made a bona fide sale of such ship or vessels who shall have made a bona fide sale of such ship or vessels who shall have made a bona fide sale of such ship or vessels who shall have made a bona fide sale of such ship or vessels who ship or vessels who shall have made a bona fide sale of such ship or vessels who ship sel, in any port or harbor of the United States, before notice of this act at such port or harbor, respectively, nor to the owner or owners of any ship or vessel, in any foreign port or place, who shall have made a bona fide sale thereof before notice of this act: And provided also, That such bond shall not release the owners and master of such ship or vessel, or any other person, from the

sale before no-

Proviso; the bond specified not to release from the obligation of giving every other bond required by this act. every other bond, &c. Owners of yes

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That the owner or owners of all vessels licensed for fisheries, or those bound on a whaling sels licensed for voyage, and having no other cargo than necessary sea stores, salt, bound on a whal- and the usual fishing tackling and apparel, shall give a general ing voyage, &c. and the thouse in some state of the vessel and cargo, that they bond, &c. will not during the continuance of this act, proceed to any fowill not, during the continuance of this act, proceed to any foreign port or place, and will return with their fishing fare to some port or place within the United States,

Vessels depart-ing without a clearance, or merchandise, &c. forfeited.

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That if any ship or vessel proceeding to a continuance of this act, depart from any port of the United States, without a clearance or permit, or if any ship are with the or vessel shall continue of the states. or vessel shall, contrary to the provisions of this act, proceed to a foreign port or place, or trade with, or put on board of, any other ship or vessel, any article or articles prohibited by this act, such ship or vessels, goods, wares, merchandise, produce, pro-If the vessel, &c. visions, naval or military stores, shall be wholly forfeited; and if is not seized, the country, &c. the same shall not be seized, the owner or owners, agent, freighter, to pay doublethe value, &c. and or factors, of any such ship or vessel, shall, for every such offence, never thereafter for the ship or allowed a forfeit and pay a sum equal to double the value of the ship or

eredit for duties, vessel and cargo, and shall never thereafter be allowed a credit for duties on any goods, wares, and merchandise, imported by The master, and him or them into any of the ports of the United States; and the others knowing ly concerned, to master or commander of such ship or vessel, as well as all other ly concerned in many ones of the forfeit not exceeding 20,000 dolls for every of this act, shall each, respectively, forfeit and pay a sum not imprisoned, &c. exceeding twenty thousand dollars for every such offence, whether

soned for a term not less than six calendar months, nor exceeding The oath of any one year; and the oath or affirmation of any master or comman-master offending, &c. to be in-der, knowingly offending against the provisions of this section, admissible, &c. shall ever thereafter be inadmissible before any collector of the

customs of the United States.

SECT. 9. And be it further enacted, That if any foreign ship or vessel shall, during the continuance of this act, take on board Foreign ships taking on board any specie, goods, wares, merchandise, produce, provisions, naval merchandise, or military stores, other than the provisions and sea stores ne- see other than cessary for the voyage, such ship or vessel, and the specie and feited, &c. cargo on board, shall be wholly forfeited, and may be seized and jurisdiction; and every person concerned in such unlawful shipment, shall forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding twenty thousand edits paynotes
ceeding 20,000
dolls. condemned in any court of the United States having competent

SECT. 10. And be it further enacted, That the collectors of Collectors authorized to take all the districts of the United States, and the territories thereof, shall, and they are hereby authorized to, take, into their custody, see, when found any specie, goods, wares, merchandise, produce, provisions, naval or military stores, or live stock, found on board of any ship or vessel, boat, or other water craft, when there is reason to believe that they are intended for exportation, or when in vessels, take, we when there is carts, wagons, sleighs, or any other carriage, or in any manner their way to the territories of a foreign navel. apparently on their way towards the territories of a foreign nation, or the vicinity thereof, or towards a place whence such articles are intended to be exported, or placed in the possession of the enemies of the United States; and not to permit such ar- The articles not ticles to be removed until bond, with sufficient sureties, shall to be removed until bond be have been given for the landing or delivery of the same in some given for landing in the United place of the United States, whence, in the opinion of the collec- States, &c. tor, there shall not be any danger of such articles being exported

or placed in the possession of the enemies of the United States.

SECT. 11. And be it further enacted, That the powers given to the powers given to the collectors by this act, to refuse permission to put any cargo to the to the collector on board any vessel, boat, or other water craft, to detain any eised inconvessel, or to take into their custody any articles for the purpose farmity with such instructions of preventing violations of the embargo, shall be exercised in a the president may give, and may give, &c. conformity with such instructions as the president may give, and such rules as he may prescribe for that purpose, made in pursuance of the powers aforesaid; which instructions and rules the collectors shall be bound to obey. And if any action or suit be If a solt be brought against any collector, or other person acting under the any collector, directions of, and in pursuance of, this act, he may plead the general issue, and give this act, and the instructions and regulations addive this act, and the president, in evidence for his justification and defence. of the president, in evidence for his justification and defence. And any person aggrieved by the acts of any collector, in either Any person agorieved by the acts of any collector, in either Any person agorieved by a collector agorieved by a collector of the district wherein the collector resides, stating the files petition before the district facts of his case, and thereupon, after due notice given to the court, &c. Afternotice, &c. is grounded, shall be filed among the records of said court; and to be filed, &c. If restoration of if restoration of the property detained or taken in custody, or the property detained, by permission to load as aforesaid, shall be decreed, it shall be upon decreed, the party's giving such bond, with sureties, as is or shall be re-bond, &c. quired to be taken in similar cases by the collector, and not other-

Sec. The president, forces, or the

to treble costs,

wise; but if the said court shall adjudge against such petition, If the court adjudge against the collector shall be entitled to treble costs, which shall be taxed judge against the petition, the col-for him, and execution awarded accordingly by the court.

Sect. 12. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the president of the United States, or such other person as he shall have empowered for that purpose, to employ such part of may employ the the land or naval forces, or militia, of the United States, or of the territories thereof, as may be judged necessary, in conformity force the provisions of this act, for the purpose of preventing the illegal departure of any ship or vessel, or of detaining, taking possession of, and keeping in custody, any ship or vessel, or of taking into custody and guarding any specie, goods, wares, merhandise, produce, provisions, naval or military stores, or live stock, and also for the purpose of preventing and suppressing any armed or riotous assemblage of persons resisting the customhouse officers in the exercise of their duties, or in any manner opposing the execution of this act, or otherwise violating or assisting and abetting violations of the same.

Public and pri-vate armed vesact, &c.

SECT. 13. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful vate armed vessels may capture for the public and private armed vessels of the United States ships that have to capture and seize, on the high seas or elsewhere, any ship or provision of this vessel which shall have violeted and fine the season of the vessel which shall have violeted and fine the season of the vessel which shall have violeted and fine the season of the vessel which shall have violeted and fine the season of the vessel which shall have violeted and fine the season of the vessel which shall have violeted and season of the vessel which which we will be vessel which which we will be vessel which where the vessel which we will be vessel which which vessel which shall have violated any of the provisions of this act, and to send the same into any port of the United States for adjudication.

SECT. 14. And be it further enacted, That all penalties and

Penalties, &c. torfeitures in case of seizure er of a public

Mitigation of penalties, &c.

may be prose-ented, &c. by ac-tion of debt, in-dictment, or in-formation, &c.

Distribution of

information, &c.

Distribution of

information, &c.

information, &c.

information, &c.

information, &c.

information, &c. quence of any seizure made by the commander of any public by the command- armed vessel of the United States, shall be distributed according to the rules prescribed by the act, entitled "An act for the go-[*Ch. 187, vol.3.] vernment of the navy of the United States;"* and if in conse-If by a private armed vessel of the aumidvessel, &c. quence of any seizure made by any private armed vessel of the United States, shall be distributed according to the rules prescribed by the act, entitled "An act concerning letters of marque, [†Ante, ch. 430.] prizes, and prize goods,"† and the act in addition thereto;‡ and liothewise if otherwise, shall be distributed and accounted for, in the management of the property of the control of the management of the control o ner prescribed by the act, entitled "An act to regulate the col-[9Ch. 128, vol.3.] lection of duties on imports and tonnage," passed the second day of March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine; and may be mitigated or remitted in the manner prescribed by the act, entitled "An act to provide for mitigating or remitting forfeitures, penalties, and disabilities, accruing in certain cases [sch.361,vol.2.] therein mentioned," passed the third day of March, one thousand seven hundred ninety-seven, and made perpetual by an act passed the eleventh day of February, one thousand eight hun-[Ch. 160, vol.3.] dred; and any officer or other person, entitled to a part or share to a part of the fines penalties, or forfeitures, aforesaid, may, if nemes but, in necessary, he a witness on the soil of the fines and the soil of the fines on the soil of the fines of the fines on the soil of the fines o nesses; but, in necessary, be a witness on the trial therefor; but in such case he such case, to receive no share, shall not receive any part or share of the said fine, penalty, or forfeiture, but the part or share to which he would otherwise be entitled shall belong to the United States.

SECT. 15. And be it further enacted, That the time during 1813. which this act shall continue in force, shall not be computed as which this act making part of the term of twelve calendar months, during which continues in forcemottomake goods, wares, or merchandise, imported into the United States, part of the 12 can must be exported in order to be entitled to a drawback of the allowed for exduties paid on the importation thereof.

SECT. 16. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this act back contained shall prevent the sailing of any private armed vessel Nothing in this duly commissioned by any foreign power. duly commissioned by any foreign power in amity with the United States, nor of any vessel of the United States duly commis-vessels, &c. sioned by virtue of an act, entitled "An act concerning letters of marque, prizes, and prize goods,"* passed on the twenty-sixth [*Ante, ch. 430.] day of June, one thousand eight hundred and twelve: Provided of the customs to always, nevertheless, That it shall be lawful for, and the duty examine private of, all officers of the customs and revenue officers of the United about or sail, &c. States, and they are hereby enjoined, to examine, search, and effectually ascertain, the amount and kind of articles all such vessels about sailing may have on board, so as to prevent their taking any cargo or other lading than the stores, provisions, armament, furniture, and equipment, generally proper and necessary for such vessels.

SECT. 17. And be it further enacted, That whenever it shall when it appears, appear, on report made to any collector of the customs, by any vate armed ver officer of the customs, revenue officer, or other person, that any articles, &c. in-private armed vessel has on board any article or articles what-ticked for trade. &c. with theen-&c. with theenever, goods, wares, merchandise, or cargo of any description, eny, &c. the intended for trade or traffic with the enemies of the United seize them, &c. States, either directly or intermediately through any neutral or against as for other person or persons, or for exportation, it shall be the duty feired. of the said collector, and he is hereby authorized, to seize all such articles, goods, wares, merchandise, and cargo of every description, and to have the same landed forthwith, to be proceeded against as forfeited to the United States.

SECT. 18. And be it further enacted, That in all such cases it In the cases reshall be the duty of the district attorney of the United States, district attorney. for the district within which the said proceedings shall take neys are to pro-ceed, in due place, to proceed in due form of law for the condemnation and form of law, for the forfeiture, forfeiture of the said articles to the use of the United States.

SECT. 19. And be it further enacted, That in all cases of con- In all cases of demnation as aforesaid, the captain, or other commanding offi- &c. the comcer, and each and every of the owners, of such private armed vessels, shall be fined in a sum not exceeding one thousand dollars
each.

SECT. 20. And be it further enacted, That this act shall be This act to be in force from and after the passing thereof, until the first day of the 17th Dec.

January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred Jan. 1815, 611and fifteen, unless a cessation of hostilities between the United less, &c. States and Great Britain and Ireland, and their dependencies, shall take place before that day; in which event, or in any other event that shall, in the opinion of the president, render the termination of the embargo hereby imposed, compatible with the public interest, the president of the United States is hereby au-

1813-14. thorized to declare, by proclamation, that this act is to cease and [The act re- have no effect. * [Approved, December 17, 1813.] pealed. Se chap. 644. pest.]

[† Obsolete.]

CHAP. 590. [LXI.] An act making certain partial appropriations for the year one thousand eight hundred and fourteen †

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That 1,500,600 dolls.

appropriated to a sum of one million five hundred thousand dollars be, and the wards defraying same is hereby, appropriated towards defraying the expenses of the military establishment for the United States during the year one thousand eight hundred and fourteen.

Sums appropriated: Towards de. fraying the com-pensation of members of

congress, &cc.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the following sums be appropriated for the purposes herein recited, that is to say: Towards defraying the compensation granted by law to the members of the senate and house of representatives, their officers and attendants, during the year one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, the sum of fifty thousand dollars:

Towards defraying contin-gent expenses of the house of representatives:

Towards defraying the contingent expenses of the house of representatives, during the year one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, ten thousand dollars:

Towards defraying the contingent expenses of the senate, during the year one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, three thousand dollars:

Towards defraying the ex-penses of the navy, &c.

Towards defraying the expenses of the navy of the United States, for the year one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, the sum of one million of dollars.

The preceding appropriations to be paid out of moneys in the any moneys in the treasury, any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated. SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the several appropriations hereinbefore made, shall be paid and discharged out of

[Approved, January 11, 1814.]

[] Obsolete.]

CHAP. 591. [LXII.] An act for the relief of Richard Dale.‡

of the navy department required to settle the account of Richard Dale, and pass to his credit the ato rations.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-The proper accounting officers tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the proper accounting officers of the navy department be, and they are hereby, authorized and required to settle and adjust the account of Richard Dale, and pass to his credit the amount of such sea stores as may have been furnished him by the United mount of sea stores furnished, States while he was commander of the United States' ship the Rec. Provise; Richard Ganges: Provided, The said Richard Dale will relinquish all Dale to reline claims to the rations to which he may be entitled.

[Approved, Fanuary 11, 1814.]

[§ Obsolete. See orig. act, of 2d Aug. 1813; ante, chap. 868.]

CHAP. 592. [LXIII.] An act to amend the seventh section of the act, entitled "An act to lay and collect a direct ax within the United States."

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That

in every case where the legislature of a state shall not convene prior to the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred there the la and fourteen, no notice of the assumption of the quota of such not conve state of the direct tax shall be deemed necessary; and such state Jan 1814, no state of the direct tax shall be decined necessary, and shall be allowed until the twentieth of February next for making sumption of payment, and shall receive thereon the same deduction as if the quota of direct tax necessary. such payment had been made on the tenth day of February. [Approved, January 17, 1814.] until soch Feb

CHAP. 599. [LXIV.] An act authorizing the president of the United States to grant certain permissions to the inhabitants of the island of Nantucket. [Officer.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, during the continuance of the act laying an embargo on all ships Buring the continuance of the and vessels in the ports and harbors of the United States, it embargo the shall be lawful for the president of the United States, and he is grant permisher may authorized and empowered, when in his opinion the publishments of lic interest shall not forbid it, to grant permission, on application Nantucket, to made therefor, to any inhabitant or inhabitants of the island of ship. &c. for Nantucket, to employ any ship, vessel, or boat, for the purpose the main land, of conveying from the main land to said island, fuel, provisions, sions, &c and other necessaries, for the subsistence of the inhabitants thereof, and of carrying from Nantucket to the main land, in the ship, vessel, or boat, oil, spermaceti candles, and fish, under such regulations and restrictions, and with such security as are required by the fourth section of the act "laying an embargo on all ships and vessels in the ports and harbors of the United States." [Approved, January 25, 1814.]

[†Ante, ch. \$89.]

CHAP 594. [LXV.] An act granting Moses Hook the right of pre-emption. † [Private.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the Mississippi territory, shall have the right of pre-emption to three hundred acres of land, including his improvements, and designated on the plat or map of the township pated on the plat or map as number fourteen: Provided, The said Moses Hook en- No. 14. ter the said tract of land with register of the land office for Hook to enter the land district west of Pearl river, and make the first payment the register for the same within six months from the passage of this act, and west of Pearl river, and make the first payments complete his payments as prescribed by law.

[Approved, January 25, 1814.]

CHAP. 595. [LXVI.] An act making further provision for filling the ranks of the regular army, encouraging enlistments, and authorizing the re-enlistments, for longer periods, of men whose terms of service are about to

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- chap, 700, post.] tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That,

expire.

1814. Each effective, able bodied man, enlisted after the 1st Feb. 1814. &c. to re-ceive 124 dolls, in lieu of the bounty in mo-ney and the three months' pay at the nd of the service.

so dolla, to be paid at the time of enlistment. &c.
The wife and children, or the parents, if the recruit be killed in action, &c. to be allowed 24

After the 1st Feb. 1814, so much of the 4th scc. of the act mentioned, a allows an advanc. of 24 dolls. &c. re-pealed. [Ante, ch. 477.]

a dolla, to be paid to any sol-dier of citizen who procures an able bodied man to be en-listed, &c.

Noncommissioned officers, privates, &c. tioned, may be re-enlisted for five years, or during the war.

Noncommissioned officers, privates, &c. re-enlisted under the preceding s ction, en-titled to the bounty, &c.

in order to complete the present military establishment to the full number authorized by law with the greatest possible despatch, there shall be paid, to each effective able bodied man who shall, after the first day of February next, be enlisted into the army of the United States, to serve for the term of five years, or during the war, at his election, in lieu of the bounty in money and of the three months' pay at the expiration of the service now allowed by law, the sum of one hundred and twenty-four dollars; fifty dollars of which to be paid at the time the recruit is enlisted, fifty dollars when he shall be mustered and have joined some military corps for service, and twenty-four dollars when he shall be discharged from service; and the wife and children, and, if he leave no wife or children, the parents of such noncommissioned officer and soldier, enlisted as hereinbefore stated, who may be killed in action, or die in the service of the United States, shall be allowed and paid the sum of twenty-four dollars; and after the said first day of February next, so much of the fourth section of the act, entitled "An act for the more perfect organization of the army of the United States,"* passed the twentieth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, as allows to each able bodied man enlisted into the service of the United States, in the manner therein stated, an advance of twenty-four dollars on account of his pay, shall be, and the same is hereby, repealed.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the sum of eight dollars shall be paid to any noncommissioned officer, soldier, or citizen, who shall, after the first day of February next, furnish and procure to be enlisted, according to law, an able bodied man, to

Sect. 3. And be it further enacted, That every noncommis-

sioned officer, musician, and private, who has been recruited in

serve for the term of five years, or during the war.

the regular army of the United States, under the authority of the act of the eighth of April, one thousand eight hundred and twelve, entitled " An act in addition to the act, entitled ' An act to raise an additional military force, passed January eleventh, [†Ante, ch. 376.] one thousand eight hundred and twelve," may be re-enliste dfor the term of five years, or during the war; and that every noncommissioned officer, musician, and private, recruited under authority of the act of the twenty-ninth of January, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, entitled " An act, in addition to the act, entitled ' An act to raise an additional military force, and for [HAnte, eh. 480.] other purposes,"‡ may be re-enlisted for five years, or during the war.

> SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the noncommissioned officers, musicians, and privates, re-enlisted under the authority of the preceding section, shall be entitled to the bounty allowed by this act to recruits for five years, or for the war.

> > [Approved, January 27, 1814.]

1814. CHAP. 596. [LXVII.] An act for the appointment of an additional judge for the Missouri territory, and for other purposes.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That An additional there shall be appointed an additional judge for the Missouri pointed for the territory, who shall hold his office for the term of four years, unless sooner removed, shall reside at or near the village of Arkanham the term of four years, and who shall possess and exercise, within the limits of the years, &c. late district of Arkansaw, as fixed and established while the same was a part of the territory of Louisiana, or as the limits shall be &c. established by the general assembly of the Missouri territory, the jurisdiction now possessed and exercised in said district, by the court of common pleas, as well as that possessed and exercised by the superior court within the said district, and to the exclusion of the original jurisdiction of the said court of common pleas and superior court within the same: Provided always, That Provide the suthe said superior court, or any judge thereof, in pursuance of the becompowerlaws now in force in said territory, or of any laws hereafter to be write of error, made for the purpose, shall have full power and authority to 800 issue writs of error to the court established by this act; and said superior court shall have cognizance thereof, and also of all appeals for error in law in all causes in which appeals are by law allowed from the courts of common pleas to said superior court.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the said superior The superior court may ren court is hereby authorized, upon the reversal of a judgment of der judgment the court established by this act, to render such judgment as the except, &c. said court ought to have rendered, except where the reversal is in favor of the plaintiff in the original suit, and the debt or damages to be assessed are uncertain, in which case the cause shall be remanded for a final determination.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That no writ of error No writ of error shall as assured as a supersedeas, unless the plaintiff in error shall as assured as a superior strength as a supe court, to prosecute his writ to effect, and pay the condemnation security, &c. money, and all costs, or otherwise abide the judgment which may be rendered on such writ of error.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the judge to be The judge to appointed by virtue of this act shall appoint a clerk of said court, &c. who shall be commissioned by the governor, and hold his office during the temporary government of said territory, unless sooner removed by said judge.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That the said court estab- The court to lished by this act shall hold two terms in each and every year, every y ar, in in the said village of Arkansaw, to commence on the first Mon-the village of Arkansaw, &c. days in April and September, annually, and shall continue in session until all the business before it shall be disposed of: Provided Proviso; the general assembly always, That the general assembly of the said territory shall may alter the have power to alter the times and place of holding the said of holding the

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That the judge to be ap- salary of the pointed by virtue of this act, shall receive the same salary, and as that of the

[*See sec. 13, ch. 418, ante.]

payable in the same manner, which is established by law for judg perior court in of the said superior court in the said territory of Missouri. [Approved, January 27, 1814.]

> CHAP. 597. [LXVIII.] An act authorizing the president of the United States to cause certain regiments therein mentioned to be enlisted for five years, or during the war.

[† See the note at the end of ch. 700, post.]

The president empowered to came to be en-listed for five ars, &cc. the 14 egiments of infantry author-ized to be en-listed for one year, &c.

Each man en-listed under this act allowed the same bounty, see, as men enlisted for five years, &c. Officers, pri-vates, &c. to receive the same pay, clothing,

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the president of the United States be, and he hereby is, authorized and empowered to cause to be enlisted, for the term of five years, or during the war, the fourteen regiments of infantry which are now by law authorized to be enlisted for the term of one year, or such number of them, or of the troops composing the same, as in his opinion will best promote the public service.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That each man enlisted under the authority of this act, shall be allowed the same bounty, in money and land, as is now by law allowed to men enlisted for five years or during the war; and that the officers, noncommissioned officers, musicians, and privates, shall receive the same pay, clothing, subsistence, and forage, be entitled to the same benefits, be subject to the same rules and regulations, and be placed, in every respect, on the same footing, as the other regular troops of the United States. [Approved, January 28, 1814.]

[‡ Private.]

CHAP. 598, [LXIX.] An act for the relief of Daniel Boone.

Paniel Boone confirmed in his title to 1,000 ar-pens of land, acc.

The recorder for the territory of Missouri to issue to Daniel Boone, or his heirs, a certifi-cate, acc.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That Daniel Boone be, and he is hereby, confirmed in his title to one thousand arpens of land, claimed by him by virtue of a concession made to him under the Spanish government, bearing date the twenty eighth day of January, seventeen hundred and ninetyeight; and it shall be the duty of the recorder of land titles for the territory of Missouri, to issue to the said Daniel Boone, or to his heirs, a certificate, in the same manner, and of the same description, as the said Daniel Boone would have been entitled to receive, if his claim to the said land had been confirmed by the commissioners appointed for the purpose of ascertaining the rights of persons claiming land in the territory of Louisiana, or by the recorder of land titles for the said territory of Missouri.

[Approved, February 10, 1814.]

[§ See the note at the end of ch. at the end of eq.
760, post.]
Not exceeding
three regiments
of riflemen to
be raised for five
years, or during
the war. CHAP. 599. [LXX.] An act to raise three regiments of riflemen.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That there be immediately raised such number of regiments of riflemen, not exceeding three, as, in the opinion of the president, will

bear promote the military service, to serve for five years, or dur- 1814.

ing the war, unless sooner discharged.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That each regiment shall organization of consist of one colonel, one lieutenant colonel, two majors, one adjutant, one paymaster, one quartermaster, one surgeon, one surgeon's mate, one sergeant major, one quartermaster's sergeant. two principal musicians, and ten companies.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That each company shall organization of consist of one captain, one first lieutenant, one second lieutenant, each company. one third lieutenant, and one ensign, five sergeants, four corpo-

rals, two musicians, and ninety privates.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That each man recruited Bach man reunder the authority of this act be allowed the same bounty, in allowed the land and money, as is allowed by law to men enlisted for five &cc. as men en years, or during the war; and that the officers, noncommissioned listed for five officers, musicians, and privates, shall receive the same pay, clothing, subsistence, and forage, be entitled to the same provisions on the same for wounds or disabilities, the same benefits and allowances, and guar troops. be placed, in every respect, on the same footing, as the other regular troops of the United States.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That each company of the Kach company regiment of riflemen, authorized to be raised by the act of April thorized by the tweltth, one thousand eight hundred and eight, shall consist of act of 18 h April.

ninety privates. [Approved, February 10, 1814.]

CHAP. 600. [LXXI.] An act for the relief of William Stothart and Josiah Starkey.*

[* Private and obsolete.]

SECT. 1. Re it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, 'I'hat William Stothart and Josiah Starkey, who imported into the Unitary Stothart and Josiah Starkey, who imported into the Unitary Starkey, who imported from Starkey, who imported from Starkey, who land, in the month of January or February, eighteen hundred Great Britain and the month of January or February, eighteen hundred Great Britain and thirteen, on board the Tyber, twenty-eight bales of merchandise, shall be entitled to, and may avail themselves of, the provisions of the act, entitled "An act directing the secretary of the provisions the treasury to remit fines, forfeitures, and penalties, in certain of the treasury to remit fines." cases,"† passed on the second day of January, eighteen hundred &c. and thirteen, in the same manner, and to the same extent, as if [+Ante, ch. 478.] the said merchandise had been shipped within the time limited by the said act. [Approved, February 12, 1814.]

CHAP. 601. [LXXII.] An act for the relief of William Piatt.;

[#Private and obsolete.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- The proper accounting offitives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That was war the proper accounting officers of the war department be, and they thorized to set are hereby, authorized to adjust and settle the claim of William teth elaim of William Piatt, Piatt, and allow him the pay and emoluments of a deputy quar-and allow him the pay, &c. of termaster general in the army of the United States, from the adeputy quarter-

1814.

master general in the army, for the time speci-

seventeenth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and eleven, until the twenty-seventh day of January, one thousand eight hundred and twelve, the amount whereof shall be paid to the said William Piatt, out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated. [Approved, February 19, 1814.]

CHAP. 602. [LXXIII.] An act for giving further time to purchasers of public lands to complete their payments.

Every person who, prior to the 1st April, 1810. had purchased any tract of land, not exceeding 640 acres, unless, &c. and whose lands have not been sold, or re-verted, allowed the further time of three years for completing payment, &c. 508.]

which the for-ther time is al-

Proviso; as to the payment of interest on or before the 1st June, 1814. 2d condition on which the fursher time is al-lowed.

In case of failure in paying, a.c. the tract to be advertised for sale, &c. to revert, &cc.

Proviso; the mefit of this to any person on account of any purchase, &c. prior to the 1st April, 1809.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That every person who, prior to the first day of April, one thousand eight hundred and ten, had purchased any tract or tracts of land of the United States, not exceeding in the whole six hundred and forty acres, unless the tract purchased be a fractional section or sections, or fractional sections classed with an entire section, at any of the land offices, and whose lands have not already been actually sold, or reverted to the United States for nonpayment of part of the purchase money, shall be allowed the further time of three years, from and after the expiration of the present period [Secante, chap, already given by law,* for completing the payment of the said purchase money; which further term of three years shall be 1st condition on allowed only on the following conditions: First, that all arrears of interest on the purchase money shall have been paid on or before the time shall have expired for completing the payment of the purchase money: Provided, That in all cases in which the time for completing the payment of the purchase money may have expired, or shall expire, before the first day of June next, the interest may be paid on or before that day. Second, that the residue of the sum due on account of the principal of such purchase shall be paid, with interest thereon, in three equal annual payments, as follows: viz. one-third of the said residue, with the interest which may be due thereon, within one year; another third of the said residue, with the interest which may be due thereon, within two years; and the remaining third of the said residue, with the interest due thereon, within three years, after the expiration of the time for completing the payment on account of such purchase, according to former laws. case of failure in paying, either the arrears of interest or any of the three instalments of principal, with the accruing interest, at the time and times abovementioned, the tract of land shall be forthwith advertised and offered for sale, in the manner, and on the terms, directed by law, in case of lands not paid for within the limited term, and shall revert in like manner, if the sum due, with interest, be not at such sale bidden and paid: Provided, That act not to extend the benefit of this act shall not extend to any person or persons, on account of any purchase of any tract or tracts of land, made, at any of the land offices northwest of the river Onio, prior to the first day of April, one thousand eight hundred and nine.

[Approved, February 19, 1814.]

SHAP. 603. [LXXIV.] An act to continue in force an act to raise ten additional companies of rangers.*

1814. [*Obsolete.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the act, entitled "An act to raise ten additional companies of The act to raise rangers,"† passed the twenty-fifth day of February, one thousand companies of eight hundred and thirteen, be, and the same is hereby, continued until the sethed in force for one year from and after the date of the passage Feb. 1815.
[TARKE, Ch. 466.] of this act. [Approved, February 24, 1814.]

CHAP. 604. [LXXV.] An act to authorize the president to receive into ser- (1 See the note at the end of vice certain volunteer corps.‡

chap. 760, post.7

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, author-ized to receive into the service of the United States such pro-authorized to reportion of the volunteers, authorized by the act of sixth February, vie such proceive into service one thousand eight hundred and twelve, and the act supplementory thereto, of the sixth July, one thousand eight hundred and espeted, see, as twelve, and accepted under the authority of said acts, as, in his may be required, see, as judgment, the public service may require: Provided, That the [Ante, ch. 344.] United to service the volunteers so received shall engage to serve for five years, or during the war unless scoper discharged. during the war, unless sooner discharged.

bect. 2. And be it further enacted, That the volunteers which are five years, shall be taken into service under the authority of the preceding to be taken into section, shall be entitled to the same bounty, pay, rations, clothscripe, entitled ing, forage, and emoluments of every kind, and to the same benefits and allowances, as the regular troops of the United States.

Show a section of the United States to regular troops.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the officers of corps The officers of of volunteers which shall be taken into service, shall rank, ac-volunteer corps ording to grade, and the dates of their commissions or appointments, with other officers of the army. [Approved, February 24, 1814.] (\$500 post.] (\$600 post.)

CHAP. 605. [LXXVI.] An act to provide for the return, to their own districts, of vessels detained by the embargo in districts other than those where they are respectively owned or belong.

[** Obsolete:)

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That it shall be lawful for the president of the United States to auThe president thorize the collectors of the customs to grant permission to ships the collectors to or vessels of the United States, which, at the time when the grant permission to vessels which, at the time of the grant permission to state of the grant permission to ships the collectors to or vessels of the United States, which, at the time of the grant permission to ships the collectors of the customs of the grant permission to ships the collectors of the customs of the grant permission to ships the collectors of the customs of the grant permission to ships the collectors of the customs of the grant permission to ships the collectors of the customs of the grant permission to ships the collectors of the customs to grant permission to ships the collectors of the customs to grant permission to ships the collectors of the customs to grant permission to ships the collectors of the customs to grant permission to ships the collectors to grant permission to ships the collectors of the grant permission to ships the collectors to grant permission to ships the collectors to grant permission to grant permissio masters thereof received notice of the act passed on the seven- at the time of re masters thereof received notice of the act passed on the seven-at the time of receiving notice of teenth day of December last, "laying an embargo on all ships the embargo, and vessels in the ports and harbors of the United States," the other than those were in a district other than that where the said ships or vessels where they are were owned or belonged, to return to the district where the owner tun, &c. (14 Ante, ch. or owners of such ships or vessels reside, in ballast, or with the sp.) Provisions, &c. (24 Cargoes, other than provisions, naval and military stores, which excepted,

were on board the same when the masters received notice of the **✓ 1814.** bond in four

ment, &c. [*Ante, ch. 539.]

Froviss; permis- act as aforesaid: Provided, That no such permission shall be granted until the granted until the owner or master of such ship or vessel, togethowner, &c., gives er with one or more sufficient sureties, shall have given bond, times the value, in four times the value of such vessel, and of the cargo, if any there be on board, conditioned that the said ship or vessel shall not proceed to any other port or place than that mentioned in her clearance, nor put any article on board of any other vessel or And if such ship or vessel shall pro-Versels allowed boat during the voyage. to return, and proceeding conceed to any foreign port or place, or put any article on board of trary to the emparts or this any other vessel or boat during the voyage, or be guilty of any act, forfeited, and the master act contrary to the provisions of the act beforementioned, "laying an embargo on all ships and vessels in the ports and hopers of the act." harbors of the United States,"* or contrary to the provisions of this act, the said ship or vessel, her tackle, and apparel, shall be forfeited, and the master shall, moreover, forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding twenty thousand dollars, and shall be imprisoned for a term not less than six months nor exceeding one year. SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the master of every

The master of every vessel,&c. to deliver a list be landed, &c. under penalty of 500 dolls. for ev-

No passengers, other than the owner, &c.

No vessel enti-

ing military or naval stores on public account,

If any vessel ceases to be em-ployed, &c. she may return to

vessel receiving a permission under this act shall, before the deof seamen on parture of the same from port, make out, under oath, and deliver lector, the whole to the collector of the district, a list of the seamen on board the same, the whole of which shall be landed at the port or place to which the vessel is permitted to proceed, under penalty of five ery seaman, ex hundred dollars, to be recovered of the master of such vessel, before any court of the United States having competent jurisdiction, for every seaman which shall not be thus landed, except death or other unavoidable casualty shall prevent the same. And Novemble receive no vessel receiving such permission shall take on board a number ing permission, to take on board of seamen more than sufficient to navigate the same; of the sufmore seamen than are suffici. ficiency of which number the collector shall be the judge, and ent, &e. the col-shall be authorized to refuse a clearance and permission to depart, if the number of seamen on board shall exceed that which may in his opinion be necessary. No passengers shall be transported in such vessel, other than the owner, supercargo, or agent, for the same, or for the cargo, if any there be on board.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That no ship or vessel the to the benefit of this act, unless the permission hereby authorized to be granted shall be applied for within three months, &c. months after the passage thereof. months after the passage thereof.

The president may instruct the collectors of the customs, under collectors. Sec. to United States may instruct the collectors of the customs, under the collectors of the customs, under the collectors as he may deem proper, to clear wholly employ such restrictions and limitations as he may deem proper, to clear out, for any district within the United States, or the territories thereof, any vessels wholly employed in the transportation of military or naval stores, provisions, or other articles, on public account; and if any such vessel, after the delivery of such public property at any port or place within the United States, or the territhe period lading, or, in balling, or property as aforesaid, such vessel may be permitted to trick to which the belongs, &c. return to the port or place of lading, or proceed, in balliast only, to the district to which such vessel may belong, any thing in the

"Act laying an embargo on all ships and vessels in the ports and harbors of the United States,"* passed during the present [Ante, ch. 500.] session of congress, to the contrary notwithstanding.

[Approved, March 4, 1814.]

CHAP. 606. [LXXVII.] An act to authorize the issuing of treasury notes for the service of the year one thousand eight hundred and fourteen.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- The president tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That cannot reason; the president of the United States be, and he is hereby; author-notes, for not exceeding ized to cause treasury notes, for a sum not exceeding five mildollar to be islions of dollars, to be prepared, signed, and issued, in the manner hereinafter provided.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the president of the The president United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause treasury eaue 5,000,000 notes for a further and additional sum, not exceeding, in the conditional to be iswhole, five millions of dollars, or such part thereof as he shall sued in treasury notes, &c. deem expedient, to be prepared, signed, and issued, in the manner hereinafter provided: but the amount of money borrowed or The amount of obtained for the notes which may be issued by virtue of this secvirue of this
tion, shall be deemed and held to be in part of the sum which
part of the sum
may be authorized to be borrowed by virtue of any act authorthorized to be izing a loan which may be passed during the present session of borrowed, &c.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the said treasury The notes to be notes shall be reimbursed by the United States at such places, the places exrespectively, as may be expressed on the face of such notes, one pressed on the face of such notes, one pressed on the face of such notes, one pressed on the face of them, one year respectively after the day on which the same shall have been year after the day of issued; from which day of issue they shall bear interest, at the and to bear in the rest from these faces of the pressed on the face of such notes, one pressed on the face of them, one pressed on the face of them of them of them of the face of them of them of them of them of them of the face of them rate of five and two-fifths per centum a year, payable to the owner day, at the rate of such notes, at the treasury, or by the proper compercent a year, missioner of loans, or by the officer designated for that purpose, at the places and times, respectively, designated on the face of said notes for the payment of principal.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the said treasury The notes to be notes shall be, respectively, signed in behalf of the United States, sons to be appointed by persons to be appointed for that purpose by the president of president. the United States; two of which persons shall sign each note, and Two persons to sign each note; shall each receive as a compensation for that service, at the rate their compensation, steep their compensation that service is a service that service is a service their compensation that service is a service that service is a servic of one dollar and twenty-five cents for every hundred notes thus signed by them, respectively: And the said notes shall, likewise, The motes to be be countersigned by the commissioner of loans for that state countersigned, where the notes may respectively be made payable, or by the register of the treasury, if made payable in the district of Columbia, or by a person to be appointed for that purpose by the president of the United States, if made payable in a state for which there is no commissioner of loans; which person or persons thus compensation appointed shall also receive, as a compensation for that service, countersigning, at the rate of one dollar and twenty-five cents for every hundred &c. notes thus signed by him or them, respectively.

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The secretary may issue the motes in payplies, or for debts, &c.

Or borrow, on the credit of the notes, &c.

Or sell, &c.

It is a good ex-cention of this provision to pay the notes to such banks as will re-ceive them at par, and give credit, &c.

The secretary of the treasury may employ an agent to sell the mutes, &cc.

Commission to agenu.

Not exceeding 12,500 dolls. appropriated for paying commissions, &c.

The notes trans-ferrable by de-livery and as-signment, &c.

The treasury for duties, tax. s, and for lands sold, &cc. On every pay-ment credit to be given for principal and interest due, &c.

Mode of com-puting interest, &c.

Persons making treasury notes, &c. to give du-plicate certificaies, &c.

Collectors, &c. recaiving trea-sury notes in

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That the secretary of the treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized, with the approbation of the president of the United States, to cause to be issued such portion of the said treasury notes as the president may think expedient, in payment of supplies or debts due by the United States, to such public creditors, or other persons, as may choose to receive such notes in payment as aforesaid, at par; and the secretary of the treasury is further authorized, with the approbation of the president of the United States, to borrow, from time to time, not under par, such sums as the president may think expedient, on the credit of such notes; or to sell, not under par, such portion of the said notes as the president may think expedient: And it shall be a good execution of this provision, to pay such notes to such bank or banks as will receive the same at par, and give credit to the treasurer of the United States for the amount thereof, on the day on which the said notes shall thus be issued and paid to such bank or banks, respectively.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That the secretary of the treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized, with the approbation of the president of the United States, to employ an agent or agents for the purpose of selling any portion of the notes which may be issued by virtue of this act. A commission, not exceeding one-quarter of one per cent. on the amount thus sold, may, by the secretary of the treasury, be allowed to such agent or agents; and a sum not exceeding twelve thousand five hundred dollars, to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, is hereby appropriated for paying such commission or commissions as may be thus allowed.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That the said treasury notes shall be transferrable by delivery, and assignment, endorsed thereon by the person to whose order the same shall, on the face thereof, have been made payable.

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That the said treasury where received notes, wherever made payable, shall be every where received in payment of all duties and taxes laid by the authority of the United States, and of all public lands sold by the said authority. On every such payment credit shall be given for the amount of both the principal and the interest which, on the day of such payment, may appear due on the note or notes thus given in payment; and the said interest shall, on such payments, be computed at the rate of one cent and one-half of a cent per day on every hundred dollars of principal, and each month shall be computed as containing thirty days.

Sect. 9. And be it further enacted, That any person making payment to the United States in the said treasury notes, into the United states in payment to the United States in the said treasury notes, into the hands of any collector, receiver of public moneys, or other public officer or agent, shall, on books kept according to such forms as shall be prescribed by the secretary of the treasury, give duplicate certificates of the number and respective amount of principal and interest of each and every treasury note thus paid by such person: and every collector, receiver of public moneys, or other public officer or agent, who shall thus receive any of the said

treasury notes in payment, shall, on payment of the same into the 1814. treasury, or into one of the banks where the public moneys are payment, to be allowed eredit or may be deposited, receive credit both for the principal and for for principal and the interest up the interest, computed as aforesaid, which, on the day of such to the day, &c. last mentioned payment, shall appear due on the note or notes collectors, &c. thus paid in; and he shall be charged for the interest accrued on for interest no such note or notes from the day on which the same shall have the day of ceiving been received by him, in payment as aforesaid, to the day on which the same shall be paid by him as aforesaid: Provided Proviso; no deduction shall be made with respect to any bank into which payments, as aforesaid, may be which respect to banks respect to the United States, either by individuals, or by collectic, and give credit, for the day of paying over. Each which respect to banks respect to any bank into which payments, as aforesaid, may be which receive made to the United States, either by individuals, or by collectic, and give credit, for the day of paying over. Each which receive made to the United States, either by individuals, or by collectic, and give credit, for the day of the day of paying over. Each which receive which receive the other paying over. Each which receive the paying over. Eac tors, receivers, or other public officers or agents, and which shall receive the same as specie, and give credit to the treasurer of the United States for the amount thereof, including the interest accrued and due on such notes on the day on which the same shall have been thus paid into such bank on account of the United States.

SECT. 10. And be it further enacted, That the commissioners The commis of the sinking fund be, and they are hereby, authorized and sinking fund to directed to cause to be reimbursed and paid, the principal and cause the principal and interest of the treasury notes which may be issued by virtue of of the treasury not s to b r imbursed and paid, at the several times when the same, according to the bared and paid, provisions of this act, should be thus reimbursed and paid; and the said commissioners are further authorized to make purchases The commisof the said notes, in the same manner as of other evidences of sized to make the public debt, and at a price not exceeding par, for the amount purchases of the of the principal and interest due at the time of purchase of such So much of the funds constituting the annual appropria- so much of the tion of eight millions of dollars, for the payment of the principal annual appear and interest of the public debt of the United States, as may be \$000,000 of dolla &c. as wanted for that purpose, after satisfying the sums necessary for maybe wanted, att. r. &c. the payment of the interest, and such part of the principal, of the pledged and appropriated for and reimburse, including therein the interest and principal which principal of the may become payable upon any loan or loans which may be contracted by virtue of any law passed during the present session of congress, is hereby pledged and appropriated for the payment of the interest, and for the reimbursement or purchase of the principal, of the said notes; and so much of any moneys in the Unappropriated treasury, not otherwise appropriated, as may be necessary for treasury appropriated for making up any deficiency ing up any deficiency ing up any deficient the funds thus pledged and appropriated for paying the principles. cipal and interest as aforesaid; and the secretary of the treasury of the treasury is hereby authorized and directed, for that purpose, to cause to directed to cause be paid, to the commissioners of the sinking fund, such sum or commissioners, sums of money, and at such time or times, as will enable the sary sums, &c. the necessary sums, &c. said commissioners faithfully and punctually to pay the principal and interest of the said notes.

SECT. 11. And be it further enacted, That a sum of twenty 20,000 dolls. appropriate dort thousand dollars, to be paid out of any money in the treasury, defraying the exp. nies of is. not otherwise appropriated, be, and the same is hereby, appro-

1814. sury .otes au-thorized by this priated for defraving the expense of preparing, printing, engraving, signing, and otherwise incident to the issuing of, the treasury notes authorized by this act.

Imprisonment, hard labor, and fine, for forging, counterfeiting, &c. any trea-sury note, is-sued by virtue of this act.

SECT. 12. And be it further enacted, That if any person shall falsely make, forge, or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be falsely made, forged, or counterfeited, or willingly aid or assist in falsely making, forging, or counterfeiting, any note, in imitation of, or purporting to be, a treasury note as aforesaid; or shall falsely alter, or cause or procure to be falsely altered, or willingly aid or assist in falsely altering, any treasury note, issued as aforesaid; or shall pass, utter, or publish, or attempt to pass, utter, or publish, as true, any false, forged, or counterfeited note, purporting to be a treasury note as aforesaid, knowing the same to be falsely made, forged, or counterfeited; or shall pass, utter, or publish, or attempt to pass, utter, or publish, as true, any falsely altered treasury note, issued as aforesaid, knowing the same to be falsely altered; every such person shall be deemed and adjudged guilty of felony, and being thereof convicted, by due course of law, shall be sentenced to be imprisoned and kept to hard labor for a period not less than three years, nor more than ten years, and be fined in a sum not exceeding five thousand dollars. [Approved, March 4, 1814.]

CHAP.607. [LXXVIII.] An act to establish the mode of laying off the territory of Indiana into districts, for the election of its members of the legislative council.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the house of representatives of the Indiana territory be, and it is hereby empowered, from time to time, to lay off the said territory into five districts, for the election of the members of the legislative council of the territory aforesaid.

powered to lay off the territo-ry into five dis-tricts, &c. The districts established by gov. Marrison in 1809, to re-main until the house of repre-sentatives have exercised the

power, &c.

The house of representatives of Indiana em-

> SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the districts established by governor Harrison, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and nine, shall remain, as the lawfully authorized districts for the election of the members of the legislative council of said territory, until the house of representatives thereof shall have exercised the power vested in that body by the first section of this act. [Approved, March 4, 1814.]

> CHAP. 608. [LXXIX.] An act giving pensions to the orphans and widows of persons slain in the public or private armed vessels of the United States.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That if any officer, seaman, or marine, serving on board of any primen, or man-rines, on board vate armed ship or vessel, bearing a commission of letter of private armed vessels, dying or having died, for shall die, or shall have died since the eighteenth day of see, by re son of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and widowsorchis twelve, by reason of a wound received in the line of his duty,

Officers, sea-

leaving a widow, or if no widow, a child or children under sixteen years of age, such widow, or, if no widow, such child or dren to be plant teen years of age, such widow, or, if no widow, such child or drento be purchildren, shall be placed on the pension list by the secretary of sion list, &c. at the navy, who shall allow to such widow, child or children, half ly pension to the monthly pension to which the rank of the deceased would of the deceased have entitled him, for the highest rate of disability, under "An would have entitled him pensions to persons on board private armed the truster. act regulating pensions to persons on board private armed the act menships;"* which allowance shall continue for the term of five years, years; but in case of the death or intermarriage of such widow in case of the before the expiration of the term of five years, the half pay, for marriage of the the remainder of the term, shall go to the child or children of the term, shall go to the child or children of the term, shall go to the child or children of the term, and the caveral persons hereby the death of such child or children. And the several pensions hereby the pensions directed shall be paid, by direction of the secretary of the navy, h reby directed, out of the fund provided by the seventeenth section of an act, of the fund proentitled "An act concerning letters of marque, prizes, and prize vided by the goods,"† and from no other.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That if any seaman or marine of the marine belonging to the navy of the United States shall die, or if may dying. See any officer, seaman, or marine, belonging to the navy of the United States, shall have died, since the eighteenth day of June, in son of wounds, the year of sour Lord one thousand eight hundred and twelve, by down or children on the control of the navy having died, See by the year of sour Lord one thousand eight hundred and twelve, by down or children or see ive halfthe monthly dow, or, if no widow, a child or children, under sixteen years of pay. See for age, such widow, or, if no widow, such child or children, shall age, such widow, or, if no widow, such child or children, shall be entitled to receive half the monthly pay to which the deceased was entitled at the time of his death, which allowance shall continue for the term of five years; but in case of the death or inter- If the widow marriage of such widow, before the expiration of the said term dies or marries, before, &c. the of five years, the half pay, for the remainder of the term, shall half pay to go to the term, shall the children. go to the child or children of the deceased: Provided, That such provided, see half pay shall cease on the death of such child or children. And the money required for this purpose shall be paid out of the navy be paid out of pension fund, under the direction of the commissioners of that the navy pension fund, &c. fund. [Approved, March 4, 1814.]

CHAP. 609. [LXXX.] An act authorizing the president of the United States to cause to be built, equipped, and employed, one or more floating batteries, for the defence of the waters of the United States.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the sum of five hundred thousand dollars be, and the same is soo coo dollars be a same is soo coo dollars be a same is soo coo dollars be a same is so coo dollars be a same is same is same is so coo dollars be a same is same i hereby, appropriated for the purpose of building, equipping, and for building, putting into service, one or more floating batteries, of such mag- one or more nitude and construction as shall appear to the president of the floating batteries, &c. United States best adapted to attack, repel, or destroy, any of the ships of the enemy which may approach the shores or enter the waters of the United States; and that the sum hereby appropriated shall be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated. [Approved, March 9, 1814.]

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CHAP. 610. [LXXXI.] An act for the relief of Henry Fanning.

[* Private.]

the treasury aucause Honry Faming to be discharged from imprisonment, Proviso; present of any co-obli-

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The sceretary of the secretary of the treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause to be discharged from his imprisonment Henry Fanning, of the city of New York: Provided, however, That any estate, real or personal, which the said Henry Fanning may have or hereafter acquire, shall be liable to the satisfaction of the said and future contained shall be so construed as to affect the liability of any cofeet the liability of any cofeet the liability of any cofeet the liability of any coning for the payment of any money to the United States.

[Approved, March 9, 1814.]

[† Private.]

CHAP. 611. [LXXXII.] An act for the relief of James Crawford.

James Crawford confirmed in the purchase of the west half of section No. 29, &c. in the district of lands offered for sale at Steubenville. Proviso; James Crawford to complete the purchase mo ney, as speci-fied, &c.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That James Crawford be, and he is hereby, confirmed in the purchase of the west half of section number twenty-nine, in township number seven, of range number two, in the district of lands offered for sale at Steubenville: Provided, That the said James Crawford shall complete the payment of the purchase money for the land contained in the southwest quarter of the aforesaid section, at the price per acre, and on the terms and conditions, specified in the certificate of the register of the land office, for the west half of the said section, bearing date April fourth, one thousand eight hundred and eleven; and shall also complete the payment for the northwest quarter of said section, at the price of eight dollars an acre. The instalments of the purchase money for the said northwest quarter shall be considered as due and becoming due on the respective days specified for making payment in the aforesaid certificate of the register; and the sum of three hundred and twenty dollars, paid on account of the purchase money of the said northwest quarter, and which became forfeited by nonpayment of part of the purchase money, shall, by the register and receiver of public moneys for the said district, be placed to the credit of the said James Crawford, and be considered as part of the purchase money for the said northwest quarter section. And the said James Crawford, his heirs, or assigns, shall be entitled to a patent for the land contained in the west half of the aforesaid section, on his completing the payment of the purchase money, according to the provisions of this act.

Patent, &c.

[Approved, March 9, 1814.]

CHAP. 612. [LXXXIII.] This is an act relating entirely to the district of Columbia. See act of 18th April, 1814; sec. 1, chap. 657, post.

CHAP. 613. [LKXXIV.] An act making appropriations for the support of the military establishment of the United States, for the year one thousand [Obsolete.] eight hundred and fourteen.*

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, for defraying the expenses of the military establishment of the sums appropri-United States, including the volunteers and militia in their action detraying the expentitual service, for the year one thousand eight hundred and four-tary establishment, for ordnance, fortifications, and the Indian department, the the year 1814. following sums, including the sum of one million five hundred thousand dollars already appropriated by the first section of the act, entitled " An act making certain partial appropriations for the year one thousand eight hundred and fourteen," t be, and [tAnte,ch. 890.] the same are hereby, respectively, appropriated; that is to say:

For the pay of the army of the United States, including the For the pay of private servants kept by officers, and for the pay of the volun-the army, volunteers, and teers and militia in the actual service of the United States, se-militia. ven millions nine hundred and sixty-five thousand three hundred

and sixty dollars.

For forage to officers, two hundred and sixty-four thousand For forage to officers. five hundred and seventy-six dollars.

For subsistence of the army, and of volunteers and militia, For subsistence of the army, and four million nine hundred and seventeen thousand four hundred and seventy dollars.

For camp and field equipage, four hundred and sixty thou-field equipage.

For the medical and hospital department, two hundred and For the medical fifty-five thousand dollars.

For bounties and premiums, two million five hundred and for bounties forty thousand dollars.

For clothing, two million thirty-six thousand dollars.

For the quartermaster's department, three million five hun-Forth quarter master's d. partdred thousand dollars.

For ordnance and ordnance stores, including arsenals, maga- For ordnance, sec. zines, and armories, seven hundred thousand dollars.

For fortifications, five hundred thousand dollars. For contingencies, seven hundred thousand dollars.

For the Indian department, four hundred and sixty-four thou- For the Indian department. sand five hundred dollars.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, 'That the several ap- The proceeding appropriations propriations hereinbefore made shall be paid out of any moneys to be paid out of moneys in the money in the several ap- The proceding appropriations. in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, March 19, 1814.]

CHAP. 614. [LXXXV.] An act making appropriations for the support of the navy of the United States, for the year one thousand eight hundred and [t Obsolete.] fourteen.‡

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, sums appropri-for defraying the expenses of the navy, for the year one thou-ing the expenses

For clothing.

For fortifice For contingen-

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1814.

of the navy for the year 1814.

sand eight hundred and fourteen, the following sums, including the sum of one million of dollars already appropriated by the act, entitled "An act making certain partial appropriations for [*Ante,ch. 590.] the year one thousand eight hundred and fourteen,"* be, and the same hereby are, respectively, appropriated; that is to say:

For pay and subsistence of of seamen.

For pay and subsistence of the officers, and pay of the seamen, officers, and pay two million five hundred and seventy-nine thousand three hun-

For provisions.

dred and forty-one dollars. For provisions, one million four hundred and thirty-nine thou-

For medicines, &c.

sand nine hundred and two dollars and fifty-two cents. For medicines, hospital stores, and all expenses on account of the sick, one hundred and twenty thousand dollars.

For repairs of vessels.

For repairs of vessels, one million five hundred thousand dollars.

For contingent expenses, &c.

For contingent expenses, including freight, transportation, and recruiting expenses, five hundred thousand dollars.

For ordnance,

For ordnance, ammunition, and military stores, three hundred thousand dollars.

For navy yards,

For navy yards, docks, and wharves, one hundred thousand dollars.

For pay and subsistence of the marine

For pay and subsistence of the marine corps, two hundred and eighteen thousand two hundred and seventy-nine dollars and fifty cents.

For clothing for the marine corps,

For clothing for the same, seventy-one thousand seven hundred and eighty-eight dollars and ten cents.

For military stores for the marine corps.

For military stores for the same, twenty-seven thousand six hundred and eight dollars and seventy-five cents.

For contingent expenses for the lars.

For contingent expenses for the same, forty-six thousand dol-

The preceding appropriations to be paid out of moneys in the treasury, &cc.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the several appropriations hereinbefore made shall be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, March 19, 1814.]

[†Obsolete, See orig, act, of 3d Aug, 1813; ante, chap. 583.]

CHAP. 615. [LXXXVI.] An act in addition to an act, entitled "An act allowing a bounty to the owners, officers, and crews, of the private armed vessels of the United States."†

100 dolls, to be to an agent au-thorized to receive him, &c.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, in lieu of the bounty now allowed by law, the sum of one hunpaid to the owners, officers, and crews, of the error, officers, and crews, of the error, officers, and error verses is, error verses is, error verses is, letters of marque, for each and every prisoner by them captured prisoner cryptured and deliver d and delivered to an agent authorized to receive him in any port to an agent authorized. of the United States, or of a power at war with Great Britain, or delivered at any station within the dominions of the king of Great Britain established for the exchange of prisoners of war, whereby such prisoner shall be actually placed and allowed, by the government of the kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in the account of prisoners to the credit of the United States. And

the secretary of the treasury is hereby authorized and required 1814. to pay, or cause to be paid, to such ow iers, officers, and crews, The secretary of private armed vessels, commissioned as aforesaid, or their required to pay agents, the aforesaid sum for each prisoner captured and delivered as aforesaid.

Sect. 2. And be it further enacted, That, for the purposes 200,000 dolls. aforesaid, the sum of two hundred thousand dollars, out of any appropriated for money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, be, and the this act. same is hereby, appropriated. [Approved, March 19, 1814.]

CHAP. 616. [LXXXVII.] An act making appropriations for the support of government for the year one thousand eight hundred and fourteen.*

[*Obsolete.]

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, for the expenditure of the civil list in the present year, including sams appropri-the contingent expenses of the several departments and offices; and for the obfor the compensation of the several loan officers and their clerks, and for books and stationery for the same; for the payment of annuities and grants; for the support of the mint establishment; for the expense of intercourse with foreign nations; for the support of lighthouses, beacons, buoys, and public piers; for defraying the expenses of surveying the public lands, and for satisfying certain miscellaneous claims, the following sums be, and the same are hereby, respectively, appropriated; that is to say:

For compensation granted by law to the members of the senate For members of and house of representatives, their officers, and attendants, two officers, their officers, see hundred and fifty-two thousand two hundred and fifty-five dollars.

For the expense of firewood, stationery, printing, and all other For contingent contingent expenses of the two houses of congress, fifty-two thou-gress. sand dollars.

For the expenses of the library of congress, including the libra- For the library rian's allowance for the year one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, eight hundred dollars.

For compensation to the president and vice president of the For the president and vice United States, thirty thousand dollars.

For compensation to the secretary of state, clerks, and per- For the secretary of state, sons employed in that department, including a clerk on old re- clerks, &c. cords, and a clerk and messenger in the patent office, fifteen thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight dollars.

For additional compensation to the clerks in said department, Additional for not exceeding fifteen per centum on the sum allowed by the act, aceding is per entitled "An act to regulate and fix the compensation of clerks, and to authorize the laying out certain public roads, and for other purposes," one thousand and seventy-two dollars and fifty cents. [+Ante,ch.41.]

For the incidental and contingent expenses of the said depart- recontingent ment, including the expense of printing and distributing ten thou-department of sand four hundred copies of the laws of the first and second ses- state, &c. sion of the thirteenth congress, and printing the laws in newspapers, twenty thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

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For compensation to the secretary of the treasury, clerks, and

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For the secre-For translating

persons employed in his office, thirteen thousand two hundred rary or the trea-sury, clarks, &c. and ninety-nine dollars and eighty-one cents.

for ign lan-guag s trans-mitting pass-ports and sealetters, &c.

For expense of translating foreign languages, allowance to the person employed in transmitting passports and sealetters, and for stationery and printing in the office of the secretary of the treasury, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For the comp-

For compensation to the comptroller of the treasury, clerks, trainty, elerks, and persons employed in his office, including the sum of one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine dollars, for compensation to his clerks, in addition to the sum allowed by the act of the [* Ante, ch. 41.] twenty-first of April, one thousand eight hundred and six,* four-

For contingent expenses in the comptroller's offic. For the auditor,

cierks, &c.

teen thousand eight hundred and sixty-six dollars. For expense of stationery and printing, and contingent expenses, in the comptroller's office, eight hundred dollars.

For compensation to the auditor of the treasury, clerks, and persons employed in his office, twelve thousand two hundred and twenty-one dollars.

For contingent expenses in the auditor's office.

For expense of stationery and printing, and contingent expenses in the auditor's office, five hundred dollars.

For the treasurer, chrks,

For compensation to the treasurer, clerks, and persons employed in his office, including the sum of one thousand dollars for compensation to his clerks, in addition to the sum allowed by the act of the twenty-first of April, one thousand eight hundred [† Ame, eb. 41.] and six, † seven thousand two hundred and twenty-seven dollars and forty-five cents.

For expenses in the treasurer's office, three hundred dollars. For expense of stationery and printing, and contingent ex-

For the commischrks, &c.

For compensation to the commissioner of the general land stoner of the go-neral landoffice, office, clerks, and persons employed in his office, twelve thousand four hundred and ten dollars.

For contingent expenses of the general land office.

For expense of stationery and printing, and contingent expenses of the general land office, three thousand seven hundred dollars.

For the commisvenue, clerks,

For compensation to the commissioner of the revenue, clerks, and persons employed in his office, nine thousand four hundred and ten dollars.

For stationery, printing, and contingent expenses of the &c.

For expense of stationery and printing, and contingent expenses of the revenue office, including the sum of five thousand three hundred and twenty-five dollars seventy-three cents, the amount of expenditures for these objects during the year one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, for which no appropriation has been made, nine thousand nine hundred and seventy-eight dollars and thirty-six cents.

For the register of the tr asury, eleiks, &c.

For compensation to the register of the treasury, clerks, and persons employed in his office, sixteen thousand and fifty-two dollars and two cents.

Additional for the clerks in the treasury depart ment, not excoeding 15 per

For additional compensation to the clerks in the treasury department, not exceeding fifteen per centum on the sum allowed by the act, entitled "An act to regulate and fix the compensation of clerks, and to authorize the laying out certain public roads, [Ante,ch.41.] and for other purposes,"‡ six thousand six hundred and thirtyfour dollars and nine cents.

For compensation to the messenger of the register's office, for stamping and arranging ships' registers, ninety dollars.

Imping and arranging ships' registers, ninety dollars.

For expense of stationery and printing, and contingent expenses ships' registers,

of the register's office, two thousand eight hundred dollars.

For expense of stationery and printing, and continued dollars.

For eostingent expenses of the treasury deregister's office, two thousand eight hundred dollars.

For fuel, and other contingent expenses of the treasury deregister's office.

For fuel, &c. for fuel, &c. for partment, four thousand dollars.

For the purchase of books, maps, and charts, for the treasury purtment. For the purchase of books, maps, and charts, for the treasury purtment. For the purchase of books, &c. for the treasury de-

department, four hundred dollars.

For compensation to a superintendent and two watchmen, partment. employed to secure the buildings and records of the treasury dent and watchdepartment, during the year one thousand eight hundred and the buildings and fourteen, including expenses and repairs of two fire engines, records of the buckets, and lanterns, one thousand one hundred dollars, ment, &c. buckets, and lanterns, one thousand one hundred dollars.

For defraying the expense of stating and printing the public printing the public accounts for the year one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, its accounts, &c.

one thousand two hundred dollars.

For compensation to the secretary of the commissioners of the ry of the com-

sinking fund, two hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation to the secretary of war, clerks, and persons For the secretaemployed in his office, including the sum of three thousand nine clerks, &c. hundred and sixty dollars, in addition to the sum allowed by the act of April twenty-first, one thousand eight hundred and six. * . Ante, ch. 41.] fifteen thousand two hundred and ten dollars.

For expense of fuel, stationery, printing, and other contingent expenses in the office of the secretary of war, two thousand dolories of the secretary of war.

For compensation to the accountant of the war department, For the accountant of the war clerks, and persons employed in his office, including the sum of department, for clerks, the sum of department, for clerks, the sum of department, the sum of department, for clerks, the sum of department, and deliver to the sum of department. fifteen thousand dollars for clerk hire, in addition to the sum allowed by the act of the twenty-first of April, one thousand eight hundred and six,† twenty-five thousand nine hundred and [†Ante, ch. 41.] ten dollars.

For contingent expenses in the office of the accountant of the expenses in the ar department, one thousand dollars.

war department, one thousand dollars.

For additional compensation to the clerks in the war department, not exceeding fifteen per centum on the sum allowed by wardspirm not the act, en itled "An act to regulate and fix the compensation of per cent. &ce. clerks, and to authorize the laying out certain public roads, and for other purposes," two thousand two hundred and twenty-six [\$ Ante, ch. 41.] dollars.

For compensation to the clerks and messenger in the office of For clerks and the paymaster of the army, nine thousand five hundred dollars. the office of the new master. Re.

For compensation to the superintendent general of military For the s supplies, clerks, and persons employed in his office, ten thousand of millery upfour hundred and ten dollars.

For contingent expenses in the office of the superintendent Foreontin general of military supplies, five hundred dollars.

For compensation to the clerks in the adjutant and inspector general's office, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For clerks in the

general's office, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation to the secretary of the navy, clerks, and injunant and inpersons employed in his office, including the sum of one thousand fronthesecretary of the navy, clerks with the secretary of the navy of the navy, clerks with the secretary of the navy of the navy, clerks with the secretary of the navy of the navy, clerks with the secretary of the navy of the navy, clerks with the secretary of the navy of the navy of the navy, clerks with the secretary of the navy of the navy of the navy of the navy. six hundred dollars in addition to the sum allowed by the act of electric, ac

sinking tund.

expenses in the superintendent

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the twenty-first April, one thousand eight hundred and six,* [Ance, ch. 41.] eleven thousand four hundred and ten dollars.

For contingent expenses in the office of the seer tary of the navy.
For the accountant of the navy, clerks, &cc.

For contingent expenses in the office of the secretary of the navy, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation to the accountant of the navy, clerks, and persons employed in his office, including seven hundred and fifty dollars for a deficiency in the appropriation for the year one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, and a further sum of three thousand dollars in addition to the sum allowed by the act of

[tAnte, ch. 41.] April twenty-first, one thousand eight hundred and six, fourteen thousand one hundred and sixty dollars.

For contingent expenses in the accountant's office Additional, for the clerks in the navy depart-ment, not exceeding 15 per cent. &c.

For contingent expenses in the office of the accountant of the navy, one thousand dollars.

For additional compensation to the clerks in the navy department, not exceeding fifteen per centum on the sum allowed by the act, entitled "An act to regulate and fix the compensation of clerks, and to authorize the laying out certain public roads, [t Ante, ch. 41.] and for other purposes,"‡ one thousand nine hundred and thirtyfive dollars.

For the postmas-

For compensation to the postmaster general, assistant postter general, assistants, clerks, masters general, clerks, and persons employed in the general post office, including one thousand two hundred and three dollars and twenty-five cents, for deficiencies in the appropriations for the years one thousand eight hundred and twelve, and one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, and the sum of five thousand seven hundred and fifty-five dollars, in addition to the sum allowed for the compensation of clerks by the act of April twenty-first, [f Ante, ch. 41.] one thousand eight hundred and six, f twenty-three thousand one

Additional, for

hundred and sixty-three dollars and twenty-five cents. For contingent expenses of the sand eight hundred dollars. For contingent expenses of the general post office, two thou-

For additional compensation to the clerks employed in the the clerks employed in the general post office, not exceeding fifteen per centum on the sum neral post office, allowed by the act, entitled "An act to regulate and fix the compare exceeding." not exceeding allowed by the deep, chiving and to authorize the laying out certain pub-[] Ante, ch. 41.] lic roads, and for other purposes," || one thousand four hundred and one dollars and seventy-five cents.

For loan officers.

For compensation to the several loan officers, thirteen thou-

sand two hundred and fifty dollars.

For the clerks of

For compensation to the clerks of the commissioners of loans, ers of loans, &c. including a sum of two thousand dollars in addition to the amount heretofore allowed by law, and for allowance to certain loan officers, in lieu of clerk hire, and to defray the authorized expenses of the several loan offices, seventeen thousand dollars.

For the survey or general and clerks.

For compensation to the surveyor general and his clerks, three thousand two hundred dollars.

For the surveyor of lands south of clerks, &c.

For compensation to the surveyor of lands south of Tennessee, and the clerks employed in his office, and for stationery and other contingencies, three thousand two hundred dollars.

For the officers of the mint: Director. Treasurer.

For compensation to the officers of the mint, viz:

The director, two thousand dollars.

The treasurer, one thousand two hundred dollars.

The assayer, one thousand five hundred dollars.

The chief coiner, one thousand five hundred dollars.

The melter and refiner, one thousand five hundred dollars.

The engraver, one thousand two hundred dollars.

One clerk at seven hundred dollars.

One clerk at five hundred dollars.

For wages to the persons employed in the different operations For wages to of the mint, including the sum of one thousand dollars allowed persons empkyto an assistant coiner and die forger, and six hundred dollars allowed to an assistant engraver, eight thousand five hundred dol-

1814.

Assayer. Chief coiner. Melter and re-Engraver.

For repairs of furnaces, cost of iron and machinery, rents, For contingent and other contingent expenses of the mint, three thousand seven mint. hundred dollars.

For allowances for wastage in the gold and silver coinage, For wastage. three thousand dollars.

For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of For the governor, judges, &c., of the Mississippi territory, nine thousand dollars. the Mississippi territory, nine thousand dollars.

For cost of stationery, office rent, and other contingent ex- for contingent

penses of said territory, three hundred and fifty dollars. For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of For the govern

the Indiana territory, six thousand six hundred dollars. For cost of stationery, office rent, and other contingent ex- territory.

penses of said territory, three hundred and fifty dollars. For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of for the govern-

the Michigan territory, six thousand six hundred dollars.

For cost of stationery, office rent, and other contingent ex- For contingent penses of said territory, three hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary of the For the govern-Missouri territory, seven thousand eight hundred dollars.

For cost of stationery, office rent, and other contingent exterritory.

The cost of stationery three hundred and office dollars

territorial exterritorial expenses of said territory, three hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of For the govern the Illinois territory, six thousand six hundred dollars.

For cost of stationery, office rent, and other contingent expen- territory. For contingent ses of said territory, three hundred and fifty dollars.

For the discharge of such demands against the United States, Fordemandsnot on account of the civil department, not otherwise provided for, otherwise provided for, admit as shall have been admitted in due course of settlement at the ted at the treatment at the sary, &c. treasury, two thousand dollars.

For compensation granted by law to the chief justice, the as- For the judges, sociate judges, and district judges of the United States, including general. the chief justice and associate judges of the district of Columbia, and the attorney general, sixty-two thousand dollars.

For like compensations granted to the several district attor- For district atneys of the United States, including those of the several terri-tomeys. tories, four thousand six hundred and fifty dollars.

For like compensations granted to the several marshals for the Forthemarshals districts of Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, New Jersey, Hampshire, &c. North Carolina, Kentucky, Ohio, East and West Tennessee, and of the several territories of the United States, three thousand two hundred dollars.

territorial cx-

or, judges, &c. of the Indiana

or, judges, &c. of the Michigan territorial ex-

Dense & or, judges, &c. of the Illinois

territorial ex-

per the expenses of the supreme, circuit, and dissect of courts, jurou, and witnesses, in aid of the funds arising from fines, penalties, and forfeitures, and for defraving the prosecutions for the funds arising from fines, penalties, and forfeitures, and for defraving the fines, penalties for the funds arising from fines, penalties, and forfeitures, and for defraving the fines, penalties for the supreme, circuit, and dissect the supreme, circuit, and dissect the fines, penalties for the supreme, circuit, and dissect the supreme for the s the safekeeping of prisoners, forty thousand dollars.

For the pay-ment of sundry pensions.

For the annual

For the support of lighthouses, racons, buoys,

For the payment of sundry pensions granted by the late government, eight hundred and sixty dollars.

For the payment of the annual allowance to the invalid penallowance to invalid pension sioners of the United States, ninety-eight thousand dollars.

For the maintenance and support of lighthouses, beacons, buoys, and public piers, stakeages of channels, bars, and shoals, including repairs and improvements, and contingent expenses, sixty-nine thousand one hundred dollars and twenty-eight cents.

For the following objects, being the balances of former appropriations, for the same purposes, carried to the surplus fund, viz:

For erecting lighthouses at the mouth of the Mississippi river, and at or near the pitch of Cape Look Out, in North Carolina, twenty thousand dollars.

For building a lighthouse on the south point of Cumberland

island, in Georgia, four thousand dollars.

For building a lighthouse on the south point of Sapelo island, in Georgia, and placing buoys and beacons on Dobay Bar and Beach Point, four thousand four hundred and ninety-four dollars and eighty-one cents.

For placing buoys and beacons at or near the entrance of Beverly harbor, in Massachusetts, three hundred and fifty dollars.

For erecting two lights on lake Erie, viz: on or near Bird island, and on or near Presque Isle, four thousand dollars.

For placing two beacons and buoys at or near the entrance of the harbor of New Haven, in Connecticut, one hundred dollars.

For placing buoys at the entrance of the harbor of Edgartown, in Massachusetts, one thousand four hundred and fortythree dollars and forty-three cents.

For placing buoys at or near the main bar, and New Inlet bar. off Cap? Fear, in North Carolina, two thousand dollars.

For erecting a beacon on a point of land near New Inlet, in North Carolina, one thousand eight hundred dollars.

For completing the fitting up of all the lighthouses with Winslow Lewis's improvements, in addition to the sums heretofore appropriated for that purpose, forty thousand dollars.

For defraying the expense of surveying the public lands with-For universing For university the public lands, in the several territories of the United States, sixty thousand dollars.

For the support, &c. of prisoners of war.

For the support and safekeeping of prisoners of war, four hundred thousand dollars.

For contingent expenses of go-vernment.

For the contingent expenses of government, twenty thousand dollars.

For printing 1,000 copies of the digest of manufactures,

For the expense of printing one thousand copies of the digest of manufactures, pursuant to a resolution of the house of representatives, of the ninth of July, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, one thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

For the support of sick and disabled seamen, in addition to

the funds already appropriated by law, twenty thousand dollars. For the support of sick and disabled a amen. For the salaries, allowances, and contingent expenses, of ministers to foreign nations, and of secretaries of legation, eighty
Region of ministers to foreign nations, and of secretaries of legation, eighty
Region of ministers to foreign nations, and of secretaries of legation, eighty
Region of ministers to foreign nations, and of secretaries of legation, eighty
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Region of ministers to foreign nations, and of secretaries of legation, eighty
Region of ministers to foreign nations, and of secretaries of legation, eighty
Region of ministers to foreign nations, and of secretaries of legation, eighty
Region of ministers to foreign nations are secretaries of legation of ministers to foreign nations. nine thousand four hundred dollars.

For the contingent expenses of intercourse between the United For contingent States and foreign nations, fifty thousand dollars.

For expenses of intercourse with the Barbary powers, ten For intercourse thousand dollars.

For the relief and protection of distressed American seamen, French American seamen, Recommendation of American seamen, St. of American seamen. thirty thousand dollars.

For expenses of agents at Paris and Copenhagen, in relation For a paris and Copenhagen, in relation Paris and Copenhagen, four thousand Paris and Copenhagen.

For the discharge of such miscellaneous claims against the For the discharge of mischarge of mis United States, not otherwise provided for, as shall have been ad-cellaneous mitted in due course of settlement at the treasury, four thou-elaims, not otherwise pro-vided forsand dollars.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the several appro- The preceding priations hereinbefore made, shall be paid and discharged out of the paid out the fund of six hundred thousand dollars, reserved by the act served, &c. making prevision for the debt of the United States, and out of [* Sec.h. 61, out. 2] any money's in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, March 24, 1814.]

course. with the Barba-

CHAP. 617. [LXXXVIII.] An act to authorize a loan for a sum not ex. [† Secactof 26th Dec. 1814; ch. 609. post.]

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That authorised to the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, author-eaching 25 milized to borrow, on the Credit of the United States, a sum not lious of dollars, the Credit of the United States, as um not lious of dollars, the Credit of the United States, as um not lious of dollars, the Credit of the United States, as um not lious of dollars, the Credit of the United States, as um not lious of dollars, the Credit of the United States, as un not lious of dollars, the Credit of the United States, as un not lious of dollars, the Credit of the United States as un not lious of dollars, the Credit of the United States as un not lious of dollars, the Credit of the United States as un not lious of dollars, the Credit of the United States as un not lious of dollars, the Credit of the United States as un not lious of dollars, the Credit of the United States as un not lious of dollars, the Credit of the United States as un not lious of dollars, the Credit of the United States as un not lious of dollars, the Credit of the United States as un not lious of dollars, the Credit of the United States as un not lious of dollars, the Credit of the United States as un not lious of dollars, the Credit of the United States as un not lious of dollars, the Credit of the United States as un not lious of dollars, the Credit of the United States as un not lious of dollars, the Credit of the United States as un not lious of dollars, the Credit of the United States as un not lious of dollars, the Credit of the United States as un not lious of the United States as un not lious of dollars, the Credit of the United States as un not lious of t exceeding twenty-five millions of dollars, to be applied, in addition to the moneys now in the treasury, or which may be received from other sources, to defray any expenses which have been, or, during the present year, may be, authorized by law, and for which appropriations have been, or, during the present year,
may be, made by law: *Provided*, That no engagement or contract shall be entered into which shall preclude the United States from
from reimbursing any sum or sums thus borrowed at any time reimbursing,
after the expiration of twelve years from the last day of December next.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the secretary of the Thesecretary of the treasury autreasury, with the approbation of the president of the United thorized to States, be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause to be consticutes of stock to tuted certificates of stock, signed by the register of the treasury, and sold, &c. or by a commissioner of loans, for the sum to be borrowed by this act, or for any part thereof, and the same to be sold. And the secretary of the treasury shall lay before congress, during the secretary of the first week in the month of February, one thousand eight lay before conhundred and fifteen, an account of all the moneys obtained by count of the more the color of the

the sale of the certificates of stock in manner aforesaid, toge- ac. new obtained,

ther with a statement of the rate at which the same may have 1814. been sold.

The secretary of the treasury auplay agents to obtain subscrip-tions or to sell the stock, &ce.

A commission, not exceeding 1-4th of one per cent. allowed to agenu, &c.

Not exceeding 66,000 dolls. 2, progriated for paying com-missions, and missions, and defraying ex-penses incident to the loan, &c.

So much of the annual appro-priation of 8.000,000 of doll. &cc. as
may be wanted,
&c. pledged and
appropriate d for
the payment of
increase and in erest and principal of the

The commission rs of the sinking fund to charge the in-terest and reimburse the prin-cipal, &c. and mayridem the stock by pur-chase, &c.

United States piedged to es-tablish sufficient revisiues for making good any deficiency, Any of the

banks in the district of Corowed, &ce.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the secretary of the treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized, with the approbation of the president of the United States, to employ an agent or agents for the purpose of obtaining subscriptions to the loan authorized by this act, or of selling any part of the stock to be created by virtue thereof. A commission, not exceeding onequarter of one per cent. on the amount thus sold, or for which subscriptions shall have been thus obtained, may, by the secretary of the treasury, be allowed to such agent or agents; and a sum not exceeding sixty-six thousand dollars, to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, is hereby appropriated for paying the amount of such commission or commissions as may be thus allowed, and also for defraying the expenses of printing and issuing the subscription certificates, and certificates of stock, and other expenses incident to the completing of the loan authorized by this act.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That so much of the funds constituting the annual appropriation of eight millions of dollars, for the payment of the principal and interest of the public debt of the United States, as may be wanted for that purpose, after satisfying the sums necessary for the payment of the interest and such part of the principal of said debt as the United States are now pledged annually to pay or reimburse, is hereby pledged and appropriated for the payment of the interest, and for the reimbursement of the principal, of the stock which may be created by virtue of this act. It shall, accordingly, be the duty of the commissioners of the sinking fund to cause to be applied and paid out of the said fund, yearly, such sum and sums as may be cause to be paid annually wanted to discharge the interest accruing on the said such sums as may be stock, and to reimburse the principal, as the same become due, wasted to disand may be discharged in conformity with the terms of the loan; and they are further authorized to apply, from time to time, such sum or sums, out of the said fund, as they may think proper, towards redeeming, by purchase, and at a price not above par, the principal of the said stock, or any part thereof. The flith of the faith of the United States is hereby pledged to establish sufficient revenues for making good any deficiency that may hereafter take place in the funds hereby appropriated for paying the said interest and principal sums, or any of them, in manner aforesaid.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any of the banks in the district of Columbia to lend any part of lumbla may any of the banks in the district of Columbia to lend any part of lend any part of lend any part of the sum authorized to be borrowed by virtue of this act, any thing in any of their charters to the contrary notwithstanding.

[Approved, March 24, 1814.]

[* Private and chalete.]

CHAP. 618. [LXXXIX.] An act for the relief of Isaac Clason.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That there be paid to Isaac Clason, of the city of New York, out of any unappropriated money in the treasury of the United States, 18,063 dolls, 4 the sum of eighteen thousand nine hundred sixty-three dollars to Lac Classes. sixty-eight cents, in full of the sum of money which has been in full of the sum paid by paid into the treasury by the said Isaac Clason, for duties on a him for duties on a cargo of a cargo of a cargo of the said isaac Clason, for duties on a cargo of the said isaac Clason of the said i cargo of sugar imported by him into New York, in August, one gar imported, thousand eight hundred and five, from Havanna; which sugar he ed to Ameter exported to Amsterdam in the ship Ambition, in the month of dam, bec. September then next following: Provided, That prior to the pay- Provise; prior ment of the abovementioned sum of money to the said Isaac of the payment of the money, Clason, satisfactory proof be exhibited, to the comptroller of the satisfactory proof ment be treasury, that the said cargo of sugar was landed in some foreign exhibited that the sugar was port or place. [Approved, March 24, 1814.]

Feign port.

CHAP. 619. [XC.] An act to alter the time for holding the district courts of the United States for the Virginia district.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, instead of the time heretofore prescribed by law for the sessions Instead of the of the district court of the United States for the Virginia distinheretofore prescribed the trict, the said court shall hereafter commence its sessions on the district court for following days in each year, that is to say: on the twelfth day of Virginia to compare the prescribed the sessions of the district court for following days in each year, that is to say: on the twelfth day of Virginia to compare the prescribed that is to say: on the twelfth day of Virginia to compare the prescribed the district court for following days in each year, that is to say: on the twelfth day of Virginia to compare the prescribed the district court for following days in each year, that is to say: on the twelfth day of Virginia to compare the prescribed the district court for following days in each year, that is to say: on the twelfth day of Virginia to compare the prescribed the district court for following days in each year, that is to say: on the twelfth day of Virginia to compare the prescribed the district court for following days in each year, that is to say: on the twelfth day of Virginia to compare the prescribed the district court for following days in each year, that is to say: on the twelfth day of Virginia to compare the prescribed the district court for following days in each year. mond; and on the first day of May, and on the first day of No-

vember, in the borough of Norfolk.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the said court, at its The court to sessions to be commenced by virtue of this act, on the twelfth have the same power, jurisday of April next, in the city of Richmond, and on the first day if this alteration of May next, in Norfolk, shall have the same right, power, and had not taken jurisdiction, over all actions, suits, process, notices, pleadings, and recognisances, and of all other proceedings of what nature or kind soever, civil or criminal, as the said court might or could possess and lawfully exercise, if the sessions of the said court, instead of being commenced on the said twelfth day of April next, and the said first day of May next, should have been commenced on the days heretofore prescribed.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Actions, suits, passing of this act, all actions, suits, process, notices, pleadings, able to, and have and recognisances, and all other proceedings of what nature or divy in the sea kind soever, civil or criminal, returnable to, or having day in, settled by this the said court, during the session thereof, shall be returnable to and have day in the sessions of the said court as prescribed by this act

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That if, at any time, the Kethe day preday prescribed by this act for commencing a session of the said be sunday, the court shall be a Sunday, the said court shall commence and hold court to commence its session on the following day. [Approved, March 24, 1814.] following day.

1814. of 24th July, 1813; ante, chap.

The condition of the bond required to be given by auc-tioneers by the 3d sec of the set m ntioned, to as specified. [Ante, ch. 554.]

CHAP. 620. [XCI.] An act to amend the act, entitled " An act laying duvies on sales at auction of merchandise, and of ships and versels.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the condition of the bond required to be given by every auctioneer, by the third section of the act, entitled " An act laying duties on sales at auction of merchandise and of ships and vessels,"† passed the twenty-fourth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, shall be, that the said auctioneer shall render the quarterly account, in writing, required of him by said act. within twenty days after the first day of April, July, October, and January, in each year, and that in the said quarterly return shall be stated the aggregate amount of goods, wares, merchandise, and effects, liable to duty, sold by him on each day during the qua ter, with the date of each sale; any thing in the said act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

[Approved, March 24, 1814.]

375.7

Nothing in the act ref rr d to,

ft See orig. act. CHAP. 621. [XCII.] An act supplementary to an act, entitled "An act for of 8th April. the relief of Thomas Wilson." ‡

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That to prevent the tipes of the United States of America in congress assembled, I nat accounting offiaccounting officers of the treecers of the treesery department strued as to prevent the accounting officers of the treasury defrom inspecting partment from inspecting and revising the partment from inspecting and revising the account of Thomas account of Thomas mas Wilson, &c. Wilson, as settled by the accountant of the department of war.

[Approved, March 28, 1814.]

[Private and Obsolete.]

CHAP. 622. [XCIII.] An act for the relief of Mary Philip Le Duc &

600 dolls, to be paid to Mary Philip Le Duc, as an additional allowance for his services, as his services as translator, &c.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the sum of six hundred dollars be paid, out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, to Mary Philip Le Duc, as an adultional allowance for his services as translator to the board of land commissioners at St. Louis, and as a full compensation therefor. [Approved, March 28, 1814.]

CHAP. 623. [XCIV.] An act for the relief of Joshua Sands, late collector of the customs for the port of New York.]]

The accounting

[| Private and obsolete.]

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-The accounting officers of the United States of America in congress assembled, That ment required, the accounting officers of the treasury department be, and they accounts of Joshus Sands, late collector of the customs for the port of New York, to al. fork, to all Vork, to allow him credit for the sum of twenty-nine thousand for \$2.477 dolls. four hundred and seventy-seven dollars and fifty-nine peaks, be-

ing the amount of debentures paid by the said Sands on merchandise shipped to New Orleans between the first day of July, the amount of one thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine, and the tenth day by him, bec. of April, one thousand eight hundred.

[Approved, March .28, 1814.]

CHAP. 624. [XCV.] An act concerning Shawneetown.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That a tract of land, not exceeding two sections, in the Illinois terri- Not exceeding two sections of the land in the Inisurveyor general, be laid off into town lots, streets, and avenues, adjoining share and outlots, in the same manner, under the same restrictions, as an entitled in the laid off into town are prescribed by the sixth section of the act, entitled "An act lots, streets, &c. providing for the sale of certain lands in the Indiana territory, and for other purposes,"* approved the thirtieth day of April, Ante, ch. 200.) one thousand eight hundred and ten. And it shall be the duty The surveyor of the surveyor general, or the person by him authorized to carry select the two select the two sections so as to extend the ext at the town said town to the high lands in the rear of the town as it is now tothehigh lands, laid out.

[TAute, ch. 200.]

SECT 2. And be it further enacted, That the lots in said town The lots to be offered for said shall be offered for sale at the same time, and on the same terms an provided by and conditions, as are provided by the sixth section of the be-the act referred fore recited act. [Approved, March 28, 1814.]

CHAP. 625. [XCVI.] An act for the better organizing, paying, and supplying, the army of the United States.‡

[‡ See the note

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- chap. 708, post.] tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The 1st, 2sd, and the first, second, and third, regiments of artillery be formed into artillery to be one corps, and organized into twelve battalions, as follows, to corps, and organized into twelve battalions. wit: six lieutenant colonels, six majors, twelve adjutants, twelve ganised in o 12 quartermasters, and forty-eight companies.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That each company shall organisation of consist of one captain, one first lieutenant, two second lieutenants, one third lieutenant, five sergeants, one quartermaster's sergeant, eight corporals, four musicians, and one hundred privates.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the president be authorized to assign one of the two second lieutenants hereby pro- assign one of vided for each company, as a conductor of artillery for said company, whose duty it shall be to receipt and account for all ammunition, implements, and cannon, furnished by the ordnance because department for said company, and to do and perform such other services as the war department may direct; and that, for the per- to dolls, per formance of these services, they be allowed each ten dollars extra to light manus. pay per month.

e nducting artif

1814

In lieu of the two regiments of light dragoons, one regiment to be organized, &c.

Organization of each troop of light draguons.

Officers of artillery to repay as provided for the light dr goons, &cc. Subalterns of other corps al-lowed one ration in addition, &c.

Privates, &c. in blanket, one knapsack, &cc.

The president authorized to prescribe the the troops, &cc.

The officers of ers, agreeably to grade, as speci-fied, &cc.

No officer per mitted to em-ploy a soldi r from the line as a ser ant. and servants to be mustered, &c.

The president authoriz d to appoint assistant apotheca-sies, &cc. their pay, &cc.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That, in lieu of the two regiments of light dragoons now in service, there shall be organized one regiment, to consist of one colonel, one lieutenant colonel, two majors, one adjutant, one quartermaster, one surgeon, two surgeon's mates, one sergeant major, one quartermasters ergeant, one principal musician, one principal farrier, and eight troops.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That each troop shall consist of one captain, one first lieutenant, one second lieutenant, one third lieutenant, one cornet, five sergeants, eight corporals, one riding master, one master of the sword, two trumpeters or buglers, one farrier, one blacksmith, one saddler, and ninety-six privates.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That the officers of the corps of artillery, and the regiment of light artillery, shall severally, receive the same pay as is now provided by law for the light dragoons in the service of the United States; and the subalterns of all other corps shall be allowed one ration in addition to the pay authorized by existing laws.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That there shall be althe corps of sea lowed, annually, to each noncommissioned officer, musician, and fencilles allow. ed, annually, one private, in the corps of sea fencibles, one blanket, one knapsack, and one canteen.

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted. That the president of the United States be, and he hereby is, authorized to prescribe the an ity and grantity and kind of clothing to be issued annually to the troops of the United States.

SECT. 9. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the the a my to be entitled to write first day of June next, the officers of the army shall be entitled to waiters agreeable to grade, as follows: a major general, four waiters; a brigadier general, three; a colonel, two; the physician and surgeon general, two; a lieutenant colonel, major, and hospital surgeon, each, one; the officers of each company, three; every commissioned officer who holds a staff appointment which gives the rank of captain, or any higher grade, one; and to every company officer who commands a separate post or detachment, one; any law or regulation heretofore existing to the contrary notwithstanding.

> SECT. 10. And be it further enacted, That no officer shall be permitted to employ as a servant any soldier from the line of the army, and that the servants of officers, not exceeding the number allowed by the preceding section, shall be mustered with some corps of the army, and that, on the muster rolls formed in consequence thereof, payments shall be made in money to the officers employing them in lieu of wages, subsistence, and clothing, by the paymasters of the several corps or district where such servants are mustered, at the rate allowed to privates of infantry, which shall be published to the army annually, by the secretary for the department of war.

> SECT. 11. And be it further enacted, That the president of the United States be authorized to appoint so many assistant apothecaries as the service may, in his judgment, require; each of whom shall receive the same pay and emoluments as a regimental surgeon's mate.

BRET. 12. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this act, promotions may be made through the Promotions whole army in its several lines of light artillery, light dragoons, through the artillery, infantry, and riflemen, respectively; and that the relative rank of officers of the same grade below in the relative rank of officers of the same grade below in the relative rank of officers of the same grade below in the relative rank of officers of the same grade below in the relative rank of officers of the same grade below in the relative rank of officers of the same grade below in the relative rank of officers of the same grade below in the relative rank of officers of the same grade below in the relative rank of officers of the same grade below in the relative rank of officers of the same grade below in the relative rank of officers of the same grade below in the relative rank of tive rank of officers of the same grade, belonging to regiments or &c. corps already authorized, or which may be engaged to serve for five years, or during the war, be equalized and settled by the war department, agreeably to established rules; and that so much of the act, entitled " An act for the more perfect organization of the army of the United States," passed the twenty-sixth [Ante, ob. 451.] of June, one thousand eight hundred and twelve, as comes within the purview and meaning of this act, be, and the same is hereby. repealed.

SECT. 13. And be it further enacted, That, for the purpose of The president avoiding unnecessary expenses in the military establishment, the case, &c. to consolidate deficient regiments, and discharge in case of failure in filling the rank and file of any regiment or inpernumerary regiments, to consolidate such deficient regiment or regiments, officers. and discharge all supernumerary officers: Provided, That offi-discharged to be deers so discharged shall be allowed, in addition to the mileage allowed three already authorized by law, three months' pay to each.

SECT. 14. And be it further enucted, That every noncommissioned officer and private of the army, or officer, noncommissioned officers and private, of any militia or volunteer corps, in officers and privates of the service of the United States, who has been, or who may be, or volunteer corps. captured by the enemy, shall be entitled to receive, during his copy, &c. captured by the captivity, notwithstanding the expiration of his term of service, the same pay, subsistence, and allowance, to which he may be ening captivity, titled whilst in the actual service of the United States: Provided, Pr. viso nothing the present requirements. That nothing herein contained shall be construed to entitle any herein to entitle any the militia priprisoner of war, of the militia, to the pay and compensation see after the herein provided, after the date of his parole, other than the travelling expenses allowed by law.

SECT. 15. And be it further enacted, That the five regiments The five regiments which, by the first section of an act, entitled "An act to amend en into authorize the act in addition to the act, entitled An act to raise an addi-enlisted for the tional military force, and for other purposes," were authorized war, may be enlisted for five to be enlisted, at the discretion of the president of the United years, &c. [1Ante, ch. 5327] States, for and during the war, may be enlisted, at the option of the recruit, for five years, or for and during the war, unless sooner discharged; the provisions of the said act to the contrary

notwithstanding. SECT. 16. And be it further enacted, That the commissary sary general of general of ordnance may employ in his department, besides ordnance may employ mechanics besides blacksmiths and wheelwrights, other mechanics, such as the publicksmiths and lic service may require, who shall, together with the said black-wheelwrights, smiths and wheelwrights, be mustered under the general denomination of artificers; and such artificers, being hereafter, or Airifeers enlisted to serve having been heretofore, enlisted to serve for the term of five for years,

&c. entitled to years, or during the war, shall be entitled to the same annual al-the same allow-lowance of clothing as is or may be provided for the soldiers of the army.

the ordnance

depar tment, for Physician and

surgeon general rations, &c. 15 dolls. per month additional p y for regi-mental surgeons, &c.

Aids de camp of major generals, see. brigadier gene-

Officers of the volunteer corps authorized by the act referred to, entitled to promotion in army, &c. [* See ante, ch. 604.)

The president

mayor, &c. of New York, &c. all the right, ti-

lying in that

authorized, in case, &c. to grant and re-lease to the

SECT. 17. And be it further enacted, That the laborers who Laborers enliste may be hereafter enlisted to serve in the ordnance department, for the term of five years, or during the war, shall be entitled to department, to a bounty of twenty-nive donars in money, and the soldiers of abounty of ss allowance of clothing as is or may be provided for the soldiers of dolls in money, the army.

That the physician and

SECT. 18. And be it further enacted, That the physician and surgeon general of the army be entitled to two rations per day and forage for two horses; and that, in addition to their pay, as at present established by law, the regimental surgeons and regimental surgeons' mates be entitled to fifteen dollars per month, each.

SECT. 19. And he it further enacted, That the aids de camp of major generals shall be taken from the captains and subalterns of Aids de camp of the line; and the aids de camp of brigadier generals from the subalterns of the line; and that it shall not be lawful to take more than one aid de camp from a regiment.

> SECT. 20. And be it further enacted, That in no case shall the district paymasters or quartermasters of any grade be taken from the line of the army.

> SECT. 21. And be it further enacted, That the officers of the volunteer corps, authorized by the act of the twenty-fourth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and fourteen,* be entitled to promotion in the line of the army; and that the president of the United States, with the advice and consent of the senate, be authorized to make all necessary appointments, and to fill all vacancies, which may happen in the same.

[Approved, March 30, 1814.]

4 - Jan - 4 - 5 - - 5 -

CHAP. 626. [XCVII.] An act authorizing the president of the United States to exchange a certain parcel of land in the city of New York, for other lands in the same city or its vicinity.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the president of the United States be, and hereby is, authorized, in case the same can, in his opinion, be done without disadvantage to the United States, to grant and release to the mayor, aldermen, and commonalty, of the city of New York, and their tle, &c. to a lot or pared of land successors, forever, all the right, title, and interest, of the United States in and to a certain lot or parcel of land lying in the said city of New York, and being that parcel of land first described in a deed bearing date the sixth day of May, one thous and eight hundred and eight, signed by Daniel D. Tompkins, John Broome, John Lansing, James Kent, and Dewitt Clinton, acting as commissioners under the authority of the state of New York, for the purpose of granting to the United States the use and jurisdiction of three several parcels of land therein described: Provided, That there be conveyed in fee simple to the United States, in exchange for the same, other land necessary or proper to be occupied for the safety and defence of the city of

(† Sec page 682, vol. 1.] Proviso: other land to be conveyed in ex-

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New York, and which may be equally advantageous to the United States; and in case the lands to be conveyed in exchange to In case the lands the United States shall be of less value than the land, with its change are of improvements, hereby authorized to be conveyed to the mayor, difference may aldermen, and commonalty, the difference in value may be paid be paid in mo to the United States in money; the respective valuation to be ascertained in such manner and form as the president of the United States may direct. [Approved, March 30, 1814.]

CHAP. 627. [XCVIII.] An act providing for the indemnification of certain claumants of public lands in the Mississipp. territory.*

[* See supplementary act, o

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representation ch. 706. post.] tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That every person or persons claiming public lands in the Mississippi Personselaiming Georgia, under the act, or pretended act, of the state for the payment of the late state troops and other purhaum to the state of the s unappropriated territory thereof, for the pro ection and support for the purpose of the frontiers of this state and for other pu poses," passed Ja- of hing reordnuary the seventh, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five,
who have exhibited the evidence of their claims to the secretary ary, 1815 to deof state, for the purpose of having the same recorded in books in five of the secrehis office, conformable to the secrehis office, conformable to the act of congress, passed the third day sufficient legal of March, one thousand eight hundred and three, entitled "An ke. act regulating the grants of lands, and providing for the disposal of the lands of the United States, south of the state of Tennessee," shall be allowed until the first Monday of January next, [tch.suo.vol.s.] to deposite in the office of the secretary of state of the United states, a sufficient legal release of all such claim or claims to the United States, and an assignment and transfer to the United States, of their right and claim to any sum or sums of money which by them, or the persons from whom they or any of them have derived their claims, were deposited or paid into the treasury of the state of Georgia, as the consideration of the purchase of the land for which their release of claim is deposited as aforesaid; and also, a power to sue, in the name of such claimant, for any sum or sums of money assigned as aforesaid, and which shall have been unlawfully or fraudulently withdrawn from the treasury of the state of Georgia, such release, assignment, transfer, and power, to take effect on the indemnification of such claimants being made conformably to the provisions of this act.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the secretary of state, The secretary the secretary of the treasury, and the attorney general of the United States. (for the time being,) shall be, and they are hereby, sury and attorneyg neral, apconstituted and appointed a board of commissioners, to meet in
the city of Washington, on the first Monday of January next;
they, or any two
of them, unthor-

of them, are hereby fully authorized and required to adjudge

1814. iz d to adjudge leases, &c.

and determine upon the sufficiency of the releases, and assignupon the sufficience, and powers, to be executed and deposited in the office of the secretary of state, in conformity with the foregoing section; and also to adjudge and finally determine upon all controversics arising from such claims, so released as aforesaid, which may be found to conflict with, and to be adverse to, each other; and also to adjudge and determine upon all such claims under the aforesaid act, or pretended act, of the state of Georgia, as may be found to have accrued to the United States by operation of law:* chap. 706, post.] Provided, That it shall be the duty of the said commissioners to cause to be published, for the period of three months before the said meeting, at least once a week, in all the public newspapers in which the acts of congress are by authority published, notice of the purposes, and of the time and place, of such meeting.

• See act of commissioners to cause notice to be published in the newspapers, &cc.

As soon as the eertificates of stock to be issued, not bearing Georgia has been satisfied, ösc.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That, as soon as the said commissioners have reported to commissioners shall have made report to the president of the the president, the president, the best of the sufficiency of such releases and assignments, to the amount of at least nine-tenths of the whole lands claimed by virtue of the sales made by the legislature of the state of ger and bearing of the respective companies hereafter enumerated, extended and stable out of the first moneys arising from the clusive of such claims to the said lands as shall have vested in the Massishpi the United States by the operation of law, and shall have certifications of the claimants, whose claims they have fied to him the names of the claimants, whose claims they have the money due to nim the names of the money due to the state of finally adjudged and allowed, and the respective and relative proportions on which they are entitled to the indemnity under and by virtue of this act, the president shall be, and he hereby is, authorized and required to cause to be issued, from the treasury of the United States, to such claimants, respectively, (of convenient amount for circulation) certificates of stock, not bearing interest, and expressing on their face, that the same are payable out of the first moneys in the treasury of the United States, arising from the sale of public lands in the Mississippi territory, after the money due to the state of Georgia, and the expenses of surveying such lands, have been satisfied.

Not exceeding 350,000 dolls. to p. rsons elaiming in the name of the Upper Missis-sippi Company.

To the persons claiming in the name of, or under, the Upper Mississippi Company, including such share or shares as may be found to have vested in the United States, and for which the United States are to be considered entitled to the respective proportions for the same, (and exclusive of all claims, usually denominated, in the former report of the commissioners aforesaid, citizens' claims) a sum not exceeding in the whole three hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

Not exceeding 600,000 d lis to Company. 1,550,000 dolls.

3,250 000 dolls.

To the persons claiming in the name of, or under, the Tennessee Company, under the foregoing terms and restrictions, persons claims nessee Company, under the foregoing terms and restrictions, ing in the name sum not exceeding in the whole six hundred thousand dollars.

To the persons claiming in the name of, or under, the Georgia toperso relaim. Mississippi Company, under the like terms and restrictions, a ling in the name ing in the home of the Georgia sum not case. Misseppi Com fifty thousand dollars. sum not exceeding in the whole one million five hundred and

To the persons claiming in the name of, or under, the Georgia to p rom claim Company, under the like terms and restrictions, a sum not exing in the name

ceeding in the whole two millions two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

To the persons claiming under citizens' rights, including such share or shares as have already accrued to the United States by persons claiming under citizens' operation of law, or by the provisions of this act, and to which rights, Sec. the United States are to be considered entitled to the respective proportions for the same, a sum not exceeding in the whole two hundred and fifty thousand dollars: Provided, That any person provisor persons having claim, under either of the said companies, and entitled to demnity, &c. are indemnity by virtue of this act, shall receive such indemnity only in proportion, in proportion to the amount of such claims: And provided also, &c.

That no claim shall be allowed, or any indemnification made, chain allowed, &c. to persons therefor, to any person or persons who have voluntarily surren-who dered the evidence of their claims to the said lands under the edithe evidence act of Georgia of the thirteenth of February, one thousand seven of their claims, hundred and ninety-six, or under any subsequent act of the said state, and which, at the time of the surrender, would have vested the title in such claimants had the title from Georgia been valid, or who have received the money deposited as the consideration of the purchase of said lands thus surrendered; but all such lands shall be deemed and taken to be vested in the United States, exonerated, and discharged, from all such claims, without any further surrender or release whatever, and the dividends to be made to claimants who shall be entitled to the benefits of this act shall be lessened in proportion to the claim so surrendered or withdrawn: And provided also, That no person or persons, nor the agent or trustee of any person or persons, shall be entitled to the benefits of this act, who, by himself, herself, or themselves, or this act, who his, her, or their, agent, or by any person or persons with privity and consent of him, her, or them, shall have taken, resury of Georgia, any sum or sums of money, which had been paid and deposited as the consideration of the purchase of any of the aforesaid lands, were not, at the withdrawing, of the said money, was or were not the bona fide lands, &c. claimant or claimants of the lands for the purchase of which the claimant or claimants of the lands for the purchase of which the said money had been deposited; but all and every the share or shares of such person or persons so fraudulently drawing the money as aforesaid, as may be found to have been claimed, by such person or persons, at the time of recording in the office of the secretary of state the evidences of their claim or claims, shall

in proportion thereto: And provided also, That each and every proviso, every person, before receiving the certificates of stock aforesaid, shall, person, before receiving the after the two foregoing provisoes have been read to him, take eriticaer of stock, &c. to and subscribe the following oath, viz: I, A B, do solemnly swear, take and subscribe an early an early and subscribe and su or affirm, (as the case may be,) that I have not, nor has any per- Form of the son for whose interest I now act, either as agent or trustee, or oath.

as executor, administrator, or heir at law, done and performed

be vested in the United States, and the dividends to be made to the claimants entitled to the benefits of this act shall be lessened 1814.

read to me, would disqualify me from receiving the indemnity

afforded by the provisions of this act."

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the said certificates The certificates of stock to be of stock shall be receivable in payment of the public lands, to received in pay-ment for public lands, &ce, pro-vided, &cc. be sold, after the date of such certificates, in the Mississippi territory: Provided, That on every hundred dollars to be paid for such land, ninety-five dollars shall be receivable in said certificates, and five dollars in cash: Provided, That no person or persons making payment for lands in certificates authorized to be issued by this act, shall be entitled to the discount for prompt payment now allowed by law to purchasers of public

Proviso; per paym at for lands in certificates, &c. not count, &ce.

After mfficient releases from claimants have been lodged in the office of the state, &c. all ms remaining in the posses-sion of Georgia, ec. to be set over and paid, by the commissioners, to that state, &c.

lands.

[* See page 488, vol. 1.]

Persons who, in pursuance of any purchase, &c. and who were not bona fide claimants of the lands, &c. to be deem d to have received the

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That from and after such sufficient releases from the claimants to the United States shall be lodged in the office of secretary of state, as is hereinbefore provided in this act, all such sum or sums of money remaining in the possession of the state of Georgia, which may have been deposited as the consideration of the purchase of the said lands, together with such interest, if any there be, as may have accrued thereon, shall be set over and paid, by the said commissioners, to the state of Georgia, in part payment of the one million two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, stipulated to be paid by the articles of agreement and cession between the United States and the state of Georgia.*

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That if any person or act of Georgia, persons, in pursuance of the act of the state of Georgia, of from the trains the thirteenth of February, one thousand seven hundred and ry of that state ninety-six, or of any subsequent act, shall have taken, received, also the consideration of the or withdrawn, from the treasury of the state of Georgia, and the state of Georgia, and the state of Georgia, and the state of Georgia. the thirteenth of February, one thousand seven hundred and sum or sums of money which had been paid or deposited as the consideration of the purchase of any of the aforesaid lands, which person or persons, at the time of receiving or withdrawing said sum or sums of money as aforesaid, were not the bona fide amount for the use of th United States, and holden liable to been paid or deposited; or if such person or persons had not, refund, &c. at the time the legal title vested in the said money had not, at the time the legal title vested in them, supposing the title of Georgia to have been valid, every such person or persons who shall have taken, received, or withdrawn, the money as aforesaid, shall be deemed and adjudged to have had and received the same to and for the use of the United States, and shall be, and hereby are declared to be, holden and liable to refund and pay to the United States, or to the treasury of the state of Georgia for the use of the United States, all such sum or sums of money so had and received as aforesaid, with legal interest from the time she or they so received the same. And the aforesaid commissioners shall be, and they are hereby, further authorized and directed to examine into and investigate all cases coming within the purview of this section, and to claim such sum or sums of money to be paid to the United States, as to them shall appear just and reasonable; and in case of refusal to pay the same, to direct suits to be commenced for the recovery of the same, in such form and manner as shall be thought most ad-

The commissioners directed to investigate, to be commen-

viseable, making plaintiff or complainant, as they shall think best, either the United States, the claimants who shall have transferred to the United States their right of action against the aforesaid persons, or the state of Georgia as bailee of the money so taken, received, and withdrawn, from the treasury of the said state: Provided, That if it should be thought adviseable to insti- Proviso; as to tute the suits for the recovery of the moneys aforesaid in the Georgia, if suits name of the state of Georgia, or of its proper officers, the conformation are instituted in sent thereto from the proper authority of the state of Georgia the name of that state. Shall be first had and obtained: And provided also, That the said Proviso; the suits shall be conducted at the proper expense of the United dacked at the States.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That the president of the The president United States be, and he hereby is, authorized to apply to the apply to the apply to the governor of the state of Georgia, for all such vouchers and tes-Georgia for timony, within archives or treasury of the said state, as may vouchers and testimony, &c. be necessary for carrying into effect the provisions of this act.

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That whenever the legal when the legal estate in any of the said lands (supposing the said act of the entate in any of legislature of the state of Georgia, of the seventeenth of Janors, the guardian nuary, seventeen hundred and ninety-five, had been valid and annuary assembly about the release, in any purson or normal who is the release, in effectual) shall be vested in any person or persons who, at the time of the passing of this act, shall be under the age of twentyone years, it shall be lawful for the guardian or guardians of such person or persons, appointed in pursuance of the laws of the respective states in which such person or persons shall reside, to execute for and in behalf of such person or persons, and deposite in the office of the secretary of state of the United States, the release, assignment, and power, mentioned in the first section of this act; which said release, assignment, and power, so executed and deposited as aforesaid, are hereby declared to be good and effectual, to all intents and purposes; and that in case In the case of femes covert claiming lands under the act, or pretended act, femes covert, the hashand at of the state of Georgia aforesaid, passed the seventh of January, wir may joint seventeen hundred and ninety-five, it shall be lawful for the the release, husband and wife to join in the execution of the release, assignment, and transfer, mentioned in the first section of this act, and that such release, assignment, and transfer, shall be good and effectual as to the interest of such wae. Provided, That the release, assignment, and transfer, executed as aforesaid, shall be lease, see to be acknowledged before a judge or justice of a court of record, and before a judge of shall have the attestation of such judge or justice, certifying, of record, see. that on the separate examination of the wife, she had acknowledged that she had freely and voluntarily executed the same.

SECT. 9. And be it further enacted, That if any person or persons, claiming lands under the aforesaid act, or pretended to compromise act, of the state of Georgia, passed January seventh, seventeen better b hundred and ninety-five, shall neglect or refuse to compromise and make settlement of all such claim or claims, in conformity with the provisions of this act, the United States shall be, and hereby are declared to be, exonerated and discharged from all such claim or claims, and the same shall be forever barred; and

no evidence of any such claim or claims shall be admitted to be 1814. pleaded, or allowed to be given, in evidence in any court whatever against any grant derived from the United States.

[Approved, March 31, 1814.]

[4 Private and obsolete.]

CHAP. 628. [XCIX.] An act for the relief of Samuel Ellis.

The secretary damages sus-tained in levy United States on a quantity of flour in the pos-session, &cc.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the secretary of the treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized to to allow Samuel allow Samuel Ellis, of the district of Maine, who acted, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, as deputy marshal ing execution in under Thomas G. Thornton, marshal of the said district, such behalf of the indemnification as he, the said secretary, shall deem adequate, for damages which the said Samuel Ellis may have sustained in levying execution, in behalf of the United States, on a quantity of flour in the possession, and supposed to be the property, of a certain John Barton, against whom judgment was obtained by the United States.

Not exceeding 1,000 dolls, appropriated for earrying this act into effect.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That a sum, not exceeding one thousand dollars, be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, for carrying this act into effect.

[Approved, March 31, 1814.]

[† Private and office.]

CHAP. 629. [C.] An act for the relief of Joseph W. Page. †

The secretary of the treasury authorized to remit the pent ty incurred by

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the secretary of the treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized to Joseph W. Page, or Charleston, of Charleston, S. C. as security South Carolina, as security in an embargo bond for Bernald in a few bond in a few

[Approved, March 31, 181].

(t Frivate and obsolete.)

CHAP. 630. [Cl.] An act for the relief of Edwin T. Satterwhite, late a purser of the Hornet.‡

The secretary of the navy required to settle the accounts of Edwin T. Satter white, &c. upon principles of equity, &c.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the secretary of the navy be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to adjust and settle the accounts of Edwin T. Satterwhite, late a purser of the United States' sloop of war Hornet. upon principles of equity and justice, and to make him such allowances as, under the circumstances of his case, shall appear reasonable. [Approved, March 31, 1814.]

CHAP. 631. [CII.] An act for the relief of George Walkington."

1814.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That George Walkington, enfined George Walkington, who is now confined in the district of New in New York at York, at the suit of the United States, on judgment obtained on a United States, on judgment obtained on a United States. bond conditioned for the observance of the embargo acts, be, and from confine the same is hereby, discharged from his confinement.

[Approved, March 31, 1814.]

CHAP. 632. [CIII.] An act for the relief of Daniel M'Cauly and Samuel Ralston.†

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- Daniel M'Cauly, tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That too, who im-Daniel M'Cauly, of South Carolina, and Samuel Ralston, of Great Britain. North Carolina, who imported into the United States, from the on board the vessels mention. United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, on board the ed. goods, &c. of the manufacture of the Manufacture of the Manufacture of the Manufacture of the Kingdom, tain Rockwell, and the ship Philipsburg, captain Word, certain themselves of goods, wares, and merchandises, of the manufacture of the said the provisions of the said the said the provisions of the said the provisions of the said the said the provisions of the said th United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and which were the secretary of shipped on board such ships in the year one thousand eight hunsaif the goods,
dred and twelve, shall be entitled to, and may avail themselves

see had been of, all the benefit, privilege, and provisions, of the act, entitled the isth of Sept. "An act directing the secretary of the treasury to remit fines, forfeitures, and penalties, in certain cases,"‡ passed the second [tAnte, ch. 472.] day of January, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, in like manner, and under the same conditions, as if the said goods, wares, and merchandise, had been shipped from the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland before the fifteenth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and twelve. [Approved, April 6, 1814.]

CHAP. 632. [CIV.] An act for the relief of the owners of the cargo of the brig Patriota.

[§ Private and, obsolete.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- The secretary tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That authorized to the secretary of the treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized to remit the fines, remit the fines, penalties, and forfeitures, incurred by Jonathan Jonathan Davis and others, who imported into the port of Providence a ported across of merchandise from the Havanna, in the brig Patriota, on wants in the cargo of merchandise from the Havanna, in the brig Patriota, on from the Havanna, in the thirteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen: Provided, however, That nothing in this act shall be con- Proviso, nothing sidered as remitting any penalty incurred by the brig Patriota in this act to h under the act of July sixth, one thousand eight hundred and remitting any cargo.

[Approved, April 6, 1814.]

[Approved, April 6, 1814.] twelve, except so far as respects the cargo.

GHAP. 634. (d) [CV.] An act for the relief of William H. Savage."

L'Obsolete.] department re-quired to adjust the claim of William H. Savage, &c. and allow compensation for office rent,

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representacounting officers tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the proper accounting officers of the treasury department be, and they are hereby, authorized and required to settle and adjust the claim of William H. Savage, late agent of American seamen and commerce at Jamaica, and to allow him such compensation for office rent as may appear reasonable, for the period he may have acted as the agent of the United States.

[Approved, April 9, 1814.]

(d) This chapter has been erroneously referred to at page 234, vol. 3, instead of chap. 635, post.

CHAP. 635. [CVI.] An act making Elizabeth City the port of entry and delivery for the district of Camden, in the state of North Carolina

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-The pert of energy and delivery tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, Plankbridge, Rec. from and after the first day of June next, the port of entry and abolished, and delivery established by law at Plankbridge, on Sawyer's creek, for the district of Camden, in the state of North Carolina, shall [† See page 147, be abolished, and the town of Elizabeth City, on Pasquotank river, shall be the port of entry and delivery for the said district; and

The collector to the collector for the said district shall, from the said first day of keep his office at the town of Elizabeth City aforesaid.

Approved, April 9, 1814.

[‡ Private and obsolete.]

CHAP. 636. [CVII.] An act for the relief of Seth Russell and sons.i

353 dolls, 57 funded to Seth Russell and sons, that being the amount of duties paid to the collector of No. folk, on 16 casks of head matter, &c. trans-ship-ped, &c. for Norfolk from

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That there be refunded and paid to Seth Russell and sons, of the town of New Bedford, state of Massachusetts, out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, the sum of three hundred and fifty-three dollars and fifty-seven cents, it being the amount of duties paid by Richard Blow, for Seth Russell and sons, to the collector of Norfolk, Virginia, on sixteen casks of the Capede sons, to the concettor of two totals, the Capede verd Island, &c. head matter, and twenty-one casks of oil, trans-shipped, from the ship Walker on board the ship Harriot, for Noriolk, from the Cape De Verd island, by Stephen West, master of the said ship Walker; and which articles of merchandise were entered on the seventh of February, one thousand eight hundred and twelve: Provided, That the same has not been exported with benefit of drawback. [Approved, April 9, 1814.]

Proviso; if the articles have not been exported with benefit efit of

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CHAP. 637. [CVIII.] An act for the better organisation of the courts of the United States within the state of New York.

See supple-

BECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representaSol Marsh, 1818, chap, 176, post.] tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, for the more convenient transaction of business in the courts of The state of the United States within the state of New York, the said state vided into two shall be, and the same is hereby, divided into two districts, in indical districts, manner following, to wit: the counties of Rensselaer, Albany, southern one Schenectady, Schoharie, and Delaware, together with all that trick part of the said state lying south of the said abovementioned counties, shall compose one district, to be called the southern district of New York; and all the remaining part of the said state Northern district when the said state Northern district with the said state of New York; and that the terms of the district court in the said Terms of the southern district shall be held in the city of New York, at the southern, &c. several times at which they are now by law directed to be held eity of New in the said city: and that the terms of the said court in the said Trans of the northern district shall be held at the several times and places at court in the northern diswhich they are now by law directed to be held in that part of trict, &cc. the state of New York included in the said northern district, except that the term of the said court now holden at Geneva shall hereafter be held at the village of Canandaigua.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That Matthias B. Tall- Judge Tallmadge, one of the district judges of the district of New York, madge assented be, and he is hereby, assigned as the judge to hold the said dis-district. trict court in the said northern district of New York, and to do and perform all the duties appertaining to his office within the said northern district; and that William P. Van Ness, the re- Judge Van Mess maining district judge of the district of New York, be, and he assigned to the is hereby, assigned as the judge to hold the said court in the brief, &c. said southern district of New York, and to do and perform all the duties appertaining to his said office within the said southern district. And it is hereby also made the duty of the judge of the southern the said southern district to hold the several district courts district to hold hereinbefore directed to be holden in the said northern district, the coart in the in case of the inability, on account of sickness or absence, of the the inability, said Matthias B. Tallmadge to hold the same.

8 matthias B. Tallmadge to hold the same.

8 mcT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the circuit court of The circuit SECT. 3. And be it further enuces, a line one court for the the United States shall be held, in and for the said southern discontinuing of the said southern trict of New York, at the city of New York, at the times and in trict to be held in New York, the manner now directed by law to be held in and for the district of New York; and that the district court in the said north- The district ern district of New York, shall, besides the ordinary jurisdiction court in the northern dis-of a district court, have jurisdiction of all causes, except of ap-tristict bave in risdiction of all peals and writs of error, cognizable by law in a circuit court, causes cognizable by actrent and shall proceed therein in the same manner as a circuit court; every and writs of error shall lie from decisions therein to the circuit court in the said southern district of New York, in the same

manner as from other district courts to their respective circuit

courts. [Approved, April 9, 1814.]

CHAP. 638. [CIX.] An act for the relief of John Cahoone and others.

[Obsolete.]

The claim and interest of the the net proceeds of the British and crew of the cutter, &c.
The president
authorized to cause the net amount to be distributed among the officers and erew.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That United States to all claim and interest which the United States have to the net proceeds of the British privateer called the Dart, captured by expensed by the the revenue cutter called the Vigilant, and condemned in the disrevenue carter vigilant, relia, trict court of Rhode Island, be released and relinquished to, and guided in favor in favor of, John Cahoone, master of said cutter, his officers, crew, and associates, concerned in said capture.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the president of the United States is hereby authorized and required to cause to be paid and distributed to the said John Cahoone, his officers, crew, and associates, concerned in said capture, the net amount and proceeds thereof, in such proportion, and upon such princi-

ples, as to him shall seem proper and equitable.

[Approved, April 11, 1814.]

[† Private.]

CHAP. 639. [CX.] An act for the relief of Mary Chever.†

25 dolls, quarter yearly to be paid out of the navy pension fund to Mary Chever, for life, as a gratuity from congress the distinguish-ed bravery and services of her two sons, &c. who were slain at the capture of the frigate

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, from and after the passage of this act, there shall be paid, out of the navy pension tund, to Mary Chever, for and during her life, the sum of twenty-five dollars, quarter yearly, as a gratuity from congress on account of the distinguished bravery and services of her two sons, John Chever and Joseph P. Chever, who were seamen on board the frigate Constitution, and who were slain at the capture of the British frigate Java.

[Approved, April 12, 1814.]

CHAP. 640. [CXI.] An act for the final adjustment of land titles in the state of Louisiana and territory of Missouri.

Persons, &c. claiming lands in the state of Louisiana, or souri, by virtue of any incomplete French or 1803, for lands in the territory of Orleans, or before the 10th of March, 1804, for lands lying within the ter ritory of Mis-souri, where the claimants were resident, &c. claims have been filed, &cc. &cc. confirmed,

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That every person or persons, or the legal representatives of any per-Louisiana, or the territory of Mis. son or persons, claiming lands in the state of Louisiana, or the territory of Missouri, by virtue of any incomplete French or Spanish grant or concession, or any warrant or order of survey, Spenish grant. Spenish grant of constraint grant of constraint grant of the which was granted prior to the twentieth of December, one thousand eight hundred and three, for lands lying within that part of the state of Louisiana which composed the late territory of Orleans, or which was granted, for lands lying within the territory of Missouri, before the tenth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and four, and where the claimant, or the person under whom he claims, were resident in the province of Louisiana at the respective times aforesaid, or at the time the said concession, warrant, or order of survey, was granted, and whose claims have been filed with the proper register or recorder of land titles according to law, and are embraced in the report of the

commissioners, or register, or recorder, for the district within which the lands claimed do lie, in every case where it shall appear by the said report of the commissioners, register, or recorder, that the concession, warrant, or order of survey, under which the claim is made, contains a special location, or had been actually located or surveyed within the late territory of Orleans before the twentieth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and three, or actually located or surveyed within the territory of Missouri, before the tenth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and four, by a surveyor duly authorized by the government making such grant, such persons shall be, and they are hereby, confirmed in their claims: Provided, That no claim Proviso; so shall be confirmed by this section which shall have been ad-firmed if adjudged by either of the boards of commissioners, or a register, indeed to be or receiver of public moneys, or a recorder acting as such, to be Noone to claim antedated or otherwise fraudulent: nor any one to claim a greater thry than one quantity of land than the number of acres contained in one league &c. square, nor the claim of any person, in his own right, who has received, in his own right, a donation grant from the United States, in said state or territory: And provided also, That no confirmation by firmation made by this section shall affect the rights of any person claiming the same lands, or any part thereof, whose claim of persons claim-has been confirmed by a board of commissioners for ascertaining lands, &c., nor and adjusting claims to land in said state or territory, nor predictal decision, clude a judicial decision between private claimants in such in-&c.

terfering claims. SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That every person or Person claimpersons claiming lands in the said state or territory, by right of by right of dedonation under any former laws, whose claims are contained in former laws, the report of any of the boards of commissioners, or the report are contained in of the register and receiver of public moneys, or of the recorder the report of land titles, made, or hereafter to be made, under existing boards, &c. &c. laws, and which claims shall appear by the said reports not to decause the tracts claimed were not inhibited for have been confirmed, merely because the tracts claimed were not inhibited, &c. inhabited on the twentieth of December, one thousand eight confirmed, &c. hundred and three, such person or persons shall be, and they are hereby, confirmed in their respective claims: Provided, That in Provisosinevery every other respect such claims shall be embraced by the provisions, and conform to the limitations and restrictions, prescribed limitations, &c. by former laws for granting the right of donations in the said of former laws, state and territory.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty The registers of of the several registers of the land offices, and of the recorder of the land offices, ke, with whom land titles, in the state or territory aforesaid, with whom the claims have never entered. claims in their respective districts have been entered, which are ken where the confirmed by this act, in all cases where the land has not been land has not been surveyed, surveyed according to law, to make out, for the principal deputy order of survey order of surveyer surveyer of the district in which the land lies, an order of survey confirmed, with for each tract of land confirmed under this act, with a proper a proper description of the tracts to be surveyed, wherein the quantity, locality, boundaries, and connexion, when practicable, with each other, and the tracts which have been heretofore confirmed,

1814.

Patents to be granted, &cc.

Fees to the re-gister or record-er, &c.,

The principal deputy surveyor, acc. to survey, acc. the tracts of land confirmed by this act, the first received.

mit a plat to the

Persons, &c. who have actu-ally inhabited and cultivated in the state of Louisiana, & or territory of Missouri, not

shall be stated; and on the return of the plat of survey, or where On the return of an order of survey is not necessary, the said register or recorder the plat of survey, or, &c, the salt of survey is not necessary, the salt register of receiver, or, &c, the salt of survey, or, &c, the salt of survey and survey neral land office; and if shall appear to the satisfaction of said commissioner, that such certificate shall have been fairly obtained, according to the true intent and meaning of this act, then and in that case patents shall be granted in like manner as is provided by law for the other lands of the United States. And the said register or recorder shall be entitled to receive, from the person applying therefor, where he shall have previously issued an order of survey, for such order of survey and certificate, the sum of one dollar and fifty cents, and for each certificate without an order of survey, the sum of one dollar.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the principal deputy surveyor, on receiving an order of survey from the register or recorder of land titles, and the surveying fees from the claimant, which shall not exceed three dollars for every mile to be surveyed and marked, to survey or cause to be surveyed, under the direction of the surveyor general, or surveyor of the lands south of the state of Tennessee, the several tracts of land confirmed by this act; and the said principal deputy The principal tracts of land confirmed by this act; and the said principal deputy deputy serveyor surveyor shall make return of the surveys, in separate plats, to of the surveys, in separate plats, the register or recorder of the district within which the land lies, so the register, and also transmit, to the surveyor general, or surveyor of the said, of the district, and transmit, and transmit, and transmit, and transmit lands south of the state of Tennessee, as the case may be, a plat lands south of the state of Tennessee, as the case may be, a plat or plats of the surveys directed to be made by this section, who shall, respectively, transmit copies thereof to the commissioner of the general land office.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That every person, and the legal representatives of every person, who has actually inhabited and cultivated a tract of land lying in that part of the state of Louisiana which composed the late territory of Orleans, or in the territory of Missouri, which tract is not rightfully claimed Missouri, not right slaims by any other person, and who shall not have removed from said of by any other person, and who shall not have removed from said of by any other person, and who shall not have removed from said of by any other state or territory, shall be entitled to the right of pre-emption, the purchase thereof, under the same restrictions, conditions, pro-of pre-emption, visions, and regulations, in every respect, as is directed by the act, entitled "An act giving the right of pre-emption in the pur [*Ann,eh.485.] chase of lands to certain settlers in the Illinois territory."* passed February fifth, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

[Approved, April 12, 1814.]

CHAP. 641. [CXII.] An act for the relief of Joseph Brevard.;

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, 'That The accounting the accounting officers of the treasury be, and they are hereby, officers of the treasury directed authorized and directed to settle the account of Joseph Brevard, to settle the account of Joseph and that he be allowed the amount of a final settlement certification.

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[† Private and obsolete.]

cate, number ninety-one thousand nine hundred and fifteen, dated the first of February, one thousand seven hundred and eighty- Brevard, and five, for one hundred and eighty-three dollars and twenty-three-amount of a fin ninetieths, and bearing interest from the first of January, one tificate, &c. for thousand seven hundred and eighty-three, and issued to the said 90 of the, bearing Joseph Brevard, by John Pierce, commissioner for settling actime mentioned, counts of the army; and that the amount due be paid, out of any see. money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, to the said Joseph Brevard. [Approved, April 13, 1814.]

CHAP. 642. [CXIII.] An act for the relief of David Porter and his officers and crews.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That so much of the nett proceeds of the forfeitures and penalties as The nett pro-have accrued to the United States from the condemnation and eceds of forfet sale of the following vessels and their cargoes, to wit: Le Duc United States, de Montebello, Le Petite Chance, and L'Intrepide, condemned from the conand sold by order of the district court of the United States for vessels and carry the Orleans district, for violations of the laws of the United relinquished in States, be, and the same are hereby, given up and relinquished Bard Forcer, in favor of captain David Porter, and of the officers and crews by by whom the said vessels were captured, as a compensation to whom they were the said David Porter, and officers and crews by a compensation to captain David Porter, and the said officers and crews by the said David Porter and the said officers and crews for their the said David Porter, and the said officers and crews, for their zeal and activity in capturing the same: and that the said captain David Porter be hereby authorized to receive, from the secretary of the treasury, the amount of the said net proceeds of the aforesaid sales, to be paid by the said secretary of the treasury out of any money not otherwise appropriated; and upon receiving the captain Fore same the said David Porter is authorized and instructed to distribute it amongst the said officers and crews, in the proportions, money. and agreeably to the regulations of the laws of the United States, for the distribution of prize money.

[Approved, April 13, 1814.]

CHAP. 643. [CXIV.] This is an act relating entirely to the district of Columbia. See act of 18th April, 1814; sec. 1, chap. 657, post.

CHAP. 644. [CKV.] An act to repeal an act, entitled "An act laying an embargo on all ships and vessels in the ports and harbors of the United States,"† and so much of any act or acts as prohibit the importation of the sea goods, wares, and merchandise, of the growth, produce, or manufacture, of bargo, of 17th Great Britain or Ireland, or of any of the colonies or dependencies thereof, Dec. 1815; and or of any place or country in the actual possession of Great Britain.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- The act bying tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That pealed. the act, entitled "An act laying an embargo on all ships and vessels in the ports and harbors of the United States," passed [same, a.m.]

1814. Proviso; all pe-nalties. &c. in-curred, &c. to be recovered and

on the seventeenth day of December, one thousand eight handred and thirteen, be, and the same is hereby, repealed: Provided, That all penalties and forfeitures which have been incurred under distributed, &c. the said act, shall be recovered and distributed, and may be mitigated or remitted, in like manner as if the said act had continued in full force and virtue.

Any act prohibiting the importation of goods, &c. the produce or manufacture of Great Britain, &c. repealed.

SECT. 2. And be it further enseted, That so much of any act or acts, as prohibits the importation of goods, wares, or merchandise, of the growth, produce, or manufacture, of Great Britain or Ireland, or of any of the colonies or dependencies thereof, or of any place or country in the actual possession of Great Britain, and so much of any act or acts as prohibits importation into the United States, or the territories thereof, in neutral ships or vessels, from any port or place situated in Great Britain or Ireland, or in any of the colonies or dependencies of Great Britain, Proviso; all fines, be, and the same is hereby, repealed: Provided, That all fines, penalties, and forfeitures, incurred by virtue of the said act or acts, shall be recovered and distributed, and may be mitigated or remitted, in like manner as if the same had continued in full Provisomothing force and virtue: And provided also, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to authorize or permit the importation of goods, wares, or merchandise, or of any article, the property of, or belonging, at the time of such importation, to, the enemy or enemies of the United States. [Approved, April 14, 1814.]

be recovered

berein to auportation of goods, &c. the roperty of the enemy.

The ament of

ed to an act of

the general as-

for the more

rect tax, &c. Proviso; if all

principal assessors to suspend the delivery of the tax lists to

the collectors for one month, CHAP. 645. [CXVI.] An act declaring the assent of congress to an act of the general assembly of the state of Tennessee, therein mentioned.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the assent of congress is hereby given and declared to an act of congress declarthe general assembly of the state of Tennessee, entitled " An act to provide for the more equal and equitable apportionment of nessee providing the direct tax, laid upon the state of Tennessee by an act of the equal and equit-able apportion-ment of the dicongress of the United States at the last session, among the counties in this state:" Provided, That if all the principal assessors shall not have been appointed prior to the first day of the principal assessors have not been appointed February last past, that then, and in that case, the principal asprior to the 1st of Feb. 1814, the sessors, in the respective assessment districts, shall suspend the delivery of the tax lists to the respective collectors for one month after the time allowed for the last appointed assessor to complete the assessments and make out his tax lists, to be delivered to the collector; during which time of one month, it shall me in time, to comply with the provisions of the above described act of the general assembly of the act of the state of Tennessee.

nessec.
The principal newspapers of the time of meeting to

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty The principal assessor last appointed, to give at least one pointed, to give at least one pointed, to give month's notice to the other principal assessors, by publication in the newspapers published at Nashville, Knoxville, and Hawkins Courthouse, of the time of meeting, at the seat of government of

said state, to make the appointments aforesaid, which time of meeting shall be at least twenty days before the period at which mide the ap-

his tax lists to his principal collector.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That if all the principal Mall the point assessors should not attend at the time notified as aforesaid, that should not at then, and in that case, those that do attend shall proceed to make who do attend an apportionment for their respective districts, by making the make an apporquota of each county bear the same proportion to the aggregate their respect amount of the direct tax already apportioned among the several districts, &c. counties of their respective districts, by the act of congress passed at the last session, that the assessed value of the property of each county bears to the aggregate amount of the assessed value of the property of all the counties in the districts of those who do attend.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That if any one or more if one or more of the principal assessors shall fail to attend and perform the duassessors fail to ties enjoined by the provisions of this act, and the act of the state aftered and perform the date. of Tennessee, which is herein referred to, that then, and in that enjoined, ke, case, such principal assessor or assessors shall immediately after-diately after-wards proceed to make out tax lists, and the tax shall be col-ceed to make lected in their respective districts in the same manner as if this out tous lists, act had not been passed. [Approved, April 14, 1814.]

CHAP. 646. [CXVII.] An act authorizing an augmentation of the marine corps, and for other purposes.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The president the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, author- rine corne to be ized to cause the marine corps, in the service of the United angunented, by the appointment and enlistment of and the enlistment of of the officers not exceeding one major, fourteen captains, twelve first lieute- and men specified. nants, twenty second lieutenants, sixty-one sergeants, forty-two drums and fifes, and six hundred and ninety-six privates, who shall be respectively allowed the same pay, bounty, clothing, and rations, and shall be employed under the same rules and regulations, to which the said marine corps are or shall be entitled and subject.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the adjutant, pay- The adjutant, pay and quarter master, and quartermaster, of the marine corps, may be taken master may be taken taken from the either from the line of captains or subalterns, and the said offi-line of captains or subalterns, and the said offi-line of captains or subalterns, cers shall, respectively, receive thirty dollars per month, in ad-additional pay. dition to their pay in the line, in full of all emoluments.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the president of The president authorized to the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to confer bree-confer bre vet rank on such officers of the marine corps as shall distinguish of the marine themselves by gallant actions or meritorious conduct, or who corps, &c. shall have served ten years in any one grade: Provided, That Proviso; nothing nothing herein contained shall be so construed as to entitle offi-officers brevetcers so brevetted to any additional pay or emoluments, except ted to additional when commanding separate stations or detachments, when they when command-

1814. Ing separate staments. &cc.

shall be entitled to and receive the same pay and emoluments which officers of the same grades are now, or hereafter may be, allowed by law.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful may appoint the for the president of the United States, in the recess of the seofficer in the
recess, see. rate, to appoint any of the officers authorized by this act. appointments shall be submitted to the senate, at their next session, for their advice and consent.

The president may, in the repoint any offiauthorized by

SECT. 5. And be it further effected, That it shall be lawful for the president of the United States, in the recess of the senate, to appoint all or any of the officers of the navy authorized by existing laws; which appointments shall be submitted to the senate at their next session, for their advice and consent.

[Approved, April 16, 1814.]

[* Repealed, by act of 27th Feb. 1815; sec. 1, chap. 744, post.]

CHAP. 647. [CXVIII.] An act authorizing the appointment of certain officers for the flotilla service."

The president and senate au-thorized to appoint four cap licutenants, to be employed in the flotilla service, &c.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, to aptains and twelve point four captains and twelve lieutenants, to be employed in the flotilla service of the United States, without rank in the navy, but with the same relative rank and authority in the flotilla service as officers of the same grade are entitled to in the navy of the United States.

Pay and subsistence of the capnavy.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the said captains shall receive the pay and subsistence of a captain in the navy tenants; who are commanding a ship of twenty and under thirty-two guns, and to be governed to be governed to be governed the lieutenants the same pay and subsistence as officers of the same many and subsistence as officers of the same rank are entitled to in the navy of the United States, and shall be governed by the rules and regulations provided for the government of the navy.

The president in the recess,

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful may appoint any for the president of the United States to appoint, in the recess of authorized, &c. the senate, any of the officers authorized by this act, which appointments shall be submitted to the senate at their next session.

[Approved, April 16, 1814.]

[† See the act revived and continued, chap. 169, vol. 3.] ing the assent of ryland and Geometric March, 1893,

CHAP. 648. [CXIX.] An act to revive and continue in force " An act declaring the assent of congress to certain acts of the states of Maryland and Georgia."†

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representacongress to certain acts of Martines of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the act which passed the seventeenth day of March, in the year ed, and conti-nued in force un- one thousand eight hundred, entitled "An act declaring the assent of congress to certain acts of the states of Maryland and provided, &c., (tch. 169, vol.3.) Georgia,"‡ be, and the same is hereby, revived and continued in

force until the third day of March, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-two: Provided, That nothing herein contained shall authorize the demand of a duty on tonnage, on vessels propelled by steam, employed in the transportation of passengers.

[Approved, April 16, 1814.]

CHAP. 649. (e) [CXX.] An act confirming certain claims to land in the Illi- [* See amendatory act, &c. of 27th Feb. 1818; Feb. 1818;

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of represen- The decisions tatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That commissioners the decisions made by the commissioners (appointed in pursuance of the act, entitled "An act for the revision of former confirmations, and for confirming certain claims to land in the distinct of Kaskaskia,"† passed the twentieth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and twelve) where such decisions were report to the second to the claims and where the commissioners have in favor of the claims, and where the commissioners have treasury, of the reported specially, and have not rejected the claims; all such confirmed. [fAnte.ch. 344.] claims, as entered in their report to the secretary of the treasury, bearing date the fourth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, shall be, and the same are hereby, confirmed.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That all the claims contained in a list transmitted to the secretary of the treasury by its transmitted to the secretary of the treasury by its transmitted to the secretary of the treasury by its transmitted to the secretary of the treasury, the eighteenth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, shall be, and the same hereby are, confirmed: Provided, Proviso; any Proviso; any Proviso; any Proviso; any Proviso; any Proviso; and treceive, in addition thereto, more than three hundred acres to land by virtue of this section; and it shall be the duty of the source than 300 acres, &c. commissioner of the general land office to enter the list aforesaid of record in his office: And provided also, That nothing in this Proviso; nothing in this act to act shall prevent or bar a judicial decision between persons claimprevent a judicial decision, &c. ing the same original title or claim.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That all that tract of land The tract of included within the following boundary, viz: beginning at the boundary detownship line nearest to, and above, the mouth of Big Muddy spart to saisly river, on the Mississippi river; thence, east, to the meridian line chains of personal ch running from the mouth of the Ohio river; thence, north, with soit oland within the Illithe said meridian line to the north boundary line of township nois territory number five, north; thence, west, to the Mississippi river; thence, firmed to them, down the same, to the beginning; shall be, and the same hereby sec. is, reserved and set apart to satisfy the unlocated claims of persons to land within the Illinois territory confirmed to them heretofore or by this act.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That any person or per-Persons residing sons residing within the tract reserved by this act, and who had reserved, &c. actually cultivated or improved any tract of land therein, before the fifth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and thirties the section of the sold before the sold before

chap. 745, post.]

1814.

(e) This chapter is erroneously referred to at page 236, vol. 3. That reference ought to be to chapter 650, of this volume.

1814

tion, &c., Proviso; the quarter, not metion. Persons claiming pre-emption un-der this act, &cc. may deliver to the receiver of public money, are, the evidences of claim, which shall be received as

The register of the land office for the district of Kaskaskia to

Persons failing or refusing to &c. on or before the 1st Oct, 1814, lose the right of pre-emption.

After the 1st Oct. 1814, the owners of unlocated confirmed claims may en-ter, with the register of Kas-kaskia district, not exceeding one-quarter secof their claims o be recrived

If two or more persons apply at the same time, to enter the same tract, the prioriby lot, &cc. Persons failing or refusing to enter their of May, 1815, to forfeit all right or claim, &c.

The register for Kaskaskia district to make out ceruificates

teen, not rightfully claimed by any other person, shall be entitled ted to prosent to a pre-emption in the purchase of such tract of land, including the improvement: Provided, That the purchaser shall not enter purchaser not to less than one-quarter section or more than one section. And any person claiming a pre-emption in the purchase under this act, who may be the owner of any unlocated confirmed claim which may be located within the tract aforesaid, shall be, and is hereby, authorized to deliver to the receiver of public money, for the district within which the land lies, the evidences of his or their claim, which shall be received as payment for the quantity of land such person or persons would have been entitled to locate by virtue thereof; and in all cases where the land purchased shall not be completely paid for by the evidences of confirmed claims, the residue of the land shall be paid for at the same price, in the same manner, under the same restrictions, and liable to the same forfeiture, as other public lands sold at private sale.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the date of the register of the land office for the district of Kaskaskia, to or ADELERANCE ROLL give notice that all persons entitled to a pre-emption in the purchase of any tract of land by virtue of this act, may make such purchase, on application to him at his office, on or before the first day of October next; and any person failing or refusing to enter with the register of the land office the land by such person improved, on or before the first day of October next, shall lose the

right of pre-emption given by this act.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That, after the first day of October next, it shall be lawful for any person or persons, being the owner of any unlocated confirmed claim, to enter, with the register of the land office for the Kaskaskia district, any quantity of land within the reserved tract aforesaid, not exceeding onequarter section more than the quantity of acres contained in his tion more, &c. claim or claims, and to deliver, to the receiver of public money, the evidence of his claim, which shall be received in payment for in payment &c. the number of acres specified therein; and the residue of the land thus entered, which may exceed the amount of confirmed claims thus paid in, shall be paid for at the same price, and in like manner, as the other public lands of the United States sold at private sale. And if two or more persons shall make applications, at the same time, to enter the same tract or tracts of land, the priority of right to enter shall be decided by lot, in the presence of the register of the land office; and any person or persons failing or refusing to enter or locate his claim within the reserved tract aforesaid, according to the provisions of this act, on or before claims, &c. on and claims, account the first day of May, one thousand eight hundred and fifteen, shall forfeit all right or claim against the United States, derived from confirmations under this act or any former law.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the register of the land office for the Kaskaskia district, to our ceruncates, make out a certificate of confirmation to each person whose claim or claims are confirmed by this act, or by any former law, within The certificate the territory of Illinois; and such certificate shall specify the to specify the quantity of land confirmed to the holder thereof, and shall be

sufficient evidence of claim, within the meaning of this act, to entitle the owner or holder thereof to a credit with the receiver of public moneys, for the quantity of land mentioned in such, certificate, within the reserved tract aforesaid; and the register 75 cents to the register for each of the land office shall receive the sum of seventy-five cents from certificate. the person demanding and receiving such certificate.

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That patents shall be obobtained, &c., a
tained for lands entered under this act, in the reserved tract provided by law
for other public aforesaid, in the same manner, and on the same terms, as are lands. provided by law for other public lands of the United States.

[Approved, April 16, 1814.]

CHAP. 650. [CXXI.] An act directing the disposition of money paid into the courts of the United States.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-Money pakl into court, to abide tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, the order thereupon the payment of any money into any district or circuit court of the depoof the United States, to abide the order of the court, the same so the court may shall be deposited in such incorporated bank as the court may designate, &c. designate, and there remain till it shall be decided to whom it of right belongs: Provided, That if in any judicial district there provise; if no shall be no incorporated bank, the court may direct such money bank, the court to be deposited according to its discretion: Provided also, That may direct the deposite at disnothing herein shall be construed to prevent the delivery of any province precion. such money upon security, according to agreement of parties, berein to preunder the direction of the court. [Approved, April 18, 1814.] of such mo

CHAP. 651. [CXXII.] An act for the relief of Augustus M'Kinney and Layzel Bancroft.*

[* Private and obsolete.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That required to rethe secretary of the treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized to the treasury be, and forfeitures, incurred by Augustus M'Kinney and Layzel Bancroft, who imported nine the district of Whitehell on barrels of nitro in an open and public manner, into the district of Whitehall, on barrels of nirrel the twenty-seventh day of June, one thousand eight hundred and see. twelve, from Montreal, nine barrels of nitre.

[Approved, April 18, 1814.]

CHAP. 652. [CXXIII.] An act for the relief of John P. Williamson and Thomas Rice.†

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- The comptroller tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That authorized to control of the united states of the United States of America in congress assembled, That authorized to control of the United States of America in congress assembled, That authorized to control of the United States of America in congress assembled, That are the comptrol of the United States of America in congress assembled, That are the comptrol of the United States of America in congress assembled, That are the comptrol of the United States of America in congress assembled, That are the comptrol of the United States of America in congress assembled, That are the comptrol of the United States of America in congress assembled, That are the comptrol of the United States of America in congress assembled, That are the congress assembled and the United States of America in congress assembled. the comptroller of the treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized settle, on equitable principles, the accounts of BenBenjamin Wall, late marshal of the state of Georgia, and to allow accompanies. any credit which the said Wall might have claimed against the allow him as

United States as an offset to a judgment obtained at the suit of 1814. the United States against John P. Williamson and Thomas Rice, as securities of the said Wall.

[Approved, April 18, 1814.]

CHAP. 653. [CXXIV.] An act granting pensions to the officers and seamen serving on board the revenue cutters in certain cases.

Sect. 1. Re it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That Officers and sea- the officers and seamen of the revenue cutters of the United men of the reve- States, who have been, or may be, wounded or disabled in the discharge of their duty, whilst co-operating with the navy by orwounded or dis-abled whilst co-operating with the navy, &c. entitled to be placed on the navy pension list, &c. der of the president of the United States, shall be entitled to be placed on the navy pension list, at the same rate of pension, and under the same regulations and restrictions, as are now provided by law for the officers and seamen of the navy.

[Approved, April 18, 1814.]

CHAP. 654. [CXXV.] An act fixing the time for the next meeting of congress.*

[*Obsolete.]

nue cutters, wounded or dis-

[This act provides that the next meeting of congress shall be on the last Monday in October, 1814.

Approved, April 18, 1814.]

CHAP. 655. [CXXVI.] An act fixing the salary of the paymaster of the army of the United States, and allowing a sum for the employment of additional clerks in his office, for the year one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, and providing for the appointment of assistant district paymasters.

[† Expired.]

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, in lieu of the monthly compensation now allowed by law to the paymaster of the army of the United States, he shall receive an annual salary of two thousand dollars, to be paid, quarter yearly, at the treasury of the United States, and to commence on the first day of January last; and that, in addition to the amount already allowed by law for clerk hire, in the office of the paymaster of the army of the United States, there shall be allowed the further sum of five thousand five hundred and forty-seven dollars, for the purpose of employing additional clerks in, and for contingent expenses of, his office, for the present year, to be paid

out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated. SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, to appoint so many assistant eceding 30 as-sistant district paymasters, not exceeding thirty, as the public service psymasters, fic. Proviso; the pre- may, in his opinion, require: *Provided*, That the president of

The paymaster of the army to receive an an-nual salary of 2,000 dolls. &c.

A further sum allowed for clerks, and for contingent ex-penses, in the paymaster's of-fice, &c.

The president and senate au-thorized to appoint not exthe United States shall have power to appoint any officer and thorized by this act during the recess of the senate, to be subpoint may appoint may a

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty The paymasof the paymaster of the army, under the direction of the war demy, &c. to make
partment, to make all disbursements of money within that demelts of momelts of momelts of mopartment to the district paymasters, and to adjust, state, and ex-ney, &c. to the hibit, their several accounts, according to such forms, and within ters, &c. such periods, as shall be prescribed for that purpose by the treasury department.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That, to secure the regu- District paylar and punctual payment of the troops, the district paymasters mine and urans shall examine and transmit to the paymaster of the army the ac-mit to the paycounts and vouchers for all disbursements which have been army the accounts and by them to the troops of the army or district where vouchers for all disbursements. they shall be stationed, as soon as the first payment shall have the first payment shall have the first payment shall have the first payment and accompany the same with an estimate for the ment has been mext payment; which accounts and estimates shall be regularly estimate for the mext payment; which accounts and estimates snan be regularly estimate for the transmitted, that settlements may be made and competent funds &c.
remitted: Provided also, That the said district and assistant pay-Proviso; district and assistant masters shall make payments to the militia in the service of the mymasters to make payments.
United States, when required by the secretary of war or the tothe militia, when required, when required, paymaster of the army.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That the assistant district rict paymas-paymasters shall receive the pay and emoluments of a captain ters to receive the pay, &c. of of infantry, and forage for one horse. of infantry, and forage for one horse.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That the district and as-District and assistant district paymasters shall severally give bonds, with good paymasters to and sufficient security, to the United States, for the faithful give bonds, &c. performance of their duties, in such sums as shall be required just to the rules and articles of by the paymaster of the army, under the direction of the war war. department, and shall be subject to the rules and articles of war.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That this act shall continue in force until the termination of the war in which the United until the 17th States are now engaged with the United Kingdom of Great Bri-Feb. 1816. tain and Ireland, and the dependencies thereof, and for one year thereafter, and no longer. [Approved, April 18, 1814.]

CHAP. 656. [CXXVII.] An act to authorize the secretary of state to liquidate certain claims therein mentioned.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That of state directed the secretary of state be, and he is hereby, directed to liquidate, by liquidate, according to principles of justice and equity, all the claims of the inhabitants of the late province of West Florida, now included within the limits of the state of Louisiana, or of the west Florida, Mississippi territory, for advances by them made for the use and benefit of the United States, prior to, and since, the taking of made for the use of the United States, prior to, and since, the taking of the use of the United States. [Abbroved. April 18, 1814.] Florida by the United States. [Approved, April 18, 1814.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-

CHAP. 657. [CXXVIII.] An act authorizing a substription for the laws of the United States, and for the distribution thereof.

The secretary of tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That Proviso; as to what the publi-cation shall con-

tion to be exestate to appoint a competent person to pre-pare and super-intend the edi-

Manner of disaributing the 1,000 copies sub-scribed for.

tlon, &c.

state directed to subscribe, on be the secretary of the department of state be, and he hereby is, half of the United States, for John States, for one thousand copies of the edition of the laws thereof, proposed to be published by John Bioren and W. John Duane, of the city of Philadelphia; and Roger C. Weightman, C. Weightman, deem reasonable, not exceeding fifteen dollars per copy. proposed to be printed and published by John Bioren and W. John Duane, of the city of Philadelphia, and Roger C. Weightman, of the city of Washington, upon such terms as he may deem reasonable, not exceeding fifteen dollars per copy: Provided, That said publication shall contain an edition of the laws of the United States, the declaration of independence, the articles of confederation, and the constitution thereof, and the treaties and conventions made between the United States and foreign nations and the Indian tribes; and that it shall be comprised in four volumes, royal octavo, and shall include the laws passed at Laws relating to the present session of congress, and that all laws relating entirely to the district of Columbia shall be excluded therefrom: Froving the edition to be executed on to be executed on the be executed on the bear of the executed on the executed on the bear of the executed on the bear of the executed on the execute suited on a plan a plan, and in a manner, that shall be prescribed by the secretary by the secretary of state and the attorney general of the United States, whose torney general, duty it shall be to direct what acts shall be printed by title only. The secretary of And the secretary of state is hereby authorized and required to appoint a competent person to prepare said edition for publication, and to superintend the same, under the direction of the secretary of state and the attorney general, who, for his services, shall be compensated by the publishers.

> SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the said secretary shall cause the said copies of the laws to be distributed as soon as may be after publication, in manner following: one set shall be delivered to the president of the United States, the vice president, and to each member of the senate and house of representatives; six sets shall be delivered to the secretary of the senate, and eighteen sets to the clerk of the house of representatives, for the use of said houses, respectively; one set shall be delivered to each of the judges of the supreme court, and clerk thereof, to each of the judges of the district courts, and to each of the marshals, clerks, and attorneys, of each district; one set shall be delivered to the secretary of state, the secretary of the treasury, to the secretary of war, to the secretary of the navy, to the attorney general, to the director of the mint, to the comptroller, auditor, and register, of the treasury, to the treasurer, to the accountants of the war and navy departments, to the postmaster general and the two assistant postmasters general, to the commissioner of the revenue, and to the commissioner of the general land office, each; two sets shall be delivered to the legislatures of the several states and territories, respectively; one set shall be delivered to each of the governors of the several states and territories; and one set shall be delivered to each of the judges of the courts in the several territories: and the residue of said subscription shall remain at the future disposal of congress.*

See resold tions, of 3d March, 1915; No. 12, post.)

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SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That, in case of the death, resignation, or dismission from office, of either of the officers before mentioned, excepting the president and vice president, and vice death, and vic dent of the United States, the members of the senate and nouse bear of congruence of representatives, and the judges of the supreme and district the supreme and courts, the said copies of the laws delivered to them, as aforesaid, the copies of the shall belong to, and be delivered up to, their respective successions to the succession of these aors in the said offices.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the acts passed at them. each succeeding session of congress, including future treaties, treaties to be shall be printed in a form corresponding with the said edition, form corresponding and shall be distributed in the same manner as heretofore by law pooding, &cc.

directed. [Approved, April 18, 1814.]

CHAP. 658. [CHXIX.] An act authorizing the purchase of the vessels captured on lake Eric.*

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- The president times of the United States of America in congress assembled, That cause the Brithe president of the United States be, and he is hereby, author-tured on lake ized to cause to be purchased the British vessels which were Brit. Sec. to be captured on lake Erie by the American squadron, on the tenth sessoo dolls in payment there. day of September, in the year one thousand eight hundred and for, to be distri-thirteen; and the sum of two hundred and fifty-five thousand money among dollars, in payment for the said vessels, shall be distributed as the captors, &c. prize money among the captors or their heirs.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That, for carrying into \$85,000 dolls. effect this act, a sum not exceeding two hundred and fifty-five the purchase, thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, to be ce. paid out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropri-

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That there be allowed and soon dolls. at paid to captain Oliver H. Perry, out of any money in the trea- Ferry, in additury, not otherwise appropriated, in addition to his share of prize of prize money. money, as commander of the ship Lawrence, the sum of five &c. thousand dollars. [Approved, April 18, 1814.]

CHAP. 659. [CXXX.] An act concerning invalid pensioners.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- The secretary tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That to place the perthe secretary of war be, and he is hereby, directed to place the some named on the pension list, following named persons, (whose claims have been transmitted &c. to congress pursuant to a law passed tenth April, one thousand eight hundred and six,†) on the pension list of invalid pension- [† Ante, ch. 25.] ers, according to the rates, and to commence at the times, herein mentioned; that is to say:

Samuel C. Arickson, at the rate of five dollars per month, to Names of per-

commence the tenth June, one thousand eight hundred and thiron the placed on the pension teen.

sions, &c.

1814.
Names of persons to be placed on the pension person in the pension pensions. See

Alexander Barr, at the rate of one dollar twenty-five cents per month, to commence twenty-ninth July, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Ezra Bellows, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence from twentieth June, one thousand eight hundred and twelve.

Daniel Dodd, at the rate of two dollars fifty cents per month, to commence on the eighteenth of May, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Joel Terrell, at the rate of three dollars thirty-three cents per month, to commence on the eighteenth December, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

George Dugan, at the rate of two dollars fifty cents per month, to commence on tenth February, one thousand eight hundred

and fourteen.

Joseph King, at the rate of two dollars fifty cents per month, to commence the nineteenth October, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Andrew Green, at the rate of one dollar sixty-seven cents per month, to commence on the fourteenth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Hugh Barns, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence fifteenth June, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Enoch Ducker, at the rate of five dollars, er no ita, to commence the second February, one thousand eight nundred and fourteen.

Samuel Hawkins, at the rate of three dollars and thirty-three cents per month, to commence on the fourth February, one thousand eight hundred and fourteen.

Darby Mars, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence the twenty-fifth December, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Benjamin Daniels, at the rate of twenty-five dollars per month, to commence the twenty-second February, one thousand eight hundred and fourteen.

Robert M'Cullock, at the rate of two dollars fifty cents per month, to commence the fourteenth February, one thousand eight hundred and fourteen.

John Gilbert, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence the thirtieth June, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Henry Brenneman, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence the fourth February, one thousand eight hundred and fourteen.

William Blanchard, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence the thirteenth July, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

John Kersenar, at the rate of three dollars thirty-three cents per month, to commence the first March, one thousand eight hundred and fourteen.

Robert Neil, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence the fifth of March, one thousand eight hundred fourteen.

John Berry, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence the thirty-first March, one thousand eight hundred and Names of persons to be place fourteen.

Jonathan Willard, at the rate of ten dollars per month, to siens, &c. commence on March the seventh, one thousand eight hundred and fourteen.

Levi. Bishop, of New York, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence the twelfth of October, one thousand eight hundred and twelve.

John Fain, at the rate of four dollars per month, to commence on the tenth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the pensions of the The pensions following named persons, already placed on the pension list of named to be inthe United States, whose claims for an increase of pension have eroased, &cc. been transmitted to congress, pursuant to the act aforesaid, * be [*Ante,eh.25.] increased to the sums herein, respectively, annexed to their names; the said increase to commence at the times herein mentioned: that is to sav:

Benjamin Jenkins, five dollars per month, to commence on the Names of per sixteenth of February, one thousand eight hundred and four-sine whose per sines are to be increased, six teen.

Abner Rose, five dollars per month, to commence on the fourth of March, one thousand eight hundred and fourteen.

Richard Fairbrother, five dollars per month, to commence thirtieth September, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Joseph Cutler, ten dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-eighth February, one thousand eight hundred and twelve.

Thomas Monday, five dollars per month, to commence on the thirtieth January, one thousand eight hundred and fourteen.

Hezekiah Bailey, ten dollars per month, to commence on the thirtieth December, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

Elisha Reynolds, three dollars thirty-three cents per month, to commence on the sixth April, one thousand eight hundred and twelve.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That depositions, substan- Depositions, subtantiating the facts necessary to entitle any person to be placed on facts necessary the pension list, or to an increase of pension, may hereafter be pension to be taken before any judge of any of the courts of the state or terriplaced on the pension list, &c. tory in which such person may reside, and the certificate of the may be taken clerk of the court, whereof the said judge is a member, shall be of any of the state or terriplaced or the court, whereof the said judge is a member, shall be of any of the states or terriplaced or the court. a sufficient authentication of his being such a judge.

[Approved, April 18, 1814.]

CHAP. 660. [CXXXI.] An act for the relief of George Hamilton.†

[† Private.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- George Hamiltives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That prison on a judge George Hamilton, who is confined in prison in the county of the United States. Washington, state of Pennsylvania, on a judgment obtained discharged, &c. against him in favor of the United States, be discharged from

his imprisonment: Provided, however, That any estate which Proviso; present the said George Hamilton now has, or may hereafter acquire, and future estate Hable, &c. shall be liable to be taken, in the same manner as if he had not been imprisoned and discharged. [Approved, April 18, 1814.]

> CHAP. 661. [CXXXII.] An act extending relief to certain purchasers of public lands in the Mississippi territory.

of the United States, in the Mississippi ter-ritory, and sub-ject of to prosederiving from a Spanish grant, &c. allowed a

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-Persons having tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That any person or persons having purchased lands of the United States, in the Mississippi territory, who have been subjected to prosecutions by adverse claimants, who derived their titles from entions by adverge chalmants, a Spanish grant, warrant, or order of survey, and where such prosecutions have terminated favorably to purchasers from the United States, such purchasers shall have one year, from the of interest &c. be due from them to the United States, on the purchases aforesaid. [Approved, April 18, 1814.]

[Private.]

CHAP. 662. [CXXXIII.] An act for the relief of Dennis Clark.

The receiver of amount of mo-neys, &c., paid by him as pur-chase money for fractional section number

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representafor lands offered tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That for sale at Cincinnati, equired the receiver of public moneys for the district of lands offered to pay Dennis Clark the full for sale at Cincinnati, be required to pay Dennis Clark the full for sale at Cincinnati, be required to pay Dennis Clark the full amount of moneys, with interest, paid by the said Dennis Clark to the receiver aforesaid, in discharge of the purchase money for fractional section number ten, in the first township, and first

tries, &c.

sold, to be paid for as other lands of the United States.

[Approved, April 18, 1814.]

CHAP. 663. [CXXXIV.] An act to alter and establish certain post roads.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The post roads named, discon-tinued. the post roads hereafter named be discontinued:

In Maryland.

In Maryland. From Queen Ann's to Pig Point.

In Virginia.

In Virginia. From Mecklinburg Courthouse, by St. Tammany and Lombardy Grove, to Gees's Bridge. From Tazewell Courthouse, by Russell Courthouse, and Lee Courthouse, to Cumberland Gap. From Springfield to Romny.

In North Caro-

In North Carolina. From Suffolk, by Gates Courthouse, to

Edenton. From Elizabethtown to Whitesville. From Charlotte, by Beaty's Ford, to Lincolnton.

In Georgia. From Greensborough to Washington. From In Georgia.

Darien, by Jones, to Milledgeville.

In Kentucky. From Lewis Courthouse, by Flemingsburg, In Kenneky. Millersburg, Mount Sterling, Olympian Springs, and Little Sandy Salt Works, to Cattlettsburg.

In Tennessee. From Alexander's, by White Plains, to Car- in Tennessee.

thage. From Bledsoe Courthouse to Franklin Courthouse.

In Ohio. From Steubenville, by Faucettstown, to New Lis- in Ohio. bon. From New Lisbon, by Salem, to Columbiana. From Springfield to Troy. From Zanesville to Coshocton.

In Louisiana. From La Fourch, by Point Coupee, to In Louisiana.

Opeloosa.

In Indiana. From Jeffersonville, by Clarksville, to Vincennes. In Indiana. SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the following be established post roads:

In New Hampshire. The post road from Rochester to In New Hampshire. Wakefield be altered, so that it pass through Farmington, Mid-

dleton, and Wolfborough, to Wakefield.

In Maine. From Waterford, by Norway, Plantation Third, In Maine. Rumford, and Bethel, to Waterford. From Livermore, by Jay,

and Wilton, to Farmington.

In Massachusetts. From Springfield to Southwick. From In Massachusetts.

Stafford, Connecticut, by Monson, to Palmer, in Massachusetts.

From Hatfield, by Whatly, Conway, and Ashfield, to Charlemont. From Athol to Greenfield. From Kingston to Halifax.

In Connecticut. From Middletown, by Hebron, to Windham. In Connecticut. From Sharon, by Ellsworth, Cornwall Bridge, and Warren, to Litchfield. From Providence, in Rhode Island, through Scitu-

ate, to Ashford, in Connecticut.

In New York. From Bettsburg to Deposit. From Albany, Is New York. by Bath, Sand Lake, Stephenson, Hancock, and Lanesborough, to Dalton, in Massachusetts. From Sheldon, by Willink, and Hamburg, to Buffaloe. From Onondago, by Tully, Preble, and Homer, to Courtland Courthouse. From Chesterfield to Jay, in Essex county. From Peekskill, by West Point, to Newburg. From Stamford, by Waterville, to Roseville. From Esperanza, by Schoharie Courthouse, and Middleburg, to Stanford, on the turnpike road. From Middletown, Delaware county, by Colchester, and Hancock, to Deposit. From Aurelius to Sempronius. From Brooklyn to Flatbush. From Albany, by Spencertown, to Sheffield, in Massachusetts. From Cairo, by Windham, to Lexington. From Green, on the turnpike, west, to Lisle.

In New Jersey. From Morristown, by Newtown, to Mill. In New Jersey.

ford, in Pennsylvania.

In Pennsylvania. From Wysor, by Orewill, and Warren, to InPennsylvania. Nanticocke, in New Jersey. From Washington to West Alexandria. From York, by York Haven, to Middletown. From Somerset, by Melford, Turkyfoot, and Addison, to Smith's Stand, on the national road. From Lewistown, by Beavertown,

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1814. Middleburg, and Selin's Grove, to Sunbury. From Beaverla Fennsylvania. town to Burgetstown. From Burgetstown, by Hookstown, Georgetown, Beaver Bridge, and Fulkstown, to New Lisbon, in From Burlinville to Easton. From Wilmington, by West Chester, to Pottsgrove, Swamp Churches, and Summary Town, to Samuel Seller's tavern, on the post road leading from Philadelphia toward Bethlehem, in Bucks county. From the town of Indiana, through Kataning, to Butler Town.

In Ohio.

In Ohio. From Urbanna to Springfield, in Champaign county. From Canton, by Springfield, Suffield, Talmadge, and Stow, to Cleveland. From Portsmouth to Vanceburg, in Kentucky. From Urbanna to Troy. From Chilicotha, by Lebanon, to Cincinnati. From Athens, by Lancaster, to Columbus. From Cadiz, by Freeport, White Eyes Plains, Coshocton, Mount Vernon, and Clinton, to Fredericktown. From Steubenville, by Faucettstown, Fulkstown, Achor, Fairfield, Columbiana, Salem, Grissels, Sandy Store, Thompson's Salt Works, and Lower Salt Works, to Steubenville. From Columbus, by Washington, to Newmarket. From Columbus, by London, to Xenia.

In Indiana

In Indiana. From Eaton, in Ohio, to Salisbury. From Washington Courthouse to Valonia. From Charlestown, by Washington Courthouse, and Lindly's Mills, to Vincennes.

In Illinois.

In Illinois. From Cahokia, by Madison Courthouse, and Clinton Hill, to Cahokia. From Kaskaskia to Johnson Courthouse.

In Delaware. In Maryland. In Delaware. From Christiana to Newark.

In Maryland. From Libertytown, by Union Bridge, and Uniontown, to Westminster. From Annapolis to Pig Point.

In Virginia.

In Virginia. From Clarksburg, by Morgantown, Waynesboro', in Pennsylvania, to Wheeling. From Monroe Courthouse to Lewisburg. From Fredericksburg to the mouth of Potowmac Run. From Fincastle, by the mouth of Cowpasture, to Callahan's. From Norfolk, by Elizabeth City, to Edenton, in North Carolina. From Wood Courthouse to Jacksonville. From Abingdon, by Russell Courthouse, and Mockinson Gap. to Abingdon. From Pughtown to Springfield. From Dumfries, by Walnut Branch, to Fauquier Courthouse. From Columbia to Warren. From Charlottesville to Warren. From Percival's, by Lewisville, and Lombardy Grove, to St. Tammany. From Petersburg, by Frenchtown, to Morganville. From Hanover Courthouse, by Hanovertown and Newcastle, to New Kent Courthouse.

In Kentucky.

In Kentucky. From Mount Sterling to Floyd Courthouse. From Bairdstown, by Grayson Courthouse, and Butler Courthouse, to Russelville. From Washington, by Williamsburg, to Lewis Courthouse. From Greenup Courthouse to Little Sandy Salt Works.

In North Caroli-

In North Carolina. From Grayson Courthouse, Virginia, by Edwards and M'Millen's, to Ash Courthouse. From Suffolk, Virginia, by Sunbury and Gates Courthouse, to Edenton. From Trent Bridge, by Trenton, to Duplin Courthouse. From Winton to Gate's Courthouse. From Windsor to Williamston's.

From Wilmington, by Whiteville, and Fairbluff, to Barfield Mill, in South Carolina. From Charlotte to Lincolnton. From In North Carolina. Salisbury to Lincolnton. From Hilsborough, by High Rock, to Lennox Castle.

In Tennessee. From Newport, by Greenville, Rogersville, In Tennessee. and Lee Courthouse, in Virginia, to Cumberland Gap. From Carthage, by Sparta, to Alexander's. From Sparta, by M'Minville, and Winchester, in Franklin county, to Huntsville, in the Mississippi territory.

In South Carolina. From Belfast, by Satterthwait's, to Cam- In South Carolina.

bridge.

In Georgia. From Milledgeville, by Greenboro, Lexington, in Georgia. and Danielsville, to Carnsville. From Milledgeville, by Irvinton, Dublin, Montgomery Courthouse, Tatnal Courthouse, and Barrington, to Darien. From Dublin to Telfair Courthouse. From Riceboro, by Barrington, and Jefferson, to St. Marys. From Brunswick to Frederica.

In Louisiana. From Blanchardsville, by Assumption, to Ope- in Louisiana. loosa. From Assumption to La Fourch (Interior) Courthouse. From Concordia to Washita Courthouse. From Concordia to Warren Courthouse.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the postmaster ge- The postmaster meral cause a mail to be carried from the nearest post office on small to be carany established post road to the courthouse of any county which red from the is now, or may hereafter be, established in any of the states or office on any territories of the United States, and which is not or will not road, to the courthouse of the same shall be courted with the mail; and the road on which any established the same shall be carried, shall thereupon become a post road, states or territories and the same shall be so carried, shall thereupon become a post road, states or territories and the and so continue until other provision shall be made by law for road to be a post the accommodation thereof with the mail.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the secretary of state The secretary be, and he is hereby, authorized to transmit by the mail, free of to transmit the postage, one copy of the documents hereafter mentioned, being effect free of on subjects of a general nature, and which may be ordered to be postage, for each of the judges of printed by either house of congress, namely, of communications, the supreme and district courts, with the accompanying documents, made by the president of the feet many meets. with the accompanying documents, made by the president of the set to congress, or either house thereof; of reports designate. made by the secretary of state, by the secretary of the treasury, by the secretary of war, by the secretary of the navy, by the postmaster general, by the commissioners of the sinking fund, to congress, or either house thereof, in pursuance of any law or resolution of either house; affirmative reports on subjects of a general nature made to congress, or either house thereof, by any committee, respectively; for each of the judges of the supreme court, and of the district courts, and of the territories of the United States, to any post office within the United States, they may, respectively, designate. [Approved, April 18, 1814.]

CHAP. 664. [CXXXV.] This is an act relating entirely to the district of Columbia. See act of 18th April, 1814; ante, sec, 1, chap. 657, post.

CHAP. 665. [CXXXVI.] An act for the relief of Benjamin W. Crowninshield.

Private and solete.] The secretary of the treasury authorized to cause certain stock to be re-newed, which were issued to

Provise; the retificates to be subject to the rules and regu-lations established at the treasury, &cc.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the secretary of the treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause to be renewed certain certificates of stock issued by the cashier of the Merchants' Bank of the town of Salem, to Benjan. W. Crownin- min W. Crowninshield, as guardian of the children of Jacob shield, as guardian, &c. and Crowninshield, which said certificates have been lost: Provided. however, That the renewal of the said certificates shall be subject to all the rules and regulations established at the treasury department for the renewal of certificates of funded stock.

[Approved, April 18, 1814.]

CHAP. 666. [CXXXVII.] An act to provide for the collection and preservation of such flags, standards, and colors, as shall have been, or may bereafter be, taken by the land and naval forces of the United States, from their enemies.

The secretaries to be collected to them at the seat of govern-ment, all flags, &c. taken from enemies.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representaof war and navy directed to cause tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That and transmitted the secretaries of the war and navy departments be, and they are hereby, directed to cause to be collected and transmitted to them, at the seat of the government of the United States, all such flags, standards, and colors, as shall have been, or may hereafter be, taken by the army and navy of the United States, from their enemies.

Flags, cor. taken from enemies, to be delivered to the president, for the purpose of being pre-served and displayed, &cc.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That all the flags, standards, and colors, of the description aforesaid, which are now in the possession of the departments aforesaid, and such as may be hereafter transmitted to them, be, with all convenient despatch, delivered to the president of the United States, for the purpose of being, under his direction, preserved and displayed in such public place as he shall deem proper.

500 dolls, appro-priated for the

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the sum of five hunpurposes of this dred dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, for the above purposes, out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated. [Approved, April 18, 1814.]

[† See act of 28th Feb. 1799; chap. 135, vol. 3.]

CHAP. 667. [CXXXVIII.] An act to lessen the compensation for marshals, clerks, and attorneys, in the cases therein mentioned.

or attorneys of the districts mentioned, for attending on the courts, &c.

Clerks of dis-trict and circuit courts entitled

daily compensations of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, from and after the first day June next there shall not be marshale. SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representaed or paid to either the marshal or attorney of the districts of Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, the southern district of New York, or Pennsylvania, nor to the clerk of the district and circuit court of the United States, in either of said districts, any daily compensation for attending on the said courts; and that the clerks of the district and circuit courts of the United

States shall be entitled to one-half of one per centum, and no more, on money deposited in court, any law to the contrary not-only to one half withstanding. [Approved, April 18, 1814.]

CHAP. 668. [CXXXIX.] An act in further addition to an act, entitled "An [* See orig. act, act more effectually to provide for the national defence, by establishing an of 8th May, 1793; chap. 134, vol. 2.]
uniform militia throughout the United States."* uniform militia throughout the United States."*

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- In addition to the officers of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, the milital pro in addition to the officers of the militia provided for by the act, acts mentioned, entitled "An act more effectually to provide for the national division inspected states,"† approved May the eighth, one thousand seven hun-cif. 4, &c. dred and ninety-two, and by an act in addition to the said reci-\$1. ted act, approved March the second, one thousand eight hundred and three,‡ there shall be, to each division, one division inspectate, 32, vol. tor, with the rank of lieutenant colonel, and one division quartermaster, with the rank of major; to each brigade, one aid de camp, with the rank of captain; and the quartermasters of brigade, heretofore provided for by law, shall have the rank of captain. And it shall be incumbent on the said officers to do and perform all the duties which, by law and military principles, are attached to their offices, respectively. [Approved, April 18, 1814.]

. CHAP. 669. [CXL.] An act for the relief of Archibald McCall.

[§ Private and obsolete.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- 8.304 dolls-95 tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That to Archibald there be paid to Archibald McCall, of the city of Philadelphia, for drawbacks out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, portation of teas, the sum of eight thousand three hundred and four dollars and because of the sum ninety-five cents, in full for the drawbacks due on the exportation of three hundred and ninety chests of Congo, and one hundred and fifty chests of Southong, teas, to Bremen, in the ship Abigail, in the month of August, one thousand eight hundred and five Provided, That the said McCall prove, to the satisfaction Proviso: McCall of the comptroller of the treasury, that the said teas have been the teas have landed at some foreign port or place.

a foreign port.

[Approved, April 18, 1814.]

CHAP. 670. [CXLI.] An act in addition to the act, entitled "An act to [Expired See provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the union, sup- orig. act, of 28th Feb. 1795; chap. press insurrections, and repel invasions, and to repeal the act now in force 277, vol. 2.] for those purposes."||

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- courts martint, tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That militia, &c. to courts martial, to be composed of militia officers alone, for the becomposed of militia officers trial of militia drafted, detached, and called forth, for the service alone to be held and conducted of the United States, whether acting in conjunction with the re- as prescribed by

the rules and articles of war, &c.

Where an offence is punishable by stoppage of pay, &c. it is to be taken as having relation to the monthly pay existing, &c.

If a delinquent, directed to be summoned to appear before a court martial fur neglect or refusing to obey orders, &c. in any of the cases recited, &c. should be absent, &c. it is a sufficient summoning if the noncommissioned officer leave a copy of the summons, &c. at the usual place of abode, &c. [*Ch.277,vol. 2.]

In case of nonappearance of the delinquent, the court martial may proceed, &c.

The president of a court martial, if required, &c. is to issue his precept, commanding the attendance of any person, to testify, &c.

Any wimess failing to appear, &c. to forfeit not exceeding 50 dolls. &c.

A witness refusing to testify, &c. or any other person behaving improperly, &c. may be imprisoned by the court.

The sentence of a court martial to be carried into execution by military force,

gular forces or otherwise, shall, whenever necessary, be appointed, held, and conducted, in the manner prescribed by the rules and articles of war for appointing, holding, and conducting, courts martial for the trial of delinquents in the army of the United States.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That in all cases in the militia, where an offence is punishable by stoppage of pay, or by imposing a fine, limited by the amount of pay, the same shall be taken to have relation to the monthly pay existing at the time the offence was committed.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That if any delinquent, directed to be summoned to appear before a court martial for neglect or refusal to obey the orders of the president of the United States, in any of the cases recited in the first, second, third, and fourth, sections of the act, entitled " An act to provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the union, suppress insurrections, and repel invasions, and to repeal the act now in force for those purposes,"* passed February twenty-eighth, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five, shall be absent when any noncommissioned officer shall call to summon him, it shall be a sufficient summoning of such delinquent if the noncommissioned officer leave a copy of the summons, or a written notice thereof, signed by him, with some person of suitable age and discretion, at the usual place of abode of such delinquent, at least And in case of the ten days previous to the day of appearance. nonappearance of such delinquent, the court martial may proceed with his trial in the same manner as if he had appeared and plead not guilty to the charge exhibited against him.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the president of any court martial for the trial of militia, if required, and upon his being duly satisfied that such testimony is material to the trial, to issue his precept, directed to any person to be summoned as a witness, commanding his or her attendance at such court, to testify for or against the person to be tried, as the case may be; and any witness, having been duly summoned, and failing to appear, without a reasonable excuse, shall forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding fifty dollars, to be sued for and recovered, in the name of the United States, by bill, plaint, or information, in any court of competent jurisdiction. And if any witness, when called upon for that purpose, shall refuse to testify, or shall behave with contempt to the court, or if any other person shall use any menacing words, signs, or gestures, in presence thereof, or shall cause any riot or disorder therein, it shall be lawful for such court to punish every such offender by imprisonment, for a term not exceeding one month, at the discretion of the court.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That, for the purpose of carrying into execution the sentence, judgment, or order, of any such court martial, for any of the offences specified in the last clause of the preceding section of this act, it shall be lawful for the court to issue an order to any commissioned officer of militia, not below the rank of captain, commanding him to carry

the same into effect by military force, whose duty it shall be to 1814. obey the same, and execute the order accordingly.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That on the trial of de-Depositions of linquents, for offences not capital, by any such court martial, the before a justice of the peace, or of the peace, or of the peace, or of the peace, or other person authorized to take affidavits, to be read in any court vided the processing the peace of of record in the state where the same shall be taken, may be read enter and accused are prein evidence, provided the prosecutor and person accused are sent at the present at taking the same, or are duly notified thereof. And the returns of further, that the returns of captains, or other commanding offidelinquents cers of companies, of delinquents drafted or ordered into the sworn to, &c. service of the United States, who shall have refused or ne-to be competent evidence, &c. glected to enter the same, sworn to as aforesaid, shall be competent evidence of the facts therein contained.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That if any person shall Persons wilfulwilfully swear false before any such court martial, or in any affi- false, &c. 10 b davit or deposition taken as aforesaid, he or she shall be ad- of wilful and judged to be guilty of wilful and corrupt perjury, and shall be corrupt perjury, indicted, tried, and punished, accordingly, by any court of competent jurisdiction in the state where such offence shall be com-

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That the militia, when Militia, when called into service of the United States by virtue of the be-vice, Sec., may fore recited act, may, if, in the opinion of the president of the be compelled to serve six months after their arrival at the serve for a term not exceeding six months after their arrival at place of rendezvous in any one year. the place of rendezvous, in any one year.

SECT. 9. And be it further enacted, That regimental chaplains Pay, rations, in the militia, which have been or shall be called into the service at chaplains, of the United States, shall receive the same monthly pay and rations as a captain of infantry, with the addition of forage for one inspection. horse; and whenever called forth into the service of the United States, division quartermasters shall be entitled to the pay, emoluments, and allowances, of a deputy quartermaster general; brigade quartermasters, to the pay, emoluments, and allowances, of an assistant deputy quartermaster general; and regimental quartermasters, to the pay and emoluments of a lieutenant of infantry, and sixteen dollars per month in addition thereto, and forage for one horse; division inspectors shall be entitled to the pay, emoluments, and allowances, of a lieutenant colonel of infantry: brigade majors, to the pay, emoluments, and allowances, of a major of infantry; aids de camp to brigadier generals, to the pay, emoluments, and allowances, of a captain of infantry; with an addition of sixteen dollars per month, and forage for one horse.

SECT. 10. And be it further enacted, That the expenses incur-Expenses incurred by marching the militia of any state or ing militia of territory of the United States to their places of rendezvous, in desvous, &c. to pursuance of a requisition of the president of the United States, be adjusted and or which shall have been, or may be, incurred in cases of calls incurred after their arrival, their arrival, their arrival. made by the authority of any state or territory which shall have &c. been or may be approved by him, shall be adjusted and paid in like manner as the expenses incurred after their arrival at such

1814. ter, arrival at the place of ren. rendezvous.

If less than a brigade, then, Two musters,

If there is no brigade major in the vicinity, the commander may direct any efficer, &c. to inspect and muster, & c.

Officers and privates having of service may have expired &c.

This act to con-tinue in force until the 17th Feb. 1815.

place of rendezvous, on the requisition of the president of the Provisomothing United States: Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be herein to authorize any spec considered as authorizing any species of expenditure previous conscience of expenditure previous to the partial of the partial of the paid for after their arrival at such place of the paid for after the

Wherea brigade was brigade of militia shall be called forth for actual service, it the brigade mas shall be the duty of the brigade major of such brigade to inspect and muster the same, and sign the muster rolls, conformably to the provisions of the act, entitled "An act more effectually to provide for the national defence, by establishing an uniform mi-[*Ch.134, vol.2.] litia throughout the United States."* If less than a brigade be called forth, then it shall be the duty of a brigade major of the district wherein such militia may rendezvous, to inspect and muster the same, and sign the muster rolls: two musters to be made, in the manner aforesaid, one on the assembling, and the other on the discharge, of such militia. If there should be no brigade major in the vicinity, the commanding officer may direct any officer, under the rank of lieutenant colonel, whether of the regular troops or militia, to inspect and muster the militia so called forth.

SECT. 12. And be it further enacted, That any commissioned officer, noncommissioned officer, musician, or private, of the mivates naving committed of. officer, noncommissioned officer, musician, or private, of the mifeness whilst in litia of the United States, who shall have committed an offence struct, may be tried, see al. while in the actual service of the United States, may be tried though the term and punished for the same, although his term of service may have expired, in like manner as if he had been actually in the service of the United States.

> SECT. 13. And be it further enacted, That this act be continued in force for and during the present war, and no longer.

[Approved, April 18, 1814.]

[† Private and obsolete.]

CHAP. 671. [CXLII.] An act for the relief of Jervis Cutler.+

The proper ac-counting offi-cersauthorized to settle the account of Jervis Cutler, and allow him the pay, &c. of a captain for the

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the proper accounting officers be, and they are hereby, authorized to settle and adjust the account of Jervis Cutler, late a captain in the army of the United States, and to allow him the pay and emolument of a captain, from the third of March until the fiftime mentioned teenth of June, one thousand eight hundred and nine.

[Approved, April 18, 1814.]

CHAP. 672. [CXLIII.] An act concerning the pay of officers, seamen, and marines, in the navy of the United States.

Pay and subsistence of commisrant officers.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representashould and war- tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the pay and subsistence of the respective commissioned and war-

rant officers be as follows: a lieutenant, other than a master commandant, or lieutenant commanding a small vessel, forty dollars per month and three rations per day; a chaplain, forty dollars per month and two rations per day; a sailing master, forty dollars per month and two rations per day; a surgeon, fifty dollars per month and two rations per day; a surgeon's mate, thirty dollars per month and two rations per day; a purser, forty dollars per month and two rations per day; a boatswain, twenty dollars per month and two rations per day; a gunner, twenty dollars per month, and two rations per day; a sailmaker, twenty dollars per month, and two rations per day; and that the pay to pay of petry be allowed to the petry officers and midshipmen, and the pay and pay and bounty bounty upon enlistment of the seamen, ordinary seamen, and mace to be rines, shall be fixed by the president of the United States: Prosident,
vided, That the whole sum to be given for the whole pay aforerovise, the
said, and for the pay of officers, and that the amount of bounties given for pay,
upon enlistment of seamen and marines, shall not exceed, for each not to exeach the sum as
any year, the amount which may, in such year, be appropriated propristed in any
year. for those purposes, respectively.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the president be, and The president he is hereby, authorized to make an addition, not exceeding make an addition, not exceeding make an addition, not exceed to make an addition, not exceed the contract of the president to make an addition, not exceed to make an addition, not exceed to make an addition, not exceed to make an addition. twenty-five per cent to the pay of the officers, petty officers, ing as per cent midshipmen, seamen, and marines, engaged in any service, the where the hardships or disadvantages of which shall, in his judgment, ships, see, of the pay the content of the pay the content of the pay the period of the pay the period of the pay the period of the pay the pay the period of the pay the period of the pay the period of the pay of the officers, petty officers, ing as per cent of the pay of the pay of the pay of the pay of the officers, petty officers, ing as per cent of the pay of the officers, petty officers, ing as per cent of the pay of the officers, petty officers, ing as per cent of the pay of the officers, petty officers, ing as per cent of the pay of the officers, petty officers, ing as per cent of the pay render such an addition necessary. [Approved, April 18, 1814.] necessary.

1814.

CHAP. 673. [CXLIV.] An act supplemental to an act, entitled "An act [" See orlg, act, for ascertaining the titles and claims to lands in that part of Louisians of asth April, which lies east of the river Mississippi and island of New Orleans."

306.] which lies east of the river Mississippi and island of New Orleans."

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The time for detection the time for delivering notices, and the evidences of claims, to ke of claims, to ke of claims, lands, as required by the act to which this is a supplement, be, and the let Sept. the same hereby is, extended until the first day of September 1814. next

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty The commissioners appointed under the act aforesaid, to receive such evidences as to them may be offered in support of any site to receive claims which may not be embraced by said act, and to report ed, sc. and rethe same, together with those referred to in the first section of port them to the commissioner of this act, on or before the first day of November next, to the the general land office, sc. commissioner of the general land office, to be by him laid before congress, at their next session.

SECT. 3. And he it further enacted, That the commissioner The commissioner for the for the district east of Pearl river and west of the Perdido be, district east of and he is hereby, authorized and required to receive and make required to report, as aforesaid, on all claims to lands lying east of the river report on all. Tombigbee. [Approved, April 18, 1814.]

CHAP. 674. [CXLV.] An act for the relief of John Pitchlyn.*

Private and booletc.]

The proper ac-counting officers of the depart-ment of war required to settle John Pitchlyn, interpreter for the Choctaws, and allow him a reasonable componsation

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the proper accounting officers of the department of war be, and they are hereby, authorized and required, to settle and adjust the account of John Pitchlyn, late an interpreter for the Choctaw Indians, and to allow him a reasonable compensation for his services from the first of February, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-six, until the third of March, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-nine, the amount whereof shall be paid out of for his services, any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, April 18, 1814.]

CHAP. 675. [CXLVI.] An act to fix the compensation of the clerks employed in the offices of the secretary of the senate and clerk of the house of representatives.

The principal clerk in the office of the secretary of the senate, and of the clerk of the house, allowed 1,500 dolls, per ann. and each of the engross ing clerks 1,250 dolls. &c.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, in lieu of the annual compensations of the clerks employed in the office of the secretary of the senate, and in the office of the clerk of the house of representatives, as now fixed by law, there shall be allowed, to the principal clerk in each of said offices, fifteen hundred dollars, and to each of the engrossing clerks employed in said offices, twelve hundred and fifty dollars, per annum, to be paid, quarter yearly, out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

This act to take effect from the

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That this act shall take effect from and after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen. [Approved, April 18, 1814.]

[† Private.]

CHAP. 676. [CXLVII.] An act for the renewal of a land warrant to George Shannon.†

The secretary of war directed to cause to be grantedioG orge Shamer a war-Fant for 320 acres of and, in lieu of one for the came quantity, lost, &c.

Proviso; the warrant hereto-for, obtained by

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the secretary of war be, and he hereby is, directed to cause to be granted to George Shannon, a warrant for three hundred and twenty acres of land, in lieu of warrant number twenty-one, for the said quantity of land, issued to the said Shannon, on the sixth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and seven, under an act of congress passed the third day of March, one thousand eight hundred and seven, entitled "An act making compensation [HADE, ed. 97.] to Messieurs Lewis and Clark, and their companions," which is lost; which said warrant, so to be granted, shall have all the properties of the one heretofore obtained by the said Shannon: Provided, nevertheless, and it is hereby declared, That the said warrant heretofore obtained by the said Shannon, and any pro-Shannon, &c. to be mull and void to all be mull and void to all intents and purposes. [Approved, April 18, 1814.]

CHAP. 677. [CXLVIII.] An act for the relief of John Whitney and Joseph H. Dorr.

Private and bsoleta.]

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the secretary of the treasury of the United States be, and hereby is, authorized and empowered, upon the petition of John Whitney and Joseph H. Dorr, the sureties of the owners of the schooner Industry, to remit the penalty which the said owners incurred by the illegal malading of sixty-nine boxes and eight to remit the penalty which the said owners of the owners of the schooner Industry, to remit the penalty which the said owners of the owners o ers; and the said secretary is also authorized to pay to the said Whitney and Dorr, out of any moneys in the treasury, not other-proving; no wise appropriated, any sum that may be by him so remitted: of the penalty provided, however, This act shall not be construed to authorize than what has the remission of any greater portion of said penalty than what accrued to the use of the United States. And provided also, ted States. Provise; if the has accrued to the use of the United States. April 18. 1814.]

Province thinks the said secretary shall be of opinion that the said penalty the penalty ought to be said.

semitted.

CHAP. 678. [CXLIX.] An act for the relief of John D. Hay.†

[† Private and obsolete.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That John D. Hay, postmaster at Vincennes, be, and he is hereby, John D. Hay, postmaster at released and discharged from the payment of three hundred and vincennes, retwenty-five dollars received by him as postmaster for the general payment of 325 post office department, which said three hundred and twenty-five dolls &c. which were destroyed dollars were, together with other property belonging to the said by fire. John D. Hay, destroyed by fire. [Approved, April 18, 1814.]

CHAP. 679. [CL.] An act to amend the act laying duties on licenses to relational tailers of wines, spirituous liquors, and foreign merchandise, and for other Aug. 1913; ante. purposes.‡

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- Nothlag in the first sec. of the tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That act laying duties on onlicenses to nothing contained in the first section of the act laying duties on retailers of retailers of the section of the act laying duties on retailers of the section of the act laying duties on retailers of the section of the act laying duties on retailers of the section of the sect licenses to retailers of wines, spirituous liquors, and foreign mer-wines, &c. to extend to physicians who keep sistans who keep inclications who keep medicines solely medicines solely on hand medicines solely for the purpose of making up their for their own per thems, &c. own prescriptions for their own patients, nor shall any physician, surgeon, or chemist, for vending, solely in his practice, medicines to his patients, be subjected to take out license as a retail dealer in foreign merchandise.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That where any collector where collect shall have required any physician, surgeon, or chemist, vending of physicians,

See, they are to be cancelled, and the duties re-funded, see,

Upon the sale or transfer of a the new propri-eter, entry of such sale, &c. having been pro-viously made,

In case any still, &c. shall be burnt; &c. the collector to remit the portion of duties reaning unpaid,

Proviso; the burning to be verified previ-ous to remission,

Provisor the judge or justice befor whom the burning is verified, must endorse on the certificate his belief of the facts, &c.

Persons, &c. dy-ing, the heirs, &c. may retail under their li-censes, &c.

application, in writing, to the

Persons, &cc. dy-ing, the heirs, unexpired time of the ligense.

medicine, exclusively to his patients in his practice, to take out See vending me license as a retail dealer in foreign merchandise, every such coldicines soldy to least a is hearthy authorized and required to consol arrange and li patients, 800 to lector is hereby authorized and required to cancel every such li-take out licenses, cense and to repay only many and required to cancel every such license and to repay any money received for the same; and in every case where the money has not been received, to grant a release for the same.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That, upon the sale or transfer of any licensed still or boiler, or other vessel used in dis-Hemsed still, transfer of any ticensed still or boiler, or other vessel used in this the right of using the same, during the term for which it to seeme to such license shall remain in force, shall accrue to the new proprietor or possessor; entry of such sale or transfer having been previously made at the office of the collector for the district by the person selling or transferring the same, and the same having

been endorsed on the original license.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That in case any still, boiler, or other vessel used in distillation, shall be burnt, or otherwise destroyed, the collector for the district wherein the same shall have been situate, shall be empowered, and is hereby directed, to remit such portion of the duties which may have been bonded for the license granted therefor, and shall, at the time of the burning or destruction thereof, remain unpaid, as would have accrued for the time between such burning or destruction, and the expiration of the period for which such license was granted: Provided, That previous to such remission, the said burning or destruction shall be verified, under the oath or affirmation of the owner or superintendent of such still, boiler, or other vessel, before a judge or justice of the peace residing within the said district: And provided, That the said judge or justice shall endorse on said certificate his belief of the facts therein set forth, and that the burning or destruction did not arise from a fraudulent intent to defraud the revenue; and in case of such remission of duties, the license previously granted for such still, boiler, or other vessel used in distillation, shall be of no further avail.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That in case any person or persons, to whom a license for retailing may be granted, shall die before the commencement or during the period thereof, the heirs, executors, or administrators, of such person or persons, Licenses may be shall be authorized to retail under the same; and any person to whom a license for retailing shall be granted, may, on application in writing to the collector for the district, have the same transferred to any other person in the same collection district; in which several cases it shall be the duty of the collector to endorse on the said licenses a certificate of such transfer, without which certificate this provision shall be of no avail.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That in case any person &c. may employ or persons, to whom a license for employing a still in distilling the stills for the entire transfer the stills for the entire transfer to the still for the entire transfer to the still for the entire transfer to the still for the entire transfer transfer to the still for the entire transfer t spirituous liquors may be granted, shall die before the commencement, or during the period, thereof, the heirs, executors, or administrators, of such person or persons, shall be authorized to employ the same for the unexpired period of such license: Provisor appli-cation to be pre- Provided, An application, previous to using the same, be made, in

writing, by the said heirs, executors, or administrators, to the collector for the district, and that a certificate of such transfer be the heirs, in the heirs, in without which certificate this provi-writing, to the collector, and sion shall be of no avail.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty Retailers to of any person to whom a license for retailing may have been consected their licenses on degranted, to produce and exhibit the same on the demand of the der a penalty of collector for the district, made at the place of retailing; for refusing to do which said person shall forfeit the sum of one hundred dollars.

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That, in case of the sick- In case of sickness or temporary inability of a collector to discharge such of his ness, &c. the ducties as cannot, under existing laws, be discharged by a deputy, or, which cannot, which cannot have a constant of the commissioner vided, &c. of the revenue, and the same shall be approved by him: And provided, That the responsibility of the collector, or his sureties, to the United States, shall not be thereby impaired.

SECT. 9. And be it further enacted, That, in case a collector In case a col shall die, resign, or be removed, the deputy in his service, at the lettor dies, resigns, ex. the time immediately preceding, who shall have been longest employed may played by him, may and shall, until a successor is appointed, disdistante the duties, until sec.

charge all the duties of said collector.

SECT. 10. And be it further enacted, That all letters and pac-All letters, &c. kets to and from the commissioner of the revenue, of whatever commissioner of weight, shall be received and conveyed by the mail, free of the received and postage. [Approved, April 18, 1814.]

CHAP. 680. [CLI.] An act making additional appropriations for the service of the year one thousand eight hundred and fourteen.*

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the sum of six hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars be, e25,000 dolls, ap and the same is hereby, appropriated for the purpose of defray- defraying calling the expenses which have been, or may be, incurred in building and in building and ing and equipping vessels of war on lakes Ontario and Champlain, equipping vessels of war on to be paid, first, out of the balances of appropriations for the lake of war on and Champlain, aupport of the navy remaining unexpended at the end of the year &c. one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, and secondly, out of the surplus of any other appropriation which may, in the opinion of the president, be transferred to that object without injury to the public service.

Sect. 2. And be it further enacted, That, for defraying the ex-Additional sums pense of additional clerks in the offices of the secretary of the appropriated for defraying the treasury, comptroller, and auditor, of the United States, the folder of additional clerks in the offices of the sum already appropriated, be, in the offices of and they are hereby, appropriated: For the office of the secretary of the treasury, of the treasury of the treasury, of the treasury of the treasury, of the treasury of the treasury of the treasury, of the treasury of of the treasury, the sum of one thousand dollars; for the office of auditor, &c. the comptroller, seven hundred dollars; and for the auditor's office one thousand dollars; which several sums shall be paid out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

199,391 dolls. additional ap-propriated to pay the bounty, &c. of the ma-rine corps, &c.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That, in addition to the sums already appropriated to those objects, the sum of one hundred and eighty-nine thousand two hundred and ninety-one dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated to pay the bounty, subsistence, clothing, and other expenses, of the marine corps, to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

propriated for the bounty and pay of seamen, for the year 1814, in addi-tion, &cc.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the sum of one 229,700 dolls. ap- hundred and twenty-two thousand seven hundred dollars be appropriated for the bounty and pay of seamen, for the year one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, in addition to the sum already appropriated, to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated. [Approved, April 18, 1814.]

> CHAP. 681. [CLII.] An act concerning certificates of confirmation of claims to lands in the state of Louisiana.

Where certificate s of confirmation to lands lying in either of the districts of Louisiana, have been is-sued according to the act men-tioned, &c. the certificates are to be delivered who is to sur the expense of States, &c. make general and particular plats, and make return thereof to the proper register, and to

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, in all cases where certificates of confirmation to lands, lying in either of the land districts established by law in the state of Louisiana, have been issued agreeably with the provisions of the act, entitled " An act respecting claims to lands in the territories of Orleans and Louisiana,"* passed the third March, one thousand eight hundred and seven, and which were directed to be filed with the proper register of the land office within twelve months to the principal after date, and on claims which are included in the transcript of deputy surveyor divisions made in favor of claimants and transmitted to the sedivisions made in favor of claimants and transmitted to the sevey the lands at cretary of the treasury, the said certificates shall, in every case where the lands have not been already surveyed according to law, be, by the said registers, delivered to the principal deputy surveyor of the district, together with the proper descriptions of the tracts to be surveyed, wherein the quantity, locality, and connexion, when practicable with each other, shall be stated, at any sioner of the getime after the expiration of three months from the passage of this penal land office. L'aute, ch. ol. act, (unless the claimant shall otherwise specially direct,) whose duty it shall be, under the direction of the surveyor of the lands south of Tennessee, to accurately survey the land, at the expense of the United States, according to the said certificates of confirmation and description, and make general and particular plats thereof, which he shall return to the office of the proper register. together with the original certificates; and it shall be the further duty of the said surveyor to make a like return of the plats to the Proving the ex- commissioner of the general land office: Provided, The expense of surveying the said tracts shall not exceed that allowed by law for surveying the public lands in the said state.

pense of survey-ing not to ex-ceed, &c.

As soon as the in favor of the claimants, &c.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That so soon as the said tracts have been tracts of land shall have been thus surveyed, and the surveys ther gister is to thereof returned to the office of the proper register, together with the original certificates of the commissioners, it shall be the duty of the said register to issue certificates in favor of the caimants entitled thereto, which he shall transmit to the commissioner of the general land office; and if it shall appear to the satisfaction of the said commissioner that the certificates have been fairly obtained, and correspond with the transcript heretofore transmitted to the secretary of the treasury, and the plats returned by the surveyors, patents shall be granted in like manner as is provided Patents to be by law for the other public lands of the United States; which vided by law for patents shall be transmitted by the commissioner of the general other public lands, &c. land office to the proper register, to be by him delivered to the claimants entitled thereto; and the said register, for delivering s dolls to the the certificates and descriptions of the tracts to the surveyor, patenticlivered, making out and forwarding the returns to the general land office, and delivering the patents, shall be entitled to, and receive, from each claimant, the sum of two dollars for such patent so delivered. [Approved, April 18, 1814.]

CHAP. 682. [CLIII.] An act granting to the president and directors of the New Orleans Navigation Company, and their successors, a lot of ground.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representaall the right and claim of the United States to a lot of ground in the right and claim of the United States to a lot of ground in the county of Orleans, and state of Louisiana, bounded above by the lands of Don Miguel, and fronting on the bayou St. John, the county of containing one hundred and eighty feet front and five hundred of Orleans, &c. as described, with and forty feet back, including the improvements thereon, now the improvement occupied by the said company, be, and the same hereby is, vested in and conveyed to the president and directors of the Orleans and directors of Navigation Company, for the time being, and their successors, Navigation Company, &c. tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That

[Approved, April 18, 1814.]

RESOLUTIONS.

[No. 1.] Resolution for the printing and distribution of an additional number of the journals of congress, and of the documents published under their order.

Resolved, by the senate and house of representatives of the Uni-200 copies besed States of America in congress assembled, That, of the public puntals
journals of the senate and of the house of representatives, of the of the of the orders, and every future, congress, commencing with the present
sessiou, and of the documents published under the orders of the orders of the senate and of the house of representatives, respectively, from the
commencement of the present session, there shall be printed two with the present
hundred copies beyond the number wavelly printed; of which session, there hundred copies beyond the number usually printed; of which nicribution of twenty-five copies shall be deposited in the library of the United the additional copies. States, at the seat of government, to be delivered to members of congress during any session, and to all other persons authorized by law to use the books in the said library, upon their application to the librarian, and giving their responsible receipts for the

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same, in like manner as for other books. And that so many other of the said copies shall be transmitted, in like manner as the acts of congress are transmitted, to the executives of the several states and territories, as shall be sufficient to furnish one copy to each executive, one copy to each branch of every state and territorial legislature, one copy to each university and college in each state, and one copy to the historical society incorporated, or which shall be incorporated, in each state: and that the residue of the said two hundred copies be deposited in the library of the United States, subject to the future disposition of congress. [Approved, December 27, 1813.]

[No. 2.] Resolutions expressive of the sense of congress of the gallant conduct of captain Oliver H. Perry, the officers, seamen, marines, and infantry acting as such, on board of his squadron.

Resolved, by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the thanks of engress present congress be, and the same are hereby, presented to captain Oliver werl. Perry, and through him, to the officers, petty officers, the officers, petty officers, seamen, marines, and infantry serving as such, attached to the squadron under his command, for the decisive and glorieus victory gained on lake Erie, on the tenth of September, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, over a British squadron of superior force.

The president requested to cause gold medals to be struck, emblematical of the action data to be struck between the two squadrons, and to present them to captain Perry and to present them to captain Perry Teams D. Elliott, in such manner as will be most honorable to them; and that the president be further requested. A silver model, to present a silver medal, with suitable emblems and devices, to each of the commissioned officers, either of the navy or army, messes our deep, and a sword serving on board, and a sword to each of the midshipmen and sman and saling sailing masters, who so nobly distinguished themselves on that memorable day.

Resolved, That the president of the United States be requested requested to present a silver medal, with like emblems and devices, to the nearest male relative of lieutenant John Brooks, of the marines, relative of lieut.

John Brooks,
and a sword to the nearest male relatives of midshipmen Henry
and a sword to Laub and Thomas Claxton, jun. and to communicate to them the
relatives of mid-deep regret which congress feel for the loss of those gallant men, whose names ought to live in the recollection and affection of a grateful country, and whose conduct ought to be regarded as an example to future generations.

Resolved, That three months' pay be allowed, exclusively of the common allowance, to all the petty officers, seamen, marines, and infantry serving as such, who so gloriously supported the honor of the American flag, under the orders of their gallant commander, on that signal occasion.

[Approved, January 6, 1814.]

The thanks of nen, marines, ed to the squar command, for the decisive and glorious vietery ined on lake

Perry and El-liot, &c. &c. to each com-

The president medal to the arest male Claxton,

Three months' pay, exclusive-iy, ac. allowed to the petry offi-cers, seamen, and marines,

[No. 3.] Resolution relative to the brilliant achievement of lieutenants Bur-1814. rows and M'Call.

Resolved, by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the president present to the nearest male house of the United States be requested to present to the nearest male house of lieutenant William Burrows, and to lieutenant Edward and to lieut. R. M. Call, of the brig Enterprize, a gold medal, with suitable gold medal, &c. a gold medal, &c. a gold medal, &c. a gold medal, &c. a silver medal, with like emblems and A silver medal, devices, to each of the commission-wessel in testimony of the high sense entertained by congress of conficur of the vessel, in testimony of the high sense entertained by congress of ed officers of the beig Enterprise, the gallantry and good conduct of the officers and crew in the &c. conflict with the British sloop Boxer, on the fourth of September, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirteen. And The president the president is also requested to communicate to the nearest communicate to male relative of lieutenant Burrows, the deep regret which conrelative of lieutenant Burrows, the deep regret which congress feel for the loss of that valuable officer, who died in the
deep regret
arms of victory, nobly contending for his country's rights and
which congress
feel for his loss,
feel for his loss, fame. [Approved, January 6, 1814.]

[No. 4.] Resolution relative to the brilliant achievement of captain James Lawrence, in the capture of the British vessel of war the Peacock.

Resolved, by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the president present to the United States be requested to present to the nearest male relative of captain James Lawrence, a gold medal, and a silver agold medal, medal to each of the commissioned officers who served under agold medal, and a silver medal to each of the commissioned officers who served under the bim in the sloop of war Hornet, in her conflict with the British officers who vessel of war the Peacock, in testimony of the high sense entertained by congress of the gallantry and good conduct of the offinet, &c.

Cers and crew in the capture of that vessel: and the president is The president cers and crew in the capture of that vessel; and the president is The president also requested to communicate to the nearest relative of captain communicate Lawrence the sense which congress entertains of the loss which to the nearest relative of capt. the naval service of the United States has since sustained in the Lawrence the sense which [Approved, January 11, 1814.] the service has appropriately service has appropriately service has appropriately service has appropriately service has approximately service ha death of that distinguished officer.

[No. 5.] Resolution directing a sword to be presented to the nearest male relation of midshipman John Clark.

Resolved, by the senate and house of representatives of the Uni- The president ted States of America in congress assembled, That the president requested to present a sword to the nearest of the United States be requested to present a sword to the nearest male relation of midshipman John Clark, who was slain gallantly combating the enemy in the glorious battle gained on lake Erie, was slain gallantly under the command of captain Perry, and to communicate to ing the enemy, him the deep regret which congress feels for the loss of that &c. brave officer. [Approved, February 19, 1814.]

ACTS OF THE RTEENTH CONGRESS

OF

THE UNITED STATES:

PASSED AT THE THIRD SESSION, WHICH WAS BEGUN AND HELD AT THE CITY OF WASHINGTON, IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, ON MONDAY, THE 19TH OF SEPTEMBER, 1814, AND ENGED OR THE SE OF MARCH, 1815.

James Madison, President. E. Gerry, Vice President, and President of the Senate. John Gaillard, President of the Senate, pro rempore, from the 1st of December. Langdon Cheves, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

1814. CHAP. 683. An act further to extend the right of suffrage, and to increase the number of members of the legislative council, in the Mississippi terri-

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That Every free white each and every free white male person, being a citizen of the male citizen, at United States, who shall have attained the age of twenty-one paying paids. tax, &c. entitled years, and who shall have paid a county or territorial tax, and to vote, &c. who also shall have resided one year in said territory previous to any general election, and be, at the time of any such election, a resident thereof, shall be entitled to vote for members of the house of representatives, and a delegate to congress, for the territory aforesaid: any thing in the ordinance or in any act relative to the government of said territory to the contrary notwith-

The house of re-SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the house of reprepresentatives to sentatives of the territory aforesaid be, and they hereby are, aunominate eight persons, &c. to the president, thorized, to nominate eight persons, being citizens of the United the pressurent, four of whom to be appointed members of the legislative council for said terribeliantive council for said terribelia ordinance to the contrary notwithstanding.

[Approved, October 25, 1814.]

CHAP. 684. An act further extending the time for locating Virginia military land warrants, and for returning the surveys thereon to the general land office.

عسب

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The officers and the officers and soldiers of the Virginia line, on continental soldiers of the virginia line, e.e. establishment, their heirs or assigns, entitled to bounty lands allowed until 3d within the tract reserved by Virginia, between the little Miami

standing.

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and Scion rivers, for satisfying the legal bounties to her officers and soldiers upon continental establishment, shall be allowed a rain warrants further term of three years, from and after the passage of this the 5d WO. 131 act, to obtain warrants and complete their locations, and a furto-return their surveys, &c. to ther term of five years, from and after the passage of this act as the general is aforesaid, to return their surveys and warrants, or certified copies of warrants, to the general land office, any thing in any former act to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided, That no provise; no locations, as aforesaid, within the abovementioned tract, shall, make on tract after the passing of this act, be made on tracts of land for which for which patents had previously been issued, or which had been previously is ously surveyed; and any patent which may, nevertheless, be obtained for land located contrary to the provisions of this act, shall be considered as null and void.

[Approved, November 3, 1814.]

CHAP. 685. An act authorizing the president of the United States to cause [*Repealed.5ee to be built or purchased the vessels therein described.* see. 5, chap. 745, pool.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- The president tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, cause we built in addition to the present naval establishment, the president of account to the present to the senate of the Congress of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause to the sent time at the carry from 8 be built or purchased, manned, equipped, and officered, any to 16 gens, &c. number of vessels, not exceeding twenty, which, in his opinion, the public service may require, to carry not less than eight, nor more than sixteen, guns each.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That, for the building, or consoled dalls: appropriated in purchase, and equipping, of these vessels, the sum of six hun-presenting and dred thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, vessels, see to be paid out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated. [Approved, November 15, 1814.]

CHAP. 686. An act to authorize a loan for a sum not exceeding three mil- [7.5ecactof20th Dec. 1814; ch. lions of dollars.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- The president sives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That suffering to the borrow not exceed the United States of America in congress assembled, That suffer to the borrow not exceed the United States of America in congress assembled, That suffer to the borrow not exceed the United States of America in congress assembled, That suffer to the borrow not exceed the United States of America in congress assembled, That suffer to the borrow not exceed the United States of America in congress assembled, That suffer to the borrow not exceed the United States of America in congress assembled, That suffer to the United States of America in congress assembled, That suffer to the United States of America in congress assembled, That suffer to the United States of America in congress assembled, That suffer to the United States of America in congress assembled, That suffer to the United States of America in congress assembled, That suffer to the United States of America in congress assembled, That suffer to the United States of America in congress assembled, That suffer to the United States of the Un the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, author-edings,000,00 dolls. to defray ized to borrow, on the credit of the United States, a sum not authorized exexceeding three millions of dollars, to be applied, in addition to penses, &c. the moneys now in the treasury, or which may be received from other sources, to defray any expenses which have been, or, during the present year, may be, authorized by law, and for which appropriations have been, or, during the present year, may be, made by law: Provided, That no engagement or contract Proviso; no so shall be entered into, which shall preclude the United States the United States the United States from reimbursing any sum or sums thus borrowed, at any time from reimb after the expiration of twelve years from the last day of December next.

The secretary of the treasury authorised to eause or tificates of stock to be constituted and sold, &c.

The secretary of the treasury to lay before congress an account of the moneys obtained, fcc.
The secretary of the treasury authorized to employ agents to procure subscriptions or to sell the stock,

Commission to agents, &c.

Not exceeding 9,000 dolls, appropriated for defraying expenses incident to the loan.

Treasury not es, payable on or before the 1st Jan. 1815, may Se received in payment of loans, &c.

So much of the annual appropriation of a,000,000 dolls, as may be wanted, &c. pledged for the interest and principal of the stock, &c.

The commissioners of the sinking fund to cause the necessary sums to be applied, &c., yearly, &c.

The commissioners may redeem the stock by purchase, &re. SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the secretary of the treasury, with the approbation of the president of the United States, be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause to be constituted certificates of stock, signed by the register of the treasury, or by a commissioner of loans, for the sum to be borrowed by this act, or for any part thereof, and the same to be sold. And the secretary of the treasury shall lay before congress an account of all the moneys obtained by the sale of the certificates of stock in manner aforesaid, together with a statement of the rate at which the same may have been sold.

Sect. 3. And be it further enacted, That the secretary of the

treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized, with the approbation of the president of the United States, to employ an agent or agents, for the purpose of obtaining subscriptions to the loan authorized by this act, or of selling any part of the stock to be created by virtue thereof. A commission, not exceeding one-quarter of one per cent. on the amount thus sold, or for which subscriptions shall have been thus obtained, may, by the secretary of the treasury, be allowed to such agent or agents; and a sum not exceeding nine thousand dollars, to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, is hereby appropriated for paying the amount of such commission or commissions as may be thus allowed, and also for defraying the expenses of printing, and issuing the subscription certificates and certificates of stock, and other expenses incident to the completing of the loan authorized by this act.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful to receive in payment of any loan obtained under this act, or under any other act of congress authorizing a loan, treasury notes which have been issued according to law, and which shall become due and payable on or before the first day of January next, at the par value of such treasury notes, together with the interest thereon accrued, at the time of the payment on account of the loan.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That so much of the funds constituting the annual appropriation of eight millions of dollars, for the payment of the principal and interest of the public debt of the United States, as may be wanted for that purpose, after satisfying the sums necessary for the payment of the interest and such part of the principal of said debt, as the United States are now pledged annually to pay or reimburse, is hereby pledged and appropriated for the payment of the interest, and for the reimbursement of the principal, of the stock which may be created by virtue of this act. It shall, accordingly, be the duty of the commissioners of the sinking fund to cause to be applied and paid, out of the said fund, yearly, such sum and sums as may be annually wanted to discharge the interest accruing on the said stock, and to reimburse the principal, as the same shall become due, and may be discharged, in conformity with the terms of the loan; and they are further authorized to apply, from time to time, such sum or sums, out of the said fund, as they may think proper, towards redeeming, by purchase, and at a price not above par, the principal of the said stock, or any part thereof.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That, in addition to the annual sum of eight millions of dollars, heretofore appropriated Adequate and to the sinking fund, adequate and permanent funds shall, during tional funds to the present session of congress, be provided and appropriated, be provided, for the payment of the interest and reimbursement of the prinand principal, and and apprincipal, and and apprincipal, and and apprincipal, and app cipal of said stock created by this act.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That an adequate and Adequate and permanent sinking fund, gradually to reduce, and eventually to ing fund, &c. to extinguish, the public debt, contracted, and to be contracted, durble catablished, &c. ing the present war, shall also be established during the present session of congress.

session of congress.

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful Anyof the banks in the district of Columbia, to lend any part Columbia may lend any part of the sum authorized to be borrowed by virtue of this act, any the sum authorized to be borrowed by virtue of this act, any the sum authorized to be borrowed. See the contrary notwithstanding. thing in any of their charters to the contrary notwithstanding. ized to be browed, Sec. [Approved, November 15, 1814.]

CHAP. 687. An act for the relief of John Chalmers, junior.*

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- The accounting tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That officers of the accounting officers of the navy department be, and they are bereby, directed to settle the account of John Chalmers, junior, count of John and to allow the same for actual disbursements by him made, in and allow him for the count of John Chalmers, junior, count of John Chalmers, junior, juni

the manufacture of cordage for the United States frigate Java, for disburse the manufacture of cordage for the United States frigate Java, ments inche upon such terms as may embrace the justice of his case.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the amount thereof, Java, &c.

when liquidated by the proper authority, shall be paid out of any when, &c. to be paid out of the proper in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

treasury, &c.

[Approved, November 21, 1814.]

CHAP. 688. An act to authorize the publication of the laws of the United States within the territories of the United States.

money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the secretary for the department of state be, and he is hereby, of state authorized to cause the laws of the United States, passed, or to the laws to be passed, during the present or any future session of congress, published in two to be published in two of the public newspapers within each and each territory. every territory of the United States: Provided, In his opinion, it Proviso; if neshall become necessary and expedient.

[Approved, November 21, 1814.]

CHAP. 689. An act authorizing the secretary of the treasury to appoint a clerk in the office of the commissioner of the revenue, with power to sign licenses.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That

1814 treasury authorized to designate a clerk to

the head of the treasury department shall be, and he is hereby, The head of the authorized, from time to time, as may be requisite, to designate assist in signing in the signing of the licenses issuing from that office; and the licenses, &c. clerk to signing on the licenses issuing from that office; and the signing own name to sign his own name to sign his own name to sign his own name to such licenses; which signature shall be as walld as about the said commissioner of the revenue.

[Approved, November 22, 1814.]

[Expired.]

CHAP. 690. An act authorizing the secretary of state, during the continuance of the present war, to make an additional allowance to the owners and masters of vessels, for bringing back to the United States destitute and distressed American seamen.

The secretary of state, during lowance f turning desti-ture American seamen to the United States

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That during the continuance of the present war, the secretary of state be, and he is hereby, authorized, in addition to the sum of ten dollars, at present allowed by law for returning destitute American seamen to the United States, to allow such additional compensation as he may deem reasonable, to be paid out of the sum annually appropriated for the relief of destitute American seamen.

The scerrary of state author-ized to adjust and settle claims exhibited at the department of state, for return ing destimate

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the secretary of state be, and he is hereby, authorized, to adjust and settle such claims as may have been exhibited at the department of state, for returning destitute American seamen to the United States, and to allow, in addition to the ten dollars at present allowed by law, such additional compensation as he may deem reasonable, and to pay the same out of the fund appropriated for the relief of destitute American seamen.

This act to continue in force until the 17th Feb. 1816.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That this act shall continue and be in force during the continuance of the present war between the United States and Great Britain, and for one year thereafter. [Approved, December 1, 1814.]

Private.]

CHAP. 691. An act for the relief of John Castille, of the city of New Orleans.†

The secretary of the treasure required to dis-

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the secretary of the treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized change John and required to discharge from his imprisonment John Castille, Castille, confined at present confined in the prison at Orleans, in consequence of a the suit of the United States.

Judgment obtained against him at the suit of the United States: Provisor present Provided, however, That nothing contained in this act shall exand future property liable, &c. onerate any property (which the said John Castille now has or may hereafter acquire) from the judgment obtained against him by the United States.

[Approved, December 1, 1814.]

CHAP. 692. An act making further provision for filling the ranks of the army of the United States.*

BECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, from and after the passing of this act, each and every commissioned officer who shall be employed in the recruiting service, free afterive, shall be, and he hereby is, authorized to enlist into the army of men, from 18 to the United States, any free, effective, able bodied man, between the ages of eighteen and fifty years; which enlistment shall be abthe eighteen solute and binding upon all persons under the age of twenty-one some under a years, as well as upon persons of full age, such recruiting officer having complied with all the requisitions of the laws regulating the recruiting service.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be law- weither bounts ful for any recruiting officer to pay or deliver to a recruit under enlisted minoral the age of twenty-one years, to be enlisted by virtue of this act, liberty, until a any bounty or clothing, or in any manner restrain him of his li- ter 4 days, &c. berty, until after the expiration of four days from the time of his enlistment; and it shall be lawful for the said recruit, at any time may reduring the said four days, to reconsider and withdraw his enlistment, and thereupon he shall forthwith be discharged and exonerated from the same.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That so much of the so much of the fifth section of the act, passed the twentieth day of January, one set mentioned. thousand eight hundred and thirteen, entitled "An act supplementary to the act, entitled "An act for the more perfect orrents, &c. reganization of the army of the United States," as requires the [tante, ch. 477.] consent, in writing, of the parent, guardian, or master, to authorize the enlistment of persons under the age of twenty-one years, shall be, and the same is hereby, repealed: Provided, how- Proviso; in case of the enlistment of any person held to ser-ment of any person held to s vice as an apprentice, under the provisions of this act, whenever menter is enti such person, at the time of his enlistment, shall be held by his in- sled to a p denture to serve for any term between two and three years, his bounty. master shall be entitled to receive one-half of the money bounty; if held, in like manner, to serve between one and two years, the master shall be entitled to receive one-third of the money bounty as aforesaid; and if held, in like manner, to serve one year or less, the master shall be entitled to receive one-fourth of the moncy bounty as aforesaid.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That, in lieu of the Rach noncombounty of one hundred and sixty acres of land, now allowed by missioned ellowed law, there shall be allowed to each noncommissioned officer and hyrester cells. soldier, hereafter enlisted, when discharged from service, who is 330 acres of shall have obtained from the commanding officer of his com- bad, in lie pany, battalion, or regiment, a certificate that he had faithfully performed his duty whilst in service, three hundred and twenty acres of land, to be surveyed, laid off, and granted, under the same regulations, and, in every respect, in the manner now prescribed by law: and the widow and children, and if there be no The widow and widow nor child, the parents of every noncommissioned officer children, or parents of every noncommissioned officer children, or those and soldier, entisted according to law, who may be killed or die who are killed

the land; but,.

Persons subject to militia duty, furnishing a recruit to serve for the war, ex-empted, &cc.

Rach recruit furnished, &c. to be delivered to a recruiting officer, who is to grant a re-ceipt, and re-port to the department of war, &c.

Recruits fur-nished, &c. en-tkled to the bounty in land,

the United States.

in the service of the United States, shall be entitled to receive or die in the ser the three hundred and twenty acres of land as aforesaid; but the same shall not pass to collateral relations, any law heretofore passed to the contrary notwithstanding.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That any person subject to militia duty, who shall, according to law, furnish a recruit for the army of the United States, at his own expense, to serve during the war, shall thereafter be exempt from militia duty during the war; and every recruit, thus furnished, shall be delivered to some recruiting officer of the United States, who shall immediately grant his receipt for such recruit, to the person furnishing him, and shall forthwith report the same to the department of war, and shall specify in the report the name of such person, and his place of residence, as well as the name and description of the recruit; whereupon it shall be the duty of the secretary for the department of war to grant to the person furnishing such recruit a certificate of exemption from militia duty during the war, upon calls made upon the authority of the United States, which certificate shall be good and available to all intents and purposes for that object: And every recruit thus furnished shall be entitled to the bounty in land, in the same manner, and upon the same conditions, as the other recruits in the army of

CHAP. 693. An act supplementary to an act, laying duties on notes of banks, bankers, and certain companies, on notes, bonds, and obligations, discounted by banks, bankers, and certain companies, and on bills of exchange of certain descriptions.*

[Approved, December 10, 1814.]

the treasury
may agree to an
annual composition with pri-

[* See orig. act, of 9d Aug. 1813; aute, ch. \$81.]

lieu of stamp duties, at the rate of 1 and a half t per cent. &cc.

Private bankers desirous of compounding, to transmit a statement to the secretary of the treasury, veri-fied on oath, &c. Every private banker, after composition, to keep a weekly account of disounts, issues, &cc. transmit a monthly transmonthly trans-cript to the se-cretary of the treasury, and make a half yearly statement of profits,

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, Thesecretary of in respect to the stamp duties of any of the notes of private bankers which are subject by law to such duties, it shall be lawful for the secretary of the treasury to agree to an annual comvate bankers, in position, in lieu thereof, with any of the said private bankers, at the rate of one and a half per centum on the amount of the annual profit made by such private bankers, respectively, upon the capital employed in the business of their respective banks, to be ascertained as is hereinafter provided.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That every private banker, who shall be desirous to enter into the composition aforesaid, shall, at the time of proposing the same, transmit to the secretary of the treasury a statement, verified by his own oath or affirmation, and that of his cashier, or principal clerk, of the amount of the capital employed, or to be employed, in his bank, and the charges and expenses of conducting the business thereof, in such detail as shall be satisfactory to the secretary of the treasury. And every private banker, after entering into such composition, shall keep a weekly account of his discounts, issues of bank notes, and deposites, and shall, once in every month, transmit to the secretary of the treasury a transcript thereof, verified by oath or affirmation, as aforesaid; and he shall also, half yearly, make and transmit to the secretary of the treasury a statement of the profits 1814.

of his bank for the preceding half year, verified as aforesaid.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That, for the purpose of rearrying to carrying such compositions into effect, the secretary of the trea-compositions carrying such compositions into effect, the secretary of the trea-compositions in sury may, from time to time, estimate the profits of the said pri-to-effect, the secretary of the vate bankers, respectively, either according to the amount of the treasury may estimate the procapital by them respectively stated to be employed in the busi-fits of private ness of their respective banks as aforesaid, and the half yearly profits by them respectively stated to be actually made thereon as aforesaid, or according to the amount of the capital, which, upon the general principle and practice of banking, would be requisite and proper for conducting the business of a bank, to the extent appearing upon the said monthly returns of the said private bankers respectively, and the usual profits made upon such capital. And the said private bankers, respectively, shall pay to The private bankers to pay the collector of internal duties, for the district wherein their to the collector banks, respectively, are established, for the use of the United ties, so, a composition in lieu of the said stamp duties, at the position in lieu of the profits of their respectation at the rate of one and a half per centum on the profits of their respectant and a half per centum on the profits of their respectant half per centum on the profits of their respectant half per centum on the profits of their respectant half per centum on the profits of the modes of the profits of the pr ive banks, estimated and ascertained in either of the modes cent &c.

CHAP. 694. An act to provide additional revenues for defraying the expenses of government, and maintaining the public credit, by duties on carriages, and the harness used therefor.

[Approved, December 10, 1814.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That from the last day of December instant, there shall be paid the sand duties after following yearly rates and duties upon every carriage, with the harness used therefor, kept for use, which shall not be exclusively employed in husbandry, or for the transportation of goods, according to the following valuations, to wit:

If not exceeding fifty dollars, one dollar.

Rates, &c.

If above fifty, and not exceeding one hundred, dollars, two dollars.

If above one hundred, and not exceeding two hundred, dollars, four dollars.

If above two hundred, and not exceeding three hundred, se-

If above three hundred, and not exceeding four hundred, eleven dollars.

If above four hundred, and not exceeding five hundred, sixteen dollars.

If above five hundred, and not exceeding six hundred, twenty-two dollars.

If above six hundred dollars, and not exceeding eight hundred dollars, thirty dollars.

If above eight hundred dollars, and not exceeding one thousand dollars, forty dollars.

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aforesaid.

4 Z

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Proviso; the owner, &cc. not released from the obligation to m: k entry; and provided,

The provisions of the act pro-viding for the collection of internal duties, &co. to apply to the duties to be collected under

and delivered to the collector for such district, according to which valuations, so far as the same may apply, the duties hereby imposed shall be thereafter assessed and collected: Provided, That the owner or keeper of a carriage liable to duty, shall not be thereby released from the obligation to make the entry hereby required to be made: And provided further, That carriages that are not contained in said list shall be also liable to duty.

SECT. 9. And be it further enacted, That the several provisions of "An act making further provision for the collection of internal duties, and for the appointment and compensation of assessors,"* passed the second day of August, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, shall, and are hereby declared to, this act, &c.
L*Ante, sh. 584.] apply in full force to the duties laid by, and to be collected under, this act, the same as if such duties and this act were recognised therein; which said duties shall be collected by the same collectors, in the same manner, for the same commissions, and under the same directions, as are thereby established in relation to the other internal duties; and all the obligations, duties, and penalties, thereby imposed upon collectors, are hereby imposed upon the collectors of the duties laid by this act.

The internal daties imposed by this act, and those laid by the act imposing du-ties on carriages, pledged for the payment of the public debt, &c.

United States Proviso; congress may sub-stitute other duties, &ce.

SECT. 10. And be it further enacted, That towards establishing an adequate revenue to provide for the payment of the expenses of government, for the punctual payment of the public debt, principal and interest, contracted and to be contracted, according to the terms of the contracts, respectively, and for creating an adequate sinking fund, gradually to reduce, and eventually to extinguish, the public debt, contracted and to be contracted, the internal duties laid and imposed by this act, (and those laid and imposed by the "act laying duties on carriages for [tAnte, ch. 552.] the conveyance of persons," passed twenty-fourth July, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, so far as the same are not hereby abolished,) shall be laid, levied, and collected, during the present war between the United States and Great Britain, and until the purposes aforesaid shall be completely accomplished, any thing in any act of congress to the contrary thereof in any The faith of the Wise notwithstanding. And, for effectual application of the pledged for the revenue to be raised by and from the said internal duties to the effectual applier purposes aforesaid, in due form of law, the faith of the United States is hereby pledged: Provided always, That whenever congress shall deem it expedient to alter, reduce, or change, the said internal duties, or any or either of them, it shall be lawful so to do, upon providing and substituting, by law, at the same time, and for the same purposes, other duties, which shall be equally productive with the duties so altered, reduced, or changberein to impair any shall be deemed or construed in any wise to rescind or impair the duties, &c. any specific appropriation of the said duties. ed: And provided further, That nothing in this act contained any specific appropriation of the said duties, or any or either of them, heretofore made by law, but such appropriation shall remain and be carried into effect, according to the true intent and meaning of the laws making the same, any thing in this act to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

SECT. 11. And be it further enacted, That the "Act laying duties on carriages for the conveyance of persons,"* passed July The set laying dutter on care twenty-fourth, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, shall riages of seth cease after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand eight coase, except, hundred and fourteen, except so far as the same may apply to 6cc. the collection of duties which may have previously accrued, and except so far as entries may have been made or duties paid under the same, as contemplated in the seventh section of this act: Provided, That all fines, penalties, and forfeitures, which have been, Proviso; fines, or may be, incurred under the said act, shall be recovered and incurred under distributed, and may be mitigated or remitted, in like manner as former act, to be recovered, &c. if the said act had continued in full force and virtue.

[Approved, December 15, 1814.]

CHAP. 695. An act directing the staff officers of the army to comply with the requisitions of naval and marine officers, in certain cases.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That it shall be the duty of the several officers of the staff of the army officers of the of the United States, to provide the officers, seamen, and marines, to provide offiof the navy of the United States, when acting, or proceeding to ears, seamen, and marines, of act, on shore, in co-operation with the land troops, upon the rethenavy, when quisition of the commanding naval or marine officer of any such with landtroops, detachment of seamen or marines, under orders to act as afore
ten provide officers, and marines, and marines, and marines, with landtroops, with landtroops, detachment of seamen or marines, under orders to act as afore
ten provide officers, and marines, and marines, and marines, of the navy with landtroops, and marines, of the navy of the navy of the provide officers, and marines, of the navy o said, with rations, also the officers and seamen with camp equip-age, &c. age, according to the relative rank and station of each, and the military regulations in like cases, together with the necessary transportation, as well for the men as for their baggage, provisions, and cannon: Provided, nevertheless, That the contract price Proviso: the of the rations which may be furnished shall be reimbursed out the rations to be reimbursed, accommendations to be reimbursed, accommendations of the name of the n of the appropriations for the support of the navy.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the respective quar-of the army to termasters of the army shall, upon the requisition of the commanding naval officer of any such detachment of seamen or ma-officers &c. rines, furnish the said officer and his necessary aids with horses, forage, &c. accoutrements, and forage, during the time they may be employed in co-operating with the land troops as aforesaid.

[Approved, December 15, 1814.]

CHAP. 696. An act making additional appropriations for the service of the [† Obsolete.] year one thousand eight hundred and fourteen.†

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, Additional sums for defraying the expenses of the military establishment during defraying the the year eighteen hundred and fourteen, in addition to the sums military establishment during the sums beretofore appropriated by law to that object, the following sums the year 1814. be, and they are hereby, appropriated; that is to say:

For the pay of the army, five hundred thousand dollars.

For subdistance. Forquartermas-tersdepartment. dollars.

For ordinance artment. For clothing.

Sums appropriated:

For compensa-

For the subsistence of the army, one million of dollars.

For the quartermaster's department, five hundred thousand

For the ordnance department, five hundred thousand dollars. For clothing, five hundred thousand dollars.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the following sums be appropriated for the purposes herein recited; that is to say:

For defraying the compensation granted by law to the memof congress, see, bers of the senate and house of representatives, their officers and attendants, during the year one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, in addition to the sum heretofore appropriated for that purpose, the sum of fifty thousand dollars.

For contingent expenses of the senate, &c.

For defraying the contingent expenses of the senate of the United States, during the year one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, the sum of five thousand dollars, in addition to the sum heretofore appropriated.

For contingent expenses of the house, &c.

For defraying the contingent expenses of the house of representatives, during the year one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, the sum of ten thousand dollars, in addition to the sum heretofore appropriated.

The preceding appropriations to be paid out of the treasury,

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the several appropriations hereinbefore made, shall be paid and discharged out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, December 15, 1814.]

CHAP. 697. An act to provide additional revenues for defraying the expenses of government, and maintaining the public credit, by laying duties on spirits distilled within the United States, and territories thereof, and by amending the act laying duties on licenses to distillers of spirituous liquors.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-

Additional dues upon distilled spirits
after the 1st
Feb. 1815.

The duties to be paid by the stills, &c.

tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, from and after the first day of February next, there shall be paid upon all spirits, unless hereinafter specially excepted, which, after the said day, shall be distilled within the United States, or territories thereof, in any still or stills, or in any other vessel, or by the aid of any boiler, as defined in the act, entitled "An act lay-[Ante, ch. ss3.] ing duties on licenses to distillers of spirituous liquors," in addition to the duties payable for licenses therefor, the duties following; that is to say: for every gallon of such spirits distilled wholly or in part from foreign materials, twenty cents; and for every gallon of such spirits distilled from domestic materials, twenty cents: which said duties shall be paid by the owner, agent, or superintendent, of the still or other vessel, in which the said spirits shall have been distilled: the amount thereof payable by any one person, at any one time, if not exceeding ten dollars, shall, and if exceeding ten dollars may, be paid in money, with a deduction of two per centum, at the time of rendering the accounts of spirits so chargeable with duty, required to be rendered by the second section of this act, or without deduction at the next subsequent time prescribed for rendering such accounts.



SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That every person who, on the first day of February next, shall be the owner of any still the boilers, &c. to or boiler, or other vessel, used or intended to be used for the boilers, &c. to purpose of distilling spirituous liquors, or who shall have such them, &c. still or boiler, or other vessel, under his superintendence, either as agent for the owner or on his own account, shall, before the said day, and every person who, after the said day, shall use or intend to use any still or boiler, or other vessel, as aforesaid, either as owner, agent, or otherwise, shall, before he shall begin so to use or cause the same so to be used, give bond in such sum as shall be prescribed by the treasury department, with at least two sureties, to the satisfaction of the collector of internal duties for the district in which the same shall be situate, in a sum not less than the computed duties for one year, nor less than one thousand dollars, that he will, before using or causing the same condition of the to be used, make true and exact entry and report, in writing, to book the said collector, of every such still or boiler, or other vessel, owned or superintended by him, with the capacity thereof, the names of the owner, agent, and superintendent, the place where situate, and whether intended to be employed on foreign or domestic materials, with the quantity of domestic spirits, in gallons, which he may have on hand; that he will thereafter, before using or causing the same to be used, make like entry and report of any other still or boiler, or other vessel, used, or intended to be used, for distillation, that he may own, or have the agency or superintendence of, with the capacity thereof, the names of the owner, agent, and superintendent, the place where situate, and whether intended to be employed on foreign or domestic materials, with information, from time to time, of any change in the form, capacity, agency, ownership, or superintendence, which all or either of the said stills or boilers, or other vessels, may undergo; that he will, from day to day, enter, or cause to be entered, in a book to be kept by him for that purpose, and which shall be open at all times, between the rising and setting of the sun, for the inspection of the said collector, who may take any minutes, memorandums, or transcripts, thereof, the number of gallons of spirits distilled, keeping separate accounts of the spirits distilled from foreign and domestic materials; and will render to the said collector, on the first days of January, April, July, and October, in each year, or within ten days thereafter, a general account in writing, taken from his books, of the number of gallons of each kind of spirits distilled for three months preceding said days, or for such portion thereof as may have elapsed from the date of said entry and report, to the said day which shall next ensue; that he will, at the said times, deliver to the said collector the original book of entries, which book shall be retained by said officer; that he will verify or cause to be verified, the said entries, reports, books, and general accounts, on oath or affirmation, to be taken before the collector, or some officer authorized by the laws of the state to administer the same, according to the form required by this act, where the same is prescribed; and that he will pay to the said collector the duties which by this act ought

The bond may be renewed or changed, &c.

If the original entries are not made by the owner, &c. additional oath to be taken, &c.

An addition of 10 per cent. if duties are not duly paid.

sale, &c.

In case of distress, an account to be left with the owner, &c.

to be paid on the spirits so distilled, and in the said account mentioned, if not exceeding ten dollars, at the time of rendering an account thereof, with a deduction of two per centum, and if exceeding ten dollars, either at said time, with a like deduction, or at the next subsequent time prescribed for rendering such accounts, without deduction: and the said bond may, from time to time, at the discretion of the collector, be renewed or changed in regard to the sureties and penalties thereof.

The entries SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the entries made in made in the books of the distiller, required to be kept by the second secverified by outh, tion of this act, shall, on the said first days of January, April, July, and October, or within ten days thereafter, be verified by the oath or affirmation, to be taken as aforesaid, of the person or persons by whom such entries shall have been made, which qualification shall be certified at the end of such entries by the collector, or officer administering the same, and shall be in substance Substance of the as follows: " I do swear, (or affirm,) that the foregoing entries were made by me on the respective days specified, and that they state, according to the best of my knowledge and belief, the whole quantity of spirits distilled at the distillery, owned by - in the county of amounting to -

> tilled from foreign materials." SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the owner, agent, or superintendent aforesaid, shall, in case the original entries required to be made in his books by the second section of this act shall not be made by himself, subjoin to the oath or affirmation of the person by whom they were made, the following oath or affirmation, to be taken as aforesaid: "I do swear, (or affirm,) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the foregoing entries are just and true, and that I have taken all the means in my power to make them so."

gallons, distilled from domestic materials, and -

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That in all cases in which the duties aforesaid, payable on spirits, shall not be duly paid, the person or persons chargeable therewith shall pay in addition If the duties and ten per centum on the amount thereof; and in case such duties, addition are not paid within three months from nonths, see they may be recovered by district shall make a personal demand of the same from such district shall make a personal demand of the same from such person or persons, or by notice in writing, left at his or her dwelling, if within the collection district, and if not, at the distillery owned or superintended by such person or persons; and in case of refusal or neglect to pay the said duties, with the addition, within ten days after such demand or notice, the amount thereof shall be recovered by distress and sale of the goods, chattels, and effects, of the delinquent; and in case of such distress, it shall be the duty of the officer charged with the collection, to make, or cause to be made, an account of the goods or chattels which may be distrained, a copy of which, signed by the officer making such distress, shall be left with the owner or possessor of such goods, chattels, or effects, or at his or her dwelling, with a note of the sum demanded, and the time and place of sale; and

--- gallons, dis-

the said officer shall, forthwith, cause a notification to be publickly posted up, at two of the taverns nearest to the residence The officer colfecting to cause of the person whose property shall be distrained, or at the a notice to be courthouse of the same county, if not more than ten miles dispushed up, specifying tant, which notice shall specify the articles distrained, and the time and time or place proposed for the sale thereof, which time shall not place of sale, be less than ten days from the date of such notification, and the place proposed for sale not more than five miles distant from the place of making such distress: Provided, That in any case of Proviso; in case distress for the payment of the duties aforesaid, the goods, chat-goods, c. may tels, or effects, so distrained, shall and may be restored to the payment, &c. owner or possessor, if, prior to the sale thereof, payment, or construction of the sale thereof, payment, or construction of the sale, or construction of the sale thereof, payment, or construction of the sale thereof, payment, or construction of the sale, or construction of the sale thereof, payment, or construction of the sale thereof. tender thereof, shall be made to the proper officer charged with the collection, of the full amount demanded, together with such fee for levying, and such sum for the necessary and reasonable expenses of removing and keeping the goods, chattels, or effects, so distrained, as may be allowed in like cases by the laws or practice of the state or territory wherein the distress shall have been made; but in case of nonpayment, or tender, as aforesaid, the In case of nonsaid officer shall proceed to sell the said goods, chattels, or effects, the goods, &c. at public auction, and shall and may retain, from the proceeds of to be sold, &c. such sales, the amount demandable for the use of the United States, with the said necessary and reasonable expenses of distress and sale, as aforesaid, and a commission of five per centum thereon for his own use, rendering the overplus, if any there be, overplus to the to the person whose goods, chattels, or effects, shall have been owner, &c. distrained: Provided, That it shall not be lawful to make dis-Proviso; not tress of the tools or implements of a trade or profession, beasts distress of tools. of the plough necessary for the cultivation of improved lands, arms, or necessary household furniture, and apparel for a family.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That all spirits which shall Duties not have be distilled within the United States, or territories thereof, the ing been duly paid or secured, accorditied spirits for feited, and may be and may be a secured or secured. ing to the true intent and meaning of this act, shall be forfeited, be seized, &cc. and may be seized as forfeited by any collector of the internal Proviso; spirits duties: Provided always, That such spirits shall not be liable to seizure and forfeiture in the hands of a bona fide purchaser with out notice of the duties not being paid, or secured to be paid.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That the owner, agent, Owners, &c. or superintendent, of any still, boiler, or other vessel used in the fusing to make distillation of spirits, who shall neglect or refuse to make true entry of stills, and exact entry and report of the same, or to do, or cause to be the spirits, stills, and exact entry and report of the same, or to do, or cause to be the spirits, stills, and 1,000 done, any of the things by this act required to be done as afore-dolls, forfeited, and 1,000 done as afore-dolls, and 1,000 done as afore-dolls, and 1,000 done as afore-dolls, and 1,000 said, excepting to pay the duties hereby laid in cases where the bond required by the second section of this act has been given, shall forfeit, for every such neglect or refusal, all the spirits distilled by or for him, and the stills, boilers, and other vessels used in distillation, together with the sum of one thousand dollars, to be recovered, with costs of suit; which said spirits, with the vessels containing the same, and stills, boilers, and other vessels used in distillation, may be seized by any collector of the internal duties, and held by him until a decision shall be had thereon,

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1814. Proviso; the seizure must be made within three months after the cause

In case the duties e put in suit,

Judgment on the bond at return term, &ce.

Proviso; the writ must be ex-cented 14 days before return

500 dolls, ferfeit for obstructing a collector, or rescuing spirits,

according to law: Provided, Such seizure be made within three months after the cause for the same may have occurred, and that a prosecution or action thereupon shall have been commenced by such collector, within twenty days after the seizure thereof.

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That in case the duties aforesaid shall not be paid or recovered agreeably to the provi-In case the duties, as ions of this act, or in case any acts shall be done contrary to, or any acts are of any acts are done contrary, or any acts omitted that are required to be done by, the bond to be put in suit, be given as aforesaid, or the penalties incurred thereby shall not be put in suit. be recovered, the said bond shall be deemed forfeited, and shall be put in suit by the collector, for the recovery of the amount of the said duties, with the addition thereon, penalties, and costs, or either, as the case may be; and judgment thereon shall and may be taken at the return term, on motion to be made in open court, unless sufficient cause to the contrary be shown to, and allowed by, the court: Provided, That the writ or process in such case shall have been executed at least fourteen days before the return day thereof.

SECT. 9. And be it further enacted, That if any person shall forcibly obstruct or hinder a collector in the execution of this act, or of any of the powers or authorities hereby vested in him, or shall forcibly rescue, or cause to be rescued, any spirits, still, boiler, or other vessel, after the same shall have been seized by him, or shall attempt or endeavor so to do, the person so offending shall, for every such offence, forfeit and pay the sum of five hundred dollars.

A collector may enter, at any time between the rising and setting of the sun, any distillery, to examine,

cense or credit, whilst, &c.

SECT. 10. And be it further enacted, That a collector shall be authorized to enter, at any time between the rising and setting of the sun, any distillery or place where any stills, boilers, or other vessels used in distillation, are kept, within his collection district, for the purpose of examining and measuring the same, and the other vessels therein, or of inspecting the accounts of son dolls. for spirits from time to time distilled. And every owner of such feiture for refus distillery, or stills, or boilers, or other vessels, or persons having senter, see the agency of superintendence of the same who shall refuse to the agency or superintendence of the same, who shall refuse to admit such officer, or to suffer him to examine and measure the same, or to inspect said accounts, shall, for every such refusal, forfeit and pay the sum of five hundred dollars.

The pains and Sect. 11. And be it juriner enucses, and spendies of corresponding shall be convicted of wilfully taking a false oath or affirmation, and should be for false swear in any of the cases in which an oath or affirmation is required to for false swear shall be liable to the pains and penalties to which persons are liable for wilful and corrupt per-Seesee 18,ch. jury, and shall, moreover, forfeit the sum of five hundred dollars.

Persons who have neglected to comply with the provisions of this act, shall be entitled, while such refusal or neglect constitute to limit to the provisions of this act, shall be entitled, while such refusal or neglect constitute to limit the provision of this act, shall be entitled, while such refusal or neglect constitute to limit the provision of this act, shall be entitled, while such refusal or neglect constitutes. SECT. 12. And be it further enacted, That no person who tinues, to receive a license for employing, in distillation, any still, or boiler, or other vessel, or shall be entitled to credit for any duties on spirits that may have accrued.

SECT. 13. And be it further enacted, That every collector shall

give receipts for all sums by him collected under this act.

1814.

SECT. 14. And be it further enacted, That if it shall appear to ke. SECT. 14. And be it further enacted, I hat he is shall appear to owners. See, of the satisfaction of the collector for the district, that any owner, stills, having agent, or superintendent, of a still, boiler, or other vessel used in enact to use them for a year, see them for a year, see them for a year, see the same for one in them. section of this act, and shall have ceased to use the same for one to them. year, and made oath or affirmation thereof, to be lodged with said collector, hath acted agreeably to the condition of such bond, the collector shall cause such bond to be delivered to said owner, agent, or superintendent.

SECT. 15. And be it further enacted, That all the provisions of this act, as well as of the "Act laying duties on licenses to of this act, as desmed to apply distillers of spirituous liquors," passed the twenty-fourth day to any still, accomplished to apply the provisions of this act, as well as of the "Act laying duties on licenses to of this act, as well as of the act, accomplying the provisions of this act, as well as of the act, as well as of the act, accomplying the act of the act, as well as of the "Act laying duties on licenses to of this act, as well as of the "Act laying duties on licenses to a the provisions of this act, as well as of the "Act laying duties on licenses to a the provisions of this act, as well as of the "Act laying duties on licenses to a the provisions of this act, as well as of the "Act laying duties on licenses to a the provisions of the "Act laying duties on licenses to a the provisions of the "Act laying duties on licenses to a the provisions of the "Act laying duties on licenses to a the provisions of the "Act laying duties on licenses to a the provisions of the "Act laying duties on licenses to a the provisions of th of July, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, shall be deemed regulation of which shall be employed in the rectification of spirituous liquors,

and to spirits rectified therein, or with the aid thereof.

SECT. 16. And be it further enacted, That any license here-distilling from tofore or hereafter granted for employing a still, boiler, or other authorize distilling from the still, boiler, or other authorized in the still s vessel, in distilling spirits from foreign materials, shall authorize mestic, materials

the distilling spirits from domestic materials also.

SECT. 17. And be it further enacted, That the "Act laying The act laying duties on licenses to distillers of spirituous liquors," passed the sero distillers, twenty-fourth of July, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, see of seth Jushall be deemed to remain in full force, except as to the alteramain in force, tions thereof contained in this act, and that the several provisions that the several provisions further provision for the collection of internal duties, and for the appointment and compensation of assession for the eolection of internal duties, and for the appointment and compensation of assession for the collection of internal duties, and for the appointment and compensation of assession for the collection of internal duties, and duties and duties, and duties and duties, and duties, and duties are duties and duties and duties are duties and duties and duties and duties and duties and duties ors,"‡ passed the second day of August, one thousand eight hun-nal duties, to apply to the dutie dred and thirteen, shall, and are hereby declared to, apply in full to be collected force to the duties laid by, and to be collected under, this act, the see, same as if such duties and this act were recognised therein, Ante, ch. 544.] which said duties shall be collected by the same collectors, in the same manner, for the same commissions, and under the same directions, as are thereby established in relation to the other internal duties; and all the obligations, duties, and penalties, thereby imposed upon the collectors, are hereby imposed upon the collectors of the duties laid by this act: Provided, That if any Proviso; persons person to whom a license shall have been granted, according to whom license the provisions of the act, entitled "An act laying duties on ling to the act censes to distillers of spirituous liquors," and who shall have mentioned, see, and discontinuative bonds for the payment of the duties therein mentioned, ingthe use of shall, on or before the first day of February next, discontinue before the ist of Feb. 1815, given the use of any still or stills, for the use of which the said license ing notice, &c. shall have been granted, and shall give notice thereof to the collector of internal duties for the district in which the same shall be [PARES, ch. 653.] situate, such license shall thereupon cease to be in force, and such person shall be holden to pay the same duties, and the same proceedings shall be had upon the bonds aforesaid, as in case the said license had been originally granted for the term during which it shall have been in force as aforesaid.

Licenses may be granted for at the rates specified, &cc.

SECT. 18. And be it further enacted, That, in addition to the licenses authorized and directed to be granted by the " Act laying duties on licenses to distillers of spirituous liquors,"* passed on the twenty-fourth day of July, one thousand eight hundred 1. Ante, ch. 553.] and thirteen, there may and shall be granted like licenses for a still or stills, and for a boiler or boilers, for the term or period of one week, on payment, or securing of payment, of the following duties, for each gallon of the capacity thereof:

For a still, or stills, employed in distilling spirits from domes-

tic materials, five cents.

For a boiler, or boilers, as defined in the said act, employed in

distilling spirits from domestic materials, ten cents.

One-half the rate only for distilling roots.

One-half only of which rates of duty shall be paid for a still or stills, and boiler or boilers, employed wholly in the distillation of roots.

Duties to be col-lected in the ame manner, Sec.

Which said duties shall be collected in the same manner, and subject to the same provisions, as the duties imposed by the said

SECT. 19. And be it further enacted, That a deduction, at the A deduction of eight per centum per annum, shall be made from the for prompt pay. ment of duty on duty payable for a license to distil spirituous liquors, on the payment thereof at the time of obtaining the same.

Owners, &c. of one still only, not exceeding city, or of one boiler, not ex-

SECT. 20. And be it further enacted, That every person who may be the owner, agent, or superintendent, of one still only, not exceeding whose capacity shall not exceed one hundred gallons, or of one ceeding so galle each of which shall be wholly employed in distilling spirits from ly from domestic materials, shall have the cartier of the to materials, to domestic materials, shall have the option of complying with the have an option, foregoing provisions of this act, and of the "Act laying duties Ecc. [†Ante, ch. 853.] on licenses to distillers of spirituous liquors,"† passed the twentyfourth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, or of paying, agreeably to the provisions of this act, twenty-five cents for every gallon of spirits distilled in such still or boiler: Provided, That, to entitle such person to the benefits of the lattille a person to ter alternative, he shall deliver a written statement of his desire the benefit of to the collector of the liver and the statement of the collector of the statement of the collector of the col to the collector of the district in which such still or boiler may be situate, specifying the contents of the same, previously to the ment to the col- times of using such still or boiler in every year. And any person so accepting the latter alternative, who shall fail to comply with the conditions on which the same is hereby allowed, shall forfeit and pay the sum of five hundred dollars; which said forfeiture shall in no wise affect or impair any other penalty which would otherwise attach to such failure.

the alternative, he must deliver a written state. ment to the col-lector, &c. Any person ac-cepting the al-ternative, and failing to com-ply, &c. to for-kit 500 dolls.

Collectors to collect the duties, and proseovery of them,

Fines, penal-ties, &c. may be recovered, &c. by bill, plaint,

SECT. 21. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the collectors aforesaid, in their respective districts, and they are hereby authorized, to collect the duties imposed by this act, and to prosecute for the recovery of the same, and for the recovery of any sum or sums which may be forfeited by virtue of this act: And all fines, penalties, and forfeitures, which shall be incurred by force of this act, shall and may be sued for, and recovered, in the name of the United States, or of the collector within whose district any such fine, penalty, or forfeiture, shall

have been incurred, by bill, plaint, or information, one moiety thereof to the use of the United States, and the other moiety Amoiety of thereof to the use of the person who, if a collector, shall first distinct the informer, cover, if other than a collector, shall first inform, of the cause, &c. matter, or thing, whereby any such fine, penalty, or forfeiture, where the cause of action or complaint shall arise or accrue more than fifty miles distant from the so miles distant from the from the near-nearest place by law established for the holding of a district est place for holding a district court, within the district in which the same shall arise or accrue, trice court, &co such suit and recovery may be had before any court of the state, had before a holden within the said district, having jurisdiction in like cases. court of the

SECT. 22. And be it further enacted, That the collector shall The collector to furnish to each distiller within the collection district, an abstract tiller with abof this act, and of the "Act laying duties on licenses to distillers acts mentioned, of spirituous liquors," and of such previsions of the "Act to Ec. ["Ante, ch. 553,] amend the act, laying duties on licenses to retailers of wines, spirituous liquors, and foreign merchandise, and for other purposes,"† as regards distillers; which abstract shall be prepared [tAnte, ch. 679.] and furnished to the collectors, under the direction of the secre-

tary of the treasury.

SECT. 23. And be it further enacted, That towards establishThe rates and ing an adequate revenue, to provide for the payment of the expenses of government; for the punctual payment of the public propert of the public payment of the public debt, principal and interest, contracted and to be contracted, ac- public debt, &c. cording to the terms of the contracts, respectively; and for creating an adequate sinking fund, gradually to reduce, and eventually to extinguish, the public debt, contracted, and to be contracted; the rates and duties laid and imposed by this act, and the duties laid and imposed upon licenses to distillers, in and by the said act, entitled "An act laying duties on licenses to distillers of spirituous liquors,"; shall continue to be laid, levied, and [tante, ch. 533.] collected, during the present war between the United States and Great Britain, and until the purposes aforesaid shall be completely accomplished, any thing in the said act of congress to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding. And, for the efthe faith of the
fectual application of the revenue to be raised by and from the
pledged for the
said duties, to the purposes aforesaid, in due form of law, the
effectual application of the United States is hereby pledged: Provided always,
revenue, See.
Proviso; con-That whenever congress shall deem it expedient to alter, reduce, gress may subor change, the said duties, or either of them, it shall be lawful so ties, &c. to do, upon providing and substituting, by law, at the same time, and for the same purposes, other duties, which shall be equally productive with the duties so altered, reduced, or changed: And provided further, That nothing in this act contained shall provise; nothing be deemed or construed in any wise to rescind or impair any pair any specific specific appropriation of the said duties, or either of them; but appropriation of the duties, according to the duties, &c. such appropriations shall remain and be carried into effect, according to the true intent and meaning of the law and laws making the same, any thing in this act to the contrary thereof in any

wise notwithstanding. SECT. 24. And be it further enacted, That in future it shall Distillers of dobe lawful for the distiller or distillers of domestic spirits, and &c.

1814. may sell, with-

all persons from whose materials such spirits shall be distilled, to sell, without license, any quantity thereof not less than one

may authorize the secretary of the treasury to anticipate the collection and receipt of the duties, by loan, not exceeding.

**An action of the distance of the duties of the treasury to anticipate the collection and receipt of the duties, by loan, not exceeding. not exceeding "An act laying duties on licenses to distillers of spirituous li-6,000,000, &c. quors,"* by obtaining a loan, upon the pledge of the said duties "An act laying duties on licenses to distillers of spirituous lifor the reimbursement thereof, to an amount not exceeding six millions of dollars, and at a rate of interest not exceeding six per centum per annum. And any bank or banks, now incorpo-Banks incorporated, or which may hereafter be incorporated, under the au-lead the money thority of the United States, is and are hereby authorized to make such loan: Provided always, and it is expressly declared, Provise; the money so obtained upon loan, shall be applied to the loan to be appurposes aforesaid, to which the said duties, so to be pledged.

Banks incorpo-

loan to be ap-plied to the same purposes are by this act applied and appropriated, and to no other pur-

> CHAP. 698. An act to provide additional revenues for defraying the expenses of government, and maintaining the public credit, by duties on sales at auction, and on licenses to retail wines, spirituous liquors, and foreign merchandise, and for increasing the rates of postage.

poses whatsoever. [Approved, December 21, 1814.]

the lat Feb. 1815, &cc.

The additional duty to be col-lected as the original duties,

Auctioneers to give bond under

of a part, to ex-tend to the whole, of any &c. whether,

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, from and after the first day of February next, there shall be laid. Addition of 100 levied, and collected, for the use of the United States, a sum of per cent. upon the rates and duties respectively laid upon sales by way of auction, in and by the act of congress, entitled "An act laying du-[†Ante,ch. 554.] ties on sales at auction of merchandise, and ships and vessels,"† passed on the twenty-fourth day of July, in the year eighteen hundred and thirteen. And the said additional duty of one hundred per centum shall be levied, collected, paid, and accounted for, in like manner, by the same officers, subject, in all respects, to the same regulations and provisions, and with the like fines, penalties, forfeitures, and remedies, from breaches of the law, as the said act of congress, and the act to amend [tAnie, ch.620.] the said act, passed on the twenty-fourth day of March, in the year eighteen hundred and fourteen, declare and establish for levying, collecting, and paying, the original duties to which the said duty of one hundred per centum is hereby added and attached. And it shall be the duty of every auctioneer, who shall have given bond under the said acts, to give like bond under this act, subject to the same penalties prescribed in the said act, passed on the twenty-fourth day of July, one Sales at auction thousand eight hundred and thirteen. And all sales at auction of any part, or parcel, of any merchandise, with the design and effect to ascertain and fix a price for the whole, or for any other part, of such merchandise, without exposing the whole, or such

other part, to public sale, shall be deemed and taken to be sales at auction within the meaning of this act, and of the said act of congress, to the whole amount of the merchandise whereof the sale is so effected, whether the same is afterwards conducted and effected by the auctioneer, or by any person or persons acting as a commission merchant, factor, or agent, or by the owner and owners of the merchandise. And it shall be the Auctioneer to duty of the auctioneers, respectively, to specify, in their quarguarterly acterly accounts, upon oath or affirmation, all sales by them respectively actively made of a part or parcel of any merchandise as aforesaid, of any merchanwith the design and effect aforesaid, for whom and to whom such with the design and effect aforesaid, for whom and to whom such sales, respectively, were made, and the amount of the commissions or other compensation to them, respectively, paid, or payable, by reason of such sales, as well with respect to the part or parcel of the merchandise actually exposed to sale, as with respect to the whole, or any other part, of such merchandise, the sale whereof is designed and effected as aforesaid. And the neglect neglect or refuor refusal so to do, shall be deemed to be a breach of the bond deemed a breach of the auctioneer, so neglecting and refusing, who shall, also, in of the bond, &c. that behalf, forfeit and pay such other penalties as the said act of congress prescribes in case of the nonperformance of any other duty required from auctioneers, to be performed in taking out licenses, giving bonds, and keeping and rendering accounts.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the so per cent to first day of February next, there shall be added to the rates of the rates of possesses after postage, as at present established by law, a sum equal to fifty per the law, a sum equal to fifty per the law. centum upon the amount of such rates, respectively, for the use of the United States. And the said additional sum of fifty per centum shall be charged, collected, paid, and accounted for, in like manner, by the same officers, subject, in all respects, to the same regulations and provisions, and with the like fines, penalties, forfeitures, and remedies for breaches of the law, as are provided for charging, collecting, and paying, the original rates of postage to which the said sum of fifty per centum is hereby added and attached.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the so percent, ad first day of February next, there shall be laid, levied, collected, duties laid on and paid, for the use of the United States, a sum of fifty per licenses to recentum upon, and in addition to, the duties laid on licenses, spirimous ligranted in pursuance of the act of congress, entitled "An act laying duties on licenses to retailers of wines, spirituous liquors, and foreign merchandise,"* passed the second day of August, [*Ante,ch. 557.] in the year eighteen hundred and thirteen. And the said addi- The additional tional sum of fifty per centum shall be charged, paid, collected, becharged, paid, and accounted for, in like manner, by the same officers, subject, provided by the in all respects, to the same regulations and provisions, and with the same fines penalties forfaitures and remedies for baselines. the same fines, penalties, forfeitures, and remedies, for breaches of the law, as in and by the said last mentioned act of congress, and the act, entitled "An act to amend the act laying duties on licenses to retailers of wines, spirituous liquors, and foreign merchandise, and for other purposes,"† passed on the eighteenth day [+Aute,ch.678.] of April, in the year eighteen hundred and fourteen, are provided

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been granted, &c. to make ap-plication, and

for charging, paying, and collecting, the original duties on the said licenses, respectively, to which the said sum of fifty per Persons to whom centum is hereby added and attached. And in case any license licenses have for carrying on the business of selling by retail, shall have been granted under the said act "laying duties on licenses to retailers of wines, spirituous liquors, and foreign merchandise,"* for a per cent. &c. period extending beyond the first day of February next, the person to whom the same may have been granted, or transcreed, shall, previous to the first day of May thereafter, make the like application required therein, which shall further specify such period, and shall pay to the proper collector a sum equal to such proportion of fifty per centum on the original duty imposed on

tional, &ce.

been granted, and who have paid or given bond, and dis-

such license, as said period bears to a year, the payment of which sum shall be endorsed on the license previously granted. Persons dealing if any person shall, after the last mentioned day, deal in the sell-without having paid, &c. forfile ing of wines, distilled spirituous liquors, or merchandise, by retail, as defined in the said act, without having made such payment, such person shall, in addition to the payment of the additional duty hereby imposed, forfeit and pay the sum of one hun-Provise; persons dred and fifty dollars, to be recovered with cost of suit: Provided, That if any person to whom a license shall have been granted, according to the provisions of the act, entitled "An act laying duties on licenses to retailers of wines, spirituous liquors, and continue the use foreign merchandise,"† and who shall have paid for the same, of the privile ges or shall have given bond for the payment of the same, shall, on or shall have given bond for the payment of the same, shall, on or before the commencement of the operation of this act, disconcontes to sease, tinue the use of the privileges by said license granted, and shall soms for pay a give due notice thereof, to the collector of the internal revenues at the collector of the internal revenues ate, &cc. [†Ante, ch. 567.] of the district in which such license shall have been granted. such license shall cease to be of force, and such person shall be holden to pay a sum proportionate to the time which shall have run from the time of granting said license to the first day of Fe-And in case of actual payment for a term subsebruary next. quent to the last mentioned day, shall be entitled to receive back, from the treasury of the United States, such sum so paid for such subsequent time, from the day last mentioned.

The act making lection of interby this act, ex-

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the act of congress, further provi-sion for the col. entitled "An act making further provision for the collection of internal duties, and for the appointment and compensation of nal duties, &c. to be applied for assessors," ‡ passed on the second day of August, in the year one collecting, &c. the duties laid thousand eight hundred and thirteen, shall be and remain in force, and shall, in all its provisions, be applied for the purpose cept, &c. torce, and small, in an its provided that the duties by this act added [It Ante, ch. 884.] of laying, collecting, and securing, the duties by this act added or imposed, except as regards the rates of postage, as well with respect to the persons respectively liable to the payment thereof, as with respect to the officers employed in collecting and accounting for the same.

censes to re-tailers, &c. to continue to be

at auction, regular an adequate revenue to provide for the payment of the explating the post office, laying debt principal and SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That, towards establishdebt, principal and interest, contracted and to be contracted, according to the terms of the contracts, respectively, and for

creating an adequate sinking fund, gradually to reduce, and eventually to extinguish, the public debt, contracted and to be levied to the public debt contracted; the internal rates and duties added, laid and imposed be raid, &c. by this act, and the internal rates and duties laid and imposed by the said several acts of congress, entitled, respectively, "An act laying duties on sales at auction of merchandise, and ships and vessels;"* "An act regulating the post office establishment;" | [*Ante, ch. ssa.] and "An act laying duties on licenses to retailers of wines, spirituous liquors, and foreign merchandise;"‡ shall continue to be [t Ante, ch. 807.] laid, levied, and collected, during the present war between the United States and Great Britain, and until the purposes aforesaid shall be completely accomplished, any thing in the said acts of congress, to the contrary thereof, in any wise, notwithstanding. And for the effectual application of the revenue, to be raised The faith of the by and from the said internal duties, to the purposes aforesaid, pledged for the in due form of law, the faith of the United States is hereby extino of therepledged: Provided always, That whenever congress shall deem rouse, &c. provise; conit expedient to alter, reduce, or change, the said internal duties, gress may subconstruct on the contract of the contr or any or either of them, it shall be lawful so to do, upon pro- ties, &c. viding and substituting, by law, at the same time, and for the same purposes, other duties which shall be equally productive with the duties so altered, reduced, or changed: And provided Proviso; nothing in this act to imfurther, That nothing in this act contained, shall be deemed or pair appropriation of construed in any wise to rescind or impair any specific appropriation of the duties here. ation of the said duties, or any or either of them, heretofore made tofore made, &c by law; but such appropriation shall remain and be carried into effect, according to the true intent and meaning of the law and laws making the same, any thing in this act to the contrary thereof, in any wise, notwithstanding. [Approved, December 23, 1814.]

CHAP. 699. An act supplemental to the acts authorizing a loan for the several sums of twenty-five millions of dollars and three millions of dollars.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the secretary of the treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized, The secretary with the approbation of the president of the United States, to gatherized to cause treasury notes to be prepared, signed, and issued, for and cause treasury in lieu of so much of the sum authorized to be borrowed on the ed for any part credit of the United States, by the act of congress, entitled "An stand's millional act to authorize a loan for a sum not exceeding twenty-five mill-ready borrowed, lions of dollars," passed on the twenty-fourth day of March, in &c., in [jAnte, ch. 617.] the year one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, and also for and in lieu of so much of the sum authorized to be borrowed, on the credit of the United States, by the act of congress, entitled "An act authorizing a loan for the sum of three millions of dollars," passed on the fifteenth day of November, in the [[Ante, ch. 686.] year one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, as has not been borrowed, or otherwise employed in the issue of treasury notes, Proviso; the according to law: Provided always, That the whole amount of amount of treasury notes

1814. of this act, not to excred 7,500,000 dolls.

treasury notes issued by virtue of this act, for and in lieu of the thed by virus residue of the said two sums as aforesaid, shall not exceed the sum of seven millions five hundred thousand dollars: and further, that the treasury notes so issued, shall be applied to the same uses to which the said two loans, authorized as aforesaid, were, respectively, by law made applicable.

The secretary to cause treaary notes to be urther sum of 000,000 of

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the secretary of the treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized, with the approbation of the president of the United States, to cause treasury notes to be prepared, signed, and issued, for a further sum of three millions of dollars, to defray the expenses of the war department, for the year one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, in addition to the sums heretofore appropriated by law for those

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the treasury notes

purposes, respectively.

The treatury notes issued by virtue of this act, to be preact of 4th March, 1814, and the secretary of the treasury vested with like pow-ers as by that

to be issued by virtue of this act, shall be prepared, signed, and issued, in the like form and manner; shall be reimburseable at the same places, and in the like periods; shall bear the same rate of interest; shall, in the like manner, be transferrable; and shall be equally receiveable in payments to the United States for duties, taxes, and sales of public lands, as the treasury notes issued by virtue of the act of congress, entitled "An act to authorize the issuing of treasury notes [*Ante,eh.666.] for the service of the year one thousand eight hundred and fourteen,"* passed on the fourth day of March, in the year aforesaid. And the secretary of the treasury, with the approbation of the president of the United States, shall have the like powers, in all respects, to prepare, issue, sell, pay, and distribute, the treasury notes authorized to be issued by this act, or to borrow money on the pledge thereof, and to employ and pay an agent or agents for the purpose of making sale thereof, as were vested in him by the said last mentioned act of congress, in relation to the treasury notes therein and thereby authorized to be issued; and the forms and course of proceeding, in all respects, for paying, receiving, and accounting for, the treasury notes issued by virtue of this act, shall be similar to those prescribed in and by the said last mentioned act of congress, in relation to the treasury notes therein and thereby authorized to be issued.

Appropriation and pledge for the reimbursement of the treasury notes,

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That a sum, equal to the whole amount of the treasury notes issued by virtue of this act, to be paid out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, shall be, and the same is hereby appropriated for the payment and reimbursement of the principal and interest of such treasury notes, according to contract; and the faith of the United States is hereby pledged to provide adequate funds for any deficiency in the appropriation hereby made.

40,000 folls, appropriated for defraying ex-penses in ident to the issuing of the treasury

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That a sum of forty thousand dollars, to be paid out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, be, and the same is hereby, appropriated for defraying the expense of preparing, printing, engraving, and signing, the said treasury notes; the expense of employing agents to make sale thereof; and all other expenses incident to issuing the treasury notes, as authorized by this act.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That if any person shall, 1814-15. with intent to injure or defraud the United States, or any person Imprisonment or corporation, falsely make, forge, or counterfeit, or cause or falsely making, forged, or counterfeited, or willingly ing. Sc. transpared or assist in falsely making, forging, or counterfeiting, any by virtue of this note, in imitation of, or purporting to be, a treasury note, or shall act, &c. falsely alter, or cause or procure to be falsely altered, or wilfully aid or assist in falsely altering, any treasury note, issued by virtue of this act, or shall pass, utter, or publish, or attempt to pass, utter, or publish, as true, any false, forged, or counterfeited, note, purporting to be a treasury note as aforesaid, knowing the same to be falsely made, forged, or counterfeited; or shall pass, utter, or publish, or attempt to pass, utter, or publish, as true, any falsely altered treasury note, issued as aforesaid, knowing the same to be falsely altered; every such person shall be deemed and adjudged guilty of felony, and being thereof convicted by due course of law, shall be sentenced to be imprisoned for a period not less than three years, nor more than ten years, or imprisoned and kept to hard labor for a period not less than three years, nor more than ten years, and, in either case, be fined in a sum not exceeding five thousand dollars. [Approved, December 26, 1814.]

CHAP. 700. An act giving further time to locate certain claims to lands confirmed by an act of congress, entitled "An act confirming certain claims of 18th Feb. 1813; ante, chap.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the several persons, whose claims were confirmed by the act of claims were congress, entitled "An act confirming certain claims to lands authorized to in the district of Vincennes,"† approved the thirteenth day of enter their locations with the February, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, and which register of the land office at vincennes, on any sparific to the truet set apart for the land office at Vincennes, on any sparific that the register of the land office at Vincennes, on any sparific that the register of the land office at Vincennes, on any sparific that the register of the land office at Vincennes, on any sparific that the register of the land office at Vincennes, on any sparific that the register of the land office at Vincennes, on any sparific the truet set apart for the purpose in soil district by transact. part of the tract set apart for that purpose in said district, by (*Ante,ch. 488.] virtue of an act, entitled " An act respecting claims to lands in the Indiana Territory, and state of Ohio," and in conformity [Ante, ch. 40.] to the provisions of that act; and shall be entitled to receive their certificates and patents in the manner provided by the first Province; the lotheir certificates and patents in the manner problem is a made cations to be mentioned act: Provided, That such locations shall be made cations to be made prior to let July, 1814. prior to the first day of July next.

[Approved, December 26, 1814.]

CHAP. 701. An act for the relief of John C. Hurlburt, of Chatham, in the [§Private.] state of Connecticut.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- The secretary tipes of the United States of America in congress assembled, That required to discharge from his imprisonment John C. Hurlburt, on fined at the suit of Chatham, in the state of Connecticut, now confined in prison states. at Hartford, in said state, on an execution obtained against him Provise; pre-at the suit of the United States: Provided, however, That nothing sent and fa-

1815. ture property

contained in this act shall exonerate any property which the said John C. Hurlburt now has, or hereafter may acquire, from the judgment and execution obtained against him by the United States. [Approved, January 2, 1815.]

CHAP. 702. An act to provide for leasing certain lands reserved for the support of schools in the Mississippi territory.

The county rents to be appartake, &c.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The county court in each county sourt in each county in the county is the sounty is the shall be, and is hereby, authorized to appoint a number of agents, not exceeding five, who shall have power to let out, on not exceeding a lease, for the purpose of improving the same, the sections of the county court, in each county in the Mississippi territory, empowered to lease the sections of lease the sections of lease the sections of land reserved by congress for the support of schools, lying withserved for the support of schools for to let them out at an annual rent, as they shall judge proschools for.

Proceeds of the served it shall be the duty of the said agents, under the direction of the county courts, respectively, to apply with impose of education, partiality the proceeds arising from the rents of each section, tion, so that all the citizens may as aforesaid, to the purpose of education, and to no other use whatsoever, within the particular township of six miles square, or fractional township, wherein such section is situated, in such manner, that all the citizens residing therein may partake of the benefit thereof, according to the true intent of the reservation made by congress.

not less than 106, nor more than 320, acres; except, &c.

The lessee to be bound not to commit waste,

Sect. 2. And be it further enacted, That, for the purpose of The agents may forming the aforesaid sections into convenient farms, the said of into lots, of agents shall have power to lay off the same into lots of not agents shall have power to lay off the same into lots of not less than one hundred and six acres, nor more than three hundred and twenty acres, except in case of fractional sections; and in every case, whether of leases for the improvement of the lots, or for an annual rent, the lessee shall be bound, in a suitable penalty, not to commit waste on the premises, by destroying of timber or removing of stone, or any other injury to the lands whatever.

taken a lease, &c. inquire into any waste, &c.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the said agents shall The agents em-have full power, within their respective counties, when and so powered to re-move persons often as they think proper, by legal process, to remove any persons the process of son or persons from the possession of any of the aforesaid reserved sections, when such person or persons have not taken a lease, and refuse or neglect to take the same; and it shall, moreover, he the duty of the said agents to inspect and inquire into any waste or trespass committed on any of the reserved sections aforesaid, by cutting and carrying off timber or stone, or any other damage that may be done to the same, whether by persons residing thereon or others; and the said agents are hereby authorized, when waste or trespass shall be committed, to person committee proceed against the person or persons committing the same, acting waste or cording to the lower in cordinate or cordinate cordin cording to the laws in such case made and provided; and actions in the cases aforesaid shall be sustained by the agenta;

The agents aut thorized to pro-eced against trespans, &c.

and the damages recovered shall be one-half to the use of such agents, and the other half to be applied to the same purpose as One-half the dathe proceeds of rents from the land on which the damage was ed, to the use of the second sustained.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That, for each lease ex- 2 dolls. to the ecuted by the agents, they shall be entitled to receive the sum of agents, for each

two dollars, to be paid by the lessees, respectively.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That every lease which Lease limited to the territorial may be granted in virtue of this act, shall be limited to the pe-form of governriod of the termination of the territorial form of government in ment, bec. the said territory; and shall cease to have any force or effect after the first day of January next succeeding the establishment of a state government therein: Provided, That outstanding rents may Proviso; outbe collected, and damages for waste or trespass may be recovermay be collected, in the same manner as if the leases had continued in full leases had conleases had conforce. [Approved, January 9, 1815.]

CHAP. 703. An act to provide additional revenues for defraying the expenses of government, and maintaining the public credit, by laying a direct tax [* See amenda-upon the United States, and to provide for assessing and collecting the March, 1815; ch. same.*

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That a direct tax of six millions of dollars be, and is hereby, annually A direct tax of laid upon the United States, and the same shall be, and is here- 6000,000 dolla angually, laid, by, apportioned to the states, respectively, in manner follow-and apportioned to the states. ing:

To the state of New Hampshire, one hundred and ninety- New Hampthree thousand five hundred and eighty-six dollars and seventy-

To the state of Massachusetts, six hundred and thirty-two Massachusetts, thousand five hundred and forty-one dollars and ninety-six

To the state of Rhode Island, sixty-nine thousand four hun-Rhode Island. dred and four dollars and thirty-six cents.

To the state of Connecticut, two hundred and thirty-six thou- connecticut. sand three hundred and thirty-five dollars and forty-two cents.

To the state of Vermont, one hundred and ninety-six thou- vermont. sand six hundred and eighty-seven dollars and forty-two cents.

To the state of New York, eight hundred and sixty thousand New York.

two hundred and eighty-three dollars and twenty-four cents. To the state of New Jersey, two hundred and seventeen thou- new Jersey.

sand seven hundred and forty-three dollars and sixty-six cents. To the state of Pennsylvania, seven hundred and thirty thou- Pennsylvania,

sand nine hundred and fifty-eight dollars and thirty-two cents.

To the state of Delaware, sixty-four thousand ninety-two Delaware. dollars and fifty cents.

To the state of Maryland, three hundred and three thousand Maryland. two hundred and forty-seven dollars and eighty-eight cents.

To the state of Virginia, seven hundred and thirty-eight thou- Virginia. h, sand thirty-six dollars and eighty-eight cents.

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To the state of Kentucky, three hundred and thirty-seven thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven dollars and fifty-two cents.

Ohio.

To the state of Ohio, two hundred and eight thousand three hundred dollars and twenty-eight cents.

North Caroline.

To the state of North Carolina, four hundred and forty thousand four hundred and seventy-six dollars and fifty-six cents.

Tennessee.

To the state of Tennessee, two hundred and twenty thousand one hundred and seventy-three dollars and ten cents.

South Carolina.

To the state of South Carolina, three hundred and three thousand eight hundred and ten dollars and ninety-six cents.

Georgia.

To the state of Georgia, one hundred and eighty-nine thousand eight hundred and seventy-two dollars and ninety-eight cents: and

To the state of Louisiana, fifty-six thousand five hundred and

ninety dollars and twenty-two cents.

After the 9th Jan. 1815, the ment and collection of direct taxes of 22d July,

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this act, the act of congress, entitled "An act for the assessment and collection of direct taxes and internal duties,"# passed on the twenty-second day of July, one thousand eight 1813, repealed, hundred and thirteen, shall be, and the same is miles, therein leader, the same respects the collection districts therein leader, the same respects the same respects. internal duties, and so far as the same respects the appointment and qualifications of the collectors and principal assessors therein and thereby authorized and required; in all which respects, so Proviso: the act for the purposes of this act: Provided always, That, for making repealed to com- and completing the assessment and collection of the direct tax force for the laid by virging of the cat of the excepted, as aforesaid, the said act shall be and continue in force

laid by virtue of the act of congress, entitled "An act to lay and

collect a direct tax within the United States," passed on the second day of August, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen,

the said first mentioned act of congress shall be and continue in

noletion of the assessment and collection of the direct tax hid by the act of the 2d Aug.

full force, any thing in this act to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

Principal assessors to divide their districts, and appoint as-

Proviso; the secretary of the treasury may reduce the number of dis-tricts, if, &ce.

Assessors to take and sub eribe an oath,

Form of the oath.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That each of the principal assessors heretofore appointed, or hereafter appointed, shall divide his district into a convenient number of assessment districts, within each of which he shall appoint one respectable freeholder, to be assistant assessor: Provided, That the secretary of the treasury shall be, and is hereby, authorized to reduce the number of assessment districts, in any collection district, in any state, if the number shall appear to him to be too great; and the principal assessors, respectively, and each assistant assessor, so appointed, and accepting the appointment, shall, before he enters on the duty of his appointment under this act, take and subscribe, before some competent magistrate, or some collector of the direct tax and internal duties, (who is hereby empowered to administer the same) the following oath or affirmation, to wit: " I, do swear, or affirm, (as the case may be,) that I will, to the best of my knowledge, skill, and judgment, diligently and faithfully execute the office and duties of principal assessor (or assistant asressor, as the case may be,) for (naming the district) without favor or partiality, and that I will do equal right and justice in every case in which I shall act as principal assessor (or assistant assessor, as the case may be.") And a certificate of such oath or A certificate of affirmation shall be delivered to the collector of the district for the oath to be delivered to the which such assessor shall be appointed, and every principal or collector of the assistant assessor acting in the said office, without having taken Assessors acting the said oath or affirmation, shall forfeit and pay one hundred forbit 100 dolls. dollars, one moiety to the use of the United States, and the other to him who shall first sue for the same; to be recovered, with costs of suit, in any court having competent jurisdiction.

BECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the secretary of the The secretary treasury shall establish regulations suitable and necessary for to establish recarrying this act into effect; which regulations shall be binding guartons are instrumental instruments. on each principal assessor and his assistants, in the performance thous for the of the duties enjoined by or under this act; and shall also frame instructions for the said principal assessors and their assistants; pursuant to which instructions the said principal assessors shall, The principal on the first day of February next, direct and cause the several cause the several cause the several assistant assessors in the district to inquire after and concerning and, on the lat all lands, lots of ground, with their improvements, dwelling quire after lands houses, and slaves, made liable to taxation under this act, by to taxation, &c. reference as well to any lists of assessment or collection taken under the laws of the respective states, as to any other records or documents, and by all other lawful ways and means, and to value and enumerate the said objects of taxation, in the manner prescribed by this act, and in conformity with the regulations and instructions abovementioned. And it shall be further lawful for the secretary the secretary of the treasury to direct all errors committed in to direct all the assessment, valuation, and tax lists, or in the collection assessment, valuation, and tax lists, or in the collection assessment, valuation, and tax lists, or in the collection assessment, valuation, and tax lists, or in the collection assessment, valuation, and tax lists, or in the collection assessment, valuation, and tax lists, or in the collection assessment, valuation, and tax lists, or in the collection assessment, valuation, and tax lists, or in the collection assessment, valuation, and tax lists, or in the collection assessment, valuation, and tax lists, or in the collection assessment, valuation, and tax lists, or in the collection assessment, valuation, and tax lists, or in the collection assessment, valuation, and tax lists, or in the collection assessment, valuation, and tax lists, or in the collection assessment, valuation, and tax lists are collected as a second collection as a second col thereof, heretofore or hereafter made in the valuation, assess- luation, &co ment, and tax lists, of the direct tax, laid by virtue of the said & act of congress, entitled "An act to lay and collect a direct tax within the United States," and also, all such errors as may, [Ame, ch. 866] from time to time, be committed in the assessment, valuation, and tax lists, or in the collection thereof, as may hereafter be made in the assessment of the direct tax by this act laid, to be corrected, in such form, and upon such evidence, as the said secretary shall prescribe and approve.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That the said direct tax, The tax to be laid by this act, shall be assessed and laid on the value of all hid on the value. lands and lots of ground, with their improvements, dwelling &c. according to houses, and slaves; which several articles, subject to taxation, worth in money. shall be enumerated and valued by the respective assessors at the rate each of them is worth in money: Provided, however, Provisor property of the Uni-That all property, of whatever kind, coming within any of the ted states, or or foregoing descriptions, and belonging to the United States, or exempted, &c: any state, or permanently or specially exempted from taxation by the laws of the state wherein the same may be situated, existing at the time of the passage of this act, shall be exempted from the aforesaid enumeration and valuation, and from the direct tax aforesaid: And provided also, That nothing herein con- provise; nothing

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1815. in Ohio and Louisiana, &c.

tained shall be construed to exempt from enumeration and valupublic hands sold ation, and the payment of the direct tax, any public lands which heretofore have been, or hereafter may be, sold in the states of Ohio and Louisiana, under any law of the United States, the compact between the United States and the said states to the contrary notwithstanding.

ors to proceed through their districts, and require person owning, &c. lands, slaves, &c. to deliver ritten lists,

Sect. 6. And be it further enacted, That the respective assistant assessors shall, immediately after being required, as aforesaid, by the principal assessors, proceed through every part of their respective districts, and shall require all persons owning, possessing, or having the care or management of, any lands, lots of ground, dwelling houses, or slaves, lying and being within the collection district where they reside, and liable to a direct tax as aforesaid, to deliver written lists of the same, which lists shall be made in such manner as may be directed by the principal assessor, and, as far as practicable, conformably to those which may be required for the same purpose under the authority

luations, &c. beretofore made, to remain, &cc. revision, &cc.

The principal assessors in the states where a direct tax has been assessed, acc. to proceed to revise, &cc. at

In making the revisal, the prin-cipal assessors are to ascertain what transfers and changes have taken place, &c.

of the respective states: Provided always, nevertheless, and it is hereby further enacted and declared, That the valuations and assessments heretofore made and completed, or to be made and completed, by virtue of the said act of congress, entitled "An act for the assessment and collection of direct taxes and internal L*Ante, ch. 544.] duties,"* and the said act of congress, entitled "An act to lay [†Ante,ch. 868.] and collect a direct tax within the United States,"† in relation to the several states wherein the same has been assessed or is assessing, shall be and remain the valuations and assessments for the said states, respectively, subject only to the revision, equalization, and apportionment, among the several counties and state districts, by the board of principal assessors hereinafter constituted, to be made as is hereinafter directed, for the purpose of levying and collecting annually the direct tax by this act laid, in the manner hereinafter provided, until provision shall be made by law for altering, modifying, or abolishing, the same. And the principal assessors, in the said several states wherein a direct tax has heretofore been assessed as aforesaid, shall, at the time and times herein and hereby prescribed for making the valuation and assessment in the states wherein a direct tax has not heretofore been assessed (in consequence of the legislative assumption of the quotas of the direct tax by such states, respectively,) proceed to revise, and shall revise, their several and respective valuations, assessments, and tax lists, correcting therein all errors, and supplying all omissions, which have been or shall be therein discovered and ascertained. And in making the said revisal as aforesaid, it shall be the duty of the said principal assessors to inquire and ascertain what transfers and changes of property in lands, lots of ground, dwelling houses, and slaves, have been made and effected, since the time of the original valuation and assessment aforesaid; and also what changes of residents and nonresidents have occurred; and also what slaves have been born, or have died, or have runaway, or become otherwise useless; and also what houses, or other improvements of real estate, have been burned or otherwise destroyed; and thereupon to make

such changes, additions, or reductions, in the said valuations and assessments, respectively, as truth and justice shall require. And, for the purpose of making the said revisal as aforesaid, of the said valuations, assessments, and tax lists, the principal assessors shall take and pursue all lawful measures, by the examination of records, by the information of the parties in writing, or by any other satisfactory evidence or proof. And, in case of any alteration made upon such revisal, affecting the Proceedings, as property or interests of any person, so as to charge such per-peak, &c. where son with any greater amount of tax, or to transfer the charge aper-of the tax from one person to another person, there shall be the er amount, &c. like proceedings as is herein provided in the case of appeals upon an original assessment. And the principal assessors, after Principal assesshearing such appeals, shall proceed to make out and to deliver one after hearing appeals, to revised lists of their valuations and assessments, respectively, to proceed, &c. the board of principal assessors, to be constituted as is hereinafter mentioned. And thereupon, the said board of principal as-The board of sessors shall proceed in the like manner as is hereinafter pro- on to principal assess wided in the case of an original assessment, submitted to the said asprovided, &c. board of principal assessors, for the purpose of an equalization and apportionment of the direct tax by this act laid to and among the counties and state districts of the states, respectively.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That if any person own-remone not pro-ing, possessing, or having the care or management of, property a written list, liable to a direct tax, as aforesaid, shall not be prepared to ex- and consenting to disclose parhibit a written list when required as aforesaid, and shall consent ticulars, the ofto disclose the particulars of any and all the lands and lots of the list, &c. ground, with their improvements, dwelling houses, and slaves, taxable as aforesaid, then and in that case it shall be the duty of the officer to make such list, which, being distinctly read and

consented to, shall be received as the list of such person.

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That if any such person Persons delivering fraudulent shall deliver or disclose to any assessor appointed in pursuance list, &c. liable of this act, and requiring a list or lists, as aforesaid, any false or to fine, &c. fraudulent list, with intent to defeat or evade the valuation or enumeration hereby intended to be made, such person so offending, and being thereof convicted, before any court having competent jurisdiction, shall be fined in a sum not exceeding five hundred dollars, at the discretion of the court, and shall pay all costs and charges of prosecution; and the valuation and enumeration re- In case of frau-quired by this act, shall, in all such cases, be made as aforesaid, the assessors to upon lists according to the form above described, to be made out according to the by the assessors, respectively, which lists the said assessors are best information, &c. hereby authorized and required to make, according to the best information they can obtain; and for the purpose of making which they are hereby authorized to enter into and upon all and singular the premises, respectively, and from the valuation and

enumeration so made there shall be no appeal.

SECT. 9. And be it further enacted, That, in case any person shall be absent from his place of residence at the time an assessor in case persons are thurnt, the shall call to receive the list of such person, it shall be the duty assessor is to of such assessor to leave, at the house or place of residence of save a written

note, requiring the list within 10 days, &ce.

Persons noti-fied, and neglecting or refusing to furnish lists, the assessor is to en-ter on the pre-mises, and make a list on piew, &c.

Persons failing or neglecting to

Property in a district, not owned or pos-sessed by a person residing therein, &c. the assessor is to en-ter, and make out lists upon view, &c.

cc. not in the district where they reside, per-mitted to make out and deliver the list, &cc. to the assessor where they

Assistant assessors to transmit he lists of nonresidents,

such person, a written note or memorandum, requiring him to present to such assessor the list or lists required by this act, within ten days from the date of such note or memorandum.

SECT. 10. And be it further enacted, That if any person, on being notified or required as aforesaid, shall refuse or neglect to give such list or lists as aforesaid, within the time required by this act, it shall be the duty of the assessor for the assessment district within which such person shall reside, and he is hereby authorized and required, to enter into and upon the lands, dwelling houses, and premises, if it be necessary, of such persons so refusing or neglecting, and to make, according to the best information which he can obtain, and on his own view and information, such lists of the lands and lots of ground, with their improvements, dwelling houses, and slaves, owned or possessed, or under the care or management of such person, as are required by this act; which lists, so made and subscribed by such assessor, shall be taken and reputed as good and sufficient lists of the persons and property for which such person is to be taxed for the purposes of this act: and the person so failing or neglecting, unless in case of sickness or absence from home, shall, moreover, forforfeit 100 dolls. feit and pay the sum of one hundred dollars, to be recovered, for the use of the United States, with costs of suit, in any court having competent jurisdiction.

Sect. 11. And be it further enacted, That whenever there shall be, in any assessment district, any property, lands, and lots of ground, dwelling houses or slaves, not owned or possessed by, or under, the care or management of, any person or persons within such district, and liable to be taxed as aforesaid and no list of which shall be transmitted to the principal assessor in the manner provided by this act, it shall be the duty of the assessor for such district, and he is hereby authorized and required, to enter into and upon the real estate, if it be necessary, and take such view thereof, and of the slaves, of which lists are required, and to make lists of the same, according to the form prescribed by this act, which lists, being subscribed by the said assessor, shall be taken and reputed as good and sufficient lists of such property, under and for the purposes of this act.

SECT 12. And be it further enacted, That the owners, pos-Owners of lands, sessors, or persons, having the care or management of lands, lots

of ground, dwelling houses, and slaves, not lying or being within the assessment district in which they reside, shall be permitted to make out and deliver the list thereof required by this act, (provided the assessment district in which the said objects of taxation lie, or be, is therein distinctly stated,) at the time and in the manner prescribed, to the assessor of the assessment district wherein such persons reside. And it shall be the duty of the assistant assessors, in all such cases, to transmit such lists, at the time and in the manner prescribed for the transmission of the lists of the objects of taxation lying and being within their respective assessment districts, to the principal assessor of their collection district, whose duty it shall be to transmit them to the principal assessor of the collection district wherein the said ob-

jects of taxation shall lie or be, immediately after the receipt thereof, and the said lists shall be valid and sufficient for the purposes of this act; and on the delivery of every such list, the person making and delivering the same shall pay to the assist- One dollar to ant assessor one dollar; one-half whereof he shall retain to his the assistant assessor for every own use, and the other half thereof he shall pay over to the prin-list of morrestcipal assessor of the district, for the use of such principal as- &c.

with the value and assessment of the objects, liable to taxation within such district, for which each such person is liable, and, whenever so required by the principal assessor, the amount of

together with the value and assessment thereof, or the amount of

by the assistant assessors, and delivered to the principal assessor,

shall, moreover, forfeit and pay two hundred dollars, to be recovered, for the use of the United States, in any court having com-

shall be taken with reference to the day fixed for that purpose assessors to make two gene-by this act as aforesaid; and the assistant assessors, respectively, rallism, kee-

after collecting the said lists, shall proceed to arrange the same, The first list to and to make two general lists, the first of which shall exhibit, in exhibit the alphabetical order, the names of all persons liable to pay a tax names of persons under this act, residing within the assessment district, together the second seco

direct tax payable by each person, on such objects, under the state laws imposing direct taxes; and the second list shall exhitoexhibit the bit, in alphabetical order, the names of all persons residing out names of persons not resident to exhibit the bit, in alphabetical order, the names of all persons residing out names of persons not resident to the district the second list to the second list to exhibit the bit, in alphabetical order, the names of all persons residing out names of persons not resident to the second list to exhibit the bit, in alphabetical order, the names of all persons residing out names of persons not resident to the second list shall exhibit the bit, in alphabetical order, the names of all persons residing out names of persons not resident to the second list shall exhibit the bit, in alphabetical order, the names of all persons residing out names of persons not resident to the second list shall exhibit the second list shall exhibit the bit, in alphabetical order, the names of all persons residing out names of persons not resident to the second list shall exhibit the second list to the second list the second l of the collection district, owners of property within the district, dem, &c.

direct tax due thereon, as aforesaid. The forms of the said ge-general lists to neral lists shall be devised and prescribed by the principal as-be prescribed by the principal as-be prescribed by the principal scssor; and lists taken according to such form shall be made out assessor, &c.

within sixty days after the day fixed by this act, as aioresaid, requiring lists from individuals: And if any assistant assessor shall or fail to perform any duty assigned by this act, within the time perform any duty assigned by this act, within the time perform any duty assigned, prescribed by his precept, warrant, or other legal instructions, prevented, &c. not being prevented therefrom by sickness, or other unavoidable be discharged from office: and of days after the day for the day of the discharged from office: and of days after the day fixed by this act, within the time perform any duty assigned, or other unavoidable be discharged from office: and office days after the day fixed by this act, within the time perform any duty assigned, and for the days after the day fixed by this act, within the time perform any days assigned by this act, within the time perform any day assigned, and for the day assigned by this act, within the time perform any day assigned by this act, within the time perform any day assigned, and for the day assigned by this act, within the time perform any day assigned by this act, within the time perform any day assigned by the day assigned by the day assigned by the day as a second control of the day and the day as a second control of the day and the day as a second control of the day and the day as a second control of the day and the day as a second control of the day and the day and the day as a second control of the day and the day as a second control of the day and the day as a second control of the day and the day as a second control of the day and the day as a second control of the d within sixty days after the day fixed by this act, as aforesaid, reaccident, every such assessor shall be discharged from office; and 200 dolla &c.

SECT. 13. And be it further enacted, That the lists aforesaid The assistant

petent jurisdiction, with cost of suit. SECT. 14. And be it further enacted, That, immediately af- After the valuater the valuations and enumerations shall have been completed, tion, see have as aforesaid, the principal assessor in each collection district, the principal shall, by advertisement in some public newspaper, if any there district to advertise the place. be in such district, and by written notifications, to be publickly where the biase posted up, in at least four of the most public places in each as- ed, see. sessment district, advertise all persons concerned, of the place where the said lists, valuations, and enumerations, may be seen and examined, and that, during twenty-five days after the publi
for receiving cation of the notifications as aforesaid, appeals will be received appeals, &c. and determined by him, relative to any erroneous or excessive valuations or enumerations by the assessor. And it shall be the proceedings of duty of the principal assessor in each collection district, during assessor to be inspirited for twenty-five days after the date of publication, to be made as days, &c. and

aforesaid, to submit the proceedings of the assessors, and the principal assesslists by them received, or taken as aforesaid, to the inspection

1815. determine appeals, &c.

Proviso: princi-pal assessors to attend two sucessive days at se courthouse,

Proviso; the question to be determined on appeal, &c.

The principal or empowered to re-examine and equal. ize valuations: but no increase without a previons notice to

contains more m nt district. the principal as er d to equal ize. &c.

ing appeals, to and deliver them to the

ing, &c.
A board of principal assessors,

of any and all persons who shall apply for that purpose; and the said principal assessors are hereby authorized to receive, hear, and determine, in a summary way, according to law and: right, upon any and all appeals which may be exhibited against the proceedings of the said assessors: Provided always, That it shall be the duty of said principal assessors to advertise and attend two successive days of the said twenty-five, at the courthouse of each county within his assessment district, there to receive and determine upon the appeals aforesaid: And provided always, That the question to be determined by the principal assessor, on an appeal respecting the valuation of property, shall be, whether the valuation complained of, be or be not, in a just relation or proportion to other valuations in the same as-Appeals to be in sessment district. And all appeals to the principal assessors, as writing and to specify, &c. aforesaid, shall be made in writing, and shall specify the lar cause, matter, or thing, respecting which a decision is requested, and shall, moreover, state the ground or principle of inequality or error complained of. And the principal assessor shall have power to re-examine and equalize the valuations, as shall appear just and equitable; but no valuation shall be increased, without a previous notice of at least five days to the party interested, to appear and object to the same, if he judgeproper; which notice shall be given by a note in writing, to be left at the dwelling house of the party, by such assessor as the

SECT. 15. And be it further enacted, That whenever a county When a county or state district shall contain more than one assessment district, the principal assessor shall have power, on examination of the lists rendered by the assistant assessors, according to the provisions of this act, to revise, adjust, and equalize, the valuation of lands and lots of ground, with their improvements, dwelling houses, and slaves, between such assessment districts, by deducting from, or adding to, either, such a rate per centum as shall

principal assessor shall designate for that purpose.

appear just and equitable.

SECT. 16. And be it further enacted, That the principal as-Principal assessors shall, immediately after the expiration of the time for hearing and deciding appeals, make out correct lists of the valuation and enumeration in each assessment district, and deliver board of princil. the same to the board of principal assessors hereinafter constipalaness its &c. tuted, in and for the states, respectively. And it shall be the duty The principal assessors in each of the principal assessors, in each state, to convene, in general state to convene meeting, at such time and place as shall be appointed and disconvene meeting, at such time and place as shall be appointed and disconveneral meet. rected by the secretary of the treasury. And the said principal assessors, or a majority of them, so convened, shall constitute, and they are hereby constituted, a board of principal assessors for the purposes of this act, and shall make and establish such rules and regulations, as to them shall appear necessary for carrying such purposes into effect, not being inconsistent with this act, or the laws of the United States.

SECT. 17. And be it further enacted, That the said board of principal assessors, convened and organized as aforesaid, shall and may appoint a suitable person or persons, to be their clerk

The board of principal as

or elerks, who shall hold his or their office, or offices, at the pleasure of the said board of principal assessors, and whose duty appoint clerks to record, &c. it shall be to receive, record, and preserve, all tax lists, returns, and other documents, delivered and made to the said board of principal assessors, and who shall take an oath, or affirmation, Clerks wake (if conscientiously scrupulous of taking an oath,) faithfully to discharge his or their trust; and in default of taking such oath In default of oath, or failure or affirmation, previous to entering on the duties of such appointing for the foreits see dolling ment; or on failure to perform any part of the duties enjoined on and to be rehim or them, respectively, by this act, he or they shall, respectively. tively, forfeit and pay the sum of two hundred dollars, for the use of the United States, to be recovered in any court having competent jurisdiction, and shall also be removed from office.

SECT. 18. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty The clerks so of the said clerks to record the proceedings of the said board of eceding of the principal assessors, and to enter on the record the names of such of the principal assessors as shall attend any general meeting of the board of principal assessors for the purposes of this act. And if any principal assessor shall fail to attend such general meet-Aprincipal asing, his absence shall be noted on the said record, and he shall, in dolls, for for every day he may be absent therefrom, forfeit and pay the every day's absum of ten dollars, for the use of the United States. And if any Any principal principal assessor shall fail or neglect to furnish the said board or neglecting to of principal assessors, with the lists of valuation and enumeration board with Hats, of each assessment district within his collection district, within &c. to forfeit three days after the time appointed, as aforesaid, for such gene-his comp. no ral meeting of the said board of principal assessors, he shall forfeit and pay the sum of five hundred dollars, for the use of the United States, and moreover shall forfeit his compensation as principal assessor. And it shall be the duty of the clerks of the The elects of said board of principal assessors to certify, to the secretary of the board to certify the treasury, an extract of the minutes of the board, showing to the secretary such failures or neglect, which shall be sufficient evidence of the certification. such failures or neglect, which shall be summered expenses: Pro- Proviso; the seried always, That it shall be in the power of the secretary of the treasury to exonerate such principal assessor or assessors from the forfeiture of the said compensation, in whole or in part, of their compensations, it is about the country and compensations in the said compensation.

SECT. 19. And be it further enacted, That if the said board If the board of of principal assessors shall not, within three days after the first or are not with meeting thereof, as aforesaid, be furnished with all the lists of see furnished valuation of the several counties and state districts of any state withall the lists, to or states, they shall, nevertheless, proceed to make out the proceed, see equalization and apportionment by this act directed, and they equalization and apportionment by this act directed, and they shall assign to such counties and state districts, the valuation lists of which shall not have been furnished, such valuation as they shall deem just and right, and the valuation thus made to such counties and state districts, by the board of principal assessors, shall be final, and the proper quota of direct tax shall be, and is hereby declared to be, imposed thereon accordingly.

SECT. 20. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty The board of of the said board of principal assessors, diligently and carefully principal assessors

djust and equal-

The board, &c. having complet-ed the adjust-ment, &cc. to proceed to ap-

The board to complete the apportionment within 20 days,

Apportionment to be certified,

their lists, &cc.

ors to make out payable, čc.

to consider and examine the said lists of valuation, as well in zo consider and relation to the states which have been heretofore assessed, as in examine the lists, &c. and to relation to the states which have not been heretofore assessed, for the direct tax for the year one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, and they shall have power to revise, adjust, and equalize, the valuation of property in any county or state district, by adding thereto, or deducting therefrom, such a rate per centum as shall render the valuation of the several counties and state Proviso: the re- districts just and equitable: Provided, The relative valuation of of property in property in the same county shall not be changed, unless manithe same county fest error or imperfection shall appear in any of the lists of value to be changed. luation, in which case the said board of principal assessors shall have power to correct the same, as to them shall appear just and If, by any alter right. And if, in consequence of any revisal, change, and alteration, inequality is produced, the ation, of the said valuation, any inequality shall be produced in secretary of the the apportionment of the said direct tax to the several states, as ort to congress, aforesaid, it shall be the duty of the secretary of the treasury to report the same to congress, to the intent that provision may be made by law for rectifying such inequality.

SECT. 21. And be it further enacted, That, as soon as the said board of principal assessors shall have completed the adjustment and equalization of the valuation aforesaid, they shall proceed ortion the tax, to apportion to each county and state district its proper quota of direct tax, and they shall lay the same upon all the subjects of direct taxation herein prescribed, within their respective counties and state districts, according to the provisions of this act, so as to raise upon each county or state district, a quota of taxes bearing the same proportion to the whole direct tax imposed on the state, as the valuation of such county or state district bears to the valuation of the state. And the said board of principal assessors shall, within twenty days after the time appointed by the secretary of the treasury for their first meeting, complete the said apportionment, and shall record the same; they shall thereupon further deliver to each principal assessor a certificate of such apportionment, together with the general lists by the principal assessors respectively presented to the board as aforesaid, and transmit to the secretary of the treasury a certificate of the Principal ances apportionment by them made as aforesaid; and the principal assessors, respectively, shall thereupon proceed to revise their respective lists, and alter and make the same in all respects conformable to the apportionment aforesaid by the said board of Principal assess- principal assessors; and the said principal assessors, respectively,

shall make out lists containing the sums payable, according to the provisions of this act, upon every object of taxation in and for The lists to con- each collection district; which lists shall contain the name of each tain the name of each person residing within the said district, owning, or having the care or superintendence of, property lying within the said district, which is liable to the said tax, when such person or persons are known, together with the sums payable by each; and A separate list where there is any property within any collection district, liable of property, where the ownto the payment of the said tax, not owned or occupied by or
"R. R. is not
under the superintendence of any person resident therein, there

shall be a separate list of such property, specifying the sum payable, and the names of the respective proprietors, where known. And the said principal assessors shall furnish, to the collector of Principal assess the several collection districts respectively, within thirty-five days collectors with after the apportionment is completed as aforesaid, a certified copy of the lists, &c. of such list or lists for their proper collection districts. And in Indefault of duty by the default of performance of the duties enjoined on the board of board of assess assessors and principal assessors, respectively, by this section, forfeits 100 they shall, severally and individually, forfeit and pay the sum of dolla. &c. five hundred dollars, to the use of the United States, to be recovered in any court having competent jurisdiction: And it is hereby enacted and declared, That the valuation, assessment, equalization, &c. made by the and apportionment, made by the said board of principal assessors, board direct tax by this act laid and imposed, until altered, modified, or abolished, by law.

SECT. 22. And be it further enacted, That each collector, on Each collector, receiving a list as aforesaid, from the said principal assessors, on receiving a respectively, shall subscribe three receipts, one of which shall be one to remain given on a full and correct copy of such list, which list shall be with the principal assessor. One and assessor on delivered by him to, and shall remain with, the principal assessor to be transmitted of his collection district, and shall be open to the inspection of and one to the any person who may apply to inspect the same, and the other the treasury, two receipts shall be given on aggregate statements of the lists &cc. aforesaid, exhibiting the gross amount of taxes to be collected in each county or state district contained in the collection district, one of which aggregate statements and receipts shall be transmitted to the secretary, and the other to the comptroller, of the

treasury.

SECT. 23. And be it further enacted, That each collector, be-Bach collector, fore receiving any list, as aforesaid, for collection, shall give give bond, &c. to bond, with one or more good and sufficient sureties, to be approved by the comptroller of the treasury, in the amount of the taxes assessed in the collection district, for which he has been or may be appointed, which bond shall be payable to the United States, with condition for the true and faithful discharge of the duties of his office, according to law, and particularly for the due collection and payment of all moneys assessed upon such district; and the said bond shall be transmitted to, and deposited in, the posited in the office of the comptroller of the treasury: Provided always, That office nothing herein contained shall be deemed to annul, or in any wise to impair, the obligation of the bond heretofore given by the obligation of any collector; but the same shall be and remain in full force and tofore given by virtue, any thing in this act to the contrary thereof, in any wise, collectors, &c. notwithstanding.

SECT. 24. And be it further enacted, That the annual amount The taxes to be of the taxes so assessed, shall be and remain a lien upon all lands allen on the pro-and other real estate, and all slaves, of the individuals who may rear after they be assessed for the same, during two years after the time it shall annually become due and payable; and the said lien shall extend to each and every part of all tracts or lots of land, or dwelling

houses, notwithstanding the same may have been divided or ali-

Collectors may appoint depu-ties, and revoke

Rach deputy to have like authority to col-

Collectors answerable for their deputies,

lecting the whole, &c.

Each collector post up notice, that the tax has become due and payable, &c. state the times and places at which he will attend, &c.

Persons not at-tending, to be applied to in person, once,

not paid within 30 days after

enated in part.

SECT. 25. And be it further enacted, That each collector shall be authorized to appoint, by an instrument of writing under his hand and seal, as many deputies as he may think proper, assigning to each deputy, by that instrument of writing, such portion of his collection district as he may think proper, and also to revoke the powers of any deputy, giving public notice thereof in that portion of the district assigned to such deputy; and each such deputy shall have the like authority, in every respect, to collect the direct tax, so assessed within the portion of the district assigned to him, which is by this act vested in the collector himself; but each collector shall, in every respect, be responsible, both to the United States and to individuals, as the case may be, for all moneys collected, and for every act done, as deputy collector, by any of Provise, nothing his deputies, whilst acting as such: Provided, That nothing herein to prevent the collector from collecting, himlector from collecting herein to get the collecting the in his district.

SECT. 26. And be it further enacted, That each of the said collectors, or his deputies, shall, within ten days after receiving his collection list from the principal assessors, respectively, as aforesaid, and, annually, within ten days after he shall be so required by the secretary of the treasury, advertise, in one newspaper printed in his collection district, if any there be, and by notifications to be posted up in at least four public places in his collection district, that the said tax has become due and payable, and state the times and places at which he or they will attend to receive the same, which shall be within twenty days after such notification; and, with respect to persons who shall not attend, according to such notifications, it shall be the duty of each collector, in person or by deputy, to apply once, at their respective dwellings, within such district, and there demand the taxes payable by such persons, which application shall be made within sixty days after the receipt of the collection lists, as aforesaid, or after the receipt of the requisition of the secretary of the treasury, as aforesaid, by the collectors; and if the said taxes shall not be then paid, or within twenty days thereafter, it shall the time limit-ed, the collector, be lawful for such collector, or his deputies, to proceed to colmay proceed by lect the said taxes by distress and sale of the goods, chattels, or Bec. reflects, of the persons delinquent, as aluresalus. In the Proceedings in effects, it shall be the duty of the officer charged with the collection, to make, or cause to be made, an account of the goods or chattels which may be distrained, a copy of which, signed by the officer making such distress, shall be left with the owner or possessor of such goods, chattels, or effects, or at his or her dwelling, with a note of the sum demanded, and the time and place of sale; and the said officer shall forthwith cause a notification to be publickly posted up at two of the taverns nearest the residence of the person whose property shall be distrained, or at the courthouse of the same county, if not more than ten miles distant, which notice shall specify the articles distrained, and

the time and place proposed for the sale thereof, which time shall not be less than ten days from the date of such notification, and the place proposed for sale not more than five miles distant from the place of making such distress: Provided, That, in any Proviso; goods, case of distress, for the payment of the duties aforesaid, the ec. distrained may be restored goods, chattels, or effects, so distrained, shall and may be re- on payment, &c. stored to the owner or possessor, if, prior to the sale thereof, &c. prior to the payment, or tender thereof, shall be made to the proper officer charged with the collection, of the full amount demanded, together with such fee for levying, and such sum for the necessary and reasonable expense of removing and keeping the goods, chattels, or effects, so distrained, as may be allowed in like cases by the laws or practice of the state wherein the distress shall have been made; but in case of nonpayment, or tender as In case of non aforesaid, the said officer shall proceed to sell the said goods, officer to prochattels, or effects, at public auction, and shall and may retain ecod to sell, &c. from the proceeds of such sale, the amount demandable for the use of the United States, with the necessary and reasonable ex- Commission of penses of distress and sale, and a commission of five per centum per cent to the thereon, for his own use, rendering the overplus, if any there be, overplus to the to the person whose goods, chattels, or effects, shall have been goods, etc. distrained: Provided, That it shall not be lawful to make distress Proviso; not of the tools or implements of a trade or profession, beasts of the distress of the plough necessary for the cultivation of improved lands, arms, or trade, &c.

household furniture, or apparel necessary for a family.

SECT. 27. And be it further enacted, That whenever goods, when there are chattels, or effects, sufficient to satisfy any tax upon dwelling su houses or lands, and their improvements, owned, occupied, or the office of the lands occupied, by persons known or residing within the same may sell part of the lands occupied occupi vertised the same for thirty days in a newspaper printed within &c. the collection district, if such there be, and having posted up, in at least ten public places within the same, a notification of the intended sale, thirty days previous thereto, shall proceed to sell, at public sale, so much of the said property as may be necessary Addition of 30 to satisfy the taxes due thereon, together with an addition of per cent. to taxes, in case twenty per centum to the said taxes. But in all cases where the of sale, &c. property liable to a direct tax under this act, or the said act of perty is not dicongress, entitled "An act to lay and collect a direct tax within lettor may sell the United States," * shall not be divisible, so as to enable the collector by a sale of nearth transfer. lector, by a sale of part thereof, to raise the whole amount of the [Ante, ch. 505.] tax, with all costs, charges, and commissions, the whole of such property shall be sold, and the surplus of the proceeds of the sale, after satisfying the tax, costs, charges, and commissions, shall be paid to the owner of the property, or his legal re- The surplus of presentatives, or if he or they cannot be found, or refuse to sales to be deposited in the receive the same, then such surplus shall be deposited in the treasury, where treasury of the United States, to be there held for the use of the more found, owner, or his legal representatives, until he or they shall make &c. application therefor to the secretary of the treasury, who, upon such application, shall, by warrant on the treasurer, cause the same to be paid to the applicant. And if the property advertised for

1815. 10 per cent. property not to be sold. Proviso: the owners, &c. in two years,

sale as aforesaid, cannot be sold for the amount of the tax due If the property thereon, with the said additional twenty per centum thereto, the for the amount, collector shall purchase the same in behalf of the United States parchase for the for the amount aforesaid. Provided, That the owner or superintendent of the property aforesaid, after the same shall have been as aforesaid advertised for sale, and before it shall have been acthe owner pay. as alloresard advertised for the tax thereon, ing the tax, and tually sold, shall be allowed to pay the amount of the tax thereon, with an addition of ten per centum on the same, on the payment of which the sale of the said property shall not take place: Provided also, That the owners, their heirs, executors, or adminismay redeem lands, &c. with. trators, or any person on their behalf, shall have liberty to redeem the lands and other property sold as aforesaid, within two years from the time of sale, upon payment to the collector, for the use of the purchaser, his heirs or assigns, of the amount paid by such purchaser, with interest for the same, at the rate of twenty per centum per annum; and no deed shall be given in pursuance of such sale, until the time of redemption shall have The collector to expired. And the collector shall render a distinct account of render a distinct the charges incurred in offering and advertising for sale such and pay into the reasury the surplus, it any the treasury the surplus, it any surplus of the property, and shall pay into the treasury the surplus, it any surplus of the so there be, of the aforesaid addition of twenty per centum, or ten after defraving the charges.

And in every case of the sale of real estate, which has been made under the said act of congress for the assessment and collection of direct taxes and internal duties, or which shall be made under

the authority of this act, by the collectors or marshals, respect-

made, executed, and proved, or acknowledged, at the time and times prescribed, in this act, by the collectors, respectively, within whose collection district such real estate shall be situated, in such form of law as shall be authorized and required by the laws of the United States, or by the law of the state in which such real estate lies, for making, executing, proving, and acknowledging, deeds of bargain and sale, or other conveyances for the transfer and conveyance of real estate: And for every deed, so

prepared, made, executed, proved, and acknowledged, the pur-

chaser or grantee shall pay to the collector the sum of five dollars for the use of the collector, marshal, or other person, effect-

Deeds for real estate sold, &c. to be made and ively, or their lawful deputies, respectively, or by any other per-executed by the son or persons, the deeds for the estate so sold shall be prepared,

The purchaser to pay 5 dolls. to the collector for every deed.

ing the sale of the real estate thereby conveyed. SECT. 28. And be it further enacted, That, with respect to Lists of the pre- property lying within any collection district, not owned, or occuperty of monre pied, or superintended, by some person residing in such collection district, and on which the tax shall not have been paid to which the has not been paid within on the collector within ninety days after the day on which he days, tobe transmitted to a sol. have received the collection list from the said principal assessmitted to a sol. have received us a aforesaid, or the requisition of the secretary signated by the ors, respectively, as aforesaid, or the requisition of the secretary secretary of the of the treasury, as aforesaid, the collector shall transmit lists of treasury, as aforesaid, the collector shall transmit lists of the same to one of the collectors within the same state, to be designated for that purpose by the secretary of the treasury: and the collector, who shall have been thus designated by the secretary of the treasury, shall transmit receipts for all the lists re-

serived, as aforesaid, to the collector transmitting the same. And the collectors thus designated in each state by the secretary of The collectors the treasury, shall cause notifications of the taxes due as afore-the secretary of said, and contained in the lists thus transmitted to them, to be cause notifications to be published, for sixty days, in at least one of the newspapers published for 60 lished in the state; and the owners of the property on which such days, &c.

The owners altaxes may be due, shall be permitted to pay to such collector the lowed to pay
the tax, with 10 taxes may be due, shall be permitted to pay to such confector the tax, with said tax, with an addition of ten per centum thereon: Provided, per cent. the That such payment is made within one year after the day on payment to be which the collector of the district where such property lies, had one year, &c. [*See sec. 3, ** one of the same. ** notified that the tax had become due on the same.*

SECT. 29. And be it further enacted, That when any tax, as The tax reaforesaid, shall have remained unpaid for the term of one year, maining unpaid as aforesaid, the collector in the state where the property lies, collector design as aforesaid, the collector in the state where the property lies, collector design. and who shall have been designated by the secretary of the trea- proceed to sell, sury as aforesaid, having first advertised the same for sixty days, in at least one newspaper in the state, † shall proceed to sell, at [† See sec. 3, ch. public sale, so much of the said property as may be necessary to satisfy the taxes due thereon, together with an addition of twenty per centum thereon; or if such property is not divisible, as aforesaid, the whole thereof shall be sold and accounted for in manner hereinbefore provided. If the property advertised for sale can- if the property not be sold for the amount of the tax due thereon, with the said the collector to addition thereon, the collector shall purchase the same in behalf purchase, &c. of the United States, for such amount and addition. And the collector shall render a distinct account of the charges incurred render a distinct in offering and advertising for sale such property, and pay into account, see, and pay into account, see, and pay into the treasury the surplus, if any, of the aforesaid addition of ten surplus of the or twenty per centum, as the case may be, after defraying the 10 or 20 per said charges.

SECT. 30. And be it further enacted, That the collectors, de-The collectors signated, as aforesaid, by the secretary of the treasury, shall de-designated. Scapesite with the clerks of the district court of the United States, the elerks of the in the respective states, and within which district the property current lists of lies, correct lists of the tracts of land, or other real property, sold the real property. by virtue of this act for nonpayment of taxes, together with the names of the owners, or presumed owners, or the purchasers, of the same, at the public sales aforesaid, and of the amount paid by such purchasers for the same; the owners, their heirs, executors, The owners, or administrators, or any person in their behalf, shall have liberty deem the to redeem the lands or other property sold as aforesaid, within perty within two years from the time of sale, upon payment, to the clerk payment of the aforesaid, for the use of the purchaser, his heirs, or assigns, of per cent. and so the amount paid by such purchaser for the said land, or other per cent. &c. real property, with interest for the same, at the rate of twenty per centum per annum, and of a commission of five per centum on such payment, for the use of the clerk aforesaid. The clerk shall, on application, pay to the purchasers the money thus paid for their use; and the collectors, respectively, shall give deeds for The collectors, the lands or property aforesaid, to the purchasers entitled to the section. same, in all cases where the same shall not have been redeemed within two years, as aforesaid, by the original owners thereof, or

1815. A dollar to the clark for every

Infants, married women, &c. allowed two years after the removal of disability, to re-deem lands sold, on paying, Sec.

Clerk of the court to be com-

Collectors to transmit monthly statements, esc. and pay over quarterly,

Collectors to complete their collections, &c. render a final secount, &c.
within 6
months, &c.

Proviso; one year and three months, &c. al-lowed to the collector designated, &c.

Each collector to be charged with the whole amount of taxes by him receipt-ed, and b. al-lowed credit,

their legal representatives. And the said clerks shall be entitled to receive from the purchaser, for his own use, the sum of one dollar, in addition to the sum hereinbefore made payable to the collector, for every such deed, to be paid on the delivery thereof to such purchasers. And in all cases where lands may be sold under this act for the payment of taxes, belonging to infants, persons of insane mind, married women, or persons beyond sea, such persons shall have the term of two years, after their respective disabilities shall have been removed, or their return to the United States, to redeem lands thus sold, on their paying into the clerk's office aforesaid the amount paid by the purchaser, together with ten per centum per annum; and on their payment to the purchaser of the land aforesaid, a compensation for all imto be passed on the provements he may have made on the products, succeptained by his purchase, the value of which improvements to be ascertained matchboring freeholders, to be appointed by neighboring ins purchase, the value of more neighboring freeholders, to be appointed by the clerk aforesaid, who, on actual view of the premises, shall assess the value of such improvements, on their oaths, and make a return of such valuation to the clerk immediately. And the clerk of the court shall receive such compensation for his services herein, to be paid by, and received from, the parties, like costs of suit, as the judge of the district court shall, in that respect, tax and allow.

> SECT. 31. And be it further enacted, That the several collectors shall, at the expiration of every month after they shall, respectively, commence their collections, in the next, and every ensuing year, transmit to the secretary of the treasury a statement of the collections made by them, respectively, within the month, and pay over, quarterly, or sooner, if required by the secretary of the treasury, the moneys by them respectively collected within the said term; and each of the said collectors shall complete the collection of all sums annually assigned to him for collection as aforesaid, shall pay over the same into the treasury, and shall render his final account to the treasury department, within six months from and after the day when he shall have received the collection lists from the said board of principal assessors, or the said requisition of the secretary of the treasury as aforesaid: Provided, however, That the period of one year and three months, from the said annual day, shall be annually allowed to the collector designated in each state as aforesaid by the secretary of the treasury, with respect to the taxes contained in the list transmitted to him by the other collectors as aforesaid.

> SECT. 32. And be it further enacted, That each collector shall be charged with the whole amount of taxes by him receipted, whether contained in the lists delivered to him by the principal assessors, respectively, or transmitted to him by other collectors; and shall be allowed credit for the amount of taxes contained in the lists transmitted in the manner above provided to other collectors, and by them receipted as aforesaid, and also for the taxes of such persons as may have absconded, or become insolvent, subsequent to the date of the assessment, and prior to the day when the tax ought, according to the provisions of this act,

to have been collected: *Provided*, That it shall be proven, to the satisfaction of the comptroller of the treasury, that due diligence must be satisfaction of the collector, and that no property was left from factorily proven that due diligence which the tax could have been recovered: And each collector, that due diligence was used designated in each state as aforesaid by the secretary of the treating the case of sury, shall receive credit for the taxes due for all tracts of land persons absoluting. Sec. which, after being offered by him for sale in manner aforesaid, shall or may have been purchased by him in behalf of the Uni-

SECT. 33. And be it further enacted, That if any collector Collectors failshall fail, either to collect or to render his account, or to pay over ing to collect or in the manner, or within the times, hereinbefore provided, it the comptroller shall be the duty of the comptroller of the treasury, and he is rant of distress against the dehereby authorized and required, immediately after such delin-liquent and his quency, to issue a warrant of distress against such delinquent sureties, &c. collector and his sureties, directed to the marshal of the district, therein expressing the amount of the taxes with which the said collector is chargeable, and the sums, if any, which have been paid. And the said marshal shall, himself, or by his deputy, im- The marshal, mediately proceed to levy and collect the sum which may remain &c. to proceed to levy by disdue, by distress and sale of the goods and chattels, or any per- tress, &c. sonal effects, of the delinquent collector; and for want of goods, For want of chattels, or effects, aforesaid, sufficient to satisfy the said war-goods, &c. the rant, the same may be levied on the person of the collector, who collector may be may be committed to prison, there to remain until discharged in committed to prison, &c. due course of law: And furthermore, notwithstanding the commitment of the collector to prison as aforesaid, or if he abscond, and goods, chattels, and effects, cannot be found sufficient to satisfy the said warrant, the said marshal, or his deputy, shall and proceed by distributions and collect the sum which remains due, by trees against the distress and sale of the goods and chattels, or any personal effects, of the surety or sureties of the delinquent collector. And the amount of the sums due from any collector, as aforesaid, collector, to be shall, and the same are hereby declared to, be, a lien upon the real estate and lands and real estate of such collector and his sureties, until the that of his sureties, &c. same shall be discharged according to law. And for want of goods and chattels, or other personal effects of such collector, or For want of his sureties, sufficient to satisfy any warrant of distress, issued fands, &c. may pursuant to the preceding section of this act, the lands and real ing advertised, estate of such collector and his sureties, or so much thereof as &c. may be necessary for satisfying the said warrant, after being advertised for at least three weeks, in not less than three public places in the collection district, and in one newspaper printed in the county or district, if any there be, prior to the proposed time of sale, may and shall be sold by the marshal or his deputy; and for all lands and real estate, sold in pursuance of the authority Conveyances by aforesaid, the conveyances of the marshals, or their deputies, for bands of decreated in due form of law, shall give a valid title against all legions sold, &c. persons claiming under delinquent collectors, or their sureties, valid, &c. aforesaid. And all moneys that may remain of the proceeds of such sale, after satisfying the said warrant of distress, and paying to be recing the reasonable costs and charges of sale, shall be returned to turned, &c.

the proprietor of the lands or real estate sold as aforesaid.

tion, &c.

Compensation of assistant assessors, &cc.

Compensation of assessors con-stituting the board, ecc.

Compensation of clerks, &c. Assessors allow-ed reasonable charges for books and stationery, &cc.

The president may augment the compensation of assessors, &c. Proviso; aug-&c. Annual sum of 280,000 dolls, ap-

SECT. 34. And be it further enacted, That each and every collector, see collector, or his deputy, who shall exercise or be guilty of any exceeding 2.000 extortion or oppression, under color of this act, or shall demand dolls. for exterother or greater sums than shall be authorized by this act, shall be liable to pay a sum not exceeding two thousand dollars, to be recovered, by and for the use of the party injured, with costs of suit, in any court having competent jurisdiction; and each and every collector or his deputies shall give receipts for all sums collectors, &c. every confector or and acquainted in pursuance of this act.

SECT. 35. And be it further enacted, That there shall be al-Compensation lowed and paid, for the services performed under this act, to sesson, see. each principal assessor, two dollars for every day employed in making the necessary arrangements and giving the necessary instructions to the assistant assessors for the valuations; three dollars for every day employed in making revised valuations and tax lists, where an assessment and valuation have heretofore been made, and in hearing appeals and making out lists, agreeably to the provisions of this act, upon original assessments and valuations; and five dollars for every hundred taxable persons contained in the tax list, as delivered by him to the said board of principal assessors: to each assistant assessor, two dollars for every day actually employed in collecting lists and making valuations, the number of days necessary for that purpose being certified by the principal assessor, and approved by the comptroller of the treasury; and three dollars for every hundred taxable persons contained in the tax list, as completed and delivered by him to the principal assessor: to each of the principal assessors constituting the board of principal assessors as aforesaid, for every day's actual attendance at the said board, the sum of three dollars, and for travelling to and from the place designated by the secretary of the treasury, three dollars for each thirty miles. And to each of the clerks of the said board, three dollars for every day's actual attendance thereon. And the said board of principal assessors, and the said assessors, severally and respectively, shall be allowed their necessary and reasonable charges for books and stationery used in the execution of their duties; and the compensation herein allowed, shall be in full for all other expenses not particularly specified. SECT. 36. And be it further enacted, That the compensation

herein before provided for the services of the principal as-Compensations herein before provided for the services of the principal asto be paid at the sessors and their assistants, and for the board of principal assocood dolls. appropriated for appropriated for assistants, and for the board of principal assessors and their clerks, shall be paid at the treasury; and there paying assessors is hereby appropriated, for that purpose, the sum of two hundred thousand dollars, to be paid out of any money not otherdred thousand dollars, to be paid out of any money not otherwise appropriated. And the president of the United States shall be, and he is hereby, authorized to augment, in cases where he shall deem it necessary, the compensation authorized by this act for the principal assessors and their assistants: Provided, That no principal assessor shall, in any case, receive more than three hundred dollars, and no assistant assessor shall receive more than propriated for one hundred and fifty dollars; and for such augmented compensuspensed com. sation, and the expense of carrying this act annually into effect, there is further hereby appropriated an annual sum of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, to be paid out of any money in

the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

SECT. 37. And be it further enacted, That in cases where print authorized in cipal assessors have not been, or shall not, during the present sestioned, to make sponding the cases mentioned, to make appointments shall occur in the office of principal assessor, the president of during the research. the United States is hereby authorized to make appointments during the recess of the senate, by granting commissions, which shall expire at the end of the next session. And where no person where no percan be found in any collection district, or assessment district, to so can be found serve either as collector, principal assessor, or assistant assessor, the president respectively, the president of the United States is hereby author-deputy postmastized to appoint one of the deputy postmasters in such district, to or assessor, &c. serve as collector, or assessor, as the case may be. And it shall be the duty of such deputy postmaster to perform, accordingly, the duties of such officer.

SECT. 38. And be it further enacted, That separate accounts separate ac shall be kept at the treasury, of all moneys received from the discret tax and from the internal duties, in each of the respective received, &c. in states, territories, and collection districts; and that separate acceptable with the moneys raid to the collectors, assessors, except the section of the moneys raid to the collectors, assessors, except the moneys raid to the collectors. shall accrue, with the moneys paid to the collectors, assessors, each spec and assistant assessors, and to the other officers employed, in each of the respective states, territories, and collection districts, which accounts it shall be the duty of the secretary of the trea- Accounts to be sury, annually, in the month of December, to lay before congress. gress.

Sury, annually, in the month of December, to any principal assess The principal assessor to inspect the principal assessor to inspect the principal assessor to inspect the principal assessors and the principal assessors are principal assessors. one thousand eight hundred and fifteen, in the month of January, and changes of inquire and ascertain, in the manner by the sixth section of this property in lands, &c., have act provided, what transfers and changes of property in lands, been made, &c. lots of ground, dwelling houses, and slaves, have been made and effected in their respective districts, subsequent to the next preceding valuation, assessment, and apportionment, of the direct tax, by this act laid; and, within twenty days thereafter, they shall make out three lists of such transfers and changes, and transfers and transmit one list to the secretary of the treasury, another list to changes, &c. the commissioner of the revenue, and the third shall be delivered to the collector of the collection district. And it shall, yearly, and every year, after the said year one thousand eight hundred and fifteen, be the duty of the secretary of the treasury to notify the treasury to the collectors of the several collection-districts, a day in the notify the collectors of the several collection-districts, a day in the notify the collectors, which it shall be the duty of the said collectors, yearly month of February, which it shall be the duty of the said collectors to commence laying and collecting the annual direct tax which to commence laying by this act laid and imposed, according to the assessment of the and collecting the direct us, tax lists to them delivered by the said principal assessors, as &c. aforesaid, subject only to such alterations therein as shall be just 772, post.] and proper, in the opinion of the secretary of the treasury, to conform to the transfers and changes aforesaid, ascertained by the principal assessors as aforesaid; and the said collectors shall, annually, in all respects, proceed in, and conclude, the collection of

Each state may pay its quota of the direct tax, and be entitled to a deduction of 15 or 10 per cent. &c.

Proviso; notice of intention to pay, &c.

Provise; notice and payment not to discontinue proceedings, &c. but,

The direct tax laid by this act pledged for the payment of the public debt, &c.

of the revenue from the direct

Proviso; congras may submacs or duties,

Proviso; nothing herein to im-pair any speci-fic appropria-tion of the direct taxes, &c.

The president may authorize the secretary of the tr. asury to anticipate the receipt of the direct tax, by a

the said direct tax, in the same manner, and within the time, hereinbefore provided and prescribed.

SECT. 40. And be it further enacted, That each state may pay its quota of the direct tax by this act laid, into the treasury of the United States, for the first, and for any and every succeeding, year; and, in consideration of such payment, the state shall be entitled to a deduction of fifteen per centum, if paid before the first day of May, and ten per centum, if paid before the first day of October, in the year to which the payment relates: Provided, That notice of the intention to make such payment be given to the secretary of the treasury, on or before the first day of April in each year: And provided, That such notice and payment shall not in anywise prevent or discontinue the proceedings under this act, to make the valuations, assessments, and apportionments, herein authorized and directed, but shall only prevent or discontinue the collection of the quota of the state giving such notice and making such payment.

SECT. 41. And be it further enacted, That, towards estab-

lishing an adequate revenue to provide for the payment of the

expenses of government; for the punctual payment of the public debt, principal and interest, contracted and to be contracted, according to the terms of the contracts, respectively; and for creating an adequate sinking fund, gradually to reduce, and eventually to extinguish, the public debt, contracted, and to be contracted, the direct tax by this act laid shall continue to be laid, levied, and collected, during the present war between the United States and Great Britain, and until the purposes aforesaid shall be completely accomplished, any thing in the said act of congress to the contrary thereof, in anywise, notwithstanding. And, for the ef-The faith of the fectual application of the revenue to be raised by and from the United States
pl dgedforeffer. said direct tax laid by this act, and also by and from the direct
limit application
tax laid by the said act of congress entitled "An act to lay and tax laid by the said act of congress, entitled "An act to lay and collect a direct tax within the United States,"* to the purposes [Ante, ch. 565.] aforesaid, in due form of law, the faith of the United States is hereby pledged: Provided always, That whenever congress shall deem it expedient to alter, reduce, or change, the said direct tax, by this act laid, it shall be lawful so to do, upon providing and substituting, by law, at the said time, and for the same purposes, other taxes or duties, which shall be equally productive with the direct tax so altered, reduced, or changed: And provided further, That nothing in this act contained shall be deemed or construed, in anywise, to rescind or impair any specific appropriation of the said direct taxes, or either of them; but such appropriation shall remain and be carried into effect, according to the true intent and meaning of the law and laws making the same, any thing in this act to the contrary thereof, in anywise, notwithstanding.

SECT. 42. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the president of the United States to authorize the secretary of the treasury to anticipate the collection and receipt of the direct tax, laid and imposed by this act, and by the said act of congress, entitled "An act to lay and collect a direct tax within

the United States,"* by obtaining a loan upon the pledge of the said direct taxes, or either of them, for the reimbursement there6,000,000 dolls. of, to an amount not exceeding six millions of dollars, and at a since exceeding rate of interest not exceeding six per centum per annum. And the tent any bank or banks now incorporated, or which may hereafter be Banks incorporated, under the authority of the United States, is, and lead the money. are hereby, authorized to make such loan: Provided always, and Proviso; the moit is expressly declared, That the money so obtained upon loan her borrowed to shall be applied to the purposes aforesaid, to which the said di-the purposes as rect taxes, so to be pledged, are by this act applied and appropriated, and to no other purposes whatsoever.

[Approved, January 9, 1815.]

CHAP. 704. An act to provide additional revenues for defraying the expenses of government, and maintaining the public credit, by laying duties on various goods, wares, and merchandise, manufactured within the United

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, Dutles on goods, from and after the expiration of ninety days subsequent to the Sca. manufactured in the United in the United in the United States, after the 18th April, 18th Apri merchandise, of the following descriptions, which shall there- isis. after be manufactured or made for sale within the United Staces, or the territories thereof, the respective duties following, that is to say:

Rates of duties,

&c.

Pig iron, per ton, one dollar:

Castings of iron, per ton, one dollar and fifty cents:

Bar iron, per ton, one dollar:

Rolled or slit iron, per ton, one dollar:

Nails, brads, and sprigs, other than those usually denominated wrought, per pound, one cent:

Candles of white wax, or in part of white and other wax, per

pound, five cents:

Mould candles of tallow, or of wax other than white, or in

part of each, per pound, three cents:

Hats and caps, in whole or in part of leather, wool, or furs; bonnets, in whole or in part of wool or fur, if above two dollars in value, eight per centum ad valorem:

Hats of chip or wood, covered with silk or other materials, or not covered, if above two dollars in value, eight per centum ad

valorem:

Umbrellas and parasols, if above the value of two dollars, eight per centum ad valorem:

Paper, three per centum ad valorem:

Playing and visiting cards, fifty per centum ad valorem:

Saddles and bridles, six per centum ad valorem:

Boots and bootees, exceeding five dollars per pair in value, five per centum ad valorem:

Beer, ale, and porter, six per centum ad valorem:

Tobacco, manufactured segars, and snuff, twenty per centum ad valorem:

The duties to be paid by the own'r or occu-pier of the buildings, or machines, &ce.

Deduction of 3 per cent. for prompt payment, &c.

Owners of buildings, &c. used for manufacturing goods, &c. to give bond, &c.

Leather, including therein all hides and skins, whether tanned, tawed, dressed, or otherwise made, on the original manufacture thereof, five per centum ad valorem: which said duties shall be paid by the owner or occupier of the buildings or vessels in which, or of the machines, implements, or utensils wherewith, the said goods, wares, and merchandise, shall have been manufactured or made, or by the agent or superintendent thereof; the amount thereof payable by any one person, at any one time, if not exceeding twenty dollars shall, and if exceeding twenty dollars may, be paid in money, with a deduction of two per centum, at the time of rendering the accounts of the articles so chargeable with duty, required to be rendered by the second section of this act, or without deduction at the next subsequent time prescribed for rendering such accounts.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That every person who,

from and after the expiration of ninety days subsequent to the passing of this act, shall be the owner or occupier of any building, or vessel, or machine, implement or utensil, used or intended to be used for the manufacturing or making of such goods, wares, and merchandise, or either of them, or who shall have such building, or vessel, or machine, implement, or utensil, under his superintendence, either as agent for the owner or on his own account, shall, before the expiration of the said ninety days, and every person who, after the expiration of the said ninety days, shall use, or intend to use, any building, or vessel, or machine, implement, or utensil, as aforesaid, either as owner, occupier, agent, or otherwise, shall, before he shall begin so to use, or cause the same so to be used, give bond, with at least two sureties, to the satisfaction of the collector of internal duties for the district in which the same shall be situate, in a sum not less than the computed duties for one year, nor less than one hundred dollars, that he will, before using, or causing the same to be condition of the used, make true and exact entry and report, in writing, to the said collector, of every such building, or vessel, machine, implement, or utensil, owned, occupied, or superintended, by him, with the size thereof, the names of the owner, occupier, agent, and superintendent, the place where situate, and the manner in which, and the time for which, not exceeding one year, it is intended to employ the same, with the denominations and quantities of the articles manufactured or made as aforesaid, which he may have on hand, with the value thereof: that he will thereafter, before using, or causing the same to be used, make like entry and report of any other building, or vessel, machine, implement, or utensil, used, or intended to be used, as aforesaid, that he may own, occupy, or have the agency or superintendence of, with the size thereof, the names of the owner, occupier, agent, and superintendent, the place where situate, and the manner in which, and the time for which, not exceeding one year, it is intended to employ the same, with information, from time to time, of any change in the form, size, agency, ownership, occupancy, or superintendence, which all or either of the said buildings or vessels, machines, implements, or utensils, may undergo; that he will,

from day to day, so long as he may use the same, enter, or cause to be entered, in a book or books, to be kept by him for that purpose, and which shall be open at all times, between the rising and setting of the sun, for the inspection of the said collector, who may take any minutes, memorandums, or transcripts, thereof, the denominations and quantities of the articles manufactured or made, and will render to the said collector, on the first day of January, April, July, and October, in each year, or within ten days thereafter, a general account in writing, taken from his books, of the denominations and quantities of the said articles, with the aggregate value thereof, for three months preceding said days, or for such portion thereof as may have elapsed from the date of said entry and report to the said day which shall next ensue: that he will, at the said times, deliver to the said collector the original book of entries, which book shall be retained by said officer: that he will likewise, from day to day, enter or cause to be entered, in a book or books to be kept by him for that purpose, and which shall be open at all times, between the rising and setting of the sun, for the inspection of the said collector, who may take any minutes, memorandums, or transcripts, thereof, the denominations and quantities of all the hereinbefore enumerated manufactured articles sold, with the price for which the same were sold, specifying, in each sale, the name of the person to whom sold, where the amount sold shall exceed ten dollars in value: and that he will render to the said collector, at the time of rendering the said general accounts, a statement in writing, taken from said book or books, in which there shall be specified the denominations and quantities of all such manufactured articles sold on each day, stating distinctly each sale, with the name of the purchaser, and the denominations and quantities sold, and price, where the same shall exceed ten dollars, and the aggregate denominations and quantities, with the aggregate value of all other sales; that he will verify or cause to be verified, the said entries, reports, books, general accounts, and statements, on oath or affirmation, to be taken before the collector, or some officer authorized by law to administer the same, according to the form required by this act, where the same is prescribed; and that he will pay to the said collector the duties which by this act ought to be paid on the articles so manufactured, and in the said account mentioned, if not exceeding twenty dollars, at the time of rendering an account thereof, with a deduction of two per centum, and if exceeding twenty dollars, either at said time, with a like deduction, or at the next subsequent time prescribed for rendering such accounts, without deduction; and the said bond may, from time to time, at the dis-berenwed or cretion of the collector, be renewed or changed, in regard to the sure-changed, &c. ties and penalties thereof. And every such person, whether owner, occupier, agent, or superintendent, as aforesaid, shall, at the time obtained, for of making the entry and report, first before stated, obtain, agree-not exceeding one year, &c. ably thereto, a license for employing, for a term not exceeding one year, such buildings, or vessels, or machines, implements, or utensils, describing the same, with the use to which they are to

The collector to grant the li-

be applied, the place where situate, the name of the owner, occupier, agent, or superintendent, and the term for which it is intended to use the same; which license the said collector is hereby empowered and directed to grant. And a like license, for any term not exceeding a year, shall be obtained and granted on a like report and entry made at any time thereafter, without requiring a new bond, so long as the bond aforesaid shall remain in force. Which licenses shall be signed by the commissioner of Licenses to be signed by the the revenue, and countersigned by the collector who shall issue

the revenue, &c. the same.

The entries made in the books required to be kept, to oath, &c.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the entries made in the books, required to be kept by the second section of this act, shall, on the said first days of January, April, July, and October, or within ten days after each of the said days, be verified by the oath or affirmation, to be taken as aforesaid, of the person or persons by whom such entries shall have been made, which qualification shall be certified at the end of such entries by the collector, or officer administering the same, and shall be, in substance, as follows: " I (or we) do swear (or affirm) that the foregoing entries were made by me (or us) on the respective days specified, and that they state, according to the best of - knowledge and belief, the whole quantities and denominations, with the value thereof, of the -- manufactured (or sold, as the case -, in the -- of may be) by -

Substance of the oath.

Additional oath, in case the original entries are not made by the owner,

form of the additional oath.

not duly paid, an addition of

make a personal demand, &c. in case, &c.

On refusal or neglect, &c. the amount to be recover d by sale. &c.

Proceedings of the officer in case of distress.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the owner, occupier, agent, or superintendent, aforesaid, shall, in case the original entries required to be made in his books by the second section of this act, shall not be made by himself, subjoin to the oath or affirmation of the person by whom they were made, the following oath or affirmation, to be taken as aforesaid: " --- do solemnly swear (or affirm) that, to the best of - knowledge and belief, the foregoing entries are just and true, and that. have taken all the means in --- power to make them so."

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That, in all cases in If the duties are which the duties aforesaid shall not be duly paid, the person chargeable therewith shall pay, in addition, ten per centum on 10 per cent. on the amount thereof; and in case such duties, with said addition, shall not be paid within three months from the time the said du-The collector to ties ought to be paid, the collector for the district shall make a personal demand of the same from such person, or by notice in writing, left at his dwelling, if within the collection district, and if not, at the manufactory owned or superintended by such person; and in case of refusal or neglect to pay the said duties, with the addition, within ten days after such demand or notice, the amount thereof shall be recovered by distress and sale of the goods, chattels, and effects, of the delinquent; and, in case of such distress, it shall be the duty of the officer charged with the collection to make, or cause to be made, an account of the goods or chattels which may be distrained, a copy of which, signed by the officer making such distress, shall be left with the owner or possessor of such goods, chattels, or effects, or at his or her dwelling, with a note of the sum demanded, and the time and

place of sale; and the said officer shall forthwith cause a notification to be publickly posted up, at two of the taverns nearest to the residence of the person whose property shall be distrained, or at the courthouse of the same county, if not more than ten miles distant; which notice shall specify the articles distrained, and the time and place proposed for the sale thereof, which time shall not be less than ten days from the date of such notification, and the place proposed for sale not more than five miles distant from the place of making such distress: Provided, That in any Proviso; in case of distress for the payment of the duties aforesaid, the goods, &c. the goods, chattels, or effects, so distrained, shall and may be restored to the stored, on payment or possessor, if, prior to the day assigned for the sale of the full attended to the proper mount, &c. officer charged with the collection, of the full amount demanded, together with such fee for levying, and such sum for the necessary and reasonable expenses of removing and keeping the goods, chattels, or effects, so distrained, as may be allowed, in like cases, by the laws or practice of the state or territory wherein the distress shall have been made; but in case of nonpayment or tender, In case of non as aforesaid, the said officer shall proceed to sell the said goods, officer to prochattels, or effects, at public auction, and shall and may retain, ecod to sell, sec. from the proceeds of such sales, the amount demandable for the use of the United States, with the necessary and reasonable ex- ger cent. compenses of distress and sale, and a commission of eight per centum mission to the thereon for his own use, rendering the overplus, if any there be, overplus to be rendered to the person whose goods, chattels, or effects, shall have been owner, &c.

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distrained: Provided, That it shall not be lawful to make dis- Proviso; beasts tress of beasts of the plough necessary for the cultivation of im- &c. not to be proved lands, arms, or household furniture, or apparel necessary distrained.

for a family. and merchandise, which shall be manufactured or made within nufactured within the United States, or the territories thereof, the duties on which the duties on which the duties on the duties of the duties on the duties of the d shall not have been duly paid or secured, according to the true which have not been paid, &c. intent and meaning of this act, shall, together with the vessels forfeited, &c. containing the same, be forfeited, and may be seized as forfeited by any collector of the internal duties, and held by him until a decision shall be had thereon according to law: Provided, That Provise the said goods, wares, and merchandise, shall not be liable to be for-forteited in the feited in the hands of a bona fide purchaser, who shall have pur-fide purchaser, chased the same without knowledge of the duties not being paid, who, &c. or secured to be paid. And if any person shall conceal or buy Personsconcentany goods, wares, and merchandise, as aforesaid, knowing them in goods liable to be liable to seizure and forfeiture under this act, such person forfeit double the value, &c. shall, on conviction thereof, forfeit and pay a sum double the value of the goods so concealed or purchased.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That the owner, occupier, Owner, Sec. of agent, or superintendent, as aforesaid, of or for any such build- the buildings, ing, or vessel, machine, implement, or utensil, used in the manu- wilfully new wilfully new facture or making of any of the said goods, wares, and merchandise, who shall wilfully neglect or refuse to make true and exact true entry, &c. exc. pt, &c. to entry and report of the same, or to do, or cause to be done, any furfeit the

1815. goods, &cc. ves-sels, machines, &cc. and 500 doils. &c.

The goods, &c. forfeited, may be seized by any collector, Scc.

Proviso; the seizure must be made within three months after the cause occurred, &cc.

be put in suit,

Judgment on bonds at return term, unless, Proviso; the writ, &cc. must have been exe-cuted 14 days

The duties imposed by this act applicable solely to articles manufactured for sale, &cc.

before, &c.

The duties to be payable on all goods, &c. the manufacture of

of the things by this act required to be done as aforesaid, excepting to pay the duties hereby laid in cases where the bond required by the second section of this act has been given, shall forfeit, for every such neglect or refusal, all the goods, wares, and merchandise, manufactured or made by or for him, with the vessels containing the same, and the vessels, machines, implements, or utensils, used in said manufacture or making, together with the sum of five hundred dollars, to be recovered with costs of suit; which said goods, wares, and merchandise, with the vessels, or machines, implements, or utensils, so used, may be seized by any collector of the internal duties, and held by him until a decision shall be had thereon according to law: Provided, Such seizure be made within three months after the cause for the same may have occurred, and that a prosecution or action thereupon shall have been commenced by such collector within sixty days after such seizure.

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That in case the duties In case the ducties are not paid aforesaid shall not be paid or recovered, agreeably to the provior recovered, sions of this act, or in case any acts shall be done contrary to,
for the bond is
forfeited, and to or any acts omitted that are required to be done by, the bond to be given as aforesaid, or the penalties incurred thereby shall not be recovered, the said bond shall be deemed forfeited, and shall be put in suit by the collector, for the recovery of the amount of the said duties, with the addition thereon, penalties and costs, or either, as the case may be; and judgment thereon shall and may be taken at the return term, on motion to be made in open court, unless sufficient cause to the contrary be shown to, and allowed by, the court: Provided, That the writ or process in such case shall have been executed at least fourteen days before the return day thereof.

SECT. 9. And be it further enacted, That the duties imposed by this act, shall be considered as applying solely to articles manufactured for sale, and shall not be considered as including any articles manufactured exclusively for the use of the person manufacturing the same.

SECT. 10. And be it further enacted, That the duties laid by this act, shall be payable on all the goods, wares, and merchandise, aforesaid, the manufacture or making of which shall not, been completed within ninety days after the passing thereof, be fully completed, by the 18th by the 18th April, 1816, &c. or which shall not be then in the condition in which they usually are when offered for sale.

Sect. 11. And be it further enacted, That any owner, occu-Owners, agents, pier, agent, or superintendent, as aforesaid, who may have given see. who fall, after notice, see, bond as required in the second section of this act, who shall, after norms their bonds, consider ter thirty days' notice given him in writing, by the collector, fail eds proceeding to renew or change the same, in regard to the sureties and penalties thereof, as is in the same section provided, shall thereafter incur the penalties attached to employing the said buildings, or vessels, or machines, implements, or utensils, without having a license therefor.

SECT. 12. And be it further enacted, That the forms of the The forms of bond, oaths, bond required to be given by the second section of this act, as

well as the forms of the several oaths, reports, entries, statements, and accounts, by this act required to be taken, kept, and reports, &c. to be prescribed by the treasury department, agreeably to which the aforesaid specification of the buildings, or vessels, in which, or of the machines, implements, or utensils, wherewith, the aforesaid goods, wares, and merchandise, shall be manufactured or made, shall be rendered by the owner, occupier, agent, or superintendent, thereof.

SECT. 13. And be it further enacted, That the value of the Method of reguments and manufactured or made goods, wares, and merchandise, required lating the value of manufactured of manufactured. to be stated as aforesaid, shall be regulated by the average of or made goods the actual sales by the manufacturer, of the like goods, wares, and merchandise, during the quarter, where such actual sales may have been made; and where no such actual sales have been made, such value, so far as respects a manufacturer selling exclusively by wholesale, shall be regulated by the average of the market wholesale sales of the like goods, wares, and merchandise, and so far as respects a manufacturer selling by retail, by the market sales by retail in like manner.

SECT. 14. And be it further enacted, That if any person shall forcibly obstruct or hinder a collector in the execution of this for forcibly obact, or of any of the powers or authorities hereby vested in him, structing a color of the structing a color shall forcibly rescue, or cause to be rescued, any goods, ecution of this or shall forcibly rescue, or cause to be rescued, any goods, existing act, &c. wares, or merchandise, or vessels, machines, implements, or utensils, aforesaid, after the same shall have been seized by him, or shall attempt, or endeavor so to do, the person so offending shall, for every such offence, forfeit and pay the sum of five hundred dollars.

SECT. 15. And be it further enacted, That a collector shall A collector is be authorized to enter, at any time between the rising and setamberized to enter, at any time between the rising and setamberized to enter, between ting of the sun, any building or place where any vessel, machine, the rising and implement, or utensil, as aforesaid, is kept within his collection sun, any district, for the purpose of examining, measuring, or describing, purpose of examining, or describing, purpose of examining, or of the goods, wares, and amining, &c. merchandise, from time to time manufactured or made. And every owner or occupier of such building, machine, implement, Owners, Sec. re-or utensil, or person having the agency or superintendence of the officer, Sec. the same, who shall refuse to admit such officer, or to suffer him forkit soo dolls. to examine, measure, or describe, the same, or to inspect said accounts, shall, for every such refusal, forfeit and pay the sum of five hundred dollars.

SECT. 16. And be it further enacted, That any person who shall be convicted of wilfully taking a false oath or affirmation, in The pains and penalties of pe any of the cases in which an oath or affirmation is required to be jury, and 800 dellis, forfeit for taken in virtue of this act, shall be liable to the pains and penal- false swearing. ties to which persons are liable for wilful and corrupt per- &c. jury,* and shall, moreover, forfeit the sum of five hundred 30, vol. 2.] dollars.

SECT. 17. And be it further enacted, That no person who persons having shall have refused or neglected to comply with the provisions of neglected or refused to comply this act, shall be entitled, while such refusal or neglect continues, with this act, to receive a license as aforesaid, or shall be entitled to credit for license nor ha any internal duties whatever that may have accrued.

Collectors to give receipts,

Owners, agents, &c. having ceas-ed to use buildings, machines, year, &c. to have their bonds them, &c.

SECT. 18. And be it further enacted, That every collector shall give receipts for all sums by him collected under this act.

SECT. 19. And be it further enacted, 'That if it shall appear, to the satisfaction of the collector for the district, that any owner, occupier, agent, or superintendent, as aforesaid, of any buildings, vessels, or machines, implements, or utensils, as aforesaid, who shall have given bond agreeably to the second section of this act, and shall have ceased to use the same for one year, and made oath or affirmation thereof, to be lodged with said collector, hath acted agreeably to the condition of such bond, the collector shall cause such bond to be delivered to said owner, occu-

pier, agent, or superintendent.

nal duties, &c. declared to ap-

SECT. 20. And be it further enacted, That the several provi-The act making sions of " An act making further provision for the collection of further provision for the colinternal duties, and for the appointment and compensation of assessors,"* passed the second of August, one thousand eight hunply to the duties dred and thirteen, shall, and are hereby declared to, apply in full under this act, force to the duties laid by, and to be collected under, this act, cc. [*Ante, ch.584.] the same as if such duties and this act were recognised therein; which said duties shall be collected by the same collectors, in the same manner, for the same commissions, and under the same directions, as are thereby established in relation to the other internal duties; and all the obligations, duties, and penalties, thereby imposed upon collectors, are hereby imposed upon the collectors of the duties laid by this act.

Collectors to collect the duties, and prose-cute for the recovery of the

United States, Sec. by bill, plaint, Sec.

A moiety of fines, &c. to the informer, &c.

Where the cause of action accrues more than fifty miles from the nearest place for holding a dis-trict court, re-covery may be had before a court of the state, &c.

Collectors to furnish copies persons liable to the duty, &:.

SECT. 21. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the collectors aforesaid, in their respective districts, and they are hereby authorized, to collect the duties imposed by this act, and to prosecute for the recovery of the same, and for the recovery of any sum or sums which may be forfeited by virtue of Fines, &c. to be this act; and all fines, penalties, and forfeitures, which shall recovered in the be incurred by force of this act, shall and may be sued for and recovered in the name of the United States, or of the collector within whose district any such fine, penalty, or forfeiture, shall have been incurred, by bill, plaint, or information, one moiety thereof to the use of the United States, and the other moiety thereof to the use of the person, who, if a collector, shall first discover, if other than a collector, shall first inform, of the cause, matter, or thing, whereby any such fine, penalty, or forfeiture, shall have been incurred; and where the cause of action or complaint shall arise or accrue more than fifty miles distant from the nearest place by law established for the holding of a district court, within the district in which the same shall arise or accrue, such suit and recovery may be had before any court of the state, holden within the said district, having jurisdiction in like cases.

Sect. 22. And be it further enacted, That the collector shall furnish one copy of this act to each person liable to pay a duty under the same, within the collection district, that may apply therefor, and shall advertise in a newspaper, or post up notices at the courthouses therein, of his instruction to furnish the same.

SECT. 23. And be it further enacted, That, towards establishing an adequate revenue to provide for the payment of the ex- The darker and penses of government; for the punctual payment of the public pledged for the debt, principal and interest, contracted, and to be contracted, ac-public debt, &c. cording to the terms of the contracts, respectively; and for creating an adequate sinking fund, gradually to reduce, and eventually to extinguish, the public debt, contracted and to be contracted; the rates and duties laid and imposed by this act shall continue to be laid, levied, and collected, during the present war between the United States and Great Britain, and until the purposes aforesaid shall be completely accomplished. And for the The faith of the effectual application of the revenue, to be raised by and from pleaded for the a pleaded for the said duties, to the purposes aforesaid, in due form of law, effectual application of the rethe faith of the United States is hereby pledged: Provided al-venue, &c.
Proviso conways, That whenever congress shall deem it expedient to alter, gress may autothe faith of the United States is shall be stimute other reduce, or change, the said duties, or either of them, it shall be duties, &c. lawful so to do, upon providing and substituting by law at the same time, and for the same purposes, other duties, which shall be equally productive with the duties so altered, reduced, or changed.

SECT. 24. And be it further enacted, That so long as the duscolor imposed on each of the foregoing descriptions of duties betein imposed contingoods, wares, and merchandise, shall continue to be laid, the duscolor interest ties at present payable on the like description of goods, wares, ported goods, and merchandise, imported into the United States, shall not be kind not to be wind not be the Crick of the same and merchandise, imported into the United States, shall not be wind not to be discontinued or diminished, and the faith of the United States is diminished, are hereby pledged for the continuance of the same until this act shall be repealed. [Approved, January 18, 1815.]

CHAP. 705. An act to provide additional revenues for defraying the expenses of government, and maintaining the public credit, by laying duties on household furniture, and on gold and silver watches.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That An annual daty there shall be, and hereby is, imposed an annual duty on all furniture kept household furniture kept for use, the value of which, in any one for use, above the value of such that the family, with the exception of beds, bedding, kitchen furniture, dolls, in money, except, &c. family pictures, and articles made in the family from domestic materials, shall exceed two hundred dollars in money, according to the following scale:

If not exceeding four hundred dollars, one dollar.

Scale of duties.

If above four hundred, and not exceeding six hundred, dollars, one dollar and fifty cents.

If above six hundred, and not exceeding one thousand, dollars, three dollars.

If above one thousand, and not exceeding fifteen hundred, dollars, six dollars.

If above fifteen hundred, and not exceeding two thousand, dollars, ten dollars.

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If above two thousand, and not exceeding three thousand, dollars, seventeen dollars.

If above three thousand, and not exceeding four thousand,

dollars, twenty-eight dollars.

If above four thousand, and not exceeding six thousand, dollars, forty-five dollars.

If above six thousand, and not exceeding nine thousand, dol-

lars, seventy-five dollars.

The duty to be paid by the owner, &c. Annual duty of

If above nine thousand dollars, one hundred dollars: which duty shall be paid by the owner of the said household furniture. That there shall be, and hereby is, likewise imposed, an annual duty of two dollars on every gold watch kept for use, and of one dollar on every silver watch kept for use, which duty shall

be paid by the owner thereof.

\$ dolls. on eve-ty gold, and 1 doll. on every silver, watch, &c. When lists of

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That whenever lists of property shall hereafter be taken in any collection district, under a general assessment therein by the assistant assessors, as required by the " Act for the assessment and collection of direct taxes and internal duties,"* passed July the twenty-second, one the value of housand eight hundred and thirteen, or by any other act, passed or to be passed, lists of the value of the household furniture, as classed by the first section of this act, with the number and description of watches, within such collection district, belonging to [Ante, ch. 544.] each person therein taxable as aforesaid, with the name of the owner or agent, shall be made out in writing by such person or his agent, and delivered to the assistant assessor, at the time of his application therefor, which shall be the same time as that prescribed in the act then in force, for the delivery of the lists therein required to be delivered; and the said assistant assessor is hereby empowered and directed to apply therefor at the dwelling of said person, or his agent, at the said time.

property are taken in any district, under a general assess-ment, &c. writ-ten lists of watches, are to be made out and delivered to the sciotant as-

> SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That if any person or agent, as aforesaid, shall not be prepared to exhibit a written list when required, and shall consent to disclose the value of any and all the said household furniture, and the number of watches, as aforesaid, in such case it shall be the duty of the assistant assessor to make such list, which, being distinctly read and assented to, shall be received as the list aforesaid of such person, and be certified as such by the said assistant assessor.

If any person is not prepared, &c. and discloses the value, &c. the assist ant amessor is to make the list, &c.

Sect. 4. And be it further enacted, That if any such person for delivering or or agent shall deliver or disclose to any assessor any false or fraudulent list, with intent to defeat or evade the purposes of this act, such person or agent shall forseit and pay the sum of one hundred dollars, to be recovered in any court having competent jurisdiction.

100 dolls. forfeit disclosing a false or fraudulent list, &c.

> SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That in case any person, whether owner or agent as aforesaid, shall be absent from his place of residence at the time an assistant assessor shall apply to receive the list of such person, it shall be the duty of such assessor to leave, at the house or place of residence of such person, a written note or memorandum, requiring him to present to such assessor the list aforesaid, within ten days from the date

written memorandum, &c.

In case of per-

sent, the asses-sor to leave a

of such note or memorandum; and if any person, on being notified or required as aforesaid, shall refuse or neglect to give such refusing, &c. to list as aforesaid, within such time, it shall be the duty of the said give list to forfeit so dollars, assessor to make, according to the best information which he can such the assessor to make the assessor to make the assessor to make the same to make the same to make the same to make the same to the sa obtain, such lists, which lists, so made and subscribed by such lists, &c. assessor, shall be received as the lists aforesaid of such person; and the person so failing or neglecting, unless in case of sickness or absence from home, shall, morever, forfeit and pay the sum of fifty dollars.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That the several assistsors to deliver
ant assessors in each of the said collection districts shall deliver
the lists aforesaid to the principal assessor, within the time
the lists aforesaid to the principal assessor, within the time
the lists aforesaid to the principal assessor. prescribed by the thirteenth section of the " Act for the assessment and collection of direct taxes and internal duties,"* passed [*Ante, chap. twenty-second of July, eighteen hundred and thirteen, for the delivery of the lists therein designated: Provided, That if the Proviso; if the said time be altered by any act subsequently passed, such de-be altered &c. livery shall be within the time last prescribed therefor.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That the respective printing assessors shall make out, according to the lists received assessors rallists, in almost one that assessors, a general list or lists of all persons phabetical enterprint the assistant assessors, a general list or lists of all persons phabetical enterprint avable as aforesaid specifying the name of the owner or agent. taxable as aforesaid, specifying the name of the owner or agent, the valuation of the household furniture, with the number and description of the watches as aforesaid, and the duty payable on each; which list or lists shall be made out in alphabetical order, for each county or smaller division of a collection district, as may be directed by the secretary of the treasury.

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That each of the collection to be furnished tors of the direct taxes and internal duties, for the collection with one of the simple of districts aforesaid, shall, within sixty days from the day on within so days, which the principal assessor shall have received the said lists 800. from the assistant assessors, be furnished, by the principal assessor, with one or more of the lists, prepared in conformity with the preceding section, by the principal assessor, signed and certified by him. And each collector, on receiving a list as afore- Each collector, said, shall subscribe three receipts; one of which shall be given lists, to subon a full and correct copy of such list, which list and receipt ceipts, &c. shall remain with the principal assessor, and be open to the inspection of any person who may apply to inspect the same: and the other two receipts shall be given on aggregate statements of the lists aforesaid, exhibiting the gross amount of each of the aforesaid duties, to be collected in each county or state district contained in the collection district; one of which aggregate statements and receipts shall be transmitted to the commissioner of the revenue, and the other to the comptroller of the treasury.

SECT. 9. And be it further enacted, I hat each of the said The collectors collectors, or his deputies, shall, within ten days after receiving the duties have his list, agreeably to the "Act for the assessment and collection become payaof direct taxes and internal duties," passed twenty-second July, [+Ante,ch. 544.] eighteen hundred and thirteen, or agreeably to any act subsequently passed, or to be passed, advertise, in one newspaper printed in his collection district, if any there be, and by natifi-

cations to be posted up in at least four public places in his

collection district, that the said duties have become due and pay-

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able, and state the times and places at which he or they will attend to receive the same, which shall be within twenty days Persons who do after such notification: and with respect to persons who shall not attend, to be applied to once, not attend, according to such notification, it shall be the duty of each collector, in person or by deputy, to apply once at their respective dwellings within such district, and there demand the duties payable by such persons, which application shall be made within sixty days after the receipt of the said lists by the collec-If the duties are tor; and if the said duties shall not be then paid, or within twennet paid in 90 days thereafter, it shall be the duty of such collector and his cation, the col. ector to proceed deputies to proceed to collect the said duties by distress and sale

> the goods or chattels which may be distrained, a copy of which, signed by the officer making such distress, shall be left with the owner or possessor of such goods, chattels, or effects, or at his dwelling, with a note of the sum demanded, and the time

> a notification to be publickly posted up at two of the taverns nearest to the residence of the person whose property shall be distrained, or of his agent, or at the courthouse of the same county, if not more than ten miles distant, which notice shall specify the articles distrained, and the time or place proposed

of the goods, chattels, or effects, of the persons delinquent; and An account of goods distralned in case of such distress, it shall be the duty of the officer charged to be left with with the collection to make, or cause to be made, an account of

A notification to and place of sale; and the said officer shall forthwith cause e posted up,

mount, &c.

for the sale thereof; which time shall not be less than ten days from the date of such notification, and the place proposed for Proviso; the goods to be re-distress: Provided, That in any case of distress for the payment stored on 194y-ment or tender of the full are trained, shall and may be restricted to the results of the full are trained, shall and may be restricted to the stored to the sto sale not more than five miles distant from the place of making such prior to the sale thereof, payment, or tender thereof, shall be made, to the proper officer charged with the collection, of the full amount demanded, together with such fee for levying, and such sum for the necessary and reasonable expenses of removing and keeping the goods, chattels, or effects, so distrained, as may be allowed in like cases by the laws or practice of the state or terri-In case of non-tory wherein the distress shall have been made; but in case of payment, the officer is to pro-nonpayment, or tender, as aforesaid, the said officer shall proceed to sell the said cools.

ceed to sell the said goods, chattels, or effects, at public auction,

and shall and may retain, from the proceeds of such sales, the amount demandable for the use of the United States, with the A commission of necessary and reasonable expenses of distress and sale, and a the officer, &ce.; commission of five per centum thereon for his own use, rendering the overplus, if any there be, to the person whose goods,

chattels, or effects, shall have been distrained, or to his agent: Provise; it is not Provided, That it shall not be lawful to make distress of the train the implements of a trade or profession, beasts of the plough necessary for the cultivation of improved lands, arms, or apparel

necessary for a family.

SECT. 10. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of every owner, or his agent, of household furniture, or watches

as aforesaid, within a collection district of any state in which said collection district lists of property shall not, under a general furniture of of assessment therein, have been directed by law to be taken prewatcher, within
a district in
which, &c. to
viously to the month of February in any year, by the assistant
transmit, during assessors, conformably to the act, entitled "An act for the asthemonth of Feb. to the prinsessment and collection of direct taxes and internal duties," to be principal assessor, see a list in passed the twenty-second of July, one thousand eight hundred writing, &c. under a penalty and thirteen, or to any act subsequently passed, to transmit, during of 100 dollars. [Ante, ch. 544.] the said month of February, in said year, to the principal assessor for the said collection district, a list in writing, stating the value of the household furniture, with the number and description of watches, owned or possessed by such person; on failure to do which, every such person, whether owner or agent, shall forfeit and pay the sum of one hundred dollars. And it shall be The principal the duty of the principal assessor to cause a written or printed assessor to cause notice to be left, previous to the said month, in the year one birechouse, &ce thousand eight hundred and fifteen, at every inhabited house requiring lists, within the collection district, requiring every person to make out and render the lists annually as aforesaid. And it shall be The principal the duty of the principal assessor, every year, within sixty days year, within 60 after the expiration of the said month, to make out, and deliver make out and to the collector, lists in the manner prescribed by the seventh the collector and eighth sections of this act, and of the collector, thereupon, to proceed, &c. 1 to proceed, in all respects, as is required by the eighth and ninth sections of this act, in cases where lists as aforesaid shall have been taken by the assistant assessors, excepting so far as regards the times of paying the said duties, and of notifying and applying for the same, all of which shall be the same as those fixed in relation to the then existing direct tax becoming due.

SECT. 11. And be it further enacted, That the provisions of The provisions the preceding section of this act shall, under the penalty thereby section to apply provided, be observed in, and shall apply to, the several collection of districts within the territories, or districts, wherein no kee where no direct tax is direct tax is laid, excepting that the collectors therein shall per-laid, &c. except form all the duties required thereby to be performed by the ed, &c. principal assessors: Provided, That, instead of the receipt of the collector, to the lists received from the principal assessor, the collector shall affix thereto a certificate, that the same is correct. and shall lodge, with the marshal for the district, the copy of the general list, which would otherwise have remained with the principal assessor, which list shall remain with the marshal, and be open to the inspection of any person who may apply to inspect the same: And provided, That the times for paying the said Proviso; as to duties in such collection district, and of notifying and applying paying the duties, &c. for the same, shall be the same, relatively to the date of such certificate, as in the other collection districts they are required to be relatively to the date of the collector's receipt.

SECT. 12. And be it further enacted, That, in case any per- furnime, part son shall be the owner of household furniture, a part of which in one house and a part in another, the valuation of each the valuati part thereof shall be distinctly made.

SECT. 13. And be it further enacted, That, within the mean- Definition of household furniing of this act, household furniture shall be considered as in- ture.

cluding pictures, plate, clocks, and time pieces (except watches) and as excluding books, maps, and philosophical apparatus.

SECT. 14. And be it further enacted, That the objects taxed as aforesaid, which shall belong to any charitable, religious, or literary institution, or which shall belong to the United States, or any state or territory, or shall be permanently or specially exempted from taxation, at the time of the passing of this act, by the laws of the state or territory wherein the same may be situate, shall be exempted from the aforesaid valuation and specification, and from the duties aforesaid.

SECT. 15. And be it further enocted, That in cases in which Who is charge.

SECT. 15. And be it further enacted, I hat in cases in which able with the during it may be doubtful who is chargeable with the duties aforesaid, the in doubtful who is chargeable with the duties aforesaid, they shall be paid by the person in whose possession the articles taxed shall have been at the time of ascertaining the said duties, except where such person or his agent cannot, at the time of collecting the same, be found within the collection district in which they were ascertained, in which case they shall be paid by the person then in possession of such articles.

SECT. 16. And be it further enacted, That, in case any errors Berrors in collecting, &c. to shall be committed in collecting, making out, or rendering, the the beeretary of lists aforesaid, by the assistant or principal assessors, or the colthe treasury may presenbe. lectors, the same may and shall be corrected in such way, and within such time, as shall be prescribed by the secretary of the treasury.

Collectors to

SECT. 17. And be it further enacted, That every collector give receipts for shall give receipts for all sums by him collected under this act, under this aet, which shall specify the value of the household furniture, with the number and description of watches, for which a duty shall have been paid.

The treasury deof lists, &cc.

SECT. 18. And be it further enacted, That the forms of lists partment to pre- and notifications required by this act, shall be prescribed by the treasury department.

ensure for obstruct or hinder any officer in the execution of this feet in the execution of this cution of this the person so offending shall forfeit and pay the sum of two hundred dollars.

principal assesnot exceeding \$90 dollars.

SECT. 20. And be it further enacted, That any assistant as-Assistant assessors, for neglect, sessor who shall wilfully neglect or fail to perform any of the or failure in ductors, for feit not duties herein required to be performed, shall, for every such exceeding 100 neelect or failure, forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding one hundred. dred dollars: and any principal assessor or collector who shall wilfully fail or neglect to perform any of the duties herein required to be performed by him, shall, for every such neglect or failure, forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding five hundred dollars.

Compensation

SECT. 21. And be it further enacted, That, for performing of assessors and the duties herein required, there shall be annually allowed and paid, to each principal assessor, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents for every thousand persons in his collection district, according to the previous census; to each collector, in districts in which the direct tax is not laid, there shall be annually allow-

ed and paid, at the same rate; and to each assistant assessor, where the lists aforesaid shall be taken, there shall be allowed and paid, for taking the same, at the rate of five dollars for every hundred lists delivered to the principal assessor, each of which lists shall contain the several objects herein taxed; besides which there shall be allowed and paid to each principal assessor or collector, for collection districts in which lists as aforesaid, under a general assessment therein, shall not be made by the assistant assessors, five dollars for every thousand persons in his collection district, according to the previous census, for delivering the notices required to be left in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifteen, at each inhabited house: Provided, Provided, Provided, That no additional allowance shall be made to the said officers and, except for for any contingent expenses, other than for advertising, printing, printing, printing, see. and paper, that may be incurred by them in the discharge of the duties hereby required to be performed; for the payment of 70,000 dollars which allowances, as well as those hereinafter authorized, annually apper. seventy thousand dollars, to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, are hereby annually appropriated.

SECT. 22. And be it further enacted, That, in cases where In eases where persons cannot be found to serve as principal or assistant asses- persons cannot be found to sors for the foregoing compensation, the president of the United deat may mai States is hereby empowered to make an additional allowance: additional allowance. Provided, That the whole sum so allowed shall not, in any one vided, &c. year, exceed ten thousand dollars.

SECT. 23. And be it further enacted, That the several provi- The set making sions of "An act making further provision for the collection of further proviinternal duties, and for the appointment and compensation of lection of internal duties, &c. assessors,"* passed the second of August, one thousand eight to apply to the hundred and thirteen, shall and are hereby declared to apply in this act, &c. full force to the duties laid by, and to be collected under, this [54.] act, the same as if such duties and this act were recognised therein; which said duties shall be collected by the same collectors, in the same manner, for the same commissions, and under the same directions, as are thereby established in relation to the other internal duties; and all the obligations, duties, and penalties, thereby imposed upon collectors, are hereby imposed upon the collectors of the duties laid by this act.

SECT. 24. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty Collectors to of the collectors aforesaid, in their respective districts, and they collect the ducties, and they cuted the ducties, and prose-are hereby authorized, to collect the duties imposed by this act, cute for the recovery of the same, and for the recovery of them, and to prosecute for the recovery of the same, and for the recovery of them. ery of any sum or sums which may be forfeited by virtue of this act. And all fines, penalties, and forfeitures, which shall be in-rines, penalties, curred by force of this act, shall and may be sued for and reco-vered, in the vered in the name of the United States, or of the collector within name of the United States, are the like States, Sec. whose district any such fine, penalty, or forfeiture, shall have by bill, plaint, been incurred, by bill, plaint, or information, one moiety thereof to the use of the United States, and the other moiety thereof to the use of the person who, if a collector, shall first discover, fines &c. to the if other than a collector, shall first inform, of the cause, matter, informer, &c.

or thing, whereby any such fine, penalty, or forfeiture, shall Where the cause have been incurred; and where the cause of action or complaint more than 50 shall arise or accrue more than fifty miles distant from the nearestablished place est place by law established for the holding of a district court, for holding a 'within the district in which the same shall arise or accrue, such Ec: the recovery suit and recovery may be had before any court of the state, for any court of holden within the said district, having jurisdiction in like the state, &c.

SECT. 25. And be it further enacted, That, towards establish-The duties im- ing an adequate revenue to provide for the payment of the exposed by this act penses of government; for the punctual payment of the public payment of the public debt, debt, principal and interest, contracted and to be contracted, according to the terms of the contracts, respectively; and for creating an adequate sinking fund, gradually to reduce, and eventually to extinguish, the public debt, contracted and to be contracted; the duties laid and imposed by this act shall continue to be laid, levied, and collected, during the present war between the United States and Great Britain, and until the The faith of the purposes aforesaid shall be completely accomplished. And, for the effectual application of the revenue to be raised by and from the said duties to the purposes aforesaid, in due form of law, the faith of the United States is hereby pledged: Provided always, That whenever congress shall deem it expedient to-alter, reduce, or change, the said duties, or either of them, it shall be lawful so to do, upon providing and substituting, by law, at the same time, and for the same purposes, other duties, which shall be equally productive with the duties so altered, reduced, or changed. [Approved, January 18, 1815.]

United States pledged for the effectual appli-cation of the re-Tenne. Proviso; other duties may be substituted, occ.

CHAP. 706. An act supplementary to the act, entitled " An act providing for [See orig. act, the indemnification of certain claimants of public lands in the Mississippi of 31st March, 1814; unte, chap. territory."*

The president, ecc. to appoint three persons to act as a board of commission-

in place of the secretary of

ers, under the

[† Ante, chap. 627.]

Any two of the board to act as a quorum.

Object of the board, &ce.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, to appoint three fit and disinterested persons, to be and act as commissioners, by virtue of an act, entitled "An act providing for the indemnification of certain claimants of public lands in the Mississippi territory,"† in the place of the secretary of state, the secretary of the treasury, and the attorney general of the United States, for the time being; and the said persons are hereby constituted and appointed a board of commissioners, any two of whom may act as a quorum, as in and by the act aforesaid is Which board is hereby declared to be intended to provided. effect the same purposes and services as the said original board; and is, in every respect, substituted for the same; and is hereby authorized to execute all the powers granted to, and directed to perform all the duties enjoined upon, the said original board of It see act of 3d commissioners, according to the intent and provisions of the act chap. 778, post.] aforesaid.‡

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the commissioners to be appointed in pursuance of this act, shall meet at some the commissioners to me suitable place within the district of Columbia, on the fourth at a place with Monday of January current, or as soon thereafter as may be, to combine to enter on the duties assigned them. And that they shall proceed certify and re therein, as expeditiously as may be, and from time to time shall port, kee, certify and report to the president of the United States, as to the sufficiency of the releases that shall have been made, and the claims they shall have finally adjudged and allowed, agreeably to the third section of the act to which this act is supplementary.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That each of the said Each commissioner to take commissioners, before they proceed to execute their duties as an oath. such, shall take the following oath, or affirmation, to wit: " I, Form of the A B, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I am not interested in the event of any decision that may be made by this board of commissioners, and that I will faithfully and impartially discharge and perform all the duties incumbent on me as a member thereof: and will adjudge and determine all the matters, claims, and controversies, subject to the adjudication and determination of this board, according to the best of my abilities, agreeably to the laws of the United States, and the principles of justice and equity."

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the said board of The board may commissioners shall have power and authority to appoint a tary his daty) secretary, whose duty it shall be to receive, file, and preserve, the papers, documents, and claims, that may be presented to, and received by, said board of commissioners, and to enter and record all the orders, proceedings, judgments, and determinations, of said board of commissioners. And one of said com-Anotate to be missioners shall administer an oath to such secretary, for the to the secretary. faithful discharge of his duty. And there shall be allowed and paid, out of the treasury of the United States, to each of the said each commissioners, as well as to the secretary by them to be ap-secretary. pointed, as a compensation for their respective services under this act, and in full for the same, the sum of fifteen hundred dol-

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That further time be, Further time all and hereby is, allowed to deposite in the office of the secretary site releases in of state, releases to the United States, of claims under the act, the office of the office of the create of Georgia, passed on the seventh of reconfling. or pretended act, of the state of Georgia, passed on the seventh for recording, day of January, seventeen hundred and ninety-five, and assign. &c. ments of rights or claims to moneys paid into the treasury of the state of Georgia, and power to sue therefor; and also for recording, in the office of the secretary of state, any deed or evidence of any title or claim that hath been released to the United States, or that shall be released on or before the day hereby appointed, to wit: the third Monday in March next. And so much of the act of congress, passed the third day of March, one thousand an excludes eight hundred and three, entitled "An act regulating the grants claimants from recording, fee.

of lands of the United States south of the state of Tennessee," after the ist Jan.

18th repealed. and so much of the act to which this is supplementary, as ex-[*Ch, 340, vol. clude claimants from recording their claims after the first day of frame, ch. 627.]

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January, one thousand eight hundred and four, be, and the same

are hereby, repealed.

stoners empowered to determine all claims made by as signees of bankrupts, &c.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That the said commissioners be, and hereby are, authorized and empowered to consider and determine all claims, that shall have been duly released to the United States, on or before the said third Monday of March, which may be made and preferred by assignees of bankrupts, or executors, or administrators on estates of deceased persons, which may be insolvent and subject to distribution among the creditors of the persons so deceased.

[Approved, January 23, 1815.]

1815; eh. 746, post.]

To Repealed, by CHAP. 707. An act to authorize the president of the United States to accept act of 17th Feb. the services of state troops and of volunteers.*

The president guthorised to rvice of the United States, any corps of troops raised under the au-thority of a

Proviso; the whole corps not to exceed 40,000 men; and the number appornioned to each state, &c.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorreserve into the ized and required to receive into the service of the United States any corps of troops which may have been, or may be, raised, organized, and officered, under the authority of any of the states, whose term of service shall not be less than twelve months, which corps, when received into the service of the United States, not less than 12 which corps, when received into the service of the United States, amonths, in that, shall be subject to the rules and articles of war, and employed in para adjoining the state raising the same, or in an adjoining state, and not elsewhere, except with the assent of the executive of the state so raising the same: Provided, That said corps shall not contain in the whole, exclusive of officers, more than forty thousand men; and that the number to be received in any state shall not exceed the number hereby apportioned to such state: that is to say, in New Hampshire, one thousand three hundred and eighteen. In Massachusetts, four thousand three hundred and ninety-five. In Vermont, one thousand three hundred and eighteen. In Rhode Island, four hundred and forty. In Connecticut, one thousand five hundred and forty. In New York, five thousand nine hundred and thirty-three. In New Jersey, one thousand three hundred and eighteen. In Pennsylvania, five thousand and fiftyfive. In Delaware, four hundred and forty. In Maryland, one thousand nine hundred and eighty. In Virginia, five thousand and fifty-five. In North Carolina, two thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight. In South Carolina, one thousand nine hundred and eighty. In Georgia, one thousand three hundred and eighteen. In Kentucky, two thousand one hundred and ninety-six. In Ohio, one thousand three hundred and eighteen. In Tennessee, one thousand three hundred and eighteen. In Louisiana, two Proviso; in ease pundred and them, the president of the United States shall hereafter call on the exemples of a call by the president for the president of the United States shall hereafter call on the exemples of the several states, to hold in readiness their respective the shall consider the corps of state hundred and twenty. And be it further provided, That in case corps to be considered a part of quotas of militia for service, he shall consider the corps of state troops, raised in any state, as part of the quota of such state,

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the corps as aforesaid accepted under this act, shall be armed and equipped at the armed and expense of the United States, and shall be entitled to the same quipped at the pay, clothing, rations, forage, and emoluments of every kind, and United States, (bounty excepted) to the same benefits and allowances as the regular troops of the United States.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the president of the The president United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to receive into hunters into the service of the United States, any volunteers who may offer service, because their services, to be organized in conformity to the laws respecting the organization of the military establishment of the United States: Provided, That the whole number of such volunteers, whole number who may be in service at any one time, exclusive of officers, shall not to exceed 40,000, &c. not exceed forty thousand men.

Sect. 4. And be it further enacted, That the officers of the The officers of said volunteers shall be commissioned by the president of the the volunteers to be commissioned by the United States; and, while in actual service, the said volunteers sioned by the president. See shall be entitled to the same pay, rations, forage, and emoluments pay, rations, &c. of every kind, and (bounty excepted) to the same benefits and allowances as the regular troops of the United States, and shall be subject to the rules and articles of war.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That the said volunteers may equip may, at their option, be armed and equipped by the United themselves, or States, or at their own expense; and in case they arm and equip see and in case, themselves, to the satisfaction of the president of the United States, they shall each be entitled to receive six and one-quarter cents per day, while in actual service, for the use and risk of such arms and equipments: Provided, That the compensation pensation for thus allowed shall not in any case exceed twenty-four dollars: to exceed 24 And provided also, That no rifle shall be received into the serdolls.

Province so rifle
vice of the United States, whose calibre shall be formed to carry a ball
a ball of a smaller size than at the rate of seventy balls to a rate of 70 to the pound weight.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That the said volunteers, Volunteers in if employed in service for a term not less than twelve months, than 18 months may, at their option, be clothed at their own expense or by the may be clothed United States; and in case they furnish their own clothing, they pease, or, &c. shall be entitled to receive in money a sum equal to the cost of the clothing allowed to the regular troops of the United States.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That whenever any non-voncommiscommissioned officer, musician, or private, having served in stoned officer, privates, &c. commissioned officer, musician, or private, having served in privates, &c. any of the corps of state troops or volunteers, raised by virtue baving served two years, or, of this act, during two years, or who, having engaged to serve ed, in addition ed, in addition two years, shall have been discharged in consequence of the ter- see. 100 a mination of the present war, shall have obtained from the commanding officer of his company, battalion, or regiment, a certificate that he had faithfully performed his duty whilst in service, he shall be allowed, in addition to the emoluments allowed in this act, one hundred and sixty acres of land: and the widow and the children, and if there be no widow or child, then the parents and children, of such noncommissioned officers, musicians, and privates, as parents, of those

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may have engaged for a term of service not less than two years, and who may be killed in action or die in the service, shall likee, entitled to wise be allowed the said quantity of one hundred and sixty acres of land, which shall be surveyed and granted in the manner provided by the act, entitled " An act to provide for the designat-

[PAnte, ch. 400.] ing, surveying, and granting, the military bounty lands."#

The appointment of officers the officers of the said volunteers, if received into the service of of the volum-teer, if, &c. to the United States for the term of twelve months, or for a longer be submitted to the rem, shall be submitted to the senate for their advice and consent, at their next session, after commissions for the same shall have been issued.

If the states do not furnish 40,000 men, the resident may apply the defi-iency by ac-epting volun-

SECT. 9. And be it further enacted, That, if the whole number of forty thousand men, authorized by the first section of this act, shall not be furnished by the states, it shall be lawful for the president of the United States to supply the deficiency, by acpring volume, cepting the services of volunteers to the number of such deficiency: Provided, That the whole number of state troops and volunteers together, accepted under the provisions of this act, shall not exceed eighty thousand men.

The expens under this act to be defrayed

SECT. 10. And be it further enacted, That the expenses incurred under this act, shall be defrayed out of the appropriations out of the appropriations for which are, or which may be, authorized, for defraying the expense salling out the militia for the defence of the United States.

[Appropriation for the United States.]

[Approved, January 27, 1815.]

[† Private and obsolete.]

CHAP. 708. An act for the relief of William Robinson and others.†

The proper ac-counting officers of the war deand settle the claims of Wilof damages done to their proper-ty by a detachent of troops,

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the proper accounting officers of the war department be, and they are hereby, directed to audit and settle the claims of William partment directly, William White, Samuel Mosely, Edward Giddons, rected to sudit Bobinson, William White, Samuel Mosely, Edward Giddons, John Brown, Moses Brown, John Gordon, Joseph Baker, Roliam Bobinson, bert Ballowe, and Moses Gordon, on account of damages done to their property, by a detachment of troops of the United States, under an order from the war department, which claims are hereby authorized to be settled upon such terms, and in such manner, as may embrace the justice of their case.

The amount of damages to be paid, &c. upon the claimants releasing, &c.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the amount thereof, when settled and ascertained, shall be paid to the said claimants, severally, or their lawful agents, out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, upon such claimant releasing to the United States all claims which he or they may have against the government, or any of its officers, in consequence of the damage aforesaid. [Approved, January 28, 1815.]

CHAP. 709. An act to authorize the purchase of the library of Thomas Jefferson, late president of the United States.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That

the secretary of the treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to cause to be paid to the joint library committee of the reasiry of the treasiry the library of Thomas Jefferson, late president of the United to be applied to the purchase of the library of Thomas Jefferson.

States, for the use of congress.

[Approved, January 30, 1815.] son, &c.

CHAP. 710. An act for the relief of Farrington Barkelow, administrator of [* Private and Mary Rappleyea.*

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the accounting officers of the treasury be, and they are hereby, The accounting authorized and directed to ascertain, agreeably to the provisions officers of the treasury direct of the laws heretofore in existence on that subject, the amount of the laws heretofore in existence on that subject, the amount of the laws heretofore in existence on that subject, the amount of the laws heretofore in existence on that subject, the amount of the laws heretofore in existence on that subject, the amount of the laws heretofore in existence on that subject, the amount of the laws heretofore in existence on that subject, the amount of the laws heretofore in existence on the laws here due Farrington Barkelow, administrator of the estate and effects due Farrington Barkelow, administrator of the estate and effects Barkelow, administrator of Mary Rappleyea, on two loan office certificates, issued to Mary ministrator of Rappleyea from the loan office of New Jersey, both dated the yea, on two eighth of June, one thousand seven hundred and seventy-eight, ficates, &c. the one numbered one thousand five hundred and sixty-four, for six hundred dollars, the other, two hundred and ninety-four, for five hundred dollars, with such interest as still remains due thereon, and that the amount which shall be found to be due be The amount paid to the said Farrington Barkelow, as administrator as afore
by Parrington Barkelow, &c. said, to be distributed according to law.

[Approved, February 2, 1815.]

CHAP. 711. An act for the relief of William Arnold.†

[†Private and obsolete.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the accounting officers of the treasury be, and they are hereby, officers of the authorized and directed to ascertain, agreeably to the provisions treasury directed to ascertain. of the laws heretofore in existence on that subject, the amount set the amount set the amount due William Arnold, on a loan office certificate, numbered twelve Arnold on a hundred and sixty-seven, which issued from the loan office of loan office certificate, &c. Massachusetts, for six hundred dollars, on the twenty-fifth of October, one thousand seven hundred and seventy-seven, payable to Christopher Clark, with interest thereon from the first of January, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-three, to which time the interest has been paid; and that the amount which shall The amount be found to be due, be paid to the said William Arnold, out of william Arnold, any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, February 2, 1815.]

CHAP. 712. An act for the relief of James Brahany.

Private.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That James Brahany, James Brahany, of the city of Baltimore, now, and for a long confined at the suit of the United States, suit of the United States, for the penalty incurred for selling spirituous liquor without the penalty in-curred for selllicense, which he is wholly unable to pay, be henceforth disliquor without charged, and remain free from imprisonment and arrest, for license, &c. to be discharged, and on account of the said penalty, and the judgment, suit, Proviso; present costs, and charges, touching the same: Provided always, That all property which the said James Brahany may now have, or hereafter may have or acquire, shall be and remain liable for the payment of the said penalty, the judgment, charges, and costs, of suit thereon, in the same manner as if this act had never been passed. [Approved, February 2, 1815.]

and future pro-perty liable, &cc.

ng spiritnous

[† Expired.]

CHAP. 713. An act to prohibit intercourse with the enemy, and for other purposes.†

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-

Collectors, &c. may enter on board any ves-sel, &c. in ad-

tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That it shall be lawful for any collector, naval officer, surveyor, or inspector of the customs, as well in an adjoining district as that joining districts, to which he belongs, to enter on board, search, and examine and search for and search for subject to duty, the same any goods, wares, or merchandise, which he shall which is intend-to be evaded, have probable cause to believe are subject to duty, the payment of which is intended to be evaded, or have been imported into the United States in any manner contrary to law, it shall be his duty to seize and secure the same for trial.

may stop and erson,

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful Collectors, &c. for any collector, naval officer, surveyor, or inspector of the search any ear- customs, as well in any adjoining district, as that to which he belongs, to stop, search, and examine, any carriage or vehicle may suspect there are goods, of any kind whatsoever, and to stop any person travelling on acceptable to foot, or beast of burden, on which he shall suspect there are any foot, or beast of burden, on which he shall suspect there are any goods, wares, or merchandise, which are subject to duty, or which shall have been introduced into the United States in any manner contrary to law; and if such officer shall find any goods, finds any goods, wares, or merchandise, on any such carriage, vehicle, person tra-sc. he is to seize them, &c. velling on foot, or beast of burden, which he shall have pro-

thorized to serve the same, to enter such house, store, or other

If the officer

bable cause to believe are subject to duty, or have been unlaw-If officers of the fully introduced into the United States, he shall seize and secure If officers of the fully introduced into the United States, he shall seize and secure ensumes suspect that some for trial. And if any of the said officers of the customs shall suspect that any goods, wares, or merchandise, which are dwelling house, subject to duty, or which shall have been introduced into the sc. they may, on application, oath, &c. enter in the day time, and search, &c. enter in the day time, dwelling house, store, or other building, he shall, upon proper and search, &c. [‡See the const. amendments, art. 4. pa. 72, art. 4. pa. 73, art. 4. pa. 74, art.

building, in the day time only, and there to search and examine whether there are any such goods, wares, or merchandise, which are subject to duty, or have been unlawfully imported; and if, on such search or examination, any such goods, wares, or merchandise, shall be found, which there shall be probable cause, for the officer making such search or examination, to believe are subject to duty, or have been unlawfully introduced into the United States, he shall seize and secure the same for trial.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That if any citizen or Munitions of war, cartle, Sec. citizens of the United States, or any person or persons inhabit-attempted to be ing the same, shall transport, or attempt to transport, over land, the enemy's teror by water, in whatsoever way, or by whatsoever means, naval with the vehior military stores, arms, or munitions of war, cattle, live stock, cle. &c. conver-any articles of provisions, cotton, tobacco, goods, money, or frecited, and supplies of any kind, from any place in the United States, to fending to pay any of the provinces or territory belonging to the enemy, or of a sum count to any of the provinces or territory belonging to the enemy, or of the value, &c. which they may be in possession, such naval or military stores, arms, or the munitions of war, cattle, live stock, articles of provisions, cotton, tobacco, goods, money, or other supplies, together with the carriage or wagon, cart, sleigh, vessel, boat, raft, or vehicle, of whatsoever kind, or horse, or other beast, by which they, or any of them, are transported, or attempted to be transported, shall be forfeited to the use of the United States. and the person or persons so offending, or aiding or privy to the same, shall forfeit and pay, to the use of the United States, a sum equal in value to the said enumerated articles, or other supplies, forfeited as aforesaid, as well as of the carriage, wagon, cart, sleigh, vessel, boat, raft, or other vehicle, or beast used to transport the same; and the said citizens and persons so offend- Persons offend ing, their aiders and abettors, and also the owner or owners, of to fine and imany of the said enumerated articles, or other supplies, knowing prisonment. of such illegal act, and the owner or owners of the carriage, wagon, cart, sleigh, vessel, boat, raft, or other vehicle, or beast, used with his, or her, or their, knowledge and consent, to transport the same, shall, moreover, be considered as guilty of a misdemeanor, and be liable to be fined, in any sum not exceeding one thousand dollars, and imprisoned for a term not exceeding three years: Provided, That nothing herein shall be construed provise; nothing to prohibit any transportation, for the use or account of the bit any trans-United States, or any of them, or the supply of their troops or portation on account of the Uarmies, wheresoever they may be.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That every collector, Officers of the naval officer, surveyor, and inspector of the customs, shall, on ered to seize probable cause, have full power and authority to seize, stop, hibited articles, search for, detain, and keep in custody, until it shall have been acceptained is ascertained whether the same shall have been forfeited or not, wheth ribey are forfeited or all naval or military stores, arms, or the munitions of war, cat- not, &c. tle, live stock, articles of provisions, cotton, tobacco, goods, money, or other supplies, transported, or attempted to be transported, contrary to the provisions of the next preceding section of this act, as well as the carriage, wagon, cart, sleigh, vessel, boat, raft, or other vehicle or vehicles, beast or beasts, used to

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nited States, &c.

probable cause to suspect conon application, Scc. enter any dwelling house, &c. and search, seize, detain, &c.

transport the same. And if the officers authorized as aforesaid, Authorized offi- or any of them, shall have probable cause to suspect a concentment in any particular dwelling house, store, or building, of any naval or military stores, arms, or munitions of war, cattle, live stock, articles of provisions, cotton, tobacco, goods, money, or other supplies, with intent to be conveyed or transported, contrary to the provisions of the next preceding section of this act, they, or either of them, shall, upon proper application, supported by oath or affirmation, to any judge or justice of the peace, be entitled to a warrant, directed to such officer, who is hereby au-

thorized to serve the same, to enter such dwelling house, store, or other building, in day time only, and there to search for such

said enumerated articles or other supplies, as aforesaid; and in case any be found, to seize, detain, and keep in custody, until it shall have been ascertained whether the same have been for-Judges, &c. to feited or not; and if such unlawful intent exist, as aforesaid, any hold to bail, &c. judge or justice, acting upon probable cause, as aforesaid, is hereby authorized and required, on the owner or owners of such enumerated articles, or other supplies, being brought, on due process, before him, to hold him or them to security in a sufficient sum, with sufficient bail for his or their good behavior, as a person or persons suspected, upon probable cause, as aforesaid, of carrying on trade or intercourse with the enemy; the said authority to bind to good behavior, to extend also to the persons havior, &c. having the custody or charge of such prohibited articles or other having the custody or charge of such prohibited articles or other

supplies, with knowledge of the criminal intention to transport

search warrant, arising under this act, shall in no case be con-

sidered as applicable to any carriage, wagon, cart, sleigh, vessel, boat, or other vehicle, of whatever form or construction, employed as a medium of transportation, or to packages, on any animal or animals, or carried by man on foot. And provided

which shall be seized by virtue of this act, shall be put into, and remain in, the custody of the collector, or such other person as he shall appoint for that purpose, until it shall have been ascer-

tained whether the same have been forfeited or not.

Extent of the

Proviso; the ne- them as aforesaid: Provided always, That the necessity of a cessity of a search warrant under this act, not applicable to any carriage, sleigh, &cc.

Proviso; articles also, That all the said enumerated articles or other supplies, seized to remain in the custody of the collector,

Collectors of the customs, with the approbation, &c. may employ an oath, &c.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That every collector of the customs shall have authority, with the approbation of the persons as inprincipal officer of the treasury department, to employ, within
spectors, &c.
who are to take his district, such number of proper persons, as inspectors of the principal officer of the treasury department, to employ, within customs, as he shall judge necessary, who are hereby declared to be officers of the customs; and the said inspectors, before they enter on the duties of their offices, shall take and subscribe, before the collectors appointing them, or before some magistrate, within their respective districts, authorized by law to administer oaths, the following oath or affirmation, to wit: " I —, having been appointed an inspector of the customs, within and for the district of -, do solemnly, sincerely, and truly, swear or affirm, (as the case may be,) that I will diligently and faithfully execute the duties of the said office of inspector, and will use my best endeavors to prevent and detect frauds

Form of the oath.

and violations against the laws of the United States; I further swear, or affirm, that I will support the constitution of the United States."

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That any collector, naval collectors, &c. officer, surveyor, or inspector, when proceeding to make any persons winkers search or seizure authorized by this act, shall be, and is hereby 10 miles to ald search or seizure authorized by this act, shall be, and is hereby, &cc. empowered to command any person who shall be within ten miles of the place where such search or seizure shall be made, to aid and assist such officer in the discharge and performance of his duty therein; and if any person, being so commanded, Persons refus shall neglect or refuse to aid and assist such officer in making ing to sid in such search or seizure, the person so neglecting or refusing feet from so to feet the search or seizure. shall forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding two hundred dollars, 200 dollars. and not less than fifty dollars. And such officer may also de- The marshal mand, in cases of resistance, the assistance of the marshal of sist, &c. the district, or any of his deputies, who shall call upon the posse of the district, if necessary, in his or their judgment, to render effectual the execution of this act; and all citizens or inhabitants Persons refreship to join the of the district above the age of eighteen years, and able to training to join the posse, subject the district above the age of eighteen years, and able to training to join the posse, subject the who refuse or neglect, on proper notice from the marshal, somment. or any of his deputies, to join such posse, shall be considered guilty of a misdemeanor, and be liable to be fined, in any sum not exceeding three hundred dollars, and be imprisoned, for any term not exceeding three months.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That the forfeitures and Forfeitures, &c. penalties mentioned in this act shall be sued for, prosecuted, and to be sued in the sued for prosecuted, and by action of recovered, or inflicted, by action of debt, or by information or debt, &c. indictment, in any court competent to take cognizance thereof and try the same; and that all forfeitures and penalties, so recovered, by virtue of this act, shall, after deducting all proper costs and charges, be disposed of as follows: one moiety shall Distribution of forfeitures and be for the use of the United States, and be paid into the trea-penalties. sury thereof, by the collector recovering the same; the other moiety shall be divided between, and paid in equal proportions to, the collector and naval officer of the district, and surveyor of the port, wherein the same shall have been incurred, or to such of the said officers as there may be in the said district; and in districts where only one of the aforesaid offices shall have been established, the said moiety shall be given to such officer: Provided, That where the seizure shall have been made by any Province; where inspector or inspectors, out of the presence of the collector, naval made by inspecofficer, or surveyor, such inspector or inspectors shall be entipresence of the tled, in addition to such other compensation as may be allowed per ont. additional allowance, to twenty-five per cent. on the moiety herein given to the tional allowance, &c. 25 per ont. additional allowance, &c. 25 per ont. additional allowance, &c. collector, naval officer, and surveyor, as aforesaid, or to either of them: And provided also, That in all cases where such penal- province; half a ties and forfeitures shall be recovered, in pursuance of informa- vate informers, tion given to such collector, naval officer, or surveyor, by any &c. private informer, the one-half of such moiety shall be given to such informer, and the remainder thereof shall be disposed of between the collector, naval officer, and surveyor, in manner aforesaid, and the same allowance of twenty-five per cent. to

inspectors, when the seizure is made by them as aforesaid: And Proviso; when provided likewise, That whenever the value of the property seizproperty selzed ed, condemned, and sold, under this act, shall be less than two is less than 1200 dollars, the costs to be accruse to the United States. hundred and fifty dollars, that part of the forfeiture which accrues to the United States, or so much thereof as may be nethe part accruliciand any per tion: And it is further provided, That if any officer, or other son entitled to a part or share of any of the penalties or for-witness, but thereby lose his feitures incurred in virtue of this act, shall be necessary as a witness, on the trial for such penalty or forfeiture, such officer or other person may be a witness upon the said trial, but in such case he shall not receive, or be entitled to, any part or share of the said penalty or forfeiture, and the part or share to which he otherwise would have been entitled shall revert to the United

Saits or prosemenced against state court, for any thing done in virtu of this act, &cc. may be defendant, on

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That if any suit or prosecution be commenced in any state court, against any collector, any officer, in a naval officer, surveyor, inspector, or any other officer, civil or military, or any other person aiding or assisting, agreeable to the provisions of this act, or under color thereof, for any thing done, removed, by the or omitted to be done, as an officer of the customs, or for any petition, surety, thing done by virtue of this act, or under color thereof, and the defendant shall, at the time of entering his appearance in such court, file a petition for the removal of the cause for trial at the next circuit court of the United States to be holden in the district where the suit is pending, and offer good and sufficient surety for his entering in such court, on the first day of its session, copies of said process against him, and also for his there appearing at the court and entering special bail in the cause, if special bail was originally required therein, it shall then be the duty of the state court to accept the surety, and proceed no further in the cause, and the bail that shall have been originally taken shall be discharged; and such copies being entered as aforesaid in such court of the United States, the cause shall there proceed in the same manner as if it had been brought there by original process, whatever may be the amount of the sum in dispute, or damages claimed, or whatever the citizenship of the parties, any former law to the contrary notwithstanding: and any Any attachment by the original process, shall hold the goods or estate so attached to antegorist and process, shall hold the goods or estate so attached to antegorist out. swer the final judgment, in the same manner as by the laws of such state they would have been holden to answer final judgment, had it been rendered by the court in which the suit was commenced. And it shall be lawful, in any action or prosecution

The state court to accept the surety and pro-ceed no further, The cause to proceed in the court of the United States,

swer, &c.

Appeal from state courts to circuit courts of the United States, &c.

which may be now pending, or hereafter commenced, before any state court whatever, for any thing done, or omitted to be done, by the defendant, as an inspector or other officer of the customs, after final judgment, for either party to remove and transfer, by appeal, such decision, during the session or term of said court, at which the same shall have taken place, from such court to the next circuit court of the United States, to be held in the district

in which such appeal shall be taken in manner aforesaid; and it shall be the duty of the person taking such appeal, to produce

and enter in the said circuit court attested copies of the process, proceedings, and judgment, in such cause; and it shall also be gither party, competent for either party, within six months of the rendition of within six months, &c. a judgment in any such cause, by writ of error, or other process, eanse, &c. to remove the same to the circuit court of the United States of that district in which such judgment shall have been rendered, and the said circuit court shall thereupon proceed to try and detection termine the facts and the law in such action, in the same man-moral of a ner as if the same had been there originally commenced; the mine the facts judgment in such case notwithstanding. And any bail which and the law, &c. may have been taken, or property attached, shall be holden on the final judgment of the said circuit court in such action, in the same manner as if no such removal and transfer had been made as aforesaid; and the state court from which any such action may be removed and transferred as aforesaid, upon the party's giving good and sufficient security for the prosecution thereof, shall allow the same to be removed and transferred, and proceed no further in the case: Provided, however, That if the party aforesaid provise, if the shall fail duly to enter the removal and transfer as aforesaid in party fails to enter the rethe circuit court, agreeable to this act, the state court, by which moval, &c. in judgment shall have been rendered, and from which the transfer &c. the state and removal shall have been made as aforesaid, shall be authorized, on motion for that purpose, to issue execution, and to carry &c. into effect any such judgment, the same as if no such removal and transfer had been made: *Provided*, nevertheless, That this Proviso; this act act shall not be construed to apply to any prosecution for an ofprosecutions inproving corporal punishment. And provided also, That ral punishment,
no such appeal shall be allowed in any criminal action or prosecution, where final judgment shall have been rendered in favor
of the defendant, or respondent, by the state court; and in any
independent of action or prosecution against any person as aforesaid, it shall be
lawful for such person to plead the general jesus and size this
lawful for such person to plead the general jesus and size this lawful for such person to plead the general issue, and give this The general is act and any special matter in evidence. And if, in any such suit, evidence, it is not suit, evidence, it is nonsuit, or judgment pass against him, the defend-defendant. ant shall recover double costs.

SECT. 9. And be it further enacted, That in any suit or pro- In prosecutions secution against any person, for any act or thing done as an offi- of the customs, cer of the customs, or any person aiding or assisting such officer see, it appearance therein, and judgment shall be given against the defendant or there was protherein, and judgment shall be given against the defendant or there was probable cause, a respondent, if it shall appear to the court, before which such suit entities to the or prosecution shall be tried, that there was probable cause for defendant not doing such act or thing, such court shall order a proper certificate to be defendant not vided, &cc. Provided, &cc. cate or entry to be made thereof, and in such case the defendant or respondent shall not be liable for costs, nor shall he be liable to execution, or to any action for damages, or to any other mode of prosecution for the act done by him as aforesaid: Provided, That such property or articles as may be held in custody by the defendant, if any, be, after judgment, forthwith returned to the claimant or claimants, his, her, or their, agent or agents.

SECT. 10. And be it further enacted, That no citizen, or person usually residing within the United States, shall be permitted to
pass the front
to cross the frontier into any of the provinces or territory belongpassort, &c. ing to the enemy, or of which he may be possessed, without a passport, &c.

passport first obtained from the secretary of state, the secretary

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No citizen, &c. permitted to go on board vessels of the enemy, without a pass port, &c.

Fine and imprisonment for proceeding without a pass-

to report them-selves, on pain of fine and imprisonment.

Persons noves-ing on the fron-tier, &c. without a passport, see, may be held to accurity for good behayior, &c.

ter the law of treason.

The president, &c. may em-ploy the land and naval forthe officers of the customs, ac.

of war, or other officer, civil or military, authorized by the president of the United States, to grant the same, or from the governor of a state or territory; nor shall any citizen, or person residing as aforesaid, of his own accord, upon any pretence whatsoever, be permitted, without such passport, to go on board of any of the ships, or vessels, or boats, of the enemy, on the lakes, along the seaboard, or elsewhere within the bays, sounds, rivers, or waters, of the United States, or to hold any intercourse with such enemy, or with any officer thereof; nor shall any citizen, or person residing as aforesaid, be permitted, without such passport, to visit or go to any camp of the enemy established within the limits of the United States, or elsewhere, or to hold any intercourse with the same, or with any officer belonging thereto; and whosoever shall voluntarily offend against any of the prohibitions aforesaid, mentioned in this section, shall be considered guilty of a misdemeanor, and be liable to be fined in any sum not exceeding one thousand dollars, and to imprisonment for any term not Persons coming exceeding three years. And every person coming from any of the enemy's provinces or territory, into the United States, shall report himself forthwith, or as soon as practicable thereafter, to the military commander, or to the collector, or other chief officer of the customs, where there may be no collector, of the district within which he may first arrive, upon pain, wherever the same is omitted, of being liable to the same prosecution and punishment, as is above provided in cases of unlawful intercourse with the enemy, without the authority of a passport. SECT. 11. And be it further enacted, That any person or

persons found hovering upon the frontier, near any of the provinces or territory belonging to the enemy, or of which he may be possessed, or travelling towards and near the same, at a distance from his or their usual place of abode or residence, and without any lawful business requiring his or their attendance there, and without a passport, shall be liable to be held to security for his or their good behavior, in the manner pointed out in the fourth section of this act, as a person or persons suspected, upon probable cause, of being engaged in Provision othing unlawful trade or intercourse with the enemy: Provided always, That nothing contained in any part of this act shall be construed

to alter, in any respect, the law of treason.

SECT. 12. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the president of the United States, or such other person as he shall have empowered for that purpose, to employ, under end naval for ces, and the militia for aiding such part of the land and and according to the part of the land and according to the land according to the l such part of the land and naval forces of the United States, or of the militia thereof, as shall be judged necessary, for the purpose of aiding and co-operating with the officers of the customs, and all other civil magistrates, in seizing and securing persons engaged, or suspected, upon probable cause as aforesaid, to be engaged, in unlawful trade or intercourse with the enemy as aforesaid, together with the articles or supplies, or vessels, boats, vehicles, or animals, employed as aforesaid, in such trade or intercourse, and searching for and seizing any property subject to 1815.

duty, or which has been unlawfully imported.

Sect. 13. And be it further enacted, That this act shall continue in force during the continuance of the present war between Feb. 1815. the United States and Great Britain, and no longer: Provided, Proviso; the That the termination of said war shall not be construed to stop the war not to or annul any proceedings that may theretofore have been com-stop proced-ing theretofore menced, or concluded, or in any way destroy or impair any commenced, &c. rights or privileges accruing under, secured, or given, by virtue of this act, but as applicable to any transaction prior thereto, the same proceedings shall and may be had as though this act were in full force. [Approved, February 4, 1815.]

CHAP. 714. An act supplementary to the act, entitled "An act to amend ["See orig. act, the act laying duties on licenses to retailers of wines, spirituous liquors, and foreign merchandise, and for other purposes." "

1814; anter, chap: 679.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The 4th sec. of the fourth section of the act, entitled "An act to amend the act tioned to include any still, boiler, or otherwise destroyed before strued to extend to and include any still, boiler, or otherwise the page of the act. used in distillation, burnt or otherwise destroyed, whether the [7Ante,ch.679.] burning or destruction shall have taken place before or since the passage of the above recited act.

[Approved, February 4, 1815.]

CHAP. 715. An act attaching to the Canton district, in the state of Ohio, the tract of land lying between the foot of the rapids of the Miami of lake Erie and the Connecticut western reserve.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That all that tract of land lying between the foot of the rapids of the The tract of river Miami of lake Erie and the western line of the Connecti- attached to the cut reserve, in the state of Ohio, which was ceded to the United district of Can-States, by certain tribes of Indians, at a treaty concluded at Brownstown, in the Michigan territory, on the twenty-fifth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eight, shall be [15ee page 417. attached to, and made a part of, the district of Canton.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That in surveying and dividing the lands by this act attached to the district of Canton, &c., the lands the ordinary mode of surveying the public lands shall be so far described, the deviated from, that the boundary lines of the tracts to be laid off to be deviated from, so far, &c. therein shall be run parallel to, and at right angles with, the road laid out in conformity with the said treaty, and in every other respect the surveys shall be made in the same manner, and for the same compensation allowed for the surveying, the other public lands northwest of the river Ohio.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That all the lands by The lands to be offered to the this act attached to the district of Canton, shall be offered for highest bidder, sale to the highest bidder, under the direction of the register of &c. as the pre-

the land office and the receiver of public moneys of the said dis-

1815. sident may designate by pro-clamation; the

private sale, &c.

trict, at such time and place as the president of the United States shall designate by proclamation for that purpose; and the sales sales to remain open one week, and no longer; and the said lands shall, in every respect, be sold on the same terms and conditions as have been provided for the sale of other lands of the United Lands remaining States. All the lands in the said tract, remaining unsold at be disposed of at the close of the said sales, may be disposed of at private sale by the register of the land office of the said district, on the same terms and conditions as are provided for the sale of other public lands in the same district; and patents shall be obtained in the same manner as in case of other lands of the United States.

Patents, &c.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the aforesaid register dells. to regis. SECT. 4. And be it juriner enacted, I not the aforesaid register ter and receiver and receiver of public moneys shall, each, receive four dollars for each day's attendance, &c. per day for each day's attendance on the public sales directed by this act. [Approved, February 4, 1815.]

> CHAP. 716. An act for giving further time to the purchasers of public lands to complete their payments.

Persons who. after the 1st whose lands have not b en further time of payment, &c.

[*See ante, ch. 602.]

Conditions, &c.
1. Arrears of interest to be paid, &c.

Proviso: 25 to the payment of interest on or before the 1st June, 1815.

2. The residue of the sum duc, &c. to be paid, with interest, in three equal annual pay-ments, &cc.

In case of fullure to pay, &c.
the land to be
advertised and

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That every person who, after the first day of April, one thousand April, 1810, and prior to the HISL day of April, 1811, had thousand eight hundred and eleven, had purchased any tract or April, 1811, had thousand eight hundred and eleven, had purchased in the whole six hundred and forty acres, at any of the land offices of the soldor reverted, United States, and whose lands have not already been actually sold or reverted to the United States, for nonpayment of part of three years, &c. the purchase money, shall be, and they hereby are, allowed the further time of three years, from and after the expiration of the period already given by law,* for completing the payment of the purchase money aforesaid; which further time of three years shall be allowed only on the following conditions: first, all arrears of interest on the purchase money shall be paid on or before the expiration of the time for completing the payment of the purchase money according to former laws: Provided, That in all cases in which the time for completing the payment of the purchase money may have expired, or shall expire, before the first day of June next, the interest may be paid on or before that day: second, the residue of the sum due on account of the principal of such purchase shall be paid, with interest thereon, in three equal annual payments, as follows, viz: one-third of the said sum, with the interest due thereon, within one year; one-third of the said sum, with the interest due thereon, within two years; and the residue. with the interest due thereon, within three years, after the expiration of the time for completing the payments on such purchases according to law. And in case of failure to pay the arrears of interest, or any of the three instalments of principal, with the offered for sale, accruing interest, at the time abovementioned, the tract of land shall be forthwith advertised and offered for sale, in the manner and on the terms directed by law in case of lands not paid within the time limited by law, and shall revert to the United States in like manner, if the same is not sold at such sale.

[Approved, February 4, 1815.]

CHAP. 717. An act to alter and amend the several acts for establishing a navy department, by adding thereto a board of commissioners.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The president, the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, author-the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, author-the president, ized, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, to aperts who point three officers of the navy, whose rank shall not be below a board of companion a post captain, who shall constitute a board of commissioners the navy, &c. for the navy of the United States; and shall have power to power and duadopt such rules and regulations for the government of their board. meetings as they may judge expedient: and the board so constituted, shall be attached to the office of the secretary of the navy, and, under his superintendence, shall discharge all the ministerial duties of said office, relative to the procurement of naval stores and materials, and the construction, armament, equipment, and employment, of vessels of war, as well as all other matters connected with the naval establishment of the United States. And the said board shall appoint their own se- The board to cretary, who shall receive, in compensation for his services, a spoint their sum not exceeding two thousand dollars per annum, who shall salary not to exceed 3,000 dolls. keep a fair record of their proceedings, subject at all times to per annum, &c. the inspection of the president of the United States, and the secretary of the navy.*

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the said board of The board, &c. commissioners, by and with the consent of the secretary of the and regulations navy, be, and are hereby, authorized to prepare such rules and uniformity in regulations as shall be necessary for securing an uniformity in sets of vessels, the several classes of vessels and their equipments, and for re- &c. pairing and refitting them, and for securing responsibility in the subordinate officers and agents; which regulations, when approved by the president of the United States, shall be respected and obeyed, until altered and revoked by the same authority, and the said rules and regulations thus prepared and approved, shall be laid before congress at their next session. It shall also be the The board to duty of said board, upon the requisition of the secretary of mates, &c. the navy, to furnish all the estimates of expenditure which the several branches of the service may require, and such other information and statements as he may deem necessary.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the officer of the The officer said board holding the oldest commission shall preside, and each est commission commissioner shall be entitled to receive, in compensation for to preside; and his services, three thousand five hundred dollars per annum, in sion commission concerns the services, three thousand five hundred dollars per annum, in sion commission commission control in the services, and other emoluments, as naval officers; ann. and all letters and packets to and from the said commis- Letters, &c. sioners, which relate to their official duties, shall be free from free. postage.

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SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Nothing in this act shall be construed to take from the secretary of the navy act to take from this control and direction of the naval forces of the United States, the secretary his control and direction of the naval forces of the United Sthis control. &c. as now by law possessed. [Approved, February 7, 1815.]

[Private.]

CHAP. 718. An act to extend the time of Oliver Evans's patent for his improvement on steam engines.*

The patent rights of Oliver Evans, for his improvements on steam ens, extende to the year 1825, &c.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That all the rights and privileges of Oliver Evans, under a patent issued from the department of state, on the fourteenth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and four, for his improvements on steam engines, be, and hereby are, extended to the said Oliver Evans, his heirs, administrators, or assigns, for and during the term of seven years, to commence from, and immediately after, the expiration of the term of fourteen years, granted by said patent as aforesaid, subject to all the provisions of the act, entitled "An act to promote the progress of the useful arts, and to repeal the act heretofore made for that purpose,"† excepting so far as regards the extension of the term vol. 2.] Proviso; Oliver of his said patent herein authorized: Provided, That it shall not be lawful for the said Oliver Evans, his heirs, administrators, charge a greater or assigns, to charge or receive from any person or persons a greater sum for the privilege of constructing or using his said improvements on steam engines, during the term for which said patent is hereby extended, than he has hitherto charged and received for a like privilege under his said patent, as now in force. [Approved, February 7, 1815.]

[† Chap. 156, Evans not to vilege than heretofore.

[‡ Private.]

CHAP. 719. An act concerning Weston Jenkins, and others.;

The judge of the district court for Massachusetts required to distribute to Weston Jenkins, &c. the proceeds arising from the capture of the British private armed sebooner Retaliation which are held to the United States, &cc.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the judge of the district court for the state of Massachusetts be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to distribute among Weston Jenkins, his officers and crew, of the sloop Two Friends, which captured the British private armed schooner Retaliation, in the month of October last, the proceeds arising from the said capture, which are held to the United States as droits of admiralty; and that the said distribution be made by the said judge, agreeably to the laws of the United States relating to captures made by the private armed ships of the United States.

[Approved, February 7, 1815.]

CHAP. 720. An act for the better regulation of the ordnance department.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That

from and after the passage of this act, the ordnance department shall consist of one colonel, one lieutenant colonel, two majors, the ordnance ten captains, ten first lieutenants, ten second lieutenants, and ten consist of one colonel, &c. &c. third lieutenants.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the colonel, or The colonel, &c. senior officer of the ordnance department, is authorized to ento enlist, for senior officer of that department, for five years, as many armorers, master armorers, master carriage master armorers, master carriage makers, master blacksmiths, makers, &c. artificers, armorers, carriage makers, blacksmiths, and laborers, as the public service, in his judgment, under the directions of the secretary for the department of war, may require.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty Duties of the colonel of the of the colonel of the ordnance department to direct the inspection ordnance deand proving of all pieces of ordnance, cannon balls, shot, shells, partment, &c. small arms, and side arms, and equipments, procured for the use of the armies of the United States; and to direct the construction of all cannon and carriages, and every implement and apparatus for ordnance, and all ammunition wagons, travelling forges, and artificer's wagons, the inspection and proving of powder, and the preparation of all kinds of ammunition and And it shall also be the duty of the colonel, or senior officer of the ordnance department, to furnish estimates, and, under the direction of the secretary for the depart-

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the colonel of the The colonel to ordnance department shall organize and attach to regiments, organize and attach to regiments, organize and stach attaches, corps, or garrisons, such number of artificers, with proper tools, or organize and apparatus, under such regulations and restrictions sons, &co. relative to their government and number, as, in his judgment, with the approbation of the secretary for the department of war, may be considered necessary.

ment of war, to make contracts and purchases for procuring the necessary supplies of arms, equipments, ordnance, and ordnance

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That the colonel of the The colonel of ordnance department, or senior officer of that department of any ordnance to reduce all orders of the secretary for the depart-of war, see ment of war, and, in time of war, the orders of any general, or field officer, commanding any army, garrison, or detachment, for the supply of all arms, ordnance, ammunition, carriages, forges, and apparatus, for garrison, field, or siege, service.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That the keepers of all Respects of managazines and arsenals shall, quarterly, or oftener, if so direct-inake returns. ed, and in such manner as directed by the colonel of the ord- quarterly, or ofnance department, make correct returns to the colonel, or senior officer, of the ordnance department, of all ordnance, arms, and ordnance stores, they may have in charge.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That the costs of repairs costs of repairs of damages done to arms, equipments, or implements, in the of arms &c. to be charged to use of the armies of the United States, shall be deducted from officers and so the pay of any officer or soldier in whose care or use the said hands they were keep and the control of the c arms, equipments, or implements, were, when the said damages wided, and occurred: Provided, The said damages were occasioned by

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the abuse or negligence of the said officer or soldier. officers com-manding regiments, manding regiments, or make corps, garrisons, or detachments, to make, once every two report of the magnetione to months, or oftener if so directed, a written report to the colonel arms, due to of the ordnance department, stating all damages to arms, equipof the ordnance department, stating all damages to arms, equipments, and implements, belonging to his command, noting those occasioned by negligence or abuse, and naming the officer or soldier by whose negligence or abuse the said damages were occasioned.

The colonel of the ordnance

department to make half year.

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That the colonel of the make half yearly to the ordnance department shall make, half yearly, to the war department, the ment, or oftener, if the secretary for that department shall so direct, a correct report of the officers, and all artificers, and laborers, in his department; also, of all ordnance, arms, military stores, implements, and apparatus, of every description, and in such form as the secretary for the department of war shall direct.

Public armories placed under ordnance de

SECT. 9. And be it further enacted, That to ensure system direction of the and uniformity in the different public armories, they are hereby partment and placed under the direction of the ordnance department. And the colonel may establish depots, the colonel of the ordnance department, under the direction of the secretary for the department of war, is hereby authorized to establish depots of arms, ammunition, and ordnance stores, in such parts of the United States, and in such numbers, as may be deemed necessary.

The colonel to draw up a system of regulations for the partment, &c.

SECT. 10. And be it further enacted, That the colonel of the ordnance department, under the direction of the secretary for the department of war, is hereby authorized to draw up a system of regulations for the government of the ordnance department, forms of returns and reports, and for the uniformity of manufactures of all arms, ordnance, ordnance stores, implements, and apparatus, and for the repairing and better preservation of the same.

The pay, acc. for officers of the ordnance department the And the pay of master armorer,

SECT. 11. And be it further enacted, That the pay, emoluments, and allowances, for the officers of the ordnance department, shall be the same as the pay, emoluments, and allowances, now allowed to officers of similar grades, respectively, in the artillery of the United States. And that the pay of a master armorer shall be thirty dollars per month, and one and a half rations per day; of a master carriage maker, thirty dollars per month, and one and a half rations per day; of a master blacksmith, thirty dollars per month, and one and a half rations per The pay of armorers, carriage makers, or blacksmiths, each, sixteen dollars per month, and one and a half rations per day; the pay of artificers, thirteen dollars per month, and one ration per day; and the pay of laborers, nine dollars per month, and one ration per day; and to all of the said workmen, artificers, and laborers, the same clothing, and other allowances, as are allowed to privates of infantry in the army of the United States, except clothing to the master workmen.

SECT. 12. And be it further enacted, That the president of continue officers the United States is hereby authorized to continue in the service, under this act, all the officers of the ordnance department in service on the passage of the same, or to transfer them to of the ordinate other corps of the army of the United States.

SECT. 13. And be it further enacted, That the colonel of the 1,000 dolls. per ordnance department is hereby allowed, at the rate of one thousand dollars per year, for clerks, and such books and stationery as may be necessary to his department.

SECT. 14. And be it further enacted, That the act passed The act of the May the fourteenth, one thousand eight hundred and twelve, en- &c. repaid. titled " An act for the better regulation of the ordnance department,"* and the sections of any other acts, coming within the [*Ante, ch. 406.] purview of any of the sections of this act, be, and the same are hereby, repealed. [Approved, February 8, 1815.]

CHAP. 721. An act to authorize the purchase of a tract of land for the use of the United States.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That it shall be lawful for the president of the United States, and he The president is hereby authorized, to cause to be purchased, for the use of the cause to be purchased. For the use of the cause to be purchased the situe of the cause to be purchased. ate adjoining the village of Plattsburg, in the state of New York, and Brown plaining Plattsburg. on which forts Moreau and Brown, and other works, barracks, burg, &c. arsenals, hospitals, and other public buildings, now stand, as shall be by him judged requisite for the military purposes of the United States. [Approved, February 8, 1815.]

CHAP. 722. An act to amend the act laying duties on licenses to retailers [# See the act of wines, spirituous liquors, and foreign merchandise.† amended, of ad Aug. 1813; ante, chap. 567.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That nothing contained in the first section of the act laying duties on Nothing contained in the lat licenses to retailers of wines, spirituous liquors, and foreign section of the act laying dis merchandise, shall be construed to extend to vine dressers who on licenses sell, at the place where the same is made, wine of their own wines, &c. growth, nor shall any vine dresser, for vending solely at the strend to vine place where the same is made, wine of his own growth, be com- sell at the p pelled to take out license as a retailer of wine.

[Approved, February 8, 1815.]

CHAP. 723. An act making appropriations for repairing or rebuilding the public buildings within the city of Washington.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the president of the United States cause to be repaired, or re- The president built, forthwith, the president's house, capitol, and public offices, repaired or re-

on their present sites, in the city of Washington, and that he be belly, the capic authorized to borrow, at an interest not exceeding six per centum per annum, from any bank or banks within the district of may borrow of tum per annum, from any bank or banks within the district of the banks &c.

so,000 delli, for Columbia, or from any individual or individuals, a sum not exteat object.

ceeding five hundred thousand dollars, to be applied exclusively ceeding five hundred thousand dollars, to be applied exclusively to that object. [Approved, February 13, 1815.]

[Private.]

CHAP. 724. An act for the relief of Benjamin Wells, and others.

The person au-thorized to transact the buiness of the late supervisor of the revenue in Pennsylvania, to revise the accounts of Benjamin Wells,

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the person authorized to transact the business of the late supervisor of the revenue in the state of Pennsylvania, be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to revise the accounts of Benjamin Wells, John Wells, William Erving, James Brice, John Webster, and Joseph Junkin, late collectors of internal duties in the state aforesaid, and to audit and settle the same, admitting, on sufficient evidence, all legal or equitable credits, not heretofore allowed or rejected by congress.

are dissatisfied with the deci-

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That if any one, or all, of If any one or all the collectors aforesaid, shall be dissatisfied with the settlement and decision of the person authorized to transact the business of sion, he or they the supervisor aforesaid, he or they may, within three months may appeal, &c. of the control o after such decision, appeal from the same, upon such items in the account as they shall specially designate, stating, in writing, their objections to the decision on the same, to the accounting officers of the treasury department; and upon such appeal being taken and presented to the treasury department, within the time aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the accounting officers of that departnpon the appeal ment to audit and settle the same according to the rules prescribed by this act, and in such manner as the justice of the case may require.

The accounting officers of the treasury may audit and settle

If any of the entitled to fur-

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That if, upon the settlement of the accounts as aforesaid, it shall appear that the said collectors, or any of them, are entitled to further credits than they secretary of the have heretofore received, it shall be lawful for the secretary of the secretary of the have heretofore received, it shall be lawful for the secretary of treasury is to allowithem, &c. the treasury to allow the same, and to credit the judgment heretofore recovered against them by the United States, for the Proviso; nothing amount which may be so found to be due: Provided, That nothing in this act shall be construed to impair the force or effect of the judgments aforesaid, but the same, together with the executions which may have issued thereon, shall continue to remain in force in the same manner they were previous to the passage of this act. [Approved, February 13, 1815.]

in this act to impair judg-

> CHAP. 725. An act in addition to the act to regulate the laying out and making a road from Cumberland, in the state of Maryland, to the state of Ohio.

> Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That,

in addition to the unexpended balance of the sum heretofore appropriated for laying out and making a road from Cumberland, 100.000 dolls in addition, &c. in the state of Maryland, to the state of Ohio, the sum of one appropriated hundred thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated for making the road between ated, to be paid out of any money in the treasury not of the ways. appropriated, and to be expended, under the direction of the pre- &c. sident of the United States, in making said road between Cumberland, in the state of Maryland, and Brownsville, in the state of Pennsylvania, commencing at Cumberland; which sum of one hundred thousand dollars shall be repaid out of the fund reserved be repaid out of for laying out and making roads to the state of Ohio, by virtue ed by the 7th of the seventh section of an act, passed on the thirtieth day of sect of the net mentioned, &c. April, one thousand eight hundred and two, entitled "An act to enable the people of the eastern division of the territory northwest of the river Ohio to form a constitution and state government, and for the admission of such state into the union on an equal footing with the original states, and for other purposes."* [*ch.300,vol.3.] [Approved, February 14, 1815.]

CHAP. 726. An act making appropriations for the support of government for the year one thousand eight hundred and fifteen.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, for the expenditure of the civil list in the present year, including sum appropriate of the contingent expenses of the several departments and offices; for jects mea the compensation of the several loan officers and their clerks, and for books and stationery for the same; for the payment of annuities and grants, for the support of the mint establishment; for the expense of intercourse with foreign nations; for the support of lighthouses, beacons, buoys, and public piers; and for satisfying certain miscellaneous claims, the following sums be, and the same are hereby, respectively, appropriated; that is to say:

For compensation granted by law to the members of the se- vor members of nate and house of representatives, their officers, and attendants, officers, &c. three hundred and eighteen thousand and four dollars.

For the expense of firewood, stationery, printing, and all other rot contingent contingent expenses of the two houses of congress, fifty-two thou-gress. sand eight hundred dollars.

For the expenses of the library of congress, including the li-ror the library brarian's allowance, for the year one thousand eight hundred and of congress, &c. fifteen, eight hundred dollars.

For compensation to the president of the United States, twenty- for the president five thousand dollars.

For compensation to the secretary of state, clerks, and persons for the secretary of state, employed in that department, including a clerk on old records, elerks, &c. and a clerk and messenger in the patent office, fifteen thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight dollars.

For additional compensation to the clerks in said department, Additional for not exceeding fifteen per centum on the sum allowed by the department of act, entitled "An act to regulate and fix the compensation of state, not ex-

For contingent expenses of the department of state.

clerks, and to authorize the laying out certain public roads, eceding is per and for other purposes,"* one thousand and seventy-two dolcent. &c...
[*Ante, eh. 41.] lars and fifty cents.

For the incidental and contingent expenses of the said department, including the expense of printing and distributing ten thousand four hundred copies of the laws of the third session of the thirteenth congress, and printing the laws in newspapers, twelve thousand eight hundred and seventy dollars.

For 1,000 copies of a new edi-tion of the laws, &cc. [† Ante, chap.

For the cost of one thousand copies of a new edition of the laws of the United States, as authorized by the act of the eighteenth of April, one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, including an additional volume, to be comprised in the said edition, eighteen thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.

For reprinting \$16 copies of the laws of 1st and 2d sess. 18th congress.

For the expense of reprinting five hundred and sixteen copies of the laws of the first and second sessions of the thirteenth congress, captured by the enemy, seven hundred and seventy-four dollars.

For compensation to the secretary of the treasury, clerks,

For the secre-

sury, elerks, &c. and persons employed in his office, including one thousand dollars for an additional clerk, authorized by the act of the eigh-[tAnte, ch. 680.] teenth of April, one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, fourteen thousand two hundred ninety-nine dollars and eightyone cents.

For translating foreign languages, &c.

For expense of translating foreign languages, allowance to the person employed in transmitting passports and sealetters, and for stationery and printing in the office of the secretary of the treasury, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For the comp-troller, clerks,

For compensation to the comptroller of the treasury, clerks, and persons employed in his office, including the sum of two thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine dollars for compensation to his clerks, in addition to the sum allowed by the act of the twenty-first of April, one thousand eight hundred and six, fifteen thousand eight hundred and sixty-six dollars.

[§ Ante, ch.41.] For contingent expenses in the comptroller's

For expense of stationery and printing, and contingent expenses, in the comptroller's office, eight hundred dollars.

For the auditor, clerks, &c.

For compensation to the auditor of the treasury, clerks, and persons employed in his office, including the sum of one thousand dollars, for compensation to his clerks, in addition to the sum allowed by the act of the twenty-first of April, one thousand [[Ante, th.(1.]] eight hundred and six, thirteen thousand two hundred and -twenty-one dollars.

For expense of stationery and printing, and continues in the ses, in the auditor's office, five hundred dollars. For expense of stationery and printing, and contingent expen-

For the treasu-rer, clerks, &c.

For compensation to the treasurer, clerks, and persons employed in his office, including the sum of one thousand dollars, for compensation to his clerks, in addition to the sum allowed by the act of the twenty-first of April, one thousand eight hun-[7 Ante, ch. 41.] dred and six, ¶ seven thousand two hundred twenty-seven dollars and forty-five cents.

For expense of stationery and printing, and contingent expenses, in the treasurer's office, six hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses in the treasurer suf-

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For compensation to the commissioner of the general land office, clerks, and persons employed in his office, including the For the com-sum of three thousand dollars, for compensation to his clerks, the general in addition to the sum allowed by the act of the twenty-fifth of land office, elerks, &c. April, one thousand eight hundred and twelve,* thirteen thousand four hundred and ten dollars.

For expense of stationery and printing, and contingent expense of the general land office, three thousand seven hundred dolgeneral land ofgeneral land of-

For compensation to the commissioner of the revenue, clerks, For the comand persons employed in his office, twelve thousand four hundred the revnue, elerks, &c. and ten dollars.

For expense of stationery and printing, and contingent expen- For contingent ses, of the revenue office, six thousand six hundred and fifty revenue office, dollars.

For compensation to the register of the treasury, clerks, and For the register, clerks, &c. persons employed in his office, including the sum of one thousand dollars, for compensation to his clerks, in addition to the sum allowed by the act of the twenty-first of April, one thousand eight hundred and six,† seventeen thousand and fifty-two dollars († Ante, ch. 41.) and two cents.

For additional compensation to the clerks in the treasury de-Additional for partment, not exceeding fifteen per centum on the sum allowed treasury de-by the act, entitled "An act to regulate and fix the compensation perment, not exceeding 15 exceeding 15 of clerks, and to authorize the laying out certain public roads, per cent. and for other purposes," six thousand six hundred and thirty-[tAnte, ch. 41.] four dollars and nine cents.

For compensation to the messenger of the register's office, for For stamping, &c. ship's restamping and arranging ship's registers, ninety dollars.

For expense of stationery and printing, and contingent ex- For contingent penses, of the register's office, three thousand eight hundred register's office. dollars.

For fuel, and other contingent expenses of the treasury de-For fuel, and other contin-partment, including rent of the houses occupied by the said de-gent gent expenses partment during a part of the year one thousand eight hundred department, and fourteen, and the whole of the year one thousand eight hun- &c. dred and fifteen, and compensation of a superintendent and two watchmen, employed for the security of the treasury buildings, six thousand nine hundred and twenty dollars.

For the purchase of a fire engine and fire buckets for the trea- For engine and fire buckets, &se. sury department, one thousand dollars.

For the purchase of books, maps, and charts, for the treasury for the treasury for the treasury ry department. department, four hundred dollars.

For compensation to the secretary of the commissioners of the For the secretary of the commissioners of the secretary of the commissioners of the secretary of the commissioners of sinking fund, two hundred and fifty dollars.

For the scoret

For compensation to the secretary of war, clerks, and persons fund. employed in his office, including the sum of three thousand nine thundred and sixty dollars, for compensation to his clerks, in addition to the sum allowed by the act of the twenty-first of April, one thousand eight hundred and six, and the sum of three hundred dollars for assistant messengers, twenty thousand five hundred and ten dollars.

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of war, &c. For the accountant of the war department, clerks, &c.

For expense of stationery, printing, fuel, and other contingen-For contingencies, in the office of the secretary of war, including office rent, cies in the office of the secretary three thousand dollars.

For compensation to the accountant of the war department, clerks, and persons employed in his office, including the sum of fourteen thousand two hundred and seventy-five dollars, for compensation of his clerks, in addition to the sum allowed by the act of the twenty-first of April, one thousand eight hundred [Ante,ch.41.] and six,* twenty-five thousand eight hundred and thirty-five dollars.

For contingent expenses in the accountant's office. Additional for

war departeeding 15 per cent.

For the pay-master, clerks.

١ For contingent expenses in the paymaster's office. For the superintendent gene-ial of military supplies, clerks,

For clerks in the adjutant and inspector gene-

For the commissary general of purchases,

For the secretary of the navy, clerks,

For contingent expenses in the office For the accountant of the navy, clerks,

For contingent expenses in the accountant's office.

Additional for clerks in the

For contingent expenses in the office of the accountant of the war department, one thousand dollars.

For additional compensation to the clerks in the war department, not exceeding fifteen per centum on the sum allowed by the act, entitled " An act to regulate and fix the compensation of clerks, and to authorize the laying out certain public roads, PHANCE, ch. 41.] and for other purposes," two thousand two hundred and twentysix dollars.

> For compensation to the paymaster of the army, clerks, and persons employed in his office, fifteen thousand seven hundred and ten dollars.

> For contingent expenses in the office of the paymaster of the army, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

> For compensation to the superintendent general of military supplies, clerks, and persons employed in his office, ten thousand four hundred and ten dollars.

> For contingent expenses in the office of the superintendent general of military supplies, one thousand dollars.

> For compensation to the clerks in the adjutant and inspector general's office, one thousand eight hundred dollars.

> For compensation to the commissary general of purchases, and the clerks in his office, ten thousand dollars.

> For contingent expenses in the office of the commissary general of purchases, one thousand dollars.

For compensation to the secretary of the navy, clerks, and persons employed in his office, including the sum of one thousand six hundred dollars, for compensation of his clerks, in addition to the sum allowed by the act of the twenty first of April, (Ante, ch.41.) one thousand eight hundred and six,‡ eleven thousand four hundred and ten dollars.

> For contingent expenses in the office of the secretary of the navy, including office rent, three thousand three hundred dollars.

For compensation to the accountant of the navy, clerks, and persons employed in his office, including the sum of three thousand dollars for compensation of his clerks, in addition to the sum allowed by the act of the twenty-first of April, one thou-[5Ante,ch.41.] sand eight hundred and six, thirteen thousand four hundred and ten dollars.

> For contingent expenses in the office of the accountant of the navy, including office rent, one thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

For additional compensation to the clerks in the navy department, not exceeding fifteen per centum on the sum allowed by

the act, entitled "An act to regulate and fix the compensation 1815. of clerks, and to authorize the laying out certain public roads, pavy departand for other purposes,"* one thousand nine hundred and thirty- ["Ante, ch. 41.] five dollars.

For compensation to the postmaster general, assistant post-For the postmasters general, clerks, and persons employed in the general master general post office, including the sum of five thousand seven hundred clerks, &c. and fifty-five dollars, for compensation of the clerks in the general post office, in addition to the sum allowed by the act of the twenty-first of April, one thousand eight hundred and six, twenty- [tame,ch.41.] two thousand and ten dollars.

For contingent expenses of the general post office, two thou-

sand eight hundred dollars.

For additional compensation to the clerks in the general post Additional for office, not exceeding fifteen per centum on the sum allowed by the general the act, entitled "An act to regulate and fix the compensation of post office, &c. clerks, and to authorize the laying out certain public roads, and for other purposes," one thousand four hundred and one [Ante, ch. 41.] dollars and seventy-five cents.

For compensation to the several commissioners of loans, and For the comfor allowance to certain commissioners of loans in lieu of clerk loans, &c.

hire, fourteen thousand five hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation to the clerks of sundry commissioners of For the clerks of loans, including a sum of three thousand dollars, in addition to missioners of the amount heretofore allowed by law, and to defray the author-leans, &c. ized expenses of the several loan offices, thirteen thousand seven hundred dollars.

For compensation to the surveyor general and his clerks, three For the surthousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation to the surveyor of lands south of Tennes-For the surveyor of lands see, and his clerks, and for the contingent expenses of his office, south of Tenthal three thousand two hundred dollars three thousand two hundred dollars.

For compensation to the officers and clerks of the mint, ten For officers and clerks of the mint, ten for officers and clerks of the mint. thousand one hundred dollars.

For wages to the persons employed in the different opera- For wages to tions of the mint, including the sum of six hundred dollars ed in the mint. allowed to an assistant engraver, seven thousand five hundred dollars.

For repairs of furnaces, cost of iron and machinery, rents, For contingent and other contingent expenses of the mint, three thousand eight expenses of the hundred dollars.

For allowances for wastage in the gold and silver coinage, For wastage. three thousand dollars.

For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of For the governor, indees, &c., of the Mississippi territory, nine thousand dollars. the Mississippi territory, nine thousand dollars.

For stationery, office rent, and other contingent expenses of For coatingent said territory, three hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary of ror the governor, judges, and secretary of ror the governor, judges, and secretary of ror the governor, judges, and secretary of the indiana the Indiana territory, six thousand six hundred dollars.

For stationery, office rent, and other contingent expenses of For contingent said territory, three hundred and fifty dollars.

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For demands not otherwise provided for, &c.

prases.

For the judges and attorney general, &c.

For district attorneys and,

For courts, ju-rors, witnesses, &c. in aid of the funds arising from fines,

For sundry pen-sions, &c.

For the annual allowance to invalid pen-Sioners

For sick and disabled seamen, &cc.

For the support, Sec. of prisoners of war.

For ascertain-ing land titles in Louislans.

Formlaries, &c. of ministers to

For contingent teign interFor compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of

for the Royer the Missouri territory, seven thousand eight hundred dollars. nor, judges, see.

For stationery, office rent, and other contingent expenses For stationery, office rent, and other contingent expenses of

territory. For contingent said territory, three hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of For the Michigan territory, six thousand six hundred dollars.

For stationery, office rent, and other contingent expenses.

For stationery, office rent, and other contingent expenses of

For contingent said territory, three hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation to the governor, judges, and secretary, of For the gover, the Illinois territory, six thousand six hundred dollars.

of the Illinois For stationery, office rent, and other contingent ex

For stationery, office rent, and other contingent expenses of

ferritory.
For contingent said territory, three hundred and fifty dollars.

For the discharge of such demands against the United States, on account of the civil department, not otherwise provided for, as shall have been admitted in due course of settlement at the treasury, two thousand dollars.

For compensation granted by law to the chief justice, the associate judges, and district judges, of the United States, including the chief justice and associate judges of the district of Columbia, and the attorney general; and also including the sum of one thousand dollars, short, appropriated in the year one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, for the salary of the district judge of Louisiana, sixty-four thousand dollars.

For the compensations of sundry district attorneys and marshals, as granted by law, including those in the several territories, seven thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars.

For defraying the expenses of the supreme, circuit, and district, courts of the United States, including the district of Columbia, and of jurors, and witnesses, in aid of the funds arising from fines, penalties, and forfeitures, and for defraying the expenses of prosecutions for offences against the United States, and for the safekeeping of prisoners, forty thousand dollars.

For the payment of sundry pensions, granted by the late government, eight hundred and sixty dollars.

For the payment of the annual allowance to the invalid pensioners of the United States, ninety-eight thousand dollars.

For the relief and support of sick and disabled seamen, in addition to the funds already appropriated by law, twenty thousand

For the support For the maintenance and support of lighthouses, beacons, blooms, buoys, buoys, and public piers, stakeages of channels, bars, and shoals, including repairs and improvements, and contingent expenses, twenty-four thousand two hundred and ninety-nine dollars and eleven cents.

For the support and safekeeping of prisoners of war, five hundred thousand dollars.

For defraying the expenses of ascertaining land titles in Louisiana, eight thousand dollars.

For the salaries, allowances, and contingent expenses, of foreign nations, ministers to foreign nations, and of secretaries of legation, one hundred and nine thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

> For the contingent expenses of intercourse between the United States and foreign nations, fifty thousand dollars.

> > Digitized by Google

For the expenses of intercourse with the Barbary powers, ten thousand dollars.

For the relief and protection of distressed American seamen powers.

in foreign countries, fifty thousand dollars.

For expenses of agents at Paris and Copenhagen, in relation for expenses of to prize causes and captures of American vessels, four thousand and Copenhagen dollars.

For the discharge of such miscellaneous claims against the For miscellane. United States, not otherwise provided for, as shall have been our claims, &c. admitted in due course of settlement at the treasury, four thou-

For paying to Augustus McKinney and Layzel Bancroft For paying Me the amount of a judgment remitted by act of congress, one Bancroft.

For compensation to the board of commissioners appointed for compensation to the loand to carry into effect the act of the thirty-first of March, one thou- of commission sand eight hundred and fourteen, for indemnifying certain fying claimants claimants of public land in the Mississippi territory, six thou-mississippi, or sand dollars.

For stationery, office rent, and other contingent expenses, of For contingent expenses of the the last mentioned board of commissioners, a sum not exceeding board. twelve hundred dollars.

For the discharge of the claim of Farrington Barkelow, grant- For the claim of ed him by act of congress for his relief, one thousand one Barkelow. hundred and sixty-eight dollars and twenty-five cents.

For the compensation of the commissioners of the navy For the comboard, ten thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation to the secretary of the navy board, two yor the secretary post the navy board. thousand dollars.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the several appropriations to be paid ations hereinbefore made, shall be paid and discharged out of out of the fund the fund of six hundred thousand dollars, reserved by the act reserved, &c. making provision for the debt of the United States,* and out of ["See chap. 65 any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, February 16, 1815.]

CHAP. 727. An act for the relief of the inhabitants of the late county of New Madrid, in the Missouri territory, who suffered by earthquakes.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That Persons owning lands in the county of New Malands in the drid, in the Missouri territory, with the extent the said county had on the tenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and twelve, and whose lands have been materially injured by earth-authorized to locate the quantity of land on any of the public lands of the said territory, the sale of which is authorized by law: Provided, That roy, &c. provise, as to no person shall be permitted to locate a greater quantity of land lowed up he located with the quantity of land of less quantity shape. owners of lots of ground or tracts of land of less quantity than

jured to revert to the United

When it appears to the recorder, by the oath, &c. that any perto issue a certi-ficate, &c.

A survey to be made, and plat returned, &c.

Pict, &c. to be recorded.

Compensation to the recorder and surveyor.

The recorder to transmit a retransmit a re-port of the claims allowed, &c. to the com-missioners of the general land office, &c.

The recorder to issue a certificate, &c.

Patent, &c.

one hundred and sixty acres, who are hereby authorized to locate and obtain any quantity of land, not exceeding one hundred and sixty acres, nor shall any person be entitled to tead mines and locate more than six hundred and forty acres, nor shall any such set springs ex. location include any lead mine or salt spring: And provided also, cepted. location include any lead mine or sait spring: Ana provided diso, Province the title. That in every case where such location shall be made according to the land into the provisions of this act, the title of the person or persons to the land injured as aforesaid, shall revert to, and become absolutely vested in, the United States.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That whenever it shall sons are entitled by the oath or affirmation of a competent witness, or witnesses, this act, he is that any person or persons are entitled. that any person or persons are entitled to a tract or tracts of land under the provisions of this act, it shall be the duty of the said recorder to issue a certificate thereof to the claimant or claimants; and upon such certificate being issued, and the location made, on the application of the claimants, by the principal deputy surveyor for said territory, or under his direction, whose duty it shall be to cause a survey thereof to be made, and to return a plat of each location made to the said recorder, together with a notice in writing, designating the tract or tracts thus located, and the name of the claimant on whose behalf the same shall be made; which notice and plat the said recorder shall cause to be recorded in his office, and shall receive from the claimant, for his services on each claim, the sum of two dollars, for receiving the proof, issuing the certificate, and recording the notice and plat, as aforesaid; and the surveyor shall be entitled to the same compensation for his services from the party applying, as is allowed for surveying the public lands of the United States.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the recorder of land titles to transmit a report of the claims allowed, and locations made, under this act, to the commissioner of the general land office, and shall deliver to the party a certificate, stating the circumstances of the case, and that he is entitled to a patent for the tract therein designated, which certificate shall be filed with the said recorder within twelve months after date, and the recorder shall thereupon issue a certificate in favor of the party, which certificate, being transmitted to the commissioner of the general land office, shall entitle the party to a patent, to be issued in like manner as is provided by law for other public lands of the United States.

[Approved, February 17, 1815.]

[* Private.]

CHAP. 728. An act for the relief of Joseph Perkins.*

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The proper accounting officers of the navy department be, and of the navy de-retiment to an they are hereby, authorized to audit and settle the claim of Joseph Perkins, on account of the destruction of the ship Liverpool Trader, by ascertaining, or causing to be ascertained, the dit and settle the value thereof, at the time of such destruction, in such manner, Perkins of and and anon cuch terms of the claim of the destruction.

and upon such terms, as may embrace the merits of the claim. count of the destruction of the SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the amount of such the Liverpool Valuation, when ascertained as aforesaid, shall be paid to the the second of the second said Joseph Perkins, out of any money in the treasury, not out of money the treasury, otherwise appropriated. [Approved, February 17, 1815.]

CHAP. 729. An act for the relief of Saltus, son, and company, merchants, [* Private,] of the city of New York.*

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the accounting officers of the treasury be, and they are hereby, autrement treasury require the accounting omcers of the treasury be, and they are hereby, au-officer of the thorized and required to examine and settle the claim of Saltus, ed to settle the son, and company, merchants, of the city of New York; and to son, and co. of allow the same deduction from the duties payable on a quantity of New York, and solw a deduction from the United States, on account of damage sustained during the voyage, as the petitioners would have been entitled to claim if the survey and measurement of the glass de-fixe. stroyed during the voyage had been made with the approbation and consent of the collector of the customs at Newport, where the same was landed. [Approved, February 22, 1815.]

CHAP. 730. An act giving further time to complete the surveys, and obtain the patents, for lands located under Virginia resolution warrants.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That officers and soldiers of the Virginia line on continental establishment, or their legal representatives, to whom land warrants have issued by virtue of any resolution of the legislature of whom land warrants virginia, as a bounty for services, which, by the laws of Virginia have issued by virtue of any resolution of the legislature of virginia passed prior to the cession of the northwestern territory to the United States, entitled such officers or soldiers to bounty lands, and whose location of such warrants shall have been made prior before to the twenty-third day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eleven, shall be allowed the further time of two years from the passing of this act to complete their surveys and obtain their surveys, &c. natents for the land located as aforesaid: Provided, That sur-SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representapatents for the land located as aforesaid: Provided, That sur-provided, &c. veys shall be made, and patents granted, on the aforesaid locations, under the same regulations, restrictions, and provisions, in every respect, as were prescribed for the making of surveys and granting of patents by the act, entitled " An act authorizing patents to issue for lands located and surveyed by virtue of certain Virginia resolution warrants,"† passed on the third day [†Ante, th. 85.] of March, one thousand eight hundred and seven.

[Approved, February 22, 1815.]

18l5. [Private.]

CHAP. 731. An act for the relief of Isaac Smith and Bratton Caldwell.

The comotroller authorized to settle the sethew Wilson, deceased, late

collector of di-

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the comptroller of the treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized to adjust and settle, on equitable terms, the accounts of Matthew Wilson, deceased, late collector of the direct taxes and internal revenue for the seventh district, in the state of Pennsylvania, and to allow any credit which the said Matthew Wilson might have rect taxes, &c. and to allow any credit he might have claimed. claimed against the United States, as an offset to a judgment obtained, at the suit of the United States, against Isaac Smith and as an offset, &cc. Bratton Caldwell, as securities of the said Matthew Wilson.

[Approved, February 22, 1815.]

[† Private.]

CHAP. 732. An act for the relief of Henry Nimmo. †

750 dolls. to be refunded to Henry Nimmo, du-ties paid by h³m on 100 bags of entton, &c.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That there be refunded and paid to Henry Nimmo, of Warren, in the state of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations, out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, the sum of seven hundred and fifty dollars; it being so much money paid by the said Nimmo for duties upon the importation of one hundred bags of cotton, the growth and produce of the United States. [Approved, February 23, 1815.]

CHAP. 733. An act requiring the secretary of the senate and clerk of the house of representatives in the congress of the United States, to give security for the faithful application and disbursement of the contingent funds of the senate and house of representatives.

The secretary of the senate

bond, &c.

Everyfuture secretary and clerk to give bond, &c.

The secretary and clerk to de-positepublic mo-ney in a bank of the districty pay by druft,

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That it shall be the duty of the secretary of the senate, and clerk of and clerk of the the house of representatives, respectively, within ten days after the passage of this act, to give bond to the United States, with one or more sureties, to be approved by the comptroller of the treasury; each bond in the penal sum of twenty thousand dolcondition of the lars, with condition for the faithful application and disbursement of such contingent funds of the respective houses as shall come into their hands, which bonds shall be deposited in the comptroller's office: And it shall be the duty of each and every secretary of the senate, and clerk of the house of representatives, who may hereafter be chosen, to give bond as aforesaid, within thirty days after he enters upon the discharge of the duties of his said office.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passage of this act, it shall be the duty of the secretary of the senate, and the clerk of the house of representatives, to deposite all money belonging to the United States, which may come into their hands, in one of the banks in the district of Columbia; and all debts payable by said secretary or clerk, on account of the senate or house of representatives, shall be paid by a draft, in favor of each creditor, on the bank where the money of 1815. government may be deposited.

[Approved, February 23, 1815.]

CHAP. 734. An act for granting and securing to Anthony Shane the right of the United States to a tract of land in the state of Ohio."

[* Private,]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, in consideration of valuable and faithful services, rendered to the United States during the present war, by Anthony Shane, a The right of the balf breed Indian, there be granted to him all the right of the a tract of 330 united States to a tract of land, to contain three hundred and ing on the St. twenty acres, lying on the river St. Mary's, at a place called granted to An-Shane's Crossing, within the limits of the state of Ohio, but in for valuable and a part thereof to which the Indian title has not yet been extin-faithful services, &c. guished; the said tract to be located in a convenient form, and guished; the said tract to be located in a convenient form, and so as to comprehend the said Anthony Shane's improvements.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That, as soon as the Indian title to the territory, comprehending the said tract, shall be As soon as the Indian title is extinguished, the said three hundred and twenty acres shall be extinguished, surveyed under the authority of the United States, and a patent be surveyed, and therefor shall be granted to the said Anthony Shane, or, if not ed, &c. then living, to his children and legal representatives, to hold the same to them and their heirs.

[Approved, February 24, 1815.]

CHAP. 735. An act for the relief of Uriah Coolidge and James Burnham.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the secretary of the navy be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to pay to Uriah Coolidge and James Burnham, of the The secretary of town of Portland, in the district of Maine, out of the fund quired to pay, appropriated to the support and maintenance of wounded sea-appropriated, men on board private armed vessels,"* such a sum as will com-lige and J. Burn. pensate them for taking care of, and procuring medical aid for, ham, such a sum as will Peter Charry, Thomas Robinson, John Hart, Thomas Bailey, compensate them for taking Peter Ridley, and Joseph Sawyer, six seamen belonging to care of the seature of the seatu the crew of the private armed schooner Siro, who were wounded ke. by an explosion of the arm chest, during a cruise in the summer of the year eighteen hundred and thirteen, five of whom, when brought to land, to wit, Peter Charry, Thomas Robinson, John Hart, Thomas Bailey, and Peter Ridley, were placed under the care of the said Uriah Coolidge, and one, to wit, Joseph Sawyer, under the care of the said James Burnham, there being no marine hospital in said town; also, that the secretary be authorized to allow for the funeral charges of such of said seamen as to be allowed, died of their wounds aforesaid: Provided, however, That the above-provided they do not exceed mentioned allowance shall not exceed the accustomed rates of the securioned rates. &c. pital charges in similar cases. [Approved, February 24, 1815.]

1815.

CHAP. 736. An act for the regulation of the courts of justice of Indiana.

The judges of the general court of Indiana to hold two semions every year, at the places men-tioned, &c.

Not less than two judges to compose a court.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the judges of the general court of the Indiana territory shall, in each and every year, hold two sessions of the said court, at Vincennes, in the county of Knox, on the first Mondays of February and September; at Corydon, in the county of Harrison, on the third Mondays in February and September; and at Brookville, in the county of Franklin, on the first Mondays next succeeding the fourth Mondays of February and September; which courts, respectively, shall be composed of at least two of the judges appointed by the government of the United States; No person acting under the authority and appropriate pointment of the said territory, shall be associated with the said territory to be associated, &c. judges. [Approved, February 24, 1815.] and no person or persons, acting under the authority and ap-

[Private.]

CHAP. 737. An act for the relief of Daniel Perine.*

Cincinnati to ermit Daniel Perine to become the purcome the pur-chaser, at private sale, of the south east quar-ter of sec. No. 25, &c. if, &c.

D. Perine to be entitled to a grant, &c.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That and receiver for the register and receiver of public moneys for the district of Cincinnati, shall permit Daniel Perine, of Indiana territory, to enter and become the purchaser, at private sale, of the south east quarter of section numbered twenty-five, of township numbered six, in range numbered one, west, in the Cincinnati district; if, on due inquiry, the said register and receiver shall be satisfied that the said quarter section does not contain any salt spring, or springs valuable for the purpose of making salt. And the said Daniel Perine shall be entitled to a grant for the aforesaid quarter section, on completing the payments therefor, on the terms and conditions provided for the sale of public lands sold at private sale. [Approved, February 24, 1815.]

> CHAP. 738. An act to authorize the issuing of treasury notes for the service of the year one thousand eight hundred and fifteen.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the secretary of the treasury, with the approbation of the president of the United States, be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause treasury notes, for a sum not exceeding twenty-five milsury notes to be lions of dollars, to be prepared, signed, and issued, at the treasury of the United States, in the manner hereinafter provided.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the said treasury The notes to be signed by persons to be appointed for that purpose by the president pointed, &c. of the United States, of the United States, two of whom shall sign each note; and they shall receive, as a compensation for that service, at the The notes to be rate of seventy five cents for every hundred notes thus signed by them, respectively; and the said notes shall likewise be coun-

The secretary of the treasury to cause not ex-ceciling 25.000,000 of dolls, of treaissued, &c.

Compensation

tersigned by the register of the treasury, or, in case of his sick- 1815. ness or absence, by the treasurer of the United States.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the said treasury The denomination of the notes motes shall be prepared of such denominations as the secretary to be such as of the treasury, with the approbation of the president of the treasury of the very and assignment, endorsed on the same, and bearing an interest from the day on which they shall be issued, at the rate of five and two-fifths per centum per annum; or they may be made payable to bearer, and transferable by delivery alone, and bearing no interest, as the secretary of the treasury, with the approbation of the president of the United States, shall direct. SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That it snall be lawful for the holders of the aforesaid treasury notes not bearing an inbe exchanged terest, and of the treasury notes bearing an interest at the rate of funded stock of five and two-fifths per centum per annum, to present them at interest, at? any time, in sums not less than one hundred dollars, to the trea-per cent if sury of the United States, or to any commissioner of loans; and rest, at the holders of the said treasury notes not bearing an interest, eart. Sec shall be entitled to receive therefor the amount of the said notes in a certificate or certificates of funded stock, bearing interest at seven per centum per annum, and the holders of the aforesaid treasury notes bearing an interest at the rate of five and two-fifths per centum, shall be entitled to receive therefor the amount of the said notes, including the interest due on the same, in a like certificate or certificates of funded stock, bearing an interest of six per centum per annum, from the first day of the calendar month next ensuing that in which the said notes shall thus be, respectively, presented, and payable quarter yearly, on the same days whereon the interest of the funded debt is now payable. And the stock thus to be issued shall be transferable in the same The stock to be manner as the other funded stock of the United States; the interest transferable, Sec. on the same, and its eventual reimbursement, shall be effected out of such fund as has been, or shall be, established by law for the payment and reimbursement of the funded public debt con-

tracted since the declaration of war against Great Britain. And The faith of the the faith of the United States is hereby pledged to establish sufpledged to establish and apficient revenues, and to appropriate them, as an addition to the
repopular sufficient additional
said fund, if the same shall, at any time hereafter, become inaderesenues for the
quate for effecting the purpose aforesaid: Provided, however,
of the work, &c.
and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the United States States to reimburse the stock thus created, at any time after the after the stat of last day of December, one thousand eight hundred and twenty- Dec. 1824.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the secretary of the treasury to cause the treasury notes of the treasury which, in pursuance of the preceding section, shall be delivered may cause the

1815.

notes exchanged for st ck to be re-issued,

up and exchanged for funded stock, and also the treasury notes which shall have been paid to the United States for taxes, duties, or demands, in the manner hereinafter provided, to be reissued, and applied anew, to the same purposes, and in the same manner, as when originally issued.

The notes to be rec ived in all payments to the for the mount

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That the treasury notes authorized to be issued by this act, shall be every where received in all payments to the United States. On every such payment of principal and the note or notes shall be received for the amount of both the principal and the interest, which, on the day of such payment, may appear due on such of the notes as shall bear interest, thus given in payment; and the interest on the said notes bearing an interest, shall, on such payments, be computed at the rate of one cent and one-half of a cent per day, on every hundred dollars of principal; and each month shall be computed as containing thirty days.

The interest to be computed at the rate of 1 1-2 ct. per day on every 100 dolls.

Collectors, &c., receiving the notes in pay-ment, to be al-lowed credit for principal and interest, &c.

Proviso; interest accrued to be charged to collectors, &s.

in respect to any bank, &c.

Provisor no charge or de-duction on ac-count of inter-st receiving the notes as specie, and giving cre-

The secretary of the treasury to cause the notes to be issued in

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That any person making Persons making payment to the United States in the said treasury notes, into the payment of payment to the Onleted States in the said treasury notes, into the said treasury notes, and the said treasury notes, and the said treasury notes, in the said t confisiontes, &c. officer or agent, shall, on books, kept according to such forms as shall be prescribed by the secretary of the treasury, give duplicate certificates of the number and respective amount of each and every treasury note, and of the interest thereon, in case the same shall bear interest, thus paid by such person; and every collector, receiver of public moneys, or other public officer or agent, who shall thus receive in payment any of the said treasury notes bearing interest, shall, on payment of the same into the treasury, or into one of the banks where the public moneys are or may be deposited, receive credit both for the principal and for the interest, computed as aforesaid, which, on the day of such last mentioned payment, shall appear due on the note or notes thus paid in: Provided always, That in the settlement of his accounts he shall be charged for the interest accrued on such note or notes, from the day on which the same shall have been received by him in payment as aforesaid to the day on which the same shall be paid by him as aforesaid: And provided also, That no charge or deduction, on account of interest, shall be made in respect to any bank into which payments as aforesaid may be made to the United States, either by individuals, or by collectors, receivers, or other public officers or agents, and which payments shall be received by such bank as specie, and credit given to the treasurer of the United States for the amount thereof, including the interest accrued and due on such notes, from the day on which the same shall have been received by such bank, on account of the United States.

Sect. 8. And be it further enacted, That the secretary of the treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized, with the approbation of the president of the United States, to cause the said treasury payment of ser-vices, dibts, &c. notes to be issued at the par value thereof, in payment of services, of supplies, or of debts, for which the United States are or may be answerable by law, to such person and persons as shall be willing to accept the same in payment; and to deposite porthous of the said notes in the loan offices, or in state banks, for the purpose of paying the same to the public creditors as aforesaid; and to borrow money on the credit of the said notes; or to The secretary sell the same, at a rate not under par; and it shall be a good exe-of the treasury may borrow cution of this provision, to pay such notes to such bank or banks may borrow as will receive the same at par, and give credit to the treasurer notes, or sell of the United States for the amount thereof, on the day on which the said notes shall thus be issued and paid to such bank or banks, respectively.

SECT. 9. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be The holders of lawful for the holder of any treasury notes issued, or authorized treasury notes issued under to be issued, under any laws heretofore passed, to convert the former laws, same into certificates of funded debt, upon the same terms, and the into certificates of funded debt, upon the same terms, and the into certificates of funded debt, upon the same terms, and the into certificates of funded in the same manner, hereinbefore provided, in relation to the trea- debt, &c. sury notes authorized by this act, bearing an interest of five and two-fifths per centum.

SECT. 10. And be it further enacted, That a sum of forty thou- 40,000 dolls. ap sand dollars, to be paid out of any money in the treasury, not propriated to de otherwise appropriated, be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, pense of issuing the treasury for defraying the expense of preparing, printing, engraving, sign- notes, &c. ing, and otherwise incident to the issuing, of the treasury notes

authorized by this act.

SECT. 11. And be it further enacted, That if any person shall falsely make, forge, or counterfeit, or cause or procure hard labor, and to be falsely made, forged, or counterfeited, or willingly aid or ing. counterfeit assist in falsely making, forging, or counterfeiting, any note, in forged or counterfeiting or purporting to be, a treasury note as aforesaid; to refer to the falsely altered, or cause or procure to be falsely altered, sec. or willingly aid or assist in falsely altering, any treasury note, issued as aforesaid; or shall pass, utter, or publish, or attempt to pass, utter, or publish, as true, any false, forged, or counterfeited, note, purporting to be a treasury note as aforesaid, knowing the same to be falsely made, forged, or counterfeited; or shall pass, utter, or publish, or attempt to pass, utter, or publish, as true, any falsely altered treasury note, issued as aforesaid, knowing the same to be falsely altered; or shall be, directly or indirectly, knowingly concerned in any of the offences aforesaid, every such person shall be deemed and adjudged guilty of felony; and, being thereof convicted by due course of law, shall be sentenced to be imprisoned and kept to hard labor, for a period not less than three years, nor more than ten years, and

[Approved, February 24, 1815.]

be fined in a sum not exceeding five thousand dollars.

[Private.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That Edward Hallowell, of the city of Philadelphia, who imported low ll who in into the district of Wilmington certain goods, wares, and mer-ported errain goods from Lie chandise, from the port of Liverpool, which goods were put on verpool, into the

CHAP. 739. An act for the relief of Edward Hallowell.*

board the ship Tiber, William Porter, master, on the fifth day district of Wilmington, allow entitled to, and may avail himself of, all the benefits, privileges, self of all the benefits of the and provisions, of the act, entitled "An act directing the secreact directing the tary of the treasury to remit fines, forfeitures, and penalties, in ressury to re-ressury to re-mit fines, &c. certain cases,"* passed on the second day of January, one thou-l'Ante, ch. 472] sand eight hundred and thirteen, in like manner, and on the same conditions, as though the said vessel had departed from the kingdom of Great Britain between the twenty-third day of June, and the fifteenth day of September, mentioned in such act. [Approved, February 27, 1815.]

[† Private.]

CHAP. 740. An act for the relief of Jacob Shinnick and Schoultz and Vogeler, of Christian Chapman, and the legal representatives of John Calef, deceased. †

of the war de-

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The proper as the proper accounting officers of the war department be, and they are hereby, authorized and directed to audit and settle the of the war department direct of oudit and settle the partment direct of to sudit and settle the of to sudit and several claims and accounts of Jacob Shinnick and Shoultz and settle the telaims Vogeler, of Christian Chapman, and the legal representative of nick and Shoults John Calef, deceased, on account of the destruction, by the ex. on account United States, of their rope walks, and other property, therein of the destruction of their deposited, in the vicinity of Baltimore, in such manner and upon deposited, in the vicinity of Baltimore, in such manner and upon such terms as may embrace the justice of their claim.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted. That the amount thereof. The amount to when audited by the competent authority, shall be paid to the be paid to the proper owners, proper owners thereof, out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, upon such claimant releasing to the United States all claim on account of the property aforesaid.

[Approved, February 27, 1815.]

[| Private.]

CHAP. 741. An act for the relief of Joshua Sands. ‡

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That counting officers the proper accounting officers of the treasury be, and hereby to solut with are, authorized and directed to liquidate are, authorized and directed to liquidate and adjust with Joshua Joshus Sands, Intercollector of Sands, late collector of the port of New York, the account of damages, interest, and charges, in the cases of the brig Harriet, mages, &c. in otherwise called the John, and cargo, and the Jennet, and cargo, the cas s of the Harrier and the seized by him, whilst he was collector of the port of New Jennet, &c. Vork for a violetical of the seized by him, otherwise called the John, and cargo, and the Jennet, and cargo, York, for a violation of the act to suspend commercial intercourse between the United States and France, for which seizures suits were brought, and damages and costs recovered,

against the said collector; and to satisfy and discharge the same, A sufficient sum a sum sufficient is hereby appropriated, to be paid out of any appropriated, and the treesury not of the paid out of any area. moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated. [Approved, February 27, 1815.]

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CHAP. 742. This is an act relating entirely to the district of Columbia. See act of 18th April, 1814; ante, sec. 1, chap. 657.

1815.

CHAP. 743. An act to provide additional revenues for defraying the expenses of g vernment, and maintaining the public credit, by laying a duty on gold, silver, and plated ware, and jewelry and pastework, manufactured within the United States.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That opercent adva-from and after the eighteenth day of April next, there shall be lorem laid on paid upon all gold, silver, and plated ware, and jewelry and plated ware, paste work, except time pieces, which shall thereafter be manu- except, &c. factured or made for sale within the United States, or the terri- after the 18th tories thereof, a duty of six per centum ad valorem, by the ma- April, 1815. nufacturer thereof.

SECT 2. And be it further enacted, That the duty aforesaid The duty to b shall be imposed, paid, collected, and accounted for, in like maniposed, paid, ner, and subject to the like provisions and penalties, as the duties by the act laying maniposed by the "Act to provide additional revenues for defraying duties on various goods, ing the expenses of government, and maintaining the public creditted in the dit, by laying duties on various goods, wares, and merchandise, like States, &c. manufactured within the United States,"* passed the eighteenth [Ante, ch. 704.] day of January, one thousand eight hundred and fifteen, all the provisions of which act shall apply to the duty hereby imposed, and to those by whom it shall be payable, the same as if it were specifically inserted among the dutiable objects enumerated in the first section thereof. [Approved, February 27, 1815.]

CHAP. 744. An act to repeal certain acts concerning the flotilla service, and for other purposes.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That An act concern from and after the first day of April next, the act, entitled "An ing barget, and an act authorize act authorizing the president of the United States to cause to be ing the appointment of officers built, barges for the defence of the ports and harbors of the Uni- for the flotilla ted States," passed the fifth day of July, in the year one thou- ed ed sand eight hundred and thirteen; and also an act, entitled "An [fAnte, ch. 534] act authorizing the appointment of certain officers for the flotilla service," passed the sixteenth day of April, in the year one thou- [tAnte, ch. 647.] sand eight hundred and fourteen, shall be repealed and cease to be in force.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the barges and other Barges and other vessels of vessels composing the flotilla establishment, (they being first di-the flotilla to be vested of their guns and military stores, which are to be carefully preserved,) shall be sold or laid up under the direction of the president of the United States, and the moneys arising therefrom paid into the treasury thereof.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That all the commissioned officers and and warrant officers, and all the privates, who shall be discharged charged to re-

1815. pay, over and above, &cc.

The president authorized to vessels on the lakes to be sold or laid up, except, &cc.

in consequence of the repeal of the acts aforesaid, shall be enticelve 4 months' tled to receive four months' pay, over and above what may be due to them, respectively, at the time of their discharge.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the president of the cause the armed United States be, and he hereby is, authorized to cause all the armed vessels thereof on the lakes, except such as he may deem necessary to enforce the proper execution of the revenue laws, to be sold or laid up, as he may judge most conducive to the public interest; such vessels being first divested of their armament, tackle, and furniture, which are to be carefully preserved.

An act authorizing the pur-chase or build-ing of vessels,

Vessels acquired under the et may be sold,

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That the act, entitled " An act authorizing the president of the United States to cause to be built, or purchased, the vessels therein mentioned,"* passed the repealed, &c. [*Ante,ch. 685.] fifteenth day of November, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, be, and the same is hereby, repealed; and the president of the United States is hereby authorized to cause to be sold such of the vessels acquired under the said act as he may deem inexpedient to be retained in the public service; and to cause the money arising therefrom to be paid into the public treasury.

The president authorized to cause gunboats to be sold, &cc.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause to be sold, they being first divested of their guns and military stores, which are to be carefully preserved, such and so many of the gunboats belonging to the United States, as in his judgment may no longer be necessary to be retained for the public service; and such of the warrant officers and privates as may be discharged in and privates such of the warrant omcers and privates as may be discharged in discharged, see consequence of such sale, shall be entitled to receive four months' entitled to 4 pay, over and above what may be due to them at the time of their discharge. [Approved, February 27, 1815.]

Warrant officers months' pay, over and above,

[†See orig. act, ante, chap. 649.]

CHAP. 745. An act to amend and extend the provisions of the act of the sixteenth of April, one thousand eight hundred and four een, entitled "An act confirming certain claims to land in the Illinois territory, and providing for their location."†

Tract set apart by the act confirming certain claims to land in the Illinois an the Illinois, e middle of

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The western boundary of the tract of country set apart by the act of the sixteenth of April, one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, entitled " An act confirming certain claims to land in the Illinois territory, and providing for their location," the extended upon the river Mississippi, to the middle thereof, so as to include all islands in said river, between the middle and eastern [tAnte, eh. 649.] margin, throughout the length of said line; and that all or any of the said islands shall be subject to be appropriated under the said recited act.

The proviso contained in the 4th sec. of the act referred to, r pealed, so far, &c.
Persons settled

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the proviso contained in the fourth section of the before recited act be repealed, so far as it regards persons settled on fractions of sections or quarter sections containing less than one hundred and sixty acres; and that such persons, under the like circumstances, shall be considered as entitled to all the rights, benefits, and advantages, specified in the said fourth section, as those settled on sections or quarentialed to all ter sections, and also to any right, privilege, or advantage, settled to all the sections, and also to any right, privilege, or advantage, settled to all the sections. That such persons shall Province the sections are the sections. not be permitted, in such cases, to take less than the whole quanetity of such fractional quarter section on which they are respectional than the whole of the fractional vely settled.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That every person or persons, who settled on and improve any of the lands in the said Persons who settled on and territory, reserved for the use of schools or seminaries of learn-improve any of the lands in the ing, before the fifth day of February, one thousand eight hundred Illinois territory. and thirteen, and who would have had the right of pre-emption schools, &c. bethereto had not the same been reserved as aforesaid, shall be enfore the sth
titled to the pre-emption of the like quantity of the like specific of the like specific of the pre-emption of the like specific of the like spec titled to the pre-emption of the like quantity of other land, upon who, &c. entitied to the pre-the same terms, and under the same restrictions, provided by the entitied to the pre-fourth section of the said recited act, to be located on any lands other land, upon the same terms, within the boundary specified in this and the said recited act. within the boundary specified in this and the said recited act, &c. not otherwise appropriated; and such persons shall also be entitled to the benefit of, and subject to, the restrictions contained in this act.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That all and every person persons entitled or persons entitled to the pre-emption of lands, under the fourth to the pre-emption of lands, under the fourth to the pre-emption of lands, under the section of the before recited act.* who failed to locate their claims see, of the set within the time limited in said act, and which lands have been referred to, who tailed to locate appropriated by others, shall be entitled to the pre-emption of their claims, Sec. the like quantity as they could have appropriated under the pre-emption of said act, or under the provisions of this act, to be located on the like quantity, &c. any land within the boundary specified in this and the said re-[*Ante,ch.649.] cited act, not previously appropriated.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That all and every per-Persons entitled son or persons, entitled to the pre-emption of lands under the pro-under this set, visions of this act, shall conform to, and be governed by, the rules the provisions prescribed in the said recited act,† in locating, proving, and com-rective pleting, their titles respectively, except in cases where the same to the conformation of the act referenced by this act.

[TAnte, ch. 649.]

is changed by this act.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty The register for of the register of the land office for the district of Kaskaskia to Kaskaskia to Kaskaskia to give notice, by an advertisement inserted, for one month, in at give notice, &c. least one newspaper published in the said territory, to all persons entitled to a pre-emption in the purchase of any tract of land, by virtue of this or the before recited act, that they may make such purchase, on application to him at his office, on or before the first day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixteen; and every person failing or refusing to enter, with the said regisor refusing to
ter, the land to which the right of pre-emption is so secured, noenter the land
tice being given as before mentioned, within the time aforesaid,
ter, lose their shall lose his, her, or their, right of pre-emption.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That the locations of any The locations confirmed claim, made by virtue of any authority given by the of any confirm commissioners appointed to examine the claims of persons to et claim, made, land in the Illinois territory, shall be, and the same are hereby, confirmed: Provided, That the provisions of this section shall not provisions of

this section not this section not to extend to lo-extions made without authori-ty from the commissioners, nor, &cc. The register and receiver at Kaskaskia allow dih same commission on claims as on moneys for lands sold, &cc. [Private.] Ann Gilham may locate any unappropriated quarter section within the Illi-

nois territory,

be so construed as to extend to any locations made by any person or persons without any authority from the commissioners aforesaid; nor shall it affect the claims of any other person or persons.

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That the register and receiver of public moneys of the land office at Kaskaskia shall be allowed the same commission, respectively, on the confirmed claims, which have been or shall be received in payment for land entered at the said office, as they are now entitled to on moneys received in payment for lands sold, calculating the value of the confirmed claims at the rate of two dollars per acre-

SECT. 9.* And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for Ann Gilham to locate any unappropriated quarter section within the Illinois territory; and whenever the said Ann Gilham shall enter, with the register of the land office at Kaskaskia, any unappropriated quarter section, it shall be the duty of the register to issue, to the said Ann Gilham, a certificate specifying therein the quarter section so located; and it shall be the duty of the commissioner of the general land office to issue a patent for the land so located, whenever the certificate aforesaid shall be presented to him for that purpose.

[Approved, February 27, 1815.]

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CHAP. 746. An act to repeal certain acts therein mentioned.

The act author-

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representadent to accept, tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That volunteers, and the act, entitled "An act to authorize the president of the United States to accept the services of state troops, and of volunof sea fencibles, teers,"† and the act, entitled "An act to authorize the raising a [tAnte,ch.707.] corps of sea fencibles,"‡ be, and the same are hereby, repealed. [Approved, February 27, 1815.]

CHAP. 747. An act in addition to the act regulating the post office estab-

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the postmaster general be, and is hereby, authorized to allow to the postmasters, respectively, such commission on the moneys arising from the postage of letters, newspapers, and packets, as shall be adequate to their respective services and expenses: Provided, That the said commission shall not exceed the following several rates on the amount collected in one quarter; that is to say:

On a sum not exceeding one hundred and fifty dollars, twenty per cent.

On a sum not exceeding four hundred and fifty dollars, seventeen per cent.

On a sum not exceeding three thousand dollars, thirteen per cent,

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The postmaster general to allow the postmasters an adequate commission on the moneys arising from post-Proviso; the commission not to exceed the

rates specified.

On any sum over three thousand six hundred dollars, five per 1815. cent.

He may also allow the postmasters at distributing post offices, A commission a commission of four per cent. on any sum of postages distri-distributing of buted, not exceeding four thousand dollars, and a commission of fleet, &c. three per cent. on any sum of postages distributed over four thousand dollars.

He may also allow to such postmasters as receive and despatch Allowanee to foreign mails, a sum not exceeding twenty-five dollars per quar-postmasters who receive ter year, for that service; and he may augment the commission and despatch fortign mails; of those postmasters who receive the mail regularly between the and augmentation to those hours of nine o'clock in the evening and five o'clock in the who receive the morning, from twenty to thirty-three and one-third per cents on and s, &c. one hundred and fifty dollars received in each quarter.

He may also allow to each postmaster one cent for each free Allowance for letter delivered out of his office, and one cent for each free let. free letters, &c.

ter originally received by him and forwarded by mail.

He may also allow to each postmaster ten cents for every Allowance for monthly register of the arrival and departure of the mail, re-register of the turned to the general post office. The postmaster general may arrival and departure of the also allow to the postmasters, respectively, a commission of mail. thirty-three and one-third per cent. on the amount of postages Allowance for which they shall collect on newspapers, magazines, and pam-ed on newspapers. phlets; but no allowance for distribution, or for free letters, shall pers, sec. but, be made to any postmaster who shall collect postages to the amount of five thousand dollars in one quarter.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That this act shall be in torce on and in force on and after the first day of April next, and thereupon after the let April, 1815, and all other acts and clauses thereof providing compensation or allowance to any postmaster or postmasters, shall cease to have action to post-effect, and are hereby repealed: Provided, That nothing herein ed. effect, and are hereby repealed: Provided, 'I nat nothing nerell eq. Provisor nothing contained shall be construed to affect, alter, or repeal, the proto repeal the visions of the fortieth section of the act regulating the post at referred to.
[*Ante, ch. 262.]

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the postmaster The postmaster general be authorized to have the mail carried in any steam boat, general authorized to have or other vessel, which shall be used as a packet, in any of the the mail carried waters of the United States, on such terms and conditions as boat, &cc. shall be considered expedient: Provided, That he do not pay Proviso; as to more than three cents for each letter, and each packet, and more the compensation for each than one half cent for each newspaper, conveyed in such mail.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, 'That it shall be the duty Masters, &c. of of every master or manager of any steam boat, packet, or other todeliver letters vessel, which shall pass from one part or place to another part the port or place, in the United States, where a post office is established, arrival, see and to deliver, within three hours after his arrival, if in the day time, cents for each; unless, sec. and within two hours after the next sunrise, if the arrival be in unless, &c. the night, all letters and packets addressed to, or destined for, such port or place, to the postmaster there, for which he shall be entitled to receive of such postmaster two cents for every letter or packet so delivered, unless the same shall be carried or conveyed under a contract with the postmaster general; and if

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any master or manager of a steam boat, or other vessel, shall Anters, &c. fail so to deliver any letter, or packet, without stand failing to deliver brought by him, or shall have been in his care, or within his any letter, &c. to brought by him, or shall have been in his care, or within his hear a penalty penalty nower. he shall incur a penalty of thirty dollars for every such failure.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That every person em-Personsemptoy of on board any steam boat, or other vessel employed as a steam boat, see packet, shall deliver every letter, and packet of letters, intrusted packet, shall deliver every letter, and packet of letters, intrusted to conver no.

seen, see, to the
master, see, or
master, see, or incur a penalty other vessel, and before the said vessel shall touch at any other port or place; and for every failure, or neglect so to deliver, a penalty of ten dollars shall be incurred for each letter and packet. [Approved, February 27, 1815.].

Private.]

CHAP. 748. An act for the relief of William H. Washington.*

directed to as-certain the va-lue of the house belonging to William H. Washington, &c. lately de-stroyed, &c.

- SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The proper act the proper accounting officers of the war department be, and counting officers they are hereby, authorized and directed to ascertain the value partment directed to of the house helonging to William El Will of the house belonging to William H. Washington, situated near the west end of the Potowmac bridge, and which was lately destrayed by order of an officer of the United States; which valuation shall be made in such manner, and upon such terms, as may embrace the justice of his case.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the value thereof, The value to be when ascertained, shall be paid, out of any money in the treamant of the treamant, &c. sury, not otherwise appropriated, upon the said William H. Washsury, not otherwise appropriated, upon the said William H. Washington releasing to the United States all claim on account of the destruction of the aforesaid house.

[Approved, March 1, 1815.]

[Frivate.]

CHAP. 749. An act for the relief of Solomon Frazer, and the representatives of Charles Eccleston.†

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That Solomon Frazer, and the representatives of Charles Eccleston, zer, &c. rest as common razer, and the representatives of Charles Eccleston, edition the pay of the state of Maryland, be, and they are hereby, released ment of the state of the state of Maryland, be, and they are hereby, released ment of the amount of a judgment obtained against mount of a judgment obtained against ment obtained Solomon Frazer, as security for James Frazer, collector of security, &c. the port of Vienna in the control of the port of vienna in the control of the port of vienna in the control o the port of Vienna, in the state of Maryland: Provided, how-

ever, That nothing in this act contained, shall be considered as Proviso; nothing releasing from the claim of the United States any property of the property of James Frazer, which may be in possession of his representating possession, tives. [Approved, March 1, 1815.]

[Private.]

CHAP. 750. An act for the relief of the heirs of James Hynum.1

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That

the heirs of James Hynum, of the Mississippi territory, shall be the heirs of James Hynum, of the Mississippi territory, shall be entitled to a donation of two hundred and twenty-six acres of James Hynum, land, according to the provisions of an act of congress, passed the third day of March, in the year one thousand eight hunace of an act of and three, entitled "An act regulating the grants of land, providing for the disposal of the lands, of the United States, subject to the south of the state of Tennessee,"* to be located, surveyed, and widow, Sec. granted, in the manner prescribed in the said recited act; and to [*Ch.340,vol.3.] be subject to the dower of the widow of the said James Hynum, as fully and completely as if the title to the said land had been vested in the said James Hynum.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all sums of money paid by Margaret Hynum, widow of All sums paid the said James Hynum, since the death of the said James, as Hynum, &c. part of the price of the said land, in contemplation of a pur- of the land, &c. as chase thereof, shall be refunded to the said Margaret; and the to be refunded to the said Margaret; and the to be refunded to the said Margaret; and the to be refunded to the said Margaret; and the to be refunded to the said Margaret; and the to be refunded to the said Margaret; and the to be refunded to the said Margaret; and the to be refunded to the said Margaret; and the to be refunded to the said Margaret; and the to be refunded to the said Margaret; and the to be refunded to the said Margaret; and the to be refunded to the said Margaret; and the to be refunded to the said Margaret; and the to be refunded to the said Margaret; and the to be refunded to the said Margaret; and the to be refunded to the said Margaret; and the to be refunded to the said Margaret; and the to be refunded to the said Margaret; and the to be refunded to the said Margaret; and the to be refunded to the said Margaret; and the said Margaret is the said Margaret i receiver of public moneys in the land district west of Pearl river is hereby directed to pay the same to the said Margaret, out of any public money now in his hands, or which may hereafter come to his hands. [Approved, March 1, 1815.]

CHAP. 751. An act to alter and establish certain post roads.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the following post roads be, and the same are hereby, discontinued; that is so say: From Columbia, by Shelbyville, and mentioned continued Winchester, to Fayetteville, in Tennessee. From Tellicoe, in Tennessee, by Amoy river, Vanstown, and Tuckeytown, to Fort Stoddard, in Mississippi territory; and from Tuckabatchy, by Tensaw, and Fort Stoddart, to Pascagoola river, in Mississippi territory; from Cynthiana to Georgetown, in Kentucky. In North Carolina, from Washington to Lake Landing, on Motamuskeet. From Concord, by Loudon, Gilmanton, Meredith, New Holderness, to Plymouth; thence, by New Hampton, Sanbornton, Northfield, and Canterbury, to Concord.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the following be Post roads established post roads; that is to say:

In New Hampshire. From Concord to Fryeburgh, in Maine. In New Hamp-From Concord, by Salisbury, Andover, New Chester, Bridge-thire. water, Plymouth, thence by New Holderness, New Hampton, Sanbornton, Salisbury, to Concord. From Exeter, by Brentwood, Poplin, Raymond, Candia, and Pembroke, to Concord.

In Vermont. From Chester South village, by Andover, in Vermont. Weston, Land Grove, and Peru, to Manchester. From Salem, New York, by Rupert, Paulet, Middleton, and Ira, to Rutland. In Maine.

In Maine. From Kennebunk to Alfred. From Prospect, by Mount Ephraim, to Frankfort.

In Massachusetts. From Hosack, New York, by Pawnal, In Northampton, by Hadley, eette. Sunderland, and Montague, to Northfield. From Foxborough, by Mansfield, and Norton, to Taunton.

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In Connecticut. That the post road from Norwalk, by Read-In Connecticut. ing, to Danbury, pass through Saugatuck, and by the townhouse in Reading.

In New York.

In New York. From Hadley Landing, in Saratoga, to Latzern, in Warren county. From Hamilton village, by Guilderland, Berne, Schoharie Courthouse, the Brick Church in Cobleskill, Colonel I. Steward's, and Maryland, to Milford. West Point to Haverstraw. From Burrage Mills, in Coventry, That the mail from Huntington be carried by the north road to Smithtown, instead of the south road. From Stillwater, by Dunning street, in Malta, and the south end of Saratoga Lake, to Ballston Springs, thence, by the north end of Saratoga Lake, and by Rogers' Mills, to Stillwater. From Manlius, in Onondaga county, to Elbridge, in Camillus, thence to Auburn, in Cayuga county. From Bainbridge, through Coventry, to Green.

In New Jersey.

In New Jersey. From Newark, by Orange Dale, and Hanover, to Morristown. From Asbury, in Mansfield township, by Hacketstown, Greenville, Newtown, and Frankfort, to Deckers-

In Pennsylva-

From Huntington, by Woodcock Valley, In Pennsylvania. Bedford, and Cumberland Valley, to Cumberland, in Maryland. From Mercer to New Castle. From Lancaster to Lebanon. From York, by Dover, Rosstown, Lewisburg, and Lisburn, to Carlisle.

In Ohio.

In Ohio. From Zanesville to Coshocton. From Wheeling, in Virginia, by Stephen Scott's, at the mouth of Fishing Creek, to Marietta. From Delaware, in Ohio, by Norton, Upper Sandusky, and Lower Sandusky, to Fort Meigs. From Lebanon to Hamilton.

In Maryland. From Baltimore, by Queenstown, Hillsborough, and Denton, to Milford. From Westminster, in Frederick county, through Uniontown, Middleburgh, Greenham, Mechanickstown, and Cavetown, to Hagerstown. From Elkton, by Sabinton, to Georgetown Cross Roads.

In Virginia.

In Maryland.

In Virginia. From Lindsay's store, by Barboursville, and Stannardsville, to Harrisonburg. From Richmond to Lindsay's store, in Albemarle county. From Colesville, in Chesterfield county, by Halcomb's and Dennis's, to Amelia Courthouse, in lieu of the present route from Colesville to Amelia Courthouse. From Parkersburg, in Wood county, to Point Pleasant; that the route from Hopkins' tavern to Powhatan Courthouse, pass by way of Genito Bridge. That the postmaster general be authorized to send a mail from Port Tobacco, in Maryland, to Hanover town, so long as a stage shall run on that route. From the town of Petersburg, Virginia, by the Double Bridges, and John Key's tavern, in the county of Lunenburg, to Charlotte Courthouse. From Williesburg, in Charlotte county, by doctor Snead's, in Halifax county, to Cunningham's store, in Person county, North Carolina.

In Kentucky. From Cynthiana, by Paris, and Winchester, to Richmond. From Isbelville to Clarksville, Tennessee. From Lexington to Georgetown. From Cincinnati, by Kennedy's,

Gaines's, and Arnold's, on the ridge road, to Georgetown. From Glasgow to Allen Courthouse, and from Allen Courthouse

to Bowling Green. From Middletown to Westport.

In North Carolina. From Washington, by Bath, John Adams's, In North Carothe Log House Landing, on Pungo river, and Germantown, to lina. the Lake Landing, in Matamuskeet. From Tarborough to Cobb's Bridge, in Edgecomb county. From Bryant's Cross Roads to Windsor. From Tarborough to Scotland Neck. From Pittsborough, by Liberty, and Gardner's store, to Lexington.

In Tennessee. From Nashville, by Harpeth Settlement, and In Tennessee. Shelbyville, to Fayetteville. From Rhea Courthouse, by Highwassy Garrison, Ross Fort, and Fort Jackson, to Fort St. Ste-

phens.

In South Carolina. From Marion Courthouse, by Harleys- in south Caroville, to Marlborough, to return by Brownsville, to Marion lina Courthouse. From Cheraw Courthouse, by the Burnt Saw Mills, on Lynch's creek, Williamsburg Courthouse, and Murray's Ferry, on Santee, to Monk's Corner.

In the Mississippi Territory. From the Choctaw agency, by lathe Minis-John Ford's, on Pearl river, to New Orleans, in the state of

Louisiana.

In the Illinois Territory. From Johnson Courthouse to Sa- In the Illinois territory. lem, in Kentucky. [Approved, March 1, 1815.]

CHAP. 752. An act authorizing the discharge of Edward Martin from imprisoument.*

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The marks the marshal of the district of Rhode Island be, and he hereby is, the district of authorized and directed to discharge from imprisonment Eddirected to discharge from imprisonment Eddirected to discharge from imprisonment Eddirected to discharge Rows ward Martin, of Newport, in the state of Rhode Island, now conMartin from Instance of Rhode Island of Rho fined in gaol at Newport, in said district, at the suit of the Uni- impris ted States: Provided, That the said Edward Martin shall remain Province Beliable to the United States for the amount of the bond executed remain liable by Andrew Oburg, captain of the Swedish schooner Lichlighten, of the bond exception of the as principal, and by the said Martin, and George W. Martin, equed by Andrew Oburg, &c. sureties, and renew his obligation to the United States for said amount, payable in two years from the day of his discharge, in such form as the attorney of the United States for the district aforesaid shall think proper. [Approved, March 3, 1815.]

CHAP. 753. An act making appropriations for the support of the military establishment for the year one thousand eight hundred and fifteen.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, for defraying the expenses of the military establishment of the ated for defray. United States, for the year one thousand eight hundred and fif- of the military teen, for ordnance, fortifications, and the Indian department, the establishment

1815.

for the year

For the pay of the army. orforage.

For subsistence.

The medical and hespital department. For clothing.

For the quarter master's depart-

ment. For artillery

For ordnance and ordnance stores,

horses.

For fortifica-For contingen-For the Indian department. For three months' pay to deranged offi-ocra, &c.

The preceding appropriations
to be paid out
of moneysin the treasury, &cc.

following sums be, and the same are hereby, respectively, appropriated; that is to say:

For the pay of the army of the United States, including the private servants kept by officers, uine hundred thousand dollars.

For forage to officers, one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars.

For subsistence of the army, seven hundred thousand dollars. For the medical and hospital department, fifty thousand dollars.

For clothing, three hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars.

For the quartermaster's department, two hundred thousand dollars.

For purchasing horses for artillery, one hundred thousand dollars.

For ordnance and ordnance stores, including arsenals, magazines, and armories, nine hundred and thirty-eight thousand three hundred thirty-eight dollars.

For fortifications, four hundred thousand dollars. For contingencies, two hundred thousand dollars.

For the Indian department, two hundred thousand dollars. For advancing three months' pay to the officers deranged,

and noncommissioned officers and privates discharged, one million two hundred thousand dollars.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the several appropriations hereinbefore made, shall be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, March 3, 1815.]

CHAP 754. An act making further provision for completing the public buildings at West Point for the accommodation of the military academy.

20,000 dolls. appropriated for completing buildings, for apparatus, li-brary s.c. ne-essary and pro-per for the mili-tary academy at West Point.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the sum of twenty thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, to be paid out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, for completing buildings, and for providing an apparatus, a library, and all necessary implements, and for such contingent expenses as may be necessary and proper, in the judgment of the president of the United States, for the better support and accommodation of the military academy at West Point. [Approved, March 3, 1815.]

CHAP. 755. An act making appropriations for the support of the navy of the United States for the year one thousand eight hundred and fifteen.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, Sum appropri-ated for defrayfor defraying the expenses of the navy, for the year one thousand ing the expeneight hundred and fifteen, the following sums be, and are hereby, respectively, appropriated; that is to say:

For pay and subsistence of the officers, and pay of the seamen, one million five hundred thirty-eight thousand three hundred For payandant sixty-four dollars and fifty cents.

For provisions, six hundred and seventy-three thousand nine For provisions. hundred and seventy-two dollars and fifty cents.

For medicine, hospital stores, and all expenses on account of for medicine, the sick, forty thousand dollars.

For repairs of vessels, five hundred thousand dollars.

For repairs of

For contingent expenses, including freight, transportation, and For contingent expenses, five hundred and fifty thousand dollars. recruiting expenses, five hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

For ordnance, ammunition, and military stores, three hundred Forordnance, thousand dollars.

For navy yards, docks, and wharves, one hundred and sixty For navy yards. thousand dollars.

For pay and subsistence of the marine corps, one hundred and sistence of the marine to thousand and twenty dollars. ninety thousand and twenty dollars.

For clothing for the same, sixty thousand three hundred and for clothing for fifty-seven dollars.

For military stores for the same, one thousand six hundred stores, &c. dollars.

For contingent expenses for the same, eighteen thousand se-For contingent expenses, see,

For the purchase of the vessels captured by commodore Mac-Bor the purchase of the redonough, on lake Champlain, such sum as shall be agreed upon, sels expured by with the approbation of the president, not exceeding four hun-Macdonough on lake Champlain, dred thousand dollars.

ven hundred and eight dollars.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the several appropriations ations hereinbefore made, shall be paid out of any moneys in the to be paid out of moneys in the content of moneys in treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, March 3, 1815.]

CHAP. 756. An act for the relief of the Eastern Branch Bridge Company.* [*Private.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The proper active proper accounting officers of the navy department be, and cora of the navy they are hereby, authorized and directed to settle the claim of department directed to settle the Eastern Branch Bridge Company, on account of the injury the Laim of the Eastern done their bridge, by an order from the navy department, by as-Branch Bridge. Co. for injury certaining, or causing to be ascertained, the value of such injury, done, acc in such manner, and upon such terms, as may be just and reasonable.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the amount thereof, The amount the paid, &c. when so ascertained, shall be paid, to the president and directors and applied to of the said company, out of any money in the treasury, not bridge, &c. otherwise appropriated, to be applied to the repairing or rebuilding of the said bridge. [Approved, March 3, 1815.]

1815. [Private.]

CHAP. 757. An act for the relief of William P. Bennet, of the state of New

The secretary of the treasury required to dis charge Wm. I Bennet from imprisonment,

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the secretary of the treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to discharge from his imprisonment William P. Bennet, of Seneca county, in the state of New York: Provided, however, That the said Bennet shall, previous to obtaining such discharge, comply with the provisions of the act, entitled "An act for the relief of persons imprisoned for debts due to the Uni-[tch.66,vol.3.] ted States." [Approved, March 3, 1815.]

CHAP. 758. An act to repeal so much of the several acts imposing duties on the tonnage of ships and vessels, and on goods, wares, and merchandise, imported into the United States, as imposes a discriminating duty on tonnage, between foreign vessels and vessels of the United States, and between goods imported into the United States in foreign vessels and vessels of the United States.

So much of the acts imposing duties on ton-nage, and on goods, &c. as imposes a discriminating duty, &c. repealed, so far, &c.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That so much of the several acts imposing duties on the tonnage of ships and vessels, and on goods, wares, and merchandise, imported into the United States, as imposes a discriminating duty of tonnage, between foreign vessels and vessels of the United States, and between goods imported into the United States in foreign vessels and vessels of the United States, be, and the same are hereby, repealed, so far as the same respects the produce or manufacture of the nation to which such foreign ships or vessels may belong. Such repeal to take effect in favor of any foreign nation, whenever the president of the United States shall be satisfied that the discriminating or countervailing duties of such foreign nation, so far as they operate to the disadvantage of the United States, have been abolished.

The repeal to take effect when the president is satisfied that foreign counter-valling duties, &c. have been

[Approved, March 3, 1815.]

[] Private.]

CHAP, 759. An act for the relief of the Anacosta Bridge Company.

The proper sc-counting offi-cers of the war the claim of the AnacostaBridge Company, for injury sustain-ed, &cc.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the proper accounting officers of the war department be, and they are hereby, directed to audit and settle the claim of the Anacosta Bridge Company, on account of the injury sustained by them in the destruction of their bridge over the Eastern Branch of the Potowmac, by ascertaining, or causing to be ascertained, the value of the injury thereof, at the time of such destruction, in such manner, and upon such terms, as may embrace the merits of their claim.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the amount of such valuation, when so ascertained, shall be paid to the said com-The amount to be paid, &c. pany, or their agent, legally authorized, out of any money in the

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treasury, not otherwise appropriated, upon such company, or owners, releasing to the United States all claim on account of and applied to the injury aforesaid, and that the same be applied to the purpose bridge, &c. of rebuilding or repairing the said bridge.

[Approved, March 3, 1815.]

CHAP. 760. An act fixing the military peace establishment of the United for Section of

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa- The military tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That ment to consist the military peace establishment of the United States shall con- of not exceed-sist of such proportions of artillery, infantry, and riflemen, not bec. exceeding, in the whole, ten thousand men, as the president of The corps of the United States shall judge proper, and that the corps of en-retained.

gineers, as at present established, be retained.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the corps of artillery Organisation, shall have the same organization as is prescribed by the act passed the thirtieth of March, one thousand eight hundred and fourteen; and the regiment of light artillery the same organization [+Ante, ch. 686.] as is prescribed by the act passed the twelfth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eight; and that each regiment of in-[+Ante, eb. 147.] fantry and riflemen shall consist of one colonel, one lieutenant colonel, one major, one adjutant, one quartermaster, one paymaster, one surgeon, and two surgeon's mates, one sergeant major, one quartermaster sergeant, two principal musicians, and ten companies; each company to consist of one captain, one first lieutenant, and one second lieutenant, four sergeants, four corporals, two musicians, and sixty-eight privates.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That there shall be two Two major g. major generals, and four brigadier generals; the major generals brigadiers, &c. to be entitled to two aids de camp, and the brigadier generals to one aid de camp, each, to be taken from the subalterns of the line; four brigade inspectors, and four brigade quartermasters, and such number of hospital surgeons and surgeon's mates, as the service may require, not exceeding five surgeons and fifteen mates, with one steward and one wardmaster to each hospital. Brigadins The brigade inspectors, appointed under this act, shall be taken tors from the line; brigade from the line, and the brigade quartermasters, the adjutants, re-quartermasters gimental quartermasters, and paymasters, from the subalterns of the subalterns, the subalterns of the subalterns,

the line. SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the compensation, compensation, subsistence, and clothing, of the officers, cadets, noncommis-clothing, &c. sioned officers, musicians, artificers, and privates, composing the military peace establishment, shall be the same as are prescribed by the act, entitled "An act fixing the military peace establishment of the United States," passed sixteenth March, one thou-[6Ch. 200, vol.4.] sand eight hundred and two, and the act, entitled " An act to raise, for a limited time, an additional military force," passed [| Ante, chap. twelfth April, one thousand eight hundred and eight; and that the major generals shall be entitled to the same compensation as

is provided by an act, entitled "An act to raise an additional mi-['Ante ch. 337.] litary force," * passed eleventh January, one thousand eight hundred and twelve.

The president to cause the ofto eause ne or-ficers, privates, &c. to be ar-ranged, and su-pernumetaries to be discharg-ed, &c.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That the president of the United States cause to be arranged, the officers, noncommissioned officers, musicians, and privates, of the several corps of troops now in the service of the United States, in such a manner as to form and complete out of the same the corps authorized by this act, and cause the supernumerary officers, noncommissioned officers, musicians, and privates, to be discharged from the service of the United States, from and after the first day of May next, or as soon as circumstances may permit.

Three months' pay additional to each com-missioned offeer deranged,

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That to each commissioned officer, who shall be deranged by virtue of this act, there shall be allowed and paid, in addition to the pay and emoluments to which they will be entitled by law at the time of his discharge,

three months' pay.

The several corps to be subject to the rules war; and the officers, pri-vates, &c. to be entitled to the same provision for wounds, &c. benefits, allow ances, &c. as authorized by the act men-

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That the several corps authorized by this act, shall be subject to the rules and articles of war, be recruited in the same manner, and with the same limitations; and that officers, noncommissioned officers, musicians, and privates, shall be entitled to the same provision for wounds and disabilities, the same provision for widows and children, and the same benefits and allowances in every respect, not inconsistent with the provisions of this act, as are authorized by the act of sixteenth March, one thousand eight hundred and two, entitled " An act fixing the military peace establishment of the United States," and the act of the twelfth April, one thousand

[† Ch. 269, vol. 3.]

eight hundred and eight, entitled " An act to raise, for a limited [tame, ch. 147.] time, an additional military force;" and that the bounty to the recruit, and compensation to the recruiting officer, shall be the same as are allowed by the aforesaid act of the twelfth of April,

one thousand eight hundred and eight.

[Approved, March 3, 1815.]

[Note. By the preceding act, all the provisions of acts relating to the military establishment, of a prior date, and not referred to and recognised therein, are presumed to have been rendered obsolete; except as to such bounties, benefits, and allowances, which accrued, under those acts, to officers and soldiers, in virtue of their appointments, enlistments, services, wounds, and disabilities.]

CHAP. 761. An act concerning invalid pensioners.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the secretary of war be, and he is hereby, directed to place the following named persons, whose claims have been transmitted to congress, pursuant to a law passed the tenth day of April, eighteen hundred and six, 9 on the pension list of invalided pensioners of the United States, according to the rates, and to commence at the times, herein mentioned; that is to say:

The secretary of war directed to place the per-sons named on the pension list, [§ Ante ch. 25.]

Robert Holberd, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the thirtieth day of March, one thousand eight hundred wanes of puband fourteen.

Eli Short, at the rate of three dollars and seventy-five cents per month, to commence the thirtieth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and fourteen.

Spencer Darnell, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the fourteenth day of February, eighteen hundred and fourteen.

Abraham Estes, at the rate of three dollars and seventy-five cents per month, to commence the seventeenth day of April, eighteen hundred and fourteen.

Willis Tandy, at the rate of one dollar and twenty-five cents per month, to commence the seventeenth day of April, eighteen

hundred and fourteen.

Samuel Sharon, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence the seventeenth day of August, eighteen hundred and fourteen.

Alexander Naismith, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence the twentieth day of August, eighteen hundred and fourteen.

Isaac Gray, at the rate of six dollars and sixty-six cents per month, to commence the twenty-second day of September, eighteen hundred and fourteen.

Thomas Williams, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence the twenty-seventh day of July, eighteen hundred and fourteen.

John R. Rappleye, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence the second day of September, eighteen hundred and fourteen.

John Sweeny, at the rate of seven dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence the seventeenth of March, eighteen hundred and fourteen.

Joshua Merrill, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence the fourth of August, eighteen hundred and fourteen.

Grieve Drummond, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence the twenty-eighth day of January, eighteen hundred and fifteen.

John Ward, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence the thirtieth day of November, eighteen hundred and fourteen.

Charles Rumsey, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence the twelfth day of July, eighteen hundred and fourteen.

Grant Taylor, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence the twenty-fourth day of November, eighteen hundred and fourteen.

Henry Bateman, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence the seventh day of March, eighteen hundred and fourteen.

John Norton, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence the eleventh day of May, eighteen hundred and fourteen.

Mames of pensioners and rates of pensions, &c. Jesse Young, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence the sixth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and fourteen.

Daniel Averill, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence the third day of January, eighteen hundred and fourteen.

John Bell, at the rate of ten dollars per month, to commence the ninth day of September, eighteen hundred and fourteen.

Minny Ryneason, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence the sixth day of January, eighteen hundred and fifteen.

William Bond, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence the eighth day of December, eighteen hundred and fourteen.

Richard Osburn, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence the fifth day of September, eighteen hundred and fourteen.

Julius Turner, at the rate of three dollars and seventy-five cents per month, to commence the eighteenth day of August, eighteen hundred and fourteen.

William Cook, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence the eighteenth day of August, eighteen hundred and fourteen.

John Frazer, at the rate of three dollars and seventy-five cents per month, to commence the sixteenth day of November, eighteen hundred and fourteen.

Christopher Sites, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence the seventeenth day of February, eighteen hundred and fifteen.

William Barton, at the rate of thirty dollars per month, to commence the first day of January, eighteen hundred and fifteen.

William Berry, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence the thirty-first day of March, eighteen hundred and fourteen.

James M'Neal, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence on the thirteenth day of September, eighteen hundred and fourteen.

Emanuel Kent, junior, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence the thirteenth day September, eighteen hundred and fourteen.

Jeremiah Searcy, of South Carolina, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence from the third of March, eighteen hundred and fifteen.

The pensions of the persons named, &c. to be increased, &c. ["Ante, ch. 35.] SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the pensions of the following persons, already placed on the pension list of the United States, whose claims for an increase of pension have been transmitted to congress pursuant to the act aforesaid,* be increased to the sums herein respectively annexed to their names. The said increase to commence at the times herein mentioned; that is to say:

Charles Hunton, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per month, to commence the fourteenth day of November, eighteen Names of perhundred and fourteen.

Thomas Williams, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence the twenty-ninth of October, eighteen hundred and fourteen.

Samuel White, at the rate of three dollars and seventy-five cents per month, to commence the twenty-eighth day of December, eighteen hundred and fourteen.

Thomas Machin, at the rate of twenty dollars per month, to commence the twenty-ninth day of October, eighteen hundred

and fourteen.

John M'Clennon, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence the third day of November, eighteen hundred and

Richard Gressum, at the rate of five dollars per month, to commence the eighth day of November, eighteen hundred and fourteen. [Approved, March 3, 1815.]

CHAP. 762. An act to provide a library room, and for transporting the library lately purchased.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That authorised to the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, author-round to be president to cause a proper apartment to be immediately selected and the library pure charge the library locally pure charge from prepared for a library room, and to cause the library, lately pur-chased from Thomas Jeffe chased from Thomas Jefferson, to be placed therein during the son to be placed therein during the son to be placed. ensuing recess of congress.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the accounting offi- The officers of cers of the treasury be, and they are hereby, authorized and disettle the accreted to settle the account of the expenditures incurred under editures incurred this act; and that the amount so settled shall be paid out of any ander this act. moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, March 3, 1815.]

CHAP. 763. An act concerning the naval establishment.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, 200,000 dolls in addition to the sums heretofore appropriated for that purpose, appropriated the sum of two hundred the sum of t the sum of two hundred thousand dollars be, and the same is the years, towards the purhereby, appropriated, annually, for three years, towards the purchase and supply of a stock of every description of timber, rescription of timber, rescription of the purher to the purchase and supply of a stock of every description of timber, rescription of timber, rescription of the purchase and supply of a stock of every description of timber, rescription of timber, re quired for ship building, and other naval purposes, to be paid out simber, &c. of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

[Approved, March 3, 1815.]

CHAP. 764. An act for the relief of Thomas Sprigg."

Private.

officers of the navy depart-ment directed

to settle the

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The accounting the proper accounting officers of the navy department be, and they are hereby, authorized and directed to audit and settle the claim of Thomas Sprigg, on account of the destruction of a quanclaim of Thomas tity of hempen yarns, in the ropewalk in the vicinity of Balti-Sprigg, on acmore, which were destroyed by order of general Foreman, by struction of a quantity of hempen yarns, ascertaining, or causing to be ascertained, the value of the yarns, in such manner, and upon such terms, as may be just and reasonable.

The amount, &c. to be paid to Thomas Sprigg, out of the treasury,

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the amount of the said valuation, when ascertained as aforesaid, shall be paid to the said Thomas Sprigg, out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated. [Approved, March 3, 1815.]

[† Private.]

CHAP. 765. An act for the relief of sundry persons in the service of the United States, in consequence of the destruction of their tools by fire at the navy yard.†

officers of the navy to adjust from the burn-

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled. That The accounting the accounting officers of the navy be, and they are hereby, directed to adjust and settle all claims for losses that have been of tools, &c. by sustained by artificers, mechanics, and other workmen, in the mechanics, &c. employ and service of the Triant Co. employ and service of the United States, for tools and other aring of the buildings of the ticles essential to, and connected with, their trade and occupanary yard, &c. tion, which have been destroyed by fire, in consequence of burning the buildings of the navy yard, in the city of Washington, and to cause to be paid over to such persons, respectively, the amount found due for such losses.

Not exceeding 5,000 dolls, ap-propriated for the objects of his act.

the enemy, &c. repealed. [‡ Ante, chap. 452.]

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That a sum not exceeding five thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, out of any moneys in the treasury of the United States, not otherwise appropriated, to carry into effect the objects of this act. [Approved, March 3, 1815.]

CHAP. 766. An act to repeal certain acts therein mentioned.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That All acts, &c. which prohibit which prohibit the entrance of all acts, or parts of acts, which prohibit the entrance of the vessels of any foreign nation into the harbors or waters under the reign nations, &c. repealed.
The act prohibiting Amerijurisdiction of the United States, be, and the same are hereby, repealed. can vessels fr trading with ve saels from SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the " Act to pro-

hibit American vessels from proceeding to, or trading with, the enemies of the United States, and for other purposes," passed the sixth day of July, eighteen hundred and twelve, be, and the 1815.

same is hereby, repealed.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the "Act to pro- The act to pro- hibit the use of hibit the use of licenses or passes, granted by the authority of the British licenses, government of the united kingdom of Great Britain and Ire- repealed. [Ante, chap. land,"* passed the second day of August, eighteen hundred and assi thirteen, be, and the same is hereby, repealed.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That all penalties and forforteitures infeitures which have been incurred by virtue of the acts, or parts curred &c. to of acts, hereby repealed, shall be recovered and distributed in recovered, &c.

like manner as if the same had continued in full force.

[Approved, March 3, 1815.]

CHAP. 767. An act increasing the compensation allowed the sergeants at arms of the senate and house of representatives, and of the doorkeeper and assistant doorkeeper of the senate and house of representatives.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, The sergeants in addition to the sum already allowed by law to the sergeants at keeper and assistant door arms of the senate and house of representatives, and the door keeper, of the keeper and assistant doorkeeper of the senate and house of representatives, be entitled to receive, annually, the sum of five enve each annually, in addi-hundred and fifty dollars, respectively, and that the additional dolls from the compensation here allowed be considered to take effect from 181 Jan. 1814. the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and fourteen. [Approved, March 3, 1815.]

CHAP. 768. An act to authorize a loan for a sum not exceeding eighteen millions four hundred and fifty-two thousand eight hundred dollars.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The president the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, author-borrow, &c. ized to borrow, on the credit of the United States, a sum not ex
18.458,800 dollar, to definy author-ceeding eighteen millions four hundred fifty-two thousand eight thorized expensions. hundred dollars, to be applied, in addition to the moneys now in the treasury, or which may be received from other sources, to defray any expenses which have been, or, during the present year, may be, authorized by law, and for which appropriations have been, or, during the present year, may be, made by law: Provided, That no engagement or contract shall be entered into, Proviso; no enwhich shall preclude the United States from reimbursing any precise the sum or sums thus borrowed, at any time after the expiration of United States twelve years from the last day of December next.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the secretary of the The secretary treasury, with the approbation of the president of the United of the treasury to the treasury, and the treasury, and sold, &c. or by a commissioner of loans, for the sum to be borrowed by country money this act, or for any part thereof, and the same to be sold. And congress, &c.

the secretary of the treasury shall lay before congress, during the first week in the month of February, one thousand eight hundred and sixteen, an account of all the moneys obtained by the sale of the certificates of stock, in manner aforesaid, together with a statement of the rate at which the same may have been sold.

The secretary of the treasury may employ agents to obtain subscriptions,

A commission of 1.4th of one per eent, to the agents and not exce ding propriated to defray expen-ses, &&

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the secretary of the treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized, with the approbation of the president of the United States, to employ an agent or agents, for the purpose of obtaining subscriptions to the loan authorized by this act, or of selling any part of the stock to be created by virtue thereof. A commission, not exceeding one-quarter of one per centum, on the amount thus sold, or for which subscriptions shall have been thus obtained, may, by the secretary of the treasury, be allowed to such agent or agents; and a sum, not exceeding thirty thousand dollars, to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, is hereby appropriated, for paying the amount of such commission or commissions as may be thus allowed, and also for defraying the expenses of printing and issuing the subscription certificates, and certificates of stock, and other expenses incident to the completing of the loan authorized by this act. SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That so much of the

So much of the annual appro-8,000,000 dolls. as may be wanted, &c. pledged for the payment of interest and

this act.

The commissinking fund to sary sums to be applied yearly, &c. and may redeem the prin-cipal of the stock by par-chase, &c.

The faith of the United States pledged to make good any deficiency,

The banks in the district of Columbia may the money, &ce.

The secretary of the treasury may accept, in

funds constituting the annual appropriation of eight millions of dollars, for the payment of the principal and interest of the public debt of the United States, as may be wanted for that purpose, after satisfying the sums necessary for the payment of the interest, and such part of the principal, of the said debt, as the principal of the principal of the principal of the principal of the spocker ated by United States are now pledged annually to pay or reimburse, is hereby pledged and appropriated for the payment of the interest, and for the reimbursement of the principal, of the stock which may be created by virtue of this act. It shall, accordingly, be the duty of the commissioners of the sinking fund, to cause to be applied and paid, out of the said fund, yearly, such sum and sums as may be annually wanted to discharge the interest accruing on the said stock, and to reimburse the principal, as the same may become due and may be discharged in conformity with the And they are further authorized to apply, terms of the loan. from time to time, such sum or sums, out of the said fund, as they may think proper, towards redeeming, by purchase, and at a price not above par, the principal of the said stock, or any part thereof. And the faith of the United States is hereby pledged to establish sufficient revenues for making good any deficiency that may hereafter take place in the funds hereby appropriated for paying the said interest and principal sums, or any of them, in manner aforesaid.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any of the banks in the district of Columbia, to lend any part lend any part of of the sum authorized to be borrowed by virtue of this act, any thing in any of their charters to the contrary notwithstanding.

Sect. 6. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the secretary of the treasury to accept, in payment of any loan obtained in virtue of this act, such treasury notes as have

been actually issued before the passing of this act, and which were made by law a charge upon the sinking fund, such treasury payment of this notes to be credited for the principal thereof and the amount of notes actually issued, &c.

interest actually accrued at the time of the payment.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for The secretary of the secretary of the treasury to cause to be paid the interest upon may cause to be treasury notes which have become due, and remain unpaid, as paid the interest on treasury well with respect to the time elapsed before they became due, as not which have become with respect to the time that shall elapse after they become due, due, until funds and until funds shall be assigned for the payment of the said the payment. treasury notes, and notice thereof shall be given by the secretary of the treasury. [Approved, March 3, 1815.]

CHAP. 769. An act to provide for the ascertaining and surveying of the boundary lines fixed by the treaty with the Creek Indians, and for other purposes.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, author- The president ized to cause to be ascertained and surveyed the boundary line boundary line boundary line designated by the treaty with the Creek nation of Indians, condesignated by the treaty with the Creek nation of Indians, conthe treaty with the cluded on the ninth day of August, one thousand eight hundred the Creek indians, &c. to be
and fourteen,* and that the same be distinctly marked, in all surveyed, &c.

(* So: page 700) such places, except where water courses are described, as the vol. boundary by the said treaty; and for this purpose the president of the United States shall have power to appoint, by and with see, to appoint the advice and consent of the senate, three commissioners, whose compensation shall not exceed, exclusive of travelling expenses, rate of 8 dolls. the rate of eight dollars per day, during the time of actual ser- per day, vice of such commissioner, in ascertaining and surveying the said boundary line; they shall have power to employ a skilful sur- A surveyor, veyor, who shall be allowed five dollars per day, and two chain- chainmen, &c. men and a marker, who shall each be allowed two dollars per day, in full for their services.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the said commis- The commissioners, on completing the ascertainment and survey aforesaid, sion at to make shall make out three accurate plats of the survey of the said the survey, &c. boundary line, one of which they shall transmit to the secretary of state, one to the surveyor of the lands south of the state of Tennessee, and the other to the chiefs of the Creek nation of Indians.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That all the public lands The lands form of the United States to which the Indian title was extinguished triet, &cc. by the aforesaid treaty, shall be, and are hereby, formed into a land district; and for the disposal thereof a land office shall be A land office, established, which shall be kept at such convenient place as the president of the United States may direct; and, for the said land office, a register, and receiver of public moneys, shall be ap- A register and receiver, and pointed, who shall give security in the same manner, in the same sums, and whose compensation, emoluments, duties, and

authority, shall, in every respect, be the same, in relation to the lands which shall be disposed of at their office, as are or may be provided by law in relation to the registers and receivers of public moneys, in the several land offices established for the disposal of the other public lands of the United States.

The powers vested in the aurveyor of the ands south of Tennessee to ext ad over the the Indian title wes extinguished by the Creek treaty &c.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the powers vested by law in the surveyor of the lands of the United States south of the state of Tennessee, shall extend over all the public lands of the United States to which the Indian title was extinguished by the aforesaid treaty, and the same shall be surveyed in the manner, and for the same compensation, as other public lands in the Mississippi territory.

The president may direct the lands surveyed, &cc. to be sold,

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That the president of the United States is hereby authorized, whenever he shall think it proper, to direct so much of the public lands, lying in the said district, as shall have been surveyed in conformity to this act, to The lands, with be offered for sale. All such lands shall, with the exception of the exceptions the section numbered since the se

mentioned, to &c. .t ench time as the presignate by pro-

the section numbered sixteen, which shall be reserved in each be offered to the township for the support of schools within the same, with exception also of one entire township, to be located by the secretary of the treasury, for the use of a seminary of learning, and with the exception of any tracts of land reserved to the Indians by the said treaty, shall be offered to the highest bidder, under

the direction of the register and receiver of public moneys of the

said land office, on such day or days as shall, by a public procla-Sales to remain that purpose. The public sales shall remain open for three open three weeks, &c.

Price, terms, less than that subject to the lands shall be sold for a price weeks.

6 dolls, per day for each superintendent, &c.

public lands in the Mississippi territory; and shall, in every other respect, be sold in tracts of the same size, on the same terms and conditions, as have been, or may be, by law provided for the other public lands in the Mississippi territory. The su-

Lands remain-

each, for each day's attendance on the said sales. All lands, other than those reserved as aforesaid, and excepted as abovemening unsold may tioned, remaining unsold at the closing of the public sales, and bedisposed of at tioned, remaining unsold at the said sales, may be disposed of at

perintendents of the said public sales shall receive six dollars,

private sale, by the register of the land office, in the same man-

ner, under the same regulations, for the same price, and on the same terms and conditions, as are or may be provided by law for the sale of the other public lands of the United States in the Mississippi territory. And patents shall be obtained for the lands sold in the said district in the same manner, and on the

Patents, &c.

ritory. SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That the president of the United States shall have power to appoint any or all of the aforesaid commissioners during the recess of the senate.

same terms, as for other public lands sold in the Mississippi ter-

The president may appoint the during the re-

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That a sum, not exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars, be, and the same is hereby, ap-

Not exceeding 25,000 dolls. appropriated for

propriated, to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not _ 1815. otherwise appropriated, for the purpose of carrying this act into entrying this effect. [Approved, March 3, 1815.]

CHAP. 770. An act authorizing the purchase of the vessels captured on lake Champlain.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The president the president of the United States be, and he is hereby, author-authorized to purchase the ized to cause to be purchased the British vessels which were captured on captured on lake Champlain by the American squadron, on the lake Chameleventh day of September, in the year eighteen hundred and plain, &c. fourteen; and the amount of the valuation of such captured ves- The amount to sels, when duly made and returned to the navy department, shall be distribute be distributed as prize money, among the captors or their heirs. [Approved, March 3, 1815.]

CHAP. 771. An act for the protection of the commerce of the United States against the Algerine cruizers.

Whereas the dey of Algiers, on the coast of Barbary, has The dey of Algiers has commenced a predatory warfare against the United States—

The dey of Algiers has commenced warfare against the United States—

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That Public armed it shall be lawful fully to equip, officer, man, and employ, such vessels to be equipped and of the armed vessels of the United States as may be judged re-equipped and quisite by the president of the United States for protecting effects merce and states. ually the commerce and seamen thereof on the Atlantic ocean, men, &cc. the Mediterranean, and adjoining seas.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for The president the president of the United States to instruct the commanders of the instruct commanders of public vessels aforesaid, to subdue, seize, and lie armed vestmake prize of, all vessels, goods, and effects, of or belonging to Algerine vessels the dev of Algerine vessels, and to bring or send the and goods, &c. the dey of Algiers, or to his subjects, and to bring or send the same into port, to be proceeded against and distributed according to law; and, also, to cause to be done all such other acts of precaution or hostility, as the state of war will justify, and may, in his opinion, require.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That, on the application Special composition of the owners of private armed vessels of the United States, the value armed vessels of the United States may grant them special commissions of the United States may grant them special commissions, in the form which he shall direct, under the seal of the president, but United States; and such private armed vessels, when so commissioned, shall have the like authority for subduing, seizing, taking, and bringing into port, any Algerine vessel, goods, or effects, as the beforementioned public armed vessels may by law have; and shall therein be subject to the instructions which may be given by the president of the United States for the regulation of their commissions conduct; and their commissions shall be revocable at his plea-pleasure.

1815. Provisos bond to be given before e commission

Condition of the band. Sec.

sure: Provided, That before any commission shall be granted as aforesaid, the owner or owners of the vessels for which the same may be requested, and the commander thereof for the time being, shall give bond to the United States, with at least two responsible sureties, not interested in such vessel, in the penal sum of seven thousand dollars, or, if such vessel be provided with more than one hundred and fifty men, in the penal sum of fourteen thousand dollars, with condition for observing the treaties and laws of the United States, and the instructions which may be given as aforesaid, and also for satisfying all damages and injuries which shall be done contrary to the tenor thereof, by such commissioned vessel, and for delivering up the commission when revoked by the president of the United States.

Algerine vessels and goods cap-tured, &c. may be adjudged good prize, and to be distribute

ed, &c.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That any Algerine vessel, goods, or effects, which may be so captured and brought into port, by any private armed vessel of the United States, duly commissioned as aforesaid, may be adjudged good prize, and thereupon shall accrue to the owners, and officers, and men, of the capturing vessel, and shall be distributed according to the agreement which shall have been made between them, or, in failure of such agreement, according to the discretion of the court having cognizance of the capture.

[Approved, March 3, 1815.]

[See ante, ch. 703.]

[† See ante, eh. 705.]

CHAP. 772. An act to amend the act, entitled " An act to provide additional revenues for defraying the expenses of government, and maintaining the public credit, by laying a direct tax upon the United States, and to provide for assessing and collecting the same," and the act, entitled "An act to provide additional revenues for defraying the expenses of government, and maintaining the public credit, by laying duties on household furniture, and on gold and silver watches."†

The let April, 1815, instead, &c. to be the day for the principal assessors to dito inquir after [t Ante, ch. 703.]

A day in the month of May to be the time for the secreta-

sary to notify collectors, &c.

The 13th sec. of the act to provide addi-tional revenues, &c. amended, &c.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That instead of the first day of February next, prescribed by the "act to provide additional revenues for defraying the expenses of government, and maintaining the public credit, by laying a direct tax upon the United States, and to provide for assessing and collecting the same,"‡ to the principal assessors to direct and cause the several assistant assessors to inquire after and concerning all lands and other objects taxed, the first day of April next be, and the same is hereby, prescribed for that purpose. that the time prescribed, in the thirty-ninth section of the said act, to the secretary of the treasury, to notify the collectors of the several collection districts to proceed to the collection of the direct tax, after the current year, shall be some day in the month of May, instead of the month of February.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the thirteenth section of the " act to provide additional revenues for defraying the expenses of government, and maintaining the public credit, by laying duties on household furniture, and on gold and silver [i Ante, ch. 704.] Watches," be, and the same is hereby, so amended, as that the

several acts required to be performed, previously to, or during, the month of February, in any year, may and shall be performed previously to, or during, the month of May, in any year, as the case may be, which last month, instead of February, shall be taken as the time referred to therein, for taking the lists of property under a general assessment; and it shall be the duty of Principal asthe principal assessor, in every year, within thirty days after the year, within s expiration of the said month of May, to make out and deliver days after the month of May, to the collector, the lists as is required to be rendered by the said to the sollection to the sollection of the said to the sollection to the sollection of the said to the sollection to the sollection of the said to the said to the sollection of the said to the said to the sollection of the said month of May, to make out and deliver the month of May, to make out and deliver the month of May, to make out and deliver the month of May, to make out and deliver the month of May, to make out and deliver the month of May, to make out and deliver the month of May, to make out and deliver the month of May, to the said last mentioned act, to which this act is a supplement, and the tors, &c. like alteration hereby made in the tenth section of the said act, shall, and hereby is, made in the other sections thereof, so far as

any acts depending thereon are thereby required to be done.

Sect. 3. And be it further enacted, That the publication to to be made by be made by the collectors, to be designated by the secretary of collectors, &c. the treasury for that purpose, as prescribed and required in the once a week for twenty-eighth and twenty-ninth sections of the act to which week in succession in every this act is a supplement, shall, instead of being printed for newspaper within sixty days, in at least one newspaper published in the state, as which, &c. in therein provided, be printed, at least, once a week, for eight &c. weeks in succession, in every newspaper within the state in which the laws of the United States are by public authority pubwhich the laws of the United States are by public authority published; and for which printing the secretary of the treasury shall be, and he is hereby, authorized to pay and allow a price proportionate to the price of the other public printing done in said papers, and no more. [Approved, March 3, 1815.]

CHAP. 773. An act for the relief of James Savage, and others.*

[* Private.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the secretary of war be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed of war directed to audit and settle the claims of James Savage, Henry Platt, claims of James Enoch Chase, John Wells, Daniel P. Clarke, Potash and Cairn, Savage, &c. &c. Joseph J. Green, Levi Platt, Roswell Wait, Edward Wait, the destruction of their houses Henry Powers, Jonathan Griffin, Charles D. Backus, Joseph S. Wargaret Beaumont. Lois Baker. Macomb, &c. Thomas, George Freligh, Margaret Beaumont, Lois Baker, John L Fouquet, major A. Stone, Noah Broadwell, and Nathan Averill, jun. on account of the destruction of their houses and property, by the order of major general Alexander Macomb; by ascertaining, or causing to be ascertained, the value of the said property at the time of its destruction, in such manner, and upon such terms, as may appear reasonable and just.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the amount of such The amount, &c. to be paid valuation, when ascertained as aforesaid, shall be paid to the out of money the treasury, be treasury, and other the treasury. owner or owners, out of any money in the treasury, not other-

wise appropriated. [Approved, March 3, 1815.]

CHAP. 774. An act authorizing the board of many commissioners to appoint clerks.

The board of navy commissioners to ap-point two clerks, at 1,000 dolls each, &c.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the board of navy commissioners be, and they are hereby, authorized to appoint two clerks, to be attached to their office, who shall receive for their services a sum not exceeding one thousand dollars each per annum.

3,000 doffs, appropriated for the purpose.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That for this purpose the sum of two thousand dollars is hereby appropriated, to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated. [Approved, March 3, 1815.]

CHAP. 775. An act further to provide for the collection of duties on imports and tonnage.

enter and search vessels, &c. and

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representathe customs in it shall be lawful for any collector, naval officer, surveyor, or tricts, &c. may inspector, of the customs as well in the customs as well in the customs are well in the customs. to which he belongs, to enter on board, search, and examine, any seize goods sub-jeet to duty, the ship, vessel, boat, or raft, and if he shall find on board the same payment of any goods, wares, or merchandise, which he shall have probable d to be evaded, cause to believe are subject to duty, the payment of which is intended to be evaded, or have been imported into the United States in any manner contrary to law, it shall be his duty to seize and secure the same for trial.

tricts, &c. may stop and examine any kind of vehicle, or person, or Beast of burden, suspect there are goods, &c. subject to duty, acc and if goods, &c. are found, they may be seized,

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful collectors, &c. in adjoining dis- for any collector, naval officer, surveyor, or inspector of the customs, as well in any adjoining district as that to which he belongs, to stop, search, and examine, any carriage or vehicle, of any kind whatsoever, and to stop any person travelling on foot, or beast of burden, on which he shall suspect there are goods, wares, or merchandise, which are subject to duty, or which shall have been introduced into the United States in any manner contrary to law; and if such officer shall find any goods, wares, or merchandise, on any such carriage, vehicle, person travelling on foot, or beast of burden, which he shall have probable cause to believe are subject to duty, or have been unlawfully introduced into the United States, he shall seize and secure the same for And if any of the said officers of the customs shall suscustoms, on application, oath, sec. may search suspected duty, or shall have been introduced into the United States consuspected dwelling houses, trary to law, are concealed in any particular dwelling house, in the day time oath,* to any judge or justice of the peace, be entitled to a warrant, directed to such officer, who is hereby authorized to serve art, 4, p. 73, vol. the same, to enter such house, store, or other building, in the day time only, and there to search and examine whether there are any goods, wares, or merchandise, which are subject to duty, or have been unlawfully imported; and if, on such search

Officers of the in the day time only, and seize goods subject to duty, &c. [* See the const. amendments. amendments,

or examination, any such goods, wares, or merchandise, shall be found, which there shall be probable cause, for the officer making such search or examination, to believe are subject to duty, or have been unlawfully introduced into the United States, he shall seize and secure the same for trial: Provided always, Provide the necessity of a search warrant, arising under this act, search warrant shall in no case be considered as applicable to any carriage, to any carriage. wagon, cart, sleigh, vessel, boat, or other vehicle, of whatever wagon, &c., form or construction, employed as a medium of transportation, or to packages on any animal or animals, or carried by man on foot.

SEGT. 3. And be it further enacted, That every collector of Collectors may the customs shall have authority, with the approbation of the persons as inprincipal officer of the treasury department, to employ, within constants, &cc. his district, such number of proper persons, as inspectors of the customs, as he shall judge necessary, who are hereby declared to be officers of the customs; and the said inspectors, before they ed as impecenter on the duties of their offices, shall take and subscribe, be-ton to take and subscribe, be-ton to take and subscribe. fore the collectors appointing them, or before some magistrate oath, &c. within their respective districts, authorized by law to administer oaths, the following oath or affirmation, to wit: " I, ---having been appointed an inspector of the customs, within and oath. for the district of _____, do solemnly, sincerely, and truly, swear, (or affirm, as the case may be,) that I will diligently and faithfully execute the duties of the said office of inspector, and will use my best endeavors to prevent and detect frauds and vio-lations against the laws of the United States: I further swear, (or affirm) that I will support the constitution of the United States."

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SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That any collector, na- collector, &c. val officer, surveyor, or inspector, when proceeding to make any the sid of per search or seizure, authorized by this act, shall be, and he is sons within miles, &c. hereby, empowered to command any person who shall be within ten miles of the place where such search or seizure shall be made, to aid and assist such officer in the discharge of his duty therein; and if any person, being so commanded, shall neglect or Personsneglect, refuse to aid and assist such officer in making such search or ing, &c. to forseizure, the person so neglecting or refusing shall forfeit and from so to no pay a sum not exceeding two hundred dollars, and not less than dolls. fifty dollars. And such officer may also demand, in cases of re- In cases of resistance, the assistance of the marshal of the district or any of asstance the his deputies, who shall call upon the posse of the district, if posse to assist, necessary, in hi sor their judgment, to render effectual the execution of this act; and all citizens or inhabitants of the district, above the age of eighteen years, and able to travel, who refuse sometion for neglect, upon proper notice from the marshal, or any of his fusing to join the posse, &cc. deputies, to join such posse, shall be considered guilty of a misdemeanor, and be liable to be fined in any sum not exceeding three hundred dollars, and be imprisoned for any term not exceeding three months.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That the forfeitures and Forfeitures, &c. penalties mentioned in this act, shall be sued for, prosecuted, and to be recovered,

debt, or by in-formation, &c.

forfeitures,

Proviso; 25 per cent. additional, where seizures have been made by in annue by inspec-tors out of the presence of the collector, &c.

Proviso; half a moiety to pri-

Proviso; as to payment of costs when the value of the property seized is less than 250 dolls. &c.

tled to a share, may be a witmess, but in that his part, &cc.

Suits against collecturs, &c. may be removcircuit courts, upon petition, surety, &c.

recovered, or inflicted, by action of debt, or by information or to take cognizance thereof and try the same; and that all forfeitures and penalties, so recovered by virtue of this act, shall, after deducting all proper costs Distribution of and charges, be disposed of as follows: one moiety shall be for the use of the United States, and be paid into the treasury thereof by the collector recovering the same; the other moiety shall be divided between, and paid in equal proportions to, the collector and naval officer of the district and surveyor of the port, wherein the same shall have been incurred, or to such of the said officers as there may be in the said district: and in districts where only one of the aforesaid offices shall have been established, the said moiety shall be given to such officer: Provided, That where the seizure shall have been made by any inspector or inspectors out of the presence of the collector, naval officer, or surveyor, such inspector or inspectors shall be entitled, in addition to such other compensation as may be allowed them, to twenty-five per cent. on the moiety herein given to the collector, naval officer, and surveyor, as aforesaid, or to either of them: And provided also, That in all cases where such forfeitures and penalties shall be recovered, in pursuance of information given to such collector, naval officer, or surveyor, by any private informer, the one-half of such moiety shall be given to such informer, and the remainder thereof shall be disposed of between the collector, naval officer, and surveyor, in manner aforesaid, and the same allowance of twenty-five per cent. to inspectors, when the seizure is made by them as aforesaid: And provided likewise, That whenever the value of the property seized, condemned, and sold, under this act, shall be less than two hundred and fifty dollars, that part of the forfeiture which accrues to the United States, or so much thereof as may be necessary, shall be applied to the payment of the costs of prosecution: And it is fur-Proviso; any of ther provided, That if any officer or other person, entitled to a ficer see, end. part or share of any of the penalties or forfeitures incurred in virtue of this act, shall be necessary as a witness on the trial for such penalty or forfeiture, such officer or other person may be a witness upon the said trial, but in such case he shall not receive or be entitled to any part or share of the said penalty or forfeiture; and the part or share to which he otherwise would have been entitled, shall revert to the United States,

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That if any suit or prosecution be commenced in any state court, against any collector, naval officer, surveyor, inspector, or any other officer, civil or military, or any other person aiding or assisting agreeable to the provisions of this act, or under color thereof, for any thing done, or omitted to be done, as an officer of the customs, or for any thing done by virtue of this act, or under color thereof, and the defendant shall, at the time of entering his appearance in such court, file a petition for the removal of the cause for trial at the next circuit court of the United States, to be holden in the district where the suit is pending, and offer good and sufficient surety for his entering in such court, on the first day of its ses-

sion, copies of said process against him, and also for his there 1815. appearing at the court and entering special bail in the cause, if special bail was originally required therein, it shall then be the State courts to duty of the state court to accept the surety, and proceed no far-accept the surety and proceed there in the cause, and the bail that shall have been originally to farther, &c. taken shall be discharged: and such copies being entered as aforesaid in such court of the United States, the cause shall The cause to proceed in the there proceed in the same manner as if it had been brought there as if, &cc. by original process, whatever may be the amount of the sum in dispute or damages claimed, or whatever the citizenship of the parties, any former law to the contrary notwithstanding: and any attachment by attachment of the goods or estate of the defendant by the ori-the original process, shall hold the goods or estate so attached to an-goods, &c. swer the final judgment, in the same manner as by the laws of such state they would have been holden to answer final judgment had it been rendered by the court in which the suit was commenced. And it shall be lawful, in any action or prosecu-Appeal, after tion which may be now pending, or hereafter commenced, before from state to done, by the defendant, as an inspector or other officer of the customs, after final judgment, for either party to remove and transfer, by appeal, such decision, during the session or term of said court at which the same shall have taken place, from such court to the next circuit court of the United States, to be held in the district in which such appeal shall be taken in manner aforesaid; and it shall be the duty of the person taking such appeal, to produce and enter in the said circuit court attested copies of the process, proceedings, and judgment, in such cause; and it shall also be competent for either party, within six months Either party of the rendition of a judgment in any such cause, by writ of er- within 6 months ror, or other process, to remove the same to the circuit court of of the rendition the United States, of that district in which such judgment shall the circuit have been rendered; and the said circuit court shall thereupon court, &c. proceed to try and determine the facts and the law in such ac-court to deter-tion, in the same manner as if the same had been there originally mine the facts and the law, &c. commenced, the judgment in such case notwithstanding. And any bail which may have been taken, or property attached, shall be holden on the final judgment of the said circuit court in such action, in the same manner as if no such removal and transfer had been made as aforesaid. And the state court from which any such action may be removed and transferred as aforesaid, upon the party's giving good and sufficient security for the prosecution thereof, shall allow the same to be removed and transferred, and proceed no farther in the case: Provided, however, Proviso; if the That if the party aforesaid shall fail duly to enter the removal party fail to n-ter the removal, ter the removal, and transfer as aforesaid in the circuit court, agreeable to this &c. the water court may issue act, the state court, by which judgment shall have been rendered, execution, &c. and from which the transfer and removal shall have been made as aforesaid, shall be authorized, on motion for that purpose, to issue execution, and to carry into effect any such judgment, the same as if no such removal and transfer had been made: Provided, Proviso; this nevertheless, That this act shall not be construed to apply to any bie to prosequ-

1815. tions for offences involving corporal pa-nishment; and tion, &c. where final judgment has been rendered for defendant, Doubl- costs for defendant.

In case of judgment against defendant, if ther was pro-bable cause, &c. the defendant not liable for costs, &c.

Proviso; property in custo-dy to be returned after judg. ment, &c.

This act to continue for one be recovered.

prosecution for an offence involving corporal punishment: And provided also, That no such appeal shall be allowed in any criminal action or prosecution, where final judgment shall have been mospeal in any rendered in favor of the defendant or respondent, by the state court; and in any action or presecution against any person as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for such person to plead the general issue, and give this act and any special matter in evidence. And if in any suit the plaintiff is nonsuit, or judgment pass against him, the defendant shall recover double costs.

> SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That in any suit or prosecution against any person, for any act or thing done as an officer of the customs, or any person aiding or assisting such officer therein, and judgment shall be given against the defendant, or respondent, if it shall appear to the court, before which such suit or prosecution shall be tried, that there was probable cause for doing such act or thing, such court shall order a proper certificate or entry to be made thereof, and in such case the defendant or respondent shall not be liable for costs, nor shall he be liable to execution, or to any action for damages, or to any other mode of prosecution, for the act done by him as aforesaid: Provided, That such property or articles as may be held in custody by the defendant, if any, be, after judgment, forthwith returned to the claimant or claimants, his, her, or their, agent or agents.

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That this act shall conyear, tinue in force for one year, and no longer: Provided, I nat an Provise; fines, the fines, penalties, and forfeitures, which shall have been incurred tinue in force for one year, and no longer: Provided, That all before the expiration of the act, shall be recovered and distributed, and may be mitigated or remitted, in the same manner as if it had not expired. [Approved, March 3, 1815.]

[* See orig. act, ante, chap. 637.]

CHAP. 776. An act supplementary to an act, entitled " An act for the better organization of the courts of the United States, within the state of New York."

The president, ney for the northern judi-cial district of the state of New York, &c.

637.]

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the president of the United States, by and with the advice and See to appoint a marshal and a consent of the senate, be, and hereby is, authorized to appoint one person as marshal, and one as district attorney, for the northern judicial district of the United States within the state of New York, created by the act to which this act is a supplement, bearing date the ninth day of April, in the year one thou-[+See ante, ch. sand eight hundred and fourteen; and that the terms of appointment and service, together with the duties, responsibilities, and emoluments, of the said marshal and district attorney, respectively, for the district aforesaid, be, in all respects, the same, within their said district, as the terms of appointment and service, the duties, responsibilities, and emcluments, of all other marshals and district attorneys, respectively, within their respective districts, in the United States of America.

Approved, March 3, 1815.]

CHAP. 777. Au act making an additional appropriation for the service of the year one thousand eight hundred and fifteen.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That, propriated for tives of the United States of America in congress assembleu, a mat, propriated for for defraying the expense of preparing certificates of registry for defraying the expense of pressure and vessels, and for furnishing lists of crews, the sum of paring critificates of registry to the birth of five thousand dollars be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, try for ships to be paid out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated. [Approved, March 3, 1815.]

CHAP. 778. An act further supplementary to an act, entitled "An act providing for the indemnification of certain claimants of public lands in the
Mississippi territory."

Mississippi territory."

637.] Mississippi territory.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The commissioners appointed by virtue of the act, entitled "An ed by virtue of act supplementary to an act, entitled "An act providing for the stoned, to desindemnification of certain claimants of public lands in the Missingry way, upon sissippi territory,"† shall be, and they are hereby, authorized to the quantity of land in any decide, in a summary way, upon the quantity or boundary of grant exhibited by claimants, land contained in any grant or deed exhibited before them, by See, according land contained in any grant or deed exhibited before them, by &c. according to xinting evilany of the claimants of lands released to the United States, dence, &c.
agreeably to said act, according to such maps, surveys, or other evidence, as now exist, or which they may be now able to procure, without requiring or permitting any other survey to be made.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the said commis- The commissioners shall be, and they are hereby, authorized to allow and re-low, except those where femmes couvertes are the cases mentioned, as sufficiently as the cases mentioned, as sufficiently as the cases mentioned as the cases mentione parties, as sufficient legal releases, assignments, and powers, cient legal re-required by said act, and the supplement thereto, and as lawful instruments ex conveyances, all such instruments as may be executed by the party, c. and party, or his, her, or their attorney or attorneys, lawfully em. acknowledged, party, or his, her, or their attorney or attorneys, lawfully empowered, and either acknowledged by the party making the same, before some judge, or justice of the peace, notary public, mayor, recorder, or alderman, of a corporation, or master in chancery, or one of the said commissioners, or proved, by other evidence, to the satisfaction of the commissioners, to have been duly executed by the party.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the said commissioners shall be, and they are hereby, authorized, in all cases allowed for where the releases, assignments, and powers, required by the act leases, assignments, and powers of attorney drawn, &c. by which said releases shall have been, or shall be, made, shall be, in the judgment of the commissioners aforesaid, defectively drawn or executed, to allow a further time, not exceeding two months, from and after the said third Monday in March instant, to perfect the same.

The commissioners to adsettle all claims duly released, &c. administer oaths; compel witnesses, &c.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the said commissioners shall be, and they are hereby, authorized to admit and finally settle all such claims as have been, or may be, within the time limited, duly released, assigned, and transferred, to the United States, any thing in the said original act, or any supplement thereto, to the contrary notwithstanding; and to administer oaths, or take affirmations, and to compel the attendance of witnesses, in all cases where necessary.

The president to cause certificates of stock to be issued, from to claimants whose claims have been decided, &c.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That the president of the United States shall be, and he is hereby, authorized, from time to time, to cause to be issued such certificates of stock as are specified in the said original act, and supplement thereto, to such claimant or claimants, whose claim may be decided on and reported by the commissioners, on receiving such report, in relation to such claim, from the said commissioners.

Releases, &c. to b recorded by the secre-tary to the commission, r., and the records, &c. retuined to the office of the secretary of state,

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That the releases, assignments, and powers, required by the act aforesaid, and the supplement thereto, now received, and which may be hereafter received, shall be recorded by the secretary of the said commissioners, and the said records returned, with all other papers and documents in relation to said claims, when the business of the said commissioners shall be closed, to the office of the secretary of state; and that the said secretary shall be paid, by the secretary of the treasury of the United States, out of any money not otherwise appropriated, at the rate of twelve and a half cents every 100 words for each and every hundred words contained in each instrument so recorded.

12 1-2 cents for

On the dissolution, &c. of the board of commissioners, the president sation, &c.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That, on the dissolution of the said board of commissioners, and the performance of the duties assigned them, the president of the United States shall may allow them be, and he is hereby, authorized, if in his judgment he shall consider the said commissioners entitled to any further additional compensation for their services than is now provided for, to cause them to be paid such other and further sums, out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, as he shall think just Proviso; the ad- and reasonable: Provided, That such additional compensation ditional com-pensation not to shall not exceed fifty cents to each commissioner, for every exceed so cents deed or evidence of title which shall be submitted to their exasioner for every mination and decision, in pursuance of the provisions of the said original act, and the supplements thereto.

mitted, &c.

Approved, March 3, 1815.

CHAP. 779. An act regulating and defining the duties of the United States' judges for the territory of Illinois.

Illinois divided into three circuits, &c.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the Illinois territory shall be divided into three circuits, in the manner, and for the purposes, hereinafter mentioned.

Designation of the circuits.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the counties of Madison and St. Clair shall compose the first circuit, the counties

of Randolph and Johnson shall compose the second circuit, and the counties of Gallatin and Edwards shall compose the third circuit.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the judges hereto- The judges, &co. for appointed, or which may hereafter be appointed, for the II- selves circuits, linois territory, under the authority of the government of the 800. United States, shall, previous to the time prescribed by this act for holding the first court in the said territory, proceed to allot amongst themselves the circuit in which they shall respectively preside, which allotment shall continue in force for and during the term of one year thereafter; and such allotment shall be annually renewed; and which allotment, in writing, signed by the to be in writing, signed by the to be in writing, signed, and said judges, or a majority of them, shall be entered of record in recorded, sec. the said courts, respectively, by the clerks thereof, at the commencement of the term next after such allotment shall have been made.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty The judges to of the said judges, respectively, to hold two terms annually in hold two terms annually in hold two terms annually in each county in their respective circuits, in conformity with the each county. preceding sections of this act, which shall commence at the times hereinafter mentioned; that is to say: in the county of Madison, Times for comon the last Mondays in May and September; in the county of St. courts. Clair, on the second Mondays in June and October; in the county of Randolph, on the third Mondays in June and October; in the county of Johnson, on the fourth Mondays in June and October; in the county of Gallatin, on the first Mondays in July and November, and in the county of Edwards, on the second Mondays in July and November, in each year; and the said courts to be styled circuit shall be styled circuit courts for the counties in which such courts, &cc. courts shall be held, respectively.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That the said courts shall The courts to be holden at the respective courthouses of said counties; and the courthouses of said judges, respectively, shall, in their respective circuits, have jurisdiction over all causes, matters, or things, at common law or surisdiction of in chancery, arising in each of said counties, except in cases the judges, &c... where the debt or demand shall be under twenty dollars, in which cases they shall have no jurisdiction.

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That the said judges shall The judges to be conservators of the peace, and the said circuit courts, in term of the peace; time, or the judges thereof in vacation, shall have power to award to award in injunctions, writs of ne exeat, habeas corpus, and all other writs junctions, see. and process that may be necessary to the execution of the power with which they are or may be vested.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That the said circuit The eireule courts, respectively, shall have power to hear and determine all entrement treasons, felonies, and other crimes and misdemeanors, that may sons, felonies, be committed within the respective counties aforesaid, and that enlmes, &c. may be brought before them, respectively, by any rules or regulations prescribed by law.

Sect. 8. And be it further enacted, That all suits shall be saits to be tried in the country tried in the counties in which they originate, unless in cases that where they are or may be specially provided for by law. are or may be specially provided for by law.

If the circuit judge does not first day of a

If a circuit court, &c. does not sit in any term, &c. mat-ters and things depending, &c.

If either of the courts does not

The judicial term to consist of six days in each county, unless, &ce.

A clerk to be appointed by the circuit courts in each county: his duty, &cc.

In cases depending in the courts of common pleas on the 31st Dec. 1814, the par-ties, &c. to take measures for trial as if no change had taken place; and the circuit courts, &c. to proceed, &c.

The judges, &c. to constitute a court of appeals for the Illinois territory, &c. to bave appellate jurisdiction only, &c.

SECT. 9. And be it further enacted, That if the circuit judge shall not attend on the first day of any court, or if a quorum of the court hereinafter mentioned shall not attend in like manner. such court shall stand adjourned from day to day until a court the court to shall be made, if that shall happen before four o'clock in the affrom day to day, ternoon of the third day.

SECT. 10. And be it further enacted, That if either a circuit court, or the court hereinafter mentioned, shall not sit in any term, or shall not continue to sit the whole term, or before the end of the term shall not have heard and determined all matters ready for its decision, all such matters and things depending in court, and undetermined, shall stand continued until the next succeeding term.

SECT. 11. And be it further enacted, That if, from any cause, either of the said courts shall not sit on any day in a term after in a term, &c. it shall have been opened, there shall be no discontinuance, but so there is to be no discontinuance; soon as the cause is removed the court shall proceed to business it shall have been opened, there shall be no discontinuance, but so until the end of the term, if the business depending before it be not sooner despatched.

SECT. 12. And be it further enacted, That the judicial term of the said circuit courts shall consist of six days in each county, during which time the court shall sit, unless the business before

it shall be sooner determined.

SECT. 13. And be it further enacted, That a clerk shall be appointed by the said circuit courts, respectively, in each county, whose duty it shall be to issue process in all cases originating in his county, to keep and preserve the records of all the proceedings of the court therein, and to do and perform in the county all the duties which may be enjoined on him by law.

SECT. 14. And be it further enacted, That, in the cases that were, on the thirty-first day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, depending in the courts of common pleas in the respective counties, the parties, or their attorneys, shall be permitted to take all such measures for bringing them to trial that might have been taken if no change had taken place, and the said circuit courts, respectively, shall, as far as possible, proceed to the trial thereof in the same manner that the said courts of common pleas might legally have done, had no other change than a mere alteration of the terms taken place.

SECT. 15. And be it further enacted, That the said judges, appointed as aforesaid, or a majority of them, shall constitute a court, to be styled the court of appeals for Illinois territory, and shall hold two sessions annually at the town of Kaskaskia, which shall commence on the first Mondays in March and August, in every year, and continue in session until the business before them shall be completed; which court shall have appellate jur sinction only, and to which appeals shall be allowed, and from which writs of error, according to the principles of the common law, and conformably to the laws and usages of the said territory, may be prosecuted for the reversal of the judgments and decrees as well of the said circuit courts, as of any inferior courts which now are, or may hereafter be, established by the laws of the said territory.

SECT. 16. And be it further enacted, That a clerk shall be appointed by the said court of appeals, whose duty it shall be to is- A derk to be sue process in all cases brought before the said court where pro- the court of apcess ought to issue, and to keep and preserve the records of all ecc. the proceedings of the said court therein, and to do and perform all such duties as may be enjoined on him by law.

SECT. 17. And be it further enacted, That in all cases that In eases depending in the gowere, on the said thirty-first day of December, eighteen hundred neval court, on the Stat Dec. and fourteen, depending in the general court of said territory, 1814, the parthe parties or their attorneys shall be permitted to take all such measures for first the parties of their attorneys. measures for bringing them to a final decision that might have naid cision as if been taken if no change had taken place, and the said court of taken place; appeals shall, as far as practicable, proceed to the final determine and the court appeals shall, as far as practicable, proceed to the final determination of appeals of the same manner that the said general court might legally have done, had no other change than a mere alteration of the terms taken place.

SECT. 18. And be it further enacted, That appeals may be Appeals and prayed, and writs of error taken out, upon matters of law only, in upon matters of all cases wherein they are now allowed by law, to the said court law only, &c. of appeals, and all writs of error shall be issued by the clerk of the said court of appeals, and made returnable to the said court of Kaskaskia; but no question upon appeal or writ of error appeal, &c. by shall be decided without the concurrence of two judges at two judges. least.

SECT. 19. And be it further enacted, That the legislature of The legislature the said territory shall have power to change the times of hold-change the ime of holding any of the courts required to be holden by this act: Pro- any of the bided, however, That the said legislature shall not have authority cours; but not to increase the to increase the number of sessions to be held by the said courts, number of sessions. respectively, in conformity with the provisions of the preceding sections of this act.

SECT. 20. And be it further enacted, That no judge or jus Judges, &c. aptice, appointed under the authority of the government of the heathority of said territory, shall be associated with the aforesaid United not be associated by the said territory, shall be associated with the aforesaid. This act in the said of the This act to commence and be in force from and after the first force from int day of April next. [Approved, March 3, 1815.]

CHAP. 780. An act to continue in force for a limited time, the act, entitled "An act for establishing trading houses with the Indian tribes."

satives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That The act for cathe act, entitled "An act for establishing trading houses with the Indian tribes,"* approved on the second day of March, the Indian tribes, onticing houses with the Indian tribes, onticing houses with the Indian tribes, "* approved on the second day of March, tribes, conticing the fourth day of March, eighteen hun-family the fourth day of March, eighteen hun-family 1817. SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of represencontinued in force until the fourth day of March, eighteen hun-[*Ante,ch.307.] dred and seventeen, and no longer.

[Approved, March 3, 1815.]

CHAP. 781. An act to fix the compensations, and increase the responsibility. of the collectors of the direct tax and internal duties; and for other purposes connected with the collection thereof.

SECT. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representa-

Collectors to receive the com missions now allow d until 1st July, 1815.

Proviso; the commissions, for the time menrioned, not dolls.

Allowance to collectors after 1815, &ce.

tives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the collectors of the direct tax and internal duties shall be entitled to receive the same commissions which are now allowed by law, until the first day of July, one thousand eight hundred and fifteen: Provided, That the commissions accruing to any one collector, upon the moneys collected and paid into the treasury, between the thirty-first of December, one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, and the first day of July, one thousand eight hundred and fifteen, shall not exceed the sum of three thousand dollars; and the said collectors shall, from and after the said first day of July, be allowed, in lieu of the commission now allowed by law, four and one-half per centum upon all moneys accounted for and paid into the treasury, from the first July, one thousand eight hundred and fifteen, until the first of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixteen, not exceeding fifty thousand dollars; and one per centum upon all sums over and above that amount.

eno dolle, addizional to colannual commis-

Collectors de treasury to reto reper c.nt. addi-tional thereon,

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That each collector, whose commission in any one calendar year shall not exceed one thousand dollars, shall be allowed, at the end of the year, in addition seed 1,000 dolls. to such commission, the sum of two hundred dollars.

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the collectors heresignated by the secretary of the tofore, or hereafter, designated by the secretary of the treasury, to receive the lists of property lying within collection districts to be allowed a not owned, occupied, or superintended, by some person residing therein, shall, respectively, in addition to their other commissions and compensations, be allowed a commission of five per centum on the moneys received for taxes thereon accounted for and paid by them into the treasury.

The president tion, among collectors, &c.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for may distribute the president of the United States to apportion and distribute, 25,000 dolls. an annually, a sum not exceeding, in the whole, twenty-five thousand dollars, or to any one collector five hundred dollars, among such collectors, as, for the execution of the public service, it shall appear to him necessary so to compensate, in addition to the other emoluments to which they are entitled.

Rate of commission in case a collector dies,

Amount of commission to the

of the collectors be entitled to the benefits of the 4th sec. of this act.

SECT. 5. And be it further enacted, That in case a collector shall die, resign, or be removed from office, he shall be entitled to a commission equal to the average rate of that allowed to the collector of the same district the preceding calendar year, and no more; and his successor shall, for the residue of the year, be allowed a commission equal to the sum that may remain, after deducting the sum allowed to his predecessor, from the whole amount of commission that would have been allowed had there Provisoifeither been no such death, resignation, or removal, and no more: Provided, That either of the said collectors shall be entitled to the benefits of the provision contained in the fourth section of this

SECT. 6. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of each of the collectors, within ninety days from the end of eve- Rach collector, ry calendar year, to draw out a statement, exhibiting, in alpha-from the old betical order, the names of all the persons who may have paid, daryar, is to during the preceding calendar year, to him, or his deputies, any fram's a statement of one or more of the internal duties, except those on household the names of furniture and on stamps with the account of the persons who furniture and on stamps, with the aggregate amount so paid, have paid, &c. any one of the internal pies of the same to be printed, to transmit one copy thereof to the same to be printed, to transmit one copy thereof to the internal duties, except, &c. and to the commissioner of the revenue, to lodge one copy with the cause 100 co-principal assessor, and one copy with the clerk of each town, education to be print-county, and district within his collection district. county, and district, within his collection district, to post up one copy at each of the courthouses in his district, and to post up the remaining copies at the other most public places in his district, the reasonable expenses incurred in the preparing, printing, and posting up, of which shall be allowed; and any collector Any collector who shall purposely or negligently fail to discharge this duty, failing, &c. to be fined from shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor in office, and, on con- 500 to 10,000 viction thereof, shall be fined a sum not less than five hundred dollars, nor more than ten thousand dollars.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, That all letters to and Letters to and from the said collectors, relative to their official duties, shall be to be conveyed conveyed free of postage. And any collector who shall put his collectors. frank upon any other letter, shall, for every such act, forfeit franking imand pay the sum of one hundred dollars, the whole of which no dollar kee. shall be for the use of the person who shall give information

SECT. 8. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty The collectors of the collectors to keep their offices open for the transaction of offices open everbusiness every day, except on established holydays, between the transaction of hours of nine in the morning and three in the afternoon, and to business exattend therein themselves, or by deputy; which said offices shall, after the present year, be kept at such places, in the respective districts, as may be designated by the commissioner of the revenue, in all cases in which such designation shall be thought expedient.

taxes or duties collected by any deputy collector, until paid over collected by any to the collector, shall, and hereby is declared to, be a lien upon to the lands and real estate of such deputy collector, and of his on his real estates, if he shall have given bond, from the time when a suit tate and that at his sureties, shall be instituted for recovering the same; and for want of goods from the time and chattels, or other personal effects of such deputy collector, want of goods from the time of suit; and, for and chattels, to satisfy any judgment which shall or may be and chattels, or other personal effects of such deputy collector, want of goods or his sureties, to satisfy any judgment which shall or may be and chattels, esc. such real recovered against them, respectively, such lands and real estates of stat may be recovered against them, after being advertised for at least advertised, &c.. three weeks, in not less than three public places within the col-SECT. 9. And be it further enacted, That the amount of all The amount of three weeks, in not less than three public places within the collection district, and in one newspaper printed in the county, if any there be, at least six weeks prior to the time of sale; and for lands or real estate sold in pursuance of the authority afore- The conveyants said, the conveyances of the marshals, or their deputies, exe- abalt to give a cuted in due form of law, shall give a valid title against all per- valid title, &c.

thereof.

The principal collector may

sons claiming under such deputy collector, or his sureties, re-And in every case it shall and may be lawful for a spectively. principal collector to maintain and prosecute his action against prosesue his action against a a deputy collector and his sureties, or any of them, if a bond deputy collector, with sureties shall have been given, in the circuit court of the United States, for the recovery of all taxes collected by said recovery of deputy, and not paid over according to his engagement, or for the penalty of the bond which may have been given to secure Provise; all mo the payment thereof: Provided always, That all moneys recovered to the use of the ered in such suits shall be for the use of the United States, until United States, the whole amount of the taxes collected and received by the deputy collector shall be otherwise paid to the United States by the deputy collector, or by the principal collector instituting such suits.

SECT. 10. And be it further enacted, That if any collector, Collectors, upon or his deputy, shall have cause to suspect a concealment of any application, or his deputy, shall have cause to suspect a concealment of any sale, warrant goods, wares, or merchandise, in respect to which the respective and search provisions of the acts imposing an internal duty thereon have not dwelling houses been complied with, in any particular dwelling house, store, suspected to be concaled, in the building, or place, (other than the manufactory in which the dwy time only. same were made,) they, or either of them, shall, upon proper [* See the con. application, on oath,* to any justice of the peace, be entitled to amend. art. 4, page 79, vol. 1.] a warrant to enter such house, store, or place, (in the day time only,) and there to search for such goods; and, if any shall be found, to seize and secure the same for trial. SECT. 11. And be it further enacted, That all goods, wares,

> be put into, and remain in, the custody of the collector, or such other person as he shall appoint for that purpose, until such proceedings shall be had as are legally required, to ascertain whether the same have been forfeited or not; and if it shall be

> shall conceal or buy any such goods, wares, or merchandise, or

sum double the value of the goods, wares, or merchandise, or other object so concealed and purchased, one moiety of which

Goods, &c. seis- or merchandise, or other objects, which shall be seized by virod to remain in tue of this act, or of any act relative to internal duties, shall the custody of the collector, until, &c.

If the goods are adjudged that they are not forfeited, they shall be forthwith torfeited, they are to be restor restored to the owner or claimant thereof; and if any person Persons concealing or buyto sizare, &c. ure, such person shall, on conviction thereof, forfeit and pay a

A moiety to the shall be for the use of the informer, and the other for the use of

the United States.

Collectors to

SECT. 12. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the several collectors to make seizure of, and secure, make straines any goods, wares, or merchandise, or other objects liable to as within their seizure by virtue of this or any other act relating to the internal districts. duties, as well without as within their respective districts,

SECT. 13. And be it further enacted, That if any officer or other person executing or aiding or assisting in the seizure of In case of suit against any of-ficer, &c. the general issue may be pleaded, and this act, goods, wares, or merchandise, or other objects as aforesaid, shall be sued or molested for any thing done in virtue of the powers given by this act, or of any other act, or by virtue of a warrant &c. given in granted by any judge or justice, pursuant to law, such officer

of other person may plead the general issue, and give this act and the special matter in evidence; and if in such suit the plaintiff is nonsuited, or judgment pass against him, the defendant pooling exts, for shall recover double costs; and in actions, suits, or informations, defendant. to be brought where any seizure shall be made pursuant to this act, or any other act relative to internal duties, if the property be claimed by any person, in every such case the onus probandi Onus probandi shall be upon such claimant: but the onus probandi shall lie on man; but, &co. the claimant only when probable cause is shown for such prosecution, to be judged of by the court before whom the prosecution is had.

1815.

cruing by any breach of this act, or of any act relative to in- recovered in the ternal duties, shall be sued for and recovered, with costs of name of the suit, in the name of the United States of America, or of the collection, stee. collector, in any court competent to try the same, and the trial of any fact which may be put in issue, shall be within the judi. The trial of any fact to he withcial district in which any such penalty shall have accrued, or in the judicial
district, &c. seizure been made; and the collector within whose district the The collector to seizure shall be made, or forfeiture incurred, is hereby enjoined cause sums to be to cause suits for the same to be commenced without delay, and celve the same prosecuted to effect; and is, moreover, authorized to receive tribute, and from the court before whom such trial is had, or from the protectly accounts per officer thereof, the sum or sums so recovered, after deductioner all proper charges to be allowed by the said court and of the sum or sums so recovered. ing all proper charges, to be allowed by the said court, and on of the revenue. receipt thereof, the said collector shall pay and distribute the same, without delay, according to law, and transmit, quarter yearly, to the commissioner of the revenue, an account of all moneys by him received for fines, penalties, and forfeitures, during such quarter. And all goods, wares, and merchandise, Goods, &cc. for or other objects, which shall become forfeited in virtue of this seized and proact, or of any act relative to internal duties, shall be seized and secuted for, &c. prosecuted for as aforesaid, before the proper court, which court shall cause fourteen days' notice to be given of such seiz- The court to ure, setting forth the articles seized, with the time and place cause 14 days' appointed for trial, to be inserted in some newspaper published given of the seizure, &c. near the place of seizure, if any such there be, and also by posting up the same in the most public manner, for the space of fourteen days, at or near the place of trial, for which advertisement a sum not exceeding ten dollars shall be paid. And if no person shall appear and claim such articles, and give bond from person appears, &c. the to defend the prosecution thereof, and to respond the costs, in receit to procase he shall not support his claim, the court shall proceed to and determine, hear and determine the cause according to law; and upon the prayer of any claimant, that any articles, so seized and prosewe. the court country country of the prayer, and be lawful for the court to appoint three proper persons to appoint any prayer, and be lawful for the court to appoint three proper persons to appoint the prayers, and prayers, and such articles, who shall be sworn for the faithful distribution to the claimant, charge of their duty; and such appraisement shall be made at the expense of the poster on whose prayers it is contacted.

or more sureties, to be approved by the court, execute a bould

SECT. 14. And be it further enacted, That all penalties acc- Penalties according

the expense of the party on whose prayer it is granted; and on the return of such appraisement, if the claimant shall, with one

If judgment pass for the claimant, the bond to be can-celled; otherwise, judgment to be granted on the bond, &cc.

If there was reasonable cause of seizure the elaimant will not be entitled to costs; nor,

Proviso; goods, &c. after judg-ment, to be re-turned, &ce &c. to be com-menced within a year; or, &c.

auction, by the marshal, &c.

ales, deducting charges, to be paid to the clerk

in the usual form, to the United States, for the payment of a sum equal to the sum at which the articles, so prayed to be delivered, are appraised, which bond shall be lodged with the proper officer of the court, the said court shall order the said articles to be delivered to the said claimant; and if judgment shall pass in favor of the claimant, the said bond shall be cancelled; but if judgment shall pass against the claimant, as to the whole, or any part, of such articles, and the claimant shall not, within twenty days thereafter, pay into the court, or to the proper officer thereof, the amount of the appraised value of such articles so condemned, with the costs, judgment shall and may be granted upon the bond without further delay. And where any prosecution shall be commenced on account of the seizure of any such goods, wares, and merchandise, or other objects, and judgment shall be given for the claimant, if it shall appear to the court before whom such prosecution shall be tried, that there was reasonable cause of seizure, the said court shall cause a proper certificate or entry to be made thereof, and in such case the claimant shall not be entitled to costs, nor shall the person who made the seizure, or the prosecutor, be liable to action, suit, or judgment, on account of such seizure and prosecution: Provided, That the said goods, wares, and merchandise, or other objects, be, after judgment, forthwith returned to such claimant, Provise; actions, or his agent: And provided, That no action or prosecution shall be maintained in any case under this act, or any act relative to internal duties, unless the same shall have been commenced within one year after the penalty or forfeiture was incurred, or within the time in such act prescribed, as the case may be.

SECT. 15. And be it further enacted, That all goods, wares, Goods, &c. con-demned, &c. to! or merchandise, or other objects, which shall be condemned by be sold at public virtue of this act, or of any other act relative to internal duties, and for which bond shall not have been given by the claimant, note being first given, &c. agreeably to the provisions for that purpose in the foregoing section, shall be sold by the marshal, or other proper officer of the court before whom condemnation shall be had, to the highest bidder, at public auction, by order of such court, and at such place as the said court may appoint, giving at least fifteen days' notice, (except in case of perishable goods,) in one or more of the public newspapers of the place where such sale shall be; or if no paper is published in such place, in one or more of the papers published in the nearest place thereto; for which advertising a sum not exceeding five dollars shall be paid. And the The amount of amount of such sales, deducting all proper charges, shall be paid within ten days after such sale, by the person selling the paid to the court, &c. same, to the clerk, or other proper officer, of the court, directing such sale, to be by him, after deducting the charges allowed by the court, paid to the collector of the district in which such seizure or forfeiture has taken place, as hereinbefore directed.

SECT. 16. And be it further enacted, That the foregoing The foregoing provisions to be provisions of this act shall be applicable, in all respects, as well acts her totore or hereafter or hereafter be passed, relative to internal duties, as to those heretofore passed and now in force.

SECT. 17. And be it further enacted, That any collector or his deputy, who shall directly or indirectly take or receive any From 300 to bribe, reward, or recompense, for conniving, or shall connive, at feiture by eolanv false entry, application, report, account, or statement, required eciving bribes to be made or rendered by any act relative to internal duties, see at false at and shall be convicted thereof, shall forfeit and pay a sum not tries, &c. less than two hundred, nor more than two thousand, dollars for each offence: and any person giving or offering any bribe, re-persons giving ward, or recompense, for any such deception, collusion, or forfett from soo fraud, shall forfeit and pay a sum not less than two hundred, to 2,000 dolla. nor more than two thousand, dollars, for each offence; one A moiety to the moiety whereof shall be for the use of the informer, and the informer, &cc. other moiety for the use of the United States.

SECT. 18. And be it further enacted, That on all bonds given honds for internal duties, an interest shall be paid, at the rate of six had stires from per centum per annum, from the time when said bonds became aredue, &c.

due until the payment thereof.

SECT. 19. And be it further enacted, That any person, to whom licenses whom a license for a still, or boiler, or other vessel used in the for stills have distillation of spirituous liquors, may have been, or may hereafter be, granted, who shall so alter the same as to increase its capacity, on application in writing to the collector who issued on application, on application, between the said license, stating such increase of capacity, and on paying may be author the said license, stating such increase of capacity, and on paying may be authored to the said license, stating such increase of capacity, and on paying may be authored to the said license, stating such increase of capacity, and on paying may be authored to the said license, stating such increase of capacity, and on paying may be authored to the said license, stating such increase of capacity, and on paying the said license, stating such increase of capacity, and on paying may be authored to the said license. or securing, previous to using the same, the duty arising there- such stills, &c. on for the unexpired period of the license, at the rate of duty prescribed for such term for which a license may be granted as is next below such period, shall be authorized to employ the still, boiler, or other vessel, so altered, on adducing the said license, and obtaining an endorsement thereon, under the hand of the said collector, which he is hereby required to make, specifying such increase of capacity, and that the duty thereon has been paid or secured.

SECT. 20. And be it further enacted, That any person who rerson receting shall, after the thirtieth day of June next, erect, or cause to be the 39th June. erected, any still, or boiler, or other vessel used or intended to 1816, beyond be used in the distillation of spirituous liquors, or who shall so dayline, &c. use any still, or boiler, or other vessel, in any part of the United dolls. or other vessel, in any part of the United dolls. or other vessel, in any part of the United dolls. or other vessel, in any part of the United dolls. or other vessel, in any part of the United dolls. or other vessel, in any part of the United dolls. or other vessel, in any part of the United dolls. or other vessel, in any part of the United dolls. or other vessel, in any part of the United dolls. or other vessel, in any part of the United dolls. or other vessel, in any part of the United dolls. or other vessel, in any part of the United dolls. or other vessel, in any part of the United dolls. or other vessel, in any part of the United dolls. or other vessel, in any part of the United dolls. or other vessel, in any part of the United dolls. or other vessel, in any part of the United dolls. or other vessel, in any part of the United dolls. Or other vessel, in any part of the United dolls. or other vessel, in any part of the United dolls. or other vessel, in any part of the United dolls. or other vessel, in any part of the United dolls. or other vessel, in any part of the United dolls. Or other vessel, in any part of the United dolls. Or other vessel, in any part of the United dolls. Or other vessel, in any part of the United dolls. Or other vessel, in any part of the United dolls. Or other vessel, in any part of the United dolls. Or other vessel, in any part of the United dolls. Or other vessel, in any part of the United dolls. Or other vessel, in any part of the United dolls. Or other vessel, in any part of the United dolls. Or other vessel, in any part of the United dolls. Or other vessel, in any part of the United dolls. Or other vessel, in any part of the United dolls. Or other vessel, in any part of the United dolls. Or other vessel, in any part of the United dolls. Or other v law between the United States and the Indian tribes, or who shall be the owner, agent, or superintendent, thereof, shall forfeit and pay the sum of five thousand dollars, together with the said still, boiler, or other vessel, and the spirits distilled therein; one moiety of which shall be for the use of the informer, A molety to the and the other for the use of the United States. And for any informer, &c. violations hereof, the same course may and shall be pursued that course to be is prescribed by the act passed the thirtieth of March, one thou- lations of the sand eight hundred and two, entitled "An act to regulate trade this section." and intercourse with the Indian tribes, and to preserve peace on the frontiers,"* for violations thereof; and the courts specified therein shall have like jurisdiction. And the same authority vol. 3. that is given by the said act to apprehend and remove persons found in violation thereof, shall apply and extend to the said

friet, to se and the person fined A moiety to the informer, occ.

Proviso; persons removing stills from one district to another, not to take out another license during,

two preceding

Nothing in the act imposing a duty on sales at anction, &c. to apply to goods, &c. other than merchandise,

stills, boilers, or other vessels, and the spirits distilled therein, spirits distilled which may be seized and removed in like manner. And all line, and hrought within distilled, beyond the said boundary line, which shall be brought site to be for into the limits of a collection district many and the limits of a collection district. and forfeited, and the person so introducing the same shall, moreover, forfeit and pay one thousand dollars; one moiety of which shall be for the use of the informer, and the other for the use of the United States: Provided, nevertheless, That no person who shall have removed his still out of one collection district into another, shall be liable to take out another license during the period of any existing license obtained for the same.

SECT. 21. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty Collectors, &c. SECT. 21. And de il juriuser enacted, Finat il shall de the duty so prosecute for of the collectors of the direct tax and internal duties, to prosebreaches of the cute for breaches of the provisions contained in the two preced-

ing sections.

SECT. 22. And be it further enacted, That nothing contained in the act or acts imposing a duty on sales at auction of goods, wares, and merchandise, shall be construed to apply to the sale of any goods or chattels other than merchandise.

[Approved, March 3, 1815.]

CHAP. 782. An act to vest more effectually in the state courts, and in the district courts of the United States, jurisdiction in the cases thereis. mentioned.

State or county courts to take cognizance of complaints, suits, &c. for taxes, duties, tines, &c. und any act of con-Eress, &c.

District atter-neys to appoint deputies, &c.

Deputy attorworn, &cc.

The jurisdic tion conferred, to attach without regard to the sum in controversy; to be concurrent, &c. bet, &c.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the respective state or county courts within or next adjoining a collection district, established by any act of congress now in being, or hereafter to be passed, for the collection of any direct tax or internal duties of the United States, shall be, and are hereby, authorized to take cognizance of all complaints, suits, and prosecutions, for taxes, duties, fines, penalties, and forfeitures, arising and payable under any of the acts passed, or to be passed, as aforesaid, or where bonds are given under the said acts; and the district attorneys of the United States are hereby authorized and directed to appoint, by warrant, an attorney, as their substitute or deputy, in all cases where necessary to sue or prosecute for the United States, in any of the said state or county courts. within the sphere of whose jurisdiction the said district attorneys do not themselves reside or practise; and the said substitute or deputy shall be sworn or affirmed to the faithful execution of his duty.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That the jurisdiction conferred by the foregoing section shall be considered as attaching, in the cases therein specified, without regard to the amount or sum in controversy, and that it shall be concurrent with the jurisdiction of the district courts of the United States; but may, nevertheless, be exercised in cases where the fine, penalty, or forfeiture, may have been incurred, or the cause of action or complaint have arisen, at a less, as well as a greater, distance than

fifty miles from the nearest place by law established for the 1815. holding of a district court of the United States. But in all in all suits, &c. suits or prosecutions instituted by or on behalf of the United in a state or States in any state or county court, the process, proceedings, see the project of the united in a state or county court, the process, proceedings, see the project of the united in a state or state or county court, the process, proceedings, see the project of the united in a state or judgment, and execution, therein shall not be delayed, suspended, are not to be united in the united in the united in the united in the united in a state or state or the united in the united in a state or state or the united in a state or state or state or the united in a state or or in any way barred or defeated, by reason of any law of any son of any law of any son of any law of a state authorizing or directing a stay or suspension of process, proceedings, judgment, or execution: *Provided*, That final decrees and judgments in civil actions, passed or rendered in any decrees and judgments in state court by virtue hereof, may be re-examined in the circuit civil actions, may be re-examined in the circuit civil actions, may be re-examined in the circuit civil actions, and under the amined in the circuit civil actions. same limitations, as are prescribed by the twenty-second section of the act to establish the judicial courts of the United States, passed the twenty-fourth of September, seventeen hundred and eighty-nine.*

SECT. 3. And be it further enacted, That the state or county courts aforesaid, and the principal or presiding judge of any county such court, shall be, and are hereby, authorized to exercise all judge, authorized and every power, in cases cognizable before them by virtue of this act, for the purpose of obtaining a mitigation or remission virtue of this of any fine, penalty, or forfeiture, which may be exercised by the powers constant of the judges of the district courts of the United States, in cases fired on district passed on the third of March, one thousand seven hundred and sating or remitting for mitting for mitting and the forfeitures, penalties, and disabilities. accruing in mitting the forfeitures, penalties, and disabilities, accruing in certain cases therein mentioned;"† and in the exercise of the au- [† Seech 1861, vol. 2.] thority by this section given to the said state or county courts, or the principal or presiding judge as aforesaid, they shall be governed, in every respect, by the provisions of the law last mentioned, with this difference only, that instead of notifying the district attorneys of the United States, the said courts, or the presiding judge as aforesaid, shall, before exercising said authorities, cause reasonable notice to be given to the substitute or deputy, who may have been appointed to sue or prosecute for the United States, as aforesaid, that he may have an opportunity of showing cause against the mitigation or remission of such fine, penalty, or forfeiture.

SECT. 4. And be it further enacted, That the district court of The district the United States shall have cognizance, concurrent with the cognizance of courts and magistrates of the several states, and the circuit of all suits at courts and magnitudes of the several states, and the credit of all suits at common law, where where ke. at the United States, or any officer thereof, under the authority of though the debt, ke. does not several states. any act of congress, shall sue, although the debt, claim, or not amount 100 dollar other matter in dispute, shall not amount to one hundred dollars. [Approved, March 3, 1815.]

RESOLUTIONS.

[No. 1.] Resolutions, expressive of the sense of congress of the gallant conduct of captain Thomas Macdonough, the officers, seamen, marines, and infantry serving as marines, on board the United States' squadron on lake Champlain.

The thanks of congress pre-sented to capt. Macdonough, ficers, sea the splendid

Resolved, by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the thanks of congress be, and the same are hereby, presented to captain Thomas Macdonough, and, through him, to the officers, petty officers, seamen, marines, and infantry serving as marines, attached to the squadron under his command, for the decisive and splendid victory gained on lake Champlain, on the eleventh of September, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, over a British squadron of superior force.

Gold medals ough and Hen-y, and lieut. Cassin; a silver medal to each mmissioned ficer, and a word to the idehipmen,

Resolved, That the president of the United States be requested to cause gold medals to be struck, emblematical of the action between the two squadrons, and to present them to captain Macdonough and captain Robert Henly, and also to lieutenant Stephen Cassin, in such manner as may be most honorable to them; and that the president be further requested to present a silver medal, with suitable emblems and devices, to each of the commissioned officers of the navy and army serving on board, and a sword to each of the midshipmen and sailing masters, who so nobly distinguished themselves in that memorable conflict.

to the nearest li pu. Gamble and Stansbury,

Resolved, That the president of the United States be requested to present a silver medal, with like emblems and devices, to the nearest male relative of lieutenant Peter Gamble, and of lieutenant John Stansbury, and to communicate to them the deep regret which congress feel for the loss of those gallant men, whose names ought to live in the recollection and affection of a grateful country.

Three months' pay additional to the petty of-

Resolved, That three months' pay be allowed, exclusively of the common allowance, to all the petty officers, seamen, marines, and infantry serving as marines, who so gloriously supported the honor of the American flag on that memorable day.

[Approved, October 20, 1814.]

[No. 2.] Resolution, expressive of the sense of congress relative to the victory of the Peacock over the Epervier.

A gold medal to

Resolved, by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the president of the United States be requested to present to captain Lewis ton; a silver me. Warrington, of the sloop of war Peacock, a gold medal, with missioned officer, and a sword suitable emblems and devices, and a silver medal, with like to the midship emblems and devices, to each of the commissioned officers, and mea, the in the mean, the in the mean is a silver medal, with like mean, the in the mean is a silver medal, with like means and devices, to each of the commissioned officers, and timony of their a sword to each of the midshipmen, and to the sailing master, amony of their a sword to each of the midsimplinen, and to the saining master, about conduct in the said vessel, in testimony of the high sense entertained by the British brig congress of the gallantry and good conduct of the officers and

crew, in the action with the British brig Epervier, on the twentyninth day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, in which action the decisive effect and great superiority of the American gunnery were so signally displayed.

1814.

[Approved, October 21, 1814.]

[No. 3.] Resolution, empowering the joint library committee of congress to contract for the purchase of Mr. Jefferson's library.

Resolved, by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the joint li- The joint Horabrary committee of the two houses of congress be, and they are of compress of congress embereby, authorized and empowered to contract, on their part, for powered to contract, on their part, for powered to contract the purchase of the library of Mr. Jefferson, late president of the purchase of the United States, for the use of both houses of congress; and that Jefferson, &c. the committee lay the terms of said contract before congress, for their ratification. [Approved, October 21, 1814.]

[No. 4.] Resolution, expressive of the sense of congress relative to the capture of the British sloop Reindeer, by the American sloop Wasp.

Resolved, by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the president A gold medal to of the United States be requested to present to captain Johnston silver modal to Blakely, of the sloop Wasp, a gold medal, with suitable devices, sloned officers, and a silver medal, with like devices, to each of the commissioned each middip-officers, and also a sword to each of the midshipmen, and the testimony of sailing master, of the aforesaid vessel, in testimony of the high their galantry, seense entertained by congress of the gallantry and good conduct tion with the of the officers and crew, in the action with the British sloop of war Reindeer, on the twenty-sighth of Tune in the war and also as Reindeer, on the twenty-eighth of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fourteen; in which action determined bravery and cool intrepidity, in nineteen minutes, obtained a decisive victory, by boarding. [Approved, November 3, 1814.]

[No. 5.] Resolutions, expressive of the sense of congress of the gallantry and good conduct with which the reputation of the arms of the United States has been sustained by major general Brown, major general Scott, major general Porter, major general Gaines, major general Macomb, and brigadiers Ripley and Miller.

Resolved, by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the thanks of The thanks of congress be, and they are hereby, presented to major general Brown, his of Brown, and, through him, to the officers and men, of the regular for their galarmy, and of the militia, under his command, for their gallantry Chippewa, Ni. and good conduct in the successive battles of Chippewa, Niagara, and Erie, &c. and Erie, in Upper Canada, in which British veteran troops were beaten and repulsed by equal or inferior numbers; and that the president of the United States be requested to cause a gold me-gen, Brown-

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dal to be struck, emblematical of these triumphs, and presented 1814.

to major general Brown.

A gold medal to gen. Scott,

Resolved, That the president of the United States be requested to cause a gold medal to be struck, with suitable emblems and devices, and presented to major general Scott, in testimony of the high sense entertained by congress of his distinguished services in the successive conflicts of Chippewa, and Niagara, and of his uniform gallantry and good conduct in sustaining the reputation of the arms of the United States.

Gold medals to gens. Ripley, Miller, and Porter, &c.

Resolved, That the president of the United States be requested to cause gold medals to be struck, with suitable emblems and devices, and presented to brigadier general Ripley, brigadier general Miller, and major general Porter, in testimony of the high sense entertained by congress of their gallantry and good conduct

Resolved, That the thanks of congress be, and they are hereby,

in the several conflicts of Chippewa, Niagara, and Erie.

The thanks of and men, &cc.

presented to major general Gaines, and, through him, to the congress to gen Gaines, officers and men under his command, for their gallantry and good conduct, in defeating the enemy at Erie on the fifteenth of August; repelling, with great slaughter, the attack of a British veteran army, superior in number; and that the president A gold medal to gen. Gaines. of the United States be requested to cause a gold medal to be struck, emblematical of this triumph, and presented to major general Gaines.

The thanks of congr so to gen Macomb, offi-ecrs, and men, and to the mi-

litia, &c.

Resolved, That the thanks of congress be, and they are hereby, presented to major general Macomb, and, through him, to the officers and men of the regular army under his command. and to the militia and volunteers of New York and Vermont. for their gallantry and good conduct in defeating the enemy at Plattsburg, on the eleventh of September; repelling, with one thousand five hundred men, aided by a body of militia and volunteers from New York and Vermont, a British veteran army, A gold medal to greatly superior in number; and that the president of the Uni-

ted States be requested to cause a gold medal to be struck, emblematical of this triumph, and presented to major general Macomb. [Approved, November 3, 1814.]

[No. 6.] Resolution, requesting the president of the United States to recommend a day of public humiliation, fasting, and prayer.

Motive of the request.

It being a duty, peculiarly incumbent in a time of public calamity and war, humbly and devoutly to acknowledge our dependence on Almighty God, and to implore his aid and protection: Therefore,

Resolved, by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That a joint com-A joint commit-mittee of both houses wait on the president of the United States, the president, and request that he recommend a day of public and request that he recommend a prayer, and fasting, to be observed by the people of the United day of public har. States with religious solemnity, and the offering of fervent sup-

plications to Almighty God for the safety and welfare of these 1814-15 states, his blessing on their arms, and a speedy restoration of miliation, prayer, and peace. [Signed, Langdon Cheves. E. Gerry.] peace. [Signed, Langdon Cheves. E. Gerry.]

[No. 7.] Resolution, for furnishing the American Antiquarian Society with a copy of the journals of congress, and of the documents published under

Resolved, by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That one copy A copy of the of the public journals of the senate and of the house of representation of congress, East tives, and of the documents published under the orders of the to be transmit senate and house of representatives, respectively, which have curive of Massachusetts, for been, or shall be, published by virtue of a resolution of the seth use of the nate and house of representatives, passed at the last session of quarian Society, congress, be transmitted to the executive of the commonwealth of Massachusetts, for the use and benefit of the American Antiquarian Society of said commonwealth.

[Approved, December 1, 1814.]

[No. 8.] Resolutions, expressive of the high sense entertained by congress of the patriotism and good conduct of the people of Louisiana and of New Orleans, during the late military operations before that city.

Resolved, by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That congress tertain ahi entertain a high sense of the patriotism, fidelity, zeal, and cou-sense of the rage, with which the people of the state of Louisiana promptly rage, &c., with and unanimously stepped forth, under circumstances of imminent danger from a powerful invading army, in the defence of all seeped forth, and political rights held down by man. The brave the individual, social, and political, rights, held dear by man. The brave Louisianians Congress declare and proclaim that the brave Louisianians deserve well of the whole people of the United States.

Resolved, That Congress entertain a high sense of the gene-congress entertain a high sense of the gene-congress entertain a high sense of the high rosity, benevolence, and humanity, displayed by the people of same of the high New Orleans, in voluntarily affording the best accommodations mainty of the geople of New Years. in their power, and giving the kindest attentions, to the wound- Orleans, &c. ed, not only of our own army, but also to the wounded prisoners of a vanquished foe.

Resolved, That the president of the United States be request- The president of the cause the foregoing resolutions to be communicated to his cause the manufacture of the cause the president of the cause the c excellency, the governor of Louisiana, accompanied with a receding resolutions to be ear
quest that he cause the greatest possible publicity to be given to
the governor of
the governor of them, for the information of the whole people of Louisiana.

[Approved, February 22, 1815.]

1815.

[No. 9.] Resolutions, expressive of the high sense entertained by congress of the gallantry and good conduct of Commodore D. T. Patterson, and Major D. Carmick, and of the officers, seamen, and marines, under their command, in the defence of New Orleans.

Resolved, by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That congress Congress enter entertain a high sense of the valor and good conduct of commotine a high dore D. T. Patterson, of the officers, petty officers, and seamen, lor, &c. of commotore Patter.

attached to his command, for their prompt and efficient co-operators. son, officers, and ration with general Jackson, in the late gallant and successful defence of the city of New Orleans, when assailed by a powerful British force.

lor, &c. of ma-jor Carmick, officers, and

men, &c.

Congress enter Resolved, That congress entertain a high sense of the valor tain a high sense of the valor and good conduct of major Daniel Carmick, of the officers, non-Resolved, That congress entertain a high sense of the valor commissioned officers, and marines, under his command, in the defence of the said city, on the late memorable occasion.

[Approved, February 22, 1815.]

[No. 10.] Resolutions, expressive of the thanks of Congress to major general Jackson, and the troops under his command, for their gallantry and good conduct in the defence of New Orleans.

The thanks of

Resolved, by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the thanks of congress be, and they are hereby, given to major general gen. Jackson, Jackson, and, through him, to the officers and soldiers of the officers, soldiers, soldiers, militia, and regular army, of the militia, and of the volunteers, under his volunteers, etc. command, the greater proportion of which troops consisted of command, the greater proportion of which troops consisted of militia and volunteers, suddenly collected together, for their uniform gallantry and good conduct, conspicuously displayed against the enemy, from the time of his landing before New Orleans until his final expulsion therefrom; and particularly for their valor, skill, and good conduct, on the eighth of January last, in repulsing, with great slaughter, a numerous British army, of cnosen veteran troops, when attempting, by a bold and daring attack, to carry by storm the works hastily thrown up for the protection of New Orleans; and thereby obtaining a most signal victory over the enemy, with a disparity of loss, on his part, unexampled in military annals.

Resolved, That the president of the United States be request-A gold medal to ed to cause to be struck, a gold medal, with devices emblematigen. Jackson, cal of this splendid achievement, and presented to major general Jackson, as a testimony of the high sense entertained by congress of his judicious and distinguished conduct on that memo-

rable occasion.

Resolved, That the president of the United States be requested to cause the foregoing resolutions to be communicated to major general Jackson, in such terms as he may deem best calculated to give effect to the objects thereof.

[Approved, February 27, 1815.5

The president requested to cause the pre-eeding resolu-tions to be com-municated to ten. Jackson,

[No. 11.] A resolution, directing the manner of providing stationery, and procuring the printing, for the senate and house of representatives.

1815.

Resolved, by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the secretary of the senate and the clerk of the house of representatives be The secretary directed, immediately after the adjournment of the present, and vertise for proeach succeeding, congress, to advertise, three weeks successive- posis for sup-ly, in two newspapers printed in the district of Columbia, for with statione proposals for supplying the senate and house of representatives, and printing during the succeeding congress, with the necessary stationery and printing; which advertisement shall describe the kind of stationery and printing required; and that the proposals to be made be accompanied with sufficient security for their performance. And it shall be the duty of the secretary and clerk aforesaid, in the month of April thereafter, to notify the lowest bidder or der to be notifibidders (whose securities are deemed sufficient) of the accep- of the acceptance of his or their proposals: Provided, That this resolution Provise; the se-shall not be so construed, as to prevent the secretary and clerk eleck may con-aforesaid from contracting for separate parts of the supplies of rate parts of the supplies, &cc. stationery and printing required to be furnished.

[Approved, March 3, 1815.]

[No. 12.] Resolutions relative to the distribution of the laws of the United States.

Resolved, by the senate and house of representatives of the laws ordered to United States of America in congress assembled, That the secre-beginning distributed tary of state cause to be distributed, among the members of the present congress, copies of the laws of the United States, ordered the members of the present congress, copies of the laws of the United States, ordered the completed by law to be printed, as soon as the same shall be completed.

Resolved, That so many of the remaining copies of the laws posted in the as are not already directed to be distributed, be deposited in the congressional congressional library. [Approved, March 3, 1815.]

[No. 13.] Resolution, for the appointment of a joint committee to wait upon the president, and request that he recommend a day of thanksgiving to Almighty God, for restoring to these United States the blessing of peace.

Resolved, by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That a joint A joint to twee to wait upon Committee of both houses wait upon the president of the United the president, and request that he recommend a day of thanksgiving, to recommend a day of thanksgiving to recommend a day of thanksgiving to recommend a day of thanksgiving the same of the United States with reliable to the Un to be observed by the people of the United States, with religiving &c. to gious solemnity, and the offering of devout acknowledgments to for restoring the Almighty God, for his great goodness, manifested in restoring blessing of peace, &c. to these United States the blessing of peace.

[Signed, Langdon Cheves. John Gaillard.]

TO

VOLUME FOUR.

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